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Code Insepection Document - Apache OFbiz

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1. Class assigned

In this document we'll inspect the code of the class "XmlSerializer" of the project "Apache OFBiz®". OFBiz is an Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP) System written in Java. Our class is part of the `entity.serialize` package, a very small package that only contains our class, the interface `XmlSerializable` and the definition of an `Exception`, `SerializeException`, which extends an OFBiz `Exception`.

OFBiz uses Gradle as Build Tool and therefore its convention. The class we will analyze is located at this address:

```
../apache-ofbiz-16.11.01/framework/entity/src/main/java/org/apache/ofbiz  
/entity/serialize/XmlSerializer.java.
```

2. Functional role of assigned class

The assigned class is deprecated, as clearly stated in the starting `javadoc` comment. Its purpose is to handle the serialization of objects into XML and vice versa.

The method `serialize` takes an `Object` and returns a `String`, which is the resulting XML for the provided `Object`. The other methods used for serialization, namely `serializeSingle` and `serializeCustom` return an `Element` which is an instance of `Node` from package `org.w3c.dom`, part of the standard Java library. They both take as input an `Object` to serialize and a `Document` object.

All deserialization methods, as expected, return an `Object` and take as input either an XML `Element` or a whole `Document`, whose definitions are found in `org.w3c.dom`.

3. List of issues found by applying the checklist

3.1. Notation Used

We will adopt the following notation to simplify reading the document:

- **L. 12** to indicate a single line (line 12 in this case).
- **L. 12, 15** to indicate a list of non consecutive lines (lines 12 and 15 in this case).
- **L. 12-34** to indicate an interval of lines (line 12 through 34 in this case).
- **C12** to indicate the 12-th element of the provided checklist.

3.2. Issues

- **C11**. “All if, while, do-while, try-catch, and for statements that have only one statement to execute are surrounded by curly braces.” **L. 295, 433, 446**
- **C14**. “When line length must exceed 80 characters, it does NOT exceed 120 characters.” **L. 176, 217, 350, 446, 448**
- **C18**. “Comments are used to adequately explain what the class, interface, methods, and blocks of code are doing.” not all methods are commented appropriately, there is an overall good usage of comments, but some methods could have been more clearly explained.
- **C19**. “Commented out code contains a reason for being commented out and a date it can be removed from the source file if determined it is no longer needed.” **L. 171, 194**
- **C23**. “Check that the javadoc is complete”. **L. 131, 259, 276, 292, 464** contain public methods that do not have any javadoc. The other methods have some javadoc but no straightforward or detailed explanation is given.
- **C25 (c)**. “class/interface implementation comment, if necessary;” No such comment is provided, while it would have been useful to have a general idea of what the class is for. This may or may not be due to the fact that the class-level javadoc has been replaced by a deprecated notice.
- **C27**. “Check that the code is free of duplicates, long methods, big classes, breaking encapsulation, as well as if coupling and cohesion are adequate”. In **L. 73** the throws are redundant: `FileNotFoundException` extends `IOException` but both are present in the `throws` statement. The method at **L. 292** is close to 200 lines long, which make it hard to keep track of the code. The method is mainly composed of ifs and `else ifs` so knowing which branch a part of code is in is very hard since there are so many cases.
- **C28**. “[...] Check that they have the right visibility (public/private/protected)”. While the methods at **L. 93, 118, 131** are used throughout the package, methods at **L. 259, 276, 292, 464** are never used except internally in this class. They are likely helper methods for this class’s functionality but they do not seem to be useful outside of this, therefore they should be `private`.

- **C29**. “Check that variables are declared in the proper scope.”. Variable at **L. 69** is `public` but is not accessed in the whole project. Its purpose is not clear but should probably be set to `private`.
- **C30**. “Check that constructors are called when a new object is desired.”. Throughout the code it almost always happens that objects are created using external methods. While this clashes with the given entry in the checklist, it seems a correct choice to call external methods to partially process data and create the proper object.
- **C31**. “Check that all object references are initialized before use.”. At **L. 492** the variable `formatter` is initialized to `null`, which is the default value for every `Object`. However, it is impossible for this variable to be `null` at **L. 501** (`return` statement) since it is either initialized at **L. 495** or at **L. 498**.
- **C33**. “Declarations appear at the beginning of blocks”. At **L. 196-198** variables are declared in the middle of the `else if` block opened at **L. 172**. Same happens at **L. 233-235**, variables are declared in the `else if` block opened at **L. 213**. In `makeElement` at **L. 276-290**, variable `element` is created twice with different visibility. At **L. 286** it is created but not in the beginning of the containing block.
- **C36**. “Check that method returned values are used properly.”. In many occasions, for instance when calling `appendChild` from `org.w3c.dom.Node.java` in **L. 201** (and many others) the return value is not used. However, since the children is added to the `Node` object regardless of the returned value, it may not be necessary.
- **C60**. “Check that all file exceptions are caught and dealt with accordingly”. **L73** `FileNotFoundException` is thrown instead of caught.

4. Other issues

Throughout the code and in particular in blocks at **L. 131-257** and **L.292-462** there is a series of `if...else if...else if...` statements. This way of programming is not compliant with the “open/closed principle”, one of the master ideas of object oriented programming, that states “software entities (classes, modules, functions, etc.) should be open for extension, but closed for modification”. In fact this class is not “open” for extension. Even worse in the first block mentioned the condition inside `if` statements is an `instance of` call, a witness of bad usage of overriding.

5. Effort spent

Component	Time spent (in hour)
Philippe Scorsolini	6
Lorenzo Semeria	8
Gabriele Vanoni	6

A. Source Code

```
1  /*****
2  * Licensed to the Apache Software Foundation (ASF) under one
3  * or more contributor license agreements. See the NOTICE file
4  * distributed with this work for additional information
5  * regarding copyright ownership. The ASF licenses this file
6  * to you under the Apache License, Version 2.0 (the
7  * "License"); you may not use this file except in compliance
8  * with the License. You may obtain a copy of the License at
9  *
10 * http://www.apache.org/licenses/LICENSE-2.0
11 *
12 * Unless required by applicable law or agreed to in writing,
13 * software distributed under the License is distributed on an
14 * "AS IS" BASIS, WITHOUT WARRANTIES OR CONDITIONS OF ANY
15 * KIND, either express or implied. See the License for the
16 * specific language governing permissions and limitations
17 * under the License.
18 *****/

19 package org.apache.ofbiz.entity.serialize;
20
21 import java.io.FileNotFoundException;
22 import java.io.IOException;
23 import java.io.Serializable;
24 import java.lang.ref.WeakReference;
25 import java.math.BigDecimal;
26 import java.text.DateFormat;
27 import java.text.ParseException;
28 import java.text.SimpleDateFormat;
29 import java.util.ArrayList;
30 import java.util.Calendar;
31 import java.util.Collection;
32 import java.util.HashMap;
33 import java.util.HashSet;
34 import java.util.Hashtable;
35 import java.util.Iterator;
36 import java.util.LinkedList;
37 import java.util.Locale;
38 import java.util.Map;
39 import java.util.Properties;
40 import java.util.Stack;
41 import java.util.TreeMap;
42 import java.util.TreeSet;
43 import java.util.Vector;
44 import java.util.WeakHashMap;
45
```



```
46 import javax.xml.bind.DatatypeConverter;
47 import javax.xml.parsers.ParserConfigurationException;
48
49 import org.apache.ofbiz.base.util.Debug;
50 import org.apache.ofbiz.base.util.StringUtil;
51 import org.apache.ofbiz.base.util.UtilGenerics;
52 import org.apache.ofbiz.base.util.UtilMisc;
53 import org.apache.ofbiz.base.util.UtilObject;
54 import org.apache.ofbiz.base.util.UtilXml;
55 import org.apache.ofbiz.entity.Delegator;
56 import org.apache.ofbiz.entity.GenericPK;
57 import org.apache.ofbiz.entity.GenericValue;
58 import org.w3c.dom.Document;
59 import org.w3c.dom.Element;
60 import org.w3c.dom.Node;
61 import org.xml.sax.SAXException;
62
63 /**
64  * XmlSerializer class. This class is deprecated - new code should use
65  * the
66  * Java object marshalling/unmarshalling methods in <code>UtilXml.java</
67  * code>.
68  *
69  */
70 public class XmlSerializer {
71     public static final String module = XmlSerializer.class.getName();
72
73     private static WeakReference<DateFormat> simpleDateFormatter;
74
75     public static String serialize(Object object) throws
76         SerializeException, FileNotFoundException, IOException {
77         Document document = UtilXml.makeEmptyXmlDocument("ofbiz-ser");
78         Element rootElement = document.getDocumentElement();
79
80         rootElement.appendChild(serializeSingle(object, document));
81         return UtilXml.writeXmlDocument(document);
82     }
83
84     /** Deserialize a Java object from an XML string. <p>This method
85     should be used with caution.
86     * If the XML string contains a serialized <code>GenericValue</code>
87     or <code>GenericPK</code>
88     * then it is possible to unintentionally corrupt the database.</p>
89     *
90     * @param content the content
91     * @param delegator the delegator
92     * @return return a deserialized object from XML string
93     * @throws SerializeException
94     * @throws SAXException
```

```
90     * @throws ParserConfigurationException
91     * @throws IOException
92     */
93     public static Object deserialize(String content, Delegator delegator)
94         throws SerializeException, SAXException,
95             ParserConfigurationException, IOException {
96         // readXmlDocument with false second parameter to disable
97             validation
98         Document document = UtilXml.readXmlDocument(content, false);
99         if (document != null) {
100             if (!"ofbiz-ser".equals(document.getDocumentElement().
101                 getTagName())) {
102                 return UtilXml.fromXml(content);
103             }
104             return deserialize(document, delegator);
105         } else {
106             Debug.logWarning("Serialized document came back null", module)
107                 ;
108             return null;
109         }
110     }
111
112     /** Deserialize a Java object from a DOM <code>Document</code>.
113     * <p>This method should be used with caution. If the DOM <code>
114         Document</code>
115     * contains a serialized <code>GenericValue</code> or <code>GenericPK
116         </code>
117     * then it is possible to unintentionally corrupt the database.</p>
118     *
119     * @param document the document
120     * @param delegator the delegator
121     * @return returns a deserialized object from a DOM document
122     * @throws SerializeException
123     */
124     public static Object deserialize(Document document, Delegator
125         delegator) throws SerializeException {
126         Element rootElement = document.getDocumentElement();
127         // find the first element below the root element, that should be
128             the object
129         Node curChild = rootElement.getFirstChild();
130         while (curChild != null && curChild.getNodeType() != Node.
131             ELEMENT_NODE) {
132             curChild = curChild.getNextSibling();
133         }
134         if (curChild == null) {
135             return null;
136         }
137         return deserializeSingle((Element) curChild, delegator);
138     }
```

```
130
131     public static Element serializeSingle(Object object, Document
132         document) throws SerializeException {
133         if (document == null) return null;
134
135         if (object == null) return makeElement("null", object, document);
136
137         // - Standard Objects -
138         if (object instanceof String) {
139             return makeElement("std-String", object, document);
140         } else if (object instanceof Integer) {
141             return makeElement("std-Integer", object, document);
142         } else if (object instanceof Long) {
143             return makeElement("std-Long", object, document);
144         } else if (object instanceof Float) {
145             return makeElement("std-Float", object, document);
146         } else if (object instanceof Double) {
147             return makeElement("std-Double", object, document);
148         } else if (object instanceof Boolean) {
149             return makeElement("std-Boolean", object, document);
150         } else if (object instanceof Locale) {
151             return makeElement("std-Locale", object, document);
152         } else if (object instanceof BigDecimal) {
153             String stringValue = ((BigDecimal) object).setScale(10,
154                 BigDecimal.ROUND_HALF_UP).toString();
155             return makeElement("std-BigDecimal", stringValue, document);
156         }
157         // - SQL Objects -
158         } else if (object instanceof java.sql.Timestamp) {
159             String stringValue = object.toString().replace(' ', 'T');
160             return makeElement("sql-Timestamp", stringValue, document);
161         } else if (object instanceof java.sql.Date) {
162             return makeElement("sql-Date", object, document);
163         } else if (object instanceof java.sql.Time) {
164             return makeElement("sql-Time", object, document);
165         } else if (object instanceof java.util.Date) {
166             // NOTE: make sure this is AFTER the java.sql date/time
167             // objects since they inherit from java.util.Date
168             DateFormat formatter = getDateFormat();
169             String stringValue = null;
170
171             synchronized (formatter) {
172                 stringValue = formatter.format((java.util.Date) object);
173             }
174             return makeElement("std-Date", stringValue, document);
175             // return makeElement("std-Date", object, document);
176         } else if (object instanceof Collection<?>) {
177             // - Collections -
178             String elementName = null;
```

```
176         // these ARE order sensitive; for instance Stack extends
           Vector, so if Vector were first we would lose the stack
           part
177         if (object instanceof ArrayList<?>) {
178             elementName = "col-ArrayList";
179         } else if (object instanceof LinkedList<?>) {
180             elementName = "col-LinkedList";
181         } else if (object instanceof Stack<?>) {
182             elementName = "col-Stack";
183         } else if (object instanceof Vector<?>) {
184             elementName = "col-Vector";
185         } else if (object instanceof TreeSet<?>) {
186             elementName = "col-TreeSet";
187         } else if (object instanceof HashSet<?>) {
188             elementName = "col-HashSet";
189         } else {
190             // no specific type found, do general Collection, will
               deserialize as LinkedList
191             elementName = "col-Collection";
192         }
193
194         // if (elementName == null) return serializeCustom(object,
           document);
195
196         Collection<?> value = UtilGenerics.cast(object);
197         Element element = document.createElement(elementName);
198         Iterator<?> iter = value.iterator();
199
200         while (iter.hasNext()) {
201             element.appendChild(serializeSingle(iter.next(), document)
               );
202         }
203         return element;
204     } else if (object instanceof GenericPK) {
205         // Do GenericEntity objects as a special case, use std XML
           import/export routines
206         GenericPK value = (GenericPK) object;
207
208         return value.makeXmlElement(document, "eepk-");
209     } else if (object instanceof GenericValue) {
210         GenericValue value = (GenericValue) object;
211
212         return value.makeXmlElement(document, "eeval-");
213     } else if (object instanceof Map<?, ?>) {
214         // - Maps -
215         String elementName = null;
216
217         // these ARE order sensitive; for instance Properties extends
           Hashtable, so if Hashtable were first we would lose the
```

```

    Properties part
218     if (object instanceof HashMap<?, ?>) {
219         elementName = "map-HashMap";
220     } else if (object instanceof Properties) {
221         elementName = "map-Properties";
222     } else if (object instanceof Hashtable<?, ?>) {
223         elementName = "map-Hashtable";
224     } else if (object instanceof WeakHashMap<?, ?>) {
225         elementName = "map-WeakHashMap";
226     } else if (object instanceof TreeMap<?, ?>) {
227         elementName = "map-TreeMap";
228     } else {
229         // serialize as a simple Map implementation if nothing
                else applies, these will deserialize as a HashMap
230         elementName = "map-Map";
231     }
232
233     Element element = document.createElement(elementName);
234     Map<?,?> value = UtilGenerics.cast(object);
235     Iterator<Map.Entry<?, ?>> iter = UtilGenerics.cast(value.
        entrySet().iterator());
236
237     while (iter.hasNext()) {
238         Map.Entry<?,?> entry = iter.next();
239
240         Element entryElement = document.createElement("map-Entry")
            ;
241
242         element.appendChild(entryElement);
243
244         Element key = document.createElement("map-Key");
245
246         entryElement.appendChild(key);
247         key.appendChild(serializeSingle(entry.getKey(), document))
            ;
248         Element mapValue = document.createElement("map-Value");
249
250         entryElement.appendChild(mapValue);
251         mapValue.appendChild(serializeSingle(entry.getValue(),
            document));
252     }
253     return element;
254 }
255
256 return serializeCustom(object, document);
257 }
258
259 public static Element serializeCustom(Object object, Document
    document) throws SerializeException {
```

```
260     if (object instanceof Serializable) {
261         byte[] objBytes = UtilObject.getBytes(object);
262         if (objBytes == null) {
263             throw new SerializeException("Unable to serialize object;
                null byte array returned");
264         } else {
265             String byteHex = StringUtil.toHexString(objBytes);
266             Element element = document.createElement("cus-obj");
267             // this is hex encoded so does not need to be in a CDATA
                block
268             element.appendChild(document.createTextNode(byteHex));
269             return element;
270         }
271     } else {
272         throw new SerializeException("Cannot serialize object of
                class " + object.getClass().getName());
273     }
274 }
275
276 public static Element makeElement(String elementName, Object value,
    Document document) {
277     if (value == null) {
278         Element element = document.createElement("null");
279         element.setAttribute("xsi:nil", "true");
280         // I tried to put the schema in the envelope header (in
                createAndSendSOAPResponse)
281         // resEnv.declareNamespace("http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-
                instance", null);
282         // But it gets prefixed and that does not work. So adding in
                each instance
283         element.setAttribute("xmlns:xsi", "http://www.w3.org/2001/
                XMLSchema-instance");
284         return element;
285     }
286     Element element = document.createElement(elementName);
287
288     element.setAttribute("value", value.toString());
289     return element;
290 }
291
292 public static Object deserializeSingle(Element element, Delegator
    delegator) throws SerializeException {
293     String tagName = element.getLocalName();
294
295     if (tagName.equals("null")) return null;
296
297     if (tagName.startsWith("std-")) {
298         // - Standard Objects -
299         if ("std-String".equals(tagName)) {
```

```
300         return element.getAttribute("value");
301     } else if ("std-Integer".equals(tagName)) {
302         String valStr = element.getAttribute("value");
303         return Integer.valueOf(valStr);
304     } else if ("std-Long".equals(tagName)) {
305         String valStr = element.getAttribute("value");
306         return Long.valueOf(valStr);
307     } else if ("std-Float".equals(tagName)) {
308         String valStr = element.getAttribute("value");
309         return Float.valueOf(valStr);
310     } else if ("std-Double".equals(tagName)) {
311         String valStr = element.getAttribute("value");
312         return Double.valueOf(valStr);
313     } else if ("std-BigDecimal".equals(tagName)) {
314         String valStr = element.getAttribute("value");
315         return new BigDecimal(valStr);
316     } else if ("std-Boolean".equals(tagName)) {
317         String valStr = element.getAttribute("value");
318         return Boolean.valueOf(valStr);
319     } else if ("std-Locale".equals(tagName)) {
320         String valStr = element.getAttribute("value");
321         return UtilMisc.parseLocale(valStr);
322     } else if ("std-Date".equals(tagName)) {
323         String valStr = element.getAttribute("value");
324         DateFormat formatter = getDateFormat();
325         java.util.Date value = null;
326
327         try {
328             synchronized (formatter) {
329                 value = formatter.parse(valStr);
330             }
331         } catch (ParseException e) {
332             throw new SerializeException("Could not parse date
333                                     String: " + valStr, e);
334         }
335         return value;
336     } else if (tagName.startsWith("sql-")) {
337         // - SQL Objects -
338         if ("sql-Timestamp".equals(tagName)) {
339             String valStr = element.getAttribute("value");
340             /*
341              * sql-Timestamp is defined as xsd:dateTime in
342              * ModelService.getTypes(),
343              * so try to parse the value as xsd:dateTime first.
344              * Fallback is java.sql.Timestamp because it has been this
345              * way all the time.
346              */
347             try {
```

```
346         Calendar cal = DatatypeConverter.parseDate(valStr);
347         return new java.sql.Timestamp(cal.getTimeInMillis());
348     }
349     catch (Exception e) {
350         Debug.LogWarning("sql-Timestamp does not conform to
            XML Schema definition, try java.sql.Timestamp
            format", module);
351         return java.sql.Timestamp.valueOf(valStr);
352     }
353     } else if ("sql-Date".equals(tagName)) {
354         String valStr = element.getAttribute("value");
355         return java.sql.Date.valueOf(valStr);
356     } else if ("sql-Time".equals(tagName)) {
357         String valStr = element.getAttribute("value");
358         return java.sql.Time.valueOf(valStr);
359     }
360 } else if (tagName.startsWith("col-")) {
361     // - Collections -
362     Collection<Object> value = null;
363
364     if ("col-ArrayList".equals(tagName)) {
365         value = new ArrayList<Object>();
366     } else if ("col-LinkedList".equals(tagName)) {
367         value = new LinkedList<Object>();
368     } else if ("col-Stack".equals(tagName)) {
369         value = new Stack<Object>();
370     } else if ("col-Vector".equals(tagName)) {
371         value = new Vector<Object>();
372     } else if ("col-TreeSet".equals(tagName)) {
373         value = new TreeSet<Object>();
374     } else if ("col-HashSet".equals(tagName)) {
375         value = new HashSet<Object>();
376     } else if ("col-Collection".equals(tagName)) {
377         value = new LinkedList<Object>();
378     }
379
380     if (value == null) {
381         return deserializeCustom(element);
382     } else {
383         Node curChild = element.getFirstChild();
384
385         while (curChild != null) {
386             if (curChild.getNodeType() == Node.ELEMENT_NODE) {
387                 value.add(deserializeSingle((Element) curChild,
                    delegator));
388             }
389             curChild = curChild.getNextSibling();
390         }
391         return value;
```



```
392     }
393   } else if (tagName.startsWith("map-")) {
394     // - Maps -
395     Map<Object, Object> value = null;
396
397     if ("map-HashMap".equals(tagName)) {
398       value = new HashMap<Object, Object>();
399     } else if ("map-Properties".equals(tagName)) {
400       value = new Properties();
401     } else if ("map-Hashtable".equals(tagName)) {
402       value = new Hashtable<Object, Object>();
403     } else if ("map-WeakHashMap".equals(tagName)) {
404       value = new WeakHashMap<Object, Object>();
405     } else if ("map-TreeMap".equals(tagName)) {
406       value = new TreeMap<Object, Object>();
407     } else if ("map-Map".equals(tagName)) {
408       value = new HashMap<Object, Object>();
409     }
410
411     if (value == null) {
412       return deserializeCustom(element);
413     } else {
414       Node curChild = element.getFirstChild();
415
416       while (curChild != null) {
417         if (curChild.getNodeType() == Node.ELEMENT_NODE) {
418           Element curElement = (Element) curChild;
419
420           if ("map-Entry".equals(curElement.getLocalName()))
421             {
422               Element mapKeyElement = UtilXml.
423                 firstChildElement(curElement, "map-Key");
424               Element keyElement = null;
425               Node tempNode = mapKeyElement.getFirstChild();
426
427               while (tempNode != null) {
428                 if (tempNode.getNodeType() == Node.
429                     ELEMENT_NODE) {
430                   keyElement = (Element) tempNode;
431                   break;
432                 }
433                 tempNode = tempNode.getNextSibling();
434               }
435               if (keyElement == null) throw new
436                 SerializeException("Could not find an
437                 element under the map-Key");
438             }
439         }
440       }
441     }
442   }
443 }
```

```
435         Element mapValueElement = UtilXml.  
            firstChildElement(curElement, "map-Value");  
436         Element valueElement = null;  
437  
438         tempNode = mapValueElement.getFirstChild();  
439         while (tempNode != null) {  
440             if (tempNode.getNodeType() == Node.  
                ELEMENT_NODE) {  
441                 valueElement = (Element) tempNode;  
442                 break;  
443             }  
444             tempNode = tempNode.getNextSibling();  
445         }  
446         if (valueElement == null) throw new  
            SerializeException("Could not find an  
            element under the map-Value");  
  
447         value.put(deserializeSingle(keyElement,  
            delegator), deserializeSingle(valueElement,  
            delegator));  
449     }  
450 }  
451     curChild = curChild.getNextSibling();  
452 }  
453     return value;  
454 }  
455 } else if (tagName.startsWith("eepk-")) {  
456     return delegator.makePK(element);  
457 } else if (tagName.startsWith("eeval-")) {  
458     return delegator.makeValue(element);  
459 }  
460  
461     return deserializeCustom(element);  
462 }  
463  
464 public static Object deserializeCustom(Element element) throws  
    SerializeException {  
465     String tagName = element.getLocalName();  
466     if ("cus-obj".equals(tagName)) {  
467         String value = UtilXml.elementValue(element);  
468         if (value != null) {  
469             byte[] valueBytes = StringUtil.fromHexString(value);  
470             if (valueBytes != null) {  
471                 Object obj = UtilObject.getObject(valueBytes);  
472                 if (obj != null) {  
473                     return obj;  
474                 }  
475             }  
476         }  
    }
```

```
477         throw new SerializeException("Problem deserializing object
478         from byte array + " + element.getLocalName());
479     } else {
480         throw new SerializeException("Cannot deserialize element
481         named " + element.getLocalName());
482     }
483 }
484 /**
485  * Returns the DateFormat used to serialize and deserialize <code>
486  * java.util.Date</code> objects.
487  * This format is NOT used to format any of the java.sql subtypes of
488  * java.util.Date.
489  * A <code>WeakReference</code> is used to maintain a reference to
490  * the DateFormat object
491  * so that it can be created and garbage collected as needed.
492  *
493  * @return the DateFormat used to serialize and deserialize <code>
494  * java.util.Date</code> objects.
495  */
496 private static DateFormat getDateFormat() {
497     DateFormat formatter = null;
498
499     if (simpleDateFormatter != null) {
500         formatter = simpleDateFormatter.get();
501     }
502     if (formatter == null) {
503         formatter = new SimpleDateFormat("yyyy-MM-dd HH:mm:ss.S");
504         simpleDateFormatter = new WeakReference<DateFormat>(formatter)
505             ;
506     }
507     return formatter;
508 }
```