FINANCIAL ENGINEERING IME611A

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SESSION OBJECTIVES

- Duration of a portfolio of fixed income instruments
- Immunization
- Convexity and interest rate sensitivity

DURATION OF A PORTFOLIO

- Consider a portfolio of several bonds of different maturities.

- Suppose that all bonds have same yield.

$$D = \frac{P^A D^A}{P} + \frac{P^B D^B}{P}$$

Proof of the above.

• [Hint:
$$D^A = \frac{\sum t_k P V_k^A}{P^A}$$
, and $P = P^A + P^B$]

IMPORTANT RESULT

Duration of a portfolio: Suppose there are m fixed income securities with prices and durations of P_i and D_i, respectively, i = 1, 2, ..., m, all computed at a common yield. The portfolio consisting of the aggregate of these securities has price P and duration D given by

$$P = P_1 + P_2 + ... + Pm$$

$$D = w_1 D_1 + w_2 D_2 + \dots + w_m D_m$$

where,
$$w_i = Pi/P$$

IMMUNIZATION

- Immunization: Structuring of a bond portfolio to protect against the interest rate risk.
 - 1. Present values are matched. $V_1 + V_2 = PV$
 - 2. Durations are matched. $V_1D_1 + V_2D_2 = PV^*D$
- An example and solution approach [Refer illustration excel sheet].

CONVEXITY

• Price yield relationship is inverse.

- Bonds are, therefore, subject to interest rate risk.

Modified duration measures <u>relative slope</u> of the <u>price-yield curve</u> at a given point. [A linear approximation!]

Convexity measures the <u>relative curvature</u> of the <u>price-yield curve</u>. [Non-linear approximation!]

FORMULA FOR CONVEXITY

$$C = \frac{1}{P} \frac{d^2 P}{d\lambda^2}$$

$$C = \frac{1}{P} \sum_{k=1}^{n} \frac{d^2 P V_k}{d\lambda^2}$$

Assuming m coupons (and m compounding periods per year)

$$C = \frac{1}{P[1 + (\lambda/m)]^2} \sum_{k=1}^{n} \frac{k(k+1)}{m^2} \frac{c_k}{[1 + (\lambda/m)]^k}$$

$$\Delta P \approx -D_M P \Delta \lambda + \frac{PC}{2} (\Delta \lambda)^2$$

DISCLAIMER

 The information in this presentation has been compiled from the following textbook which has been mentioned as a reference text for this course on **Financial Engineering.**

Reference Text:

Investment Science, 2nd Edition, Oxford University Press, David G. Luenberger