



FPT UNIVERSITY

Capstone Project Document

The Traffic Sign Recognition and Training

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Capstone Project code	TSRT

-Ho Chi Minh City, 01/2014-

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ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

We wish to thank various people for their contribution to this project: Our teachers for their advices and participant in the final review, our friend for the valuable technical support.

Special thanks should be given to Mr.Kiêu Trọng Khánh, our research supervisor for his professional guidance and the useful, constructive recommendations throughout the course of this project.

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Definitions, Acronyms, and Abbreviations

TSRT	Traffic Sign Recognition and Training
TS	Traffic sign
Traffic Sign Detection	Determines the locations and sizes of traffic signs in images.
Traffic Sign Recognition	Identify the name of traffic sign from detected area in an image.
Train Image	Image use to train to recognition traffic sign.
Model	The result after train, use to classify, recognize traffic sign.

A. Project Management Plan

1. Project Information

- Project name: **The Traffic Sign Recognition and Training**
- Project Code: **TSRT**
- Product Type: **Website, Phone Application**
- Start Date: **January 6th, 2013**
- End Date: **April 19th, 2013**

B. Software Project Management Plan

1. Problem Definition

1.1 Name of this Capstone Project

The Traffic Sign Recognition and Training (TSRT)

1.2 Problem Abstract

Now a day, the traffic system is expand more than before. Beside that the traffic sign use to control traffic is developed to help people when join in the traffic. In Vietnam, we have more than 200 traffic signs, this may cause the difficult to people when meet a new traffic sign. On the other hand, internet and smartphone is more popular in Vietnam. Now it's easy to have a smartphone with internet connection. That is the reason we want to build a system to help people find information about any traffic sign easily. So people can know more about the sign and traffic rule in each traffic sign, help them join in traffic easier and safer.

1.3 Project Overview

1.3.1 The Current System

Below are some current system:

- Search using book:
 - + Advantages: clearly, accurate information.
 - + Disadvantages: slow and not update regularly.
- Current application:
 - + Advantage: update regularly, easy to use.
 - + Disadvantages: few information (just have basic information about traffic sign), search slow.
- Using internet:
 - + Advantages: provide updated information.
 - + Disadvantages: search slowly, need internet connection, too many useless information.

1.3.2 The Proposed System

- Develop a recognition system that support auto detect and recognize traffic sign using smartphone's camera.
- Support more information about the traffic sign: penalty fee, view history.
- Support user learn traffic sign.

1.3.2.1 Web

- The admin can manage information about system, staff and user.

- The system provides a method for admin to set permission for staff, select user to set permission.
- The system provides a method for admin configure system.
- The admin can make statistic about register and search.
- Staff can manager traffic sign: add/edit/delete traffic sign.
- Staff can manager report.
- The system will make a traffic sign take note for user. Support sticker to learn traffic sign.
- The system will provide a method for user upload image to website. Then, the system will recognize the image and give information for user.
- The system will provide a method for user view user's history, user can send report if have any errors happen.

1.3.2.2 Mobile

- The mobile version also allow guest to register a new account.
- The user or guest can take a photo of traffic sign to make auto search about its information.
- In case the result is wrong, user can send a report about this result.
- Allow user to add traffic sign into favorite list for learning purpose.

1.3.3 Boundaries of the System

- The system is intended for almost Vietnam's land traffic sign.
- Using in normal weather condition (sunny, cloudy...) and traffic sign must be in good state (In original shape, isn't covered by other objects...)
- The system is intended for learning purpose only.
- The language of the system is Vietnamese.
- The complete product includes:
 - + The website for admin, staff, user and guest to interactive with the system.
 - + Mobile application for user and guest.
 - + All the process involved document.

1.3.4 Development Environment

1.3.4.1 Hardware requirements

For server

Windows	Minimum Requirements	Recommended
Internet Connection	4Mbps	8 Mbps
Operating System	Ubuntu 12	Ubuntu 13.10
Computer Processor	Intel® Core 2 Duo 2GHz	Intel® Core(TM) i5 CPU , M 460 @ 2.53GHz
Computer Memory	512MB RAM	3GB or more

Table 1: Hardware Requirement for Server

For Web User

Web	Minimum Requirements	Recommended
Internet Connection	2Mbps	4Mbps
Web Browser	Firefox 26	Firefox 28

Table 2: Hardware Requirement for Web User

For Mobile User

Mobile	Minimum Requirements	Recommended
Internet Connection	2Mbps	4Mbps
Operating System	Android 4.0	Android 4.0
Hardware	Touchscreen, Camera 5.0 MP or above	Touchscreen, Camera 5.0 MP or above
Memory	512 MB or more	1 GB or more

Table 3: Hardware Requirement for Mobile User

1.3.4.2 Software requirements

- Microsoft Windows 7 Service Pack 1, Ubuntu 13.10: operating system and platform for development.
- MySQL 5.5.20: use for database system.
- StarUML 5.0, Visio 2010: used to create models and diagrams
- Skype: used for communication and meeting
- Eclipse Juno, Android SDK, ADT 22.0.5 & JDK 1.7.0_51: used to implement mobile application.
- Eclipse Kepler: use to implement web application and web service.
- Netbean: use to implement console application in C++ (detect and recognize module).
- Google Code & TortoiseSVN: used for source control.

2. Project organization

2.1 Software Process Model

Project is developed under agile model.

Agile Development Process

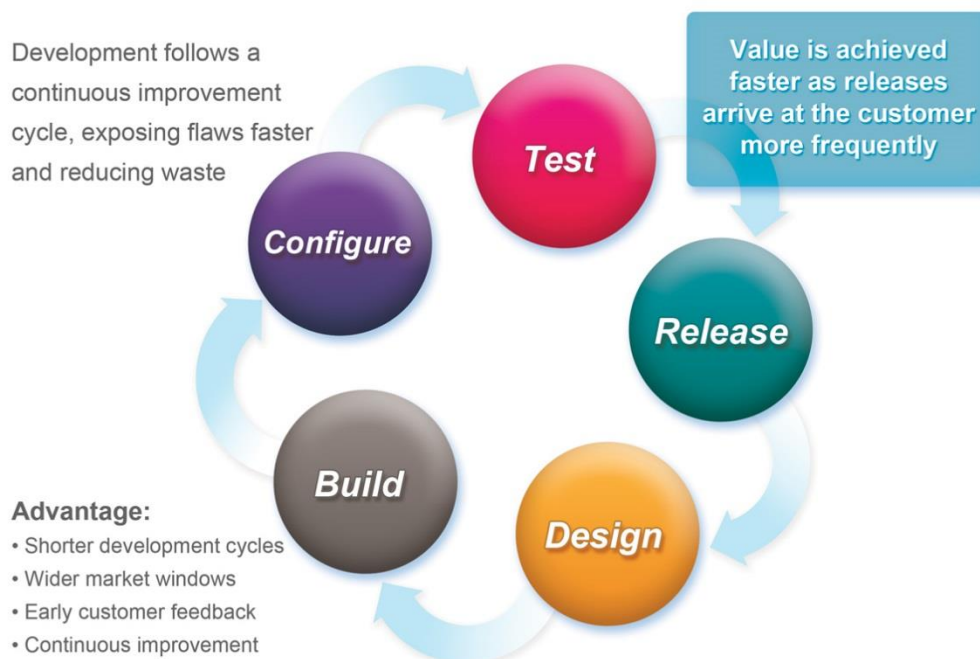


Figure 1: Agile Development Model

2.2 Roles and responsibilities

No	Full name	Role in Group	Responsibilities
1	Kiều Trọng Khánh	Project manager	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Specify user requirement Control the development process Give out technique and business analysis support
2	Mai Văn Tân	Team Leader, BA, DEV, Tester	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Managing process Designing database Clarifying requirements Prepare documents GUI Design Create test plan Coding Testing
3	Bùi Việt Phong	Team Member, BA, DEV, Tester	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Designing database Clarifying requirements Prepare documents GUI Design Create test plan Coding Testing

Table 4: Roles and Responsibility Details

2.3 Tools and Techniques

- Front-end technologies: HTML5, CSS3, JavaScript, jQuery, AJAX.
- Web application: Java servlet.
- Web Service: rest full Jersey.
- Mobile App: Android - Java.
- Web Server: Tomcat 7.0.
- Database Management System: MySql 5.5.20

3. Project Management Plan

3.1 Iteration

Phase /Iteration	Description	Deliverables	Resource needed	Dependencies and Constrains	Risks
Preliminary Investigation or Analysis	- Study similar existing systems. -Identify and clarify requirements for the system in general.	-Introduction of proposed system. -Main functions. -Project Iteration Plan.	30 man-days	N/A	Project may not be feasible for developing because lack of technologies and/or data
Traffic Sign Detect & Recognize	- Study traffic sign detect and recognize algorithm. - Implement, testing and statistic result. - Optimize algorithm.	Traffic sign detect and recognize console app.	25 man-days	N/A	Lack of experience. The implemented algorithm is not the best. Lack of test data
Account Manage	Implement code for manage account	Account manage functions	30 man-days	N/A	
Traffic sign manage	Implement code for traffic sign manage	Traffic sign manage functions	30 man-days	N/A	
Search traffic sign	Implement code for search traffic sign	Traffic sign search functions (auto search and manually search)	30 man-days	Traffic sign detect and recognize	
Favorite, history and report manage	Implement code for manage favorite, history and report manage	Favorite, history and report manage functions	30 man-days	Search traffic sign	

Table 5: Iteration

C. Software Requirement Specification

1. User Requirement Specification

1.1 Guest Requirement

Guest, who is not have account or not login system. Guest can use the basic functions of system like search auto and search manually

1.2 User Requirement

User is normal user of the system. When login system, use can search auto, search manually beside that user have favorite, store favorite traffic sign and history store old requests. When view traffic sign information and search auto use also can report to help system work more accurate.

1.3 Staff Requirement

Staff is the main manager of the system. Staff's account is set by admin. Staff can use system with these functions:

- Manage user account: Active/Inactive account
- Manage traffic sign: add/delete/edit/import/export traffic sign
- Manage report that user submit: view/delete report
- Make statistic

1.4 Admin Requirement

Admin is highest manage in system. Admin can do functions:

- Manage account: set/unset staff account, active/inactive
- Manage system: configure system
- Make statistic

1.5 System Requirement

System is also an important part. System can do functions:

- Detect traffic sign
- Recognize traffic sign
- Store user history
- Store user favorite

2. System Requirement Specification

2.1 External Interface Requirement

2.1.1 User Interface

- The interface of website must be clear.
- The interface of mobile app must be clear, compatible with touch screen. The size of controls must be big enough to touch on smartphone.
- The error, warning messages must be make clear, easy to understand.

2.1.2 Software Interface

- Firefox with Resolution (1024x768) or bigger and support JavaScript and HTML5
- Smartphone with Android 4.0. Screen size 4 inch or bigger.

2.1.3 Communication Protocol

- Website using HTTP protocol for communication between the web browser and the web server.
- Mobile app using HTTP protocol for communicating between app and web service.

2.2 System Overview Use Case

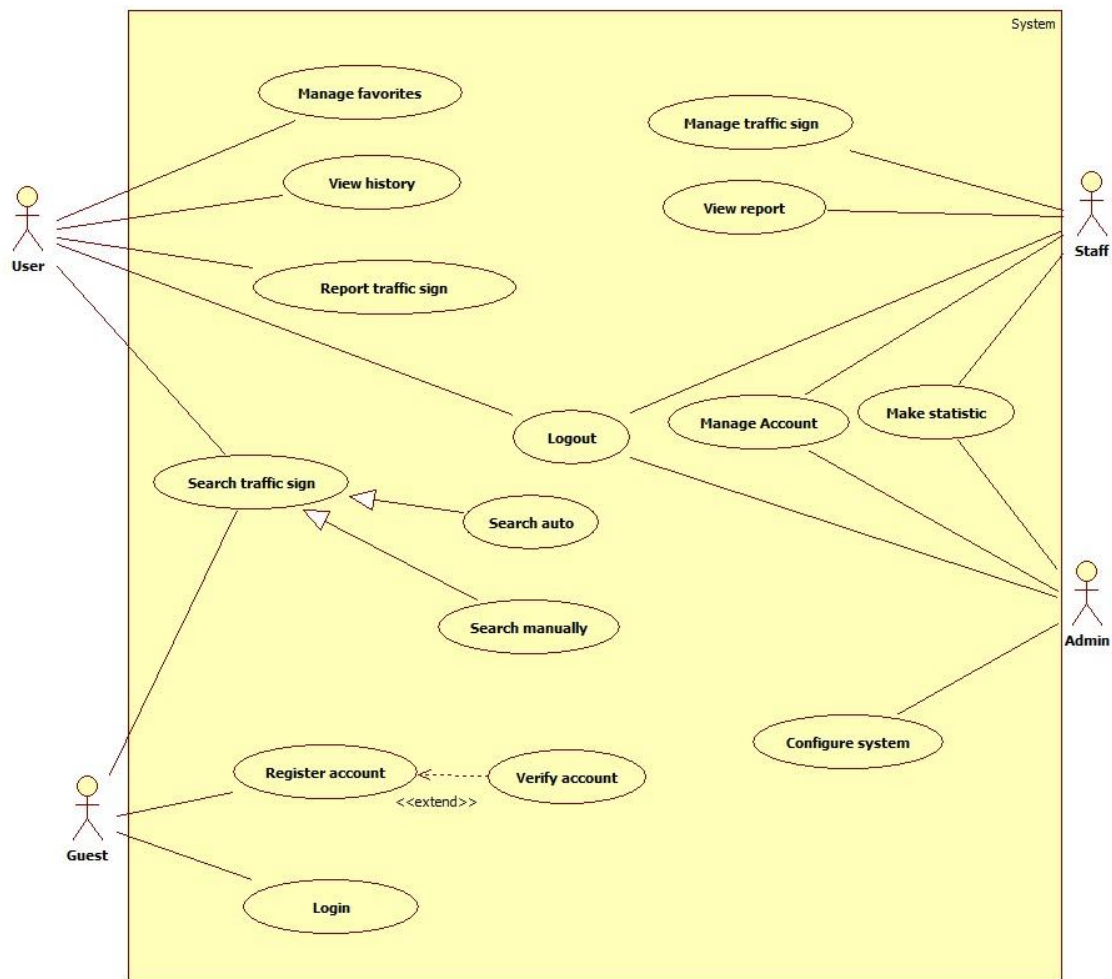


Figure 2: System Overview Use Case

3. Software System Attribute

3.1 Usability

3.1.1 Graphic User Interface

- All the text, label and image should be in Vietnamese.

3.1.2 Usability

- Website admin, staff should need only two days of training to use the system.
- The guest, user can use the system easily without training.

3.1.3 Installation

- The system must be easy to deploy. Customer can deploy successfully and learn to configure, maintain the system within one day of training.
- The mobile app must be easy to install. Compatible with Android OS 4.0.
- The attached manual guide must be clear.

3.2 Reliability

- System have recognition accuracy about 60-80 percent

3.3 Availability

- The user search, view favorite and history offline using mobile in case of network or server unavailable.

3.4 Security

- Privacy: Each role of user has a specific permission to interact with system.
- Only admin can grant permission to staff.

3.5 Maintainability

- The codes is easy to maintain and upgrade.

3.6 Portability

- N/A

3.7 Performance

- The traffic detection and recognition take less than 5 minutes to search traffic in an image.

4. Conceptual Diagram

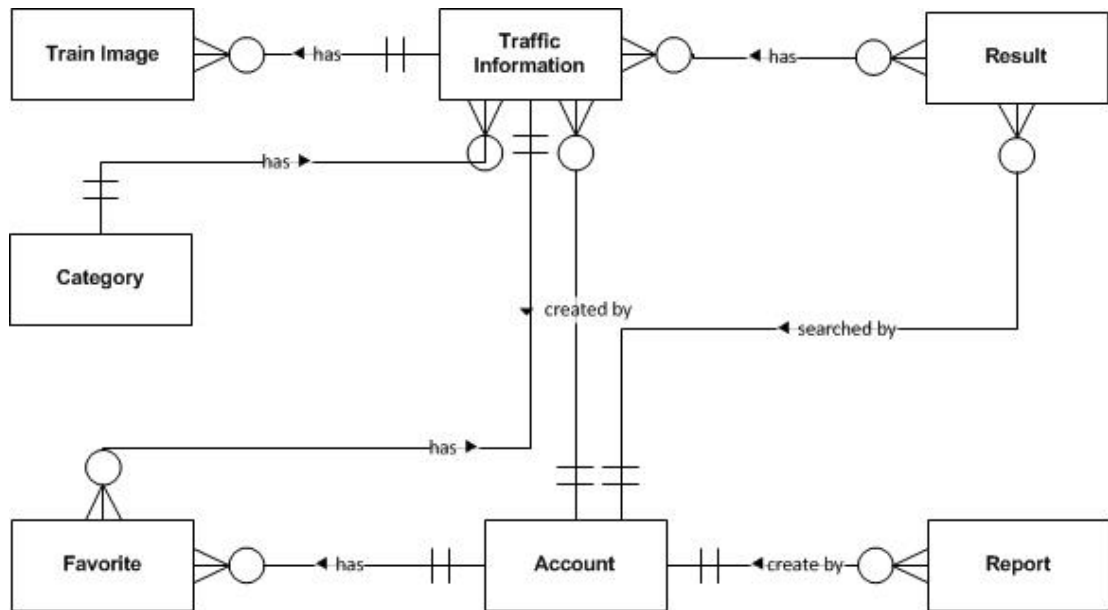


Figure 3: Conceptual Diagram

Data Dictionary

Entity Data dictionary: describe content of all entities	
Entity Name	Description
Traffic Information	Describe information about traffic sign
Train Image	Describe information about image to support recognize traffic sign
Category	Describe all type of traffic sign
Report	Describe information about report of user. Contain content when user though the search result or traffic information wrong.
Account	Describe all information about user in the system
Result	Describe information about search auto result (user's history)
Favorite	Describe information about favorite traffic sign of user

D. Software Design Description

1. Design Overview

2. System Architectural Design

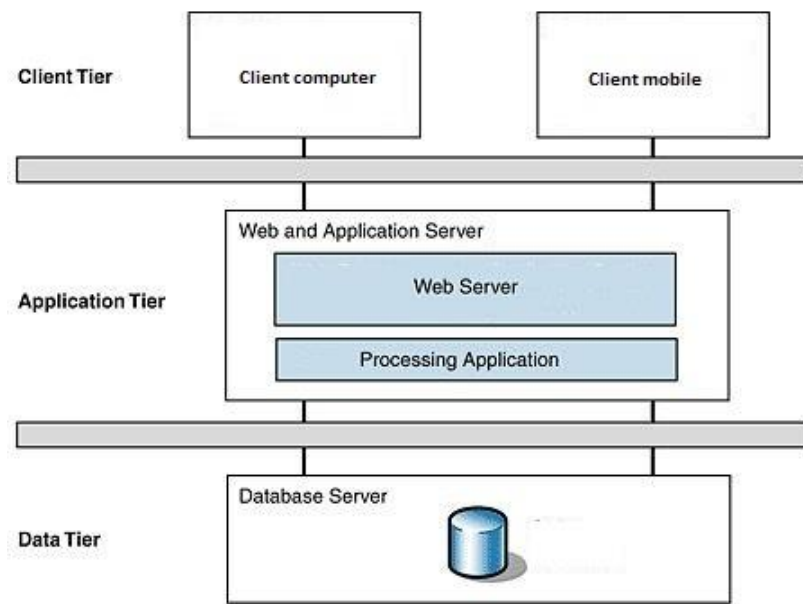


Figure 4: N-tier Architecture

<http://www.cardisoft.gr/frontend/article.php?aid=87&cid=96>

- **Client Tier:** The client tier interacts with the users for the solution. Since the application conforms to a three layered services application it hosts the presentation layer components.
- **Application Tier:** The servers used in the application tier are responsible for hosting all the application's business components and, in the case of Web applications, the Web servers as well.
- **Data Tier:** The servers in the data tier host the databases that the application requires; it is within this tier that the data layer is hosted.

3. Component Diagram

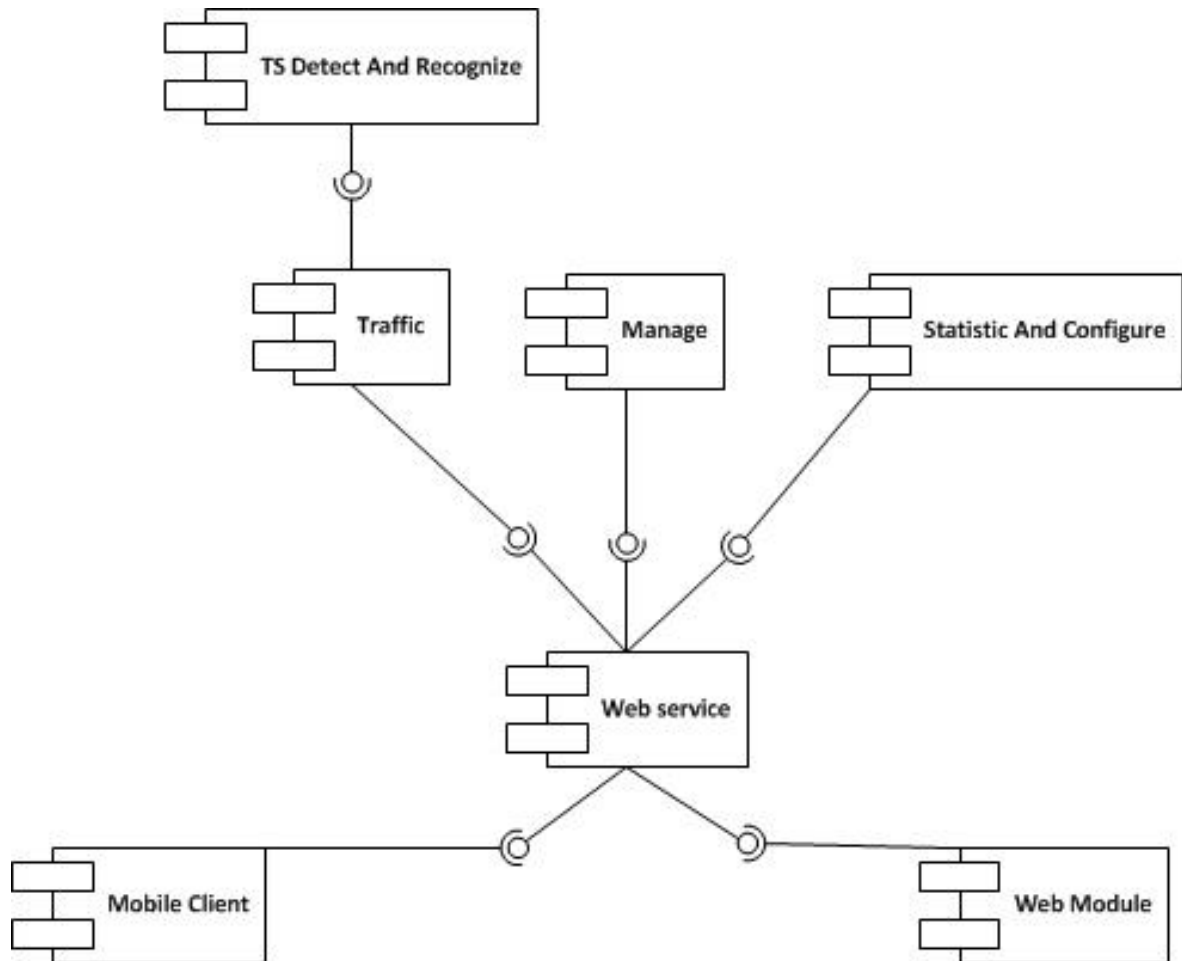


Figure 5: Component Diagram

Data Dictionary

Name	Description
TS Detect And Recognize	Provide functions to detect and recognize traffic sign
Traffic	Provide functions about traffic sign: manage, search
Manage	Provide functions to manage account, favorite
Statistic And Configure	Provide functions to statistic and configure server
Web service	Provide service interface using http protocol
Mobile client	Provide functions in mobile
Web Module	Provide functions in web

4. Detailed Description of Components

4.1 Class Diagram

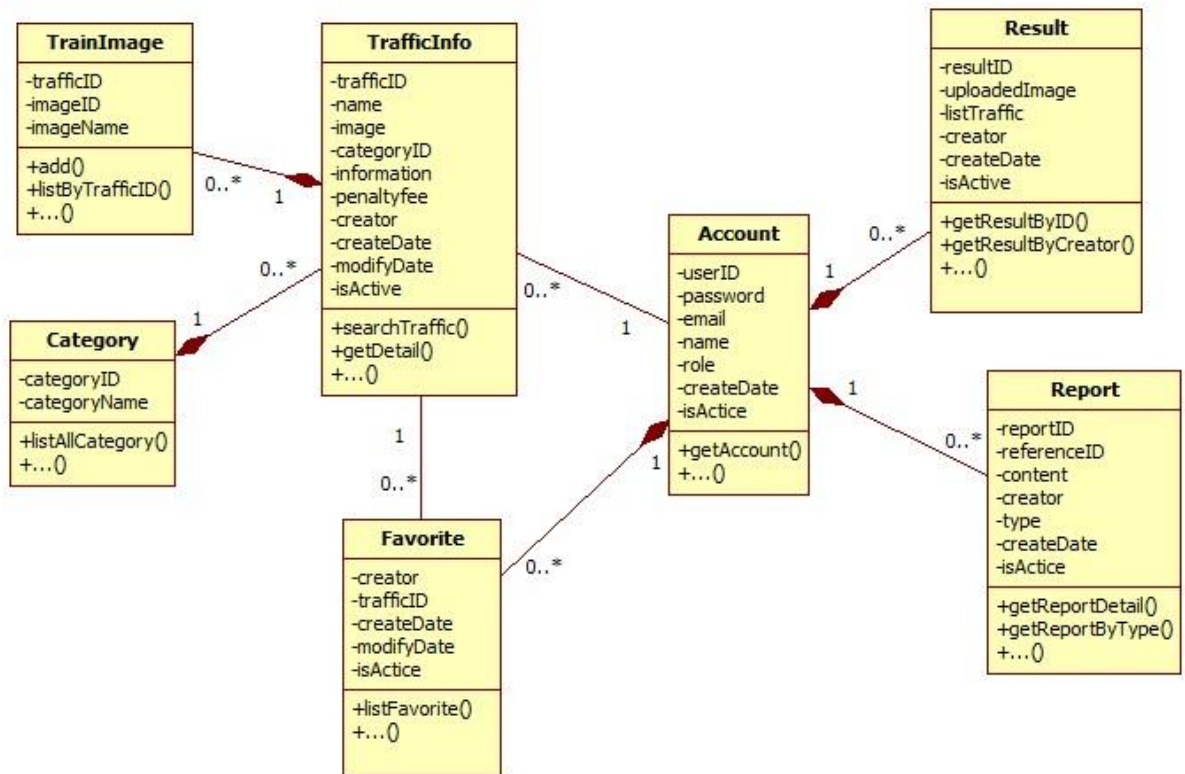


Figure 6: Class Diagram

4.2 Class Diagram Explanation

4.2.1 TrafficInfo

Attribute

Attribute	Type	Visibility	Description
trafficID	String	Private	Traffic sign no
name	String	Private	Name of traffic sign
image	String	Private	Traffic sign image link
categoryID	Int	Private	Category ID of traffic sign
information	String	Private	Content of traffic sign
penaltyfee	String	Private	Penalty fee of traffic sign
creator	String	Private	Creator of traffic sign
createDate	Date	Private	Create date
modifyDate	Date	Private	Modify date
isActive	Boolean	Private	Status of traffic sign

Method

Method	Return Type	Visibility	Description
searchTraffic()	ArrayList<TrafficInfo>	Public	Search traffic by input parameter: name, cateID, limit
getDetail()	TrafficInfo	Public	Get traffic sign detail

4.2.2 Account

Attribute

Attribute	Type	Visibility	Description
userID	String	Private	UserID
password	String	Private	User's password in MD5 form
email	String	Private	User's email
name	String	Private	User's name
role	String	Private	Role in system
createDate	Date	Private	Create date
isActive	Boolean	Private	Status

Method

Method	Return Type	Visibility	Description
getAccount()	Account	Public	Get user information

4.2.3 Category

Attribute

Attribute	Type	Visibility	Description
categoryID	Int	Private	ID of category
categoryName	String	Private	Name of category

Method

Method	Return Type	Visibility	Description
listAllCategory()	ArrayList<Category>	Public	Get list all category

4.2.4 TrainImage

Attribute

Attribute	Type	Visibility	Description
trafficID	String	Private	TrafficID of Image
imageID	String	Private	ID of image
imageName	String	Private	Name of image

Method

Method	Return Type	Visibility	Description
add()	Boolean	Public	Add a train image
listByTrafficID()	ArrayList<TrainImage>	Public	List all train image of a traffic

			sign
--	--	--	------

4.2.5 Favorite

Attribute

Attribute	Type	Visibility	Description
creator	String	Private	Creator of favorite
trafficID	String	Private	Traffic ID of favorite
createDate	Date	Private	Create date
modifyDate	Date	Private	Modify date
isActive	Boolean	Private	Status

Method

Method	Return Type	Visibility	Description
listFavorite()	ArrayList<Favorite>	Public	List all favorite of an user

4.2.6 Result

Attribute

Attribute	Type	Visibility	Description
resultID	Int	Private	Unique ID for result
uploadedImage	String	Private	Image link of result
listTraffic	String	Private	List result contain trafficID and their location in image
creator	String	Private	Creator of result
createDate	Date	Private	Create date
isActive	Boolean	Private	Status of result

Method

Method	Return Type	Visibility	Description
getResultByID()	Result	Public	Get result detail by ID
getResultByCreator()	ArrayList<Result>	Public	Get all result of an user

4.2.7 Report

Attribute

Attribute	Type	Visibility	Description
reportID	Int	Private	Unique id for report
referenceID	String	Private	Reference Id of report, this ID reference to TrafficInfo or Result depend on type of report

content	String	Private	Content of report
creator	String	Private	Creator of report
type	Int	Private	Type of report. 1 for wrong recognize, 2 for wrong traffic information
createDate	Date	Private	Create date
isActive	Boolean	Private	Status

Method

Method	Return Type	Visibility	Description
getReportDetail()	Report	Public	Get detail of report
getReportByType	ArrayList<Report>	Public	Get all report by type

5. User Interface Design

6. Database Design

6.1 Entity Relationship Diagram

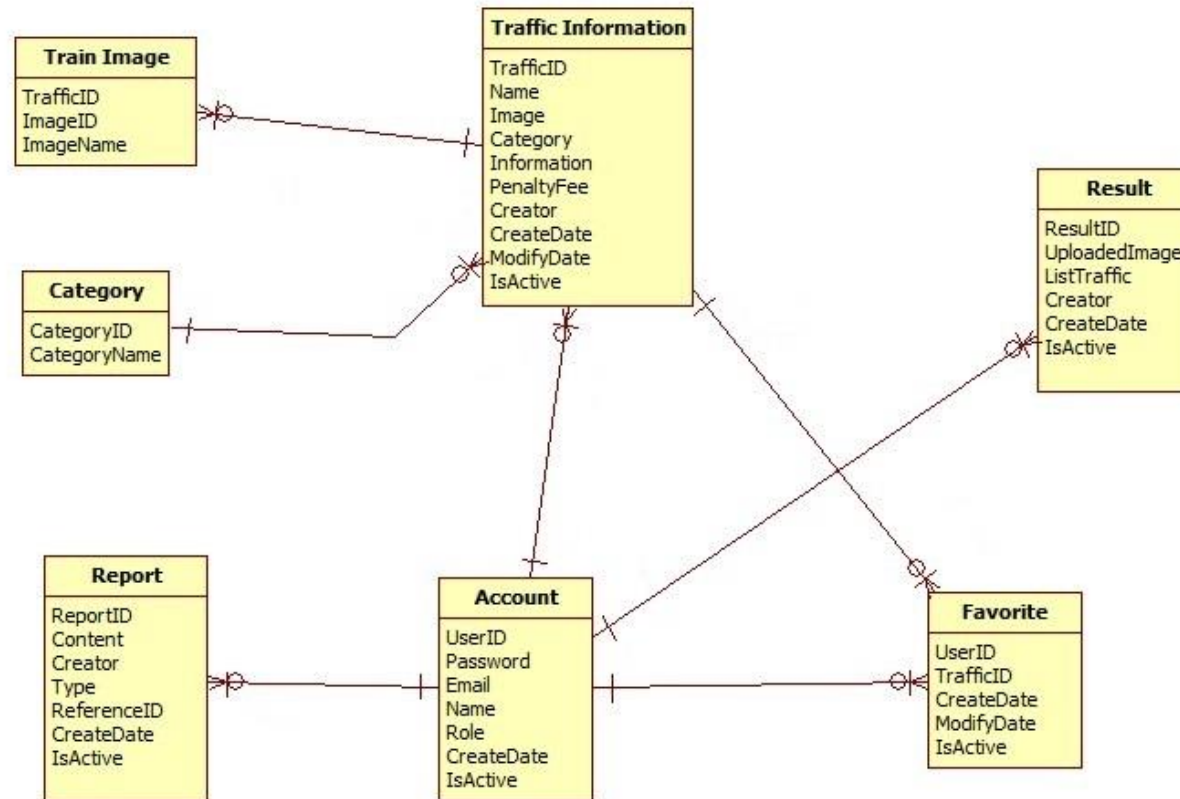


Figure 7: Entity Relationship Diagram

6.2 Data Dictionary

Data dictionary: describe content of all entities	
Name	Description
Traffic Information	Describe information about traffic sign
Train Image	Describe information about image use to train/recognize a traffic sign
Category	Describe all type of traffic sign
Report	Describe information about report of user. Contain wrong information report and wrong recognition report
Account	Describe all information about user in the system
Result	Describe information about search auto result
Favorite	Describe information about favorite traffic sign of user

Table 6: Data Dictionary

7. Algorithms

7.1 Traffic sign detection

7.1.1 Definition

7.1.2 Different method for traffic sign detection

7.1.3 The method we chose

We chose the Viola-Jones method (a classifier cascade method). Reason:

- Already implemented in OpenCV (that support many platforms: Linux, Windows, Android...)
- Easy to extend base on train cascade file.
- Easy to use and handle in code.
- High accurate rate (base on testing with another method)

Method Introduction

The Viola-Jones (V-J) object detection framework is the first object detection framework to provide competitive object rates in real-time proposed. It can be trained to detect a variety of object classes. In OpenCV, it's implemented as `cvHaarDetectObjects()` and the new method for multithread is `cascadeClassifier()`

Reference:

http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Viola%E2%80%93Jones_object_detection_framework

Key ideas of Viola-Jones:

- Integral images for fast feature evaluation
- Boosting for feature selection
- Attentional cascade for fast rejection of non-object windows

Viola-Jones Technique:

- Feature extraction and feature evaluation
- Classifier training a feature selection using a method called AdaBoost.
- A degenerate decision tree of classifiers is formed.

All Viola-Jones flow chart:

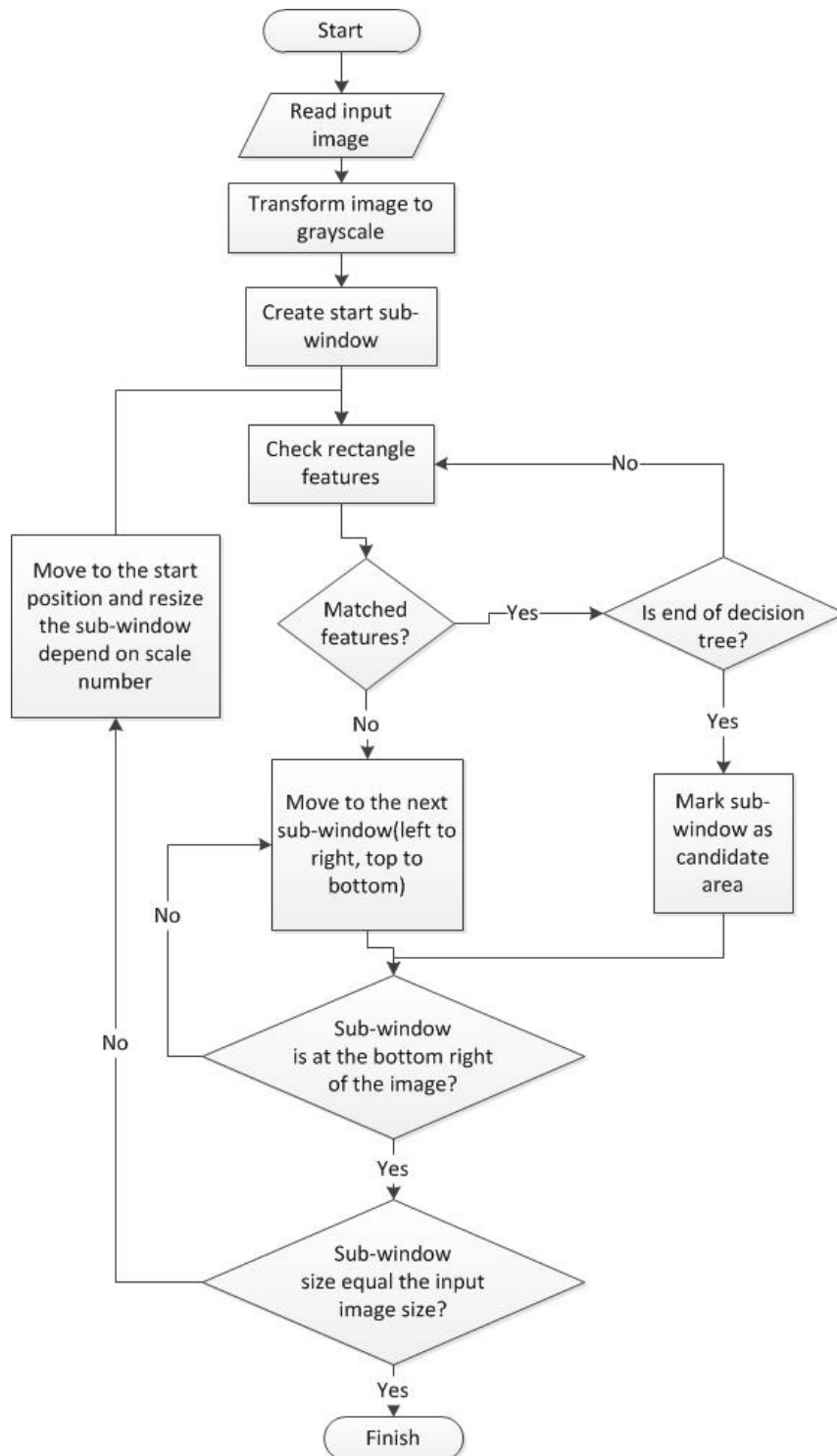


Figure 8: Viola-Jones flow chart

7.2 Traffic sign recognition

7.2.1 Definition

7.2.2 Method for traffic sign recognition

7.2.3 The Method we choose

We chose SVM multi-class method, reason:

- Implemented in many library
- Easy to integrate in project

Method Introduction

Support vector machine (SVMs) are supervised learning models with associated learning algorithms that analyze data and recognize patterns used for classification and regression analysis.

Basic SVM only support to classify 2 classes.

Multiclass SVM: assign labels to instances by using support vector machines, where the labels are drawn from a finite set of several elements.

This approach is an extension of basic SVM (binary classification):

One-versus-all: Using binary classifiers with between one of the labels and the rest. The result is calculated by winner-takes-all, in which the classifier with the highest output function assigns the class.

One-versus-one: between every pair of classes. The result is calculated by max-wins voting strategy, in which every classifier assigns the instance to one of the two classes, then the vote for assigned class is increased by one vote, and finally the class with the most votes determines the instance classification.

In this project we use SVM multi-class with One-versus-all method.

Reference:

http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Support_Vector_Machine

http://www.cs.cornell.edu/people/tj/svm_light/svm_multiclass.html

Algorithm description:

- Extract features of image
- Compare these features with the features of the model and get the best matched rate model (SVM multi-class One-versus-all)

Classifier flow chart

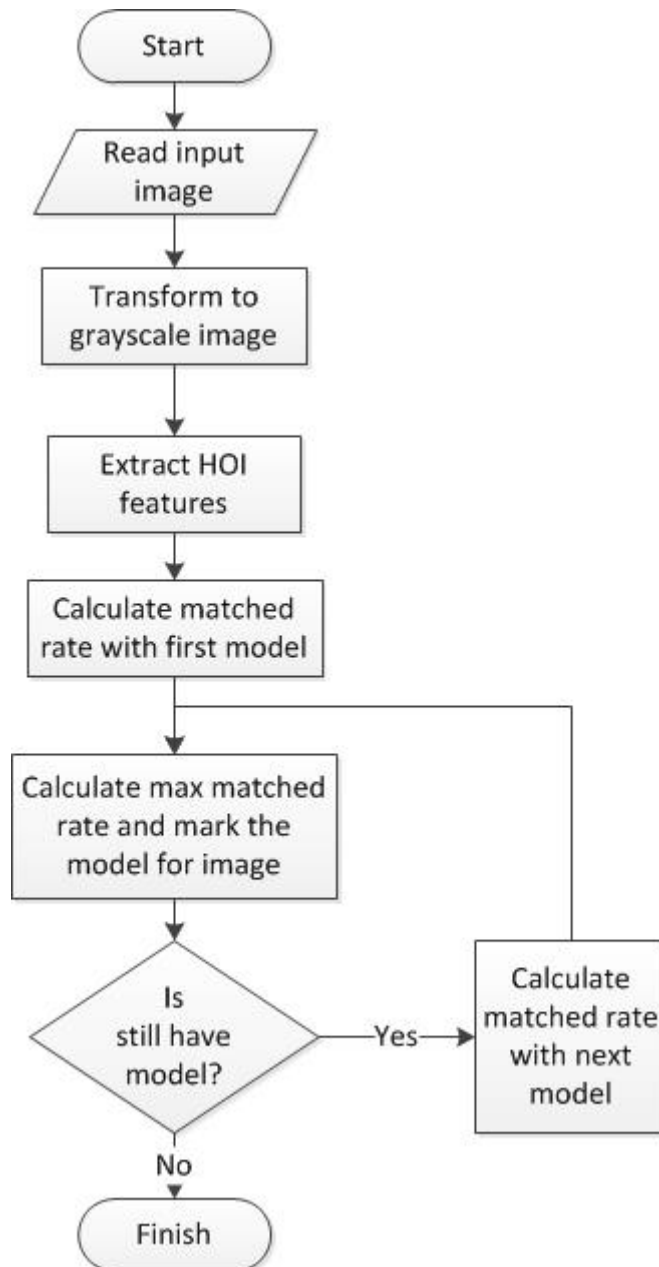


Figure 9: Classifier flow chart

7.3 Sync favorite list

7.3.1 Definition

This system allows user to use in both mobile and website. Besides that, application in mobile can run normally even if there is no connection to server. Thus, there should be a solution to sync favorite between mobile and website.

7.3.2 Solution

Algorithm description:

It is suggested that there is a variable saving the final time being added or deleted for each favorite item. During synchronization process, each favorite in mobile will be sent to server in respond to action of adding or deleting. The server adds or deletes only if modifying time shown in mobile is later than the one in server. The last step is delete favorite list in mobile and replace by the one in server.

Advantage:

- Allow sync favorite list between mobile and server by time order.
- Avoid losing favorite items during synchronization process.

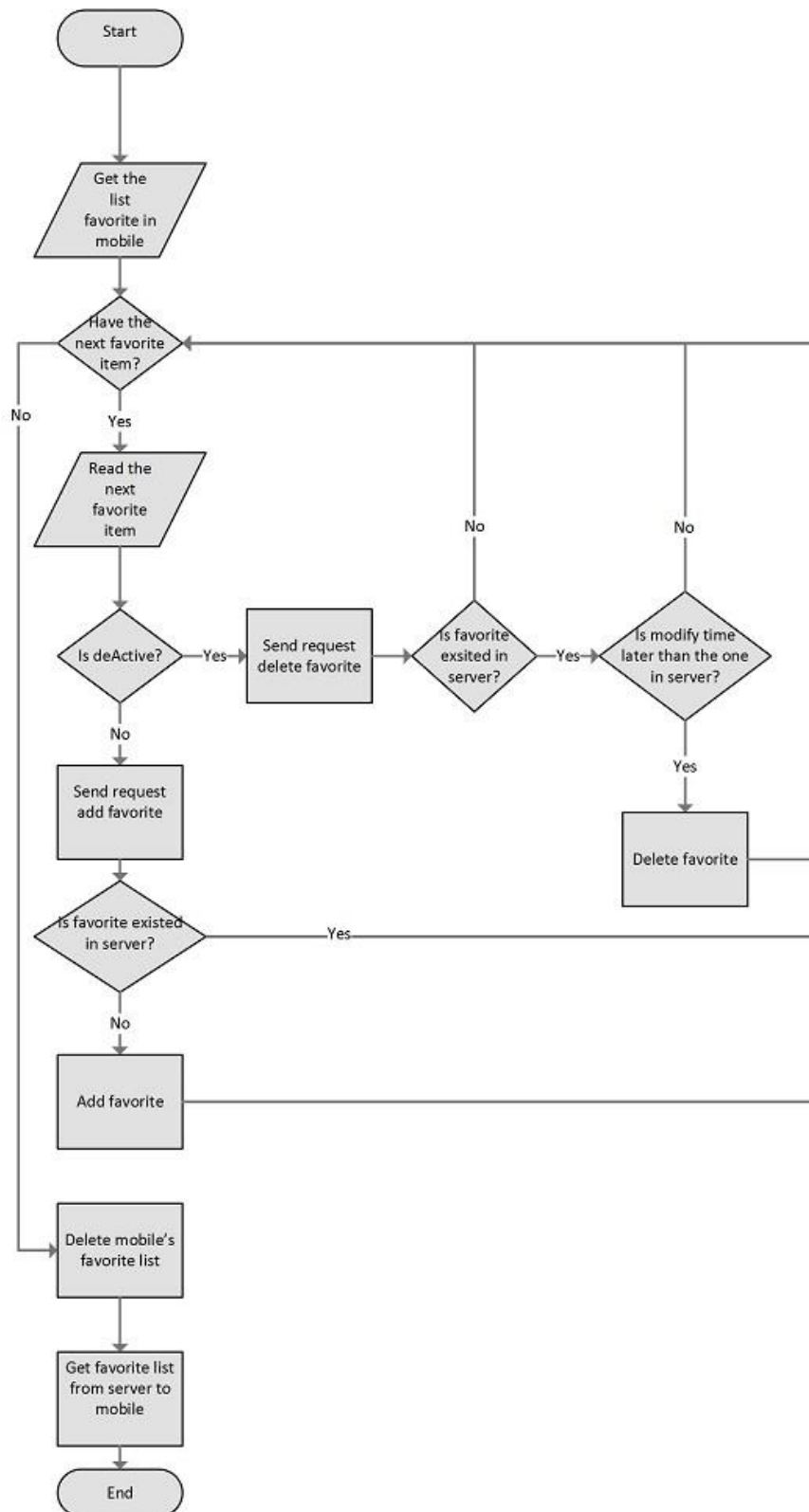


Figure 10: Sync favorite flow chart

E. System Implementation & Test

1. Introduction

2. Database Relationship Diagram

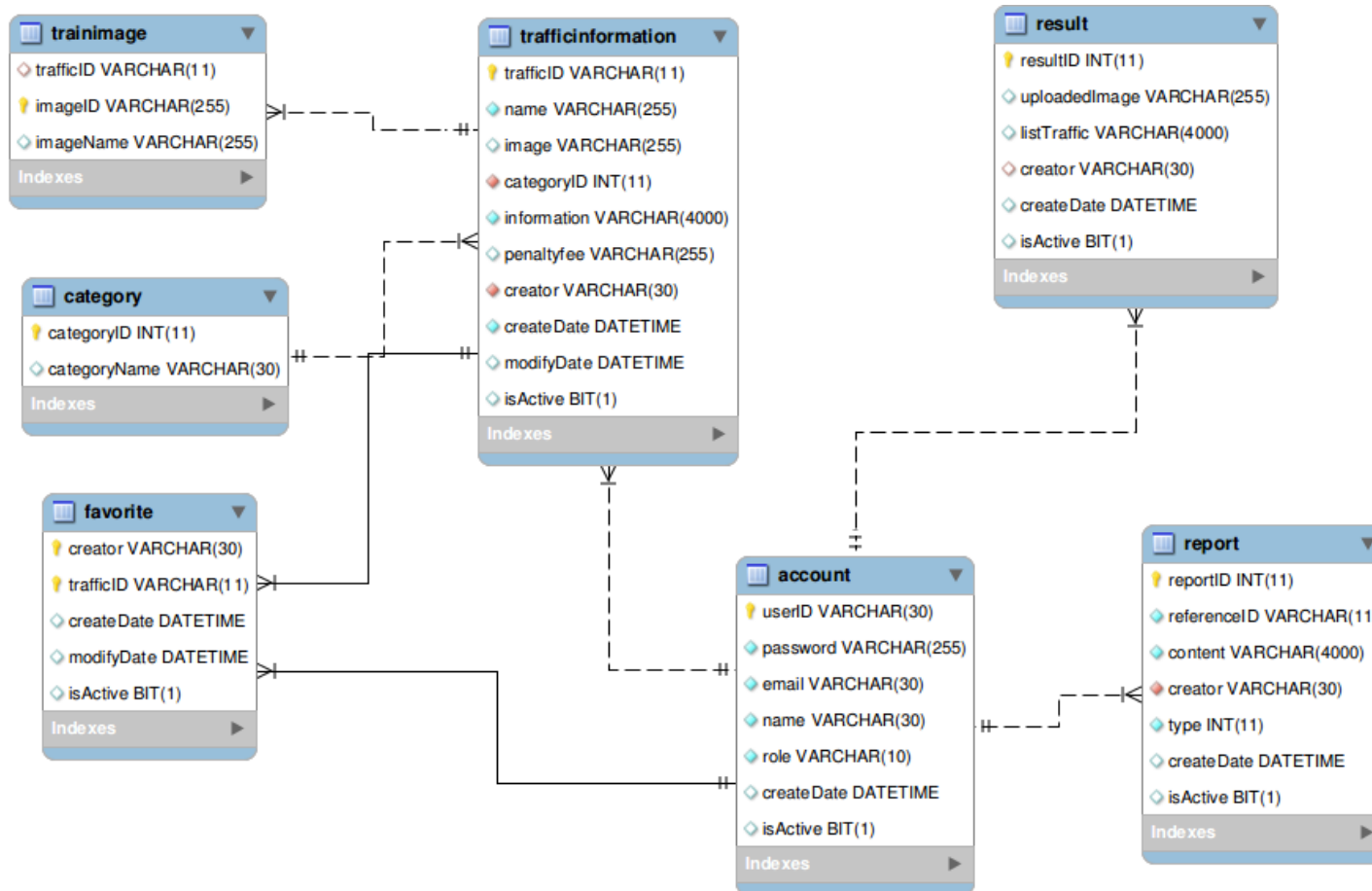


Figure 11: Database Relationship Diagram

3. Performance measures

3.1 Traffic Sign Detection Performance

With image resolution: 800x460px

Web module: Ubuntu 13.10 with core i3 M350 2.27GHz, 3GB Ram

- Best traffic sign detected result: 60/84 traffic sign (two types). Percent: 71.4%
- Worst traffic sign detected result: 56/84 traffic sign (two types). Percent: 66.7%

Detection rate of type 1 base on different train image data:

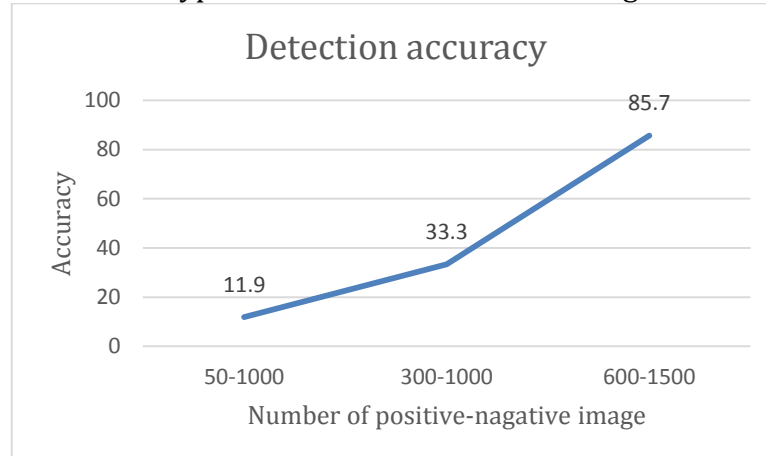


Figure 12: Traffic Sign Detection Accuracy

Mobile module: Android 4.0 with 2 cores 1GHz, 512MB Ram

- Average time to detect traffic sign: 0.357s (2.8 FPS)

3.2 Traffic Sign Recognition Performance

With image resolution: 800x460px

Web module: Ubuntu 13.10 with core i3 M350 2.27GHz, 3GB Ram

- Best time to run traffic sign recognition: 0.013s
- Worst time to run traffic sign recognition: 0.016s

Recognition accuracy (good condition):

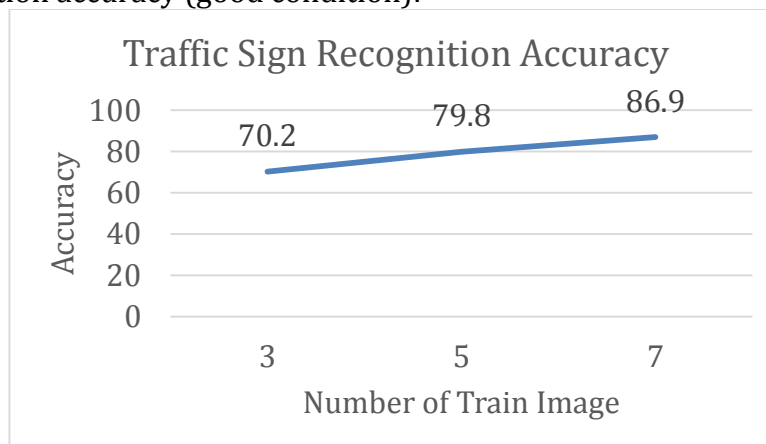


Figure 13: Traffic Sign Recognition Accuracy

4. Test Plan

5. System Testing Test Case

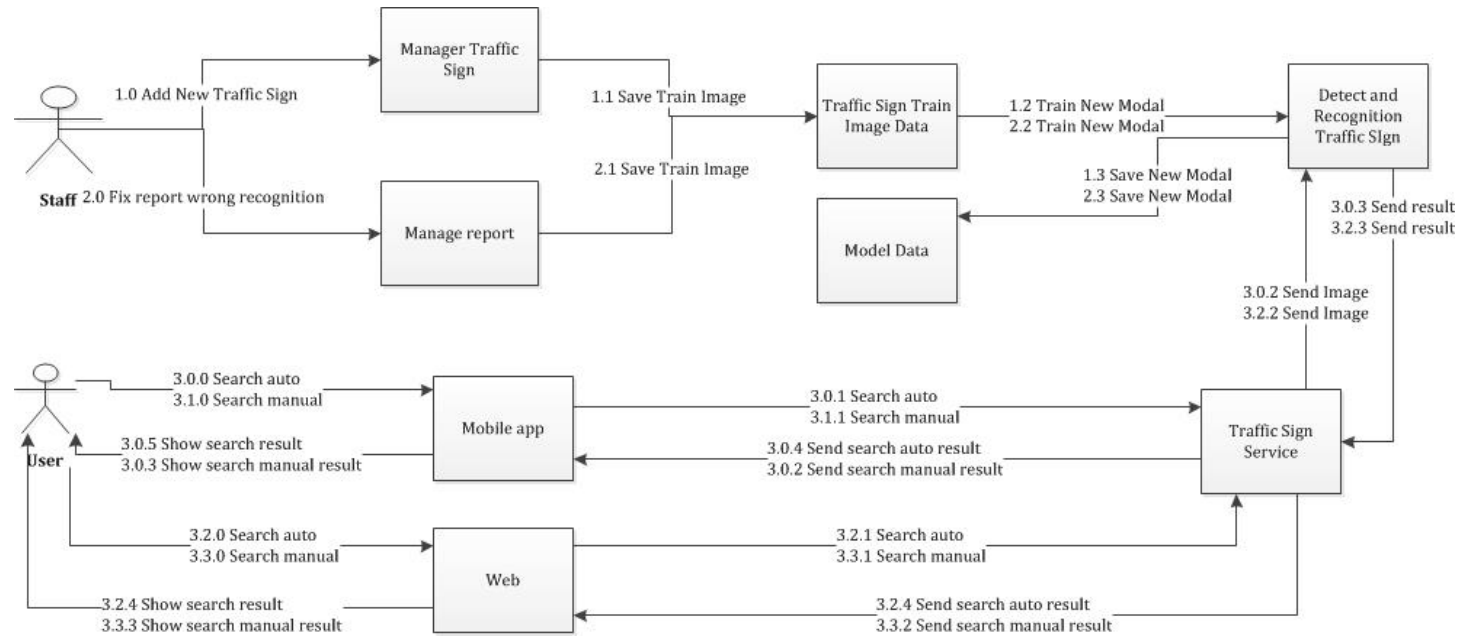


Figure 14: Core Workflow