## Knowing Yourself and Others Through the Big Five Personality Traits

CLASSIFYING AND CATEGORIZING HUMAN PERSONALITIES USING THE BIG FIVE TRAITS



Shreya Shah
FOUNDING MEMBER, LOONYCORN
www.loonycorn.com

### Overview

Apply measures of cognitive efficiency on personality types

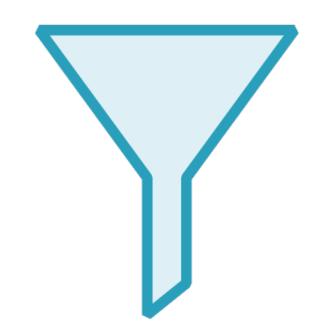
Parse why the Big Five model was developed

Get an overview of the Big Five traits

Link the Big Five model back to drivers of human motivations

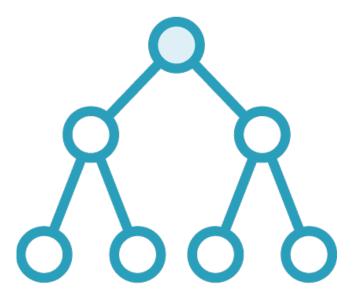
### Making Decisions is Tiring: Classification Makes It Easier

### The Brain's Energy-saving Mode



Classification

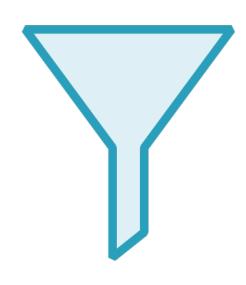
New information classified into pre-existing categories

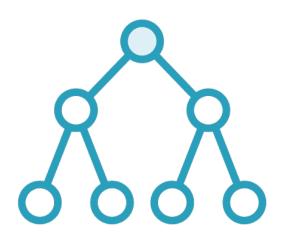


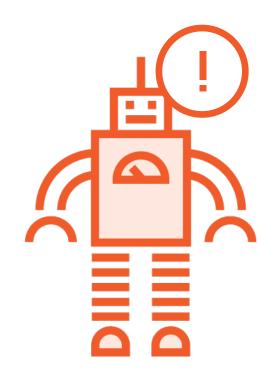
**Categorization** 

Categories formed from pre-existing corpus

### Applications to Technology







#### Classification

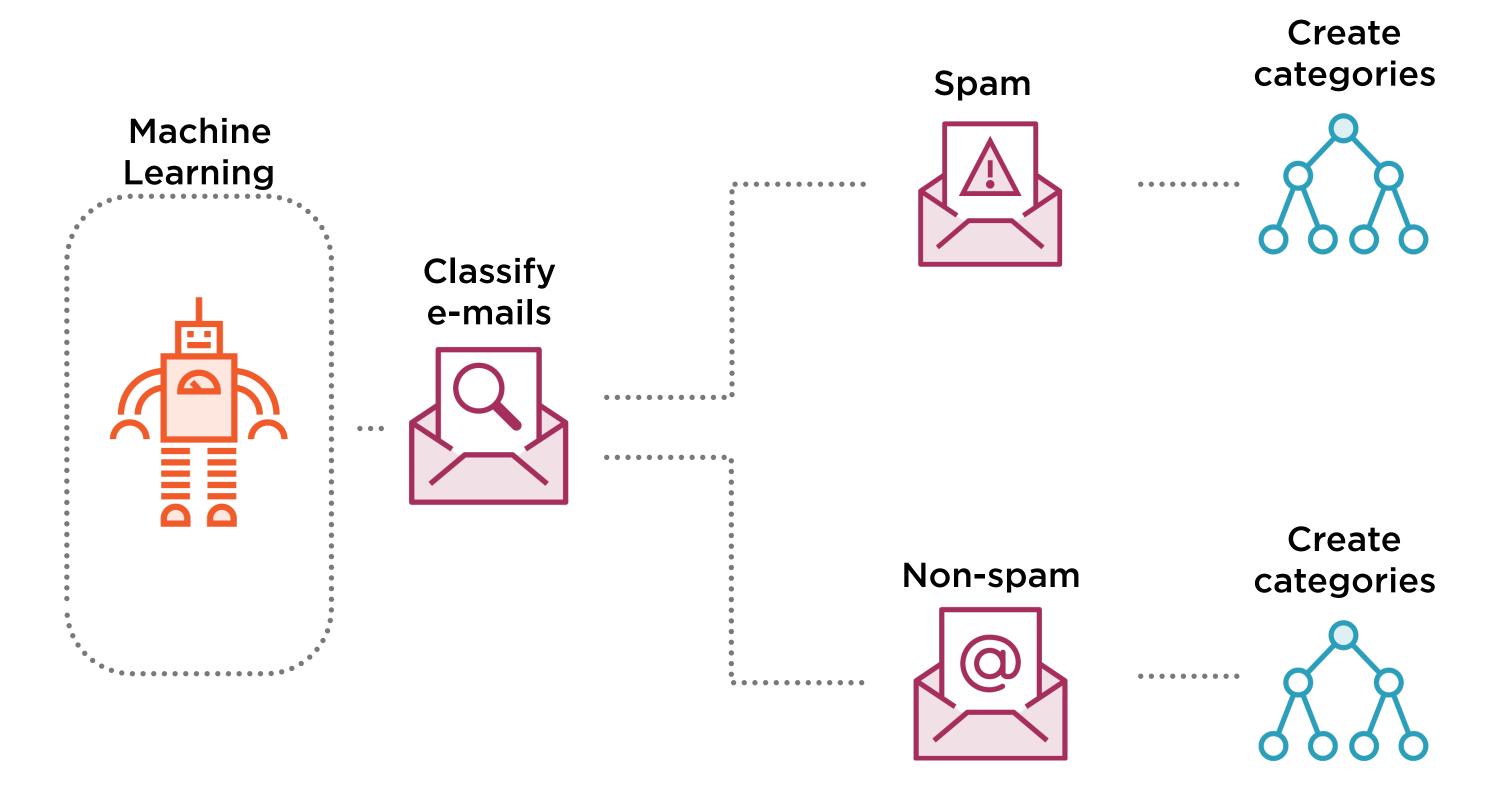
New information classified into pre-existing categories

**Categorization** 

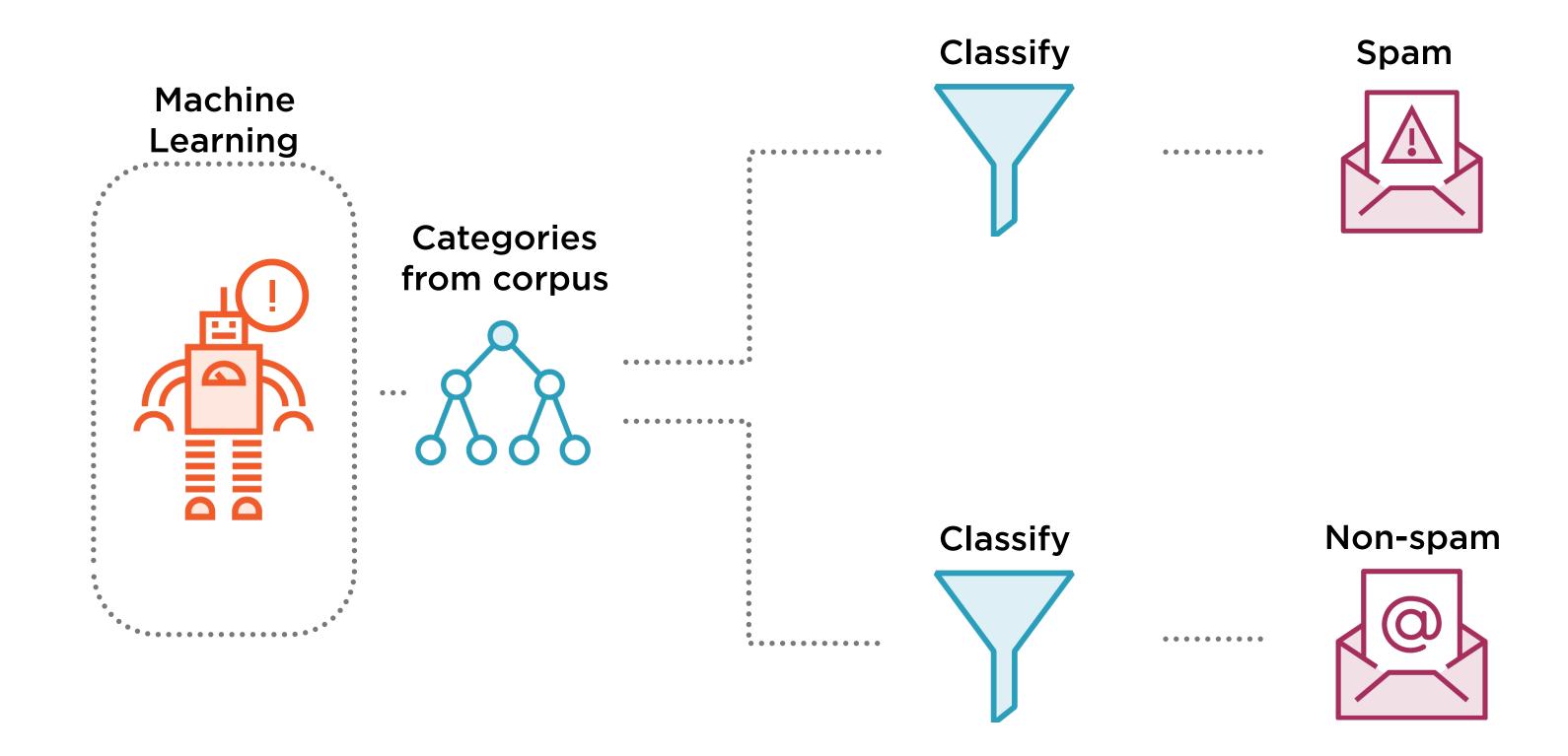
Categories formed from pre-existing corpus

**Machine Learning** 

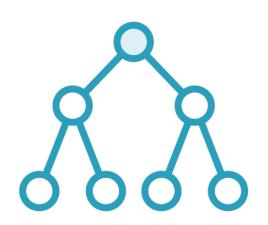
## Classification and Categorization



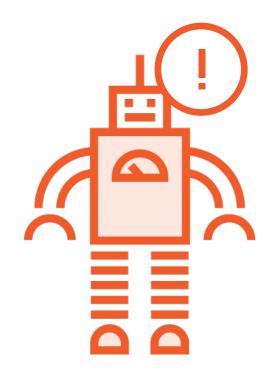
## Classification and Categorization



### Applications to Technology







### **Categorization**

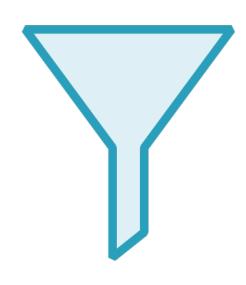
Categories formed from pre-existing corpus

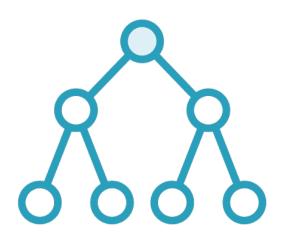
#### Classification

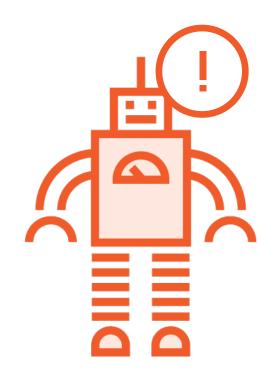
New information classified into preexisting categories

### **Machine Learning**

### Applications to Technology







#### Classification

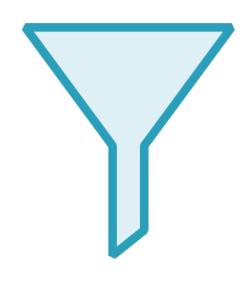
New information classified into pre-existing categories

**Categorization** 

Categories formed from pre-existing corpus

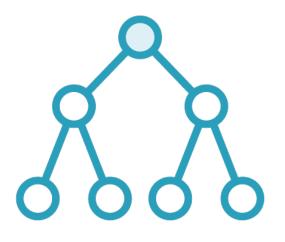
**Machine Learning** 

### Applications to Psychology





New information classified into pre-existing categories



**Categorization** 

Categories formed from pre-existing corpus



**Human Learning** 

### Decisions are Tiring

### Classification makes them easier

Good food

**Good behavior** 

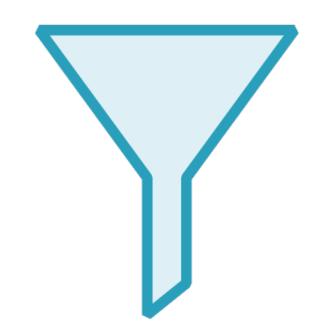
Important/urgent

**Bad food** 

**Bad behavior** 

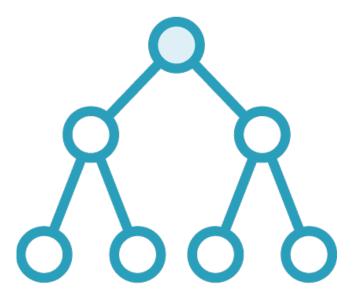
Not important/not urgent

### The Brain's Energy-saving Mode



Classification

New information classified into pre-existing categories

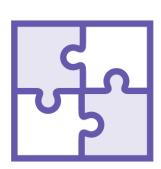


**Categorization** 

Categories formed from pre-existing corpus

## Decision-making is tiring, classification and categorization help our brains cope



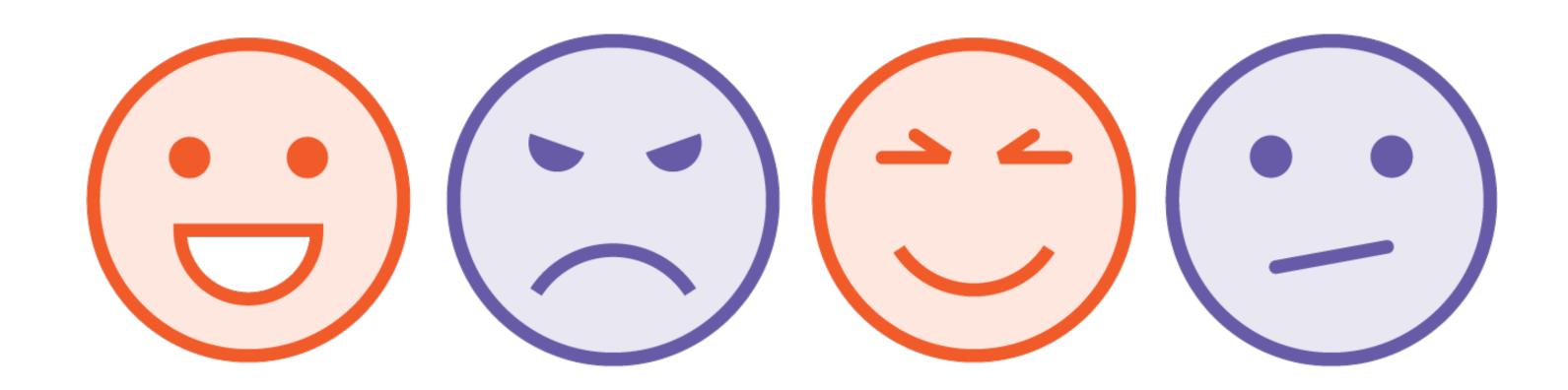


Human personalities can be classified and categorized too

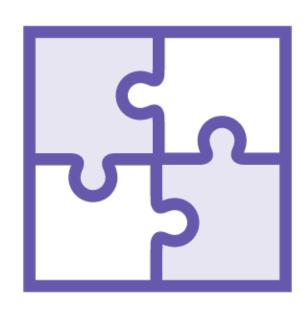


Human personalities can be classified and categorized too

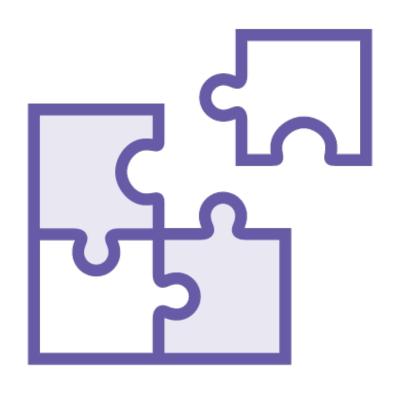
### Personalities



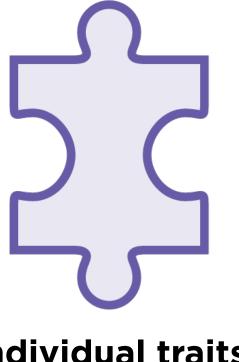
### Personalities



**Personalities** 



**Broken down** 



**Individual traits** 

# Personality traits: Predictors of human behavior

### Classifying Personalities





Manager

**Team** 

## Classifying Personalities







**Motivate team** 



Psychologists researched human personalities...

...and classified them into categories

These categories map neatly to...

The Big Five personality traits

### Big Five Personality Traits

**Openness** 

Conscientiousness

Extraversion

Agreeableness

Neuroticism

### Big Five Personality Traits

Openness Conscientiousness Extraversion

Agreeableness Neuroticism

### Reading People is Tiring: Classification Makes It Easier



Workplace



**Personal Life** 







**Personal Life** 



**Read People** 







Workplace

**Personal Life** 

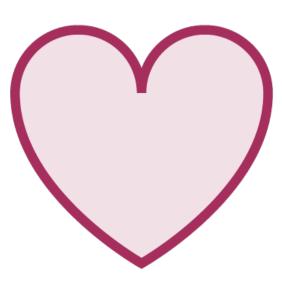
Read People



Whom to befriend



Whom to stay away from



Whom to partner with







Workplace

**Personal Life** 

Read People









**Know your team** 

Understand their strengths and weaknesses

**Motivate them** 

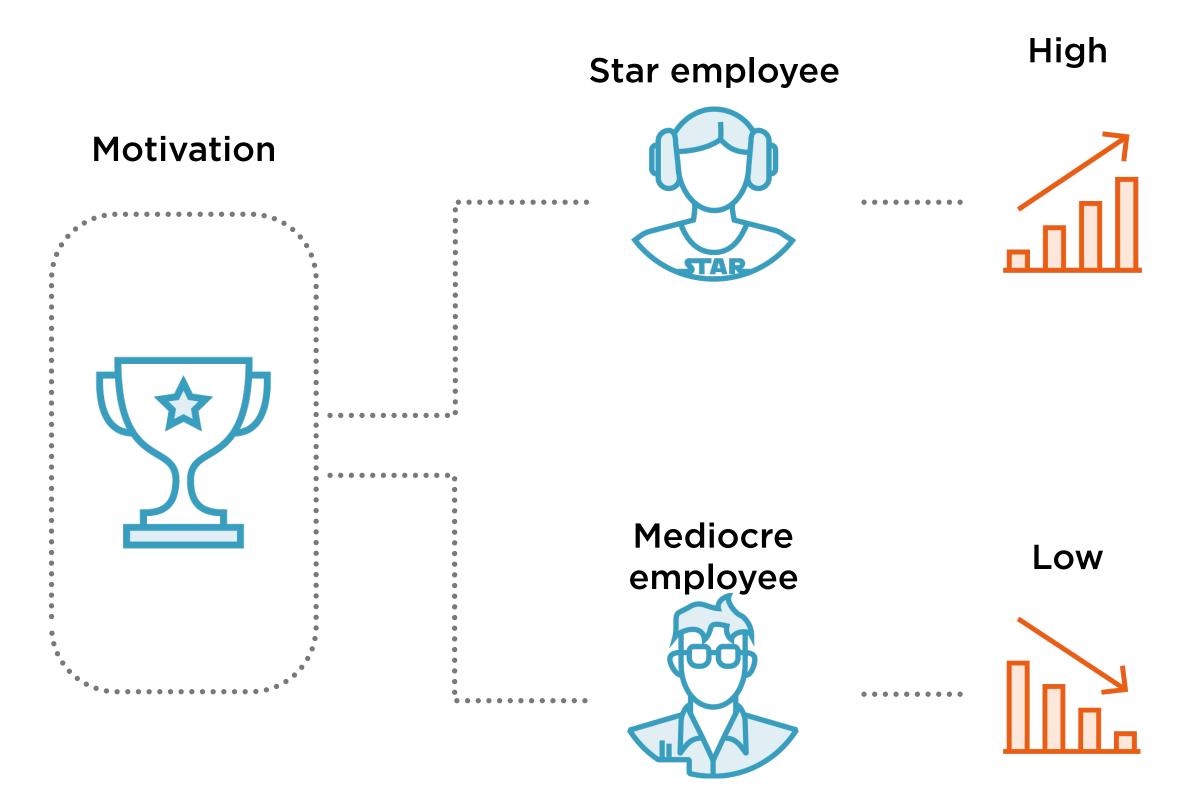
### Motivation Makes Stars





Average employee: Productivity = x Star employee: Productivity = 10x

### Motivation Makes Stars



### Stakeholders





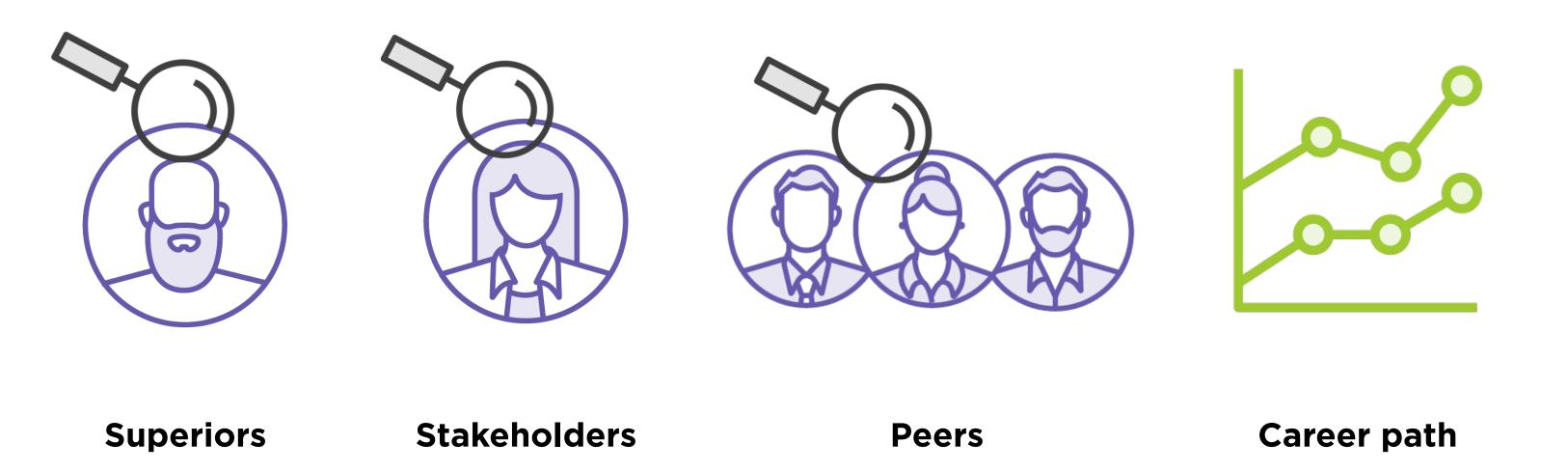


**Superiors** 

**Subordinates** 

**Peers** 

### Stakeholders

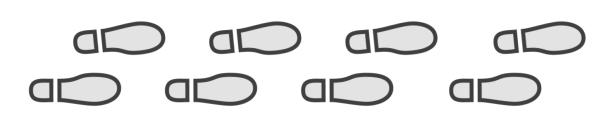


## "Don't blame the boss. He has enough problems"

**Donald Rumsfeld** 



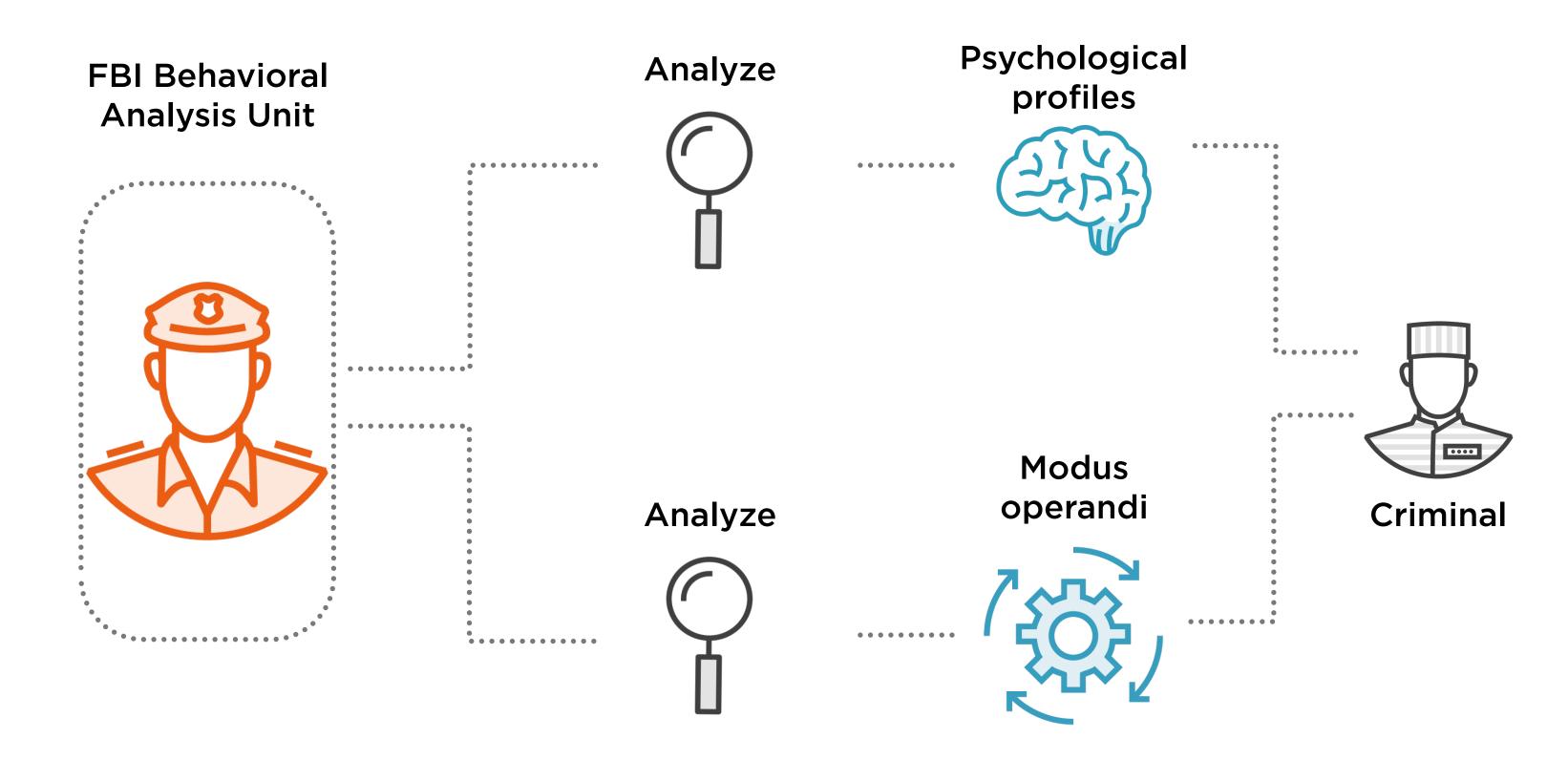
FBI Behavioral Analysis Unit





**Serious Criminals** 

#### Human Behavior



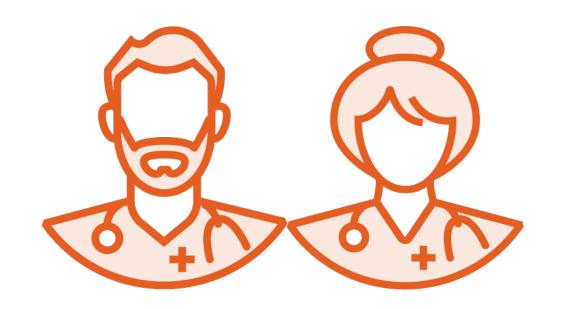


Categorising people is hard

Each individual is literally **unique** 

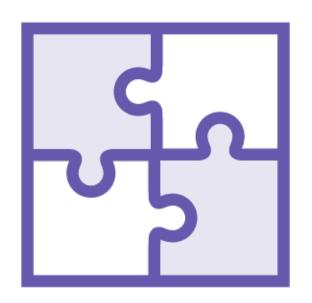
"Personality traits remain stable throughout most of our life. They are the constant aspects of our individuality"

**Emotional Competence** 

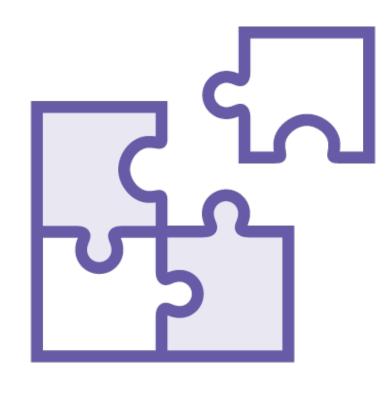


How do you understand the **unique** personalities of people you meet?

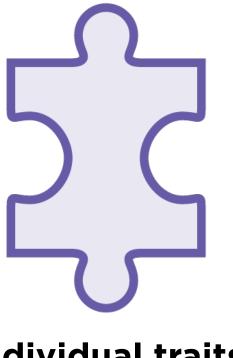
#### Personalities



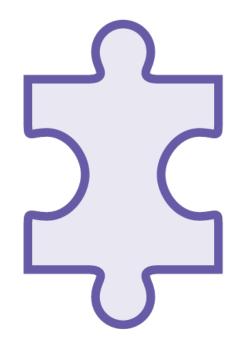
**Personalities** 



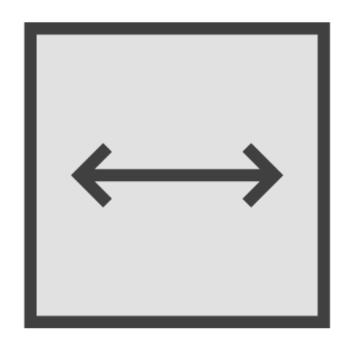
**Analysis** 



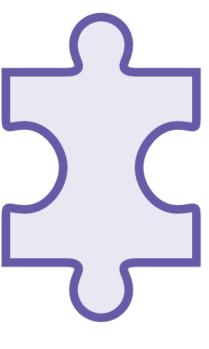
**Individual traits** 



**Individual traits** 



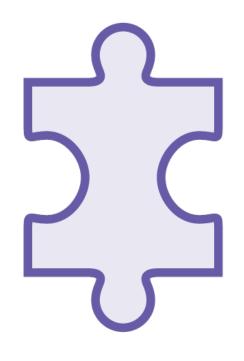
**Correlation** 

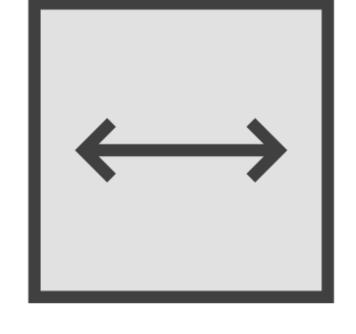


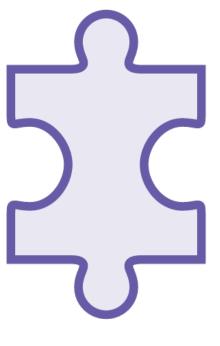
**Individual traits** 

"Personality is the blend of characteristics that make a person unique"

Weinberg and Gould (1999)







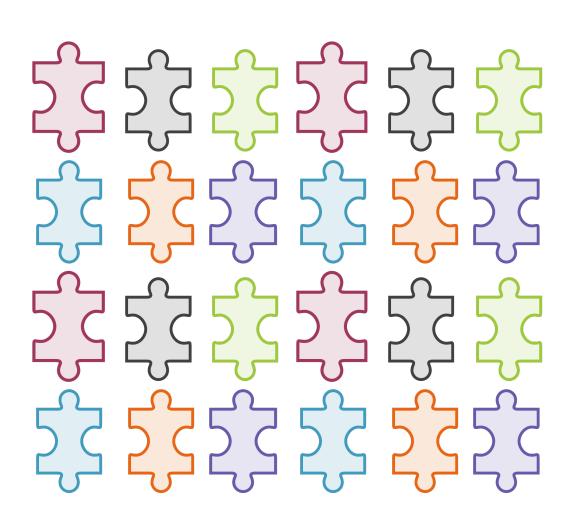
**Individual traits** 

**Correlation** 

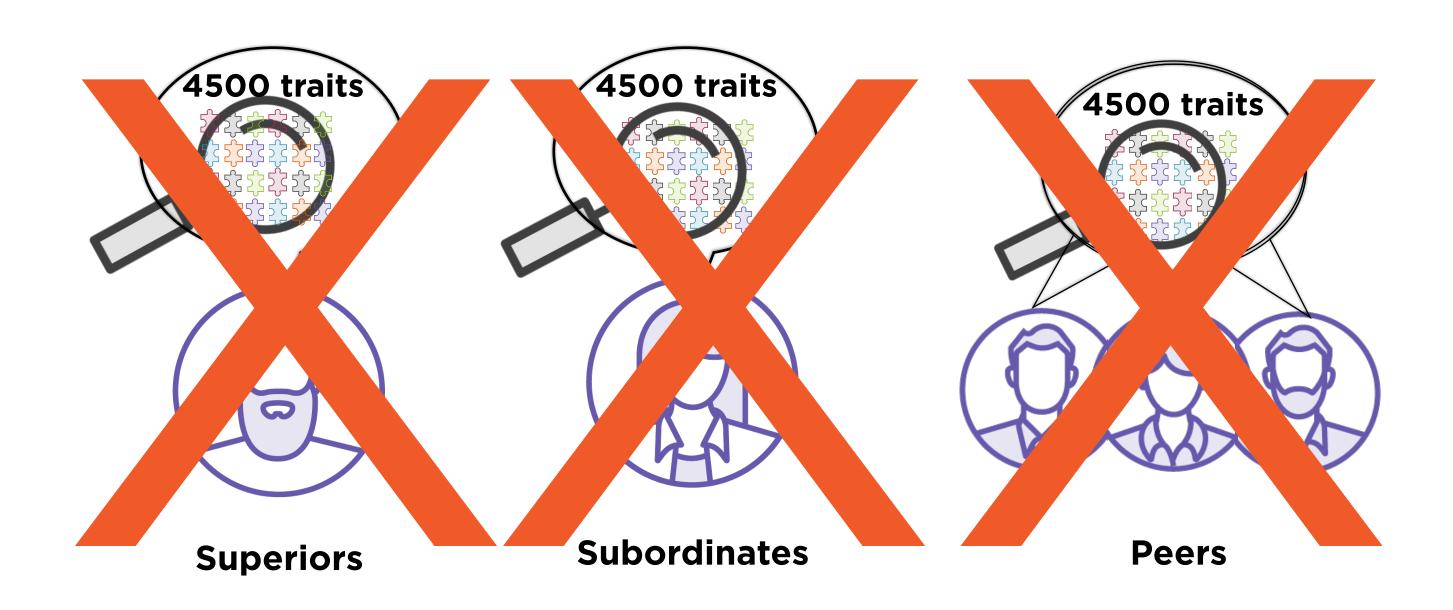
**Individual traits** 

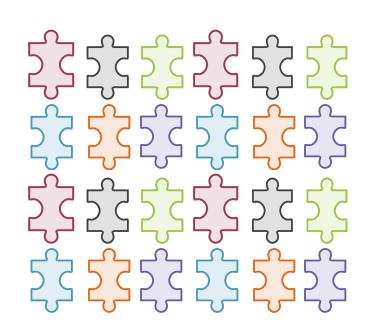


**Exhaustive Research** 

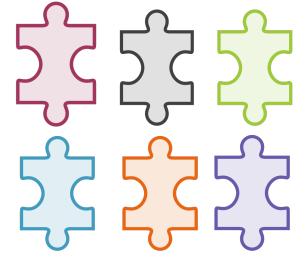


~4500 Traits



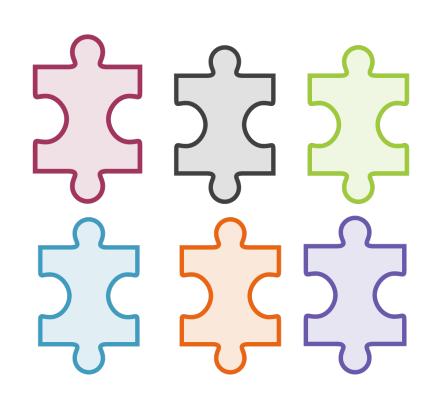


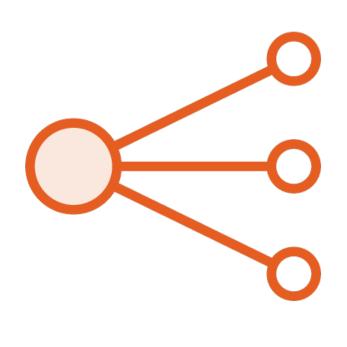
~4500 Traits



**De-duplicated** 

**171 Individual Traits** 





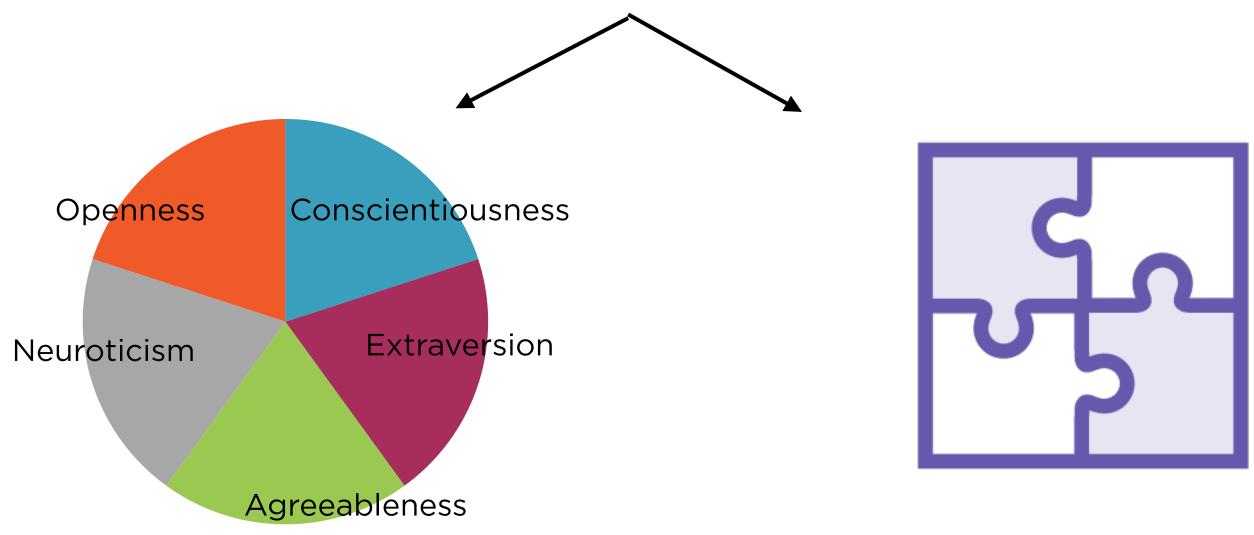


~171 Traits

**Factor Analysis** 

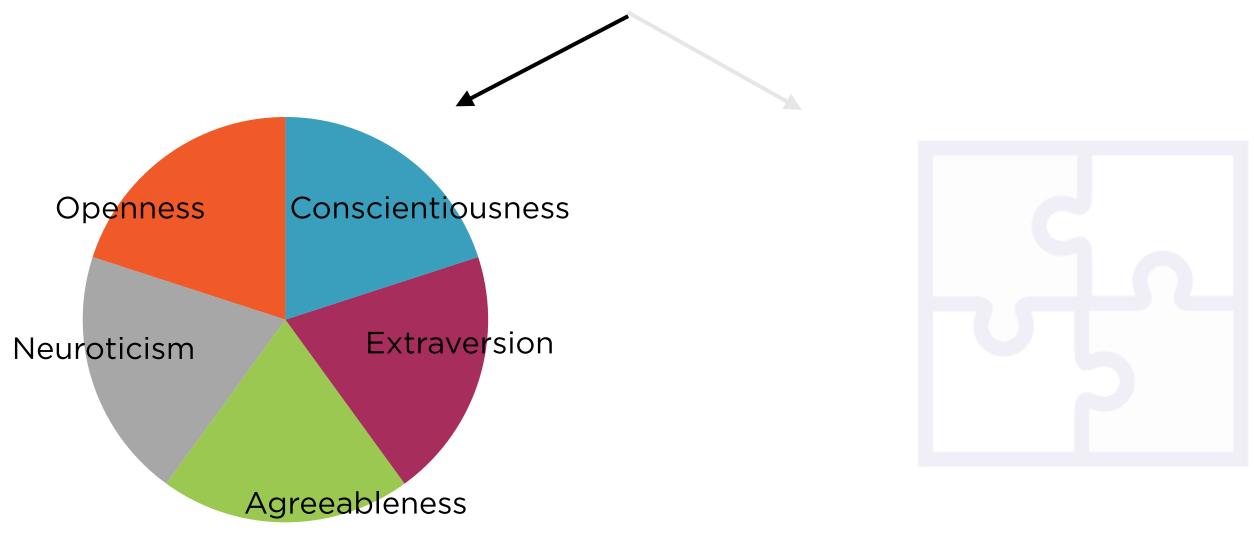
Big Five Personality
Traits

# The Big Five Traits Introduced

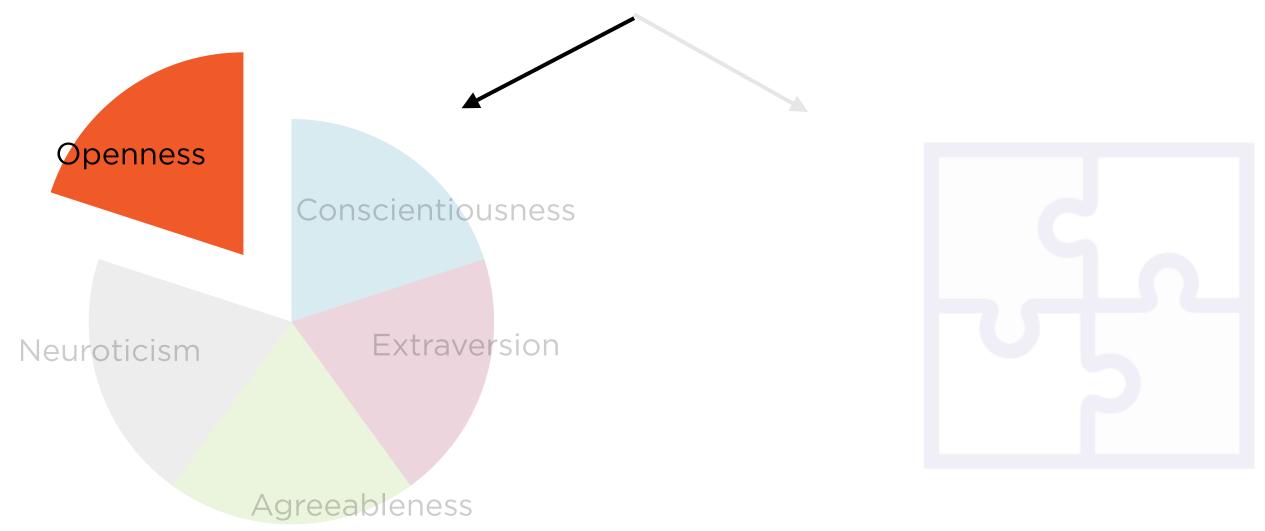


The Big Five

**Each consists of correlated facets** 



The Big Five



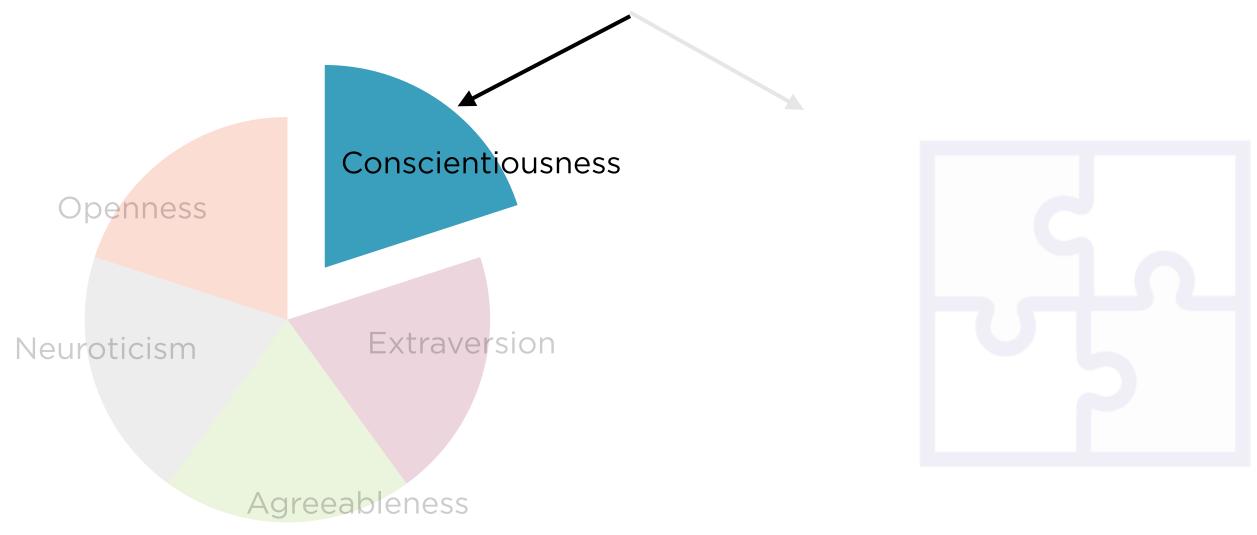
The Big Five



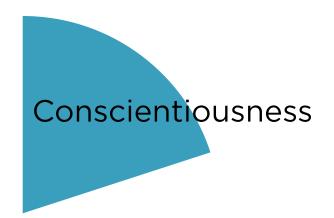
- Eager for new experiences
- Not tied to comfort zone
- New ideas
- Creativity and intellectual curiosity
- Idioms and metaphors
- Experimentation

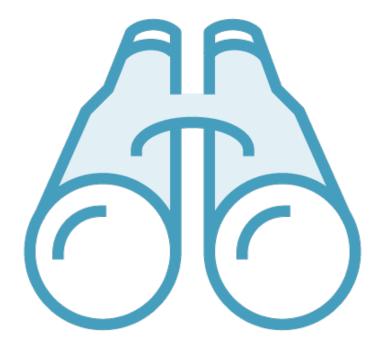


The Big Five

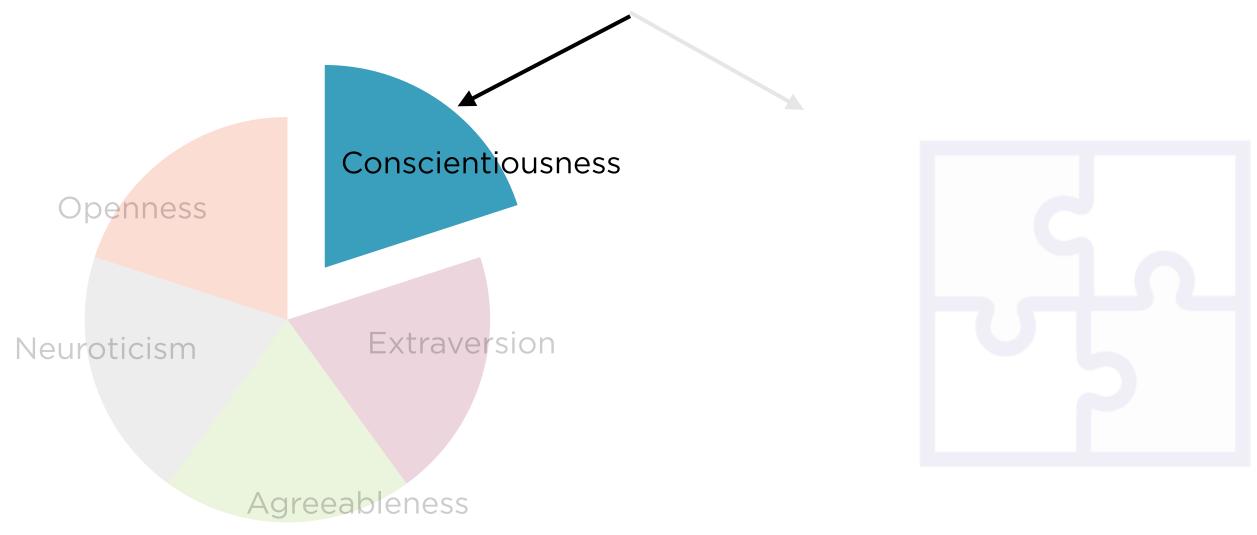


The Big Five

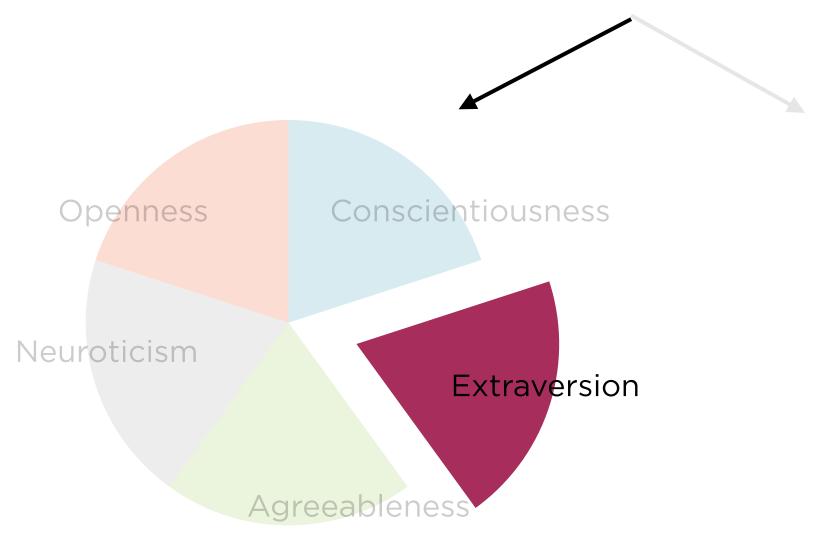




- Diligence
- Attention to detail
- Thoroughness
- Punctuality and neatness

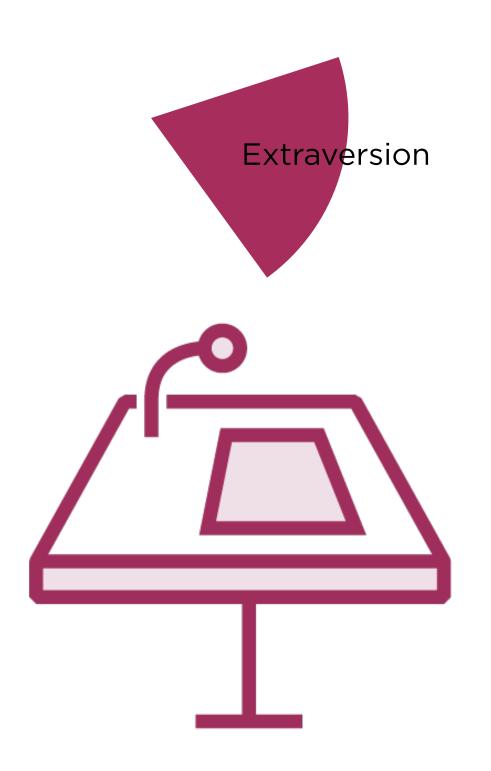


The Big Five

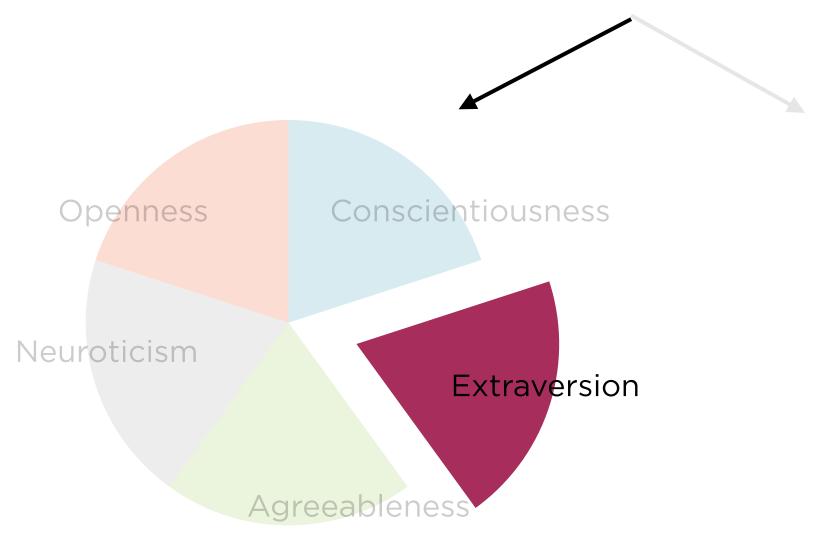




The Big Five

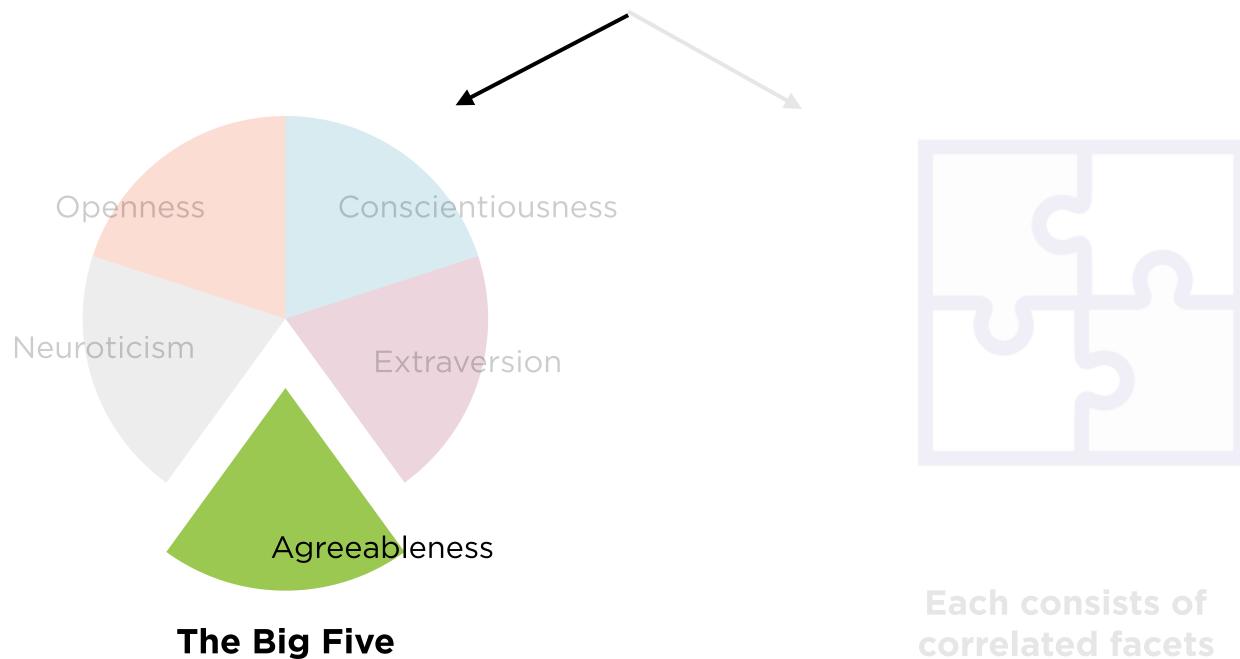


- Energized by human company
- Assertive of own interests
- Talkative and gregarious
- Comfortable with the limelight

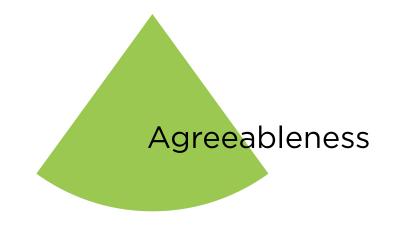




The Big Five

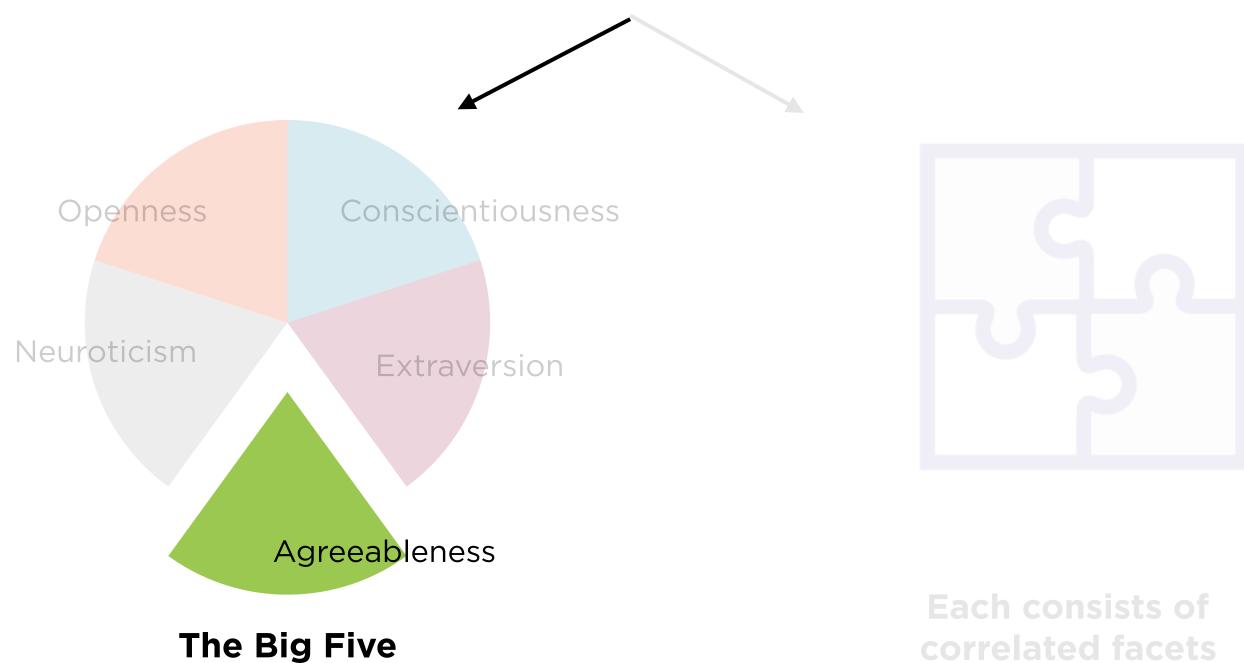


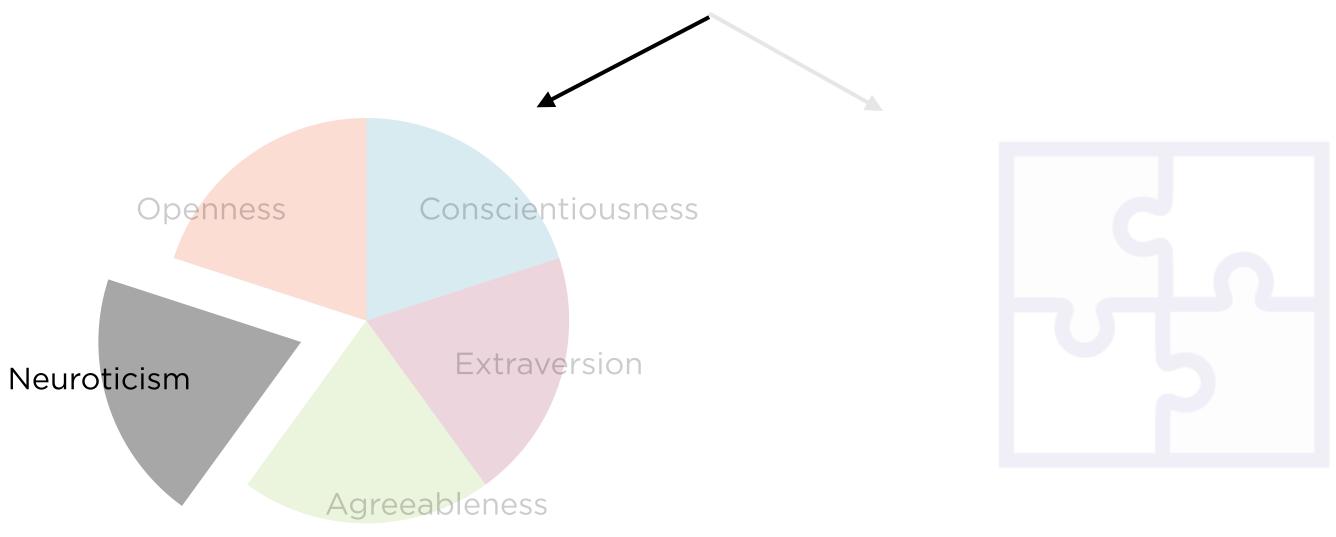
correlated facets



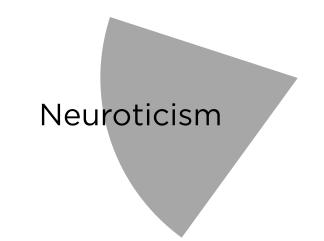


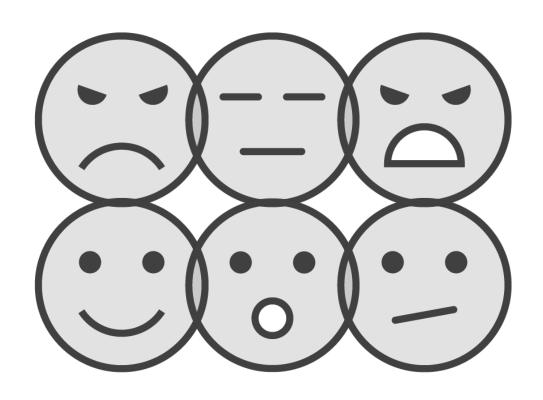
- Nice, pleasant, friendly
- Empathy to others and their compulsions
- Predictive of success in long-term relationships



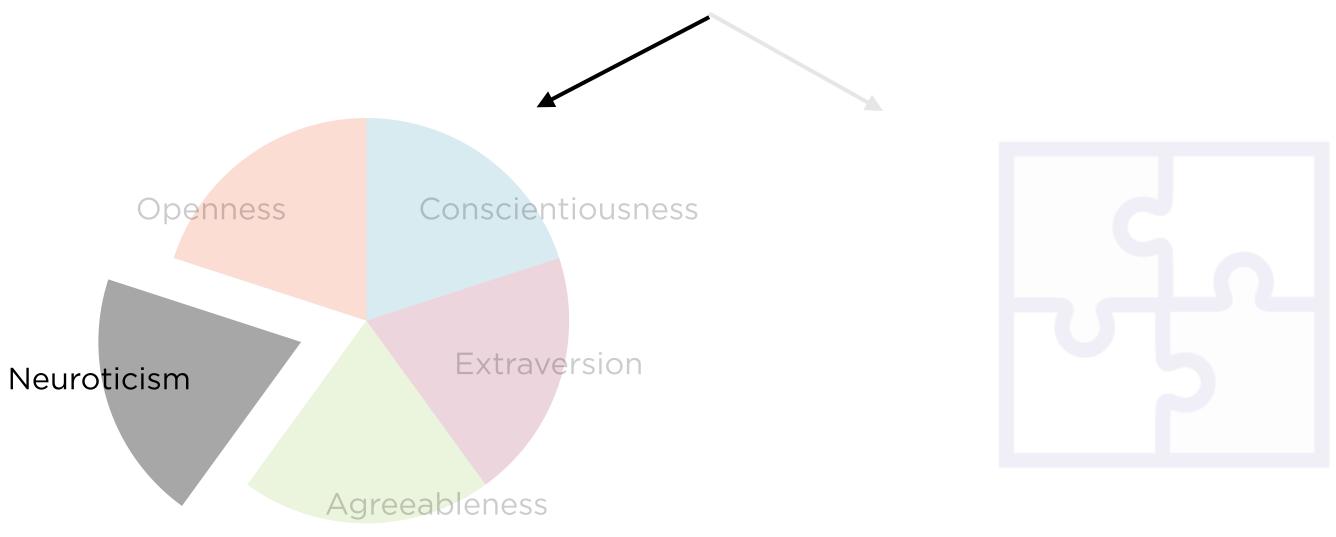


The Big Five

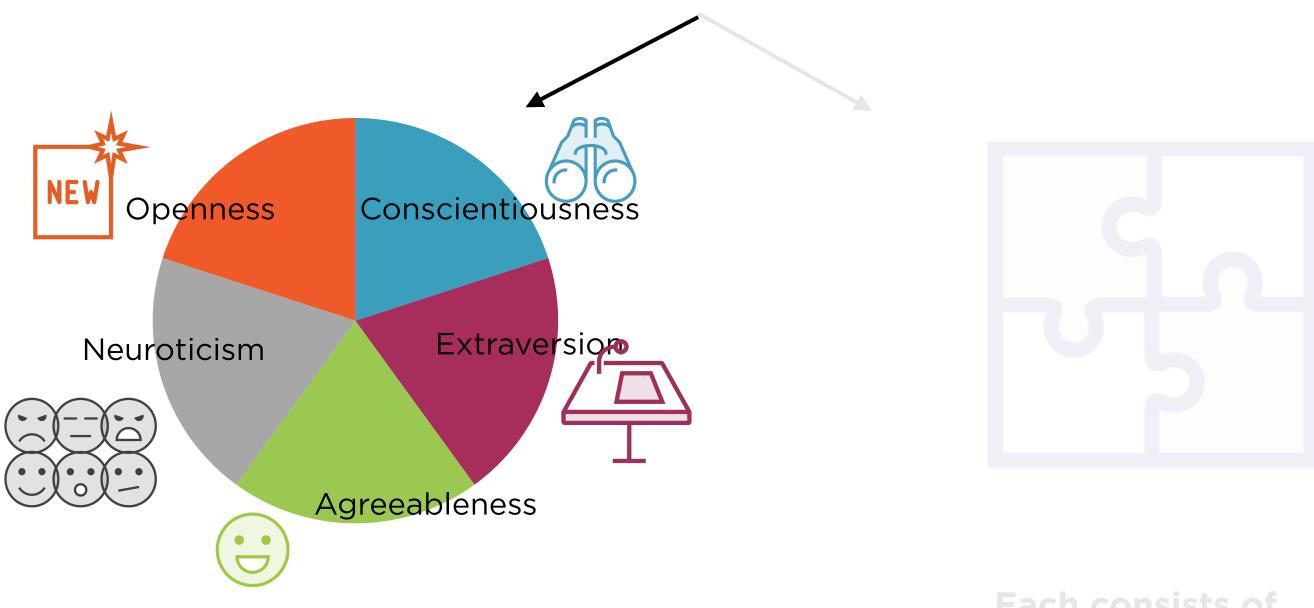




- Measure of emotional volatility
- Short temper
- Prone to anxiety
- Prone to mood swings
- Sensitive to slights



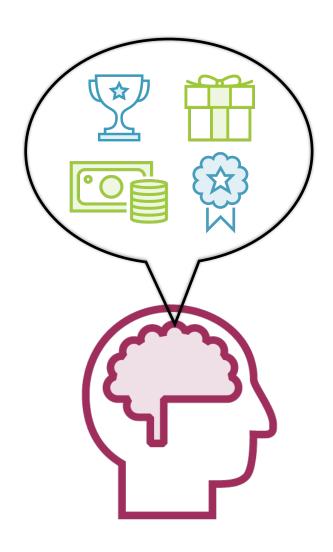
The Big Five



**The Big Five** 

# The Big Five and Human Motivation

#### Motivation: Urges from Within

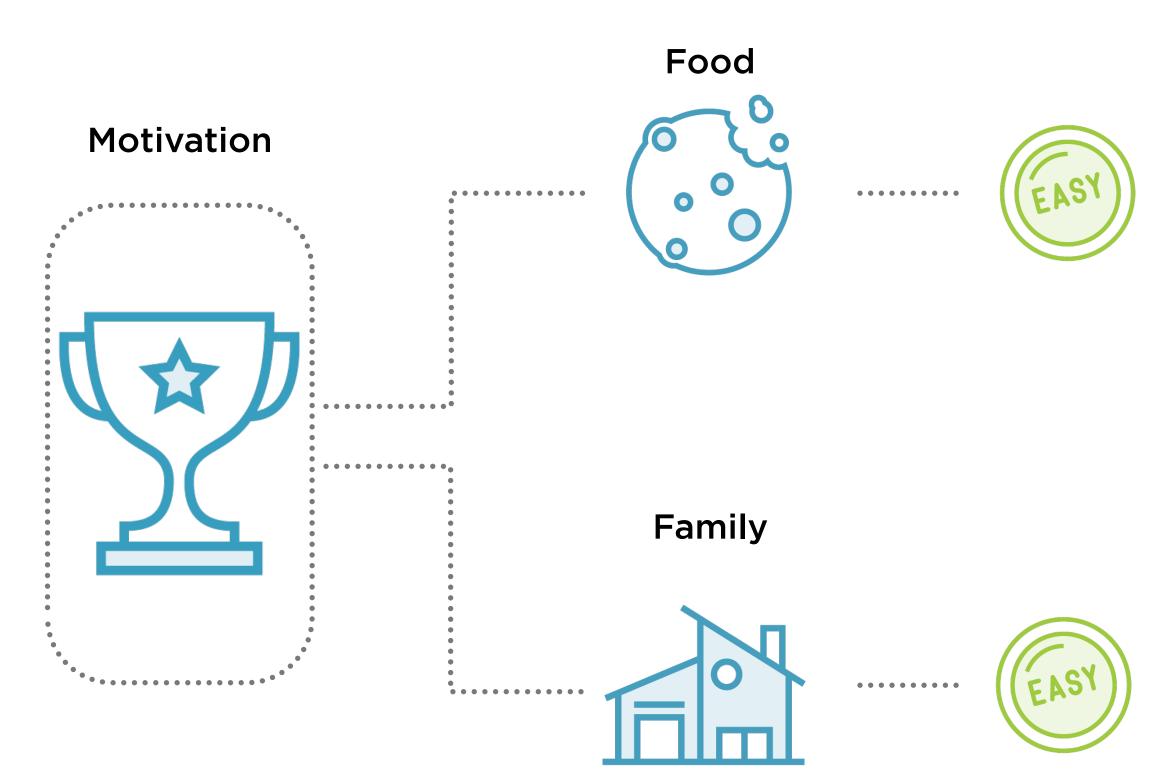


**Brain chemicals** associated with rewards



Release of such chemicals drives behavior

# Motivation: Urges from Within



# Motivation: Urges from Within



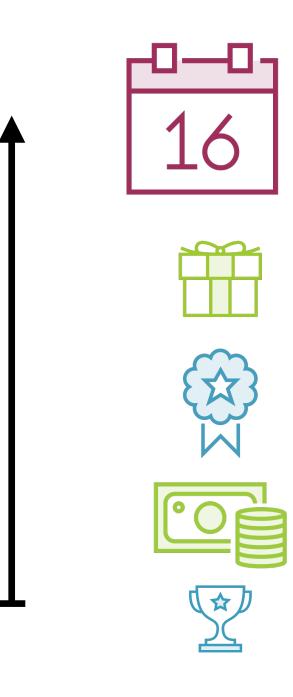
#### Motivations are Complex



- Quest for fairness
- Thirst for vengeance
- Seeking independence
- Curiosity to understand the world

# Primary motivations are incredibly complex, and include Autonomy, Mastery and Purpose

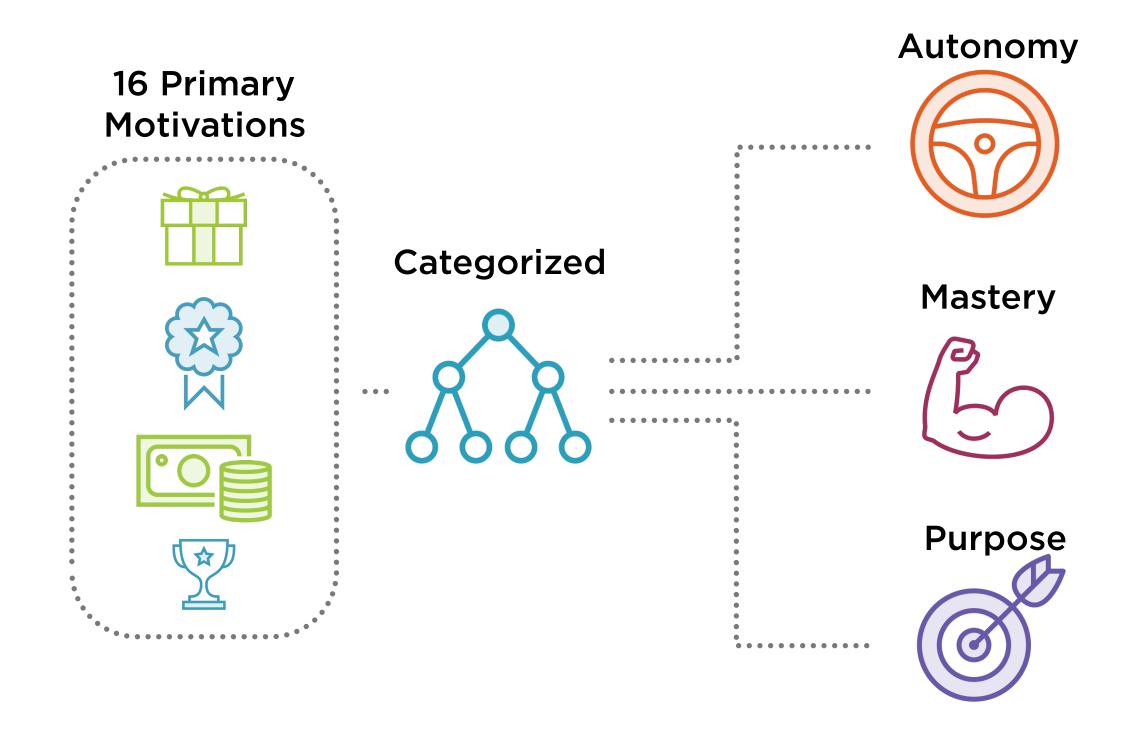
### Primary Motivations

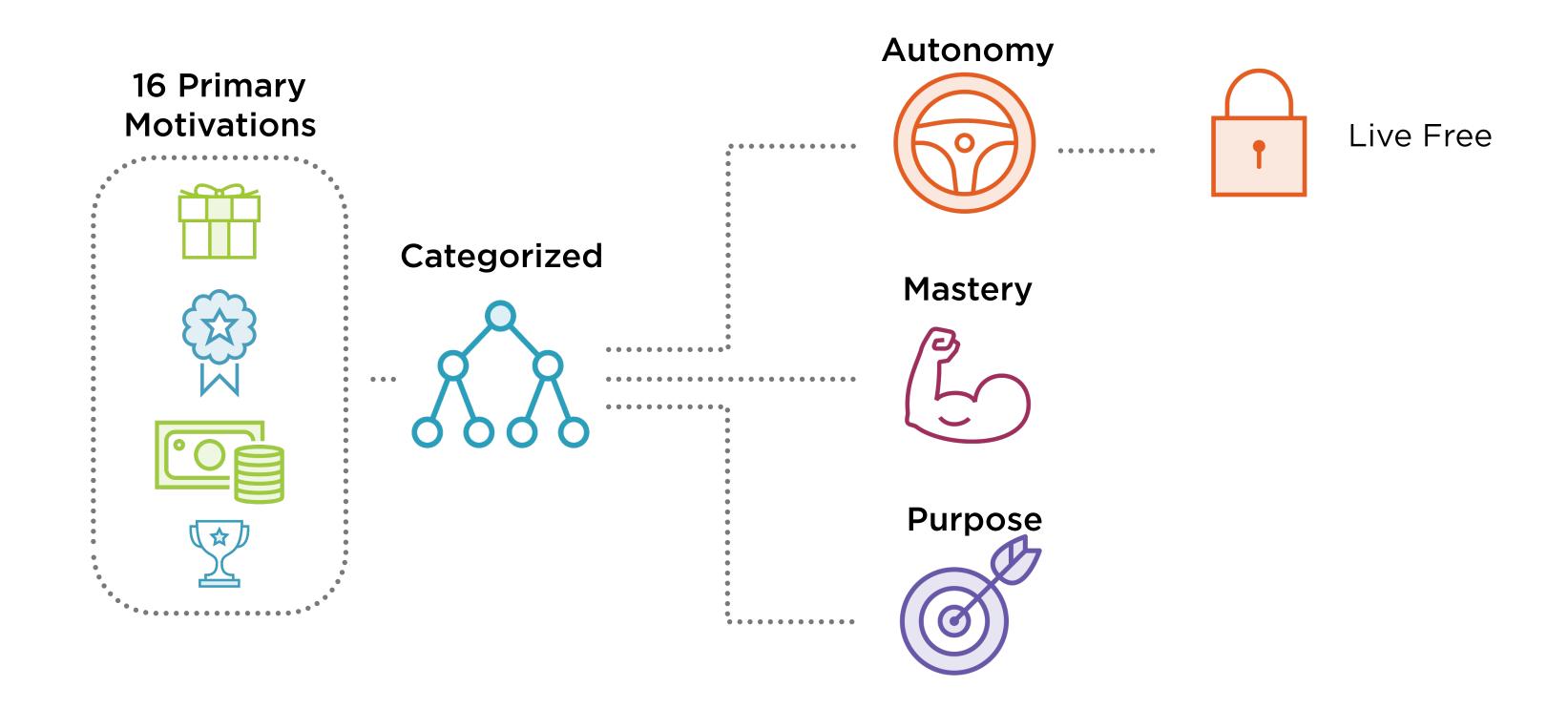


- Fairness
- Curiosity
- Independence
- Loyalty
- Social contact
- Family
- Exercise
- Vengeance

- Food
- Order
- In-group Loyalty
- Power
- Sex
- Saving
- Status
- Tranquility

### Primary Motivations



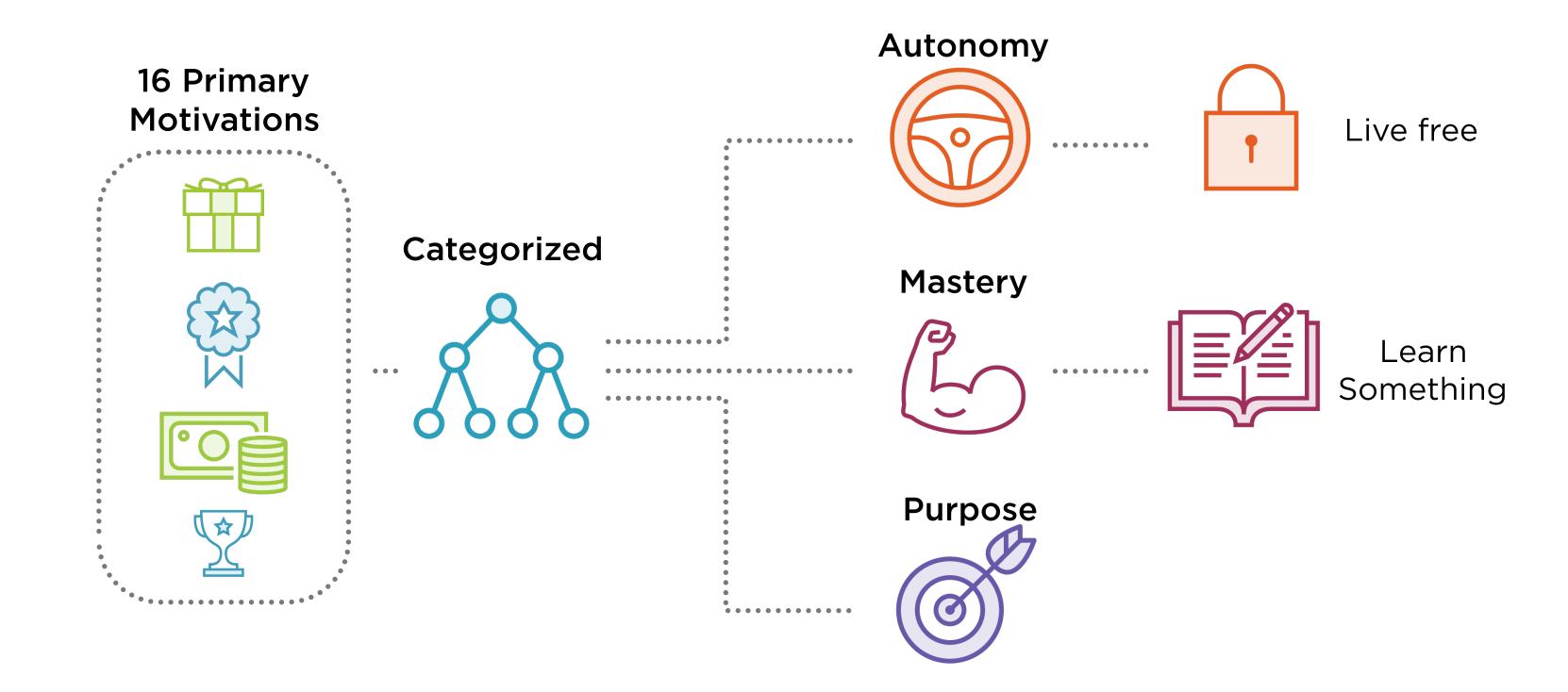


### Autonomy



### Autonomy of:

- task
- time
- technique
- team



### Mastery

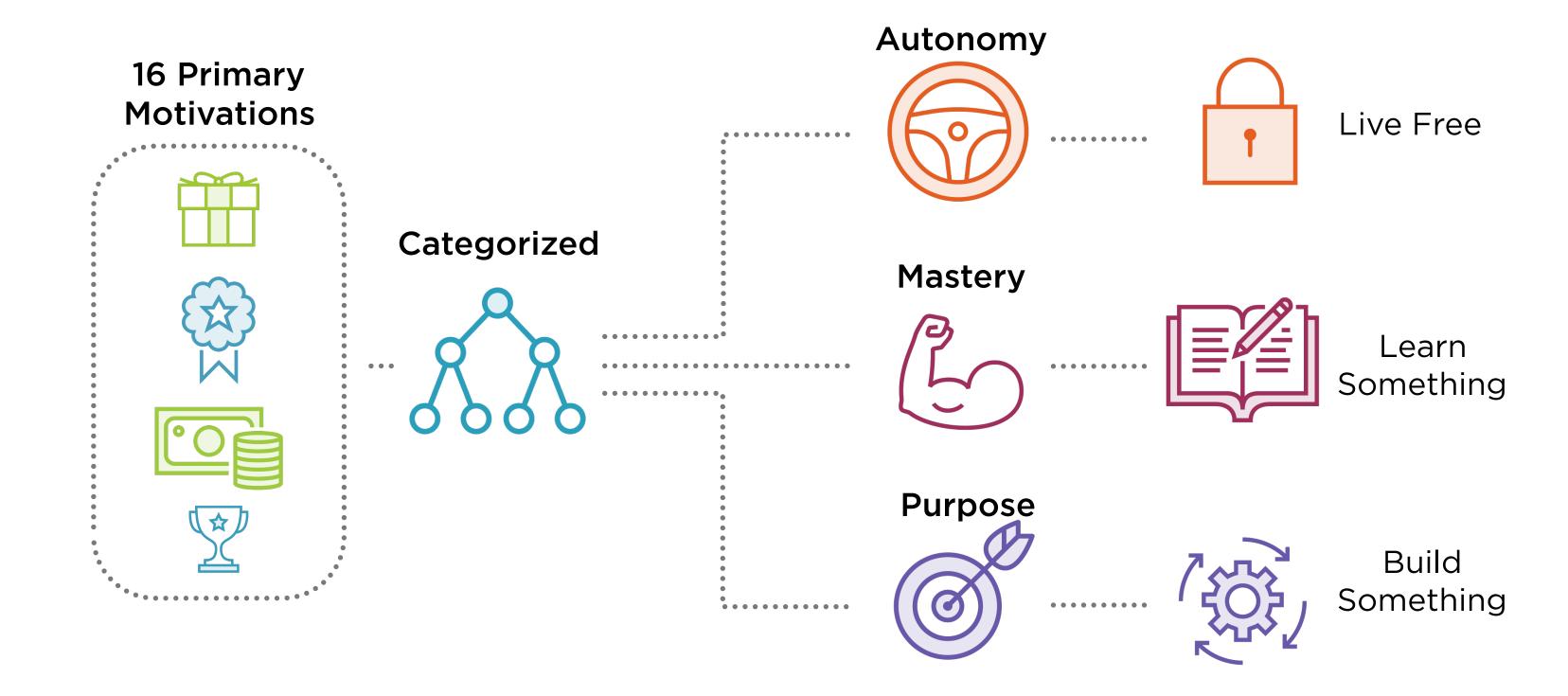




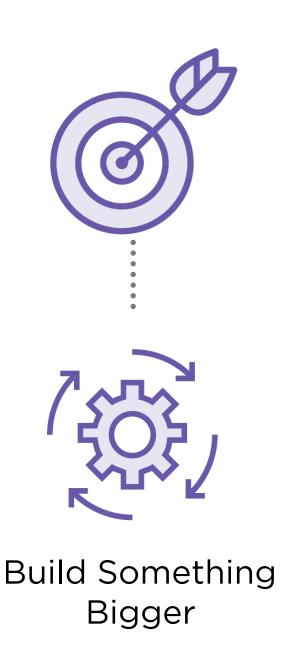
Learn New Skills

### High that we get from:

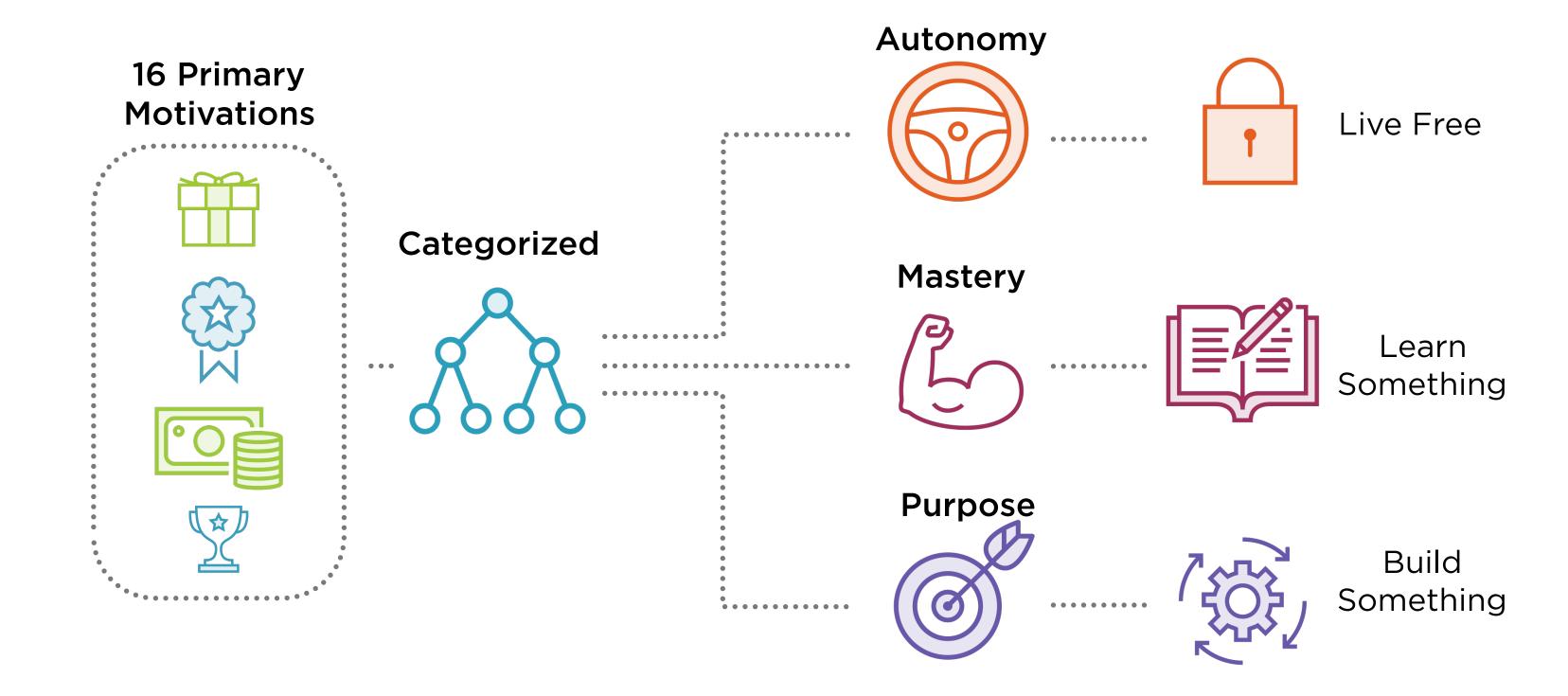
- Learning new skills
- Learning about our environment

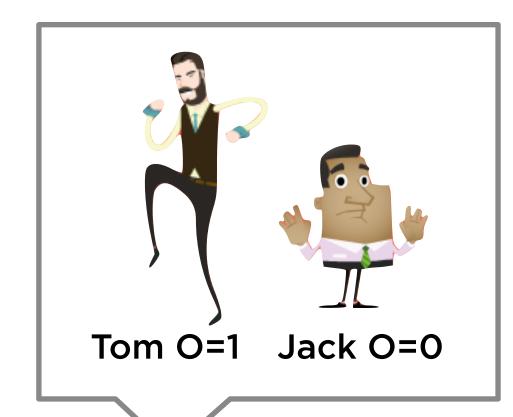


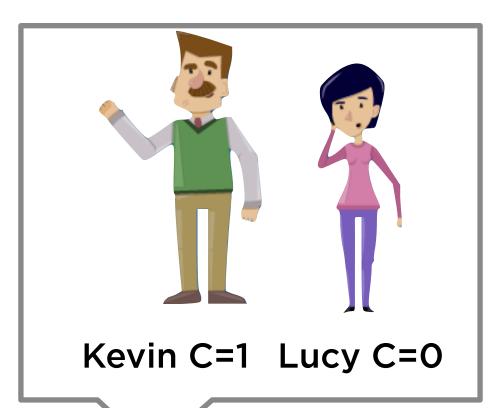
### Purpose

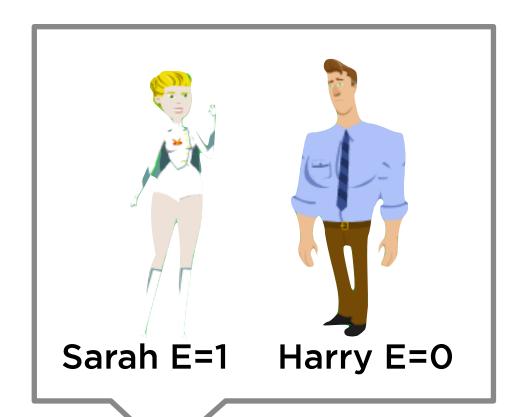


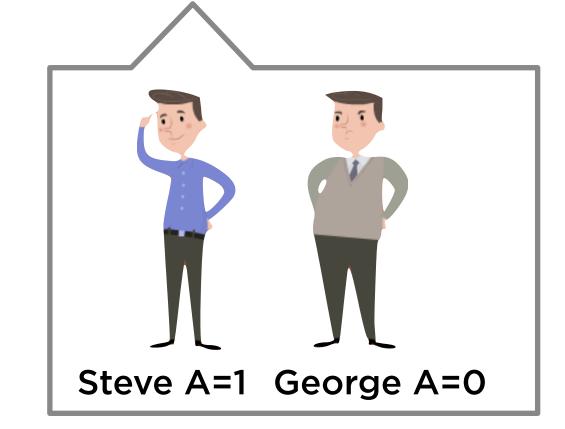
- High of self-transcendence
- From doing something meaningful
- Being part of something bigger than oneself

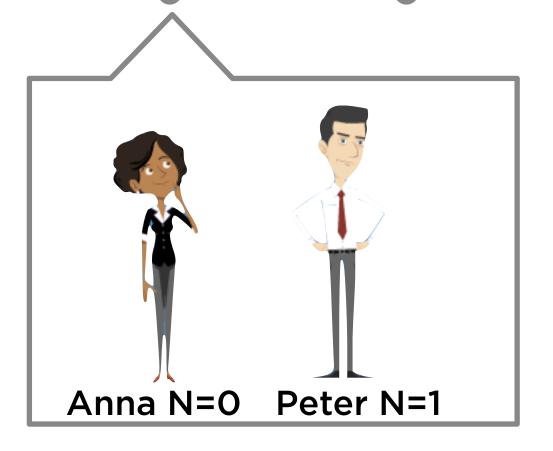












# The Big Five and the Autonomy-Mastery-Purpose Framework



Research study was conducted



211 men and women were analyzed to establish links

Subjective Well-being

Psychological Well-being

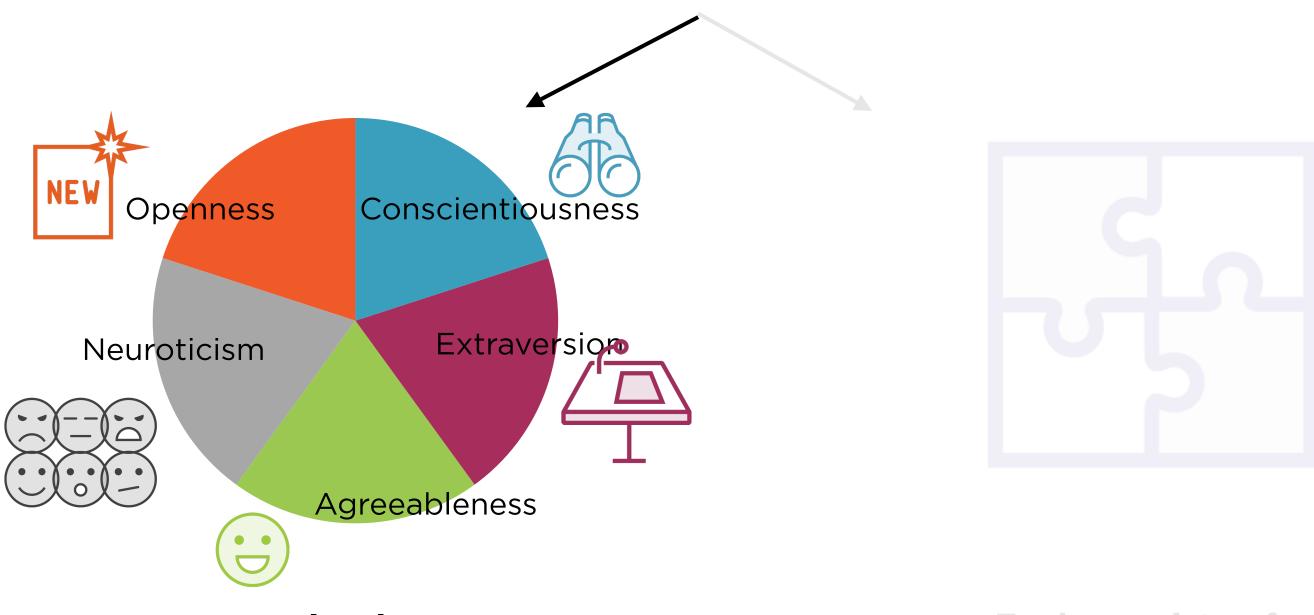


**Subjective well-being** 



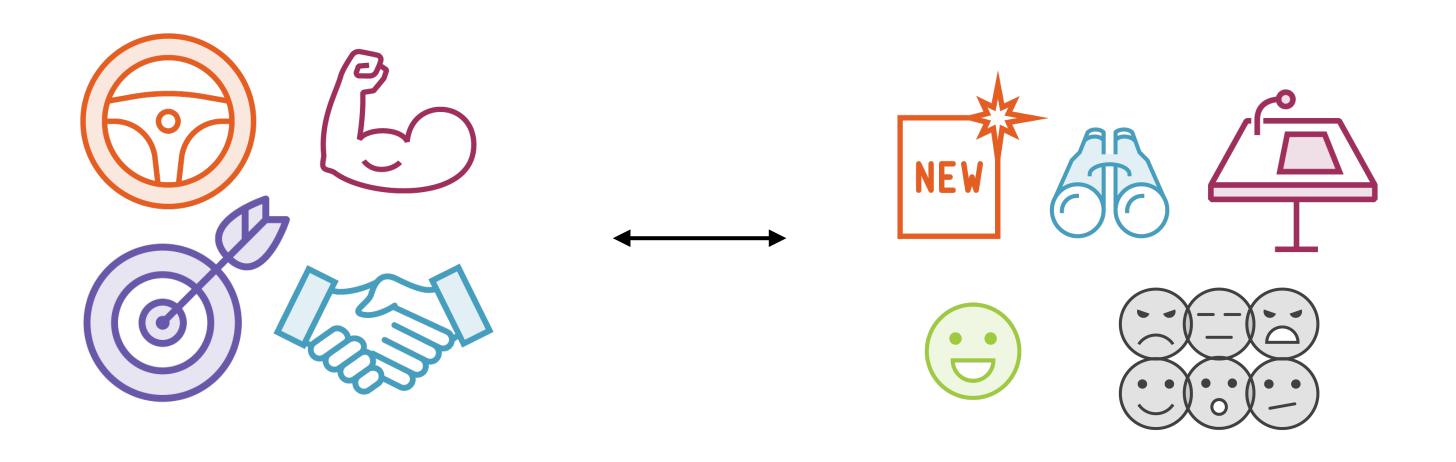
**Psychological well-being** 

### The Big Five Personality Traits



**Big Five** 

Each consists of correlated facets



Well-being Big Five

#### People with...

**High conscientiousness** 

High openness

High agreeableness

**High extraversion** 

High neuroticism

### ..Are more likely to

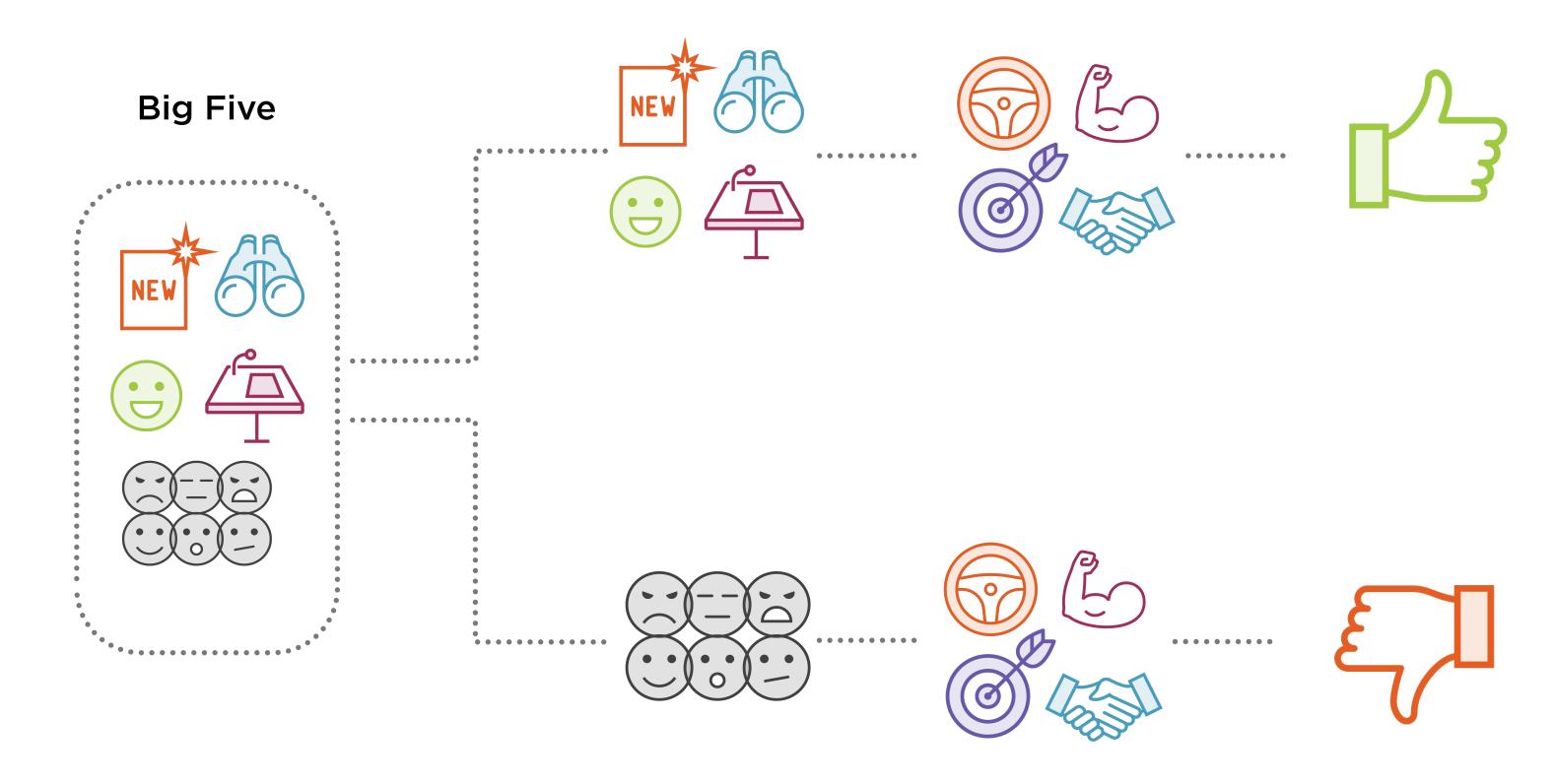
Find purpose in life

Achieve mastery/personal growth

Maintain happy, positive relations

Enjoy high well-being

Suffer from low well-being



### Summary

The Big Five help explain a lot of the variations in human personalities

The Big Five are Openness, Conscientiousness, Extraversion, Agreeableness and Neuroticism

These five traits are closely tied to our well-being

The ability to parse personalities has rewards in the workplace and elsewhere