

Consider SISO process with $G_p = \frac{2}{(2s+1)(s-1)}$

- (a) Is it open loop stable or unstable. Justify 3
- (b) What is the range of P controller gain for which closed loop process is stable. Justify 5
- (c) Can a PD controller stabilize the process. If yes, what is the range of τ_D for which closed loop process can be stabilized. 12
- (d) A PID controller is used with τ_I chosen to cancel the stable open loop pole. What is the range of τ_D for which the closed loop process can be stabilized. 12
- (e) $\tau_D = \frac{1}{2} \tau_D^{\text{critical}}$ in part (d) is used, Obtain K_c for sustained oscillations 8
- $$G_c^{\text{PID}} = K_c \frac{\tau_I s + 1}{\tau_I s} \frac{\tau_D s + 1}{0.1 \tau_D s + 1}$$

