GRAPH TRACKING IN DYNAMIC PROBABILISTIC PROGRAMS VIA SOURCE TRANSFORMATIONS

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ABSTRACT

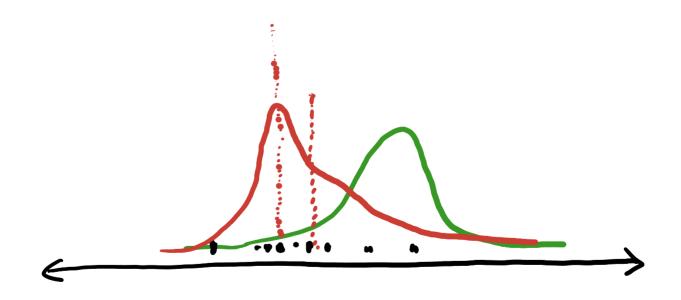
- OQ: HOW TO ADD STRUCTURE
 TO TURING MODELS?
- · OUTCOMES:
 - "EXTENDED WENGERT LIST"
 TRACKING TECHNIQUE
 - EXTRACT DEPENDENCY GRAPHS (SLICES) FROM TURING MODELS
 - AUTOMATIC GIBBS SAMPLER

ROADMAP

MODELS & INFERENCE EXTENDED GRAPH WENGERT TRACKING PROBABILISTIC 61575 PROGRAMMING DEPENDENCY TRACKING TRACKING IN TURING MODELS AUTOM ATIC DERIVING GIBBS COND.S

SAMPLERS

BAYES-ICS



GENERATIVE MODELS

POSTERIOR EXPECTATION

•
$$E[f(\Theta)|D]$$

POSTERIOR

$$= \int f(\Theta) p(\Theta|D) d\mu(\Theta)$$

O (NTERESTING QUANTITIES (OFTEN)
ARE INTRACTABLE INTEGRALS!

E.G. PPD, CREDIBLE INTERVALS, MAP, MODEL COMPARISON,...

APPROXIMATE INFERENCE

· VI: MINIMIZE

D(9\(D)||p(0|D))

· SAMPLING:

USE LLN!

$$I^{(w)}(f) = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{n} f(Y^{(w)})$$

$$\stackrel{\text{o.s.}}{\longrightarrow} IE[f(\Theta)]$$

THE MARKOV CHAIN

0 CONSTRUCT TRANSITION KERNEL:

$$\mathcal{L} = \pi \mathcal{L} = \pi$$

LIVE

- · SCHEME:
 - PROPOSIE NEW Y'i)
 FRUM Y'i-1)
 - ACCEPT/REJECT

KERNELS = SAMPLERS

- OMETROPOLIS HASTINGS, HAC, ...
- OFTEN EASY: GIBBS CONDITIONALS!

p(0,10,0) p(0,10,0)

NO ACEPTANCE STEP!

O WITHIN-GIBBS: MIX SAMPLERS
PER UARIABLE!

(5)

PROBABILIS TIC PROGRAMING

 $X \sim \mathcal{N}(\gamma, \sigma_1)$ $Y \sim \mathcal{N}(X, \sigma_2)$

PROBABILISTIC PROGRAMS I

HOW TO SPECIFY MODELS?

DARAMETE RS

OBSERVED

JULIA FUNCTIONS

PROBABILISTIC PROGRAMS II

```
@model function normal_mixture(x, K, m, s, \sigma) PARAMETERS
    N = length(x)
                      - DATA STRUCTURES
    \mu = \text{Vector}\{\text{Float64}\}(\text{undef, K}) \sim \text{MuTATION}
        \mu[k] \sim Normal(m, s)
    end
    z = Vector{Int}(undef, N)
    for n = 1:N
        z[n] ~ Categorical(K)
    end
                        LOOPS / CONTROL FLOW
    for n = 1:N
        x[n] \sim Normal(\mu[z[n]], \sigma)
    end
    return x
end
```

PPI CHARACTERISTICS

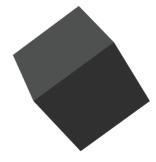
- · DENSITY EVALUATION
- · MODEL STRUCTURE
- O AUTOMATIC DIFFERENTIATION
- O SAMPLING, DATA GENERATION
- · DIAGNOSTICS, EVALUATION
- · PROGRAMMING & EXTERNAL LIBC
- · COMPOSITION

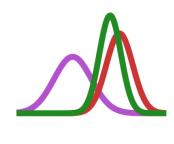












PPL IMPLEMENTATIONS

METAPROGRAMAING

SOURCE - DENSITY -> SAMPLER
PROGRAM

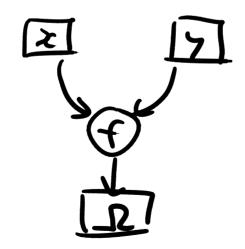
RESTRICTED DYNAMICS

NO STRUCTURE

TRACED
SAMPLER
PROGRAM
CALLBACKS

3

GRAPH TRACKING



COMPUTATION GRAPHS

$$x = \frac{2}{3}$$

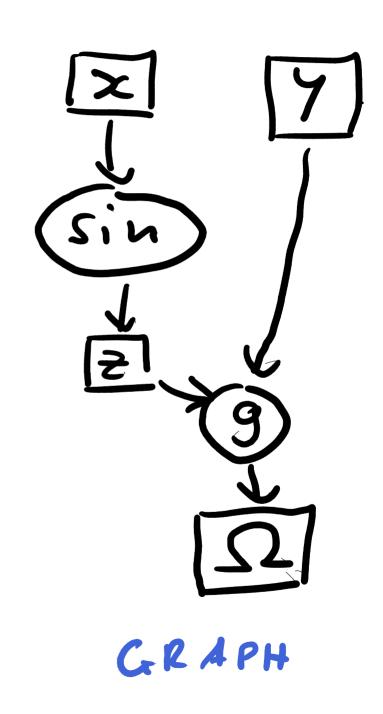
$$y = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$z = \sin(x)$$

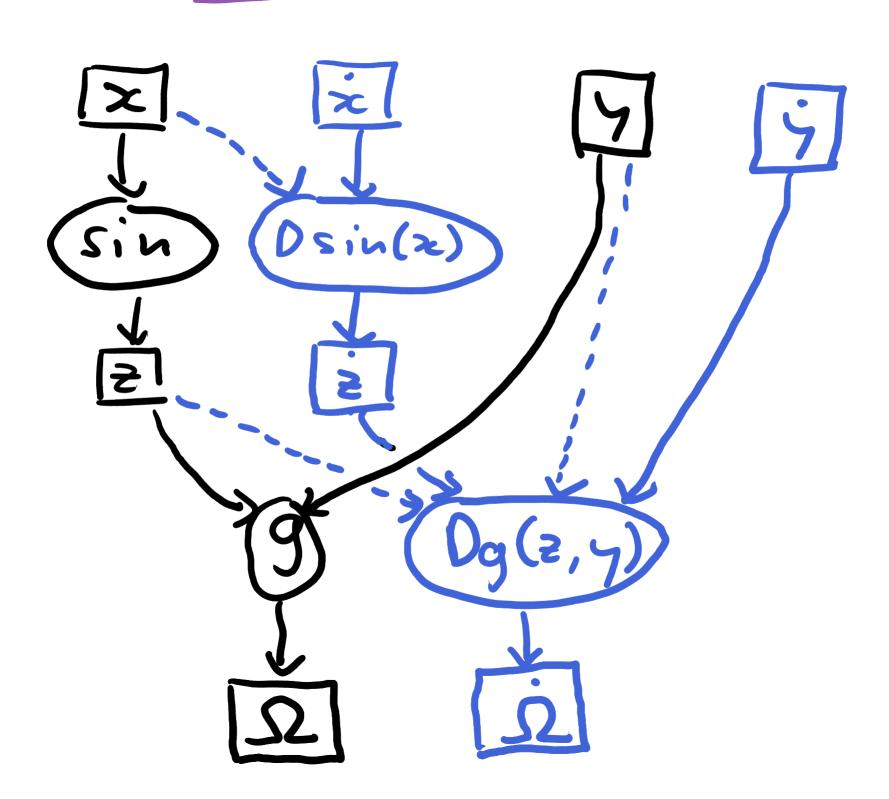
$$x = g(z, y)$$

$$x = g(z, y)$$

$$x = g(z, y)$$



GRAPHS IN AD



MPLEMENTATON TECHNIQUES

O OPERATOR OVERLOADING:

· SOURCE TRANSFORMATION;

$$x = \lambda$$

$$\dot{z} = \sin(z)$$

$$\dot{z} = D\sin(z)(\dot{z})$$

$$\dot{z} = \partial_{z}$$

$$\dot{z} = \partial_{z}(z, \dot{z})$$

$$\dot{z} = \partial_{z}(z, \dot{z})$$

$$\dot{z} = \partial_{z}(z, \dot{z})$$

JULIA IR

$$f(x,y) = 7 > \emptyset ? g(sin(x),y): y$$

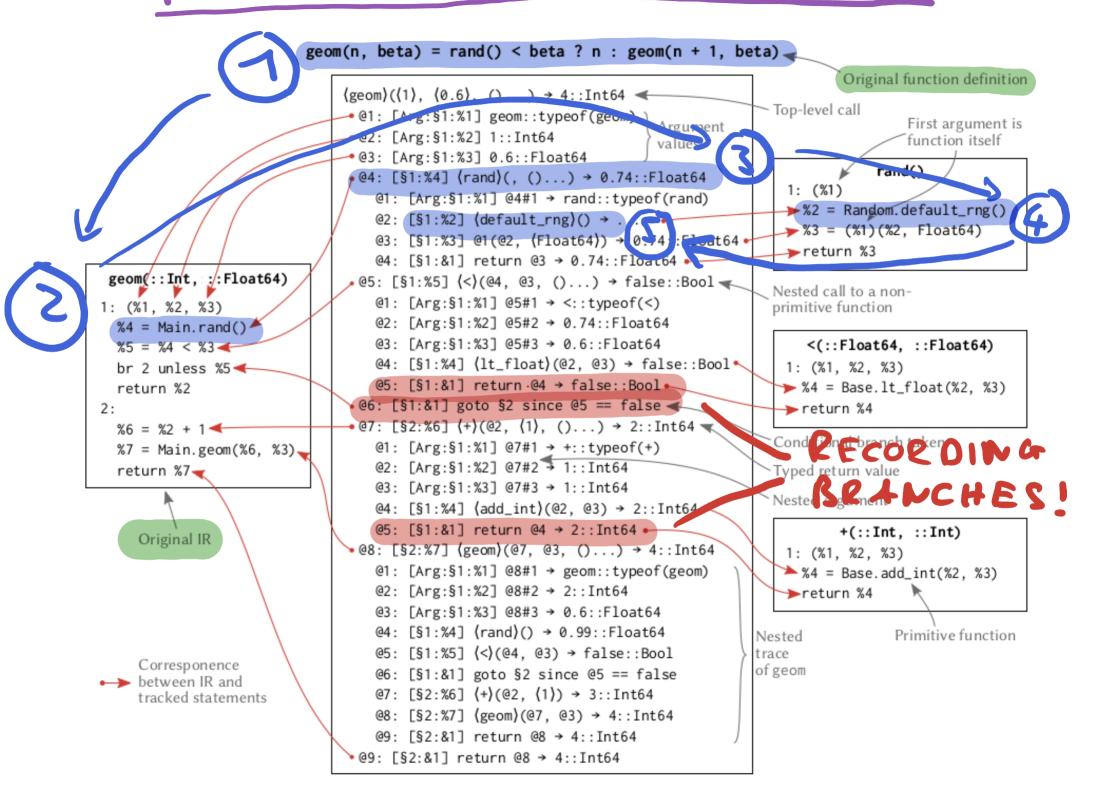
veturu %3

2:

$$\%S = Sin(\%2) \leftarrow Z = Sin(Z)$$

 $\%6 = g(\%5, \%3) \leftarrow \Omega = g(Z, Y)$
 $yeturu \%6$

EXTENDED WENGERT LIST



IR TEANSFORMATION

TRACKED 18

```
%15 = record!(%5, %14)
 %16 = TapeConstant(Main.rand)
 %17 = Base.tuple()
 %18 = trackedcall(%5, %16, %17, $(QuoteNode(§1:%4)))
 %19 = record!(%5, %18)
 %20 = TapeConstant(Main.:<)</pre>
 %21 = trackedvariable(%5, $(OuoteNode(%4)), %19)
 %22 = trackedvariable(%5, $(QuoteNode(%3)), %3)
 %23 = Base.tuple(%21, %22)
 %24 = trackedcall(%5, %20, %23, $(QuoteNode(§1:%5)))
 %25 = record!(%5, %24)
 %26 = Base.tuple()
 %27 = trackedvariable(%5, $(QuoteNode(%5)), %25)
 \%28 = \text{trackedjump}(\%5, 2, \%26, \%27, \$(QuoteNode(§1:&1)))
 %29 = trackedvariable(%5, $(QuoteNode(%2)), %2)
 %30 = trackedreturn(%5, %29, $(QuoteNode(§1:&2)))
 br 2 (%28) unless %25
                           'Actual jump is recorded
 br 3 (%2, %30)
3: (%46, %47)
                                 Special extra block
 %48 = record!(%5, %47) ◀
                                 for return values
  return %46
```

1: (%1, %2, %3)
%4 = Main.rand()
%5 = %4 < %3
br 2 unless %5
return %2

Jumps and returns are passed
down to the next block



TRACKING TURING MODELS

$$(1) = 1(1, (2))$$

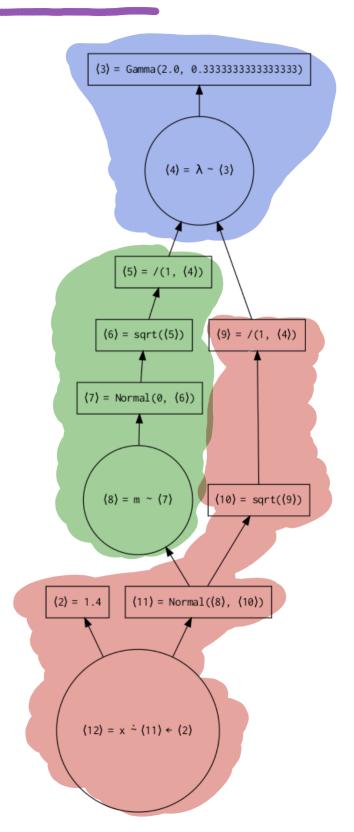
$$(3) = sqv+((1))$$

$$(4) = W(0, (3))$$

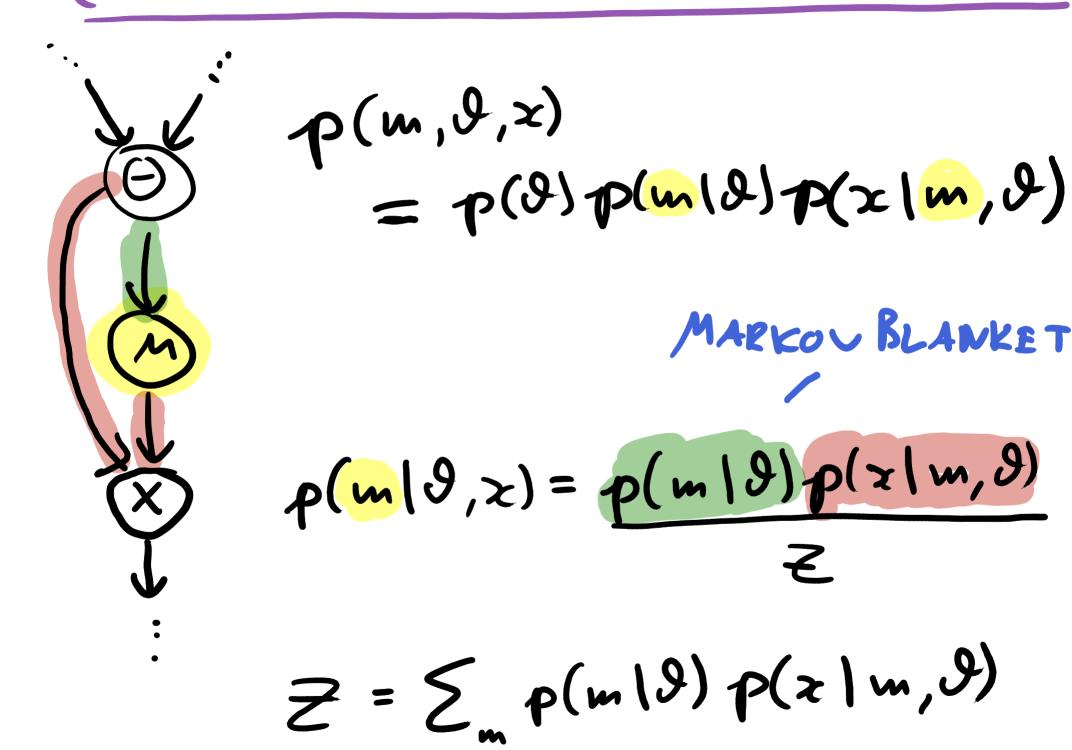
$$(5) = m \sim (4)$$

DEPENDENCY EXTRACTION

```
@model function hierarchical_gaussian(x) \lambda \sim \text{Gamma}(2.0, \text{inv}(3.0)) m \sim \text{Normal}(0, \text{sqrt}(1 / \lambda)) x \sim \text{Normal}(m, \text{sqrt}(1 / \lambda)) end
```



(DISCRETE) GIBBS CONDITIONALS



A TEST MODEL

```
Qmodel function gmm(x, K)

N = length(x)

w \sim Dirichlet(K, 1/K) # Cluster association prior

z \sim filldist(Categorical(w), N) # Cluster assignments

\mu \sim filldist(Normal(0.0, s1_gmm), K) # Cluster centers

for n = 1:N

x[n] \sim Normal(\mu[z[n]], s2_gmm) # Observations

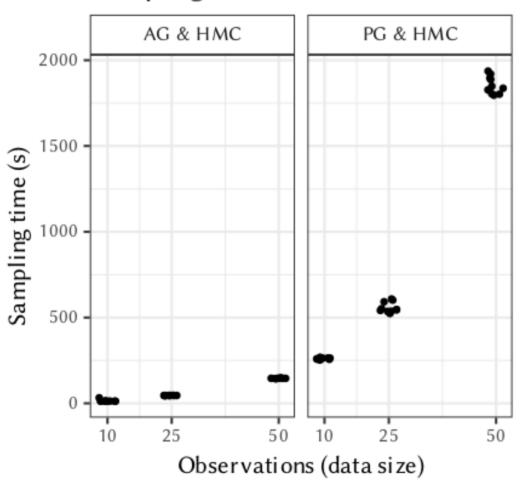
end

end
```

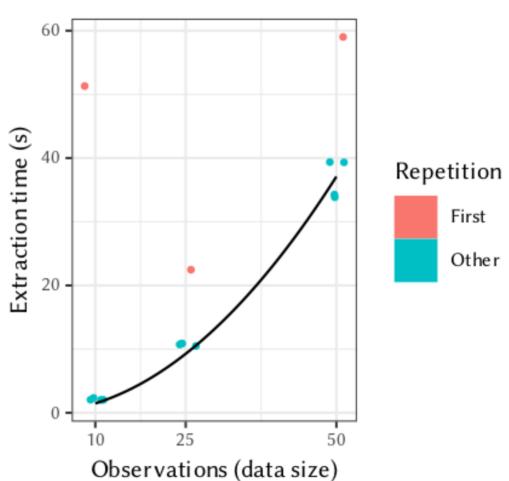
2: AUTOGIBBS US. PARTICLE GIBBS W, y: HMC

EVALUATION: TIME

Sampling times for GMM

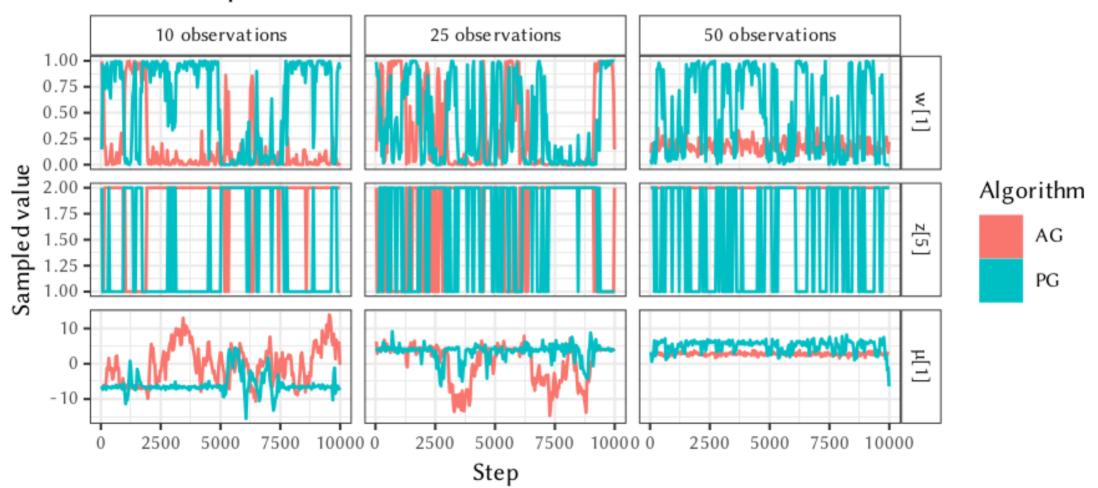


AG extraction times for GMM



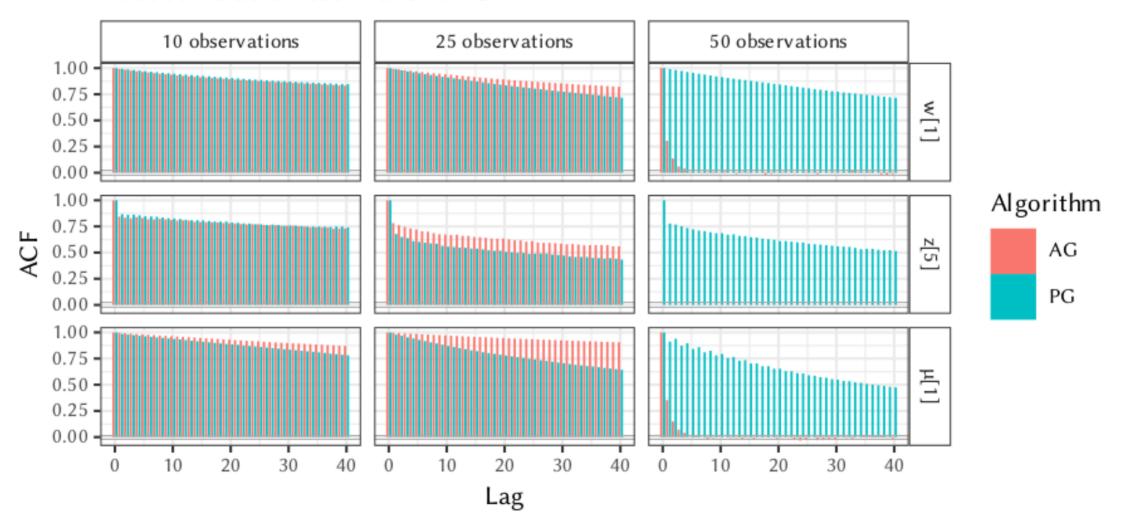
EVALUATION: CHAINS

Chain comparisons for GMM



EVALUATION: CONVERGENCE

Autocorrelation estimate for GMM

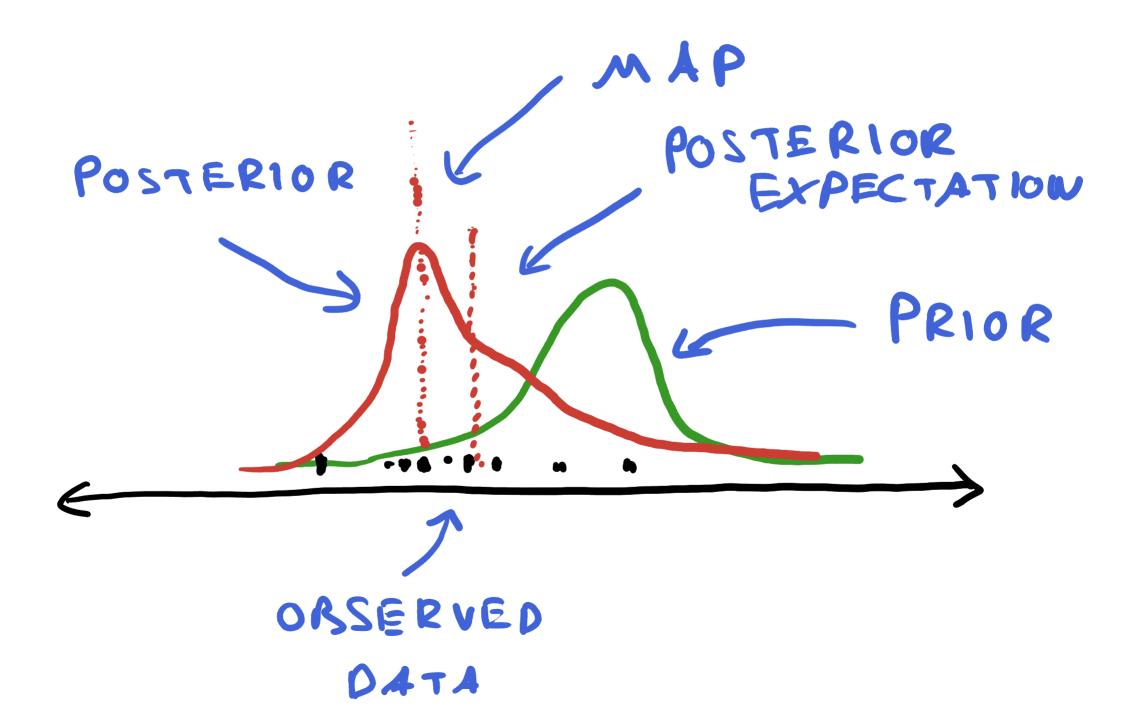


CONCLUSIONS

- OSTATIC DEPENDENCIES, FINITE CONDITIONALS:
- 0 SLICING DYNAMIC MODELS: (*)
- O RECOVERING DYNAMIC STRUCTURE:
- OFUTURE PROUF: ()?

or scratch*

BAYES-ICS"



PREDICTION

arg wax:

· POSTERIOR PREDICTIVE:

$$P(y|x,0) = \int p(y|x,0)p(0))dy(0)$$

POSTERIOR EXPECTATION!