CS-532 Web Science: Assignment #1

Due on Thursday, January 28, 2016

Dr. Michael L. Nelson

Plinio Vargas

pvargas@cs.odu.edu

Contents

Proble	em 1	1
Proble	em 2	4
Proble	em 3	8
List	of Figures	
1	Test of $a1_v1.1.py$ at http://www.cs.odu.edu/~mln/teaching/cs532-s16/test/pdfs.html with updated code	7
2	Test of a1.py at http://www.cs.odu.edu/~mln/teaching/cs532-s16/test/pdfs.html with original code	8
3	Test of a1.py at http://www.cs.odu.edu/	8
4	Test of a1.py at http://www.vbschools.com/curriculum/gifted/	9
5	Bow-Tie Graph Representation	9

Problem 1

Demonstrate that you know how to use "curl" well enough to correctly POST data to a form. Show that the HTML response that is returned is "correct". That is, the server should take the arguments you POSTed and build a response accordingly. Save the HTML response to a file and then view that file in a browser and take a screen shot.

SOLUTION

http://curl.haxx.se[1] was an excellent resource to unveil the power of curl command. The are many options available with curl, including passing of cookies, which are intensely used by current servers for Cross-Site Request Forgery (CSRF). Then, in order to simplify our demonstration I created a simple html page in my local server that takes two fields: number1 and number2. I named this resource a1.html:

a1.html

```
1
    <html>
2
    <head>
    <meta http-equiv="Content-Type" content="text/html; charset=utf-8" />
3
4
    <title>CS-532 A1</title>
5
    </head>
6
7
    <body>
8
    <form method="post" action="a1.php">
9
    <label>Multiply</label><br />
10
     <label>Number 1:</label>
     <input name="number1" type="text" value="2" />
11
12
     <label> by </label>
13
     <label>Number 2:</label>
14
     <input name="number2" type="text" value= "3" /> <br />
     <input name="submit" type="submit" value="submit">
15
     </form>
16
17
     </body>
     </html>
18
```

Screen Shot of html page



Below, is the action script $\langle a1.php \rangle$ run by the server when the form is submitted:

```
a1.php
1
     <html>
2
     <head>
3
     <title>CS-532 A1 Result</title>
4
     </head>
5
6
     <body>
7
     <?php
8
         x = -POST['number1'];
9
        y = \text{POST['number2']};
10
11
          echo 'The multiplication of '.\$x.' by '.\$y.' is '.\$x * \$y;
      ?>
12
      </body>
13
      </html>
14
```

If we type from the command line: **curl -d number1=14 -d number2=11 http:**//192.168.1.2/a1.php **-o a1_1_result.html**, the -d option will combine the field names *number1* and *number2* similar to GET method which is in the format [1]

```
< variable 1 > = < data 1 > & < variable 2 > = < data 2 > & ...
```

The -o option places the response into a given file-name: $< a1_1_result.html >$

Screen Shot of curl POST usage

```
■ ■ hamar@lg-server: ~
hamar@lg-server:~$ curl -d number1=14 -d number2=11 http://192.168.1.2/a1.php -o
 a1_1_result.html
            % Received % Xferd Average Speed
 % Total
                                              Time
                                                      Time
                                                              Time Current
                               Dload Upload
                                              Total
                                                      Spent
                                                              Left Speed
                                      4833 --:--:--
                                                            --:-- 30250
     142
            0 121 100
                           21 27848
hamar@lg-server:~$
```

Screen Shot of saved HTML response



The multiplication of 14 by 11 is 154

Problem 2

Write a Python program that:

- 1. takes as a command line argument a web page
- 2. extracts all the links from the page
- 3. lists all the links that result in PDF files, and prints out the bytes for each of the links. (note: be sure to follow all the redirects until the link terminates with a "200 OK".)
- 4. show that the program works on 3 different URIs, one of which needs to be: http://www.cs.odu.edu/mln/teaching/cs532-s16/test/pdfs.html

Python program below $(a1_v1.1.py)$ is attached to this file:

a1.py

```
1
     import locale
2
     import sys
3
     import requests
4
     import validators
5
     from urllib.parse import urlparse
6
     from bs4 import BeautifulSoup
7
     from time import strftime, localtime, time
8
9
10
      This Python program
11
        1. takes as a command line argument a web page
12
        2. extracts all the links from the page
13
        3. lists all the links that result in PDF files, and prints out
           the bytes for each of the links. (note: be sure to follow
14
15
           all the redirects until the link terminates with a "200 OK".)
16
17
      _author_ = 'Plinio H. Vargas'
      _{-date} = 'Thu, Jan 21, 2016 at 22:22:11'
18
19
      _email__ = 'pvargas@cs.odu.edu'
20
21
22
      def main(url):
23
          locale.setlocale(locale.LC_ALL, 'en_US.utf8')
24
          # record running time
25
          start = time()
26
          print('Starting Time: %s' % strftime("%a, %b %d, %Y at %H:%M:%S", localtime()))
27
          print('Extracting pdf links from: %s\n' % url)
28
29
          # get uri status
```

```
30
          if requests.get(url).status_code != 200:
              print('\n\nURI is not available from SERVER. Verify URI.\n')
31
32
              return
33
34
          # get source from URI
35
          page = requests.get(url).text
36
37
          # get parse hostname from URI
          url = 'http://' + urlparse(url).netloc
38
39
          # create BeautifulSoup Object
40
41
          soup = BeautifulSoup(page, 'html.parser')
42
43
          # place source link into list
44
          all\_links = []
45
          for link in soup.find_all('a'):
              uri = link.get('href')
46
47
              # include hostname if url is provided by reference
              if ((len(uri) > 6 \text{ and } uri[:7].lower() != 'http://') \text{ or } len(uri) < 7) \text{ and}
48
                 uri[:8].lower() != 'https://':
                if uri[:2] == '//':
49
                                      # if url has double backslash then url is not provided by reference
50
                    uri = 'http:' + uri
51
                 elif uri[0] != '/':
                                      \# include backslash if it was not include by reference
52
                    uri = url + '/' + uri
53
                 else:
54
                    uri = url + uri
55
              # for debugging
56
57
              # print(uri)
58
59
              try:
60
                 r = requests.head(uri)
61
                 if 'Content-Type' in r.headers and r.headers['Content-Type'] == 'application/pdf':
62
                    if r.status_code == 200:
63
                        # ensure server provides Content-Length
64
                        trv:
65
                           all_links.append((uri, r.headers['Content-Length']))
66
                        except KeyError:
67
                           # make Content-Length unknown
                           r.headers['Content-Length'] = '???'
68
                           all_links.append((uri, r.headers['Content-Length']))
69
                    elif 'location' in r.headers and (r.status_code == 301 or r.status_code == 302):
70
                        counter = 1
71
72
                        while counter < 7:
73
                           uri = r.headers['location']
74
                           r = reguests.head(r.headers['location'])
75
                            if 'location' in r.headers and (r.status_code == 301 or r.status_code ==
302):
76
                               counter +=1
```

```
77
                            elif r.status_code == 200:
78
                                # ensure server provides Content-Length
79
80
                                   all_links.append((uri, r.headers['Content-Length']))
                                eexcept KeyError:
81
82
                                   # make Content-Length unknown
83
                                   r.headers['Content-Length'] = '???'
                                   all_links.append((uri, r.headers['Content-Length']))
84
                            else:
85
86
                                break
87
88
              except requests.exceptions.SSLError:
                  print('Couldn\'t open: %s. URL requires authentication.' % uri)
89
90
              except requests.exceptions.ConnectionError:
91
                  print('Couldn\'t open: %s. Connection refused.' % uri)
92
93
           print('\n\nList of all PDFs Links:')
94
           print('-' * len('List of all PDFs Links'))
95
96
           pdf_{links} = set(all_{links})
97
           all\_links = list(pdf\_links)
98
           if len(all\_links) > 0:
              for i in range(len(pdf_links)):
99
                   if all_links[i][1] == '???':
100
                      # don't format Content-Lenght
101
                      print('%s, File Size: %s bytes' % (all_links[i][0], all_links[i][1]))
102
103
                   else:
104
                      print('%s, File Size: %s bytes' % (all_links[i][0],
105
                                                   locale.format("%d", int(all_links[i][1]), grouping=True)))
106
            else:
107
               print('No PDFs links for above URI.')
108
            print('\nEnd Time: %s' % strftime("%a, %b %d, %Y at %H:%M:%S", localtime()))
109
110
            print('Execution Time: %.2f seconds' % (time()-start))
111
            return
112
113
       \begin{array}{ll} \text{if } \_\text{name}\_ == \text{'}\_\text{main}\_\text{'}: \end{array}
114
            # checks for argument
115
            if len(sys.argv) != 2:
116
               print('Please, provide url\nUsage: python3 a1.py [url]')
117
               sys.exit(-1)
            if not validators.url(sys.argv[1]):
118
               print('URL is invalid, please correct url and try again')
119
120
               sys.exit(1)
121
122
            # call main
123
            main(sys.argv[1])
124
125
            sys.exit(0)
```

In the previous version of a1.py line **60** had the statement r = requests.get(uri). This was causing object r to behave as web-browser deal with re-direction. All URIs were getting STATUS 200 regardless if the URI was getting re-directed. Figure 2 shows all resources pointing to a PDF application, including the ones with STATUS CODE 301 or 302. After correcting line **60** with the statement r = requests.get(uri) the code was able to obtain all redirect, but after running code for required URI: url-http://www.cs.odu.edu/mln/teaching/cs532-s16/test/pdfs.htm, the number of resources appeared to change. See figure 1.

Below is the result of testing a1.py on 3 different URIs:

Figure 1: Test of $a1_v1.1.py$ at http://www.cs.odu.edu/~mln/teaching/cs532-s16/test/pdfs.html with updated code

```
hamar@lg-server:/DiskStation/CS-532 Webscience/a1$ python3 a1.py http://www.cs.odu.edu/~mln/teaching/cs532-s16/test/pdfs.html
Starting Time: Fri, Jan 22, 2016 at 15:15:58
Extracting pdf links from: http://www.cs.odu.edu/~mln/teaching/cs532-s16/test/pdfs.html

List of all PDFs Links:

http://www.cs.odu.edu/~mln/pubs/ht-2015/hypertext-2015-temporal-violations.pdf, File Size: 2,184,076 bytes http://www.cs.odu.edu/~mln/pubs/tpdl-2015/tpdl-2015-annotations.pdf, File Size: 622,981 bytes http://arxiv.org/pdf/1512.06195, File Size: 1,748,961 bytes http://www.cs.odu.edu/~mln/pubs/tpdl-2015/tpdl-2015-off-topic.pdf, File Size: 4,308,768 bytes http://www.cs.odu.edu/~mln/pubs/tpdl-2015/tpdl-2015-stories.pdf, File Size: 1,274,604 bytes http://www.cs.odu.edu/~mln/pubs/tpdl-2015/tpdl-2015-profiling.pdf, File Size: 639,001 bytes http://bww.cs.odu.edu/~mln/pubs/tpdl-2015/tpdl-2015-mink.pdf, File Size: 639,001 bytes http://bww.cs.odu.edu/~mln/pubs/jcdl-2015/jcdl-2015-mink.pdf, File Size: 709,420 bytes http://www.cs.odu.edu/~mln/pubs/jcdl-2015/jcdl-2015-arabic-sites.pdf, File Size: 709,420 bytes http://www.cs.odu.edu/~mln/pubs/jcdl-2015/jcdl-2015-dictionary.pdf, File Size: 2,350,603 bytes

End Time: Fri, Jan 22, 2016 at 15:16:15
Execution Time: 16.92 seconds
hamar@lg-server:/DiskStation/CS-532 Webscience/a1$
```

Figure 2: Test of a1.py at http://www.cs.odu.edu/~mln/teaching/cs532-s16/test/pdfs.html with original code

```
hamar@lg-server:/DiskStation/CS-532 Webscience/a1$ python3 a1.py http://www.cs.odu.edu
Starting Time: Fri, Jan 22, 2016 at 15:53:19
Extracting pdf links from: http://www.cs.odu.edu

Couldn't open: https://sysweb.cs.odu.edu/online/index.php?action=create. URL requires authentication.
Couldn't open: https://sysweb.cs.odu.edu/guests. URL requires authentication.
Couldn't open: https://roundcube.cs.odu.edu/. URL requires authentication.
Couldn't open: https://sysweb.cs.odu.edu/online/index.php?action=create. URL requires authentication.

List of all PDFs Links:
http://www.cs.odu.edu/StrategicPlan0515_2010.pdf, File Size: 909,323 bytes
http://www.cs.odu.edu/files/csintroductioninfo.pdf, File Size: 564,602 bytes
http://www.cs.odu.edu/files/csintroductioninfo.pdf, File Size: 2,633,984 bytes
http://www.cs.odu.edu/files/cssystems_it_infrastructure_2012.pdf, File Size: 2,049,957 bytes
http://www.cs.odu.edu/files/cs_systems_services.pdf, File Size: 412,031 bytes
http://www.cs.odu.edu/studentappointmentinfo.pdf, File Size: 636,560 bytes

End Time: Fri, Jan 22, 2016 at 15:54:09
Execution Time: 50.26 seconds
hamar@lg-server:/DiskStation/CS-532 Webscience/a1$
```

Figure 3: Test of a1.py at http://www.cs.odu.edu/

```
hamar@lg-server:/DiskStation/CS-532 Webscience/a1$ python3 a1.py http://www.vbschools.com/curriculum/gifted
Starting Time: Fri, Jan 22, 2016 at 15:38:30
Extracting pdf links from: http://www.vbschools.com/curriculum/gifted

List of all PDFs Links:

http://www.vbschools.com/calendar/employeecalendar.asp, File Size: 36,714 bytes
http://www.vbschools.com/students/conduct/content/pdfs/CodeStudentConduct.pdf, File Size: 684,089 bytes
http://www.vbschools.com/online_pubs/gifted_bulletin/, File Size: 1,043,352 bytes
http://www.vbschools.com/curriculum/app.pdfs/GiftedLetterForm.pdf, File Size: 483,948 bytes
http://www.vbschools.com/guidance/content/pdfs/RecordsReleaseFormer.pdf, File Size: 119,105 bytes
http://www.vbschools.com/curriculum/gifted/content/pdfs/LocalPlanEducationGifted.pdf, File Size: 1,828,034 bytes

End Time: Fri, Jan 22, 2016 at 15:39:02
Execution Time: 32.26 seconds
hamar@lg-server:/DiskStation/CS-532 Webscience/a1$
```

Figure 4: Test of a1.py at http://www.vbschools.com/curriculum/gifted/

Problem 3

Now consider the following graph:

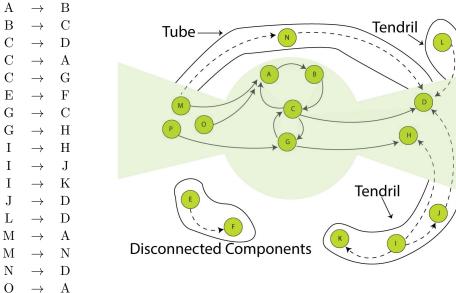


Figure 5: Bow-Tie Graph Representation

For the above graph, give the values for:

$IN: \{M,O,P\}$	"pages that can reach the SCC, but cannot be reached from it"[2]
SCC: $\{A,B,C,G\}$	"central core, all of whose pages can reach one another along directed links – this "giant strongly connected component" (SCC) is at the heart of the web". [2]
$\mathbf{OUT} \colon \{ \underline{D}, \underline{H} \}$	"pages that are accessible from the SCC, but do not link back to it"[2]
Tendrils: $\{I,J,K,L\}$	" pages that cannot reach the SCC, and cannot be reached from the SCC" $\left[2\right]$
Tubes: $\{N\}$	"passage from a portion of IN to a portion of OUT without touching SCC"[2]
Disconnected: $\{E,F\}$	Everything NOT fitting all criteria above.

References

- [1] Graph structure in the web. (n.d.) Retrieved January 23, 2016, from http://curl.haxx.se/docs/manual.html
- [2] Graph structure in the web. (n.d.) Retrieved January 23, 2016, from http://http://www9.org/w9cdrom/160/160.html