# **Imports**

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## **HTML5 Imports Agenda**

The Problem

The Solution

The Pitfalls

### **How Do I Import HTML?**

**Import CSS** 

<link rel="stylesheet" href="style.css" />

**Import JS** 

<script src="jquery.min.js"></script>

Import HTML

Uh, let the hackery begin...

AJAX calls...

Iframes...

Script tags...

Hidden divs...



### **Imports vs Templates**

Both are a way to store inert HTML

Only imports support:

- 1. Storing inert HTML in a separate file
- 2. Bundling



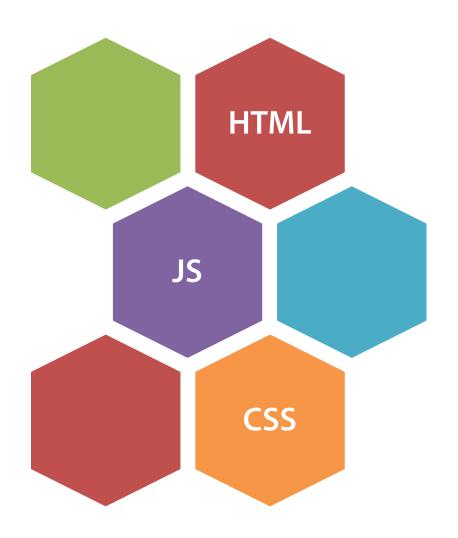
# **Packaging Matters**



# **We Need Bundling**

What if you want to bundle some CSS, JS, and HTML together?

# **Bundle Up**



# **Import Example**

```
<link rel="import" href="stuffToImport.html">
<link rel="import" href="http://othersite.com/import.html">
```

#### A Few Rules:

- 1. The value of the href is called the import location
- Link must sit in <head>
- 3. HTML is initially inert
- 4. JavaScript and CSS run and apply immediately
- 5. Imports from separate domains must support CORS

# **Programmatic Access to Import Content**

```
var content = document.querySelector('#my-import').import;
```

**Imports** 

Demo

# **Other Uses for Imports**

### **Themes**

Even
 change
 markup and
 behavior
 within
 themes

# Component Library

Bundle related components together

### **App Sections**

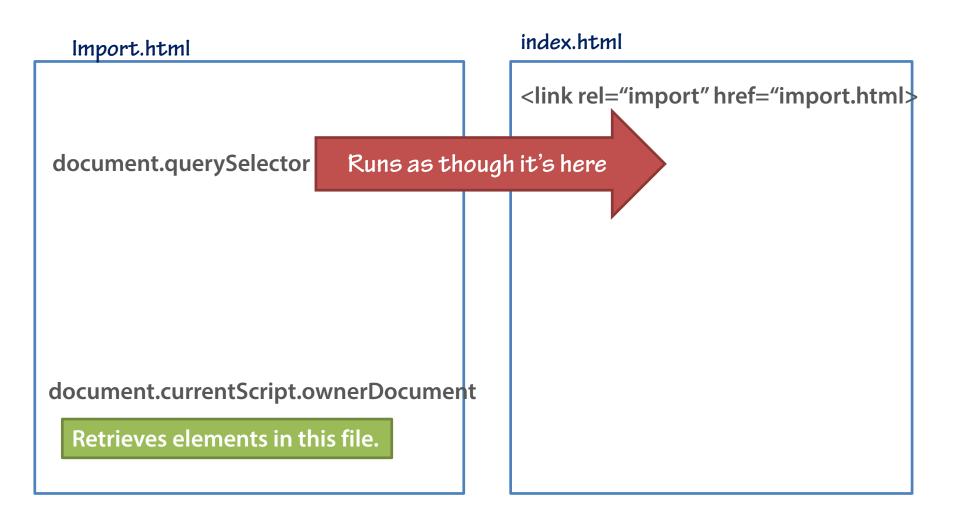
 Bundle resources used in specific portions of your app

### An entire app!

Just an import and a single custom element...

### **Reference the Owner Document**

document.currentScript.ownerDocument



**Referencing the Owner Document** 

Demo

# When Does Content in Imports Apply?

	Outside Template	Inside Template
HTML	Inert until copied	Inert until copied
CSS	Applies immediately	Inert until copied
JavaScrip t	Applies immediately	Inert until copied

# **Imports Block Rendering by Default**

```
<link rel="import" href="import.html" async>
```

Place <script> at the end of the main document to avoid blocking.

When is content in imports applied?

# Demo

# **Handling Events**

#### **Two Events:**

- 1. onload
- 2. onerror

```
    function loaded(event) {
        console.log('Import Loaded');
    }

    function error(event) {
        console.log('Uh oh, couldn\'t load ' + event.target.href);
    }

</script>

</script>

</ink rel="import" href="import.html" onload="loaded(event)"
        onerror="error(event)">
```

**Handling Events on Imports** 

Demo

# **Duplicate Requests**



# **Duplicate Requests**

The browser handles identical requests automatically. Differences in protocol, version, or domain? Duplicate.



### **Conflict Resolution**

Web-Component-A references jQuery 1.10 Web-Component-B references jQuery 1.11

Both will be downloaded, and potentially conflict.

# **Avoiding Duplicate/Conflicting Resources**



Eliminate dependencies



Don't bundle dependencies



Use centralized resource



Utilize a package manager

Run the latest version of third party libraries

# **Sub-Imports**

### Pluralsight-tabs.html

```
<link rel="import" href="jquery.html">
file continues...
```

### Pluralsight-accordian.html

```
<link rel="import" href="jquery.html">
file continues...
```

#### Pluralsight-search.html

```
<link rel="import" href="jquery.html">
file continues...
```

# Polymer's FAQ Suggests...

"If multiple libraries want to share a dependency, they will have to agree on a system. Feature detection, or an agreed upon common location for a 'jquery.html' file in a CDN, etc."

**Sub-Imports** 

Demo

### **Summary**

Store inert HTML
Imports bundle up and deliver your components
Programmatically access import contents
Avoid third party dependencies
Consider utilizing Bower
Agree on a standard

**Congratulations!**