

IN1010 Data Modeling Exercise 2 – Classic Car Club

In this exercise you have to decide what the entities (tables) are, which attributes should belong in which tables, and what the relationships should be.

A classic car club where **members** pay a fee to belong and can book out various classic cars for up to 5 days is developing a database to replace its existing paper-based records system. The customer's membership fee is translated into club points. The database needs to record members by their **unique membership number**, **name**, **address**, **date of birth** and **club points**. The system needs to record **bookings** of **cars** with a **unique booking id**, a **start date** and a **number of days**. The cars available to members need to be put in the database. Each car has a **registration number**, **make**, **model**, **mileage** and **band**. When a booking is complete the system should store the **invoice information** which should show the end date of the booking and the **cost of the car in club points**.

Develop data model in Visual Paradigm to represent the above scenario.

Hint: The relationship between two of the tables is one we haven't used before, but it is on the Visual Paradigm relationship menu.

Entities:

Member

- unique_member_no (P)
- name
- address
- dob
- club_points

Booking

- unique_booking_no (P)
- reg_no (F)
- unique_member_no(F)
- start_date
- no_days

Car

- reg_no (P)
- make
- model
- mileage
- band
- cost_club_points

Booking History

- booking_ID
- end_date
- reg_no (F)
- unique_member_no (F)

Relationships:

Member 0..1 - 0..* Booking

Car 1..1 - 0..1 Booking

Member 1..1 - 0..* Booking History

Car 1..1 - 0..* Booking History

