```
In [29]: # Import required libraries for this project.
         import string
         import nltk
         from nltk.corpus import stopwords
         nltk.download('stopwords')
         from nltk.stem import PorterStemmer, WordNetLemmatizer
         nltk.download('wordnet')
         from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import CountVectorizer
         from skmultilearn.problem transform import ClassifierChain
         from skmultilearn.problem transform import LabelPowerset
         from skmultilearn.problem transform import BinaryRelevance
         from sklearn.naive bayes import MultinomialNB
         from sklearn.naive bayes import GaussianNB
         from sklearn.svm import SVC
         from skmultilearn.adapt import MLkNN
         from keras.models import Sequential
         from keras.layers import Dense, Activation, Dropout
         from keras.callbacks import ModelCheckpoint
         from sklearn.metrics import hamming loss
         from sklearn.metrics import accuracy score
         from sklearn.metrics import log loss
         import pandas as pd
         import numpy as np
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
         %matplotlib inline
         [nltk data] Downloading package stopwords to
         [nltk data]
                         C:\Users\shais\AppData\Roaming\nltk data...
         [nltk data] Package stopwords is already up-to-date!
         [nltk_data] Downloading package wordnet to
         [nltk data]
                        C:\Users\shais\AppData\Roaming\nltk data...
                       Package wordnet is already up-to-date!
         [nltk data]
In [41]: # Load data into pandas dataframes.
         TRAIN DATA PATH = '../data/train.csv'
         TEST_DATA_PATH = '../data/test.csv'
         TEST LABELS PATH = '../data/test labels.csv'
         df train = pd.read csv(TRAIN DATA PATH)
         df test = pd.read csv(TEST DATA PATH)
         df test labels = pd.read csv(TEST LABELS PATH)
```

In [42]: # Printing first 5 rows of training data.
df_train.head()

Out[42]:

	id	comment_text	toxic	severe_toxic	obscene	threat	insult	identity_hate
0	0000997932d777bf	Explanation\nWhy the edits made under my usern	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	000103f0d9cfb60f	D'aww! He matches this background colour I'm s	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	000113f07ec002fd	Hey man, I'm really not trying to edit war. It	0	0	0	0	0	0
3	0001b41b1c6bb37e	"\nMore\nI can't make any real suggestions on	0	0	0	0	0	0
4	0001d958c54c6e35	You, sir, are my hero. Any chance you remember	0	0	0	0	0	0

In [43]: # Getting all the ids having label value as -1 and removing them from the test data.

ids_to_remove = (df_test_labels[df_test_labels.toxic == -1]).id
df_test = df_test[~df_test['id'].isin(ids_to_remove)]
df_test_labels = df_test_labels[~df_test_labels['id'].isin(ids_to_remove)]

In [44]: df_test.head()

Out[44]:

comment_text	id	
Thank you for understanding. I think very high	0001ea8717f6de06	5
:Dear god this site is horrible.	000247e83dcc1211	7
"::: Somebody will invariably try to add Relig	0002f87b16116a7f	11
" \n\n It says it right there that it IS a typ	0003e1cccfd5a40a	13
" \n == Before adding a new product to the I	00059ace3e3e9a53	14

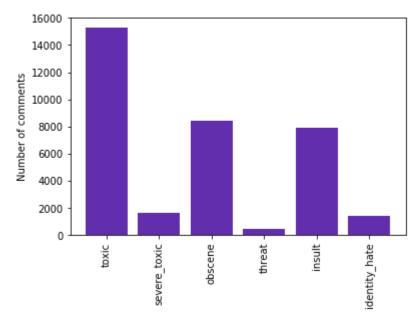
In [45]: df_test_labels.head()

Out[45]:

	id	toxic	severe_toxic	obscene	threat	insult	identity_hate	
5	0001ea8717f6de06	0	0	0	0	0	0	
7	000247e83dcc1211	0	0	0	0	0	0	
11	0002f87b16116a7f	0	0	0	0	0	0	
13	0003e1cccfd5a40a	0	0	0	0	0	0	
14	00059ace3e3e9a53	0	0	0	0	0	0	

In [46]: # Plotting a frequency distribution graph. total = len(df train) toxic count = (df train.toxic.values == 1).sum() severe_toxic_count = (df_train.severe_toxic.values == 1).sum() obscene_count = (df_train.obscene.values == 1).sum() threat_count = (df_train.threat.values == 1).sum() insult count = (df train.insult.values == 1).sum() identity_hate_count = (df_train.identity_hate.values == 1).sum() comment_classes = ('toxic', 'severe_toxic', 'obscene', 'threat', 'insult', 'id entity_hate') y_pos = np.arange(len(comment_classes)) plt.title(f'Frequency distribution - Total comments : {total}\n') plt.ylabel('Number of comments') freq = [toxic_count,severe_toxic_count,obscene_count,threat_count,insult_count ,identity_hate_count] plt.bar(y pos, freq, align='center', color='#632EAE') plt.xticks(y_pos, comment_classes, rotation=90) plt.grid(False) plt.show()

Frequency distribution - Total comments : 159571



Number of comments which belongs to one of the toxic class : 16225 Number of comments which belongs to more than one toxic classes : 9865

```
In [48]: # Plotting a graph of comment Length distribution.
    comments = df_train.loc[:, 'comment_text']

len_arr = [len(comments[i]) for i in range(comments.shape[0])]

avg_len = sum(len_arr) / len(len_arr)
    print(f'Average length of a comment : {avg_len}')

bins = [1,250,500,750,1000,1250,1500,1750,2000]
    plt.hist(len_arr, bins=bins, rwidth=0.85, color='#632EAE')

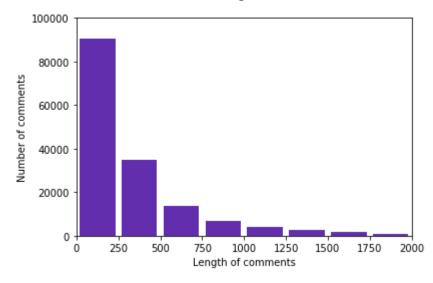
plt.title(f'Comment length distribution\n')
    plt.xlabel('Length of comments')
    plt.ylabel('Number of comments')

plt.axis([0, 2000, 0, 100000])

plt.grid(False)
    plt.show()
```

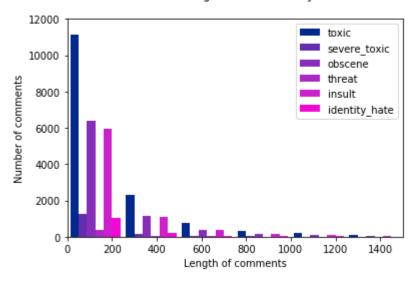
Average length of a comment: 394.0732213246768

Comment length distribution



```
In [49]: # Plotting a graph of comment length distribution by class.
         temp = df_train.loc[:, ['toxic', 'severe_toxic', 'obscene', 'threat', 'insult'
         , 'identity_hate']]
         temp = temp.to numpy()
         y = np.zeros(temp.shape)
         for i in range(comments.shape[0]):
             cmt len = len(comments[i])
             # If toxic
             if temp[i][0]:
                 y[i][0] = cmt_len
             # If severe toxic
             if temp[i][1]:
                 y[i][1] = cmt_len
             # If obscene
             if temp[i][2]:
                 y[i][2] = cmt len
             # If threat
             if temp[i][3]:
                 y[i][3] = cmt_len
             # If insult
             if temp[i][4]:
                 y[i][4] = cmt_len
             # If identity hate
             if temp[i][5]:
                 y[i][5] = cmt_len
         bins = [1,250,500,750,1000,1250,1500]
         colors = ['#00298F','#632EAE','#872DBB','#AB29C6','#CF1ECE','#F305D3']
         plt.hist(y, bins=bins, rwidth=0.9, label=comment classes, color=colors)
         plt.title(f'Comment length distribution by class\n')
         plt.xlabel('Length of comments')
         plt.ylabel('Number of comments')
         plt.legend()
         plt.axis([0, 1500, 0, 12000])
         plt.grid(False)
         plt.show()
```

Comment length distribution by class



```
In [50]: # Remove rows having Length more than 500.
df_train = df_train[df_train['comment_text'].map(len) <= 500]</pre>
```

```
In [52]: # Prepare for stop words removal.
    stop_words = stopwords.words('english')
    stop_words.append('')

for letter in range(ord('b'), ord('z') + 1):
        stop_words.append(chr(letter))
```

```
In [53]: # Prepare for Stemming and Lemmatising
stemmer = PorterStemmer()
lemmatiser = WordNetLemmatizer()
```

```
In [60]: # Apply above prepared preprocessors.
    comments = df_train.loc[:, 'comment_text'].values

for i in range(len(comments)):
        comments[i] = comments[i].lower().translate(trans_table)
        comment = []
        for word in comments[i].split():
            comment.append(stemmer.stem(lemmatiser.lemmatize(word, pos="v")))
        comments[i] = " ".join(comment)
```

```
In [ ]: # Applying count vectorizer using the stop words created.
    cv = CountVectorizer(lowercase=False, stop_words=stop_words)

# Convert comments into bag of words format
    tf = cv.fit_transform(comments).toarray()
```

```
In [ ]: | # Labels
        labels = []
        temp_labels = df_train.loc[:, ['toxic', 'severe_toxic', 'obscene', 'threat',
         'insult', 'identity_hate']]
        temp_labels = temp_labels.to_numpy()
        for i in range(comments.shape[0]):
            labels.append(temp labels[i])
        labels = np.asarray(labels)
In [ ]: # Splitting the dataset into training and testing.
        def shuffle(mat, target, propotion):
            ratio = int(mat.shape[0] / propotion)
            X train = mat[ratio:, :]
            X test = mat[:ratio, :]
            Y_train = target[ratio:, :]
            Y_test = target[:ratio, :]
            return X_train, X_test, Y_train, Y_test
        X train, X test, Y train, Y test = shuffle(tf, labels, 3)
        print(X train.shape)
        print(X_test.shape)
In [ ]: | # Evaluation.
        def evaluate(Y_test, predict):
            h_loss = hamming_loss(Y_test, predict)
            acc = accuracy_score(Y_test, predict)
            try:
                 1_loss = log_loss(Y_test, predict)
            except:
                 1_loss = log_loss(Y_test, predict.toarray())
            print("Hamming Loss = {}".format(h loss*100))
            print("Log Loss = {}".format(1 loss))
            print("Accuracy = {}".format(acc*100))
In [ ]: | # Binary Relevance with Multinomial Naive Bayes.
        classifier = BinaryRelevance(classifier = MultinomialNB(), require_dense = [Fa
        lse, True])
        classifier.fit(X_train, Y_train)
In [ ]: | # Prediction list.
        predictions = classifier.predict(X test)
```

```
In [27]: # Results for Binary Relevance with Multinomial Naive Bayes.
         evaluate(Y test, predictions)
         Hamming Loss = 3.27
         Log Loss = 1.92
         Accuracy = 88.291235214
In [ ]: # Binary Relevance with support vector machine classifier.
         classifier = BinaryRelevance(classifier = SVC(), require dense = [False, True
         classifier.fit(X_train, Y_train)
In [ ]: | # Prediction list.
         predictions = classifier.predict(X_test)
In [26]: | # Results for Binary Relevance with support vector machine classifier.
         evaluate(Y_test, predictions)
         Hamming Loss = 4.26
         Log Loss = 0.46
         Accuracy = 88.276325974
In [ ]: | # Binary Relevance with Gaussean Naive Bayes.
         classifiers = []
         for i in range(6):
             classifiers.append(GaussianNB())
             classifiers[i].fit(X_train, Y_train[:, i])
In [ ]: # Prediction List.
         predictions = []
         for i in range(6):
             predictions.append(classifiers[i].predict(X test))
         predictions = np.asarray(np.transpose(predictions))
In [24]: # Results for Binary Relevance with Gaussean Naive Bayes.
         evaluate(Y test, predictions)
         Hamming Loss = 20.74
         Log Loss = 1.422
         Accuracy = 52.19
In [ ]: # Classifier chain with Multinomial Naive Bayes.
         classifier = ClassifierChain(MultinomialNB())
         classifier.fit(X train, Y train)
In [ ]: # Prediction list.
         predictions = classifier.predict(X_test)
```

```
In [23]: # Results for Classifier chain with Multinomial Naive Bayes.
         evaluate(Y test, predictions)
         Hamming Loss = 3.56
         Log Loss = 1.5
         Accuracy = 88.25951231
In [ ]: # Label Powerset with Multinomial Naive Bayes.
         classifier = LabelPowerset(MultinomialNB())
         classifier.fit(X train, Y train)
In [ ]: # Prediction list.
         predictions = classifier.predict(X test)
In [21]: # Results for Label Powerset with Multinomial Naive Bayes.
         evaluate(Y_test, predictions)
         Hamming Loss = 3.17
         Log Loss = 1.47
         Accuracy = 88.802365412
In [ ]: | # ML-KNN
         classifier = MLkNN(k=2)
         classifier.fit(X_train, Y_train)
In [ ]: # Prediction list.
         predictions = classifier.predict(X_test)
In [ ]: # Results for Label Powerset with Multinomial Naive Bayes.
         evaluate(Y_test, predictions)
In [ ]: # BP-MLL Neural Networks
         # Define model architecture
         model = Sequential()
         model.add(Dense(4, activation='relu', input_dim = X_train.shape[1]))
         model.add(Dropout(0.3))
         model.add(Dense(6, activation='softmax'))
         model.summary()
In [ ]: # Compile model
         model.compile(optimizer='rmsprop', loss='categorical_crossentropy', metrics=[
         'accuracy'])
In [ ]: # Train model using ModelCheckpoint.
         checkpoint = ModelCheckpoint(filepath='saved models/weights.best.myneural.h5p
         y',
                                         verbose=1, save best only=True)
         model.fit(X train, Y train, epochs=10, batch size=32)
```

```
In []: # Prediction list.
    predictions = model.predict(X_test)

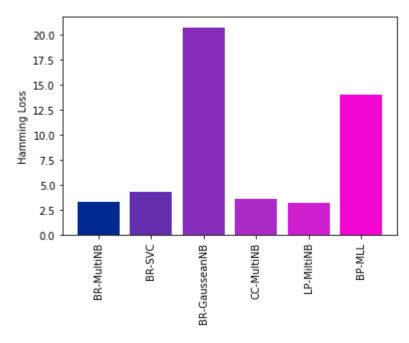
In [19]: # Results
    l_loss = log_loss(Y_test, predictions)
    predictions = np.round(predictions)
    h_loss = hamming_loss(Y_test, predictions)

acc = accuracy_score(Y_test, predictions)

print("Hamming Loss = {}".format(h_loss*100))
    print("Log Loss = {}".format(l_loss))
    print("Accuracy = {}".format(acc*100))

Hamming Loss = 13.96
    Log Loss = 0.36
    Accuracy = 29.52
```

Hamming Loss Comparison



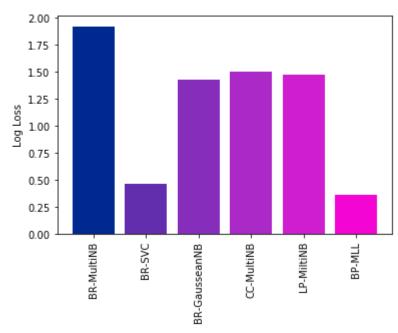
```
In [13]: # Log Loss Comparison.
    models = ['BR-MultiNB', 'BR-SVC', 'BR-GausseanNB', 'CC-MultiNB', 'LP-MiltiNB',
    'BP-MLL']
    h_loss_arr = [1.92, 0.46, 1.422, 1.5, 1.47, 0.36]
    col = ['#00298F','#632EAE','#872DBB','#AB29C6','#CF1ECE','#F305D3']
    plt.title(f'Log Loss Comparison\n')
    plt.ylabel('Log Loss')
    # plt.xlabel('Models')

plt.xticks(rotation=90)

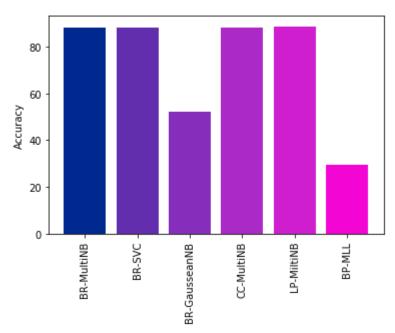
for i in range(len(h_loss_arr)):
    plt.bar(models[i], h_loss_arr[i], color=col[i])

plt.show()
```

Log Loss Comparison



Accuracy Comparison



In []: