

# Restricting Access with User Authorization

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# Relationship Between Users and Posts



posts table



users table

id	title	description	user_id
1	Hello there	Hello every...	3

...

...

...

...

id	name	email	...
3	mateo	mateo@mail.com	...

...

...

...

...



# Summary

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# Adding a Foreign Key Column

Create a new migration

```
php artisan make:migration add_user_id_to_posts_table
```

Create a new foreign key column

```
public function up()
{
    Schema::table('posts',
        function (Blueprint $table)
        {
            $table->foreignId('user_id')
                ->nullable()
                ->constrained()
                ->onDelete('cascade');
        });
}
```

```
public function down()
{
    Schema::table('posts',
        function (Blueprint $table)
        {
            $table->dropForeign(['user_id']);
            $table->dropColumn('user_id');
        });
}
```



# Recreate the Database

Rollback all of the migrations and migrate them again

```
php artisan migrate:refresh
```



# One-to-many Relationship Between Models

**Post** belongs to a **user**

```
public function user()  
{  
    return $this->belongsTo(User::class);  
}
```

app/Models/**Post**.php

**User** has many **posts**

```
public function posts()  
{  
    return $this->hasMany(Post::class);  
}
```

app/Models/**User**.php



# One-to-many Relationship Between Models

Create a new **post** that belongs to **user**

```
$validated = $request->validated();  
  
$post = $request->user()->posts()->create($validated);
```

Retrieve the **user** who created the **post**

```
$post->user;
```



# Create Policies for Authorization

Create a new policy

```
php artisan make:policy PostPolicy
```

Register the policy and assign it to an Eloquent model

```
use App\Models\Post;  
use App\Policies\PostPolicy;  
...  
protected $policies = [  
    Post::class => PostPolicy::class,  
];
```

app/Providers/AuthServiceProvider.php





# Define Policies

```
use App\Models\Post;
use App\Models\User;
...
class PostPolicy
{
    ...
    public function update(User $user, Post $post)
    {
        return $user->id === $post->user_id;
    }

    public function delete(User $user, Post $post)
    {
        return $user->id === $post->user_id;
    }
}
```



# Authorization Blade Directives

Render template components based on policy permissions

```
@can('update', $post)
<a href="#">Edit link</a>
@endcan

@can('delete', $post)
<button>Delete</button>
@endcan
```



# Authorize Controller Actions

Authorize controller actions with the controllers *authorize* method

```
public function edit(Post $post)
{
    $this->authorize('update', $post);
    // this will not run if the authorization fails
    ...
}
```



# Authorization with Gates

Register gates inside of the boot method

```
public function boot()
{
    Gate::define('admin', function (User $user) {
        return $user->is_admin();
    });
}
```

app/Providers/AuthServiceProvider.php

Use them to implement authorization with the *allow* method

```
if (! Gate::allows('admin'))
{
    abort(403);
}
```



Up Next:  
Deployment and Testing

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