

geom(n, beta) = rand() < beta? n : geom(n + 1, beta)

Original function definition

(geom)({1}, {0.6}, {()...}) → 4::Int64 ← Top-level call

• @1: [Arg:\$1:%1] geom::typeof(geom)
• @2: [Arg:\$1:%2] 1::Int64
• @3: [Arg:\$1:%3] 0.6::Float64

} Argument values

• @4: [\$1:%4] (rand)(), {()...}) → 0.7475910247520039::Float64

• @1: [Arg:\$1:%1] @4#1 → rand::typeof(rand)

• @2: [\$1:%2] (Random.default_rng)() → Random.MersenneTwister(...)

• @3: [\$1:%3] @1(@2, {Float64}) → 0.7475910247520039::Float64

• @4: [\$1:&1] return @3 → 0.7475910247520039::Float64

• @5: [\$1:%5] (<)(@4, @3, {()...}) → false::Bool

← Nested call to a non-primitive function

• @1: [Arg:\$1:%1] @5#1 → <::typeof(<)

• @2: [Arg:\$1:%2] @5#2 → 0.7475910247520039::Float64

• @3: [Arg:\$1:%3] @5#3 → 0.6::Float64

• @4: [\$1:%4] (lt_float)(@2, @3) → false::Bool

• @5: [\$1:&1] return @4 → false::Bool

← Conditional branch taken

• @6: [\$1:&1] goto \$2 since @5 == false

• @7: [\$2:%6] {+}(@2, {1}, {()...}) → 2::Int64 ← Typed return value

• @1: [Arg:\$1:%1] @7#1 → +::typeof(+)

• @2: [Arg:\$1:%2] @7#2 → 1::Int64

• @3: [Arg:\$1:%3] @7#3 → 1::Int64

• @4: [\$1:%4] (add_int)(@2, @3) → 2::Int64

• @5: [\$1:&1] return @4 → 2::Int64

← Nested argument

• @8: [\$2:%7] (geom)(@7, @3, {()...}) → 4::Int64

• @1: [Arg:\$1:%1] @8#1 → geom::typeof(geom)

• @2: [Arg:\$1:%2] @8#2 → 2::Int64

• @3: [Arg:\$1:%3] @8#3 → 0.6::Float64

• @4: [\$1:%4] (rand)() → 0.9988109756295449::Float64

• @5: [\$1:%5] (<)(@4, @3) → false::Bool

• @6: [\$1:&1] goto \$2 since @5 == false

• @7: [\$2:%6] {+}(@2, {1}) → 3::Int64

• @8: [\$2:%7] (geom)(@7, @3) → 4::Int64

• @9: [\$2:&1] return @8 → 4::Int64

} Nested trace of geom

geom(::Int, ::Float64)

1: (%1, %2, %3)

%4 = Main.rand()

%5 = %4 < %3

br 2 unless %5

return %2

2:

%6 = %2 + 1

%7 = Main.geom(%6, %3)

return %7

Original IR

→ Corresponding IR

First argument is function itself

rand()

1: (%1)

→ %2 = Random.default_rng()

→ %3 = (%1)(%2, Random.Float64)

→ return %3

<(::Float64, ::Float64)

1: (%1, %2, %3)

→ %4 = Base.lt_float(%2, %3)

→ return %4

+(::Int, ::Int)

1: (%1, %2, %3)

→ %4 = Base.add_int(%2, %3)

→ return %4

Primitive function