

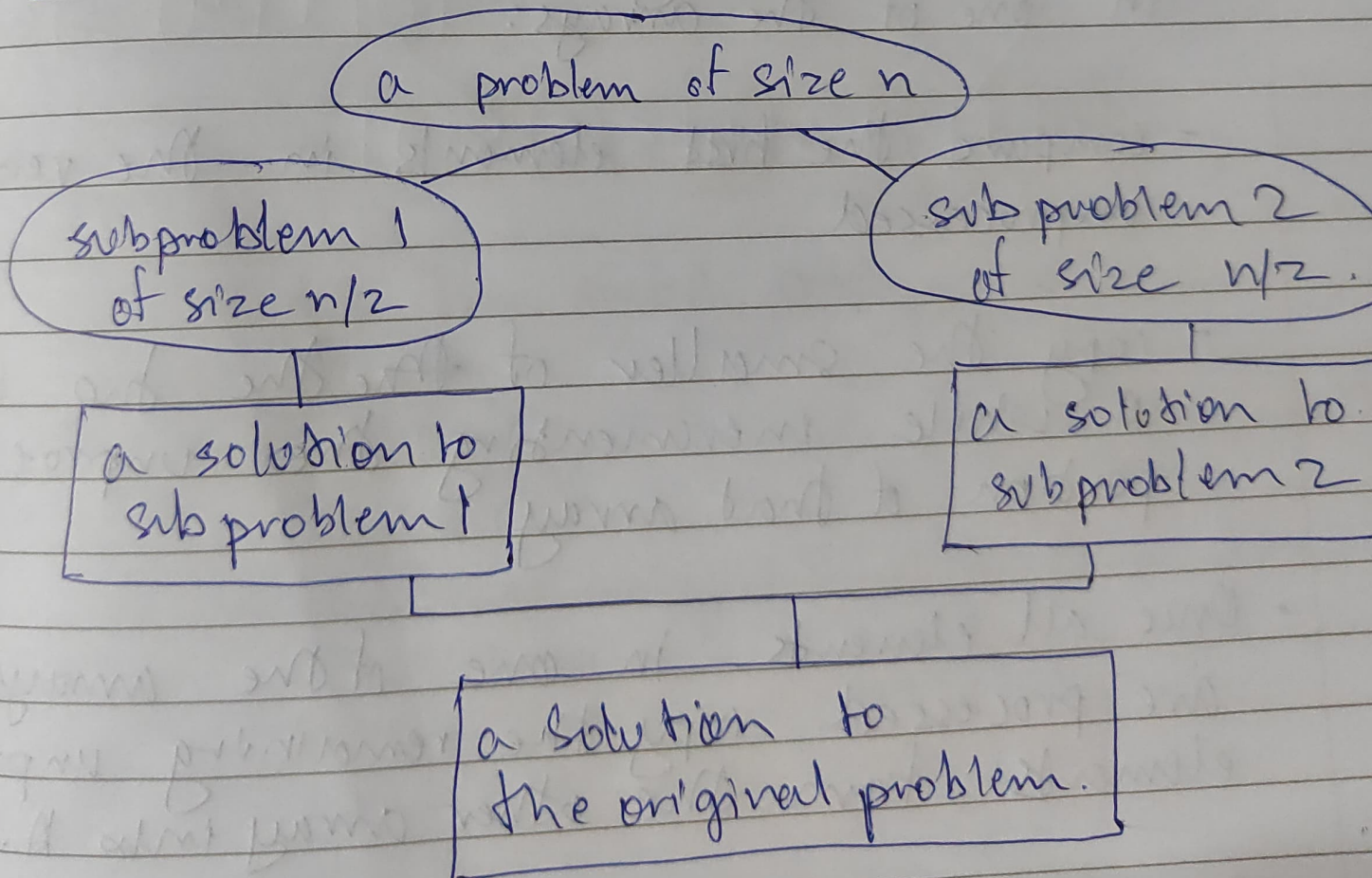
# DIVIDE AND CONQUER

PAGE NO.:

The most well known algorithm design strategy

1. Divide instance of problem into two or more smaller instances.
2. Solve smaller instances. recursively
3. Obtain solution to original (larger) instance by combining these solutions.

## DIVIDE AND CONQUER TECHNIQUE





## MERGESORT

- Split array  $A[0..n-1]$  in two about equal halves and make copies of each half in arrays  $B$  and  $C$
- Sort arrays  $B$  and  $C$  recursively.
- Merge sorted arrays  $B$  and  $C$  into array  $A$  as follows
  - Repeat the following until no element remains in one of the arrays:
    - compare the first elements in the remaining unprocessed
    - copy the smaller of the two into  $A$  while incrementing the unprocessed portion of that array
  - Once all elements in one of the arrays are processed copy the remaining unprocessed elements from the other array into  $A$ .

PSEUDOCODE OF MERGESORT :-

ALGORITHM :-  $\text{Mergesort}(A[0..n-1])$

// Sort array  $A[0..n-1]$  by recursive mergesort



// Input: An array  $A[0..n-1]$  of orderable elements  
// Output: Array  $A[0..n-1]$  sorted in nondecreasing order.

If  $n > 1$

copy  $A[0..[n/2]-1]$  to  $B[0..[n/2]-1]$

copy  $A[[n/2]..n-1]$  to  $C[0..[n/2]-1]$

Merge sort  $(B[0..[n/2]-1])$

Merge sort  $(C[0..[n/2]-1])$

Merge  $(B, C, A)$

→ Pseudocode of Merge

Algorithm :- Merge  $(B[0..p-1], C[0..q-1], A[0..p+q-1])$

// Merges two sorted arrays into one sorted array.

// Input: Arrays  $B[0..p-1]$  and  $C[0..q-1]$  both sorted.

// Output: Sorted array  $A[0..p+q-1]$  of the elements of  $B$  and  $C$

$i \leftarrow 0; j \leftarrow 0; k \leftarrow 0$

While  $i < p$  and  $j < q$  do.

if  $B[i] \leq C[j]$

$A[k] \leftarrow B[i]; i \leftarrow i+1$

else  $A[k] \leftarrow C[j]; j \leftarrow j+1$

$k \leftarrow k+1$

if  $i = p$ , copy  $C[j..q-1]$  to  $A[k..p+q-1]$

else copy  $B[i..p-1]$  to  $A[k..p+q-1]$ .

8 | 3 | 2 | 9 | 5 | 0 | 1 | 5 | 4

8 | 3 | 2 | 9

5 | 0 | 1 | 5 | 4

8 | 3

2 | 9

5 | 0

1 | 5 | 4

8 | 3

2 | 9

5 | 0

1 | 5 | 4

3 | 8

2 | 9

0 | 5

1

5 | 4

2 | 3 | 8 | 9

0 | 1 | 4 | 5 | 3

0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 3 | 8 | 9