PHRESCO

Phresco Framework

Newest version of the Social Media Framework

Version 3.2
February 2014

This document applies to Phresco Framework v3.2 and to all subsequent releases.

Specifications contained herein are subject to change and these changes will be reported in subsequent release notes or new editions.

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1 About This Guide

The purpose of this guide is to assist developers, testers, release engineers, managers and others aiming to use Phresco Framework user interface for maintaining and controlling the critical phases in the project lifecycle.

1.1 Document Conventions

Table 1: Conventions

Convention	Description
Orange	Identifies elements on a screen
	Note
Blue	Phresco UI Navigation (Breadcrumbs)
Italic	Code structure
*	This is mandatory symbol

2 Introduction

Phresco, a product of Photon Interactive Pvt Ltd, is designed to work seamlessly with the powerful and more popular technologies; Phresco assists users in creating projects that boast persistent uniformity in quality across platforms throughout the lifecycle of a project. Aiming to be the go-to tool for next generation multichannel development, Phresco allows the user to develop projects simultaneously with faster cycles across multiple channels. Phresco is endowed with latest tools and capabilities along with expanding libraries of pre-built templates, standardized codes and manifold archetypes which aid the development team to increase their capability by limiting the occurrences of errors and reducing the development time. Projects created using Phresco Framework adheres to the best practices in the industry making them resourceful, effective and reusable.

2.1 What Is Phresco Framework?

Phresco is a next-generation development framework of frameworks. It is a platform for creating next generation web, mobile and Multichannel presences leveraging existing investments combined with accepted industry best practices. Phresco publishes new artifacts (components) in the centralized maven repository or Customer specific repository under appropriate technologies. Once published in the centralized repository, subscribed users can view and deploy those artifacts in their projects.

Phresco encapsulates the best practices of a project structure, re-usable components, standards, documentation, quality assurance and release process. This ensures the quality of a project deliverables, which in turn will increase the productivity of a project. Though Phresco guarantees projects adhering to best practices, it permits every organization to follow their respective quality measures and standards.

3 Phresco – Powered With Facets

3.1 Lifecycle Management

Maintaining end to end lifecycle of a project has never been easier.

From providing a stepwise method in creating a template project to integrating tools for code validation, build and deployment and continuous improvement, Phresco makes sure that every aspect of a project lifecycle is taken care of. The integration of Phresco with multiple open source projects allows the user community to reap the full benefits of the Framework.

3.2 Pre - Built Architecture

Phresco provides a pre-built architecture model with certified template architectures such as Multichannel widget, SharePoint web parts and NodeJS Service gateway. It contains standard build structures with supported versions.

3.3 Quality Assurance

Phresco contains powerful automated testing instruments designed to analyze and test the project at the code level. The testing methods deployed in Phresco include:

- Unit Testing
- Component Testing
- Functional Testing
- Manual Testing
- Performance Testing
- Load Testing

By using static code analysis tools to pick up and compare the metrics of different technologies with the source codes, Phresco makes sure that the project is of quality standards. Phresco Archetypes, created by following the best practices in the respective domains, help the developers in creating model projects by providing basic templates for any desired technology.

3.4 Web Development

Phresco offers support for web development tools such as ASP.NET, SharePoint, SiteCore (an additional plugin for creating SharePoint projects), PHP (raw), PHP (Drupal), WordPress, HTML5 YUI Mobile Widget, HTML5 JQuery Mobile Widget, Html5 Multichannel YUI Widget, HTML5 Multichannel JQuery Widget, HTML5 and Java standalone. It also supports web applications using Responsive web design and Java / NodeJS based web services.

3.5 Mobile/Web Application Development

Phresco patronage of the Responsive web design concept makes the mobile/web application development for iOS, Android, Blackberry and Windows 8 unproblematic and resourceful.

3.5.1 iOS Features

- **iOS Platforms**

  To test IOS applications, Phresco framework allows testers to select the required devices and its versions. Phresco finds out the installed versions of the devices available in the system and only those versions are shortlisted.

- **iOS Devices**

  While deploying and testing the IOS application, Phresco Framework provides the option of selecting iOS simulator or iPad simulator from the dropdown box listed under family. This is done by integrating waxsim plugin in the Framework.

Note:

- Waxsim starts automatically in tandem with the Phresco framework
- It can also be installed manually from the directory path phresco-framework/workspace/tools/waxsim.
- The command xcodebuild install DSTROOT= from the command prompt will install the tool to the local machine.
- Prerequisites For Executing Application Test w.r.t IOS through Phresco;
  - IOS-Sim tool should be installed manually.
  - For this go to the path Phresco-framework/workspace/tools/ios-sim then execute the below command to install ios-sim in the local machine.

    rake install prefix=/usr/local/

- **iOS Workspace**

  The iOS Workspace is an Xcode project for integrating multiple iOS Native and iOS library apps. Phresco offers support throughout the development cycle of a Native application culminating with the generation of .app file.

- **iOS Library**

  Phresco allows for the creation of a static library and offers code validation and build generation support for the same. The newly created iOS library can be used in any application and cannot be deployed separately.

3.5.2 Android Features

- **Proguard Enablement**

  The source code can be decompiled and viewed from the installed application. To keep it in encrypted format, Proguard enablement shuffles the java classes and gives an ID to each class. The Class and its ID will be unrelated; i.e., the class will be shuffled and will be renamed as a, b, c, d.

- **Application Signing**

  Android system requires that all installed applications be digitally signed with a certificate whose private key is held by the application's developer. In order to make application available in Android store (Market), the application has to be certified. Phresco allows user to select certificate through the Phresco UI while build the app for final release.

- **ZipAlign**

  Zipalign is an archive alignment tool introduced first time with 1.6 Android SDK (software development kit). It optimizes the way an Android application package (APK) is packaged. Doing so enables the Android operating system to interact with the application more efficiently, and hence has the potential to make the application and overall the whole system much faster. Execution time is minimized for zipaligned an application, resulting is lesser amount of RAM consumption when running the APK.

- **NDK Support**

  Native codes can also be used as an android application when the compiled native code is copied in the path <PHRESCO_HOME>/workspace/projects /PHR_Android/source/libs>. Phresco does not directly support NDK.

- **Android Library**

  Phresco offers support to create an Android Library project. An Android Library is a development project that holds shared Android source code and resources. Any Android application project can reference the Library and, at build time, include its compiled sources in their .apk files.
  Multiple application projects can reference the same Library and any single application project can reference multiple Libraries.

3.6 Standalone Application Development

Standalone application does not require any software other than the operating system to run. This support is provided in the latest version of Phresco, where java standalone applications can be created.

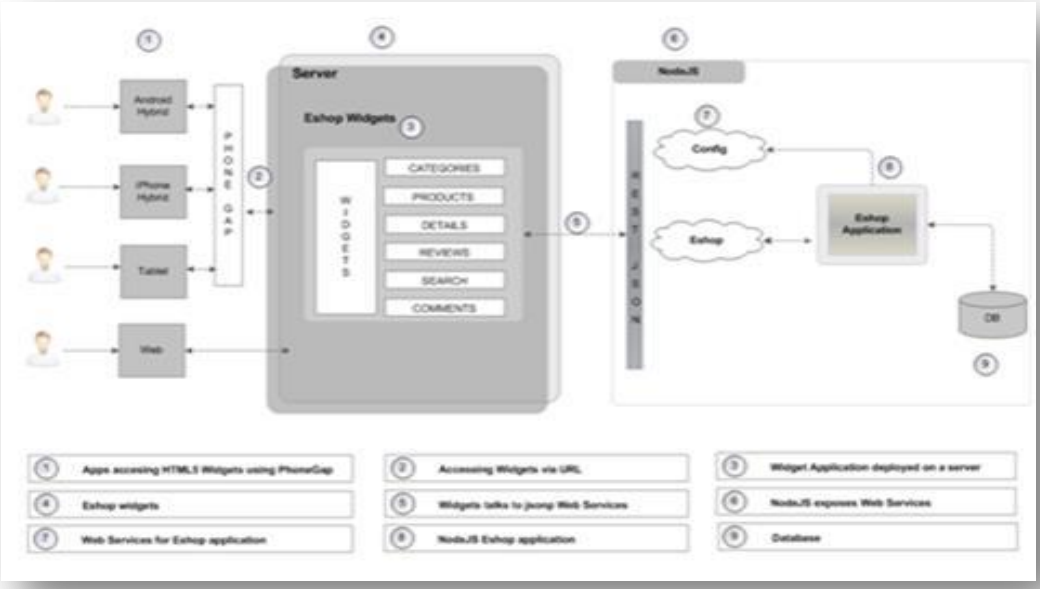
3.7 Multichannel Presence

The Burgeoning user base of Internet has forced organizations to provide customers a seamless environment for buying or utilizing their services in a manner that the channels complement each other. Having this in mind, Phresco has enabled Widgetized Responsive web design to be accessed across various channels.

3.8 Responsive Web Design

When creating a web page, it's been a common tactic to serve up two different sets of pages - one for desktop browsers, another for mobile devices. With a wide variety of mobile devices, screen sizes and hardware features, designing a separate version for each quickly becomes impractical.

Phresco deploys the Responsive Web Design (RWD) concept to adjust the layout and features of a website based on how it's being viewed. Phresco with the aid of RWD helps developers in exposing the myriad functionalities developed using Phresco across multiple channels i.e., web, mobile, tablet and kiosk with minimum resizing, panning and scrolling efforts.



Multichannel Architecture in Phresco

3.9 Reuse and Continuous Improvement

For any organization, promoting reusability of the components is important. The components (artifacts) such as libraries, features, Web parts, archetypes, pilot projects and other artifacts can be reused in numerous projects with minimal changes.

3.10 Continuous Integration

One of the cherished aspects of Phresco is the Continuous Integration feature made available as part of the Framework which generates the build automatically deploys it and tests the build in periodic manner. With this feature, it is trouble-free to keep track of the latest build updates and make sure that the builds adapt seamlessly to the existing project which is otherwise a tedious process. Added advantage in the Phresco is multiple job creation. Multiple jobs can be created to a single project and it can be rearranged to maintain the order of the automation.

Phresco allows the developer to create and configure the jobs in Continuous Integration. Called Job Templates, these jobs can be assigned to multiple applications within a project. Once the order has been defined and saved, the continuous integration can be initiated from the pipeline.

4 Getting Started With Phresco Framework

Once JAVA_HOME path is set and jdk 1.6.0_18 version is installed, it's time to extract, install and start creating projects using Phresco.

4.1 Supported Platform

- Windows: xp, 2003, 2008, windows 7 (32 and 64 bits are supported), Windows 8 (32 and 64 bits are supported)
- Mac: OS X Mavericks, OS X Lion, OS X Mountain Lion
- Linux: RedHat, SUSE Linux, Ubuntu

4.2 Supported Browsers

- Firefox: Version 18 and above
- Google Chrome: Version 18 and above
- Internet Explorer: Version 9 and above
- Opera: Version 10 and above
- Safari: Version 5 and above

4.3 Steps To Extract and Execute Phresco Framework

- Download and unzip the Phresco build <version>.zip file containing Service war, Mongo DB dump and Phresco Framework
- Unzip the Phresco Framework <version>.zip available inside the Phresco Framework
- For Windows, Run <phresco-framework>/bin>start-framework-server.bat from the command prompt. This will automatically open Phresco Framework in the browser. (User's System Default Browser)
- For Mac/Linux, Run <phresco-framework>/bin>sh start-framework-server.sh from the terminal. This will automatically open Phresco Framework in the browser. (User's System Default Browser)

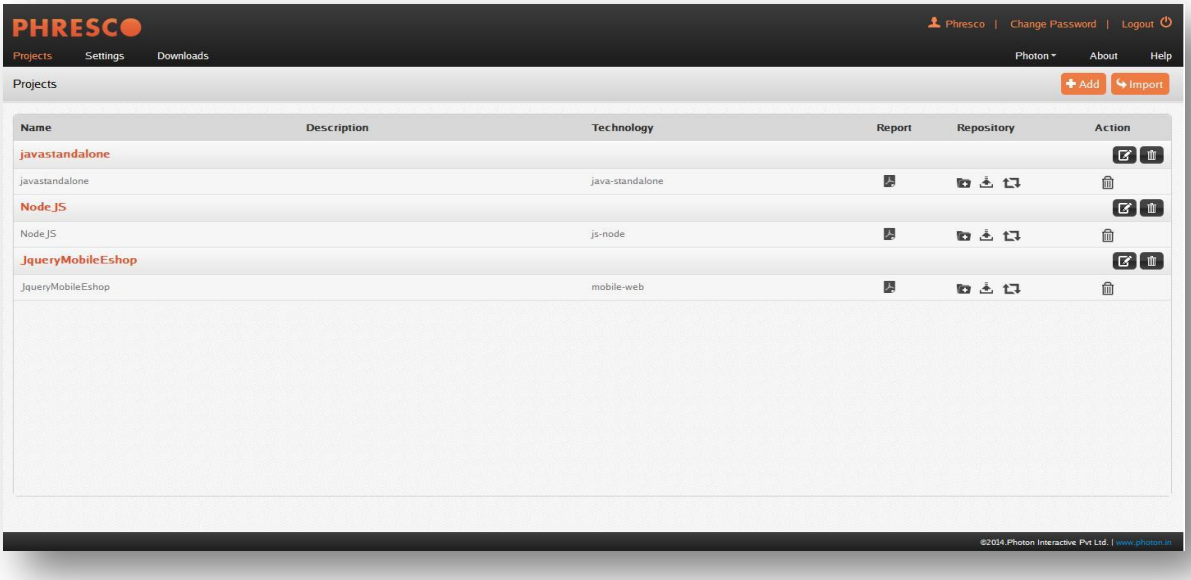
4.4 Logging On To Phresco Framework

- In the Web Browser, enter the URL where Phresco Framework is hosted
  The default URL will be *localhost:2468* or *local host:2468:/phresco*
  Customer context login is also possible. The URL will be *localhost:2468:/customer context*
- At the log in screen, enter organization's LDAP credentials
- Now click **Login**

5 Phresco Project Life Cycle

5.1 Projects

Phresco aids in developing web, mobile and web service applications based on any given project requirement. The Phresco created project contains a well defined archetype (Project structure), features, a testing structure and help documents. Out of the box features can be adapted to the project based on the requirements. On specific requests, additional features can be added to the framework by Photon on validation of the license.



Projects

5.1.1 Creating a Project

Phresco offers support in creating projects for multiple technologies. A new project can be created from the **Projects→Add**. Depending upon the requirements, projects can be created simultaneously in the Front end, Middle tier and CMS and they will be grouped under one umbrella.

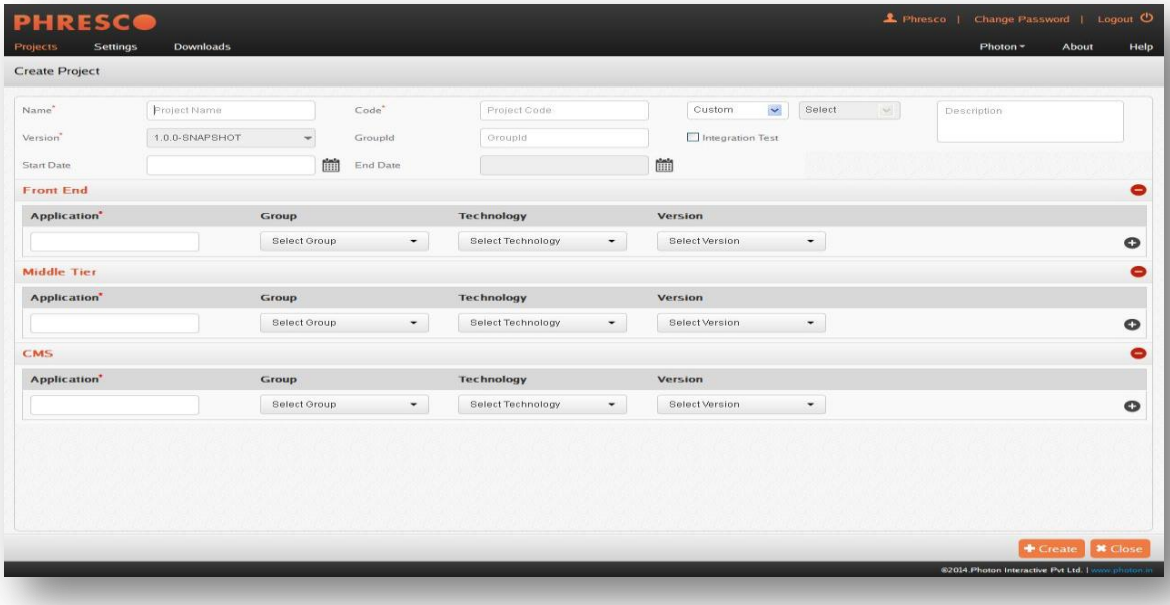
Fields in the Add Project are as follows

Name

It denotes the Name of the project created. Maximum text input of the field is restricted to 30 alphanumeric characters and is a mandatory field.

Code

It denotes the code of the project created. It is auto generated based on the name field.



Creating a Project

Version

It denotes the version of the project created. Maximum text input of the field is restricted to 20 alphanumeric characters with a special character ".". It is a mandatory field.

Description

It denotes the description of project created. Maximum text input of the field is restricted to 150 alphanumeric, special characters and is not a mandatory field.

Custom / Pre Built

The Custom option allows the developer to build the project progressively in tune with his requirements. To circumvent the troubles normally involved in developing the project from scratch, The Pre Built option contains pilot projects developed using best practices that the developer can effortlessly edit to suit his needs.

The pilot project possesses libraries, components and validated code structures that can be modified based on the requirement. It,

- Allows components/libraries deployed to be re-used in multiple other projects.
- Authorizes re-branding of the pilot projects.

Advantages

- Less effort needed in creating new projects
- Ease in adopting the validated code structures and verified test cases ensure quality and saves time
- Improves application performance

Start Date / End Date

It denotes the start and end date of the project. These dates will be reflected in the project tracker

Front End

S.No	Group	Technology	Version
1	BlackBerry	Mobile-app-bb10	7.x
2	Windows	Mobile-app-winMetro	7.x
		Mobile-app-winPhone8	8.x, 7.x
		Desktop-app-OSX	1.0
		Mobile-app-winMetro8-1	
3	Android	Library-app-android	4.4, 4.2, 4.1.2, 4.1, 4.0.3, 2.3.3, 2.2, 2.1_r1, 1.6
		Mobile-app-android	4.4, 4.2, 4.1.2, 4.1, 4.0.3, 2.3.3, 2.2, 2.1_r1, 1.6
		Hybrid-app-android	4.4, 4.2, 4.1.2, 4.1, 4.0.3, 2.3.3, 2.2, 2.1_r1, 1.6
		cordova-app-android	4.4, 4.2, 4.1.2, 4.1, 4.0.3, 2.3.3, 2.2, 2.1_r1, 1.6
4	HTML5	Responsive-web-yui	3.10.3, 3.10.2, 3.10.1, 3.10.0, 3.9.1, 3.9.0, 3.8.1, 3.8.0, 3.73, 3.72, 3.71, 3.70
		mobile-web-yui	3.10.3, 3.10.2, 3.10.1, 3.10.0, 3.9.1, 3.9.0, 3.8.1, 3.8.0, 3.73, 3.72, 3.71, 3.70
		Mobile-web	2.0.2, 2.0.1, 2.0.0, 1.7.2, 1.10.0
		Responsive-web	2.0.2, 2.0.1, 2.0.0, 1.7.2, 1.10.0
5	iOS	Library-app-iOS	
		hybrid-app-iOS	
		Mobile-app-iOS	
		cordova-iOS-app	

Middle Tier

S.No	Group	Technology	Version
1.	Java	Spring Swagger Splunk	1.6
		OSGI Fragment	1.0
		OSGI Bundle	1.0
		Java-standalone	1.7, 1.6, 1.5
		Java-tomcat	1.7, 1.6, 1.5
		Jersey-OSGi	1.0
		ATG Module	1.0
2.	DOTNET	.net-iis	4.0, 3.5, 3.0, 2.0
		.net-sharepoint	3.5, 3.0, 2.0
		.net-sitecore	3.5, 3.0, 2.0
		APILayer	4.0
		Dotnet-openauth	4.0
		Net-mvc4	1.0
		Dotnet-mvc2	4.0, 3.5, 3.0, 2.0
		Dotnet-mvc3	Dotnet-mvc3
		Dotnet-webapp	4.0, 3.5, 3.0, 2.0
		Dotnet-webservices	4.0
		Dotnet-webcontrol-library	4.0
		Dotnet-website	4.0
3.	PHP	Php-drupal7	7.8
		Php-wordpress	3.4.2, 3.3.1
		Php-raw	5.4x, 5.3x, 5.2x, 5.1x, 5.0x
		Php-drupal6	6.3, 6.25, 6.19
5.	NodeJS	Js-node	0.10.9, 0.10.8, 0.10.7, 0.10.6, 0.10.5, 0.10.4, 0.10.3, 0.10.2, 0.10.1, 0.10.0, 0.8.22, 0.8.20
		Node JS Component	1.0
6	C++		1.0
7	Sitecore		7.5

OSGi Build & Deploy

OSGI stands for Open Service Gateway Initiative. Presentation Services is a common name used to define Organizational web services hosted for some specific business needs. It has been group as 4 types (Spring Swagger Splunk, OSGI Bundle, OSGI Fragment, Jersey-OSGI).

The PS (Presentation Services) is sub-divided into 4 modules as follows.

- Presentation-services (main module) -- Spring Swagger Splunk
- Common(sub module) -- OSGI Bundle
- Log4j(sub module) -- OSGI Fragment
- Presentation Services (sub module) -- Jersey-OSGI

Requirements:

Build Requirement:

- Phresco 3.x.x is required to be installed and running.
- Either a new PS application be built or an existing PS application code base can be pulled into phresco workspace using the "Import" option.
- Calling the sub module "Presentation Services" will indirectly invoke common and Log4j during build activity.
- Also individual sub modules can be built if required.
- Presentation-services pom.xml will have module tag containing the names of the sub modules, in future required sub modules can be added here and also order of build invocation is based on this order.
- When you build the above main module, you won't get build generated rather it will show build success for each sub modules.

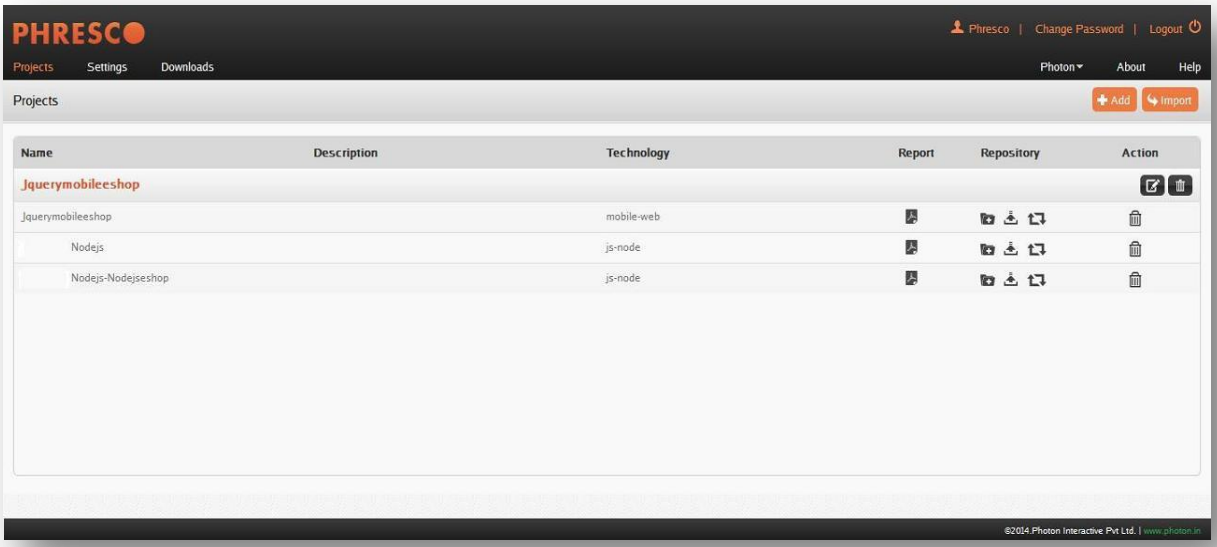
Deploy Requirement:

- Add the necessary environments under the configuration and add the deploy environment viz Felix running path details. (Note it's currently set as Remote deployment only).
- Java runtime (JRW) needs to be installed in local and also path needs to be set for Felix server to start and running in local machine.
- Felix server by default runs at 8080 only same as Tomcat, but it can be changed as needed.
- After deploying the PS application, the same can be seen in the URL http://localhost:<portno>/ system/console/bundles

CMS

S.No	Group	Technology	Version
1	CQ5	AEM CQ	5.6
2	Tridion	SDL Tridion Website	2013SP1 2011SP1
3	Demandware	Demandware	13.6
4	Salesforce	Salesforce	1.0

5.1.1.1 Multi-Module Support

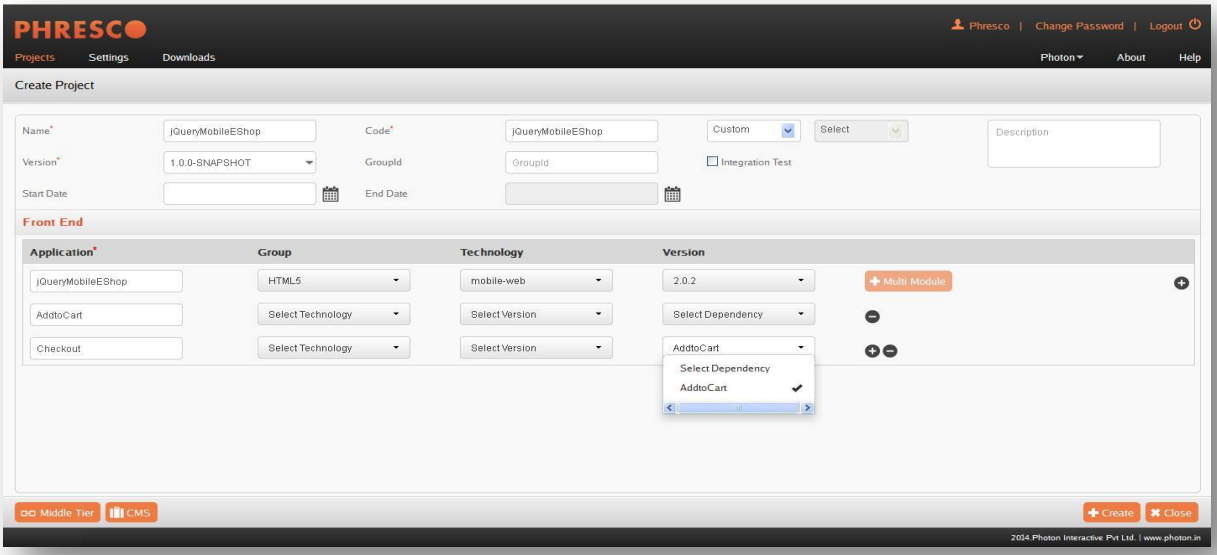


Multi-Module Support

Modules within a project can depend on each other. It is therefore, imperative to arrange the modules in a way that guarantees the validity of the project built.

The dependency between modules include

- The success of an another module in the project
- A plugin declaration where the plugin is an another module in the project
- A plugin dependency on another module in the project
- The order declared in the <modules> element (if no other rule applies)



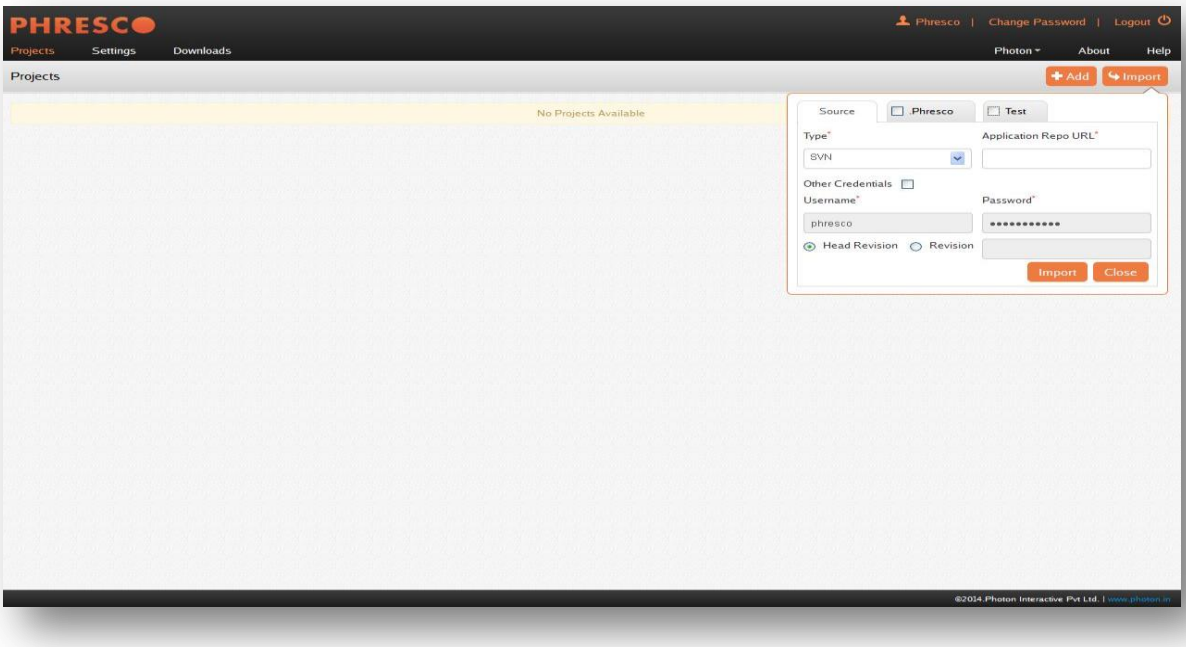
Module Selection

5.1.2 Import Application

Apart from creating applications using Phresco, developers can also create their applications with Phresco standards and import them into Phresco Framework. Import Application will automatically check out an application in the following path of the folder (*Phresco-framework-1.0\Phresco-framework\workspace\projects*)

SVN

Import from SVN is used for importing a replica of an application. Developers can check in and make changes to an application which will be reflected in the main application. Conflictions may occur if two developers check in at the same time. Only those applications developed using the Phresco standards can be imported from the SVN.



Import Application from SVN

Fields in import application are as follows

Source

Application Repo URL

URL of the SVN application to be imported into Phresco framework.

Other credential

Enter the SVN credentials if it is different from the one used to sign in to Phresco.

Username

The username used to login to the framework will be the default value in this field. This can be changed using the Other Credential option.

Password

The password used to login to the framework will be the default value in this field. This can be changed using the Other Credential option.

Head Revision

It imports the latest revision of an application from the version controlling system.

Revision

Revision is to import an application by providing the revision number. Previously checked in applications can be imported using revision number

.Phresco

Use this option to import *.Phresco* folder if it is checked in a different location than source files

.Test

Use this option to import *.Test* folder if it is checked in a different location than source files

GIT

Like SVN, GIT is a distributed revision control and source code management (SCM) system. Every GIT working directory is a full-fledged repository with complete history and full revision tracking capabilities. Import from GIT is used to import a replica of a project and make changes to it. Applications can be cloned from the repository by giving the repository URL.

Note
GIT_HOME environment variable should be set
E.g., GIT_HOME = C:\Program Files\Git;
path = %GIT_HOME %\bin;

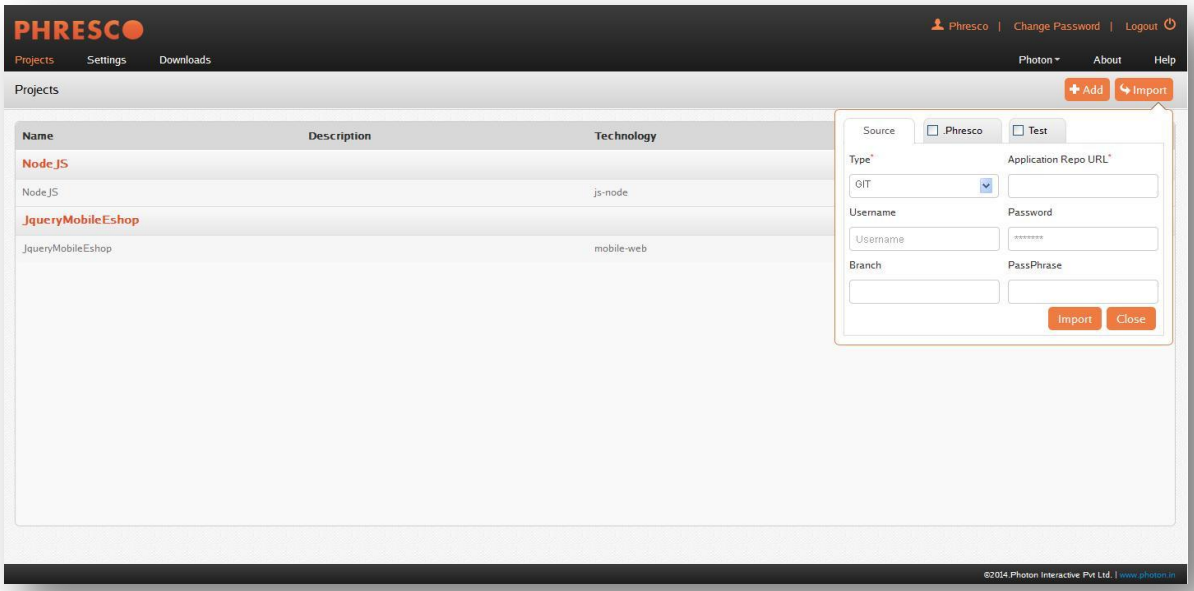
Fields in import application are as follows

Application Repo URL

URL of the GIT repository to be imported into Phresco framework.

Username

Username of the private repository for the private customers. This field is not mandatory and the public repository can be used by the customers.



Import Application from GIT

Password

Password of the private repository for the private customers. This field is not mandatory and the public repository can be used by the customers.

Branch

Specify the branch name to effect changes in parallel

Ssh Prefixed Import

Generating SSH Keys:

For Mac, follow the below steps to generate SSH keys. For Windows, use GIT bash.

step 1 : Navigate to .ssh using below command
cd ~/.ssh
ls

Lists the files in your .ssh directory

step 2 : geneate the ssh key using the below command
ssh-keygen -t rsa -C "your_email@example.com"
below interative mode will appear just hit enter without any input
Generating public/private rsa key pair.
Enter file in which to save the key (//.ssh/id_rsa):
Enter passphrase (empty for no passphrase):
Enter same passphrase again:
the key will be generated in ~/.ssh directory in mac & c:/user home/.ssh

step 3 : Upload the generated .pub key in insight or git based on the requirement
For insight use the below url & upload the key under ssh public keys
https://insight.photoninfotech.com/gerrit/#settings
& for git in settings

Step 4: you can use the ssh url to import the project

Import ssh prefixed git url into framework:

Example :

Git url:ssh://(Git URL)
username:No
password:No
branch:presentation-service-main

Bitkeeper

Fields include

Application Repo URL

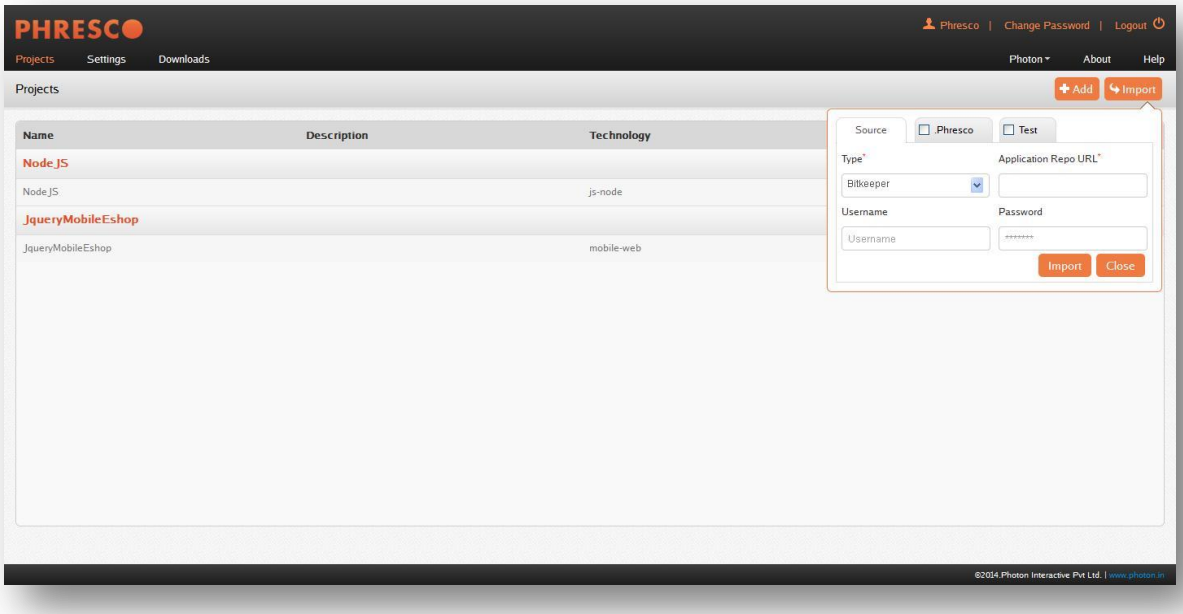
URL of the GIT repository to be imported into Phresco framework.

Username

Username of the private repository for the private customers. This field is not mandatory and the public repository can be used by the customers.

Password

Password of the private repository for the private customers. This field is not mandatory and the public repository can be used by the customers.



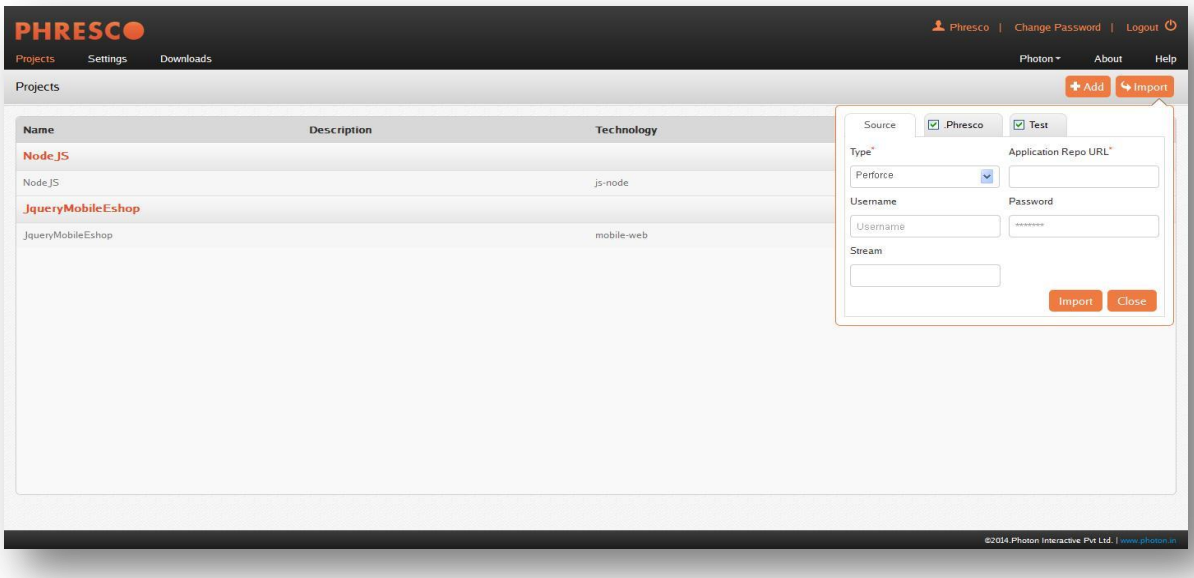
Import Application from Bitkeeper

Perforce

Fields include

Application Repo URL

URL of the Perforce application to be imported into Phresco framework.



Import Application from Perforce

Username

The username used to login to the framework will be the default value in this field. This can be changed using the Other Credential option.

Password

The password used to login to the framework will be the default value in this field. This can be changed using the Other Credential option.

TFS

Fields include

Application Repo URL

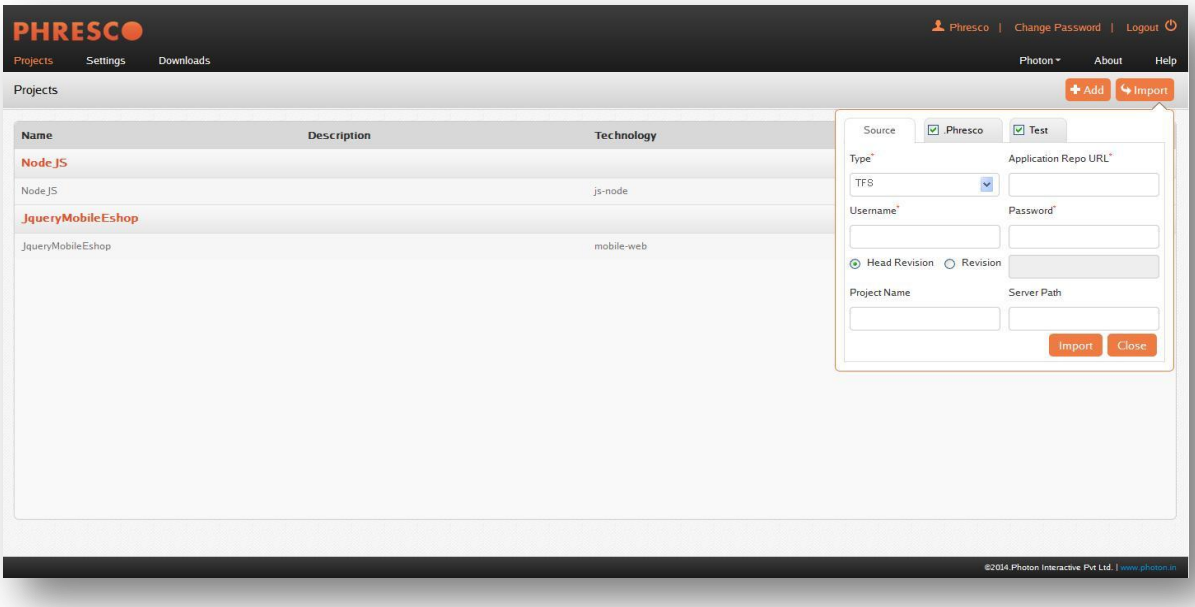
URL of the Perforce application to be imported into Phresco framework.

Username

The username used to login to the framework will be the default value in this field. This can be changed using the Other Credential option.

Password

The password used to login to the framework will be the default value in this field. This can be changed using the Other Credential option.



Import Application from TFS

Head Revision

It imports the latest revision of an application from the version controlling system.

Revision

Revision is to import an application by providing the revision number. Previously checked in applications can be imported using revision number

Project Name

Name of the project to be imported

Server Path

The path from which the Perforce application is to be imported into Phresco framework

5.1.3 Add to Repo & Commit to Repo

Using Phresco, users can add their applications to SVN repo and can also commit and update them. A detailed procedure for updating the applications is given in the next section.

Add, Update and Commit to Repo

5.1.4 Update Application in SVN and GIT

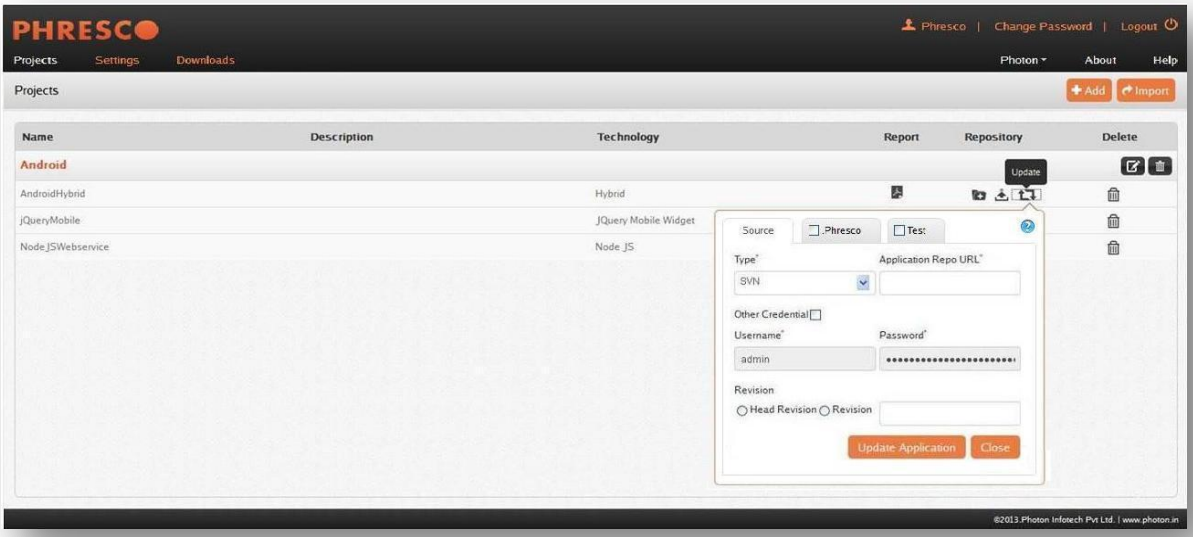
The applications imported using SVN and GIT can be updated by clicking the update icon available next to the application name in the Projects page. On clicking the update icon a pop up appears with two options.

SVN

Fields in the update application are as follows

Application Repo URL

URL of the SVN application to be imported into Phresco framework.



Update Application - SVN

Other credential

Enter the SVN credentials if it is different from the one used to sign in to Phresco.

Username

The username used to login to the framework will be the default value in this field. This can be changed using the Other Credential option.

Password

The password used to login to the framework will be the default value in this field. This can be changed using the Other Credential option.

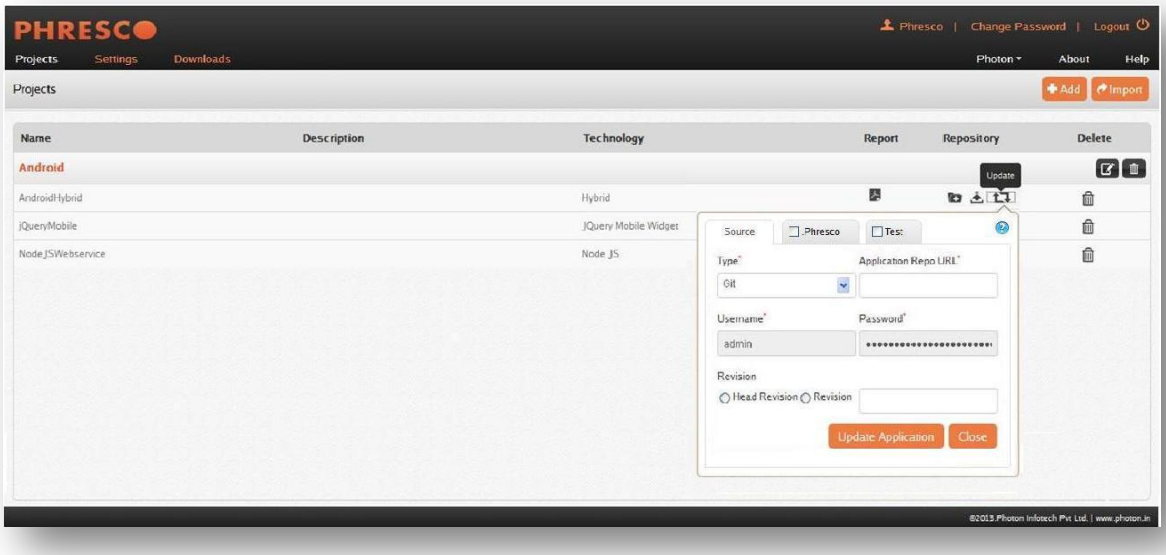
Head Revision

Head revision imports the latest revision of an application from the version controlling system.

Revision

Revision is to import an application by providing the revision number. Previously checked in applications can be imported using revision number

GIT



Update Application - GIT

Fields in the update application are as follows

Repository URL

URL of the GIT repository to be imported into Phresco framework.

Username

Username of the private repository for the private customers. This field is not mandatory and the public repository can be used by the customers.

Password

Password of the private repository for the private customers. This field is not mandatory and the public repository can be used by the customers.

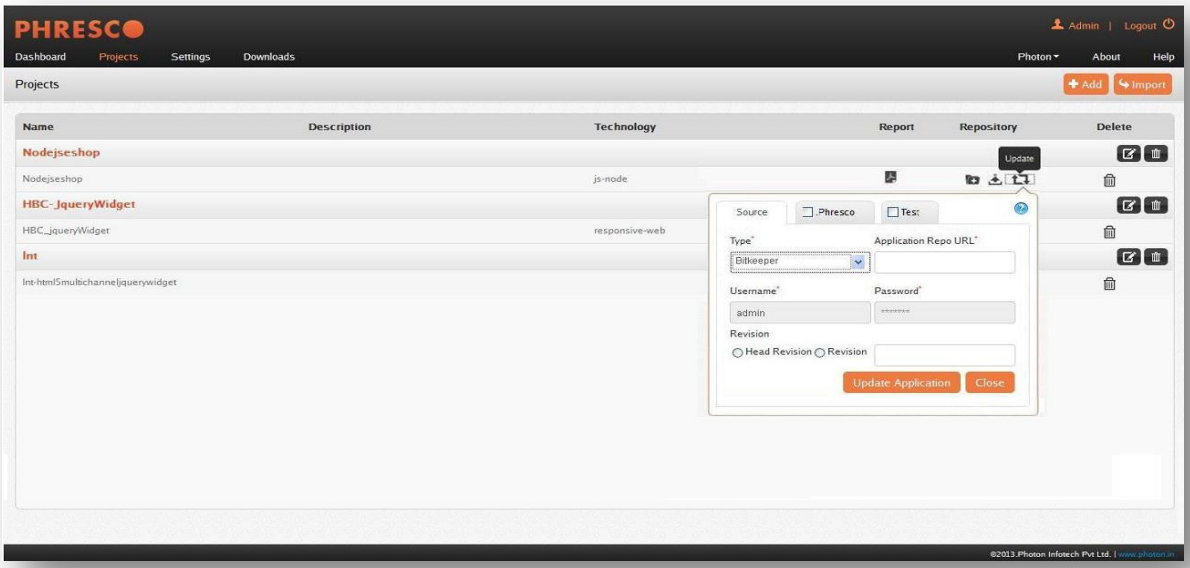
Head Revision

Head revision imports the latest revision of an application from the version controlling system.

Revision

Revision is to import an application by providing the revision number. Previously checked in applications can be imported using revision number

Bitkeeper



Update Application - Bitkeeper

Fields in the update application are as follows

Repository URL

URL of the GIT repository to be imported into Phresco framework.

Username

Username of the private repository for the private customers. This field is not mandatory and the public repository can be used by the customers.

Password

Password of the private repository for the private customers. This field is not mandatory and the public repository can be used by the customers.

Head Revision

Head revision imports the latest revision of an application from the version controlling system.

Revision

Revision is to import an application by providing the revision number. Previously checked in applications can be imported using revision number

5.1.5 PDF Report

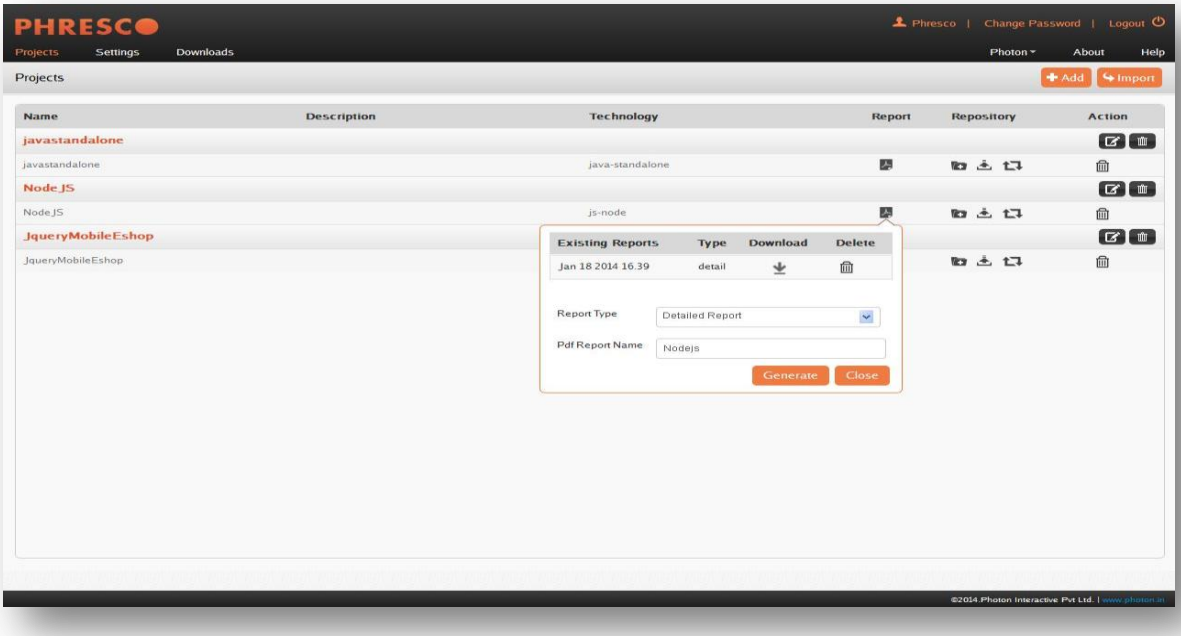
The PDF Reports for the Code Validation, Unit Test, Functional Test, Performance Test and Load Test can be viewed by clicking the PDF Report icon available next to the application name in the Projects page. On clicking the PDF Report icon a pop up appears.

The popup has a Report type dropdown in which the Over All report and Detailed Report values are available. The user can select either the Over All report and Detailed Report and click generate button, the PDF Report will be available.

Note

For viewing the PDF Reports any one of the below has to be executed

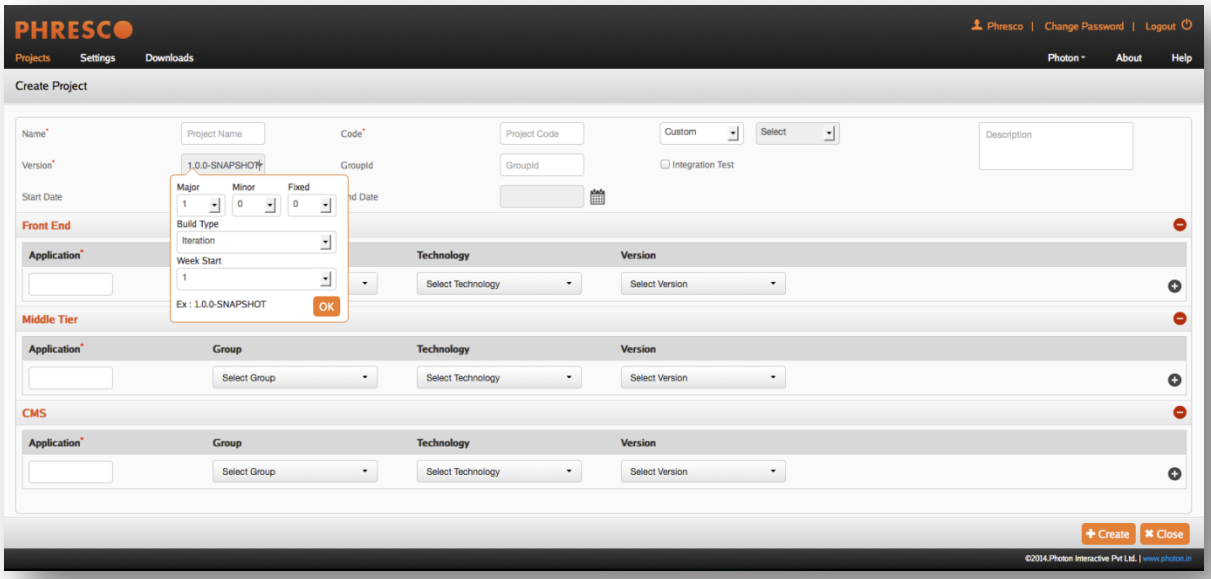
- Code Validation
- Unit Test
- Functional Test
- Performance Test
- Load Test



PDF Report Generation

5.1.6 Build Versioning

Developers can assign unique version numbers to the projects during project creation. They can use the version number category (Major, Minor) to identify the project version created. The build type can be classified based on an iteration, sprint or date.



Build Versioning during Project Creation

5.2 Edit Project

Phresco permits editing certain aspects of existing project. This includes

- The general description of the project
- Adding new applications to the existing project

The project created has configurations that make the project easier to develop & maintain.

5.2.1 Dashboard

Phresco's interactive dashboard aid users in moving seamlessly through the Framework. The dashboard briefly highlights the essential aspects of a project which can be viewed in detail with a single click. Among those highlighted include,

- Project Tracker
- Code Validation
- Test results
- Continuous Integration
- Phresco updates
- Technology related documents and videos

5.2.2 Settings

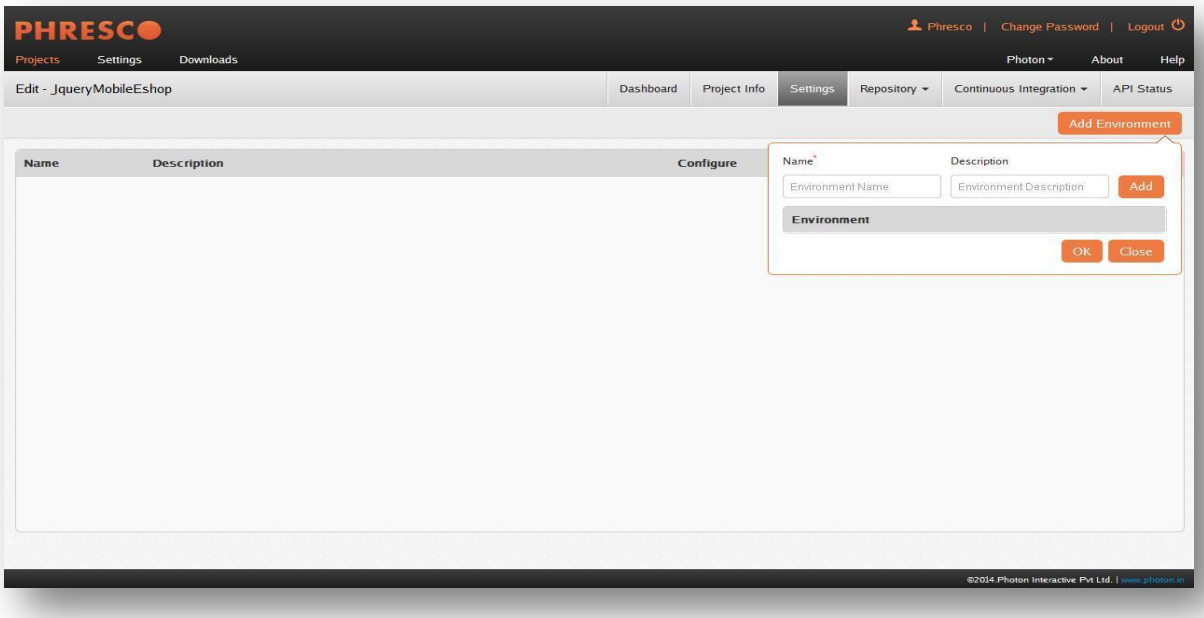
Environment set up in Phresco user interface is made very simple and the developers can create any number of environments to deploy a single build. The environment configurations with user credentials and other significant data are stored in Phresco-env-config.xml. When the environment to be deployed is not selected, the application selects the default environment for the applications. The default environment can be switched over between any environments that are created using Phresco Framework.

Note

- For the successful installation of Drupal the following changes has to be enabled.
- Extension of php_mcrypt in php.ini should be added with php_mcrypt.dll.

Creating an Environment

Multiple environments can be created from the Edit Application page by clicking the **Application created -> Configuration -> Add Environment**

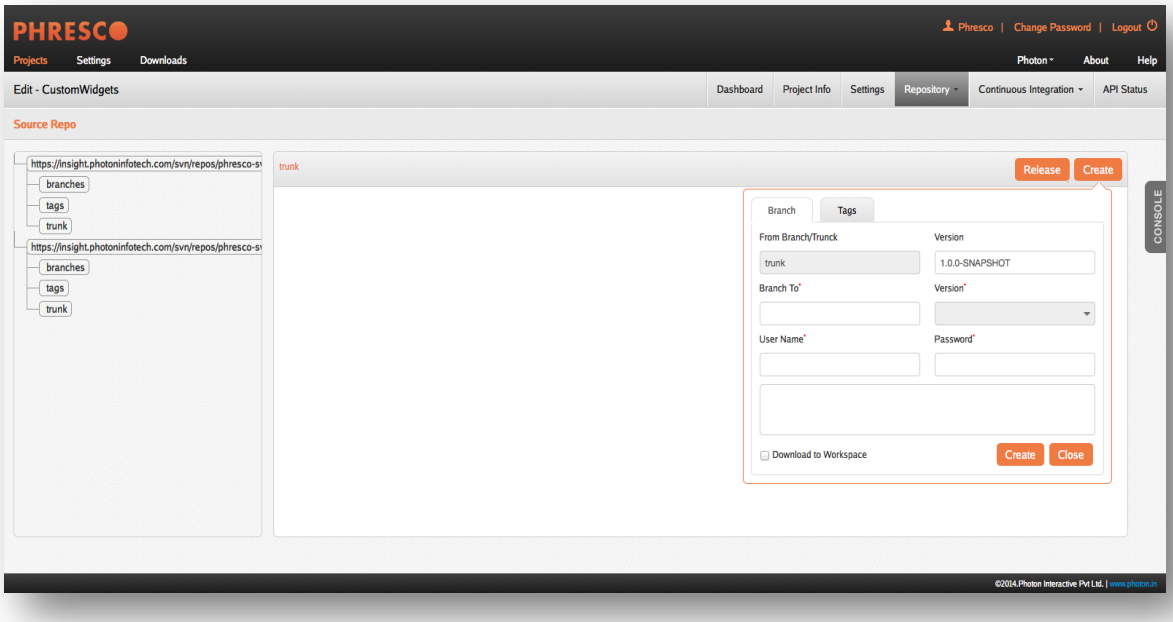


Environment Creation

5.2.3 Repository

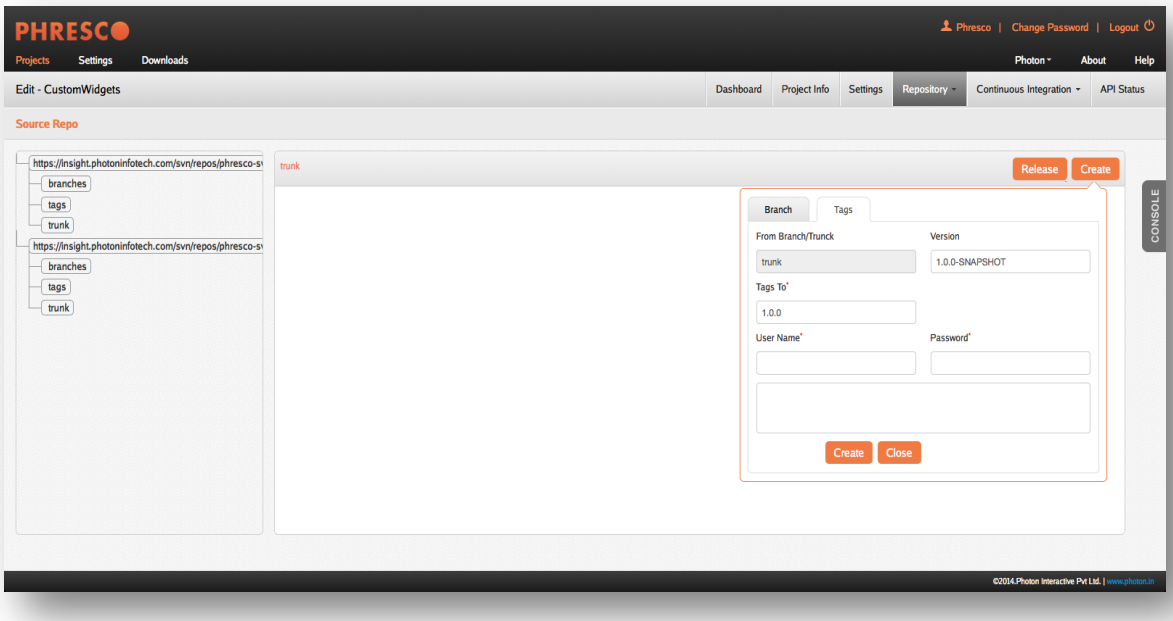
This tab allows developers to

- Create a new software branch or a trunk from an existing branch



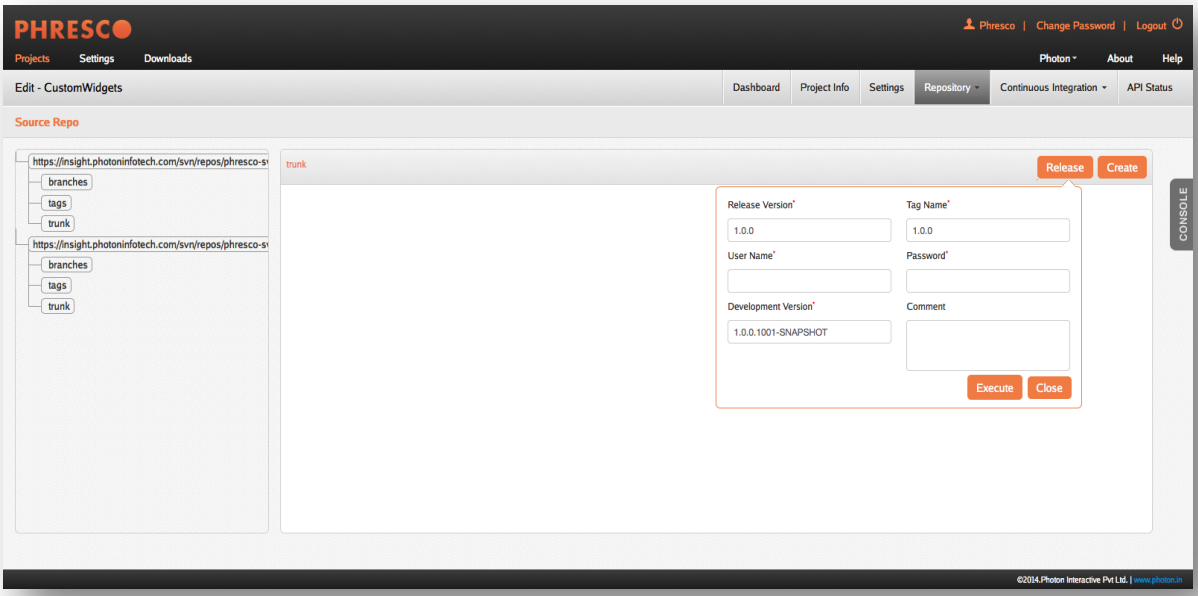
Creating a New Branch

- Create a new software tag



Creating a New Tag

- Release a stable build. The developer has the option to directly deploy in the desired environment.



Releasing a Stable Build

5.2.4 Continuous Integration

Project level continuous integration offers multi module support and allows the developer to coalesce one or more applications present within a project for CI process. The jobs present within the applications can be combined, rearranged in a desired order, configured and saved.

CI configuration for a specific application within the project can also be performed through the CI option present inside the particular application.

For a detailed explanation and walkthrough on CI, refer Section 9.

5.2.5 API Status

It shows the real time availability and performance status of Phresco service. It provides information on the uptime and performance history and any performance issues that may exist.

5.3 Edit Application

Each application has its own configuration and lifecycle.

5.3.1 App Info

The App Info encompasses the information about an application. It holds the information about the Server, Database and the Web Service components utilized by the application.

Fields present in the App info are as follows

Name

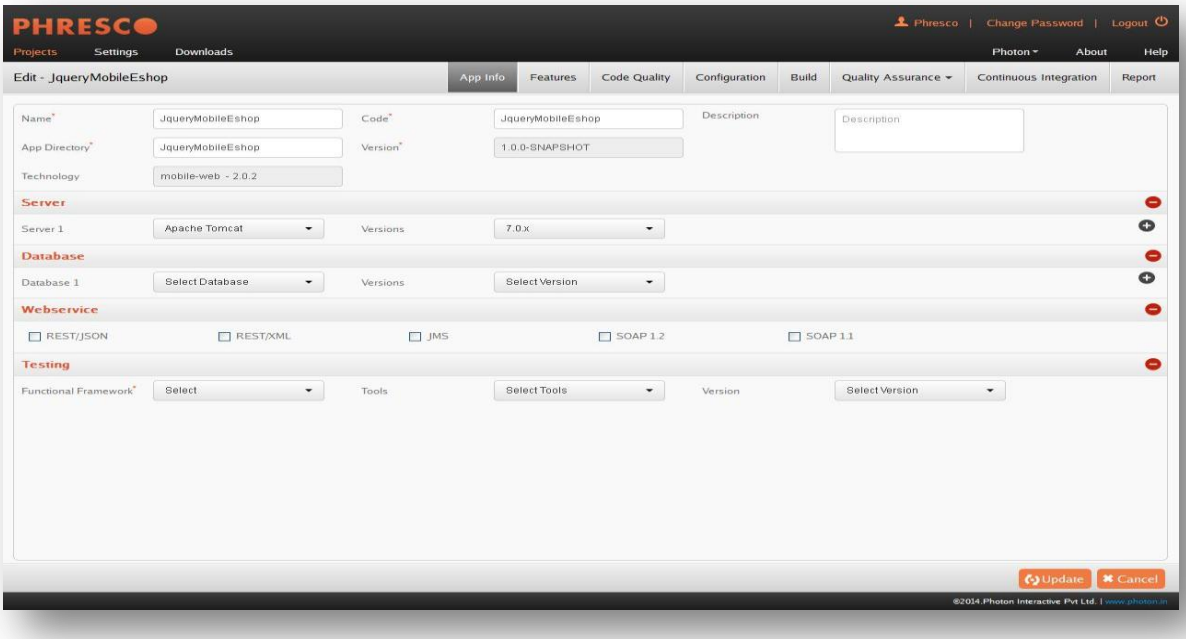
It denotes the Name in which the application is created. Maximum text input of the field is restricted to 30 alphanumeric characters and is a mandatory field.

Code

It denotes the code in which the application is created. It is auto generated based on the name field.

App Directory

This field is used to rename an existing application at the directory level



Edit Application

Description

It denotes the description of the application created. Up to 150 characters of the field can be entered and is not a mandatory field.

Version

It denotes the version of the application. 20 alphanumeric characters with a special character "." can be entered and is a mandatory field.

Technology (Archetype)

This field highlights the technology selected at the time of application creation. This field cannot be altered.

Servers

Every organization has an affinity to adopt applications to their in-house servers, saving time and allaying adaptability concerns. Understanding this need, Phresco has been configured in such a way that the application developed or adopted can run on a wide range of servers available in the market.

The desired server can be selected from the dropdown box in the accordion.

Supported Servers	Versions
Apache Tomcat	7.0.x, 6.0.x, 5.5.x
JBoss	7.1.x, 7.0.x, 6.1.x, 6.0.x, 5.1.x, 5.0.x, 4.2.x, 4.0.x
IIS	7.5, 7.0, 6.0, 5.1, 5.0
Web Logic	12c(12.1.1), 11gR(10.3.6), 11g(10.3.1), 10.3, 10.0, 9.2, 9.1
Apache	2.3, 2.2, 2.0, 1.3
NodeJS	0.6.x, 0.7.x, 0.8.x
Jetty	8.x, 7.x, 6.x, 5.x, 4.x
SharePoint Server	2007
MAMP	2.0.5
LAMP	0.0.9

WAMP	2.1e
XAMP	1.7.7
MicroApache	2.0.64
Apache Tomcat64	7.0.25

Database

Like Servers, Phresco incorporates popular databases that are widely preferred by organizations. For the same application, Phresco allows more than one database to be shortlisted. In the App info page, the developers can choose their preferred database from the list.

Supported Databases	Versions
MySQL	**5.5.1, 5.5, 5.1, 5.0, 4.1, 4.0**
Oracle	**11gR2, 11gR1, 10gR1, 10gR2 9iR2, 9iR1, 8iR3, 8iR2, 8iR1, 8i**
MongoDB	**2.0.4, 1.8.5**
DB2	**10, 9.7, 9.5, 9**
Microsoft SQL	**2012, 2008R2, 2008, 2005**

Note

Oracle database requires a dependency jar file. This jar should be used with a proper license and hence the users should manually add the dependency tag in the pom file which points the file path present in the local machine. Below is the example code snippet

```
<dependency>
   <groupId>com.oracle</groupId>
   <artifactId>ojdbc14</artifactId>
   <version>10.2.0.</version>
    <scope>system</scope>
    <systemPath>DRIVER NAME:/oracle/webdriver/ojdbc14--10.2.0.jar</systemPath>
</dependency>
```

Web Service

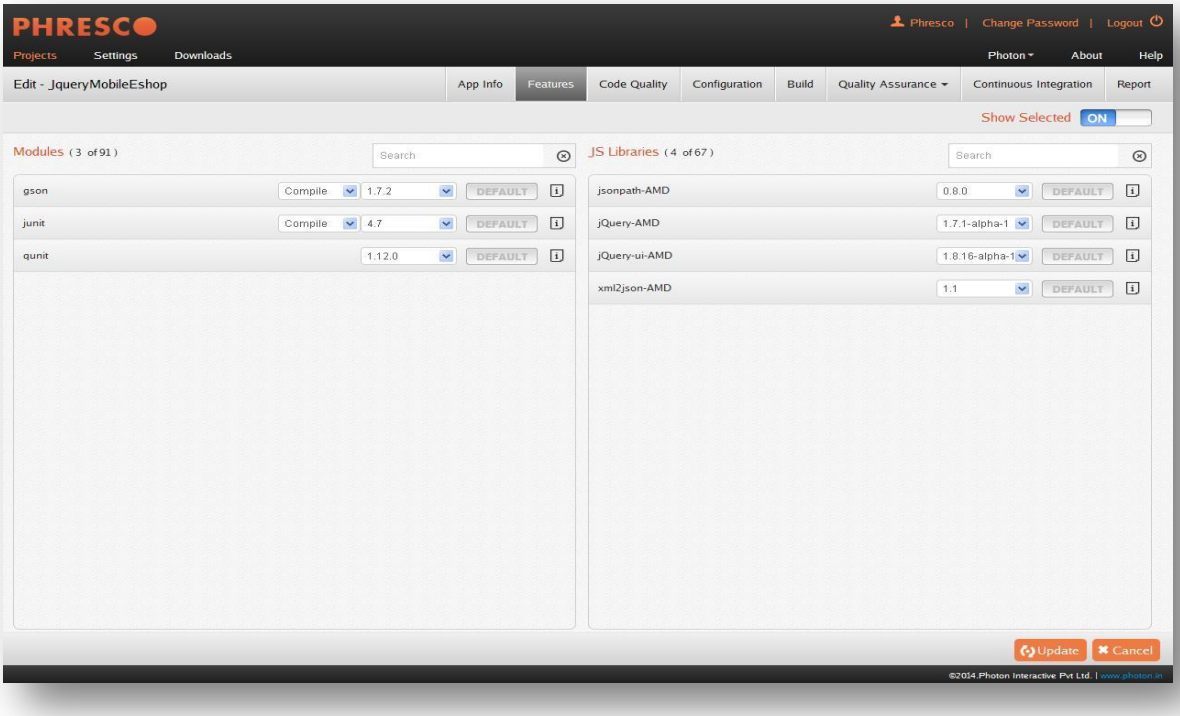
Some of the established Web Services are supported in Phresco Framework. Phresco allows more than one Web Service to be selected from the "**App Info**" page. From the shortlisted Web Services displayed in the App Info page, the desired option can be chosen.

The supported Web Services in Phresco Framework includes,

- REST/JSON 1.0
- REST/XML 1.0
- SOAP 1.1
- SOAP 1.2
- JMS

5.3.2 Features

Phresco provides numerous Modules and JS libraries to enhance the application. Every feature contains a feature icon and a brief description.



Feature Selection page

Modules

Modules include external features and custom features. External features are out of the box features offered by Phresco to enhance an application. Customer specific features can be incorporated in Phresco based on requests.

JS Libraries

Phresco offers JS Libraries as out of the box features to alleviate some of the difficulties faced in the development of Java Script based applications.

Components

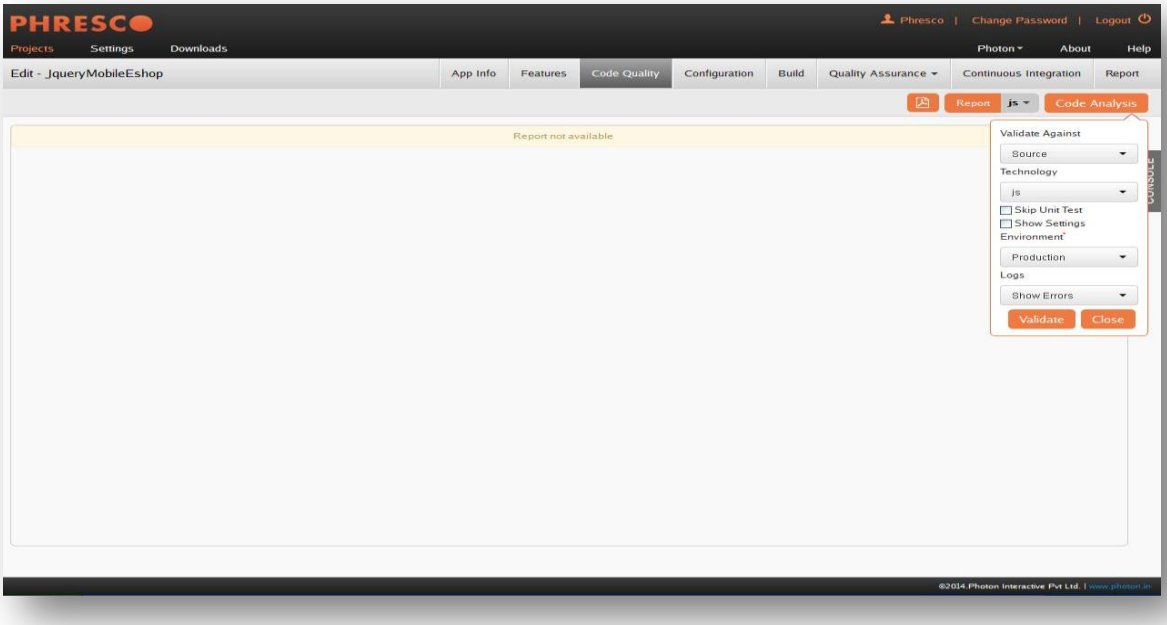
These are prebuilt software packages that can be reused in multiple other applications.

5.3.3 Code Quality

Code Analysis is a method wherein the source code of an application is tested in compliance with the prescribed standards. Phresco renders code analysis by picking up standards for distinct technologies and examining the disparity with codes of the application. The errors are extricated depending on how the errors affect the application.

Phresco also supports code analysis of test cases. The technologies supported by Phresco for code analysis of source are Java, Java Script, HTML and JSP/JSF. The Sonar tool should have been started in order to perform Code analysis. When Phresco starts, Sonar also starts automatically.

The **Validate** button will be enabled once the Sonar is started. Otherwise a warning message "Sonar not yet started" will be displayed. Once the code is validated, validation reports for **Source** and **Functional test** are made available in the validation report dropdown box. Use **Skip Unit test** to skip the unit test when performing code validation against source.



Code Validation

Prerequisites for code validation

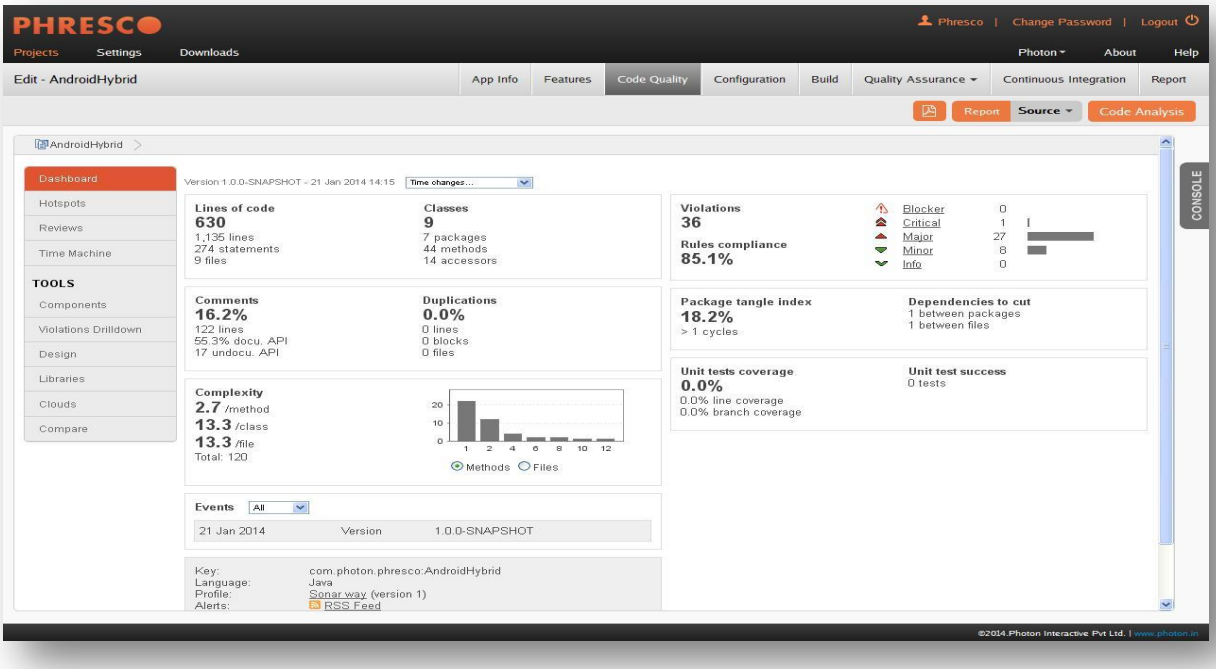
A prior installation of PEAR software is essential to run code validation for PHP, Drupal and WordPress applications.

- PHP Path should be set in environment variable
- Maven path should be set before the installation of Pear
- Pear has to be installed

To install PEAR in Phresco

1. Set pear path- {pear installation path}/<APACHE>/bin/php in the environment variables for users
2. Set PHP path- {PHP installation path}/<APACHE>/bin/php/php 5.3.5 in the environment variables for system.
3. To set Maven path in the environment:

- Open a command prompt
- Navigate to Phresco Framework-> bin
- Run the env.bat (windows)/env.sh (Mac and LINUX) for this will set Maven temporarily in the command prompt



Code validation report

- Following this the steps for Pear installation should be carried over in the same command prompt

Note:

- This is carried over only when maven is not available.
- Setup for wamp and xamp is available in downloads tab of Phresco.

4. Download <Php_Drupal_code_validation_setup> from Phresco
5. Extract the zip file.
6. Edit Php_Drupal_code_validation_setup-> PearInstall-> setup.bat.
7. Configure
8. Php path should be set in setup.bat by opening it with edit tool. Below mentioned is the syntax to set the php path.
9. Call pear.bat <php path>
10. E.g.: call pear.bat <driver_name>:\<APACHE>\bin\php\php5.3.5
11. Execute setup.bat in Command Prompt / Terminal
12. On the execution of the command there are few steps which require User's input

Steps which requires user input

1. *Are you installing a system-wide PEAR or local copy?*
   Select an option or if it takes time to respond, a default value will be chosen by the system itself.
   The default value would be <*system:local*> *[system] :*
   Press Enter.
2. *1-12, 'all' or Enter to continue: _*
   Press enter.
3. *Would you like to alter php.ini <driver_name>:\<APACHE>\bin\php\php5.3.5\php.ini>? [Y/n] :*
   Type y and press enter.
4. *Press Enter to continue:*
   Press enter.
5. *Press any key to continue*
   Press enter.
6. *<driver_name>:\<APACHE>\bin\php\php 5.3.5>call pear upgrade pear*
   Wait till the system downloads the file.
7. *After downloading system pops up with a message box.*
   Are you sure you want to add the information in <driver_name>:\<APACHE>\bin\php\php5.3.5\PEAR_ENV.reg to the registry?
   Click yes.
8. *Click ok in the message box stating "Information in <driver_name>:\<APACHE>\bin\php\php5.3.5\PEAR_ENV.reg has been successfully entered into the registry"*
9. *After the installation of PEAR and when the build is success*
   Press any key to continue

Note:

- When Pear is installed for the first time, the standards need not be downloaded.
- When Pear is already installed in the machine, Drupal standards should be downloaded for Drupal projects from download link and WordPress standards should be downloaded for WordPress projects (refer fig: 5.6)
- The standards should be pasted in the path,

For Windows,
"<DRIVER_NAME>\Apache \bin\php\php5.3.5\PEAR\PHP\CodeSniffer\Standards"

For Mac
"/usr/local/pear/share/pear/PHP/CodeSniffer/Standards"

5.3.4 Environment Configuration

Environment set up in Phresco user interface is made very simple and the developers can create any number of environments to deploy a single build. The environment configurations with user credentials and other significant data are stored in Phresco-env-config.xml. Hence Phresco encrypts this xml file for the technologies like PHP, Drupal and WordPress to hold intact data. Default configuration template available for all the projects.

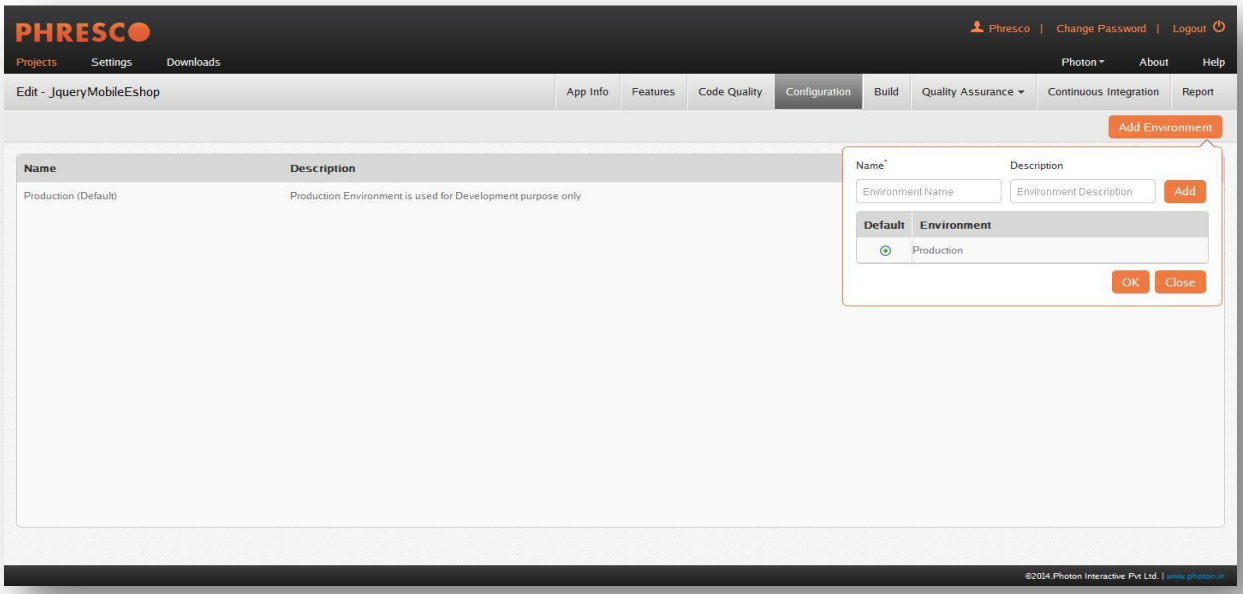
When the environment to be deployed is not selected, the application selects the default environment for the applications. The default environment can be switched over between any environments that are created using Phresco Framework.

Note

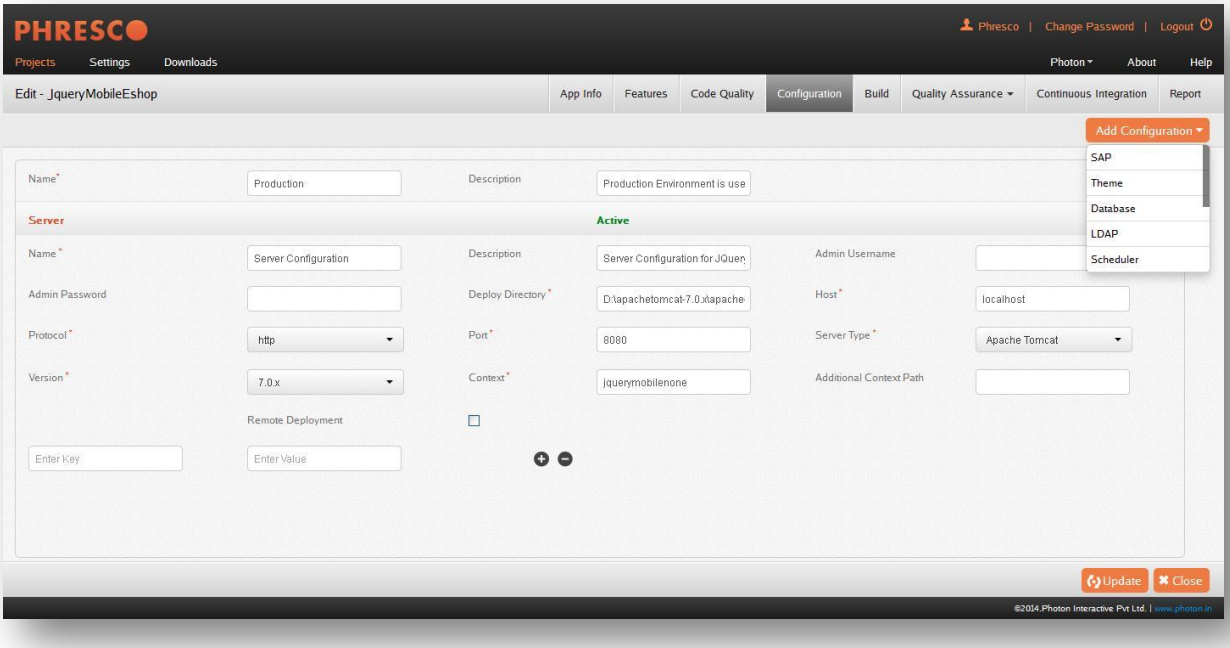
- For the successful installation of Drupal the following changes has to be enabled.
- Extension of php_mcrypt in php.ini should be added with php_mcrypt.dll.

Creating an Environment

Multiple environments can be created from the Edit Application page by clicking the **Application created -> Configuration -> Add Environment**



Environment Creation



Environment Configuration

Note

- Multiple environments can be associated when building an application.
- Applications can be deployed only in one environment at a time.

Advantages

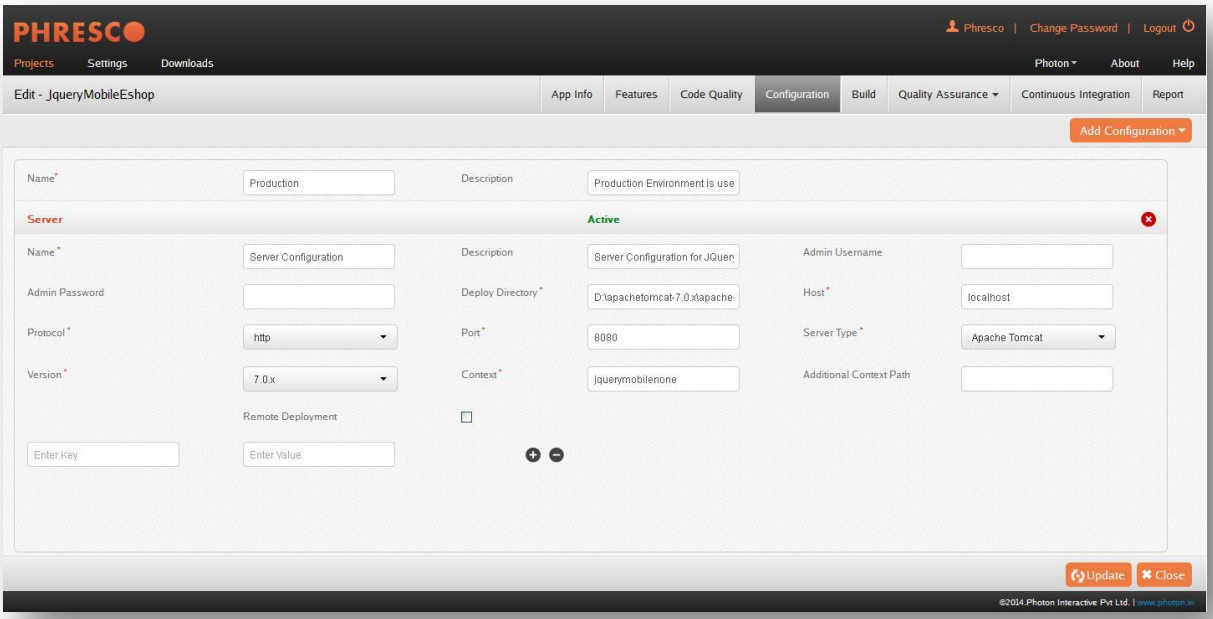
Phresco also allows user defined configuration template. New configuration templates can be published in Phresco server which would be immediately seen in the drop down list of configuration page. For example log4j template can be published in Phresco server which can be used across the application.

When the environment is created in the global settings, it can be used globally across projects using the show settings option.

5.3.4.1 Configuration Types

5.3.4.1.1 Server Configuration

The server configuration can be added using **Configure** option in the Environment list page.



Server Configuration for an environment

Mentioned below are the details to be filled for server configuration:

Name

It denotes the Name of the application created. Maximum text input of the field is restricted to 30 alphanumeric characters and is a mandatory field.

Description

It denotes the Description of the application created. This field supports 150 alphanumeric, special characters and is not mandatory.

Protocol

Protocol should be selected to access the application from dropdown box. http and https are the two types of protocols available. This field is mandatory.

Server Type

This contains the list of servers that was already short listed in the app info page. Only one server can be selected from the list.

Version

Version of the selected server will be displayed here.

Admin Username

It denotes the Admin Username of the server in which the application is created. This field supports alphanumeric, special characters and is not mandatory.

Admin Password

It denotes the Admin Password of the server in which the application is created. This field supports alphanumeric, special characters and is not mandatory.

Additional Context Path

A project's additional context path can be specified here which can also include special characters.

Deploy Directory

Deploy directory of the server on the instance should be filled in this field. It is not a mandatory field and supports alphanumeric and special characters.

Host

It denotes the Host in which the application is created and is mandatory.

Port

Port number of the server and it must be between 1 and 65535. This field is mandatory and only numeric characters are supported.
Port number should be selected such that the port does not run any other application which will not be known by the configuration.

Remote Deployment

The checkbox can be enabled to deploy the application in remote machine. Admin Username and Admin Password fields are mandatory for remote deployment.

Context

Root context of the server can be specified here. It does not allow special characters. This is a mandatory field.
For example http//localhost:2468/Phresco/login#. Here Phresco is the root context and login# is the additional context path.

Note

- By providing a port number for the server configuration and clicking on RunAgainstSource button for java applications, the inbuilt tomcat will reserve the next immediate port number for tomcat shutdown service.
- For example: If "7070" is provided as port number in server configuration and RunAgainstSource is clicked, "7071" port will be reserved.
  So configuring the port number "7071" in any other server configuration in a different application and clicking on RunAgainstSource will result in bind exception.

5.3.4.1.2 Database Configuration

Name

It denotes the Name of the application created. Maximum text input of the field is restricted to 30 alphanumeric characters and is a mandatory field.

Description

It denotes the Description of the application created. This field supports 150 alphanumeric, special characters and is not mandatory.

Host

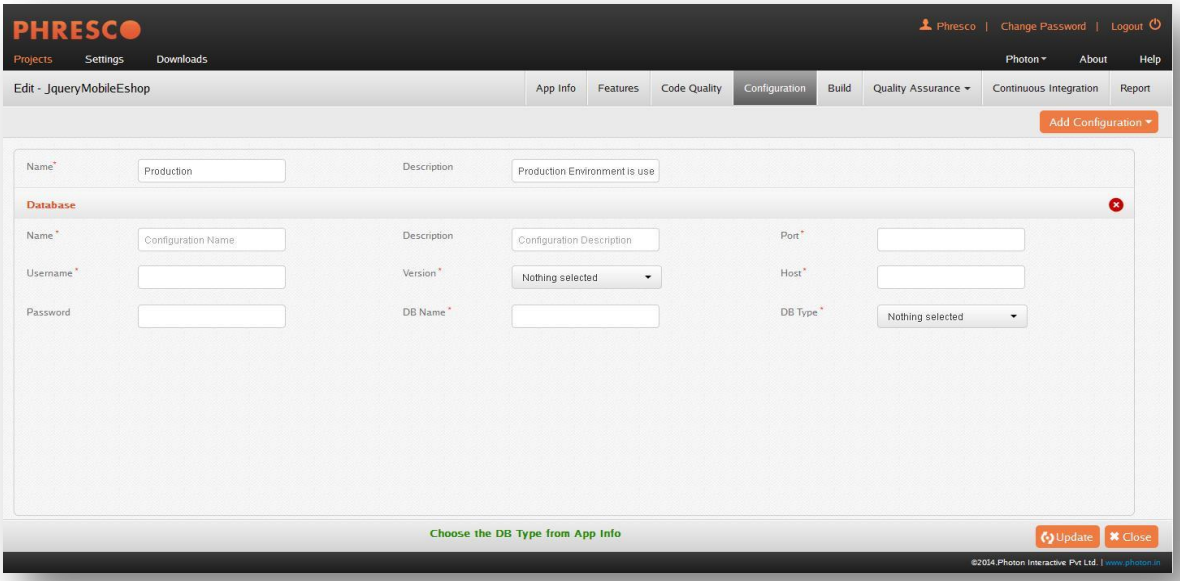
It denotes the Host in which the application is created and is mandatory.

Port

It denotes port number of the database. Port number must be between 1 and 65535. This field is mandatory and only numeric characters are supported. Port number should be selected such that the port does not run any other application which will not be known by the configuration.

Username & Password

It denotes Username and Password to access the database. Username is "root".



Database Configuration for an environment

DB Name

Database name should be entered and this field supports alphanumeric and special characters.

DB Type

This contains the list of database that is already short listed in the app info page.

Version

Version of the selected database will be displayed here.

5.3.4.1.3 Web Service Configuration

Name

It denotes the Name of the application created. Maximum text input of the field is restricted to 30 alphanumeric characters and is a mandatory field.

Description

It denotes the Description for the application created. This field supports 150 alphanumeric, special characters and is not mandatory.

Protocol

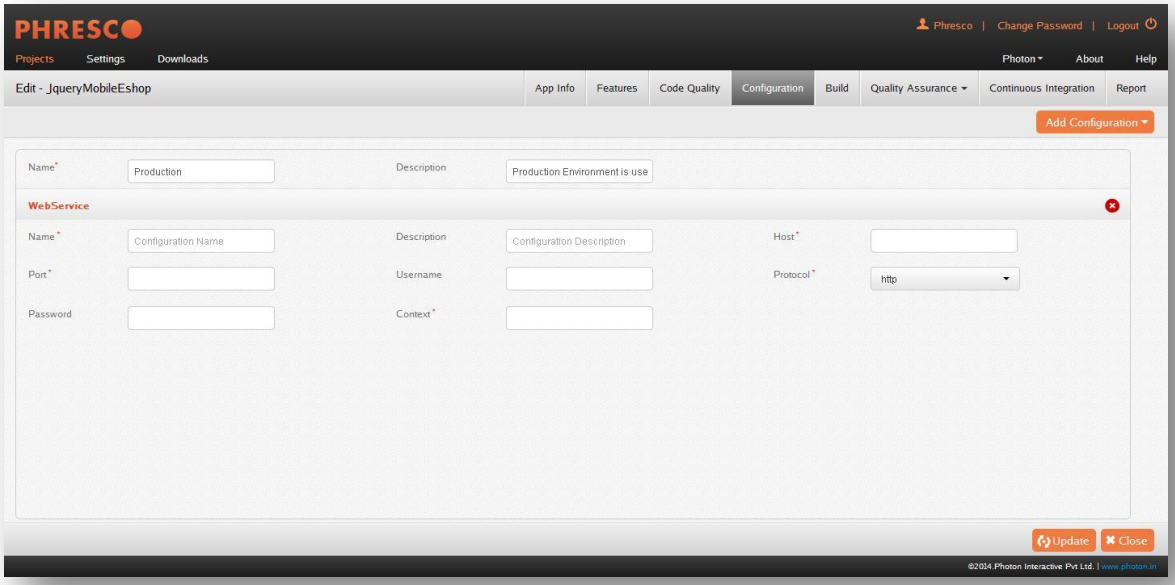
Protocol should be selected to access the application from dropdown box. http and https are the two types of protocols available. This field is mandatory.

Host

It denotes the Host name of the web service in which a project is created and is mandatory.

Port

This field is the port number of Web Service. Port number must be between 1 and 65535. This field is mandatory and only numeric characters are supported.
Port number should be selected such that the port does not run any other application which will not be known by the configuration.



Webservice Configuration for an environment

Username and Password

It denotes Username and Password to access the webservice.

Context

Context of the web service can be entered in this field and is mandatory.

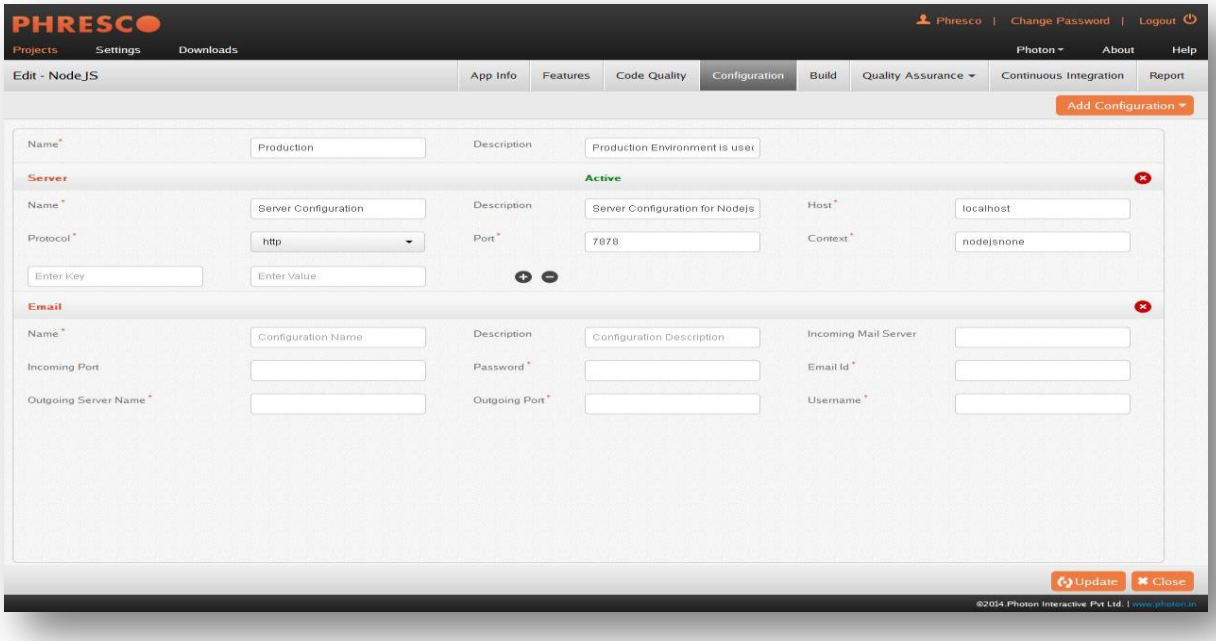
5.3.4.1.4 Email Configuration

Name

It denotes the Name of the application created. Maximum text input of the field is restricted to 30 alphanumeric characters and is a mandatory field.

Description

It denotes the Description for the application created. This field supports 150 alphanumeric, special characters and is not mandatory.



Email Configuration for an environment

Incoming Mail Server

The incoming mail server configuration can be entered and this field is not mandatory.

Incoming Port

Incoming mail server's port can be entered and this field is not mandatory.

Outgoing Server name

The outgoing mail server configuration can be entered and this field is mandatory.

Outgoing port

The outgoing mail server's port can be entered and this field is mandatory.

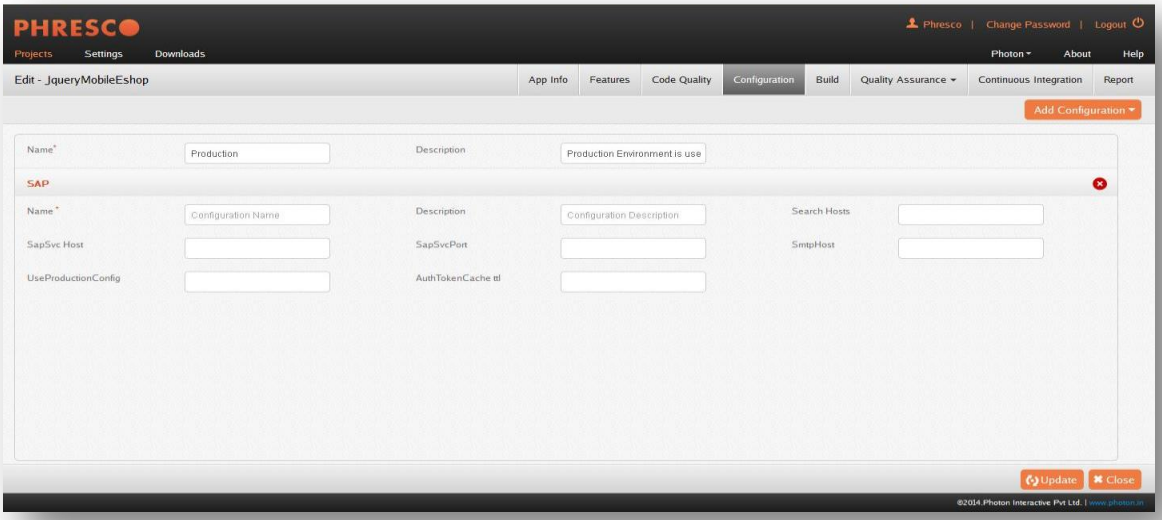
Username & Password

It denotes username & password credentials to access the mail server.

Email Id

It denotes the email id in which the recipient receives the email notifications.

5.3.4.1.5 SAP Configurations



SAP Configuration for an environment

Name

It denotes the Name of the application created. Maximum text input of the field is restricted to 30 alphanumeric characters and is a mandatory field.

Description

It denotes the Description for the application created. This field supports 150 alphanumeric, special characters and is not mandatory.

Search Hosts

This field is to search the host of the SAP Server. It supports alphanumeric, special characters and is not a mandatory field.

SapSvcHost

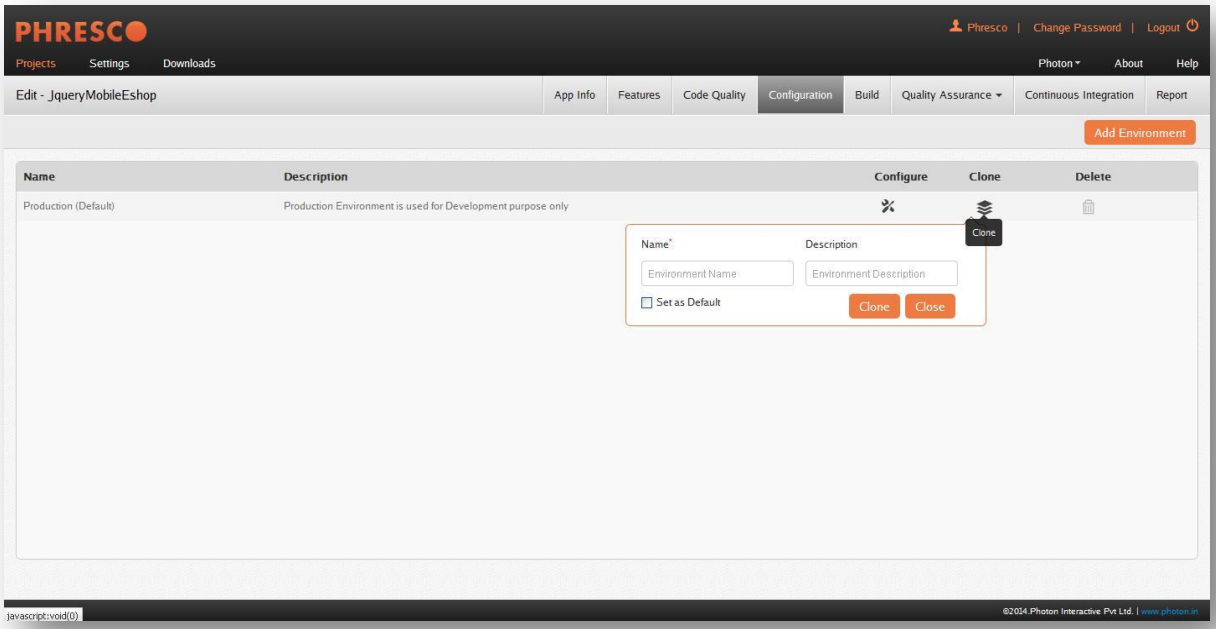
It denotes the Host name of the SAP Server in which the application is created and is not a mandatory field.

SapSvcPort

This field is the port number of SAP Server. This field supports alphanumeric, special characters and is not mandatory. Port number should be selected such that the port does not run any other application which will not be known by the configuration.

5.3.4.1.6 Cloning the Environment

Instead of repeatedly creating server or database configurations for different environments, an existing environment together with its configurations can be cloned under a new name.



Cloning configuration

Fields in cloning configuration are as follows

Name

Name of the configuration to be cloned

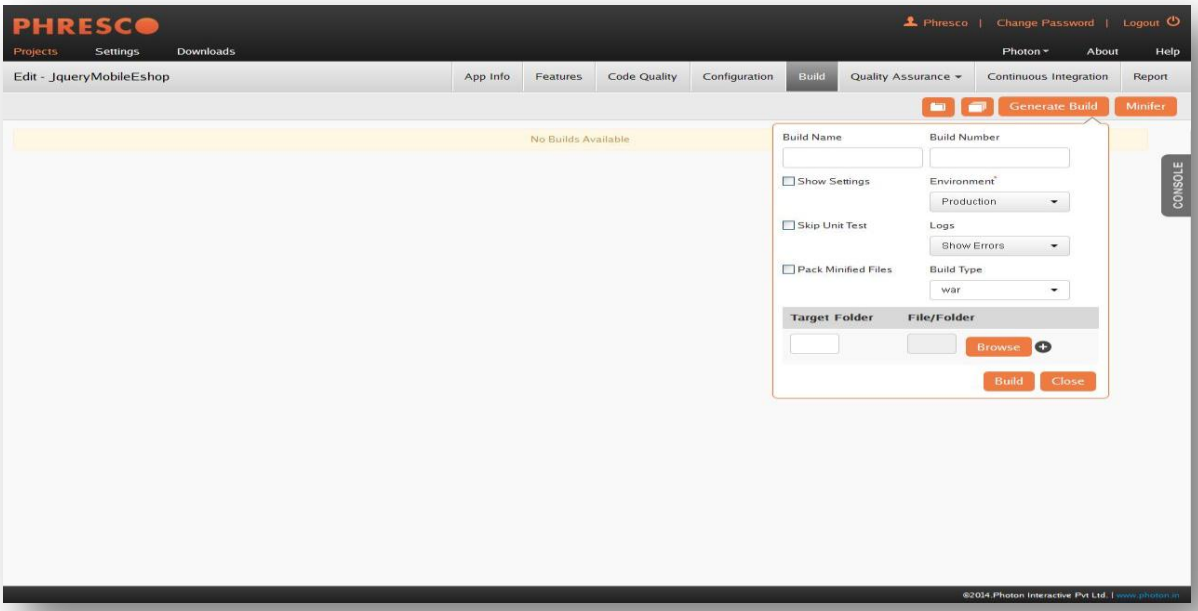
Description

Description of the configuration to be cloned

5.3.5 Build Generation

The process of converting source code files into standalone software artifacts to run on a computer. The important process of the build generation is converting a source code into executable codes.

Application build process can be selected from **Project list -> Applications->Build->Generate Build.**



Generating Build

Fields in the Generate Build are as follows

Build Name

Name of the build to be generated

Build Number

Number of the build to be generated

Show Settings

The global configurations for server, database, web service and email can be selected using the show settings option.

Environment Selection

Multiple environments can be selected to build a project in the environment field and production environment will be already selected as default.

Logs

Selecting Show error in the logs will provide the error information along with the log for build generation.

Hide log hides the log console and provides only the error message while generating the build.

Skip Unit Test

Phresco enables skip unit tests where the unit tests will be skipped on building a project. This consumes less time on building a project.

Build Type

Use this option to download the build as a war file or zip file based on the need.

Note:

Generate build pop-up varies according for different technologies

---

5.4 Project Deployment

Project deployment is interpreted as a general process that should be customized according to the requirement and characteristic of a particular project which makes a project available for use. After the build generation process, a deploy icon appears on the screen. On clicking the icon, deploy pop up box appears which has environment selection, show error and hide log check boxes which has the same functionality as in build generation.

Deployment: Execute SQL

Phresco provides an option to execute the SQL scripts to the configured database while deploying the application. To enable this feature, the Execute SQL checkbox should be selected in the deploy pop up.

- When the environment is selected in the environment field, the database chosen for that corresponding environment will be displayed in the database field.
- The site.sql files depending on the features selected in the features page will be displayed in the box on the left side as a list.
- Users can select the desired site.sql using the arrows present in the user interface and deploy the application.

Note

- The prerequisite for executing the SQL script is that, the configured database schema should be created in the database.
- In MongoDB, execute SQL will export BSON files instead of SQL files.
- Selecting execute sql check box during second time execution for same application will result in an error

---

5.4.1 Remote Deployment

The application package can be deployed to a local machine or remote machine. Phresco enables the remote deployment concept whenever there is a requirement to deploy to a remote staging or production machine.

Enabling Remote Deployment

Remote deployment in Phresco can be done by selecting the remote deployment in the server configuration screen and by entering the host (IP address of the remote system), port (server port of the remote system), admin username (admin username of the server) and password (admin password of the server).

Application Servers supported in Phresco for Remote Deployment

- Apache Tomcat – Above 6.x
- JBoss (Restricted to 4.x & 7.x)
- WebLogic (Restricted to 10.3.6, 12c)

Web Logic Server

For remote deployment using the Web Logic server, make the following changes in the Web Logic server configuration. Go to Domain Configurations in the Home page and select Domain -> Web Applications. Select the Archived Real Path Enabled check box and restart the server. This change is needed to launch pilot project in that server.

Apache Tomcat
Edit tomcat-users.xml in the path apache tomcat /conf/tomcat-users.xml and add the following

```
    <role rolename="manager"/>
    <role rolename="admin"/>
    <role rolename="manager-gui"/>
    <role rolename="manager-script"/>
    <user username="admin" password="admin" roles="manager-gui, manager-
    script, admin, manager"/>

<plugin>
    <groupId>org.codehaus.mojo</groupId>
    <artifactId>tomcat-maven-plugin</artifactId>

    <version>1.1</version>
    <configuration>
    <username>admin</username>
    <password>admin</password>
```

```
        <url> URL </url>
        <path>/${project.build.finalName}</path>
        </configuration>
</plugin>
```

Note:
Server should be up and running during remote deployment.

5.5 Enabling https in Phresco

http

Phresco supports http (Hypertext Transfer Protocol) which is used for accessing resources normally. Phresco runs in the port number "2468".

https

Phresco additionally supports https ((Hypertext Transfer Protocol over Secure Socket Layer). This can be configured for the projects by using the following steps.

1. Edit server.xml in server/conf folder of tomcat installation.
2. Add the below details with preferred port, and keystore location

```
<Connector port="<PORT NUMBER>" SSLEnabled="true"
        maxThreads="150" scheme="https" secure="true"
        keystoreFile="<KEYSTORE FILE" keystorePass="<PASSWORD>"
        clientAuth="false" sslProtocol="TLS" />
```

3. Rerun the tomcat server and this will connect Phresco in secure connection

Remote deployment through https is also possible in Phresco only if valid certificate is selected from the User Interface. This is possible by clicking the Add certificate option after selecting the Remote deployment checkbox. The certificate from the local system can be browsed and attached.

5.6 Project Testing

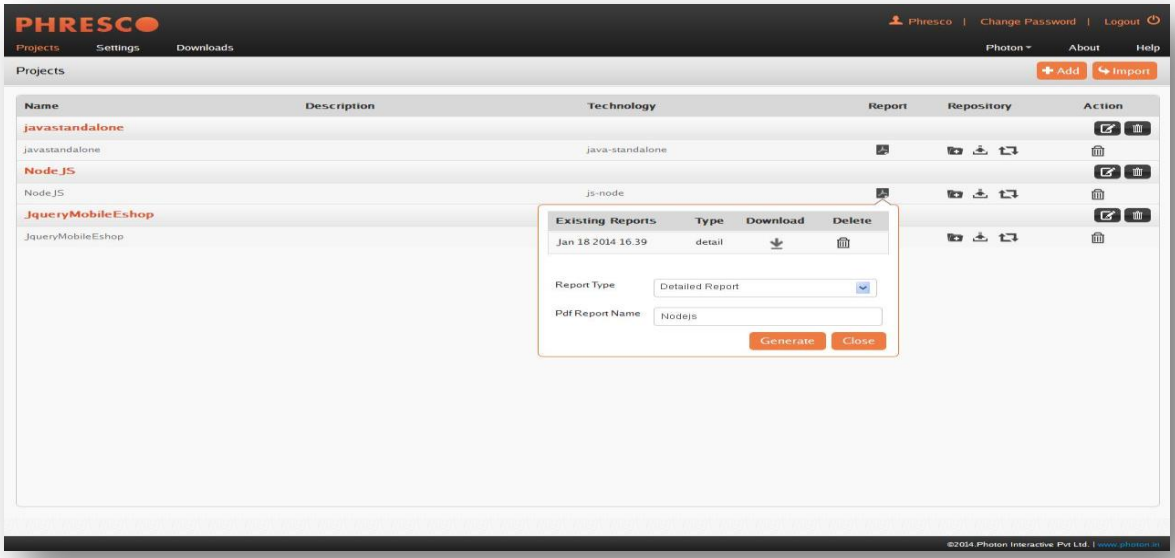
Testing can be stated as the process of validating and verifying that a project

- Meets the requirement that guides its design and development;
- Works as expected; and
- Can be implemented with the same characteristics.

Many type of testing process can be done for a single project and it consumes more time. Using Phresco framework circumvents the troubles associated with testing.

Report generated in PDF

Reports can be generated in the form of PDF which includes total report of all the test cases and also the code validation report when the report icon is clicked. The generated PDF can be sent to the stakeholders when there is a need.



PDF Report Generation

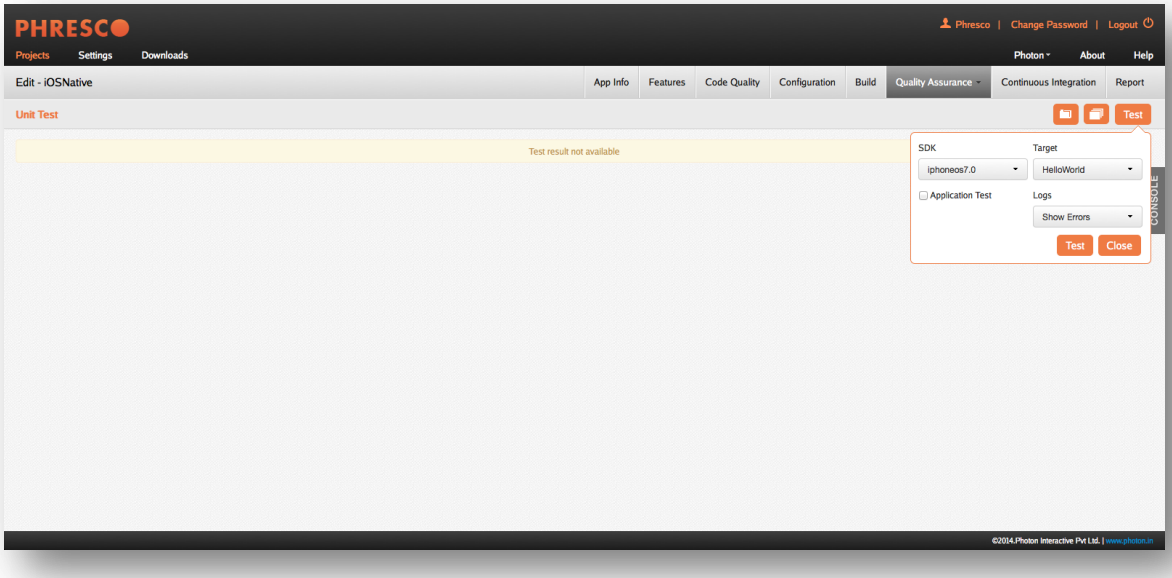
There are four types of testing process available and they are categorized into the following:

5.6.1 Unit Testing

Unit testing ensures that the developers write proper project implementation. For Unit testing, coverage and reporting Phresco framework uses many tools like JUnit, NUnit, WSUnit, PHPUnit, NodeUnit, and OCUnit for different technologies. The results are provided both in a tabular and graphical output format indicating the ratio of success, failure or error among the test cases.

5.6.1.1 Unit testing for iOS

In Phresco, execution of Unit Test differs for iOS applications.On clicking **Test** button from **Unit** Tab, the below pop-up appears.



Unit Test for iOS Application

SDK

SDK versions installed in the system will be displayed in this field and the SDK in which tests needs to be executed can be selected from this drop down box.

Target

Targets will be listed in this drop down user can select the target to be executed from this drop down box.

Application Test

Application Test can be performed by selecting the Application Test in the Target drop down and by checking the Application Test check box.

Note:

- Refer section 8.8.1 for detailed information on Logic and Application Tests for iOS applications
- A PDF report of the executed tests can also be generated using "Report" icon as shown

---

5.6.2 Functional Testing

Functional testing involves testing on the specifications of a project under test. Functions are tested by feeding them input and examining the output.

Functional testing involves

- Identifying functions the software is expected to perform.
- Creating input data based on the function's specifications.
- Determining output based on the function's specifications.
- Executing test cases.
- Comparing actual outputs and expected outputs.

Functional testing uses tools like selenium, Robotium, Monkey Talk and Xcode. The result is given through static analysis and test cases.

5.6.2.1 Functional Test execution for Widgets, PHP, Nodejs & Java Webservices

The functional test cases can run in different browsers parallely in different machines that are supported by Phresco using the Selenium Grid.

Though Phresco supports Selenium Grid by default, Selenium Webdriver testcases can also be executed for the above mentioned technologies.

5.6.2.2 Functional Test execution in Selenium Grid

Click on the created application in "**Project**" page and navigate to Quality tab by clicking the **Application created →Quality→Functional**

Start Hub

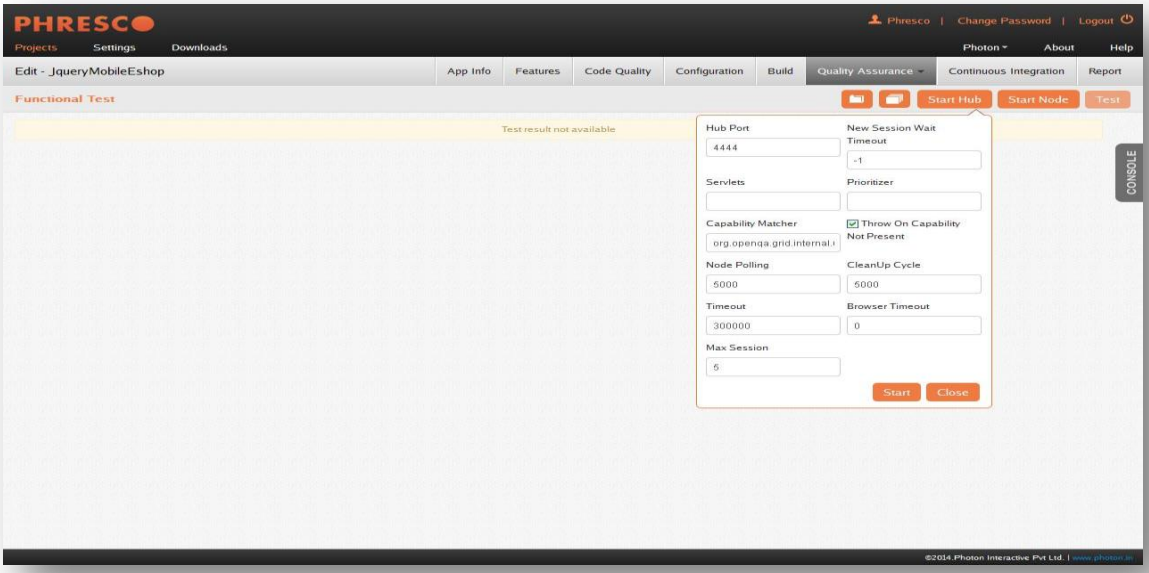
On clicking the **Start Hub** button, a popup appears:

Hub Port

This field is to configure the listening port of the hub. Default port is 4444.

New Session Wait Timeout

Timeout value required for the test to be executed in node has to be mentioned here in milliseconds.This is not mandatory, however (-1 ms) is set as default in Phresco. When the timeout value for a specific test case exceeds the value as mentioned in "**New Session Wait Timeout**", the test will throw an exception before starting a browser.



Start Hub

Servlets

This is to register a new servlet on the hub/node.

Prioritizer

This is a class implementing the Prioritizer interface. It is set to null by default (no priority = FIFO).For example, User needs to specify a custom prioritizer if they need the grid to process the tests from CI, or IE tests first.

Capability Matcher

This is a class implementing the CapabilityMatcher interface. Logic that the hub follows to assign requests to the node has to be specified here. This class can be changed if the user wants to have the matching process.For e.g Regular expression can be used instead of exact match for the version of the browser. By default, it is set to org.openqa.grid.internal.utils.DefaultCapabilityMatcher. All the nodes of a grid instance will use the same matcher, defined by the registry.

Throw On Capability Not Present

Can be set to either <true | false> and by default it is set to true. If true, the hub will reject the test requests right away when no proxy that can host that capability is currently registered. User can set it to false to have the request queued until a node supporting the capability is added to the grid.

Node Polling

It denotes how often the hub checks if the node is still alive.

CleanUp Cycle

It denotes how often a proxy will check for timed out thread in milliseconds.

Timeout

This refers to the timeout in seconds before the hub automatically ends a test that hasn't had any activity in the last X seconds.
After which the browser will be released for another test to use. This typically takes care of the client crashes.

Browser Timeout

Timeout value in seconds for which a browser will hang has to be mentioned here.

Max Session

This refers to the max number of tests that can run at the same time on the node, independently of the browser used. The Hub starts on clicking the "**Start**" button after filling all the required details in the Start Hub popup.

Start Node

On clicking the "**Start Node**" button the following popup appears

Hub Host

This denotes the <IP | hostname>, usually not needed since it is determined automatically. For exotic network configuration, network with VPN, specifying the host might be necessary.

Hub Port

This field is to configure the listening port of the hub. Default port is 4444.

Node Port

This field is to configure the listening port of the Node. Default port is 5555.

Max Session

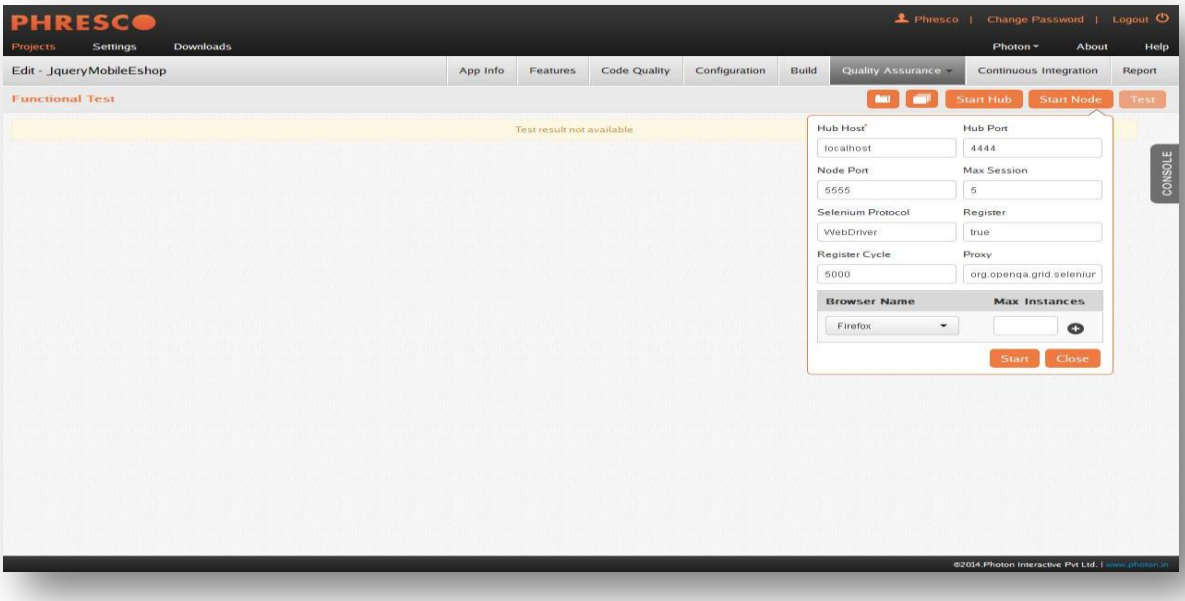
This refers to the max number of tests that can run at the same time on the node, independently of the browser used.

Selenium Protocol

It refers to the selenium protocol that is used to run the Tests.

Register

Can be set to either <true | false> and by default it is set to "true" in Phresco. If configured to true, then the node will try to register itself again according to the register cycle set in milliseconds. It can also be set to false if not required.



Start Node

Register Cycle

It refers to how often the node will try to register itself again (in milliseconds). It allows restarting the hub without restarting the nodes.

Proxy

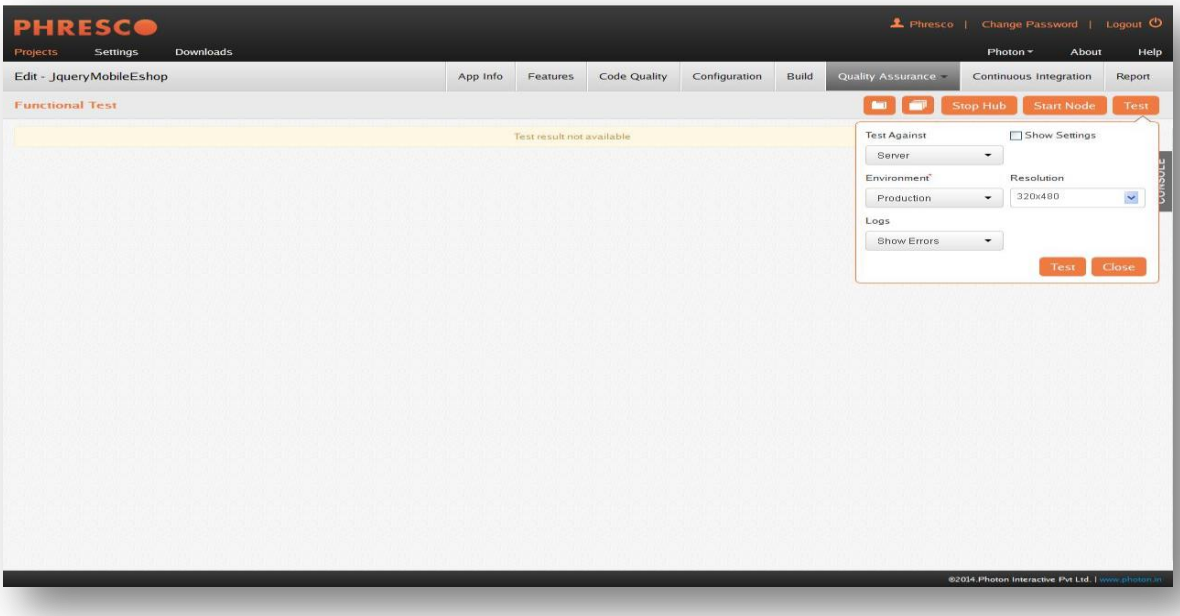
It's a class that will be used to represent the node. By Default, "org.openqa.grid.selenium.proxy.DefaultRemoteProxy" value is set.

Browser Info

This section is used to select the combination of browsers and their maximum instances. The Node starts on clicking the "**Start**" button after filling all the required details in the Start Node popup.

Test

On clicking the "**Test**" button, the following popup appears.



Functional test pop-up

Fields in the functional test pop-up are as follows

Test Against

This option can be selected to run functional test against the project that is deployed in the server.
Make sure that the project deployed in the server before performing this test.

Environment

Created environments can be selected from the drop down box. If the environment is not created default environment will be selected.

Resolution

The resolution size of the browser can be selected from the dropdown available for the functional test to execute. The resolution size is the view port of the browser.

5.6.2.3 Functional Test execution for Java Standalone

The functional test cases can be run in different browsers that are supported by Phresco and the resolution for the browser window can also be selected by the users when the functional test tab is clicked.

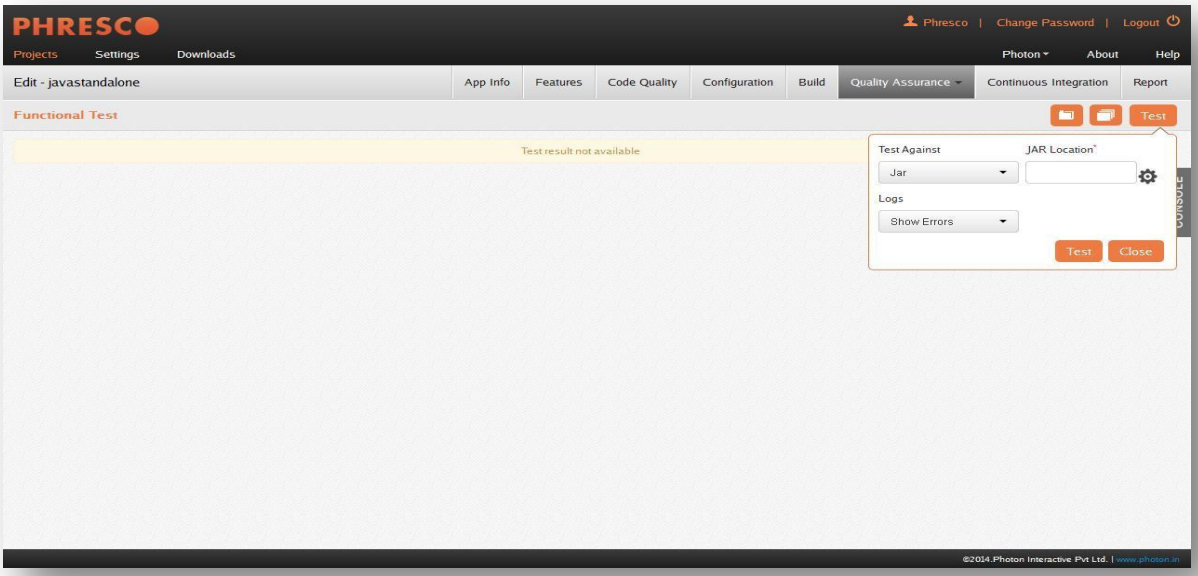
Fields include

Test Against

This option can be selected to run functional test against the project that is deployed in the server. Makesure that the project deployed in the server before performing this test.

JAR Location

Use this option to upload the JAR file needed to perform the test.



Functional Test execution for Java Standalone

5.6.2.4 Functional Test execution for Share Point

The functional test cases can be run in different browsers that are supported by Phresco and the resolution for the browser window can also be selected by the users when the functional test tab is clicked.

Fields include

Test Against

This option can be selected to run functional test against the project that is deployed in the server.Makesure that the project deployed in the server before performing this test.

Show settings

The global configurations for server, database, web service and email can be selected using the show settings option.

Environment

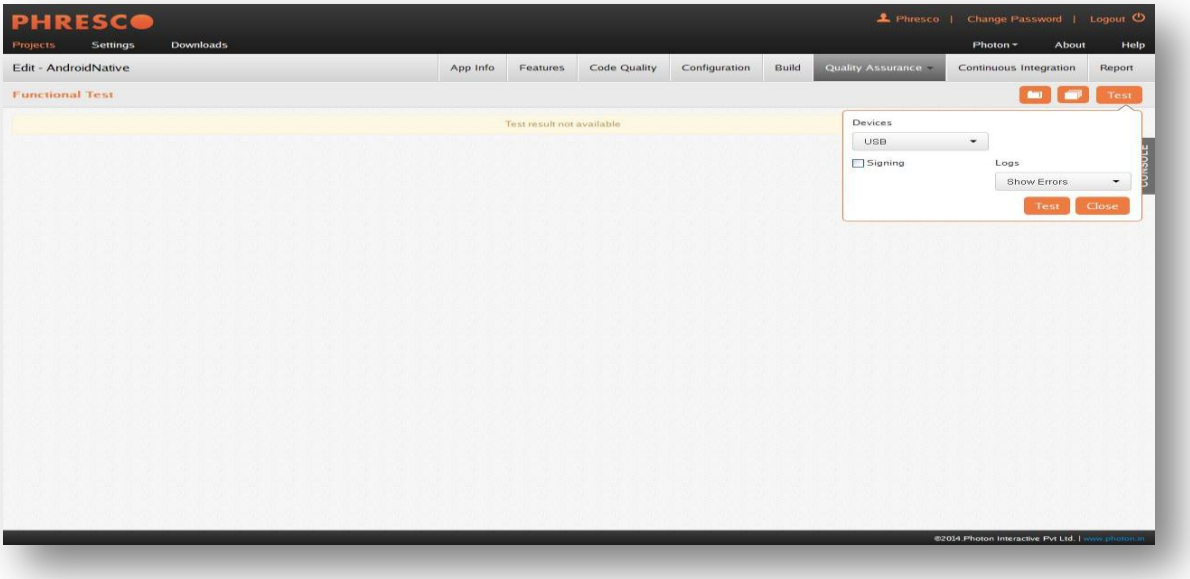
Created environments can be selected from the drop down box. If the environment is not created default environment will be selected.

Browser

The browser in which the functional test case has to be executed can be selected from the dropdown box. The supported browsers in Phresco will be listed in the dropdown list.

5.6.2.5 Functional Test execution for Android

Click on the application created in **Project** page. Execute the functional test as shown by navigating to Quality tab: **Application created -> Quality -> Functional -> Test**.



Functional Test pop-up for Android application

Devices

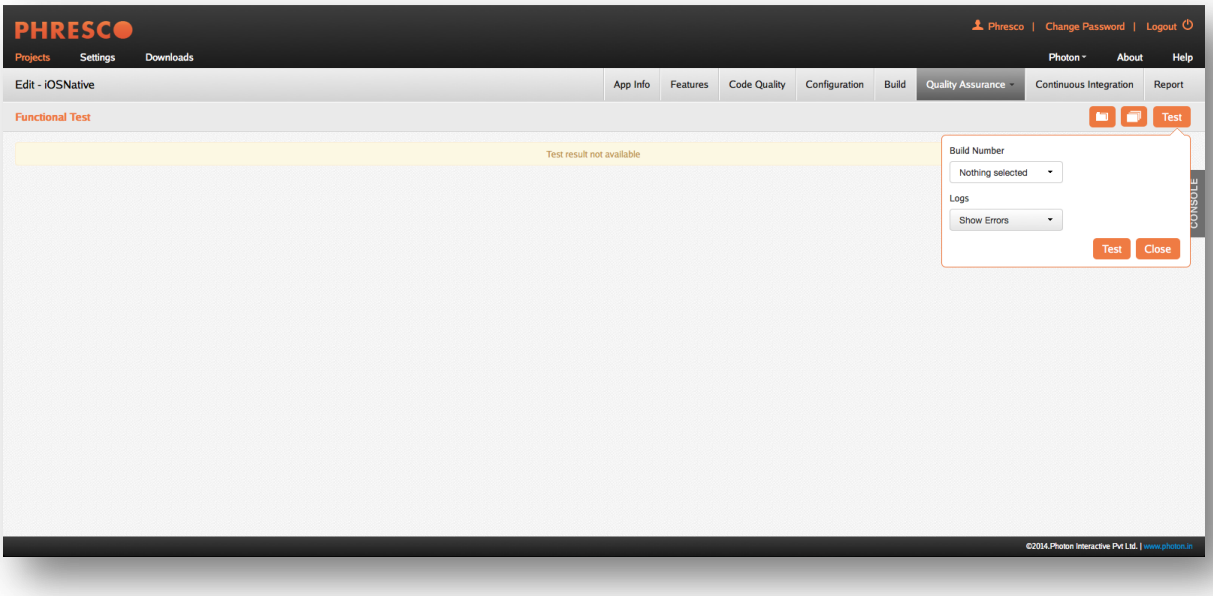
Devices in which tests needs to be executed can be selected from this drop down box.

Signing

Android system requires that all installed applications be digitally signed with a certificate whose private key is held by the application's developer. In order to make application available in Android store (Market), the application has to be certified. This can be selected if signing functionality is required.

5.6.2.6 Functional Test execution for iOS

Click on the application created in **Project** page. Execute the functional test as shown by navigating to Quality tab; **Application created->Quality->Functional ->Test**.



Functional Test pop-up for iOS application

Build Number

Build Number against which the Test to be executed can be selected from this drop down box.

Device Id

If the Test is to be executed in device then the device Id should be mentioned in this field.

Note:
A PDF report of the executed tests can also be generated using "Report" icon as shown 

5.6.3 Performance Testing

Performance testing determines the performance of a system in terms of receptiveness and solidity under a particular workload. This testing also determines the speed or effectiveness and the response time or throughput of a project. In Phresco the result of the testing is given through static analysis and test cases.

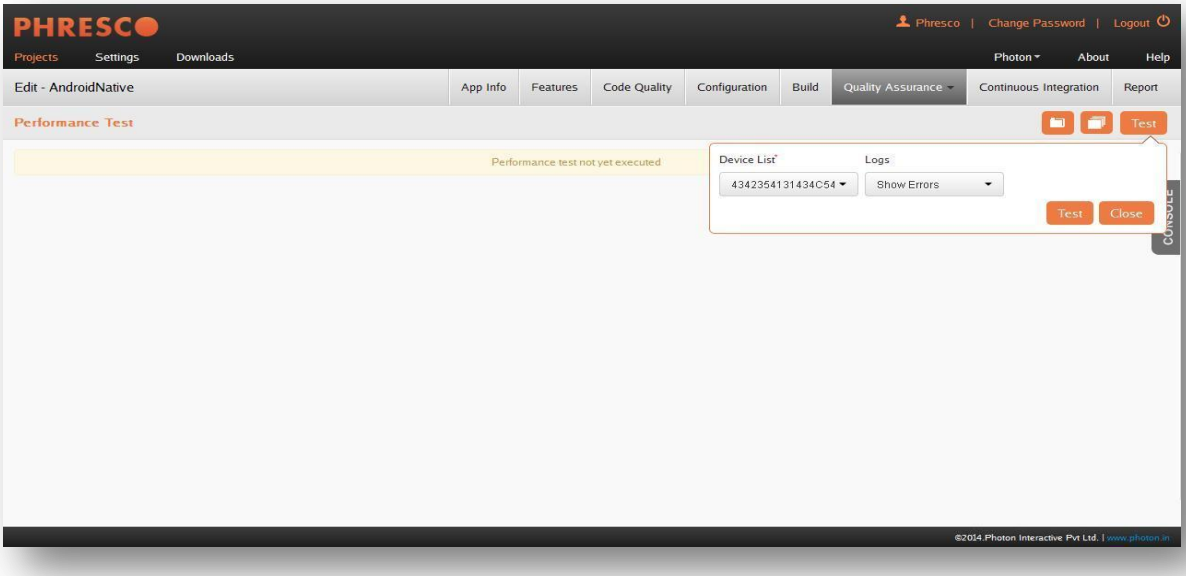
5.6.3.1 Performance Test execution for Android

Device List

Devices in which tests needs to be executed can be selected from the drop down box.

Signing

Android system requires that all installed applications be digitally signed with a certificate whose private key is held by the application's developer. In order to make application available in Android store (Market), the application has to be certified. This can be selected if need signing functionality.



Performance test execution for Android

5.6.3.2 Performance Test execution for other Technologies

On clicking the **Test** button in the Performance tab, the following popup appears

JMX type

Select **Custom** if you want to upload a different JMX

Test Against

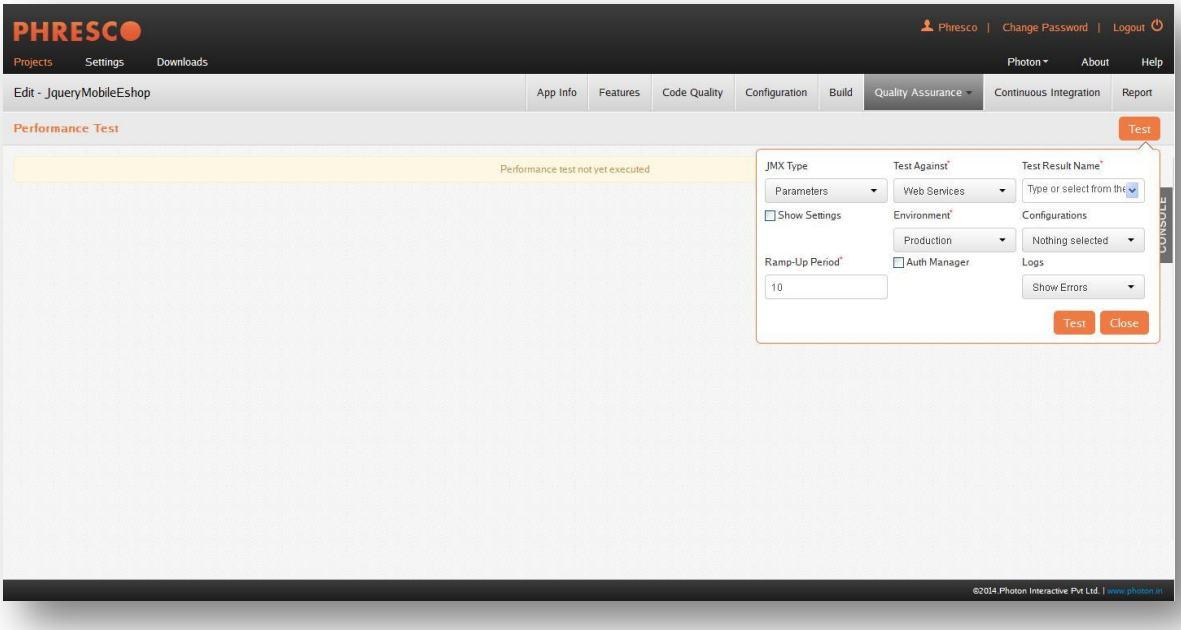
This option is used to run Performance test against the project that is deployed in the server.It can also be used to run the test againt the database or the web services used in the project. These values are available in the drop down and the user can select the required one.

Show Settings

The global configurations for server, database, web service and email can be selected using the show settings option.

Environment

Created environments can be selected from the drop down box. If the environment is not created, default environment will be selected.



Performance testing for other technologies

Configurations

The name of the configuration created in configuration page will be dispalyed in this field.

Test Result Name

The name of the Test can be entered in this field.

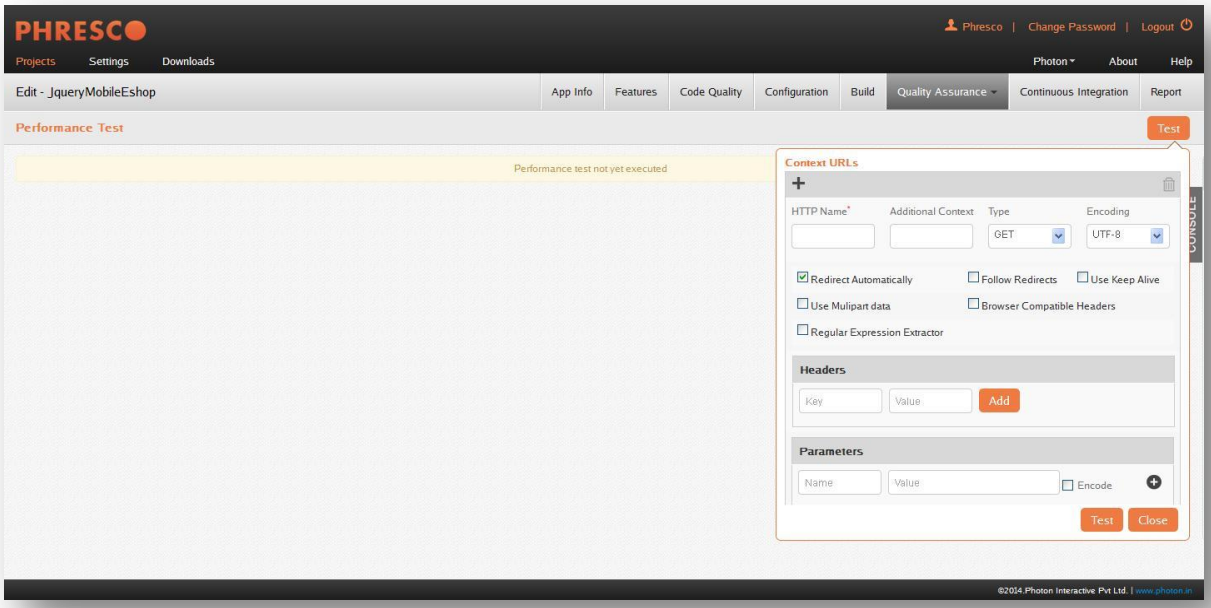
Ramp-Up Period

This field defines the time period in milliseconds within which the performance test has to be carried out.

Context URLs

Context URLs specify the name and context of the Application to be tested together with its type & encoding values. Headers contain the key and the value details. An instance is given below.

Key- Content-Type
Value - application/json



Adding Context URL's in Performance Testing

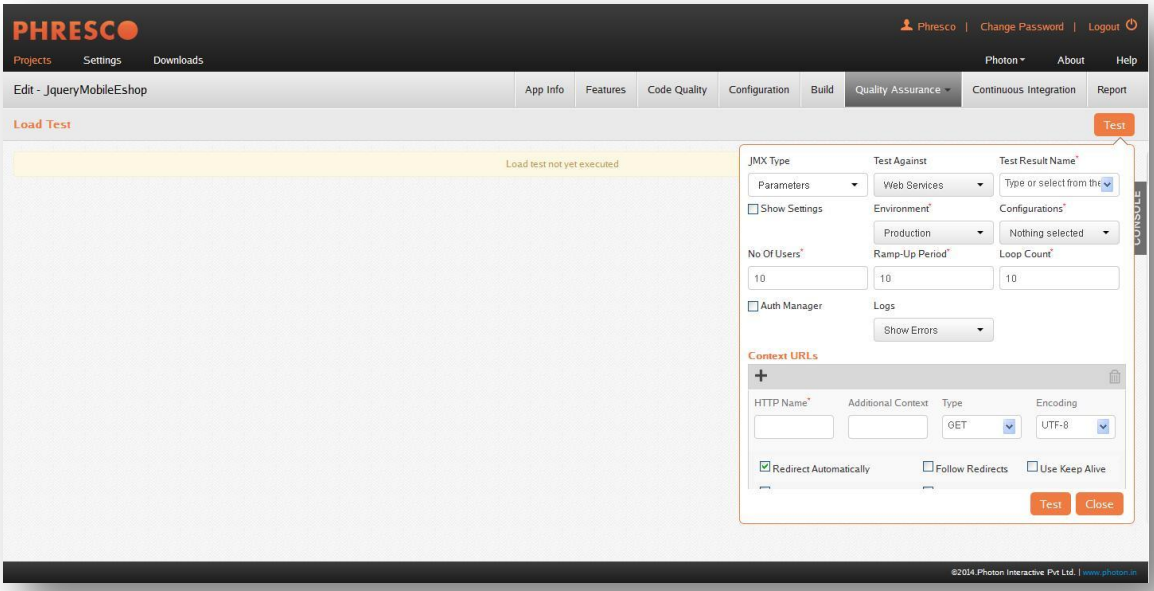
Note:

A PDF report of the executed tests can also be generated using "Report" icon as shown 

5.6.4 Load Testing

Load testing refers to modeling the expected usage of a project by simulating the access of multiple users to the same project concurrently. Load and performance testing is usually conducted in a test environment identical to the production environment before a project is permitted for real time usage.

Load testing also uses jMeter. The result is given through static analysis and test cases. The test cases will point out the error and this will be very useful for the testing team.
On clicking the **Test** button in the Load tab the following popup appears



Load Testing

JMX type

Select **Custom** if you want to upload a different JMX

Test Against

To run Load test against the project that is deployed in the server or the test can to run againt the database or the web service used in the project. These values are available in the drop down and the user can select the one required.

Show Settings

The global configurations for server, database, web service and email can be selected using the show settings option.

Environment

Created environments can be selected from the drop down box. If the environment is not created default environment will be selected.

Configurations

The name of the configuration created in configuration page will be dispalyed in this field.

Test Result Name

The name of the Test can be entered in this field.

No of Users

This field defines the Number of users to access the application at the same time.

Ramp-Up Period

This field defines the time period in ms within which the performance test has to be carried out.

Loop Count

Loop count determines the number of times each user needs to access the Application.

Headers

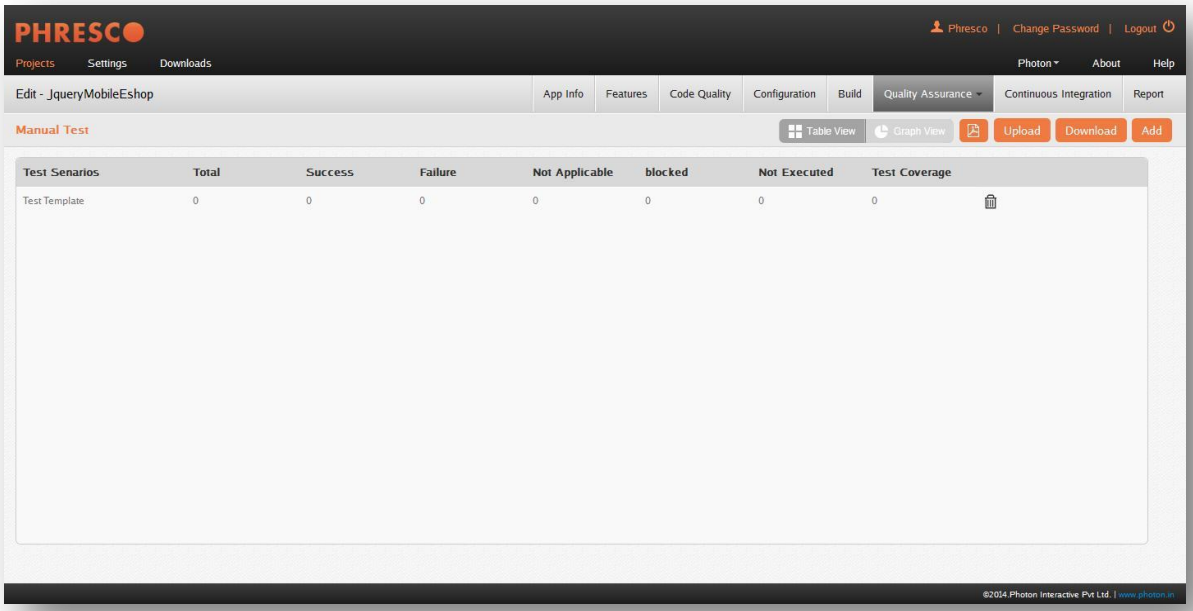
The key and the value details can be entered in Headers section.
Eg., Key- Content-Type
value - application/json

Note:

A PDF report of the executed tests can also be generated using "Report" icon as shown 

5.6.5 Manual Testing

A Manual test case usually contains a single step or a sequence of steps to test the correct behaviour/functionality, features of an application. An expected result or expected outcome is usually given. In Phresco, a test suite template is provided for reference.



Manual Testing

5.7 Report

Report tab in Phresco is used to generate a site for the project. The generated project site includes the project's reports that were configured in the POM.

Below are the lists of reports that can be configured using Phresco:

- Project-Info-Report

  Enabling this gives a report of all the information about the project. This report is common across all the technologies. Options listed under "Project-Info Report" are explained below:

  - index: index of the project. This is a default enabled option.
  - modules: list of description of each module used in the project.
  - dependencies: list of dependencies collected from POM.
  - cim: continuous integration management report.
  - scm: source configuration management report.
  - summary: summary of the project.
  - licence: licence that is used in the project.

- JavaDoc Report

  Enabling this option gives a report of Java source files and produces a JavaDoc which has browsable source code containing hyperlinked cross-references within and across that set of files. This is applicable only for the java technology projects.

- jDepend Report

  Enabling this option generates a report of quality metrics for each java package. Degree of dependencies, its extensibility and reusability is measured and a report is generated on it. This is applicable only for the java technology projects.

- JXR Report

  Enabling this option generates a report of the source code in the html format which can be viewed in the browser. Cross-reference of the project's source is generated which allows the users to find the specific lines of code. This is applicable only for the java technology projects.

- PMD Report

  Enabling this option generates a report of the metrics using the PMD tool. This tool helps in sorting out the test case that are mostly used and the ones that are not important. The unimportant sets can be ruled out to suppress the code. This is applicable only for the java technology projects.

- Surefire Report

  Enabling this option generates a report of the unit test results. This is applicable only for the java technology projects.

5.8 Settings

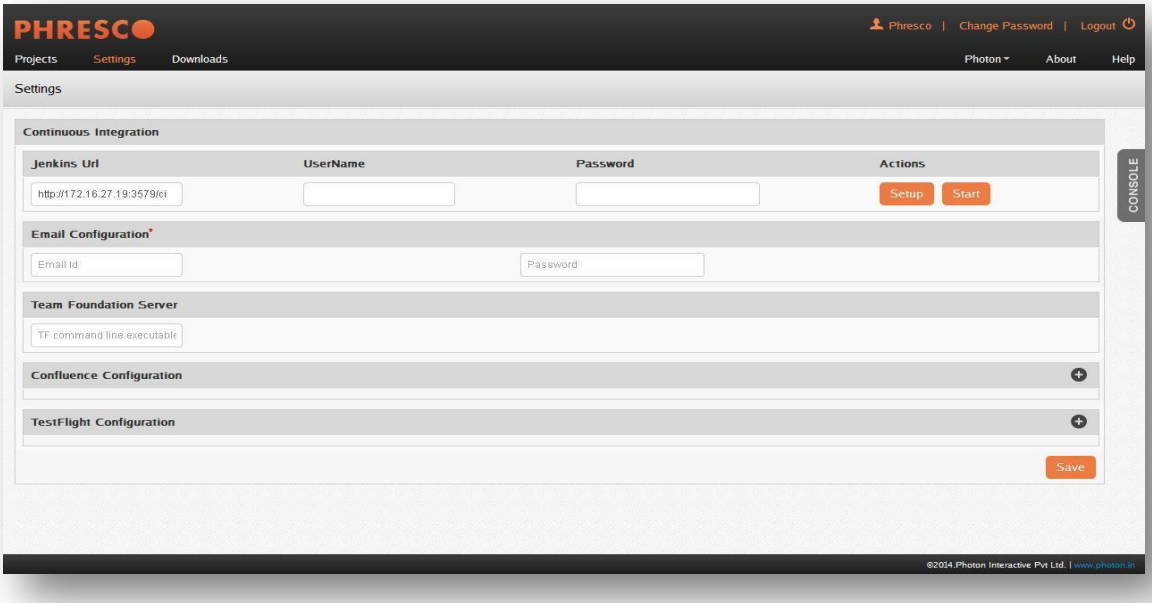
Fields include

Jenkins URL

It mentions the port where jenkins war has been deployed for CI

E-Mail Configuration

It mentions the Email Id from which the projects reports are to be sent



Settings

Confluence Configuration

It contains the repo location for uploading the results of continuous integration

Team foundation Server

It contains the command line executables needed for Jenkins execution

TestFlight Configuration

Configure the API token and the Team token for uploading the results of the continuous integration to TestFlight

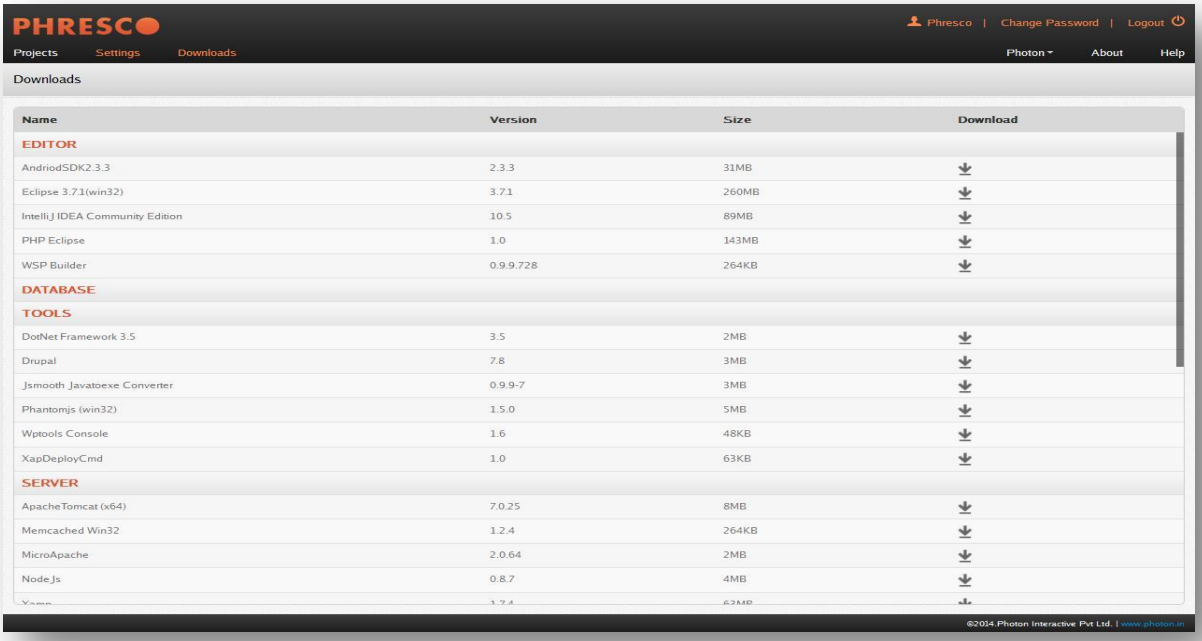
5.9 Knowledge Repository

A knowledge repository is a computerized system that systematically captures, organizes and categorizes an organization's knowledge.

Knowledge repository in Phresco is the central repository which contains the application types, archetypes and features. It is a common repository where the admin can perform changes or modifications that will impact the user interface.
A Common Knowledge repository exists where any changes made will be reflected across all the account holders. Each customer will have their own knowledge repository for their artifacts. Any changes in Customer Knowledge repository can be witnessed in the customer's user interface.

5.10 Download

Downloads in Phresco are the configurations that are provided to the developers out of the box. Developers can choose the servers or databases or even editors that are available in the download.



Third party downloads

5.11 iOS Prerequisites

iOS Sim

To perform application test for iOS, **iOS-Sim** tool needs to be added in the tools folder and path should be set.

*export IOS_SIM=/**Users**/**tools**/**ios-sim**/build/Release*
export PATH=$IOS_SIM:$PATH

In the command prompt, go to ios-sim folder and execute the following command to install iOS-Sim. This is a onetime install.

rake install prefix=/usr/local/

Wax Sim

While deploying and testing the IOS application, Phresco Framework provides the option of selecting iOS simulator or iPad simulator from the dropdown box listed under family. This is done by integrating waxsim plugin in the Framework.

Waxsim tool should be installed manually from the directory path *phresco-framework/workspace/tools/waxsim*.

Go to command prompt and execute the below command to install waxsim in the local machine.

xcodebuild install DSTROOT=

For developers

1. Mac machine
2. Mac OS 10.7 & above
3. Xcode tool 4.2 & above
4. iOS Simulator version - 4.3, 5.0 and above
5. iPad simulator version - 4.3, 5.0 and above
6. iPad Devices - iPad 2 and iPad 3(Only for Native apps and support not given to iPad 3 to develop Phonegap applications)

For testers

1. Mac machine
2. Mac OS 10.7 & above
3. Xcode tool 4.2 & above
4. iOS Simulator version - 4.3, 5.0 and above
5. iPad simulator version - 4.3, 5.0 and above
6. iPad Devices - iPad 2 and iPad 3(Only for Native apps and support not given to iPad 3 to develop Phonegap applications)
7. Instrumentation tool for automation test

Deploying Devices

1. iOS 4, 4s, iPad 2

Note:

- Developers or testers should have registered in develop.apple.com or should have an id for downloading the following software.
- Development certificate is required for deploying a project in the device.

5.12 Android Prerequisites

To build a project:
Phresco supports versions like 2.2, 2.3.3 and 4.0.3 for building a project in ANDROID

To deploy a project
Project can be deployed depending on the <minSdkVersion> which is defined in the manifest.xml file.

- Manifest.xml code:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8" ?>
- <manifest xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
package="com.photon.Phresco.nativeapp" android:versionCode="1"
android:versionName="1.0">
<uses-sdk android:minSdkVersion="7" />
<application android:icon="@drawable/icon"
android:label="@string/app_name">
< activity android:name=".activity.MainActivity"
android:label="@string/app_name">
<intent-filter>
        <action android:name="android.intent.action.MAIN" />
        <category android:name="android.intent.category.LAUNCHER" />
</intent-filter>
</activity>
</application>
</manifest>
```

Depending on the versions given in the manifest.xml project can be deployed. In the above example

"<uses-sdk android:minSdkVersion="7" /> "

7 is the version mentioned while a project can be deployed in the versions of 7 and above 7.

Android API levels

Platforms	API Level
Android 1.5	**3**
Android 1.6	**4**
Android 2.1	**7**
Android 2.2	**8**
Android 2.3- 2.3.2	**9**
Android 2.3.3-2.3.7	**10**
Android 3.0	**11**
Android 3.1	**12**
Android 3.2	**13**
Android 4.0-4.0.2	**14**
Android 4.0.3-4.0.4	**15**
Android 4.1	**16**
Android 4.1.2	**16**
Android 4.2	**17**

Prerequisites for android for developers and testers

1. User should install Eclipse 3.7[indigo] IDE or above.
2. Also Android SDK for 2.3.3 or higher platform (API level 10 or higher) should be installed
3. "ANDROID_HOME" environment variable should be set, and should point to android sdk folder /tools and /platform-tools should be system PATH variable.
4. For Android projects, avoid using Android versions 1.6 & 2.1_R1 for project creation and build generation

5.13 Blackberry Prerequisites

Prerequisites for running Blackberry application:

In order to start with BB hybrid application development, two steps needs to be followed:

- Necessary software installations.
- Code Signing key registration and installation

5.13.1 Software Installations:

Following software needs to be installed for BB hybrid development.

- BlackBerry WebWorks SDK for Smart Phones
- BlackBerry Desktop Software
- BlackBerry JDE Plugin

BlackBerry WebWorks SDK for Smart Phones:

BlackBerry WebWorks SDK for Smart Phones has to be installed on machine.

Windows

https://developer.blackberry.com/html5/downloads/fetch/BlackBerryWebWorksSDK.exe

Mac

https://developer.blackberry.com/html5/downloads/fetch/BlackBerryWebWorksSDK.zip

Create Environment variable

Name: BB_WEBWORK_SDK_HOME
Value: <PATH TO SDK INSTALLATION> [E.g: C:\Program Files\Research In Motion\BlackBerry WebWorks SDK 2.3.1.5]

Add following 2 variables to Path

%BB_WEBWORK_SDK_HOME%;
%BB_WEBWORK_SDK_HOME%\bin;

Blackberry Desktop Software

Install the BlackBerry Desktop Software to simulate the usb connection with simulator. Go through following links and install the software.

Windows

https://www.blackberry.com/Downloads/contactFormPreload.do?code=A8BAA56554F96369AB93E4F3BB068C22&dl=A2C0D61EB187AB3AFD247A852FAD3647

Mac

https://www.blackberry.com/Downloads/contactFormPreload.do?code=CBC462E27100DAD71CDBF606D396DDAD&dl=3C4BB676CED2EDE17E0996B0A4A20B01

BlackBerry JDE Plugin Installation

Get the BB JDE plugin from following links:

Windows

https://developer.blackberry.com/java/downloads/fetch/BlackBerry_JDE_PluginFull_2.0.0_indigo.exe.

Mac

https://developer.blackberry.com/java/downloads/fetch/BlackBerry_JDE_PluginFull_2.0.0_indigo.zip

Download the BB plugin and install.

Once installed, start the IDE and follow below mentioned steps: [Note: steps mentioned below are specific for windows installation. Kindly follow the appropriate steps for Mac as instructed on screen]

- Go to File -> New -> BlackBerry Project. The wizard will help developer to create new project.
- Enter Project name in next step.
- Under Template selection window, choose BlackBerry Application.
- Enter necessary information in Application Details step. Click Finish.
- New BlackBerry application will be available in list.
- Right click on project, select Run As -> BlackBerry Simulator. This will launch BB simulator.

Note for simulator: Once the simulator is launched, select "Simulate->USB Cable Connected" and then you can use javaloader as if it was an actual device connected via USB.

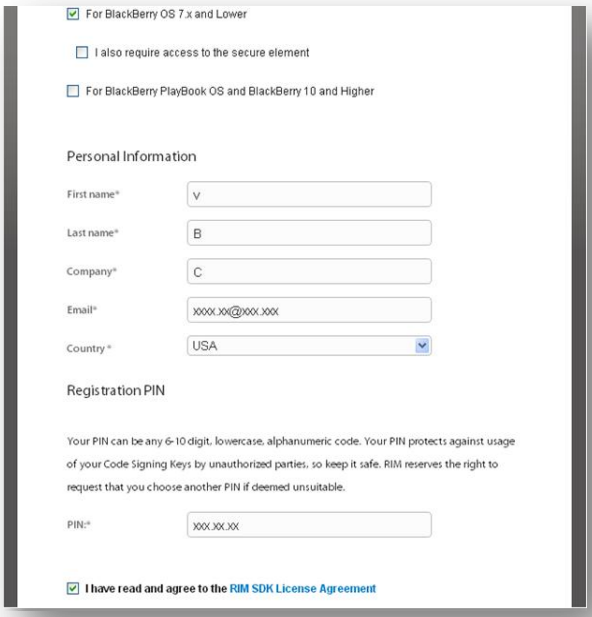
5.13.2 Code signing key registration and installation:

Once the components are installed, Code Signing Keys need to be requested and installed on development machine. Code signing key installation process is one time process.

Getting the Key Files:

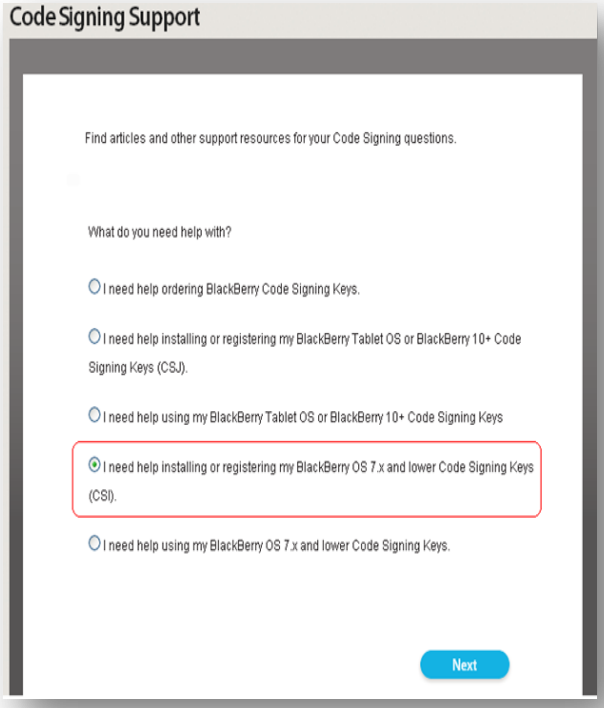
- Open https://www.blackberry.com/SignedKeys/codesigning.htmlhttps://www.blackberry.com/SignedKeys/codesigning.html

- Enter required details as described in image below, and click submit. [Note: Kindly note down the Registration PIN. It will be required in key installation process later on]

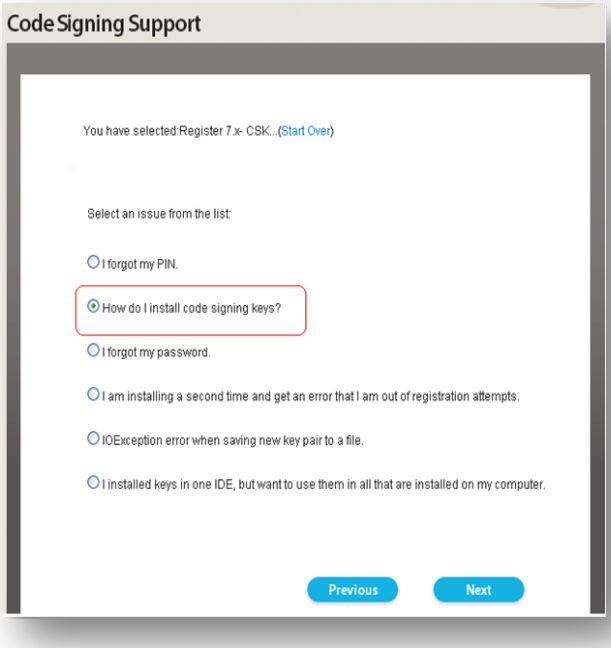


Getting Key details

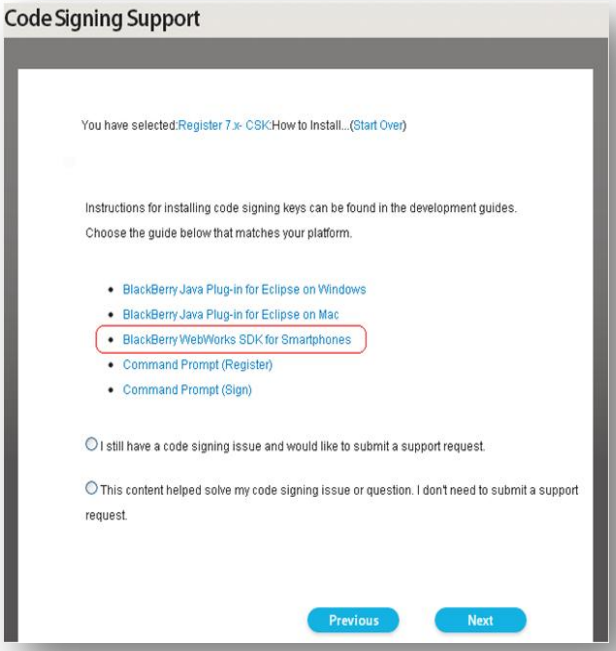
- Once details are submitted, you will get confirmation page on screen, stating that .csi files will be sent within 2 hours. Probably the email will be sent within 15-20 mins.
- Once the email is delivered in your inbox with 3 .csi files, go to https://developer.blackberry.com/CodeSigningHelp/codesignhelp.html . Select the highlighted option as shown in image, and click Next



Code Signing support

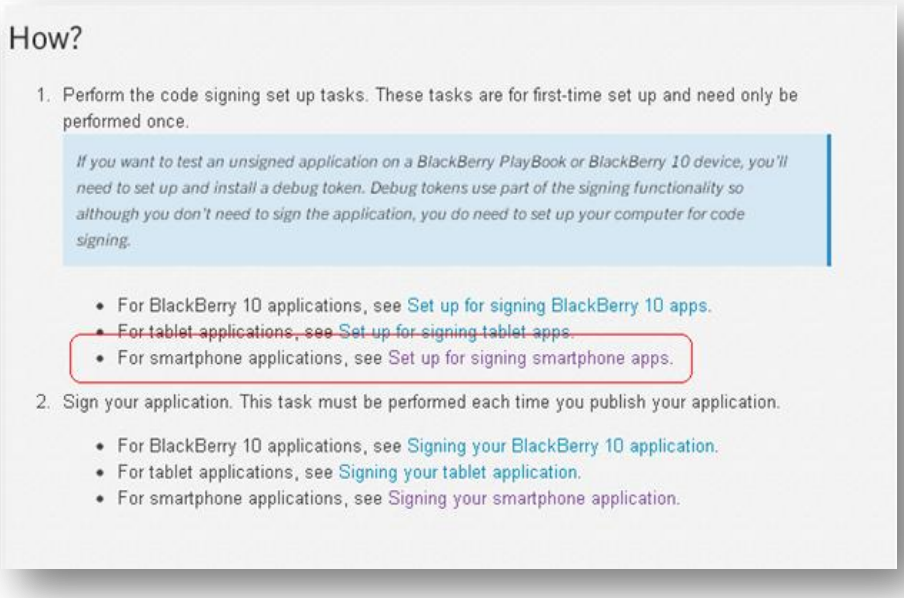


Code Signing Support



Code signing support

- Scroll down to the bottom of the opened page, and click on the highlighted option, as shown in image below.



Setup for signing smartphone apps

- This will open "**Set up for signing smartphone apps**" page.

- Follow all the 10 steps mentioned in **Requesting and Registering your keys** section for all the 3 .csi files that you have received in emails earlier.

Note:
This is required to get the keys in order to run the application on BB device.

5.14 Prerequisites for Windows Phone

- Visual Studio 2010 or higher should be installed
- Windows Phone SDK 7.0 or higher should be installed [Note: For Using Windows phone SDK 8.0, 64bit OS is required
- Create MSBUILD environment variable pointing to C:\Windows\Microsoft.NET\Framework\<Framework_version> directory on your machine, containing the MSBuild.exe file

  E.g., C:\Windows\Microsoft.NET\Framework\v3.5 (Or)
  C:\Windows\Microsoft.NET\Framework\v4.0.30319

- Add MSBUILD environment variable in your Path
  1. Edit your existing Path variable.
  2. If semi colon (;) is not present at the end, place one semi colon(;) at the end.
  3. Append %MSBUILD%; at the end.

For 32-bit,

- The console tools are available under the Downloads section in Phresco
- Download and extract it at desired location on your machine
- Create WPTOOLS_HOME environment pointing to extracted directory (containing wptools.exe)
- Add WPTOOLS_HOME environment variable in your Path
  1. Edit your existing Path variable.
  2. If semi colon (;) is not present at the end, place one semi colon(;) at the end.
  3. Append %WPTOOLS_HOME%; at the end.

For 64-bit,

- The console tools are available under the Downloads section in Phresco
- Download and extract it at desired location on your machine
- Extract it at desired location on your machine
- Create XAPDEPLOYCMD_HOME environment pointing to extracted directory (containing wptools.exe)

- Add XAPDEPLOYCMD_HOME environment variable in your Path
  1. Edit your existing Path variable.
  2. If semi colon (;) is not present at the end, place one semi colon(;) at the end.
  3. Append % XAPDEPLOYCMD_HOME_HOME%; at the end.

5.15 Prerequisites for Windows Metro

- Windows 8 OS
- .Net Framework 4.0 or higher should be installed
- Visual Studio Express 2012 RC for Windows 8 should be installed (IDE
- Create MSBUILD environment variable pointing to C:\Windows\Microsoft.NET\Framework\<Framework_version> directory on your machine, containing the MSBuild.exe file.

  E.g., C:\Windows\Microsoft.NET\Framework\v4.0.30319

- Add MSBUILD environment variable in your Path
  1. Edit your existing Path variable
  2. If semi colon (;) is not present at the end, place one
  3. Append %MSBUILD%; at the end.

5.16 Prerequisites for NodeJS

- Download and install Node JS. (NodeJS is available under Downloads tab in the Phresco Framework). The NodeJS version should be equal to or greater than node-v0.8.7-x86.msi
- Set the path of installed Node Js in the environment variables
- Mocha tool is essential for performing code validation, build and unit test. Open the command prompt and execute the following commands inside the installed Node Js

  npm install -g mocha
  npm install -g mocha_lcov_reporter
  npm install -g should

- The code coverage tool, Jscoverage, will be available under the Others section of the Downloads tab in the Phresco Framework. After creating a Node Js project using Phresco, download and unzip it at any system location
- Set the path of this jscoverage folder in the environment variables.

Note:
Installing NodeJS is a one time event

---

6 Archetypes

Archetype, provided in Phresco, is an ideal project from which similar projects can be created. Phresco Archetypes help the developers follow the best practices in creating projects by providing basic templates for any technology. Developers can create archetypes and deploy it in their organization's repository which will be available for the use of all developers within their organization. Users can also upload archetypes required for their projects with the help of admin console.

6.1 List of Available Archetypes

Archetypes are classified under three different applications - web, mobile and stand alone applications. Under each applications there are list of Archetypes available as given below.

List of Archetypes for Web Applications

- PHP
- Drupal6
- Drupal7
- SharePoint
- ASP.Net
- SiteCore
- WordPress
- Java Standalone
- HTML5 Multichannel YUI Widget
- HTML5 Multichannel jQuery Widget
- HTML5 YUI Mobile widget
- HTML5 jQueryMobile Widget

List of Archetypes for Mobile Applications

- iOS Native
- iOS Hybrid
- iOS Library
- iOS Workspace
- Android Native
- Android Hybrid
- Android Library
- Blackberry Hybrid
- Windows Metro
- Windows Phone

List of Archetypes for Web Services Applications

- Java Web service
- NodeJS

7 Reusable Components

Phresco promotes reusability of components by providing a knowledge repository that systematically captures, organizes and categorizes an organization's knowledge.

Archetype:

Archetype, provided in Phresco, is an ideal project from which similar projects can be created. Phresco Archetypes help the developers follow the best practices in creating projects by providing basic templates for any technology. Users can also upload archetypes required for their projects with the help of admin console.

Features:

The below mentioned resources are represented in Phresco as features that can be selected when creating a project.

- Java libraries
- Android libraries
- iOS libraries
- ASP.NET Libraries
- SharePoint Features
- PHP Modules
- Drupal Modules
- WordPress Modules
- NodeJS Modules
- JS Libraries

Pilot Projects:

Pilot project is an actual project built with the best practices of project development, libraries, components and validated code structures. Phresco has included Pilot projects for most of the technology it supports. The inclusion is intended to cut maintenance time by synchronizing application and design. Phresco also allows the pilot projects to be re-branded, reused and redelivered when published in the repository.

Third Party Libraries:

Phresco's repository server is the main vital repository and any changes and modifications made by the administrators have a significant impact on the framework's user interface.

It is a common knowledge repository that controls the content accessed by the entire team. Organizations can move the artifacts and features that they desire to reuse across platforms in to the repository.

What happens when you select a pilot project?

Once a pilot project for the desired technology is selected, it will be added into Phresco Framework/workspace/projects. Projects a user may create using Phresco archetypes will be located in the above location.

What happens when you select an Archetype?

Archetypes provided by Phresco can be adapted to the user's project and the completed project can be hosted in Phresco's repository for access by other projects in the organization.

7.1 What happens when you select a feature in your project?

Table 2: Features and Js Libraries for the Technologies

Technology	Selecting a feature	Selecting a JS library
Drupal	The modules will be added into <PROJECT_HOME>/source/sites/all/modules	N/A
SharePoint	The features will be added into <PROJECT_HOME>/source	N/A
NodeJS	The modules will be added into <PROJECT_HOME>/source/node_modules	The modules will be added into <PROJECT_HOME>/source/lib
iOS Native	The libraries will be added into <PROJECT_HOME>/source/Thirdparty	N/A
iOS Hybrid	The libraries will be added into <PROJECT_HOME>/source/Thirdparty	N/A
PHP	The libraries will be added into <PROJECT_HOME>/source	The libraries will be added into <PROJECT_HOME>/source/public_html/js

WordPress	The modules will be added into <PROJECT_HOME>/source/wp-content	N/A
ASP.NET	The features will be added into <PROJECT_HOME>/source/src	N/A

Note:

For Java, Java WebService, HTML5 and Android the features are updated in the pom.xml as dependencies.

---

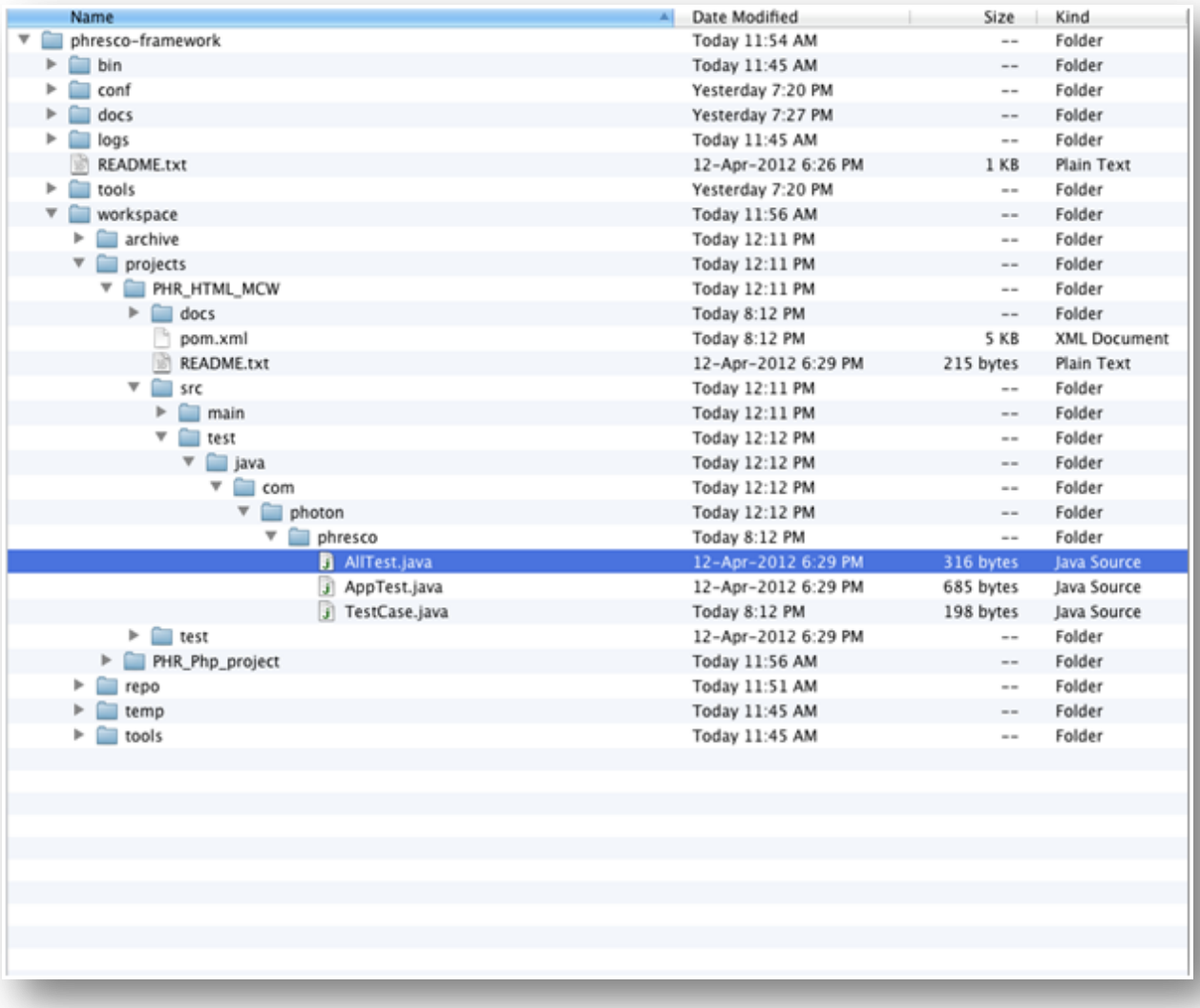
8 Testing

Phresco provides standardized structure for testing all the technologies.

8.1 Test Cases for Java Technology

8.1.1 Unit Test

8.1.1.1 Structure of AllTest and Test Cases



Java unit tests structure

a. **AllTest :** AllTest is the root file that carries all the test cases to initiate the testing process. Each test case can be called separately to run the unit test.

b. **Test case:** In unit test, Test cases are written in order to test the source code.

8.1.1.2 Existing Test Cases Out Of the Box in Phresco

AllTest for Java Technology

AllTest contains a bunch of test cases, each of which performs a unique scenario on the application. Test developers can start writing new suite classes and test cases by following the syntax and structure of Phresco frameworks out of the box class structure. AllTest class calls all the suite classes and the test cases within it. Once suite classes and test cases are written developers can execute those from Phresco Framework and can see the report. Following is the AllTest file which shows up how to add / include the class inside it.

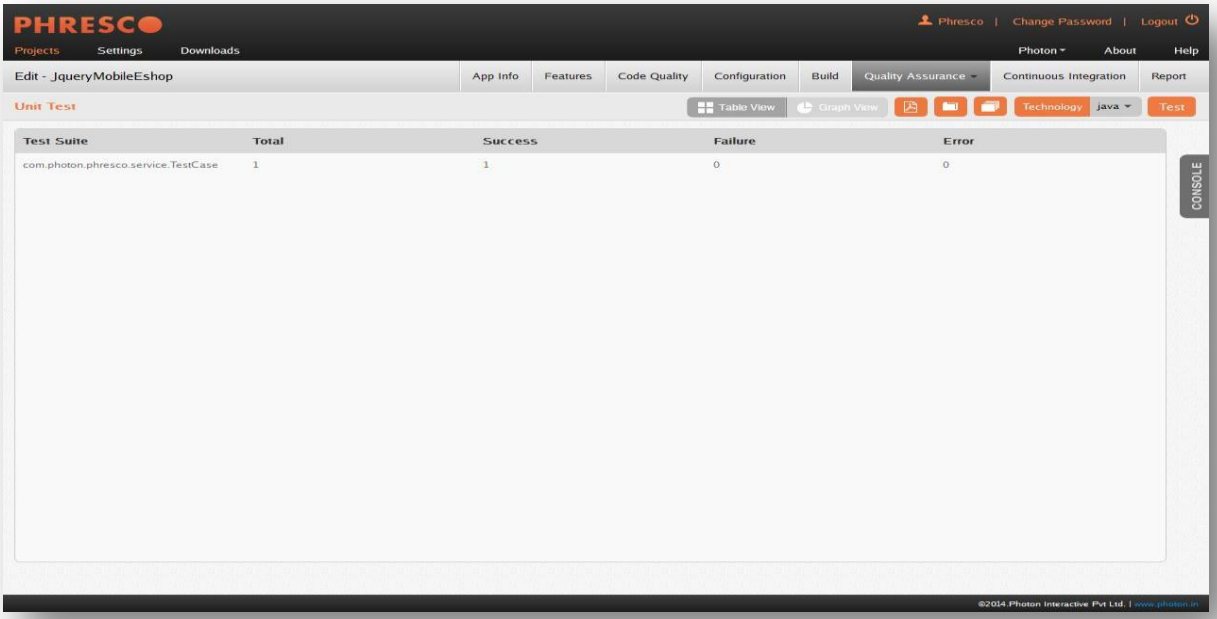
```
package com.photon.Phresco;

import junit.framework.Test;
import junit.framework.TestSuite;


public class AllTest {

	public static Test suite() {
		TestSuite suite = new TestSuite(AllTest.class.getName());
		//$JUnit-BEGIN$
		suite.addTestSuite(AppTest.class);
		//$JUnit-END$
		return suite;
	}

}
```

Test Case Example for AppTest

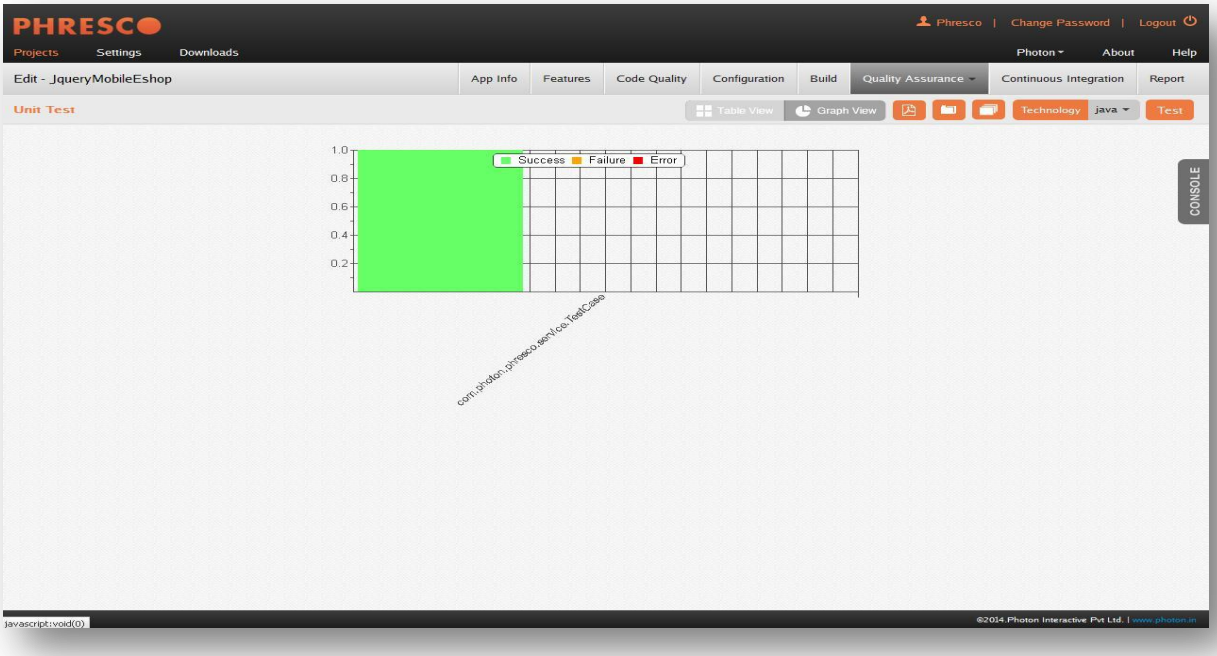
Test cases examine all the aspects including inputs and outputs. It gives the detailed steps that should to be followed during the testing process. Testing process follows only the steps that have been written for each test case.

```
package com.photon.Phresco;

import junit.framework.Test;
import junit.framework.TestCase;
import junit.framework.TestSuite;

/**
 * Unit test for simple App.
 */
public class AppTest
    extends TestCase{

    /**
     * Create the test case
     *
     * @param testName name of the test case
     */
    public AppTest( String testName ) {

        super( testName );
        System.out.println("Printed");
    }

    /**
     * @return the suite of tests being tested
     */
    public static Test suite() {

        return new TestSuite( AppTest.class );
    }

    /**
     * Rigourous Test :-)
     */
    public void testApp() {
        assertTrue( true );
    }
}
```

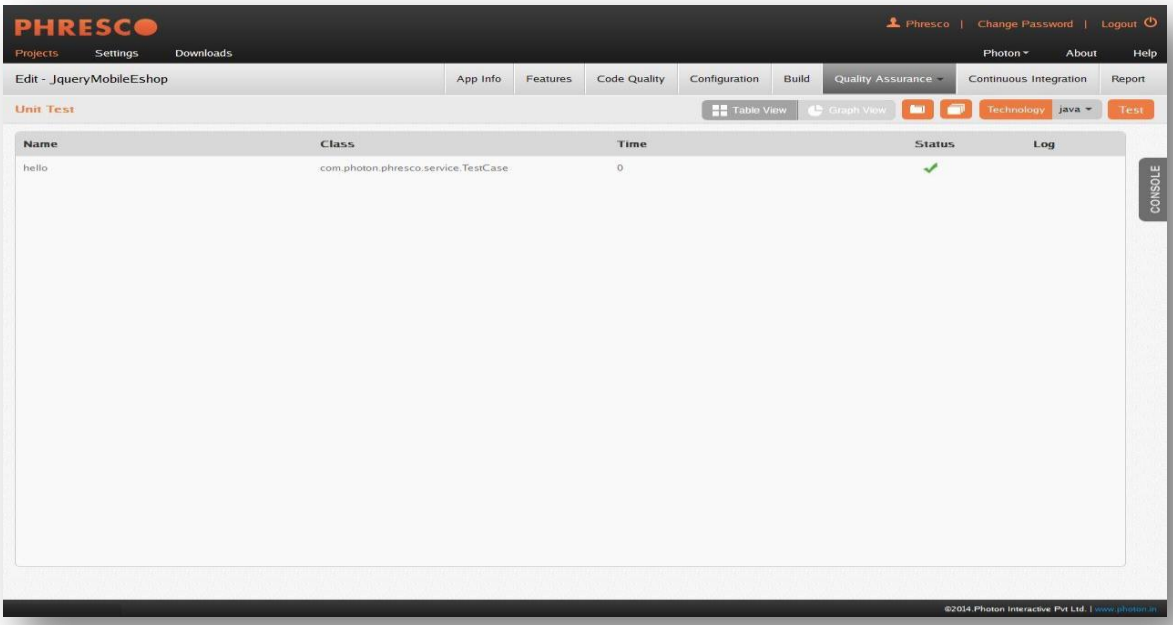
8.1.1.3 Report generated after execution



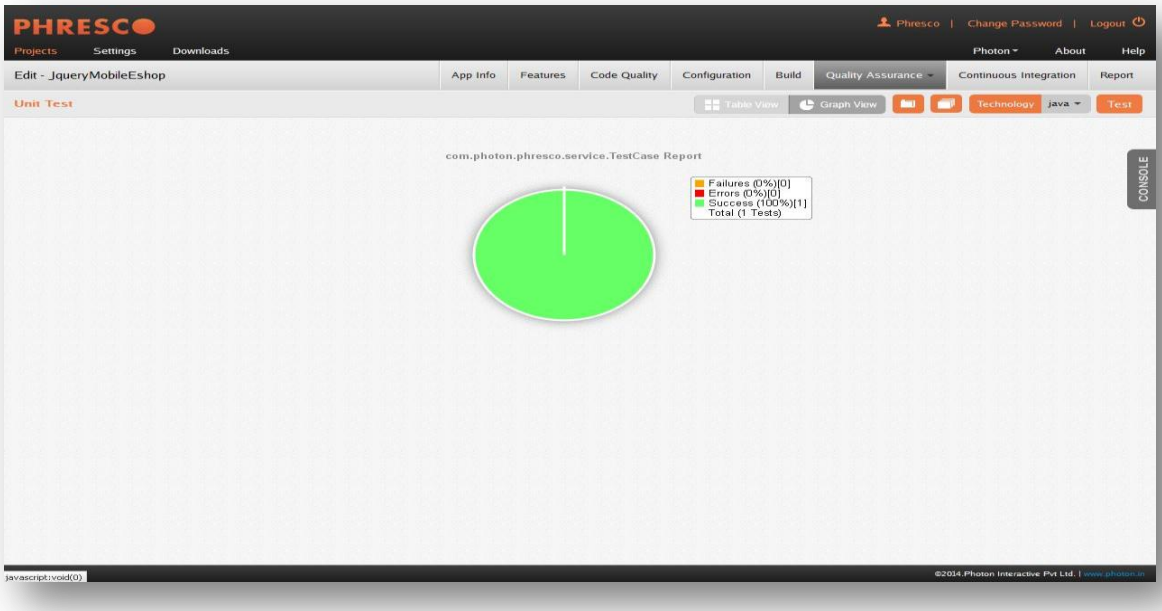
HTML5 widget unit test report for all test cases in tabular view



HTML5 widget unit test report for all test cases in graphical view



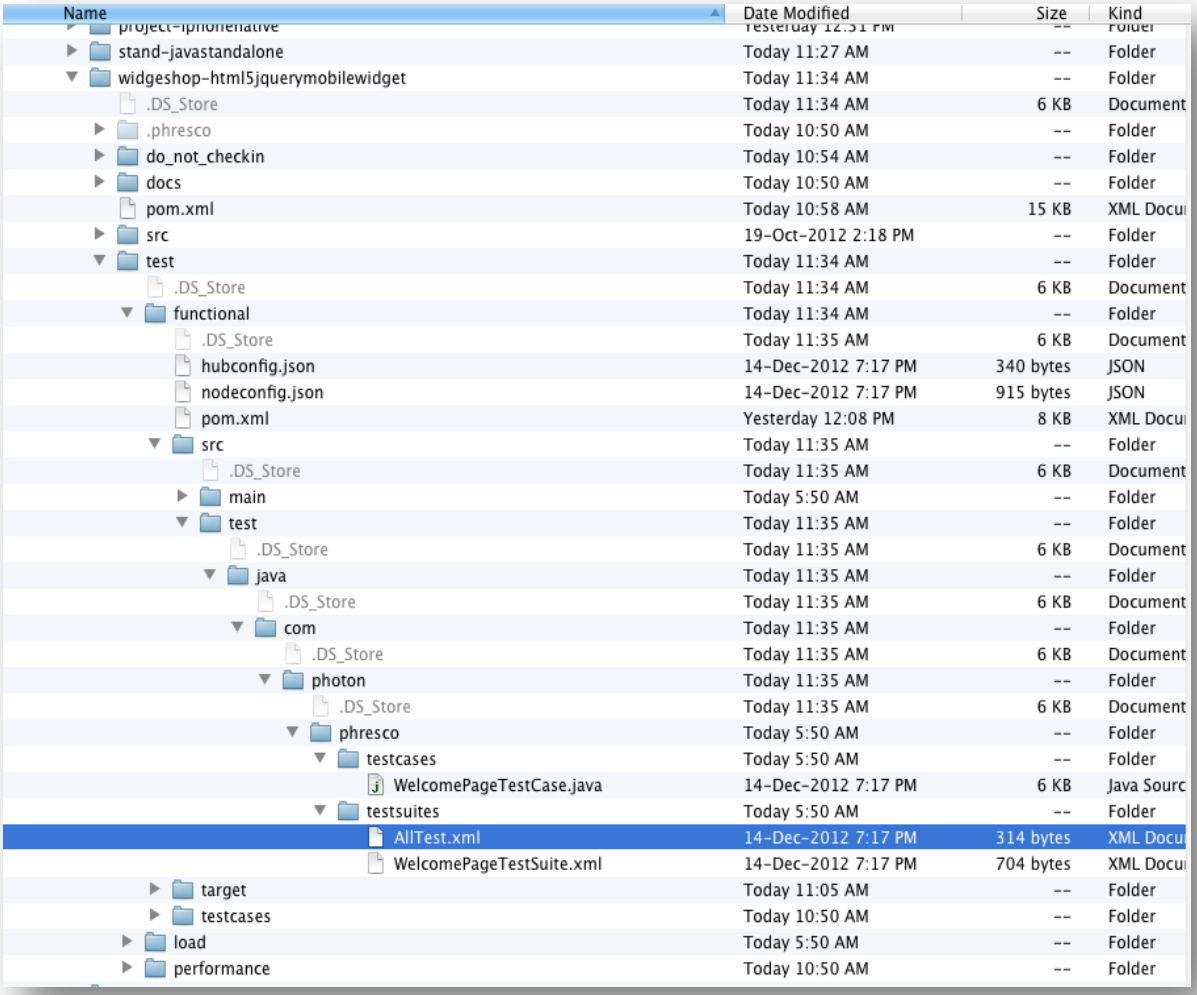
HTML5 widget unit test report for single test case in tabular view



HTML5 widget unit test report for single test case in graphical view

8.1.2 Functional Test cases – Selenium Grid

8.1.2.1 Structure of Functional Test in Java for Selenium Grid



Java functional tests structure

a. **AllTest**: This is a root TestNG suite xml that can either call a suite of xmls or individual test cases.

b. **Suite Xml**: This is also a TestNG suite xml which calls the rest of the individual test cases.

c. **Test Cases**: These are individual java classes which perform unique testing scenarios against the application.

8.1.2.2 Existing Test Cases and Suites Out Of the Box in Phresco

In Phresco testing Framework a TestNG suite xml is named as “AllTest”.

TestSuite contains a bunch of test cases, each of which performs a unique scenario on the application. Test developers can start writing new suite xml and test cases by following the syntax and structure of Phresco frameworks out of the box class structure. AllTest xml calls all the suite xmls and the test cases within it. Once suite xmls and test cases are written developers can execute those from Phresco Framework and can see the report. Following is the AllTest xml file which shows up how to add / include the xmls inside it.

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
        <suite name="AllTest"  parallel="tests" thread-count="10">
        <suite-files>
          <suite-file path="./WelcomePageTestSuite.xml" />
        </suite-files>
        </suite>
```

Suite xmls

Suite xml is a collection of test cases that are intended to be used to test a project code to show that it has some specified set of behaviors. A suite xml contains detailed instructions or goals for each collection of test cases. New test cases can also be added by using the same syntax.

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
        <suite name="WelcomePageTestSuite" parallel="tests" thread-count="5"
        verbose="3">
        <test name="VerifyWelcomePageOnFirefox" junit="false preserve-order=
        "true">
        parameter name="browser" value="firefox" />
        <parameter name="platform" value="WINDOWS" />
        <classes>
        <class name="com.photon.phresco.testcases.WelcomePageTestCase"/>
        </classes>
        </test>
        </suite>
```

Test cases

A test case is a set of conditions under which a tester will determine whether an application is meeting the requirement. This helps the user to verify a particular functionality during the testing process.

```
package com.photon.phresco.testcases;
import java.io.IOException;
import org.testng.Assert;
import org.testng.Reporter;
import org.testng.annotations.AfterTest;
import org.testng.annotations.BeforeTest;
import org.testng.annotations.Parameters;
import org.testng.annotations.Test;
import com.photon.phresco.Screens.WelcomeScreen;
import com.photon.phresco.uiconstants.PhrescoUiConstants;
import com.photon.phresco.uiconstants.UIConstants;
import com.photon.phresco.uiconstants.WidgetData;
```

```
public class WelcomePageTestCase {
private  UIConstants uiConstants;
private  PhrescoUiConstants phrescoUIConstants;
private  WelcomeScreen welcomeScreen;
private  String methodName;
private  String selectedBrowser;
private  WidgetData WidgetConstants;
 // private Log log = LogFactory.getLog(getClass());
 @Parameters(value = { "browser", "platform" })
 @BeforeTest
 public void setUp(String browser, String platform) throws Exception {
  try {
            phrescoUIConstants = new PhrescoUiConstants();
            uiConstants = new UIConstants();
            WidgetConstants = new WidgetData();
             String selectedBrowser = browser;
             String selectedPlatform = platform;

methodName=Thread.currentThread().getStackTrace()[1].getMethodName(
);
    Reporter.log("Selected Browser to execute testcases--->>"+
selectedBrowser);
                String applicationURL = phrescoUIConstants.PROTOCOL +
"://"
```

```
                + phrescoUIConstants.HOST + ":" + phrescoUIConstants.PORT
                        + "/";
 welcomeScreen = new WelcomeScreen(selectedBrowser, selectedPlatform,
applicationURL, phrescoUIConstants.CONTEXT, WidgetConstants,
uiConstants);
                } catch (Exception exception) {exception.printStackTrace();
        }
    }

@Test
 Public void testWelcomePageScreen() throws InterruptedException,
IOException, Exception {
  try {
     System.out.println("---------testWelcomePageScreen-------------");
      Assert.assertNotNull(welcomeScreen);
     Thread.sleep(1000);
     } catch (Exception t) {
     t.printStackTrace();
                }
     }


@Test
 public void testToVerifyTheAudioDevicesAddToCart() throws
InterruptedException, IOException, Exception {
  try {
 System.out.println("---------testToVerifyTheAudioDevicesAddToCart()-----
------");
      welcomeScreen.AudioDevices(methodName);
      welcomeScreen.billingInfo(methodName);
       } catch (Exception t) {
       t.printStackTrace();
       }
      }

  @AfterTest
     public  void tearDown() {
     welcomeScreen.closeBrowser();
   }
}
```

8.1.2.3 To Add A New Test Suite in Alltest Xml

User can add a new test suite to the AllTest xml as follows.

Example

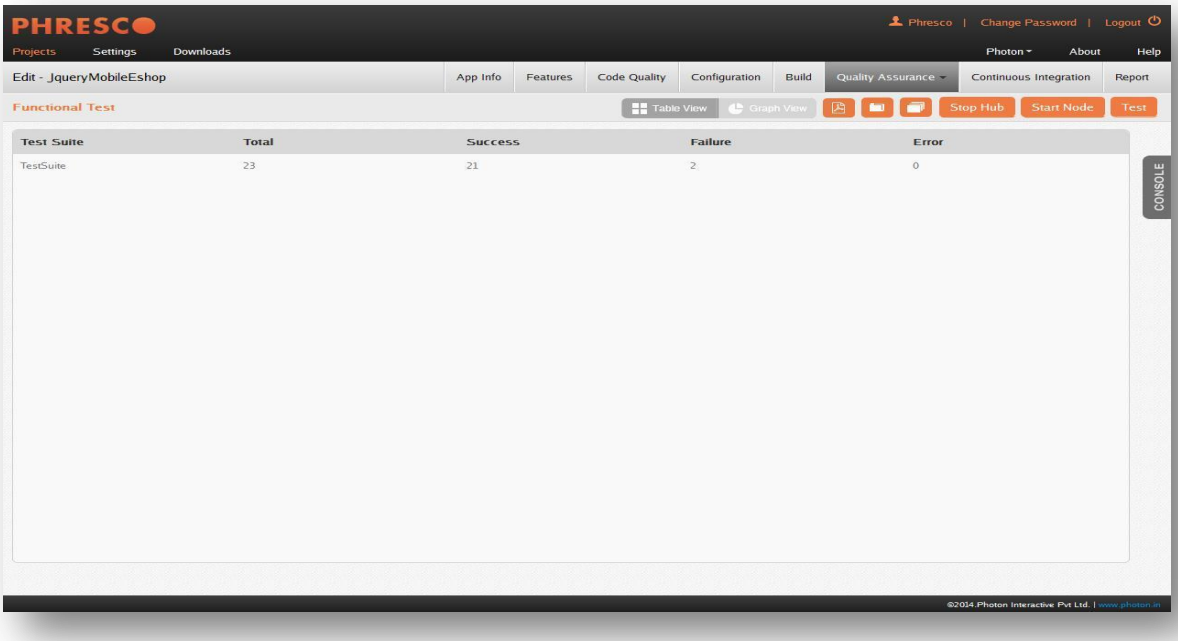
```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
   <suite name="AllTest"  parallel="tests" thread-count="10">
          <suite-files>
          <suite-file path="./WelcomePageTestSuite.xml" />
          <suite-file path="./LoginPageTestSuite.xml" />
          </suite-files>
   </suite>
```

8.1.2.4 To Add New Test Case in Test Suite Xml

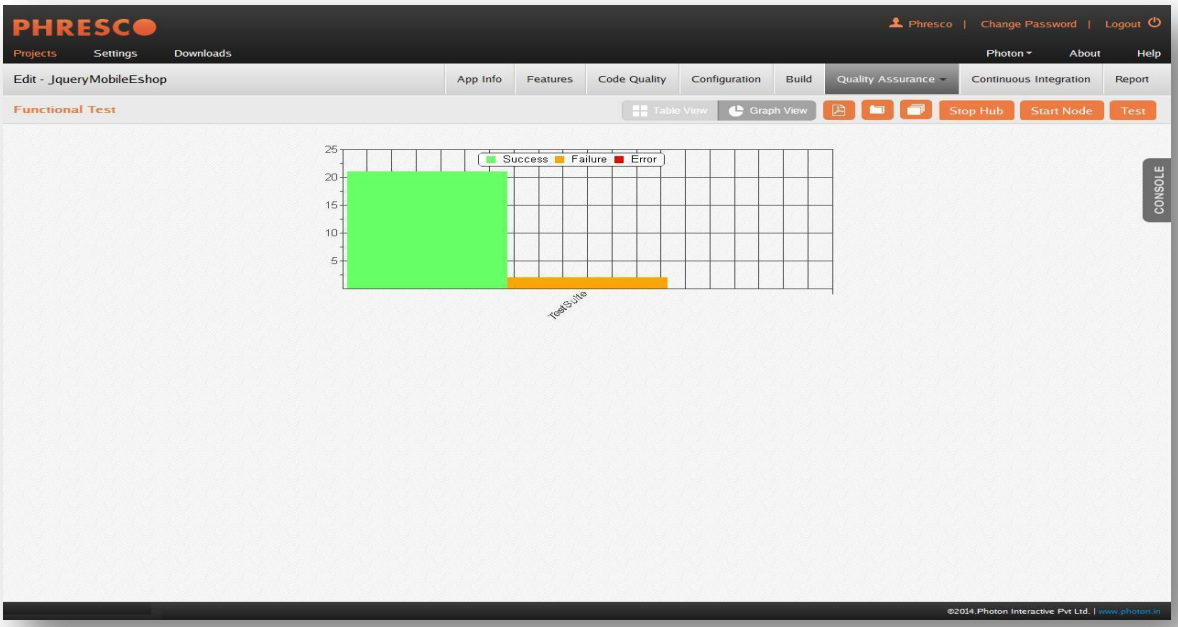
You can add a new test case to the Test suite using the following method. Here is an example for adding a new test case in the name “CamerasAddcart

```
    <suite name="WelcomePageTestSuite" parallel="test” thread-count="5" verbose="3">
        <test name="VerifyWelcomePageOnFirefox" junit="false" preserve-order="true">
         <parameter name="browser" value="firefox" />
         <parameter name="platform" value="WINDOWS" />
         <classes>
          <class name="com.photon.phresco.testcases.WelcomePageTestCase" />
           <class name="com.photon.phresco.testcases.LoginPageTestCase" />
         </classes>
        </test>
      </suite>
```

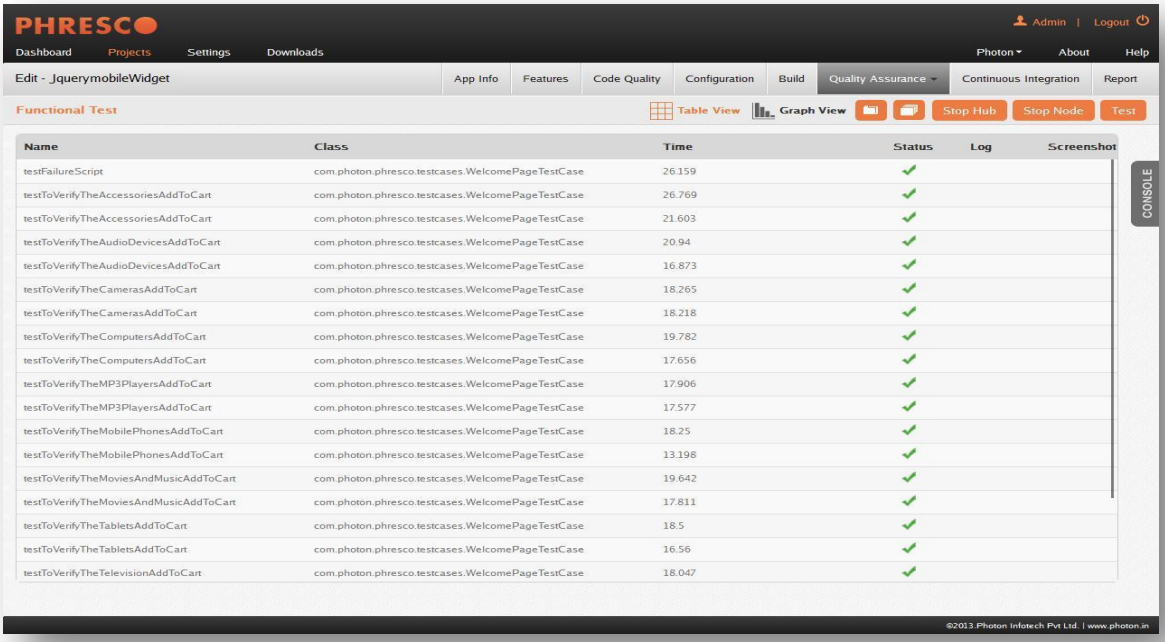
8.1.2.5 Report generated after execution



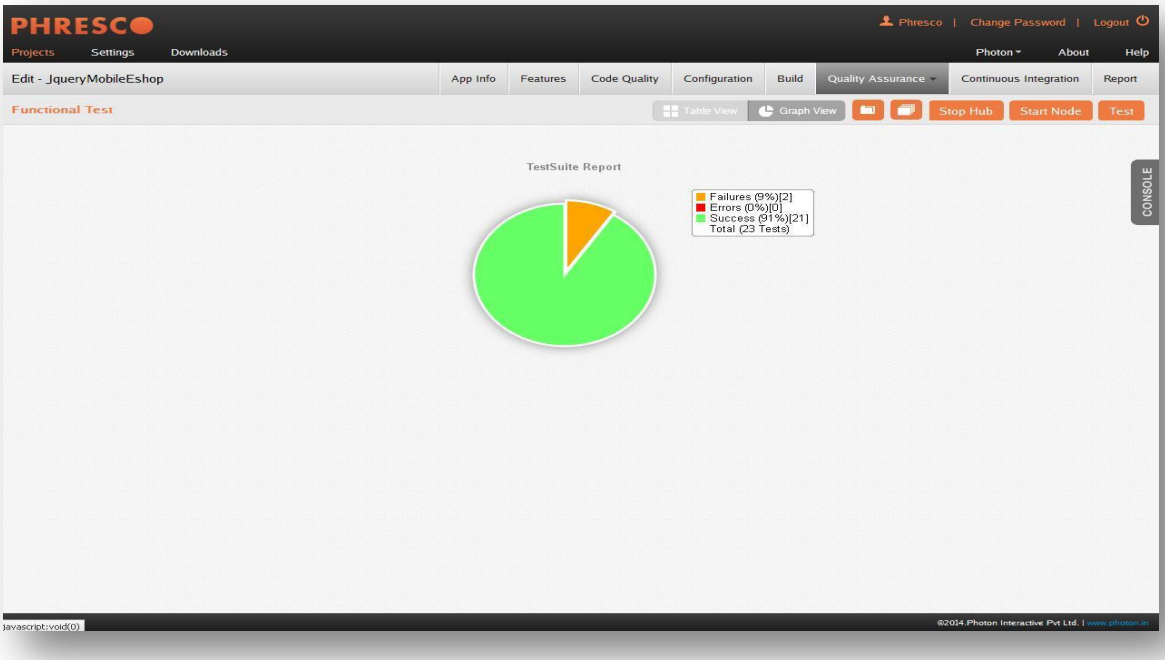
HTML5 widget functional test report for all test cases in tabular view



HTML5 widget functional test report for all test cases in graphical view



HTML5 widget functional test report for single test case in tabular view



HTML5 widget functional test report for single test case in graphical view

Note

- Phresco supports Functional Tests for Widgets, PHP Technologies, Nodejs Webservices, Java Webservices in Selenium Grid format.
- Refer section 8.1.2 for the Functional Test case structure which is similar to Selenium Grid Functional Test case structure.
- In addition to this,Phresco also supports Cucumber for Widgets.

8.2 Functional Test cases for Selenium Webdriver

8.2.1.1 Structure of Functional Test in Java

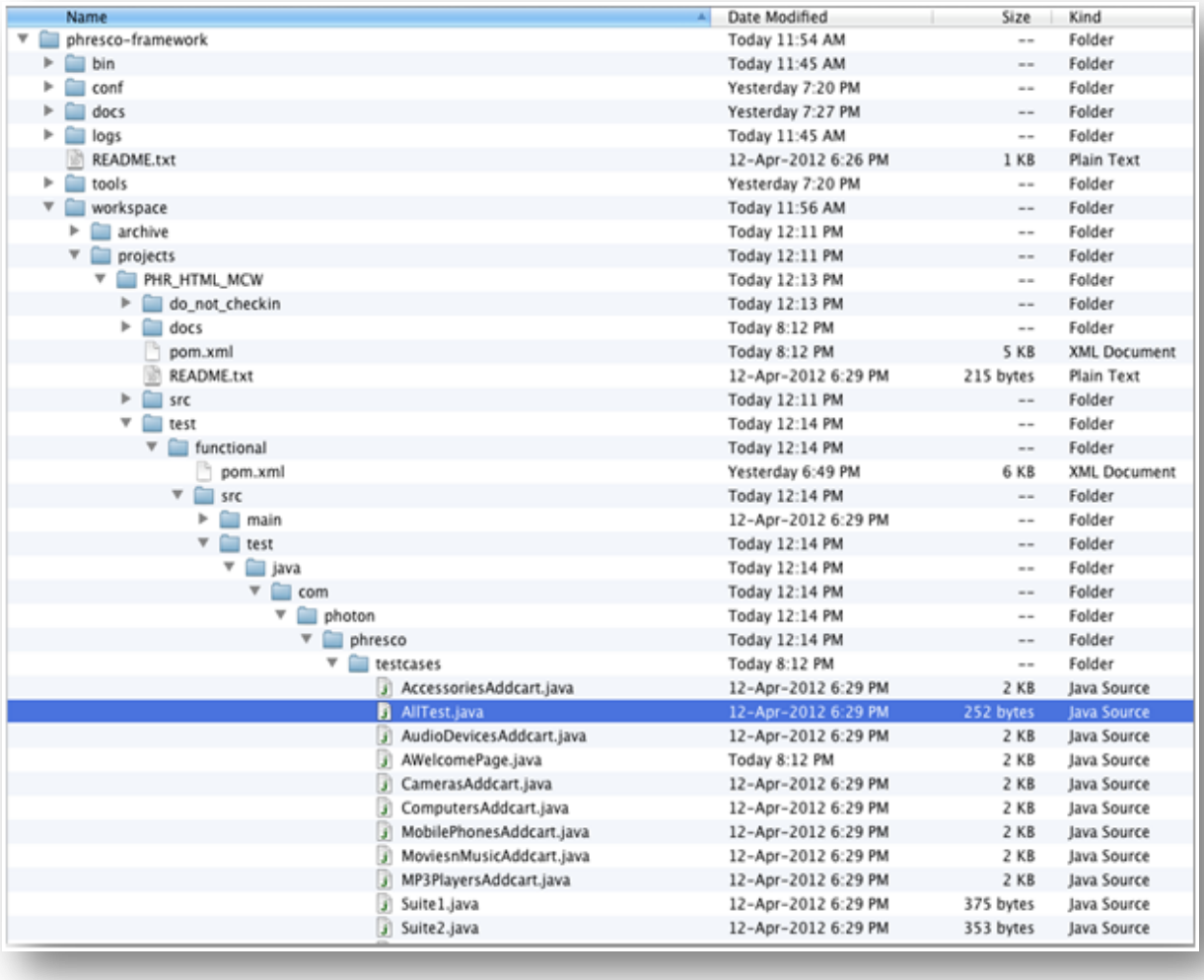


Figure 8-11: Java functional tests structure

a. AllTest: This is a root JUnit suite class that can either call a suite of classes or individual test cases.

b. Suite Class: This is also a JUnit suite class which calls the rest of the individual test cases.

c. Test Cases: These are individual java classes which perform unique testing scenarios against the application.

8.2.1.2 Existing Test Cases and Suites Out Of the Box in Phresco

In Phresco testing Framework a JUnit suite class is named as "AllTest".

The TestSuite contains a bunch of test cases, each of which performs a unique scenario on the application. Test developers can start writing new suite classes and test cases by following the syntax and structure of Phresco frameworks out of the box class structure. AllTest class calls all the suite classes and the test cases within it. Once suite classes and test cases are written developers can execute those from Phresco Framework and can see the report. Following is the AllTest file which shows up how to add / include the class inside it.

```
package com.photon.Phresco.testcases

import org.junit.runner.RunWith;
import org.junit.runners.Suite;
import org.junit.runners.Suite.SuiteClasses;

@RunWith(Suite.class)
@SuiteClasses({Suite1.class,Suite2.class})
public class AllTest {
}
```

Suite class

Suite class is a collection of test cases that are intended to be used to test a project code to show that it has some specified set of behaviors. A suite class contains detailed instructions or goals for each collection of test cases. New test cases can also be added by using the same syntax.

```
package com.photon.Phresco.testcases;
import org.junit.runner.RunWith;
import org.junit.runners.Suite;
import org.junit.runners.Suite.SuiteClasses;

@RunWith(Suite.class)
@SuiteClasses({ WelcomePage.class,TeleVisionAddcart.class,
                ComputersAddcart.class,
MobilePhonesAddcart.class,AudioDevicesAddcart.class,
CamerasAddcart.class

})
public class Suite1 {

}
```

Test cases

A test case is a set of conditions under which a tester will determine whether an application is meeting the requirement. This helps the user to verify a particular functionality during the testing process. Elements can be identified and screen shots can be captured when the test fails.

```
package com.photon.Phresco.testcases;

import java.io.IOException;

import junit.framework.TestCase;

import org.junit.Test;
//import static org.testng.AssertJUnit.*;
import org.openqa.selenium.server.SeleniumServer;

import com.photon.Phresco.Screens.MenuScreen;
import com.photon.Phresco.Screens.WelcomeScreen;
import com.photon.Phresco.selenium.report.Reporter;
import com.thoughtworks.selenium.Selenium;
import com.photon.Phresco.uiconstants.PhrescoUiConstants;

public class AWelcomePage extends TestCase {
private SeleniumServer serv;
```

```
 protected Selenium selenium;
 private PhrescoUiConstants phrsc;
 private int SELENIUM_PORT;
 private String browserAppends;

 @Test
 public void testWel() throws InterruptedException, IOException, Exception
{
        try {
                phrsc = new PhrescoUiConstants();
                String serverURL = phrsc.PROTOCOL + "://"
                        + phrsc.HOST + ":"
                        + phrsc.PORT + "/";
                browserAppends = "*" + phrsc.BROWSER;
                assertNotNull("Browser name should not be
null",browserAppends);
                SELENIUM_PORT = Integer.parseInt(phrsc.SERVER_PORT);
                assertNotNull("selenium-port number should not be null",
                        SELENIUM_PORT);
                WelcomeScreen wel=new
WelcomeScreen(phrsc.SERVER_HOST, SELENIUM_PORT,
                        browserAppends, serverURL, phrsc.SPEED,
                        phrsc.CONTEXT );
                assertNotNull(wel);
                MenuScreen menu = wel.menuScreen();
        assertNotNull(menu);

         } catch (Exception t) {
                t.printStackTrace();
                System.out.println("ScreenCaptured");
                selenium.captureEntirePageScreenshot("\\WelPageFails.png",
                        "background=#CCFFDD");
        }
 }

 @Override
 public void setUp() throws Exception {

        serv = new SeleniumServer();
        try {
                serv.start();
        } catch (Exception e) {
                clean();
```

```
                throw e;
            }
        }

        @Override
        public void tearDown() {
            clean();
        }

        private void clean() {
            if (serv != null) {
                serv.stop();
            }
            if (selenium != null) {
                selenium.stop();
            }
        }

    }
```

8.2.1.3 To Add A New Test Suite in Alltest Class

You can add a new test suite to the AllTest class as follows.

Example

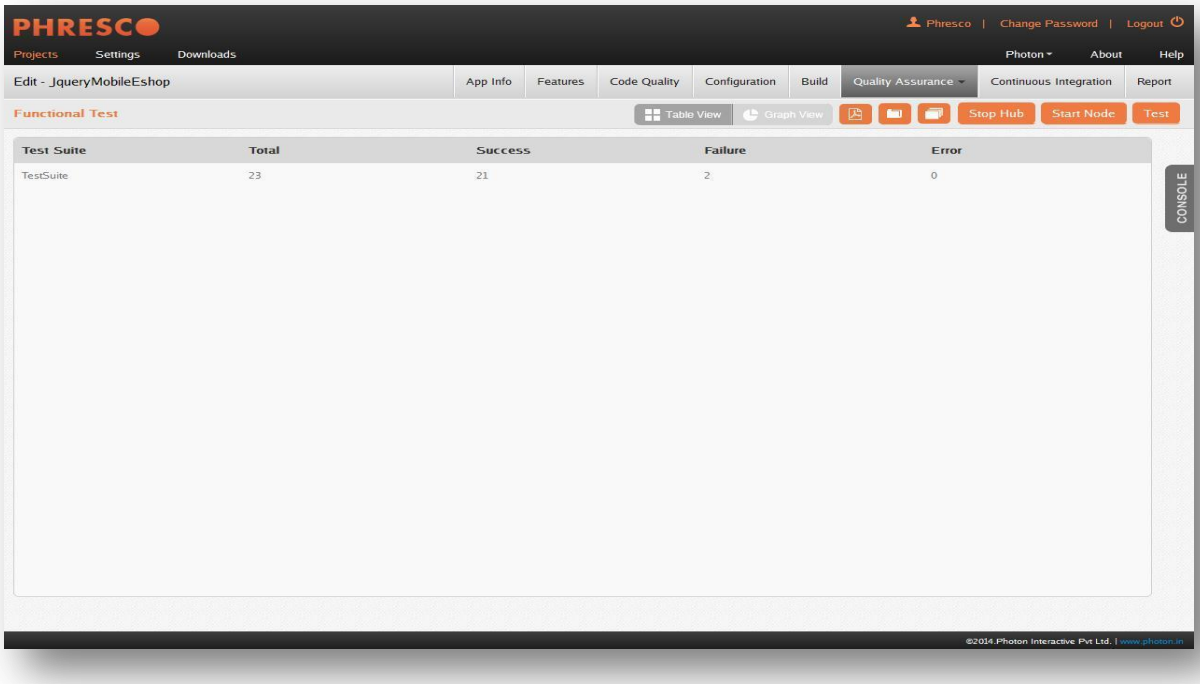
```
package com.photon.Phresco.testcases;

import org.junit.runner.RunWith;
import org.junit.runners.Suite;
import org.junit.runners.Suite.SuiteClasses;

@RunWith(Suite.class)
@SuiteClasses({Suite1.class,Suite2.class})
public class AllTest {
}
```

8.2.1.4 To Add New Test Case in Test Suite

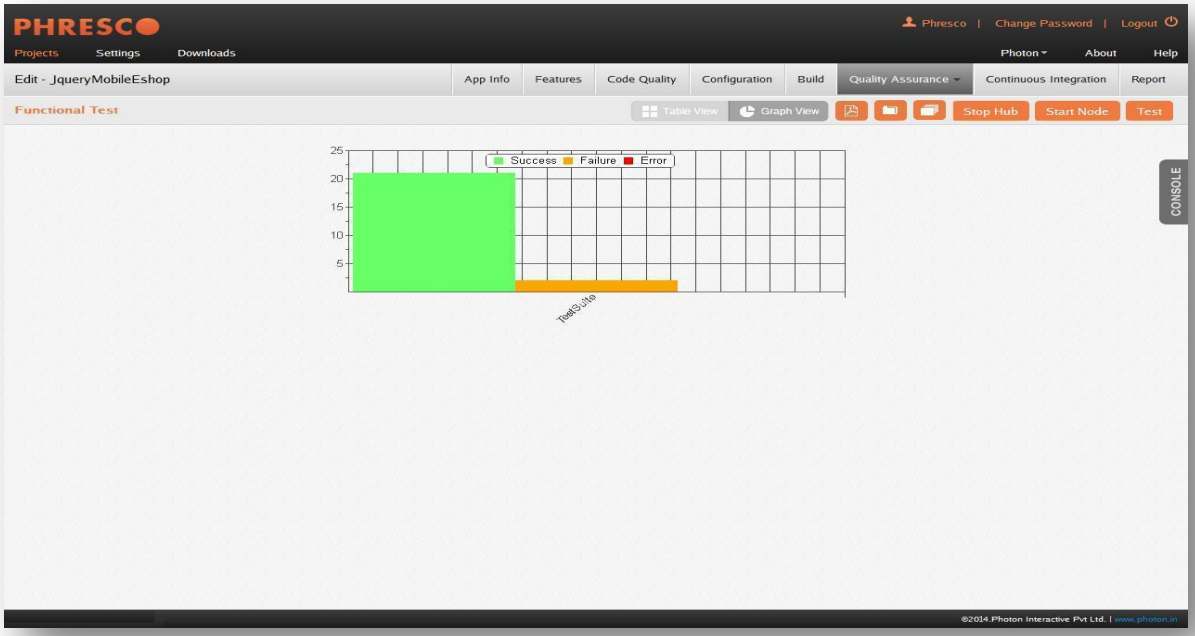
You can add a new test case to the Test suite using the following method. Here is an example for creating a new test case in the name “CamerasAddcart”

```
package com.photon.Phresco.testcases;

import org.junit.runner.RunWith;
import org.junit.runners.Suite;
import org.junit.runners.Suite.SuiteClasses;

@RunWith(Suite.class)
@SuiteClasses({
WelcomePage.class,TeleVisionAddcart.class,ComputersAddcart.class,
                    MobilePhonesAddcart.class,AudioDevicesAddcart.class,
                    CamerasAddcart.class
                })
public class Suite1 {

}
```

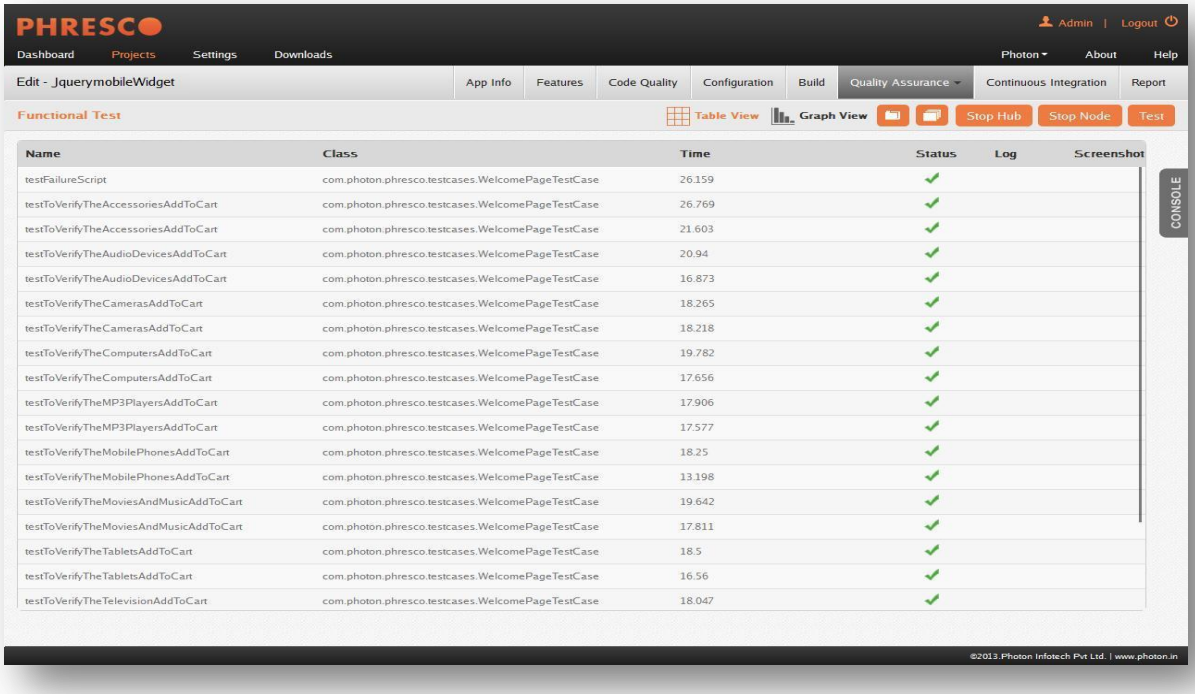
8.2.1.5 Report generated after execution



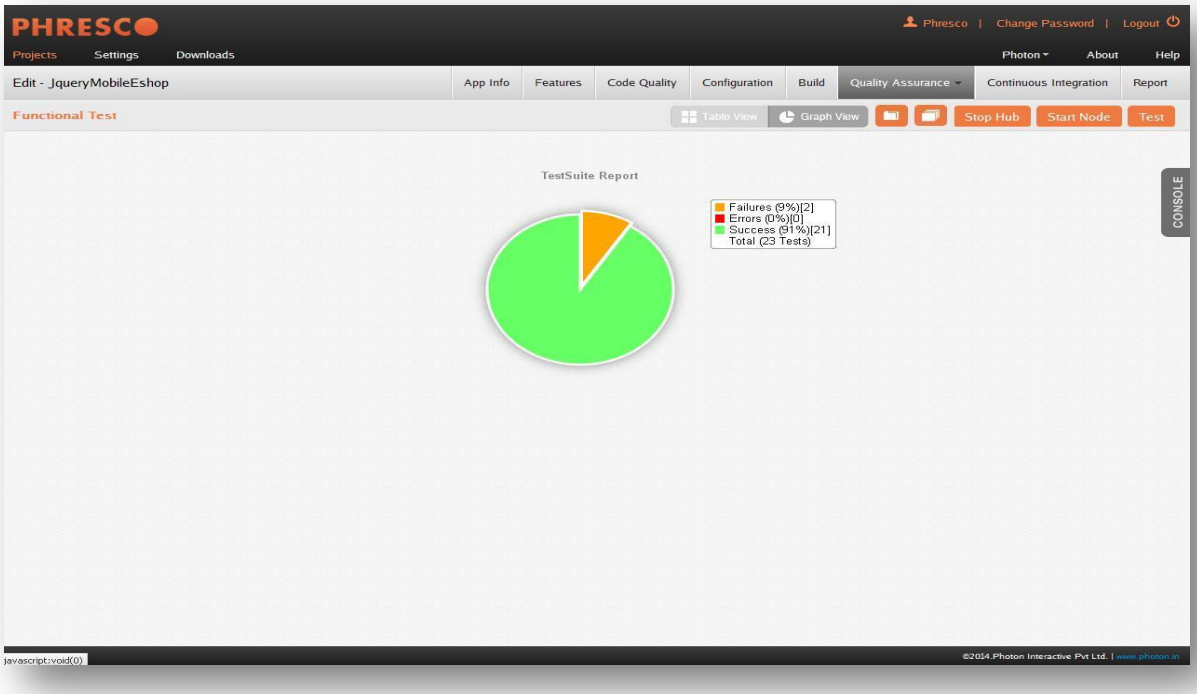
HTML5 widget functional test report for all test cases in tabular view



HTML5 widget functional test report for all test cases in graphical view



HTML5 widget functional test report for single test case in tabular view



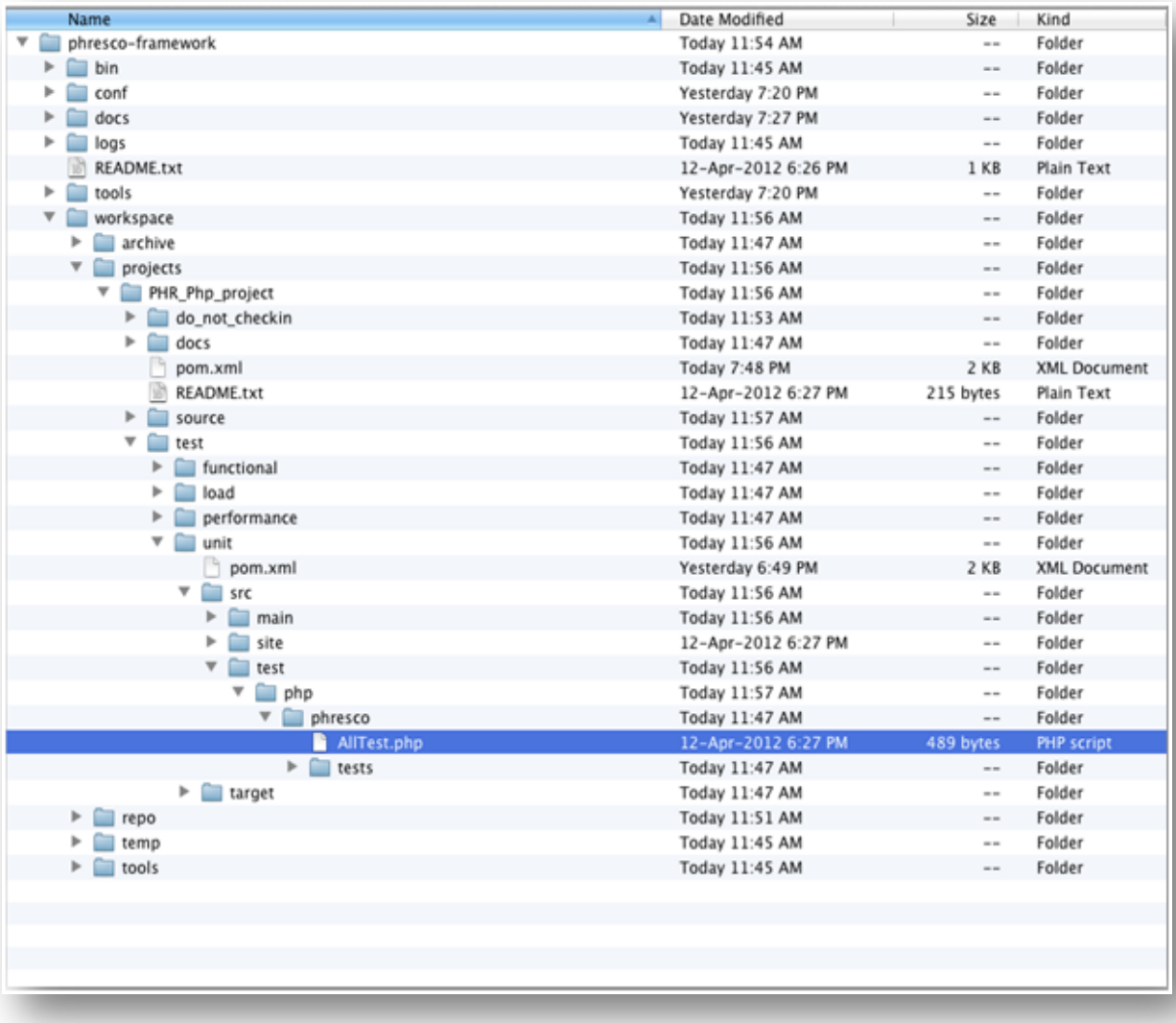
HTML5 widget functional test report for single test case in graphical view

8.3 Test Cases for PHP Technology

Selenium web driver is used to execute the test cases for Php, Drupal, and WordPress technologies in the latest version.

8.3.1 Unit Test Cases

8.3.1.1 Structure of Alltest and Test Cases



PHP unit tests structure

a. **AllTest:** It is the root file that carries all the php suite file to initiate the testing process. Each test case can be called separately to run the unit test.

b. **Test cases**: These are individual test classes which perform unique testing scenarios against the application.

8.3.1.2 Existing Test Cases and Suites Out Of the Box in Phresco

AllTest for PHP

AllTest contains a bunch of test cases, each of which performs a unique scenario on the application. Test developers can start writing new suite classes and test cases by following the syntax and structure of Phresco framework's out of the box class structure. AllTest class calls all the suite classes and the test cases within it. Once suite classes and test cases are written developers can execute those from Phresco Framework and can see the report. Following is the AllTest file which shows up how to add / include the class inside it.

```
<? php

require_once 'tests/UsernameValidation.php';
require_once 'tests/DateValidation.php';

class AllTest extends PHPUnit_Framework_TestSuite{

protected function setUp(){

}
public static function suite(){
$testSuite = new AllTest('Phpunittest');
$testSuite->addTest(new UsernameValidation("testValidation"));
$testSuite->addTest(new DateValidation("testDate"));
return $testSuite;
 }
 protected function tearDown(){

        }

}
```

Test case

A test case is a set of conditions under which a tester will determine whether an application is meeting the requirement. This helps the user to verify a particular functionality during the testing process.

This test case is written for testing the characters of the username to be entered manually. The characters are defined in the base screen and only if it matches with manually entered characters, the unit test case will pass. Testing the username is one unit test case and there can be 'n' number of test cases.

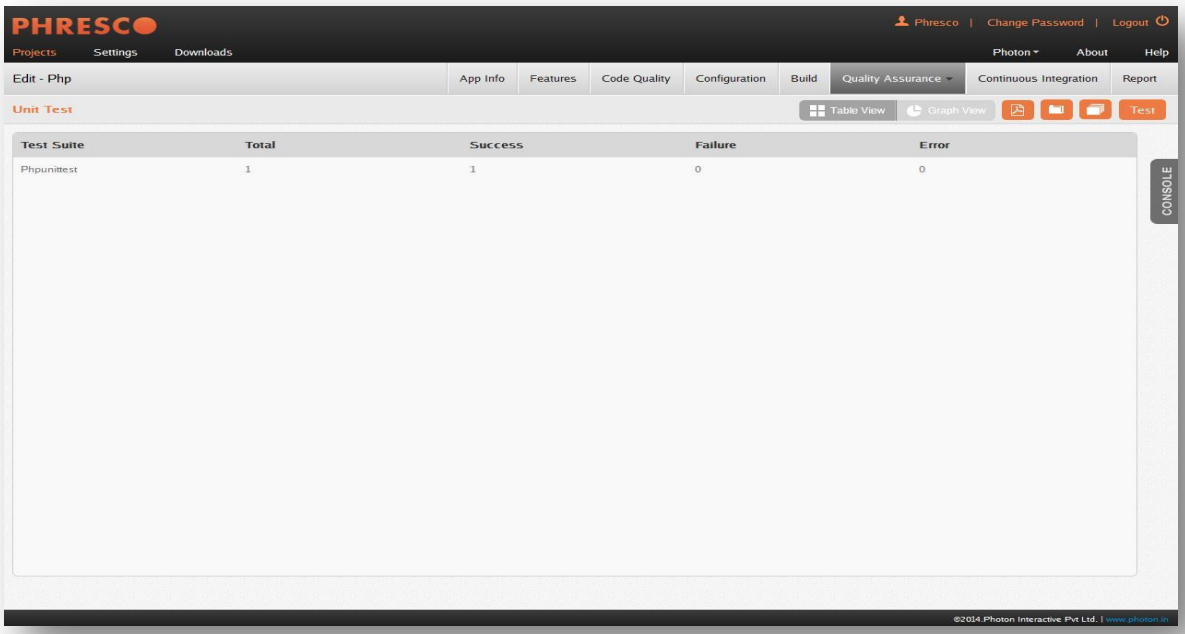
```
<?php

require_once 'PHPUnit/Framework.php';
require_once 'Phresco/tests/BaseScreen.php';
class UsernameValidation extends PHPUnit_Framework_TestCase {
 public function setUp() {

        $this->objValidator = new BaseScreen;

    }
    public function testValidation() {

        $this->assertEquals(true,
        $this->objValidator->check_username('jhonson'));
    }
}
?>
```

8.3.1.3 To Add New Test Case in Alltest

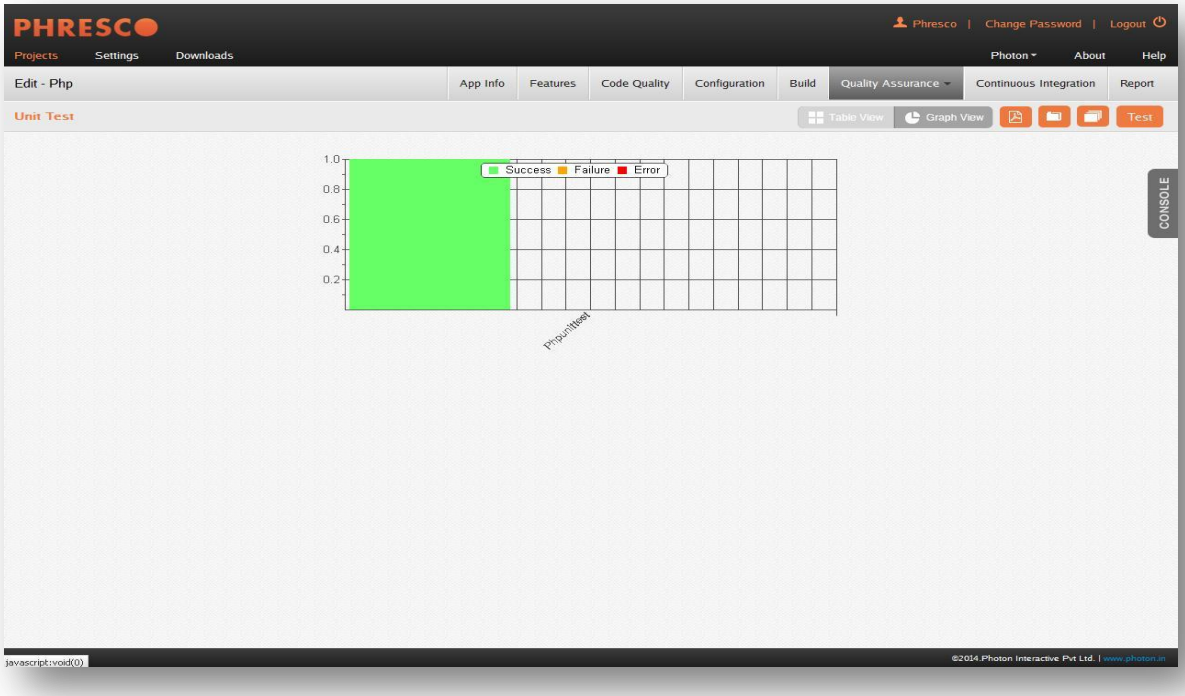
You can add new test cases to the AllTest. An example for creating a new test case is given below.

```
 public static function suite(){
 $testSuite = new AllTest('Phpunittest');
 $testSuite->addTest(new UsernameValidation("testValidation"));
 $testSuite->addTest(new DateValidation("testDate"));
 $testSuite->addTest(new EmailVerification("testEmail"));
```

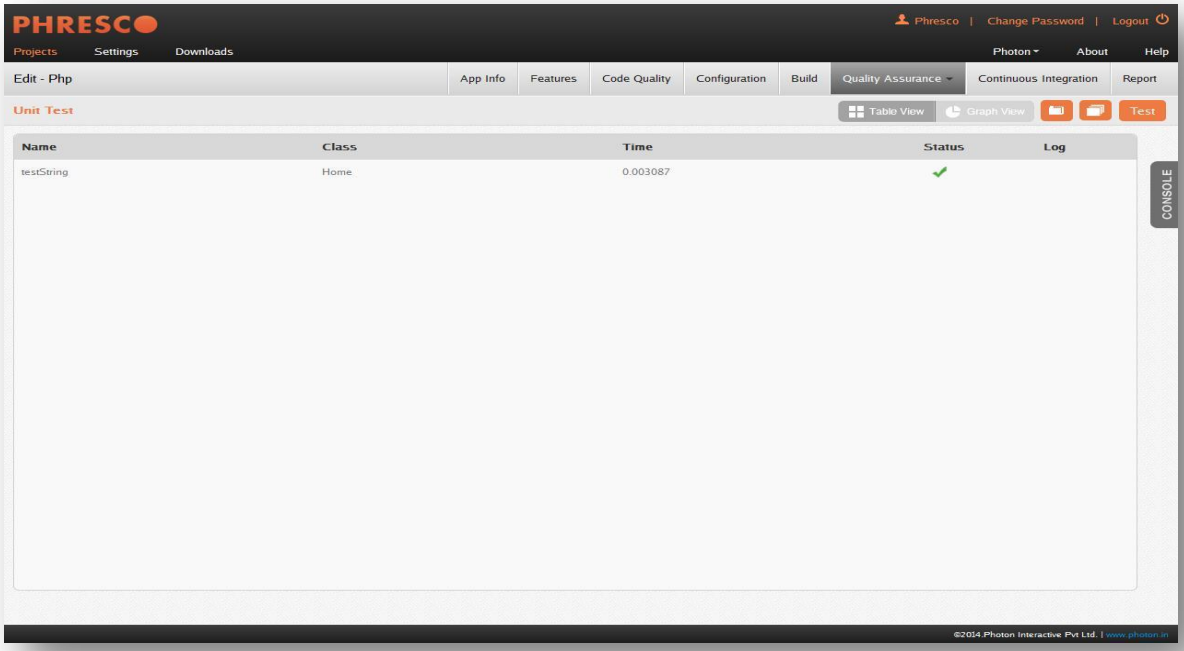
8.3.1.4 Report generated after execution



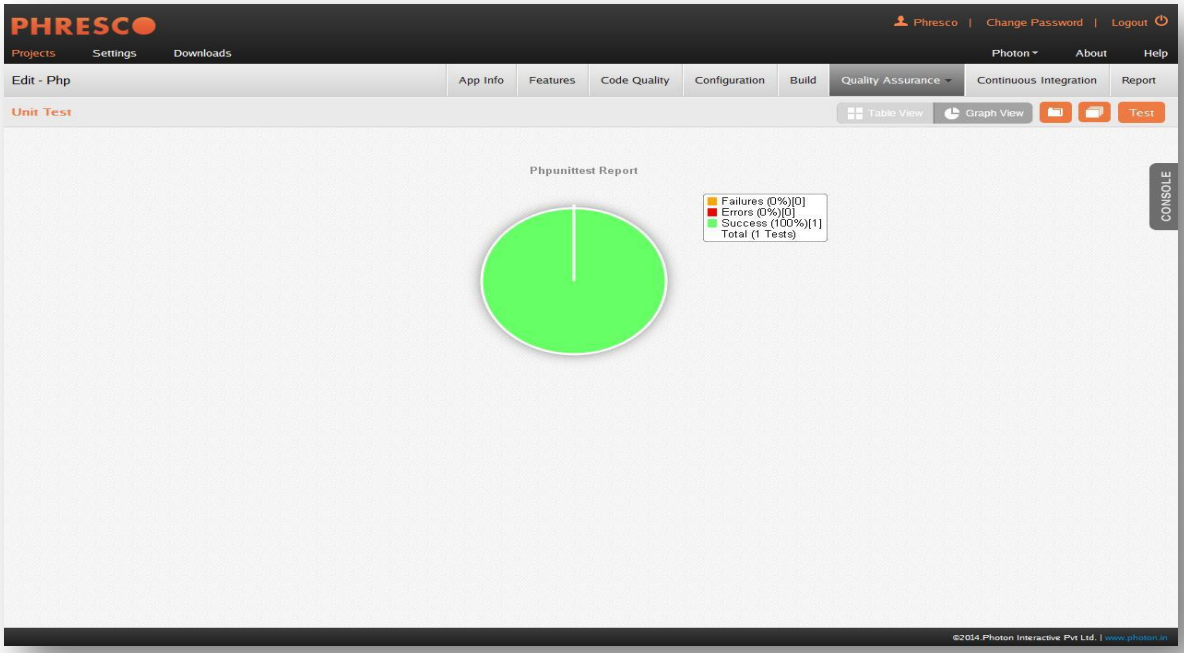
PHP unit test report for all test cases in tabular view



PHP unit test report for all test cases in graphical view



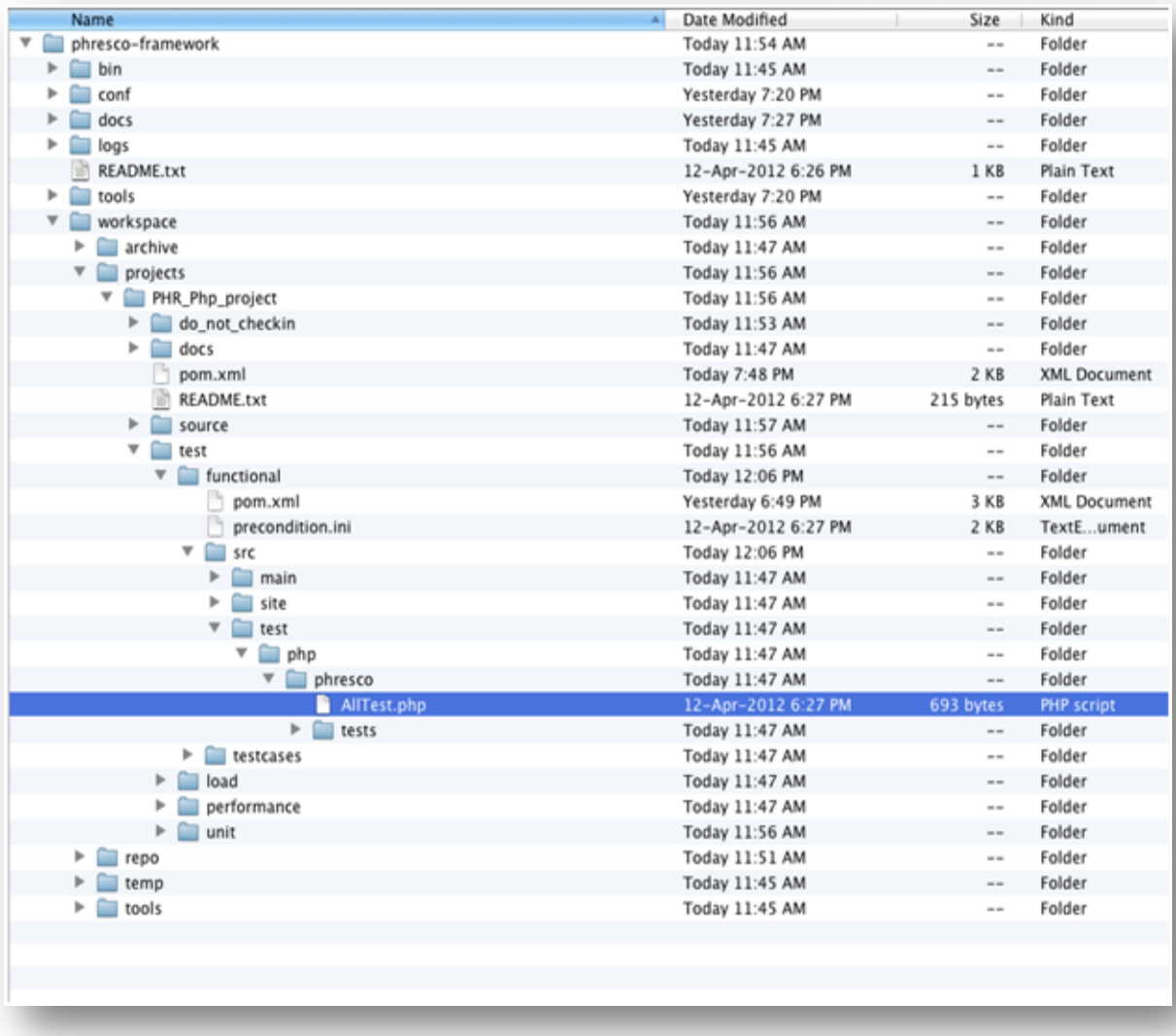
PHP unit test report for single test case in tabular view



PHP unit test report for single test case in graphical view

8.3.2 Functional Test Case for Webdriver

8.3.2.1 Structure of Test Suites and Test Case



PHP functional tests structure

a. **AllTest**: It is the root file that carries all the test suites to initiate the testing.

b. **Test suite**: All the Test suites should be incorporated in the **AllTest**

c. **Test case**: These are individual test classes which perform unique testing scenarios against the application.

8.3.2.2 Existing Test Cases and Suites Out Of the Box in Phresco

Alltest for Php

AllTest contains a bunch of test cases, each of which performs a unique scenario on the application. Test developers can start writing new suite classes and test cases by following the syntax and structure of Phresco framework's out of the box class structure. AllTest class calls all the suite classes and the test cases within it. Once suite classes and test cases are written developers can execute those from Phresco Framework and can see the report. Following is the AllTest file which shows up how to add / include the class inside it.

```
require_once 'tests/UserModules.php';
require_once 'tests/SearchModules.php';
require_once 'tests/DbUpdateModules.php';
require_once 'tests/DbDeleteModules.php';

class AllTest extends PHPUnit_Framework_TestSuite
{
protected function setUp(){
parent::setUp();
}
public static function suite(){

$suite = new AllTest();
$suite->setName('AllTestsuite');
$suite->addTest(UserModules::suite());
$suite->addTest(SearchModules::suite());
$suite->addTest(DbUpdateModules::suite());
$suite->addTest(DbDeleteModules::suite());
 return $suite;
}
protected function tearDown(){
parent::tearDown();
                }
        }
```

Test Suites Example for Usermodules

Test suite is a collection of test cases that are intended to be used to test a project code to show that it has some specified set of behaviors. A test suite contains detailed instructions or goals for each collection of test cases. New test cases can also be added by using the following syntax.

```
require_once 'Register_NewUser.php';
require_once 'LoginLogout_User.php';
require_once 'Account_Update.php';

class UserModules extends PHPUnit_Framework_TestSuite
        {
protected function setUp(){
parent::setUp();
                }
public static function suite(){

$testSuite = new UserModules();
$testSuite->setName('UserModules');
$testSuite->addTestSuite('Register_NewUser');
$testSuite->addTestSuite('LoginLogout_User');
$testSuite->addTestSuite('Account_Update');
return $testSuite;
            }
protected function tearDown(){

                }
        }
```

Test Case Example for Testregistration

Test cases examine all the aspects including inputs and outputs. It gives the detailed steps that should to be followed during the testing process. Testing process follows only the steps that have been written for each test case. It also helps in identifying an element and capturing screen shots when the test fails.

```
require_once 'PhpCommonFun.php';
class Register_NewUser extends PhpCommonFun
{
 protected function setUp(){

parent::setUp();
            }
public function testRegisters(){
parent::Browser();
$testcases = __FUNCTION__;
$doc = new DOMDocument();

$doc->load('test-classes/Phresco/tests/phpsetting.xml');
$users = $doc->getElementsByTagName("register");
foreach( $users as $register ){
$names = $register->getElementsByTagName("username");
$name = $names->item(0)->nodeValue;
$emails = $register->getElementsByTagName("email");
$email = $emails->item(0)->nodeValue;
$passwords = $register->getElementsByTagName("password");
$password = $passwords->item(0)->nodeValue;
        }
        $this->getElement(PHP_REG_LINK,$testcases);
        $this->clickandLoad(PHP_REG_LINK);
        $this->getElement(PHP_REG_UNAME_TBOX,$testcases);
        $this->type(PHP_REG_UNAME_TBOX,$name);
        $this->getElement(PHP_REG_EMAIL_TBOX,$testcases);
        $this->type(PHP_REG_EMAIL_TBOX,$email);
        $this->getElement(PHP_REG_PASS_TBOX,$testcases);
        $this->type(PHP_REG_PASS_TBOX,$password);
        $this->getElement(PHP_REG_SUBMIT,$testcases);
        $this->submit(PHP_REG_SUBMIT,$testcases);
        try{
                $this->assertTrue($this->isTextPresent(PHP_REG_MSG));
                }
                catch (PHPUnit_Framework_AssertionFailedError $e) {
                        $this->doCreateScreenShot(__FUNCTION__);
                        }
    }
                public function tearDown(){
                        $this->closeWindow();
                }
```

8.3.2.3 To Add New Test Suite in Alltest

An example for creating new test suite in the name 'DbDeleteModules'.

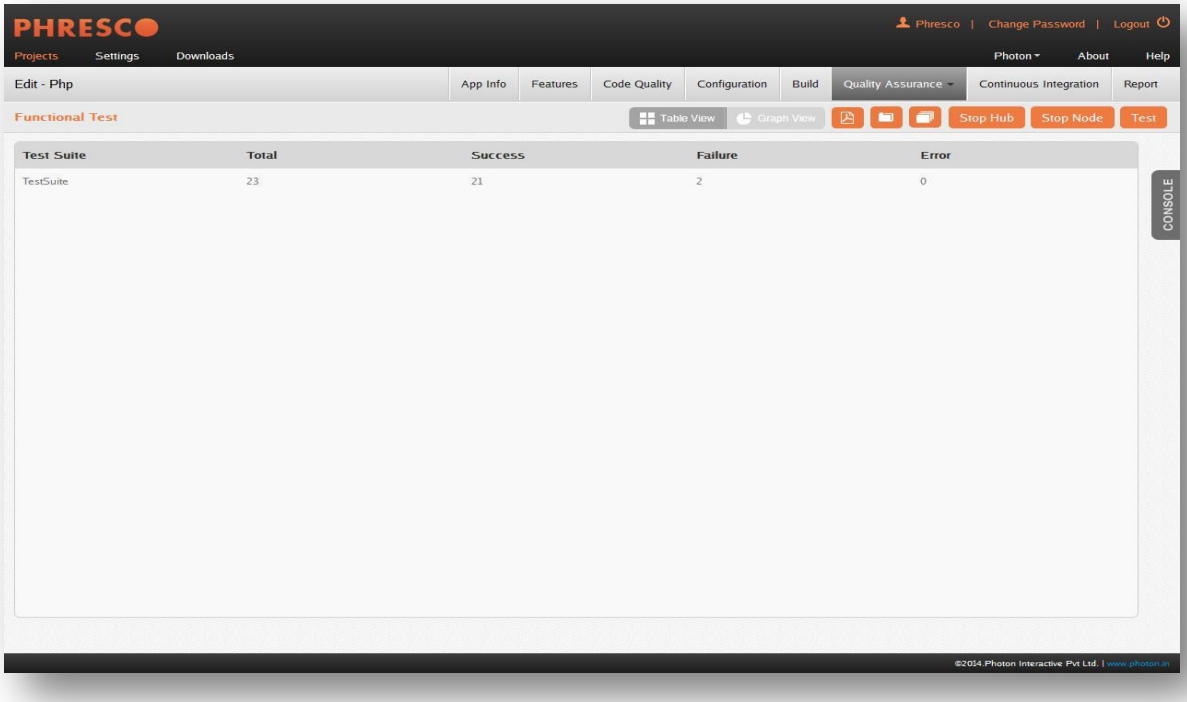
```
$suite = new AllTest();
$suite->setName('AllTestsuite');
$suite->addTest(UserModules::suite());
$suite->addTest(SearchModules::suite());
$suite->addTest(DbUpdateModules::suite());
$suite->addTest(DbDeleteModules::suite());
```

8.3.2.4 To Add New Test Case in Test Suite

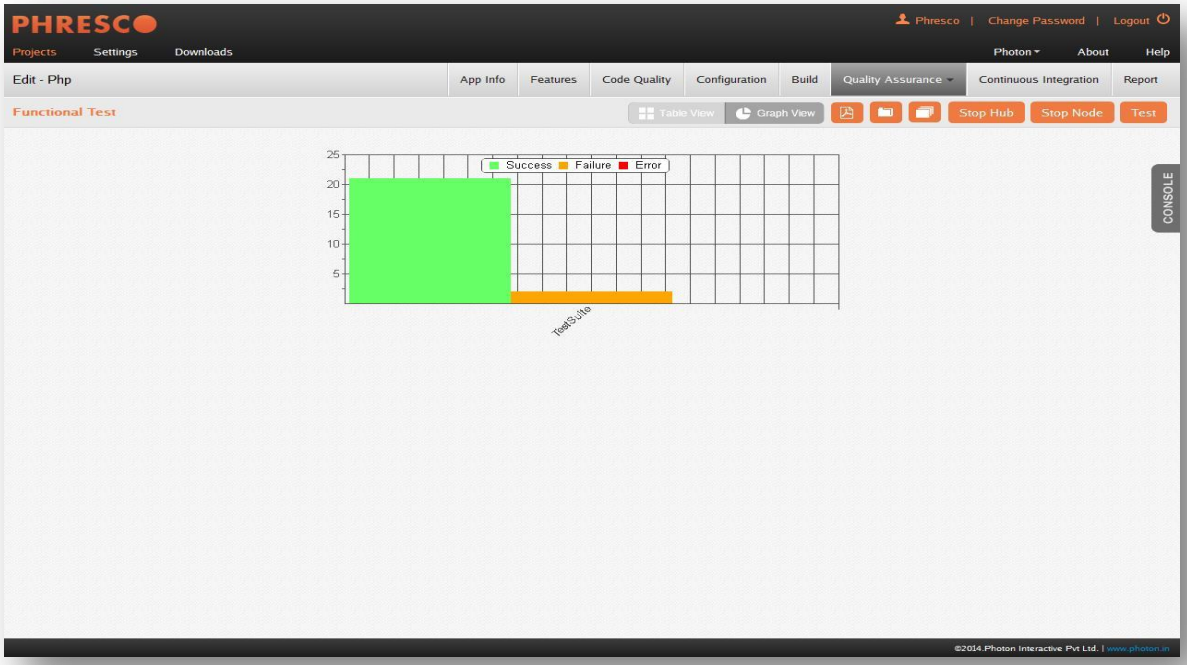
An example for creating a new test case in the name 'testAccountUpdate'

```
$testSuite = new UserModules();
$testSuite->setName('UserModules');
$testSuite->addTestSuite('Register_NewUser');
$testSuite->addTestSuite('LoginLogout_User');
$testSuite->addTestSuite('Account_Update');
```

Report generated after execution



PHP functional test report for all test cases in tabular view

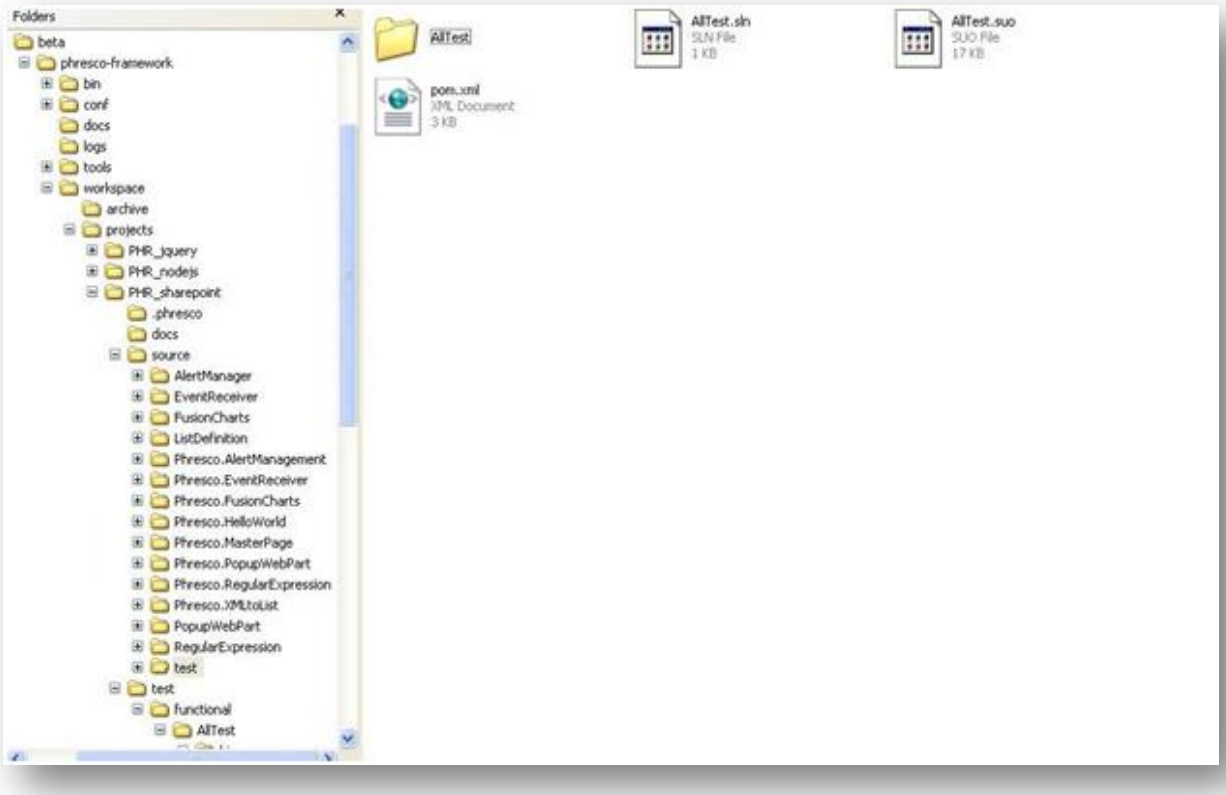


PHP functional test report for all test cases in graphical view

8.4 Test Cases for SharePoint Technology

8.4.1 Unit Test Case

8.4.1.1 Structure Of Alltest And Test Cases



SharePoint unit tests structure

a. **AllTest**: This is a root folder/file that carries all the classes to initiate the testing.

b. **Class**: All the classes is incorporated in the AllTest

c. **Test Case**: All the test cases should be added within the Class

Alltest for SharePoint

AllTest contains a bunch of test cases, each of which performs a unique scenario on the application. Test developers can start writing new suite classes and test cases by following the syntax and structure of Phresco framework's out of the box class structure. AllTest class calls all the suite classes and the test cases within it.

Once suite classes and test cases are written developers can execute those from Phresco Framework and can see the report. Following is the AllTest file which shows up how to add / include the class inside it.

Class example

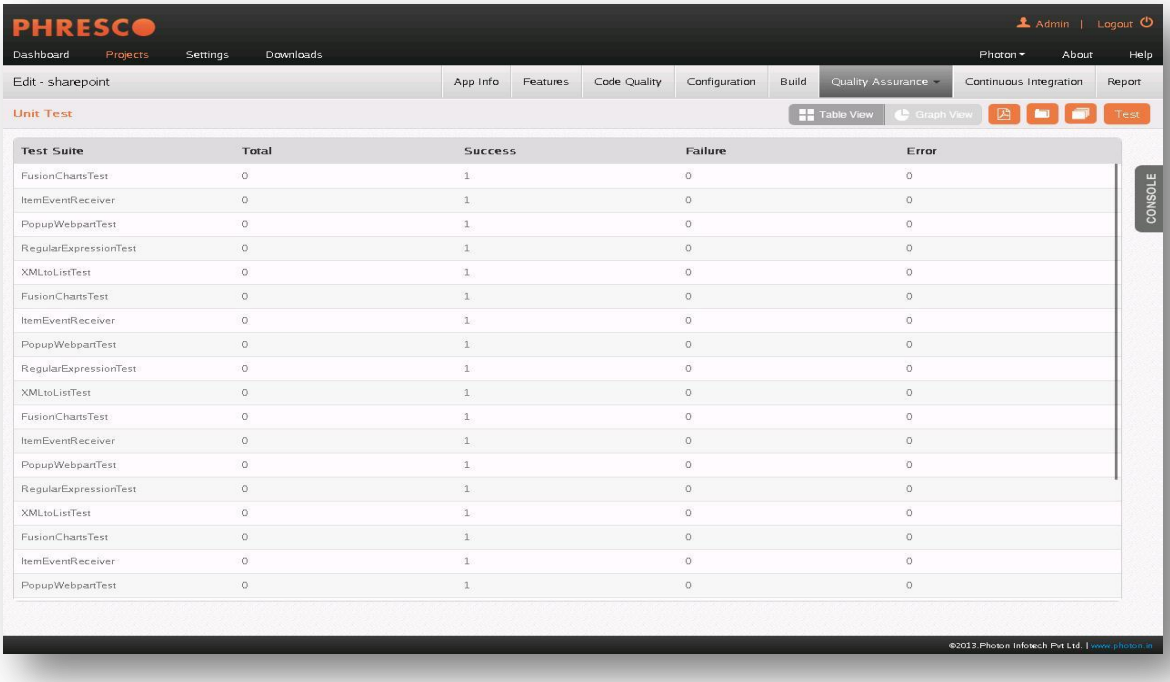
Class is a collection of test cases that are intended to be used to test a project code to show that it has some specified set of behaviors. A class contains detailed instructions or goals for each collection of test cases. New test cases can also be added by using the same syntax.

```
using System;
using System.Web;
using System.Text;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Linq;
using NUnit.Framework;
using Phresco.EventReceiver;

namespace Phresco.UnitTesting{

   [TestFixture]
   public class ItemEventReceiver{

      [Test]
      public void ItemEventReceiverTests() {

         ItemEventReceiver itemEventReceiver = new ItemEventReceiver();
         // string itemEventReceiverMessage = "";
         //Assert.AreEqual("", itemEventReceiver.);
      }
      }

    }
```

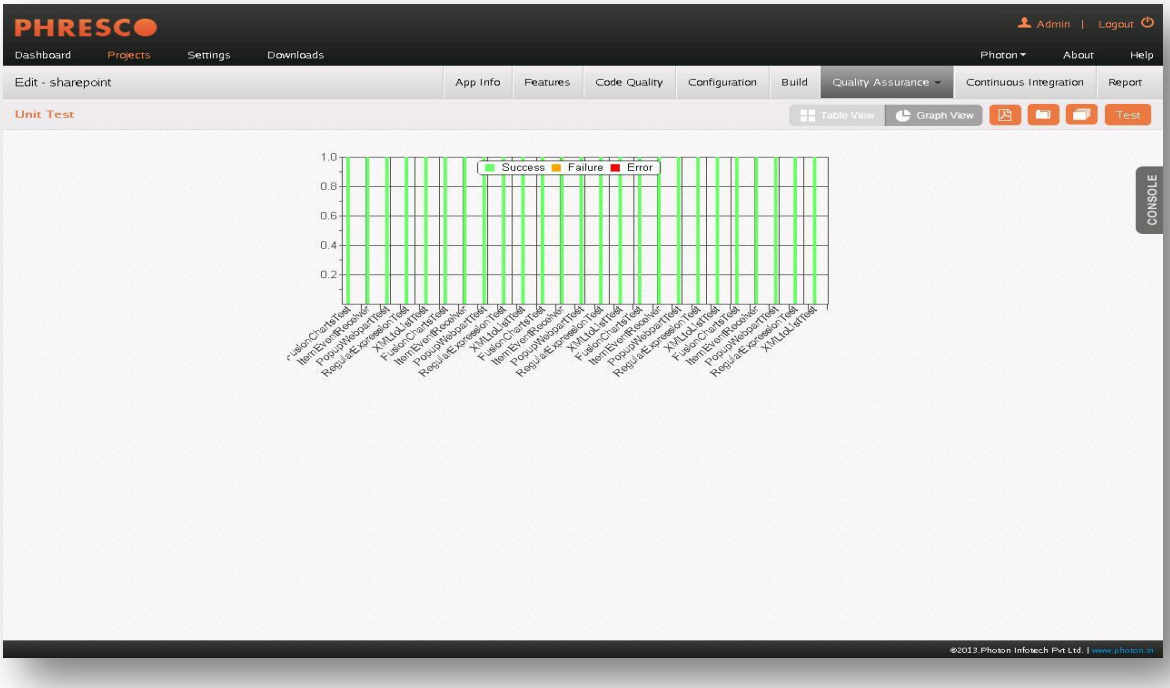
Test case

Test cases examine all the aspects including inputs and outputs. It gives the detailed steps that should to be followed during the testing process. Testing process follows only the steps that have been written for each test case.

8.4.1.2 Report generated after execution



SharePoint unit test report for all test cases in tabular view



SharePoint unit test report for all test cases in graphical view

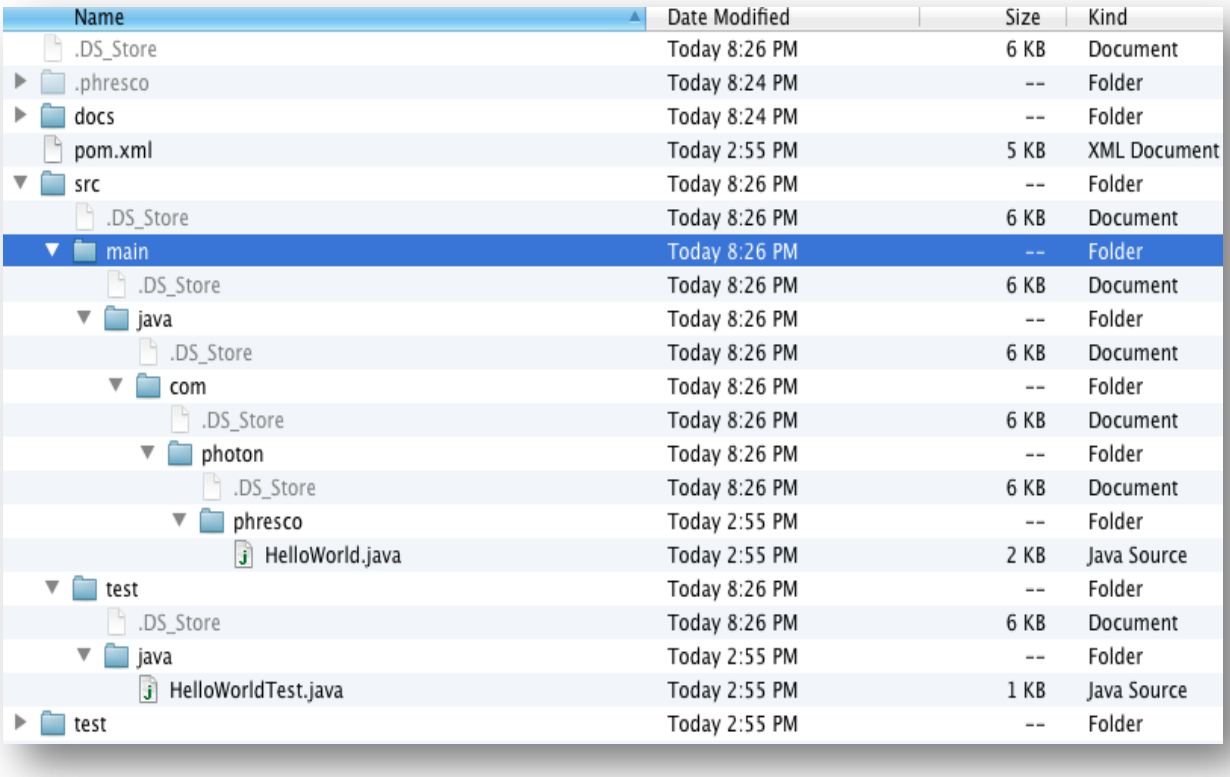
Note

- Phresco supports Functional Tests for Sharepoint and ASP.Net in TestNG and Webdriver format.
- Refer section 8.1.2 for the Functional Test case structure which is similar to Selenium Grid Functional Test case structure.

8.5 Java Standalone Application

8.5.1 Unit Test Case

8.5.1.1 Structure of Test Case



Java Standalone folder structure

a. **Test case**: All the Test cases should be added within the test suite.

8.5.1.2 Existing Test Cases and Suites Out Of the Box in Phresco

Test case example

A test case is a set of conditions under which a tester will determine whether an application is meeting the requirement. This helps the user to verify a particular functionality during the testing process.

```
import junit.framework.Test;
import junit.framework.TestCase;
import junit.framework.TestSuite;

public class HelloWorldTest
   extends TestCase
{
      public HelloWorldTest( String testName )
   {
      super( testName );
   }
   public static Test suite()
   {
      return new TestSuite(HelloWorldTest .class );
   }
   public void testApp()
   {
      assertTrue( true );
  }
 }
```

8.5.2 Functional Test Case

8.5.2.1 Structure of Test Suites and Test Case

a. **AllTest**: Alltest is a java suite class that can either initiate a suite class or a group of test cases.

b. **Test suite**: Test suite is a collection of test cases.

c. **Test case**: All the Test cases should be added within the test suite.

8.5.2.2 Existing Test Cases and Suites Out Of the Box in Phresco

Alltest for Java Standalone Application

AllTest is the root category which holds the test suite. AllTest contains a bunch of test suites, each of which performs a unique scenario on the application. Test developers can start writing new suite classes by following the syntax and structure of Phresco framework's out of the box class structure. Once test suite classes and test cases are written developers can execute those from Phresco Framework and can see the report. Following is the AllTest file which shows up how to add / include the class inside it.

```
package com.photon.Phresco.testcases;

import org.junit.runner.RunWith;
import org.junit.runners.Suite;
import org.junit.runners.Suite.SuiteClasses;

@RunWith(Suite.class)
@SuiteClasses({SampleHelloWorld.class})
public class AllTest {

}
```

Test Suites Example

Test suite is a collection of test cases that are intended to be used to test a project code to show that it has some specified set of behaviors. A test suite contains detailed instructions or goals for each collection of test cases. New test cases can also be added.

Test Case Example

A test case is a set of conditions under which a tester will determine whether an application is meeting the requirement. This helps the user to verify a particular functionality during the testing process. Functional test case for java standalone application is written using the FEST tool.

```
package com.photon.Phresco.testcases;

import static org.fest.assertions.Assertions.assertThat;
import static org.fest.swing.edt.GuiActionRunner.execute;

import org.fest.swing.annotation.RunsInEDT;
import org.fest.swing.edt.GuiQuery;
import org.fest.swing.fixture.FrameFixture;
import org.fest.swing.junit.testcase.FestSwingJUnitTestCase;
import org.junit.Test;
```

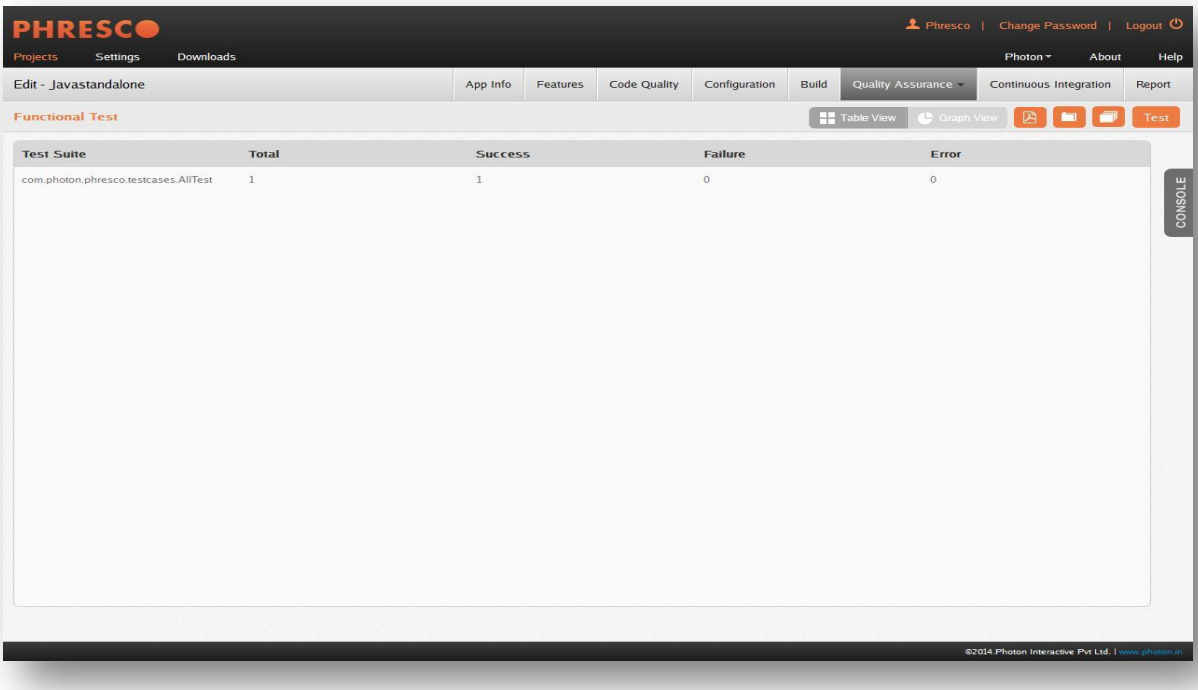
```
import com.photon.Phresco.HelloWorld;

public class HelloWorldTest extends FestSwingJUnitTestCase {

	private FrameFixture Phresco;

	protected void onSetUp() {
		Phresco = new FrameFixture(robot(), createNewEditor());
		Phresco.show();
		Phresco.maximize();
		System.out.println("**************Executed
onsetup**************");
	}

	@RunsInEDT
	private static HelloWorld createNewEditor() {
		return execute(new GuiQuery<HelloWorld>() {
			protected HelloWorld executeInEDT() throws
Throwable {
				return new HelloWorld();
			}
		});
	}

@Test
public void testHelloWorld() throws InterruptedException {
		Thread.sleep(5000);
		assertThat(Phresco.label().text()).contains("Hello World");
	}
}
```

8.5.2.3 To Add New Test Case In Test Suite

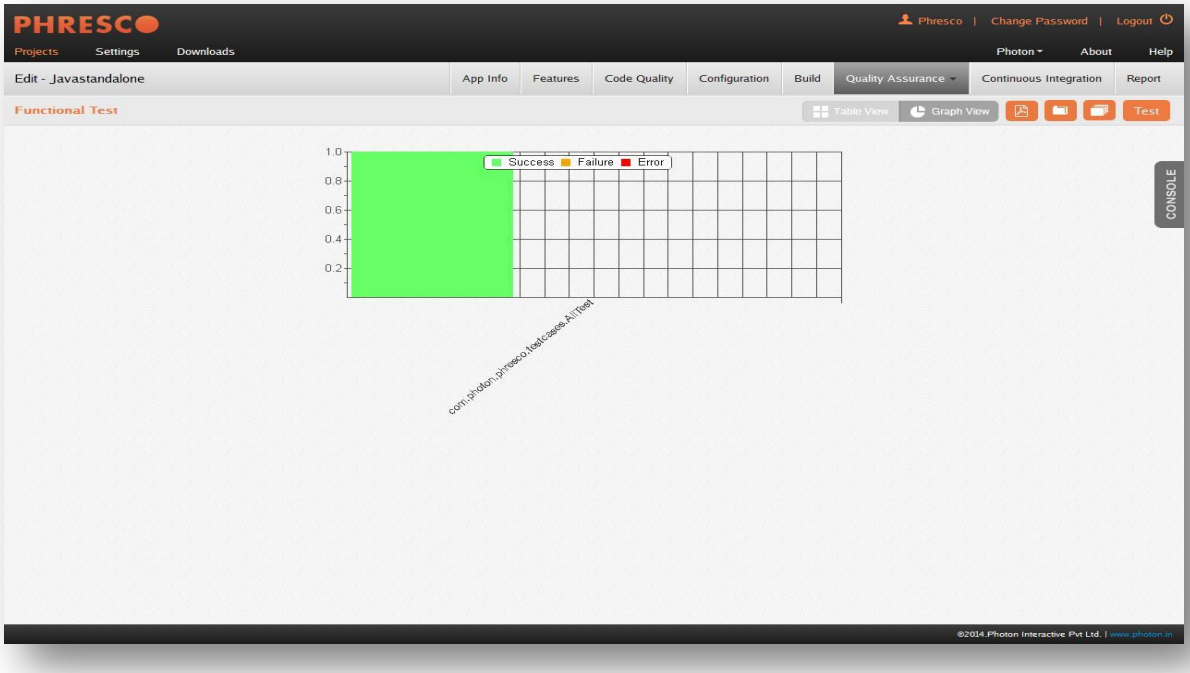
You can add a new test case to the Test suite using the following method.

```
@Test
public void testHelloWorld() throws InterruptedException {
        Thread.sleep(5000);
        assertThat(Phresco.label().text()).contains("Hello World");
```

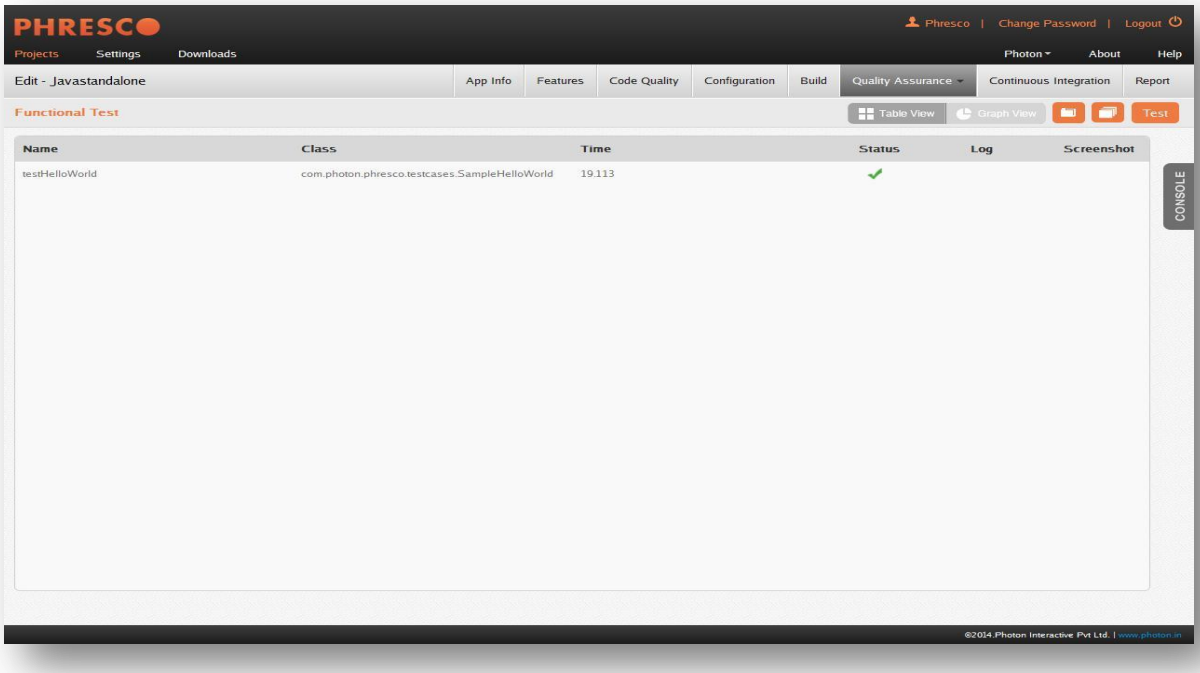
8.5.2.4 Report generated after execution



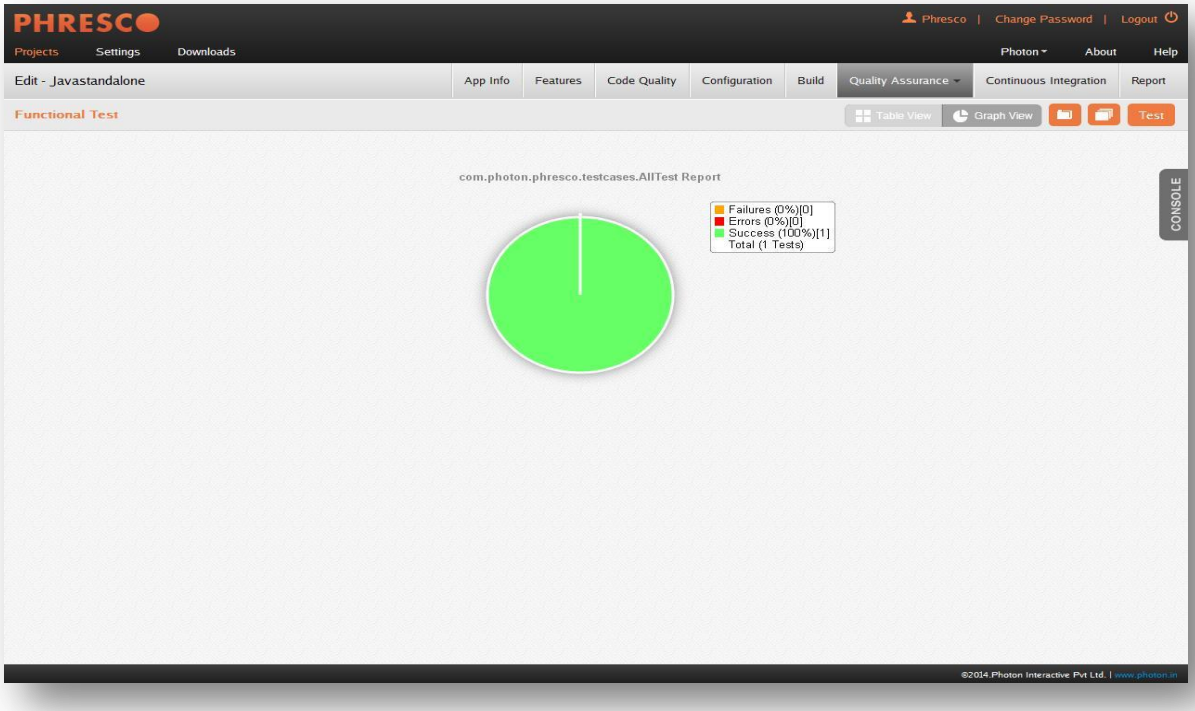
Java Standalone functional test report for all test cases in tabular view



Java Standalone functional test report for all test cases in graphical view



Java Standalone functional test report for single test case in tabular view

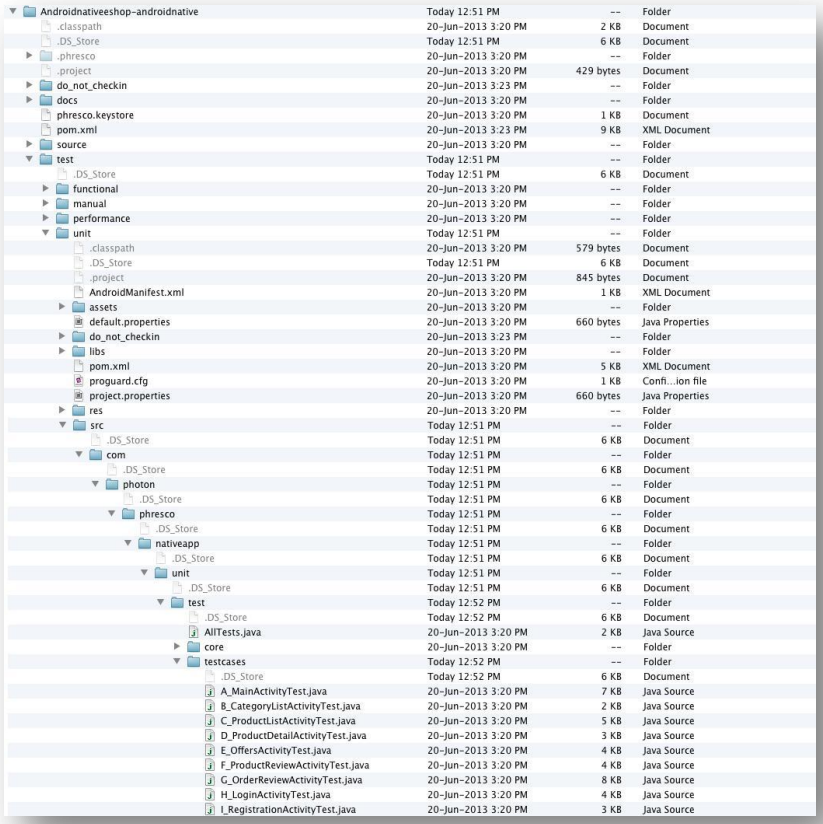


Java Standalone functional test report for single test case in graphical view

8.6 Android application

8.6.1 Unit Test Case

8.6.1.1 Structure of Alltest and Test Cases



Android unit tests structure

a. **AllTest (test suite):** AllTest is the class that carries all the test classes to initiate the testing process. Each test class can be called within the AllTest.

b. **Test class:** Test classes hold different test methods

c. **Test methods/test cases:** Test cases are called in the test classes which test the source code.

8.6.1.2 Existing Test Cases Out Of the Box in Phresco

AllTest for Android Technology

AllTest contains a bunch of test cases, each of which performs a unique scenario on the application. Test developers can start writing new suite classes and test cases by following the syntax and structure of Phresco framework's out of the box class structure. AllTest class calls all the suite classes and the test cases within it. Once suite classes and test cases are written developers can execute those from Phresco Framework and can see the report. Following is the AllTest file which shows up how to add / include the class inside it.

```
package com.photon.Phresco.nativeapp.unit.test;

import junit.framework.TestCase;
import junit.framework.TestSuite;

import com.photon.Phresco.nativeapp.unit.test.testcases.A_MainActivityTest;
import com.photon.Phresco.nativeapp.unit.test.testcases.B_CategoryListActivityTest;
import com.photon.Phresco.nativeapp.unit.test.testcases.C_ProductListActivityTest;
import com.photon.Phresco.nativeapp.unit.test.testcases.D_ProductDetailActivityTest;
import com.photon.Phresco.nativeapp.unit.test.testcases.E_OffersActivityTest;
import com.photon.Phresco.nativeapp.unit.test.testcases.F_ProductReviewActivityTest;
import com.photon.Phresco.nativeapp.unit.test.testcases.G_OrderReviewActivityTest;
import com.photon.Phresco.nativeapp.unit.test.testcases.H_LoginActivityTest;

public class AllTests extends TestCase {
        public static TestSuite suite() {

                TestSuite suite = new TestSuite(AllTests.class.getName());

                suite.addTestSuite(A_MainActivityTest.class);
                suite.addTestSuite(B_CategoryListActivityTest.class);
                suite.addTestSuite(C_ProductListActivityTest.class);
                suite.addTestSuite(D_ProductDetailActivityTest.class);
                suite.addTestSuite(E_OffersActivityTest.class);
                suite.addTestSuite(F_ProductReviewActivityTest.class);
                suite.addTestSuite(G_OrderReviewActivityTest.class);
                suite.addTestSuite(H_LoginActivityTest.class);

                return suite;

        }
        public ClassLoader getLoader() {
             return AllTests.class.getClassLoader();
          }
}
```

Test Method Example for Loginactivitytest

This test method is written for testing the login activity. There can be n number of test methods under a test class. Test class calls the test methods. An example of a test class is given below

```
package com.photon.Phresco.nativeapp.unit.test.testcases;
import java.io.IOException;
import junit.framework.TestCase;
import org.json.JSONException;
import org.json.JSONObject;
import org.junit.After;
import org.junit.AfterClass;
import org.junit.Before;
import org.junit.BeforeClass;
import org.junit.Test;
import com.photon.Phresco.nativeapp.eshop.json.JSONHelper;
import com.photon.Phresco.nativeapp.eshop.logger.PhrescoLogger;
import com.photon.Phresco.nativeapp.unit.test.core.Constants;

public class H_LoginActivityTest extends TestCase{
	private static final String TAG = "H_LoginActivityTest  ********** ";

	/**
	 * @throws java.lang.Exception
	 */
	@BeforeClass
	public static void setUpBeforeClass() {
	}

	/**
	 * @throws java.lang.Exception
	 */
	@AfterClass
	public static void tearDownAfterClass() {
	}

	/**
	 * @throws java.lang.Exception
	 */
	@Before
	public void setUp() {
	}
```

```
	/**
	 * @throws java.lang.Exception
	 */
	@After
	public void tearDown() {
	}

	/**
	 *  send valid login email id and password to web server
	 *
	 */
	@Test
	public final void testLogin() {

		JSONObject jObjMain = new JSONObject();
		JSONObject jObj = new JSONObject();

	try {
	PhrescoLogger.info(TAG + " testLogin ---------- START ");

		jObj.put("loginEmail", "tester@Phresco.com");
		jObj.put("password", "123");
		jObjMain.put("login", jObj);

		JSONObject responseJSON = null;

	responseJSON=JSONHelper.postJSONObjectToURL(Constants.getW
ebContextURL() + Constants.getRestAPI() + Constants.LOGIN_POST_URL,
jObjMain.toString());
assertNotNull("Login response is not null",responseJSON.length() > 0);

PhrescoLogger.info(TAG + " testLogin ---------- END ");

} catch (IOException ex) {
PhrescoLogger.info(TAG + " - testLogin  - IOException : " + ex.toString());
PhrescoLogger.warning(ex);
} catch (JSONException ex) {
PhrescoLogger.info(TAG + " - testLogin  - JSONException : " + ex.toString());
PhrescoLogger.warning(ex);
}
}
```

Test Case Example for Test Login

A test case is a set of conditions under which a tester will determine whether an application is meeting the requirement. This helps the user to verify a particular functionality during the testing process.

Example of test case in login activity is given below:

```
@Test
	public final void testLogin() {

		JSONObject jObjMain = new JSONObject();
		JSONObject jObj = new JSONObject();

		try {
		PhrescoLogger.info(TAG + " testLogin ---------- START ");

			jObj.put("loginEmail", "tester@Phresco.com");
			jObj.put("password", "123");
			jObjMain.put("login", jObj);

			JSONObject responseJSON = null;

	responseJSON=JSONHelper.postJSONObjectToURL(Constants.getWebCont
extURL() + Constants.getRestAPI() + Constants.LOGIN_POST_URL,
jObjMain.toString());
	assertNotNull("Login response is not null",responseJSON.length() > 0);
	PhrescoLogger.info(TAG + " testLogin ---------- END ");

	} catch (IOException ex) {
	PhrescoLogger.info(TAG + " - testLogin  - IOException : " + ex.toString());
	PhrescoLogger.warning(ex);
	} catch (JSONException ex) {
	PhrescoLogger.info(TAG + " - testLogin  - JSONException : " + ex.toString());
			PhrescoLogger.warning(ex);
		}
}
```

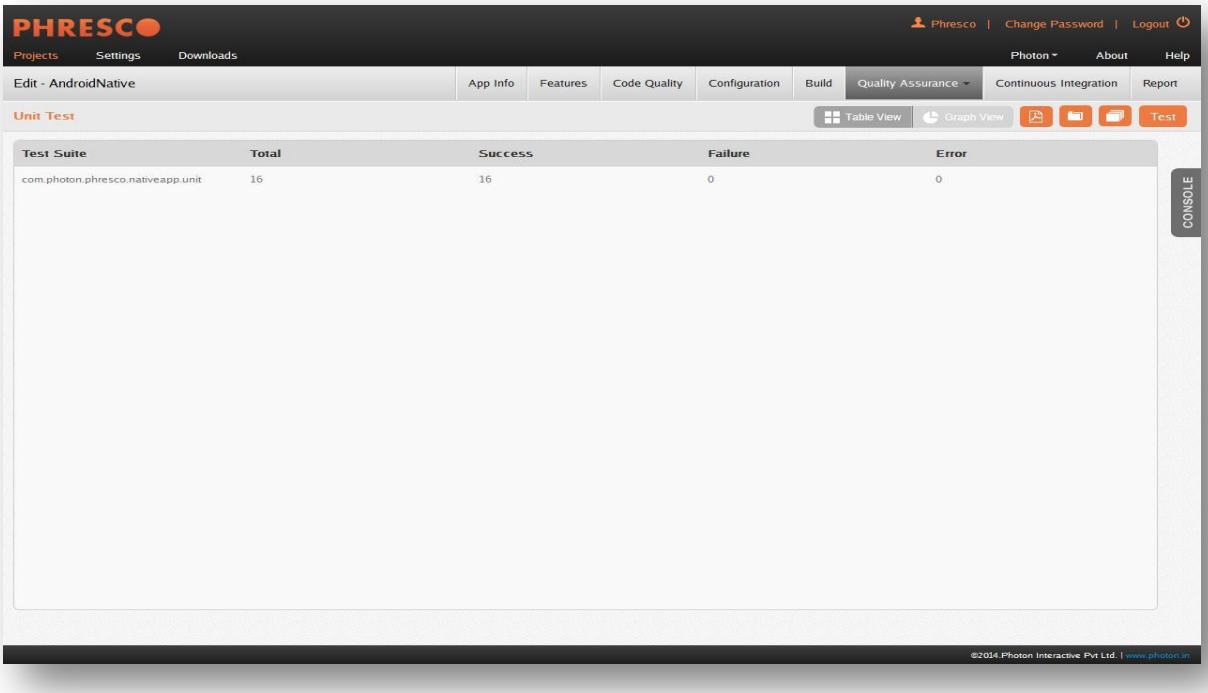
8.6.1.3 To Add New Test Method in Alltest Class

You can add a new test method to the AllTest class as follows.

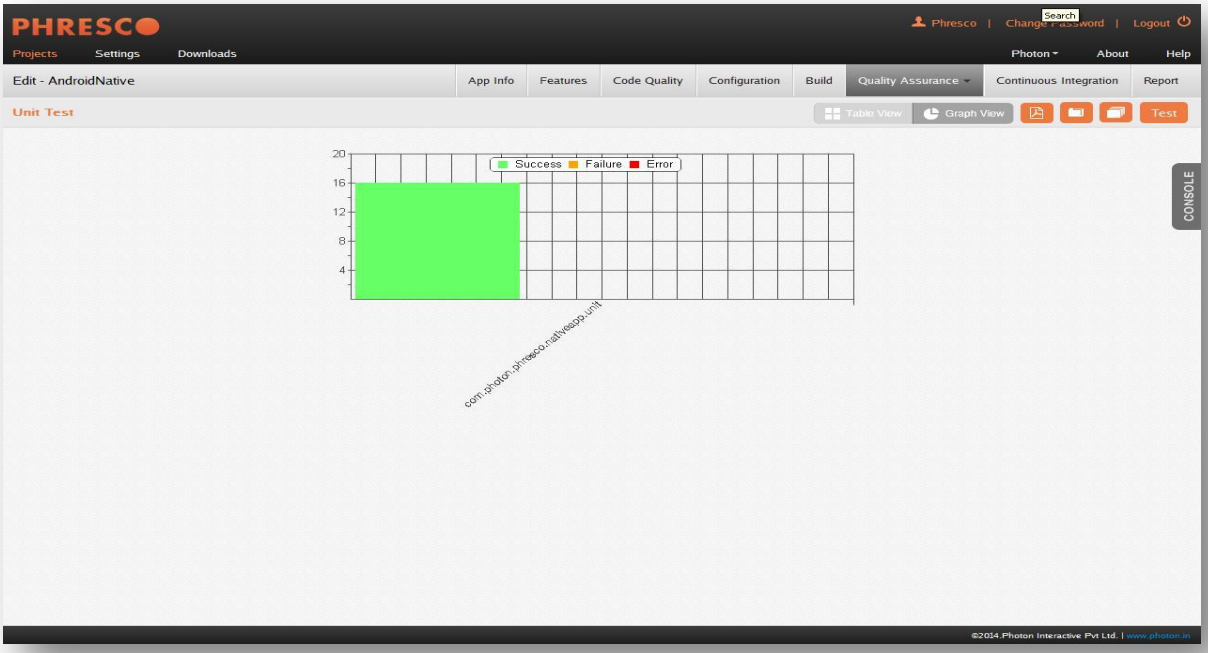
Here is an example for creating a new test suite in the name 'RegistrationActivityTest'

```
import com.photon.Phresco.nativeapp.unit.test.testcases.A_MainActivityTest;
import com.photon.Phresco.nativeapp.unit.test.testcases.B_CategoryListActivityTest;
import com.photon.Phresco.nativeapp.unit.test.testcases.C_ProductListActivityTest;
import com.photon.Phresco.nativeapp.unit.test.testcases.D_ProductDetailActivityTest;
import com.photon.Phresco.nativeapp.unit.test.testcases.E_OffersActivityTest;
import com.photon.Phresco.nativeapp.unit.test.testcases.F_ProductReviewActivityTest;
import com.photon.Phresco.nativeapp.unit.test.testcases.G_OrderReviewActivityTest;
import com.photon.Phresco.nativeapp.unit.test.testcases.H_LoginActivityTest;
import com.photon.Phresco.nativeapp.unit.test.testcases.I_RegistrationActivityTest;
```

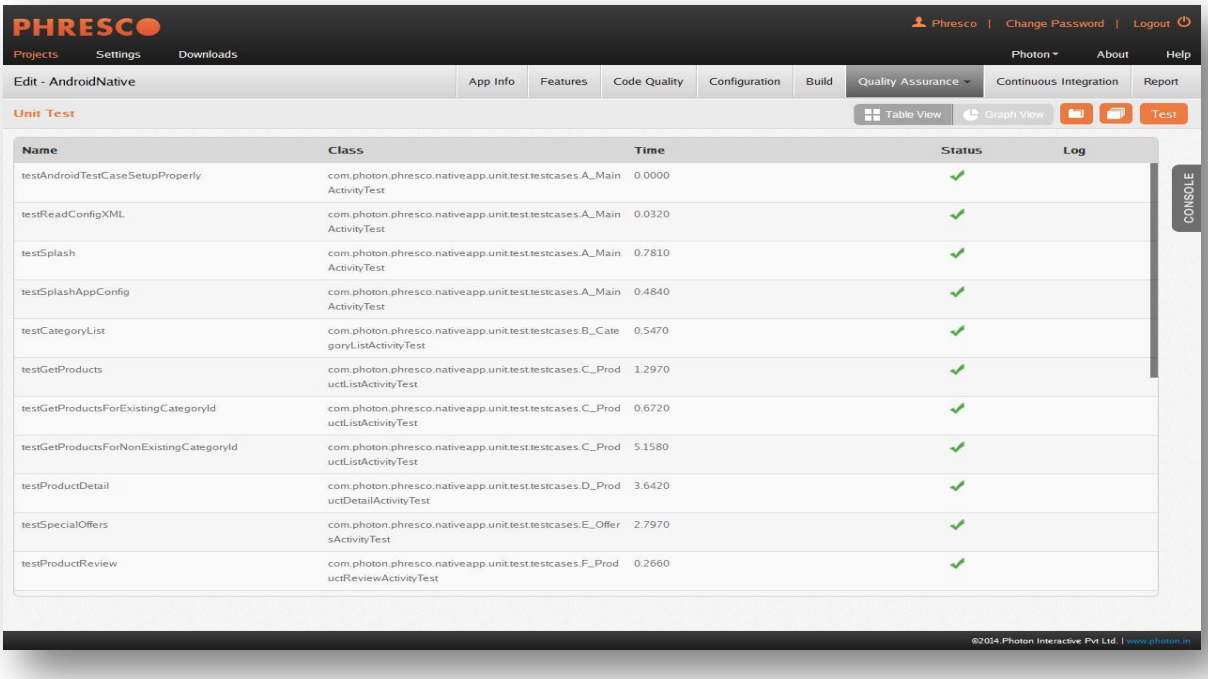
8.6.1.4 Report generated after execution



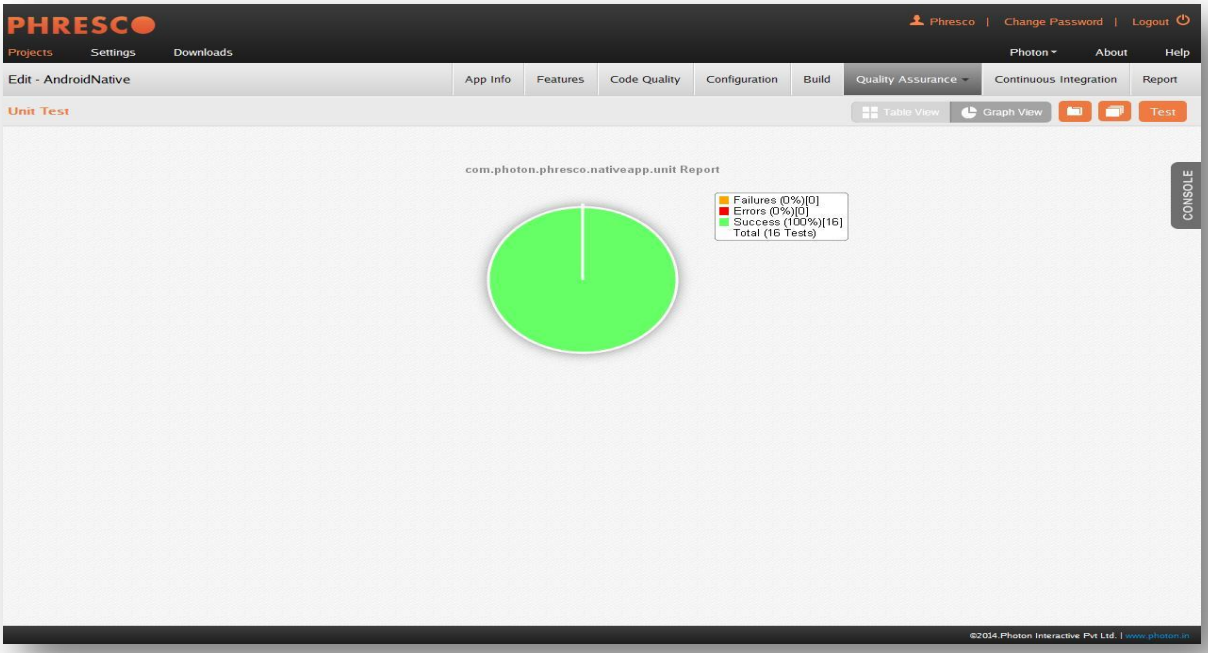
Android unit test report for all test cases in tabular view



Android unit test report for all test cases in graphical view



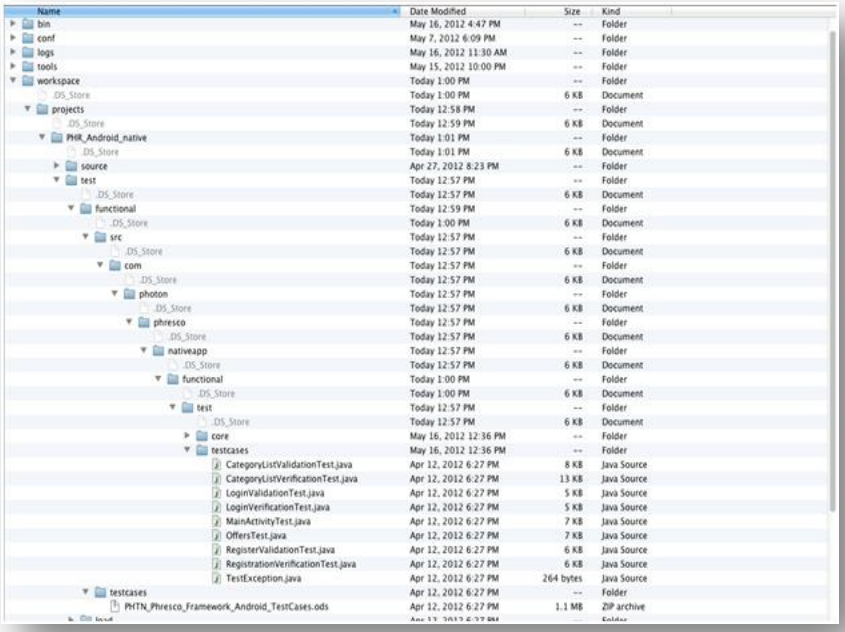
Android unit test report for single test case in tabular view



Android unit test report for single test case in graphical view

8.6.2 Functional Test Case for Android Native - Robotium

8.6.2.1 Structure of Functional Test of Android Native



Android Native functional tests structure

a. **MainActivity test:** Main activity test is the root folder that calls all the test cases written separately.This initiates the testing process.

b. **Test cases :** Test cases are the test methods that are called by the main activity test. Test cases can be many in number

Main Activity Test

Main activity test is a class that calls all the test cases within itself. It contains a bunch of test cases, each of which performs a unique scenario on the application. Test developers can start writing new suite classes and test cases by following the syntax and structure of Phresco framework's out of the box class structure. Once test cases are written developers can execute those from Phresco Framework and can see the report. Following is the file which shows up how to add / include the class inside it.

```
package com.photon.Phresco.nativeapp.functional.test.testcases;
import android.test.ActivityInstrumentationTestCase2;
import android.test.suitebuilder.annotation.Smoke;
import android.util.Log;
import com.jayway.android.robotium.solo.Solo;
import com.photon.Phresco.nativeapp.eshop.activity.MainActivity;

@SuppressWarnings("unchecked")
public class MainActivityTest extends
ActivityInstrumentationTestCase2<MainActivity> {

 /**
  * This is suite testcase by this testcase will call other testcases . In
  * static block we are loading the MainActivity class and from the
  * constructor will pass the package and activity full class name then in
  * setUp() created the Solo class object
  *
  */
 public static final String PACKAGE_NAME =
"com.photon.Phresco.nativeapp";
 private static final String LAUNCHER_ACTIVITY_FULL_CLASSNAME =
"com.photon.Phresco.nativeapp.eshop.activity.MainActivity";
 private static Class<MainActivity> mainActivity;
 private Solo soloMain;
 private LoginValidationTest loginValid;
 private final String TAG = "MainTestCase****";

 /**
  * This block will be executed first and it will loads the SplashActivity .
  */
 static {
        try {
                mainActivity = (Class<MainActivity>)
Class.forName(LAUNCHER_ACTIVITY_FULL_CLASSNAME);
        }

        catch (ClassNotFoundException e) {
                throw new RuntimeException(e);
        }
 }
```

```
/**
 * In this constructor , we have to send the packagename and activity full
 * class name.
 *
 * @throws Exception
 */
public MainActivityTest() throws Exception {
        super(PACKAGE_NAME, mainActivity);
}

/**
 * this method for create the Solo class object having two super class
 * methods.
 *
 */
@Override
public void setUp() {

        soloMain = new Solo(getInstrumentation(), getActivity());

}
          /**
 * This test method will cAllTestLoginValidation() method.It verifies
 * the Validation for Login screen.
 *
 */

public void testValidationLogin() throws TestException {

        try {
                Log.i(TAG, "testValidationLogin---------Start");
                // creating objectof the class LoginValidationTestCase
                loginValid = new LoginValidationTest(soloMain);
                loginValid.testLoginValidation();
                Log.i(TAG, "testValidationLogin---------End");
        } catch (TestException e) {
                e.printStackTrace();

        }

}
```

Test cases

A test case is a set of conditions under which a tester will determine whether an application is meeting the requirement. This helps the user to verify a particular functionality during the testing process. Elements can be identified and screen shots can be captured when the test fails. Test cases can be added by writing the test cases separately and by calling within the Main activity test.

```
package com.photon.Phresco.nativeapp.functional.test.testcases;
import java.util.ArrayList;
import java.util.Iterator;
import junit.framework.TestCase;
import android.util.Log;
import android.view.View;
import android.widget.EditText;
import android.widget.ImageView;
import com.photon.Phresco.nativeapp.R;
import com.jayway.android.robotium.solo.Solo;

public class LoginValidationTest extends TestCase {

 private Solo soloLoginValid;
 private String activityName;
 public ImageView clickCancel;
 private String TAG = "*****LoginValidationTestCase******";

 public LoginValidationTest(Solo solo) {
        this.soloLoginValid = solo;

 }

 public void testLoginValidation() throws TestException {

        try {
                Log.i(TAG, "------It is testLoginValidation()-----------");

                activityName =
soloLoginValid.getCurrentActivity().getClass().getSimpleName();

        if (activityName.equalsIgnoreCase("MainActivity")) {
                Log.i(TAG, "------It is MainActivity-----------" + activityName);
                        soloLoginValid.waitForActivity("HomeActivity", 2000);
```

```
		for (int i = 0; i < 40; i++) {
				activityName =
soloLoginValid.getCurrentActivity().getClass().getSimpleName();
		if (activityName.equalsIgnoreCase("HomeActivity")) {
				Log.i(TAG, "------for()-- loop-----");
				break;
			}
			soloLoginValid.waitForActivity("HomeActivity", 2000);
		}
		} else {
			Log.i(TAG, "------ testLoginValidation failed----------");
			throw new TestException("Current Activity Failed----"
							+
soloLoginValid.getCurrentActivity().getClass().getSimpleName() + "failed");
		}
		if (activityName.equalsIgnoreCase("HomeActivity")) {
				Log.i(TAG, "------HomeActivity----------");
				System.out.println(" Activity name ---->" +
soloLoginValid.getCurrentActivity());
				ArrayList<View> al = soloLoginValid.getViews();
				Iterator<View> it = al.iterator();
				while (it.hasNext()) {
			String viewName = it.next().getClass().getSimpleName();
				if (viewName.equalsIgnoreCase("ImageView")) {
				Log.i(TAG, "------ImageView found----------");
				break;
				}
				continue;
			}
			} else {
				Log.i(TAG, "------HomeActivity not  found----------");
				throw new TestException(TAG +
soloLoginValid.getCurrentActivity().getClass().getSimpleName() + "failed");
			}
			// click on Loginbutton
			soloLoginValid.waitForActivity("MainActivity", 5000);
			// get the login button view with id i.e home_login_btn
			ImageView loginButton = (ImageView) soloLoginValid
					.getView(R.id.home_login_btn);
			// click on login button with view id
			soloLoginValid.clickOnView(loginButton);
			// control waits for 2 seconds to activate the screen
			soloLoginValid.waitForActivity("SplashActivity", 2000);
```

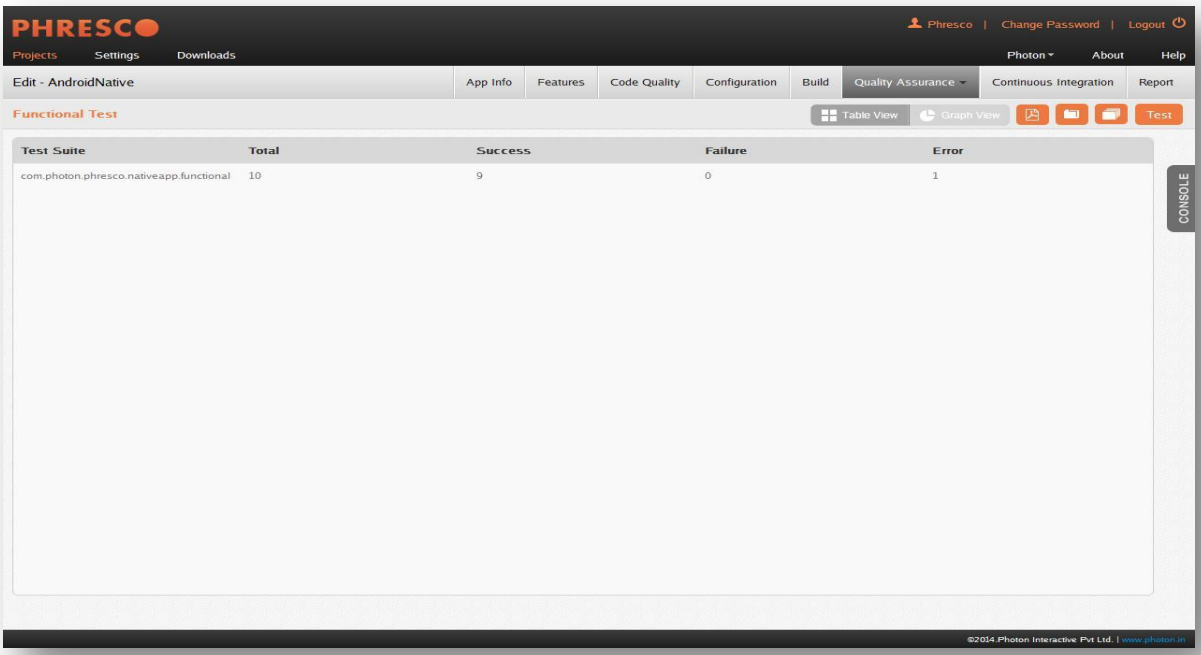
```
                        // clears the text at first Editfield
                        EditText emailField = (EditText)
        soloLoginValid.getView(R.id.txt_email);
                soloLoginValid.clearEditText(emailField);
                // it will type the text at first field which i gave in method
                soloLoginValid.enterText(emailField, "android@");
                // clear the text at second Editfield
                EditText passwordField = (EditText) soloLoginValid
                                .getView(R.id.txt_password);
                soloLoginValid.clearEditText(passwordField);
                // finding the password field view
                // click the password field based on EditText view object
                soloLoginValid.clickOnView(passwordField);
                soloLoginValid.waitForActivity("MainActivity", 1000);
                soloLoginValid.enterText(passwordField, "*****");
                soloLoginValid.waitForActivity("MainActivity", 1000);
                // click on Login button
                ImageView clickLogin = (ImageView) soloLoginValid
                                .getView(R.id.login_btn);
                soloLoginValid.clickOnView(clickLogin);
                // soloSplash.clickOnImageButton(1);
                soloLoginValid.waitForActivity("LoginActivity");
                soloLoginValid.clickOnView(emailField);
                soloLoginValid.waitForActivity("LoginActivity", 1000);
                boolean valid = soloLoginValid.searchText("Invalid Email address!");
                if (valid) {
                        assertTrue("Invalid Email address!", valid);
                } else {
                        throw new TestException("Testcase failed");
                }
                soloLoginValid.waitForActivity("LoginActivity", 1000);
                // Get the view location of cancel button.
                clickCancel = (ImageView) soloLoginValid.getView(R.id.cancel_btn);
                soloLoginValid.waitForActivity("MainActivity", 1000);
                // click on cancel button
                soloLoginValid.clickOnView(clickCancel);
                soloLoginValid.waitForActivity("LoginActivity", 1000)
        } catch (TestException e) {
                e.printStackTrace();
        }
        }
}
```

8.6.2.2 To Add A New Test Case

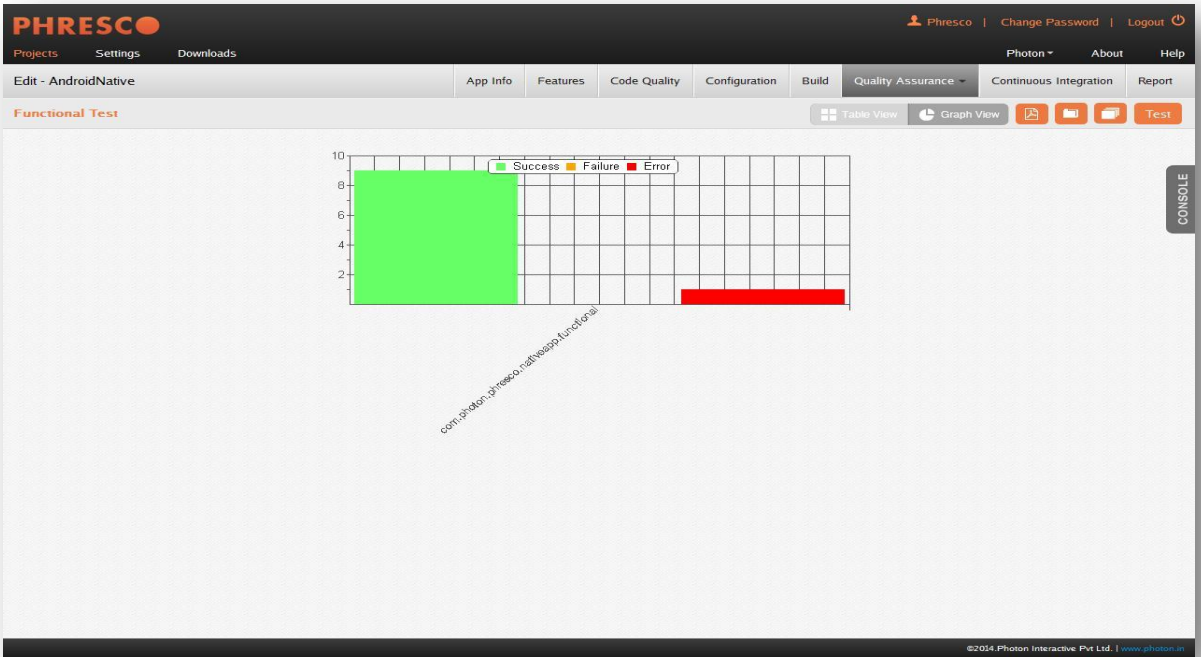
You can add a new test case to the Main activity test using the following method. Here is an example for creating a new test case 'testRegististrationValidation'

```
public static final String PACKAGE_NAME = "com.photon.Phresco.nativeapp";
 private static final String LAUNCHER_ACTIVITY_FULL_CLASSNAME =
"com.photon.Phresco.nativeapp.eshop.activity.MainActivity";
        private static Class<MainActivity> mainActivity;
        private Solo soloMain;
        private LoginValidationTest loginValid;
  private testRegististrationValidation;
        private final String TAG = "MainTestCase****";

      @Smoke
public void testRegististrationValidation() throws TestException {

        try {
                Log.i(TAG, "testRegististrationValidation---------Start");
                // creating object of the testclass RegisterValidationTestCase
                registrationValid = new RegisterValidationTest(soloMain);
                registrationValid.testRegisterValidation();
                Log.i(TAG, "testRegististrationValidation---------End");

        } catch (TestException e) {
                e.printStackTrace();
        }
}
```

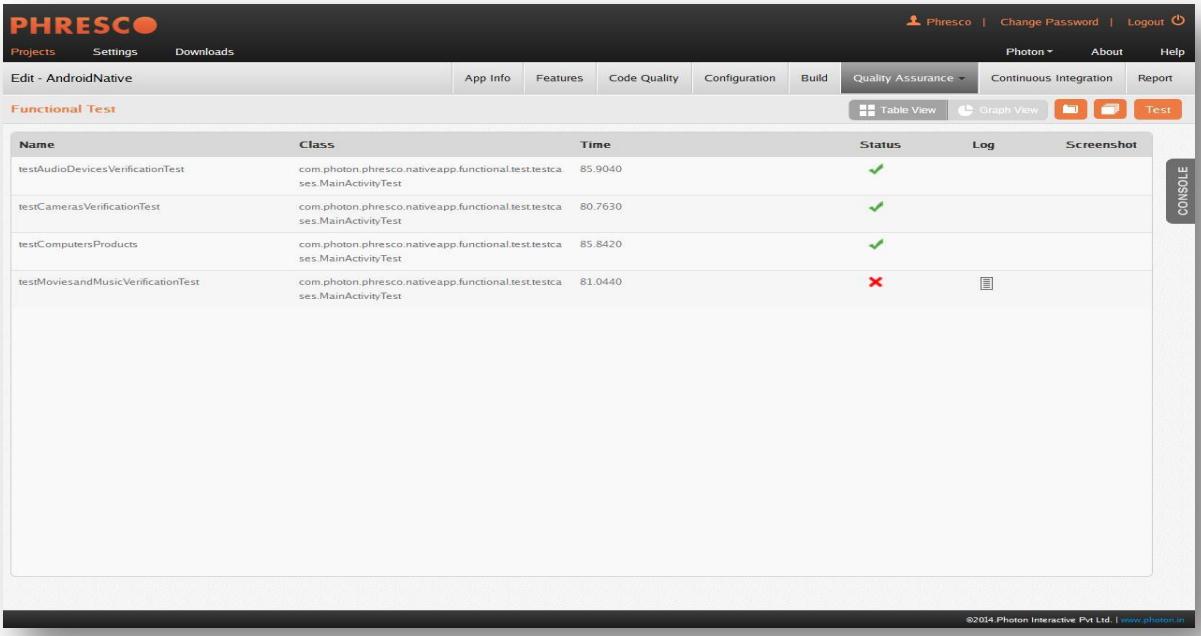
8.6.2.3 Report generated after execution



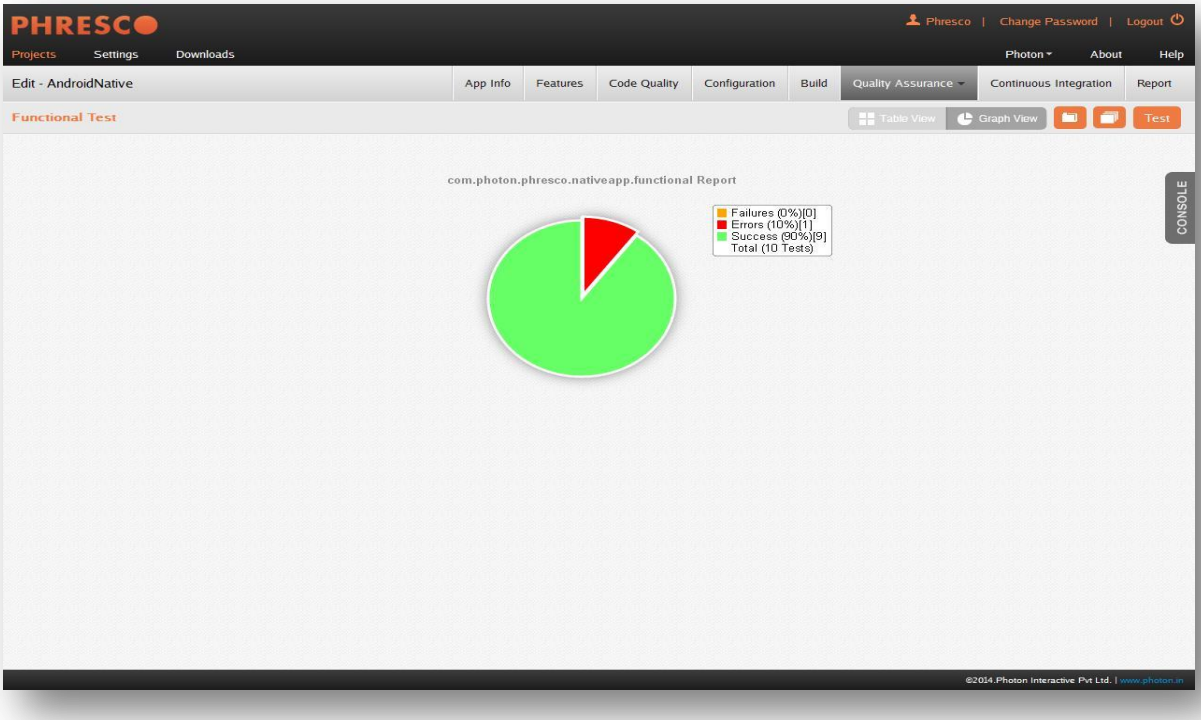
Android Native functional test report for all test cases in tabular view



Android Native functional test report for all test cases in graphical view



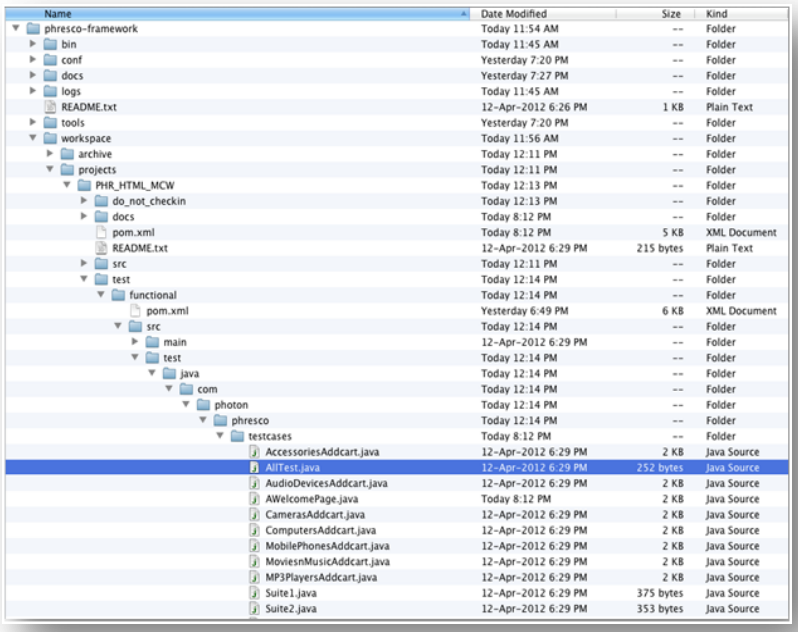
Android Native functional test report for single test case in tabular view



Android Native functional test report for single test case in graphical view

8.7 Functional Test cases for Android Hybrid – Monkey Talk

8.7.1 Structure of Functional Test for Android Hybrid



Android Hybrid functional tests structure

d. AllTest: This is a root mts file that can either call a suite of Test cases or an individual Test case.

e. Test Cases: These perform unique testing scenarios against the application.This is an mt file.

8.7.1.1 Existing Test Cases and Suites Out Of the Box in Phresco

AllTest

In Phresco testing Framework a mts suite file is named as "AllTest".

The AllTest contains a bunch of test cases, each of which performs a unique scenario on the application. Test developers can start writing new suites and test cases by following the syntax and structure of Phresco frameworks out of the box structure. Following is the AllTest file which shows up how to add / include the Test cases inside it.

```
Test Register Run %thinktime=5000 %timeout=2000
Test Login Run %thinktime=5000 %timeout=2000
Test Browse Run %thinktime=8000 %timeout=2000
```

Test cases

A Test case is a set of conditions under which a tester will determine whether an application is meeting the requirement. This helps the user to verify a particular functionality during the testing process. Elements can be identified and screen shots can be captured when the test fails.

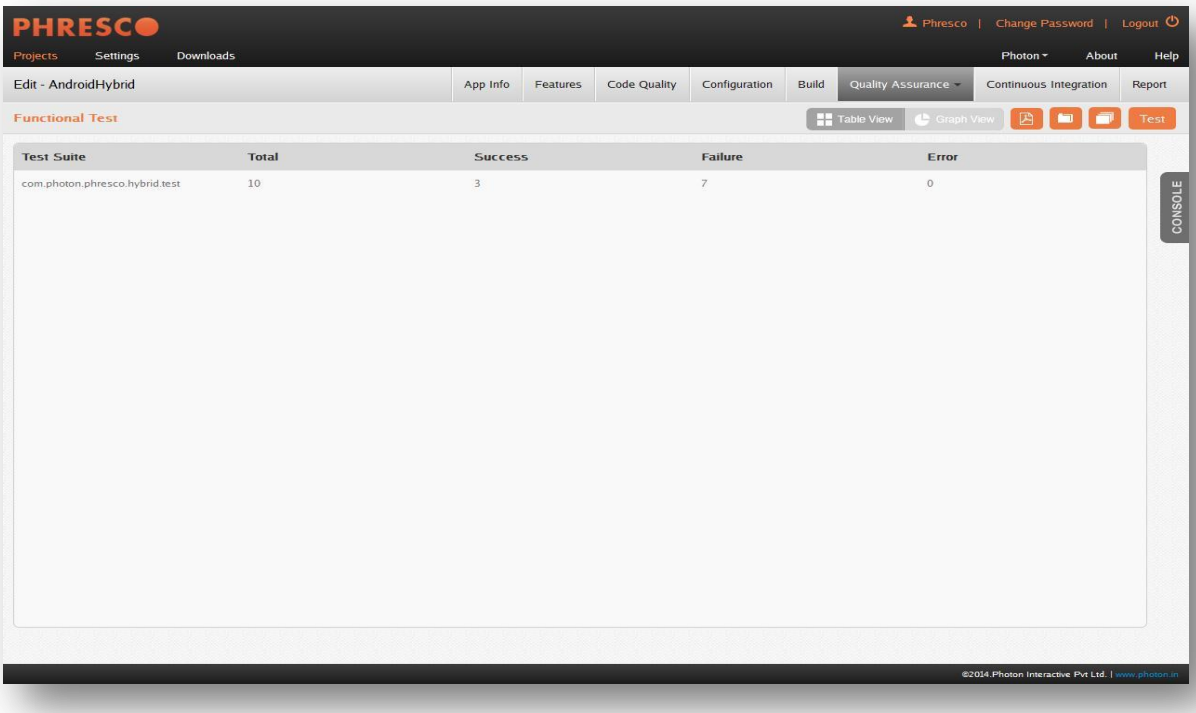
```
Label Register Tap
Input regfirstname EnterText Mobile %thinktime=2000 %timeout=1000
Input reglastname EnterText mobiletablet %thinktime=2000 %timeout=1000
Input regemail EnterText mt@photoninfotech.net %thinktime=2000 %timeout=1000
Input #4 EnterText mypass %thinktime=2000 %timeout=1000
Input #5 EnterText 04425354565 %thinktime=2000 %timeout=1000
WebView * drag 308 394 295 397 2 -2
WebView * swipe Left %thinktime=10000
WebView * drag 75 21 57 26 2 1
WebView * swipe Left %thinktime=5000
```

8.7.1.2 To Add New Test Case in All Test

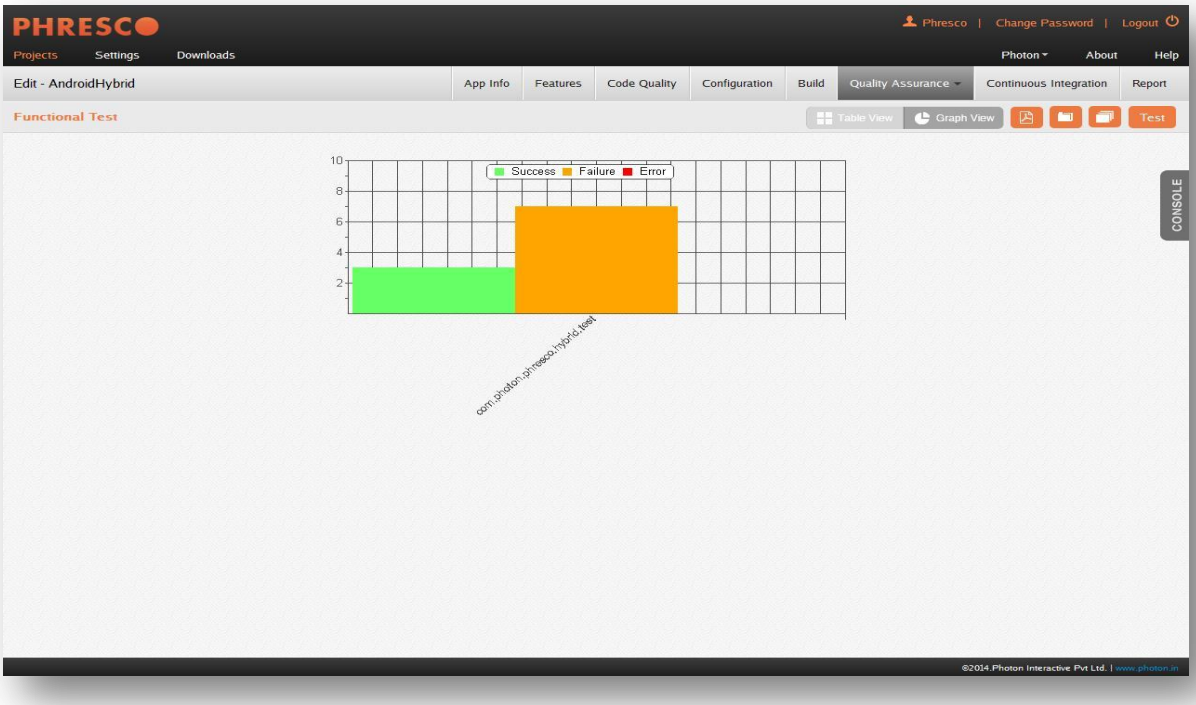
You can add a new test case to the Test suite using the following method. Here is an example for creating a new test case.

```
Test Register Run %thinktime=5000 %timeout=2000
Test Login Run %thinktime=5000 %timeout=2000
Test Browse Run %thinktime=8000 %timeout=2000
Test Billing Run %thinktime=10000 %timeout=2000
```

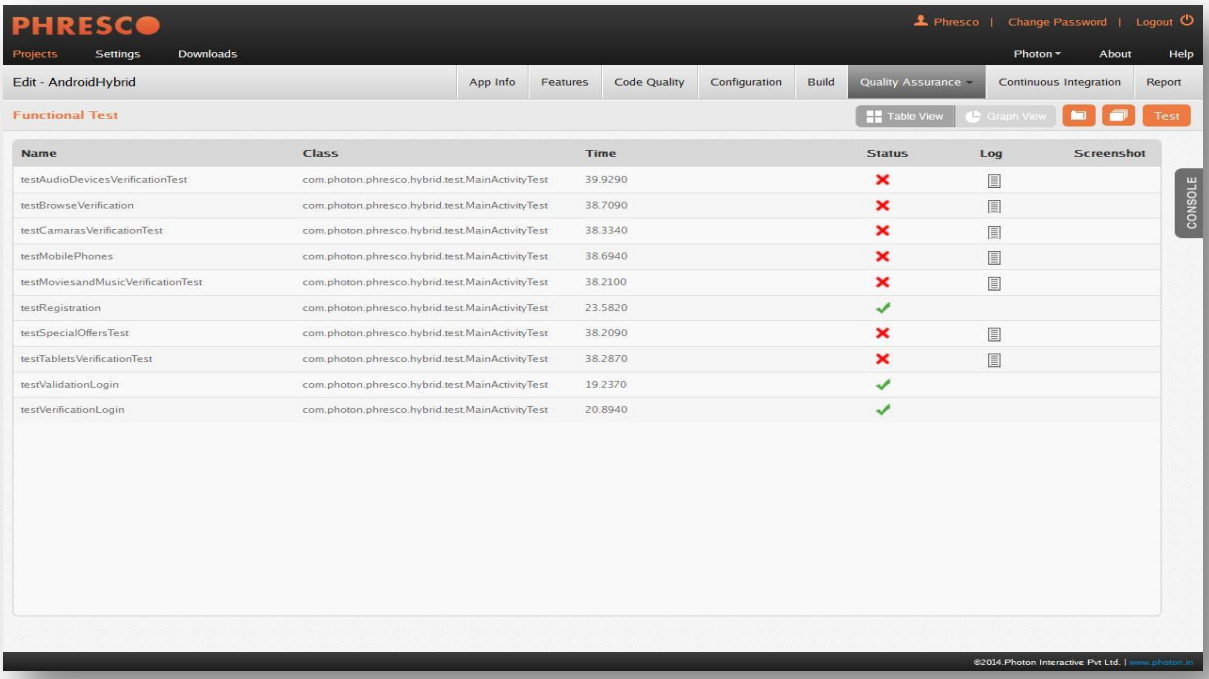
8.7.1.3 Report generated after execution



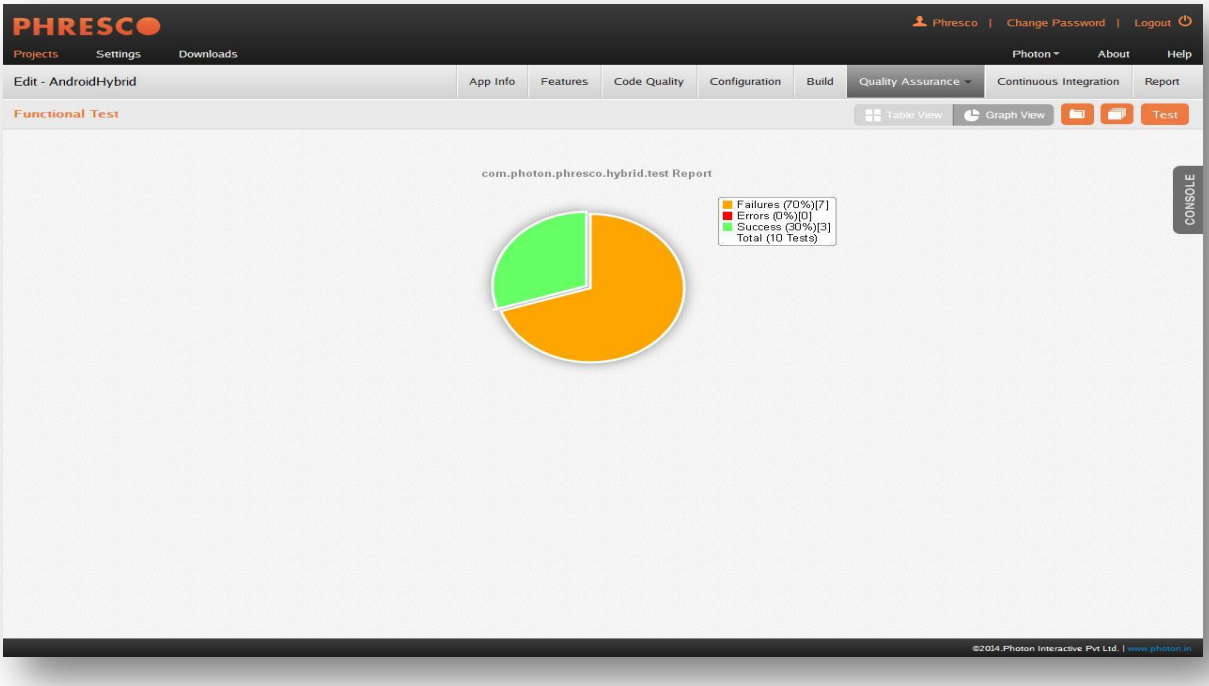
Android Hybrid functional test report for all test cases in tabular view



Android Hybrid functional test report for all test cases in graphical view



Android Hybrid functional test report for single test case in tabular view



Android Hybrid functional test report for single test case in graphical view

Limitations in Monkey Talk

- The Test case execution faces issues due to the element ID change when the auto popup key board pops up
- The Test case execution faces few problems on executing the same scripts in different resolutions

---

Note:

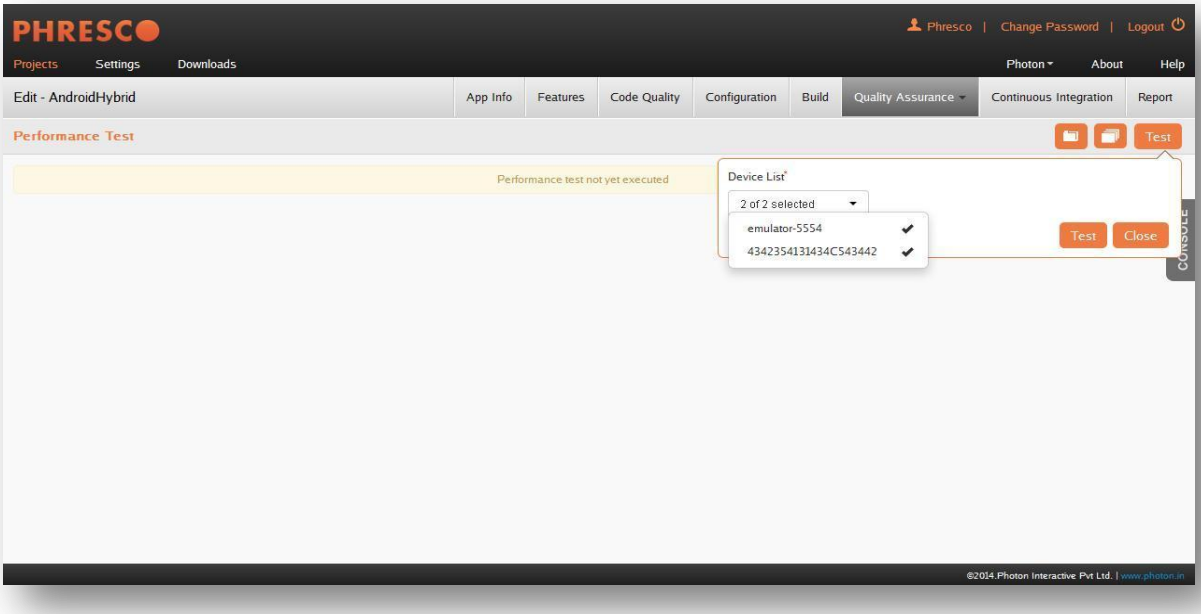
In addition to this Phresco also supports Calabash for Android application.

8.7.2 Performance Test for Android

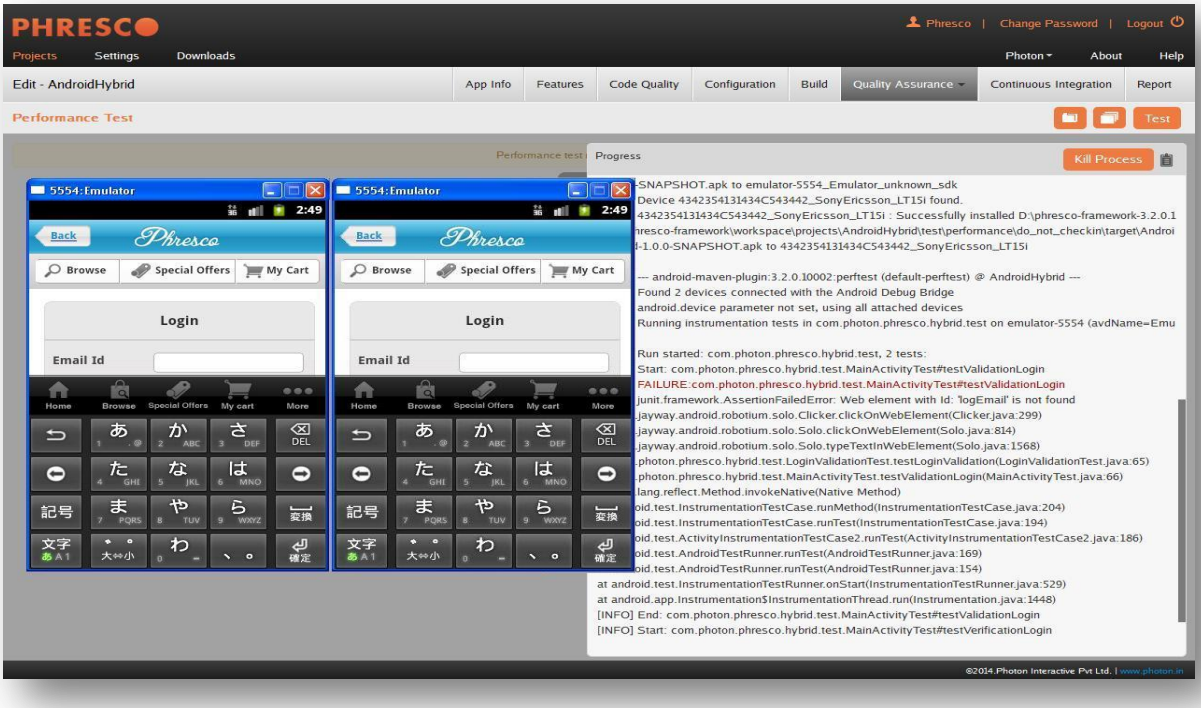
Phresco enables the users to test the performance for their android project. It triggers the test cases simultaneously on all the selected devices and once the tests are completed the results will be available on screen in tabular and graphical formats.

Steps to be followed to trigger performance test

1. Click the Applications-> Project created->Quality->Performance test->Test
2. A Performance Test pop up box appears and the number of android devices can be selected for testing.
3. When three devices are connected the performance testing occurs simultaneously as shown in figure:



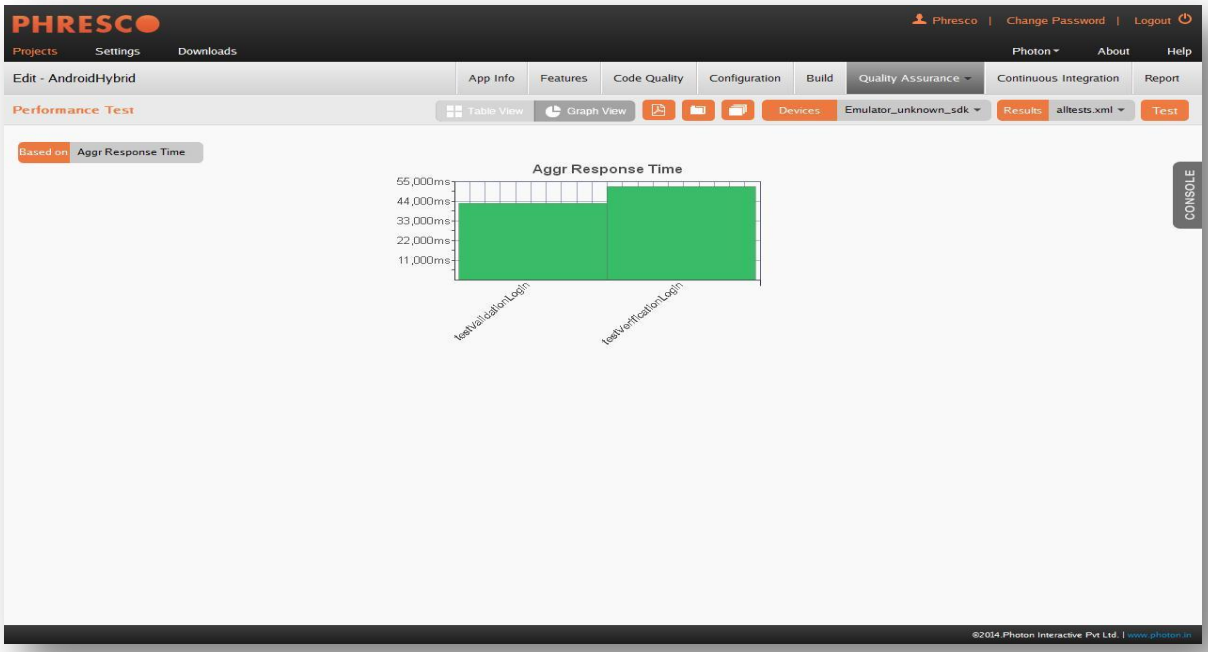
Choosing multiple devices for performance test.



Performance test in multiple devices

8.7.2.1 Report generated after execution

Report for the performance testing is generated in both graphical and tabular form. The response time and the throughput are given as the report after the performance testing.



Android graphical report for performance test

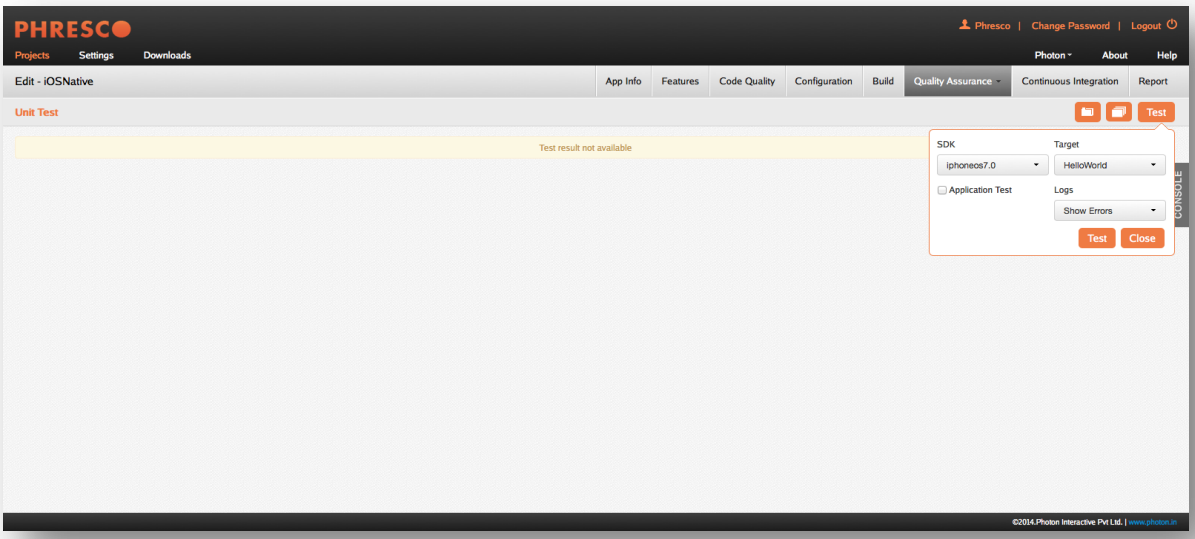
8.8 iOS Applications

8.8.1 Unit Test Case

Xcode offers two types of unit tests: logic tests and application tests.

Logic tests

This checks the exact functionality of a unit of code by itself without the help of application. Specific test cases can be put together to exercise a unit of code. Stress testing of the code can also be performed using logic tests. Logic tests run only on the simulators.



iOS Unit test case

Application tests

This check the units of code in the context of the app. Application tests are used to test the connections of user interface controls and also to test the work of the controls and controller objects.

In order to run application test from Xcode 4.2 or 4.3 follow the below steps.

Step – 1

Following configurations are to be done for Unit test target Build settings

- In Other test flag field add -RegisterForSystemEvents
- In BundleLoader field add $(BUILT_PRODUCTS_DIR)/Phresco.app/Phresco
- In TestHost field add $(BUNDLE_LOADER)
- In Test After Build field add Yes
- In Header search path field add usr/include/libxml2

In Target Dependencies

- Add Phresco.app in target dependencies of unit test target.

Step -2

In Xcode 4.2

Modify the file “RunPlatformUnitTests” which is available in the path "/Developer/Platforms/iOSSimulator.platform/Developer/Tools".

If loop in main method file should be replaced with the below text

```
mkdir -p "${BUILT_PRODUCTS_DIR}/Documents"
mkdir -p "${BUILT_PRODUCTS_DIR}/Library/Caches"
mkdir -p "${BUILT_PRODUCTS_DIR}/Library/Preferences"
mkdir -p "${BUILT_PRODUCTS_DIR}/tmp"

export CFFIXED_USER_HOME="${BUILT_PRODUCTS_DIR}/"

RunTestsForApplication "${TEST_HOST}" "${TEST_BUNDLE_PATH}"
```

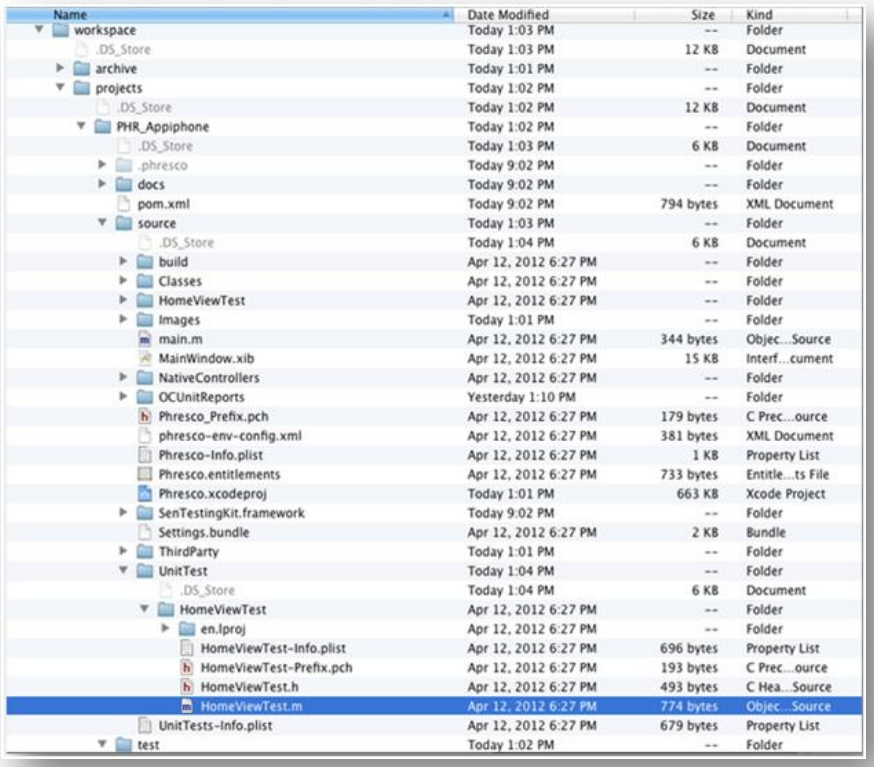
In Xcode4.3,

Modify the file “RunPlatformUnitTests” which is available in the path "/Applications/Xcode.app/Contents/Developer/Platforms/iOSSimulator.platform/Devehowever/Tools".

Note:

- For logical test, Step 2 should not be considered.
- In Xcode4.5, the Other test flag field should be kept empty.

8.8.1.1 Structure of Alltest and Test Cases



iOS unit tests structure

a. **Home view test:** This is a test suite in which all other test cases are called.

b. **Test cases:** Test cases are present inside the test suites

Homeviewtest for iOS Application

The testSuite contains a bunch of test cases, each of which performs a unique scenario on the application. Test developers can start writing new suite classes and test cases by following the syntax and structure of Phresco framework's out of the box class structure. HomeViewTest class calls all the suite classes and the test cases within it. Once suite classes and test cases are written developers can execute those from Phresco Framework and can see the report. Following is the HomeViewTest files which shows up how to add / include the class inside it.

```
#import <SenTestingKit/SenTestingKit.h>
#import <UIKit/UIkit.h>

#import "PhrescoAppDelegate.h"
#import "RootViewController.h"
#import "HomeViewController.h"
#import "BrowseViewController.h"
#import "ResultViewController.h"
#import "ProductDetailsViewController.h"
#import "AddToBagViewController.h"
#import "ViewCartController.h"
#import "CheckOutViewController.h"
#import "CheckOutOVerallViewController.h"
#import "ReviewViewController.h"
#import "ReviewCommentsViewController.h"
#import "LoginViewController.h"
#import "RegistrationViewController.h"
HomeViewTest.h

@interface HomeViewTest : SenTestCase{

@private
iShopAppDelegate *appDelegate;
RootViewController *rootController;
HomeViewController *homeController;
BrowseViewController *browseController;
ResultViewController *resultController;
ProductDetailsViewController *pdtDetailController;
AddToBagViewController *addCartController;
ViewCartController *viewCartController;
CheckOutViewController *checkViewController;
CheckOutOVerallViewController *checkOverallController;
ReviewViewController *reviewController;
ReviewCommentsViewController *reviewCommentsController;
LoginViewController *loginController;
RegistrationViewController *registerController;

   UITableView *tblView;
}
-(void) testAction;
@end
```

```
//////

- (void)testExample{

    [rootController tabBarButtonAction:@"0"];
  // STFail(@"Unit tests are not implemented yet in HomeViewTest");
}
-(void) testAction{

    [homeController buttonAction:@"0"];

}
-(void) testBrowse{


    //[browseController  tableView:tblView didSelectRowAtIndexPath:0];

    STAssertThrows([browseController tableView:tblView
didSelectRowAtIndexPath:-1] , @"Invalid index");


}
-(void) testProductResult{

    [resultController  tableView:tblView didSelectRowAtIndexPath:0];
    [resultController reviewButtonSelected:@"0"];

}
-(void) testProductDetail{

    [pdtDetailController addToCart:@"0"];

}

-(void) testAddToCart{

   [addCartController removeIndex:@"0"];

}
-(void) testViewCart{
```

```
    [viewCartController browseButtonSelected:@"o"];

}
-(void) testCheckCart{

    [checkViewController cancelAction:@"o"];

}
-(void) testCheckOverall{

    [checkViewController reviewAction:@"o"];

}
-(void) testReview{

    [reviewController tableView:tblView didSelectRowAtIndexPath:o];

}
-(void) testComments{

    [reviewCommentsController goBack:o];

}

-(void) testLogin{

    [loginController registerButtonSelected:o];

}

-(void) testRegister{

    [registerController registerButtonSelected:o];

}
@end
```

Test Register Example for a Test Case

A test case is a set of conditions under which a tester will determine whether an application is meeting the requirement. This helps the user to verify a particular functionality during the testing process.

The following is the example of a test register

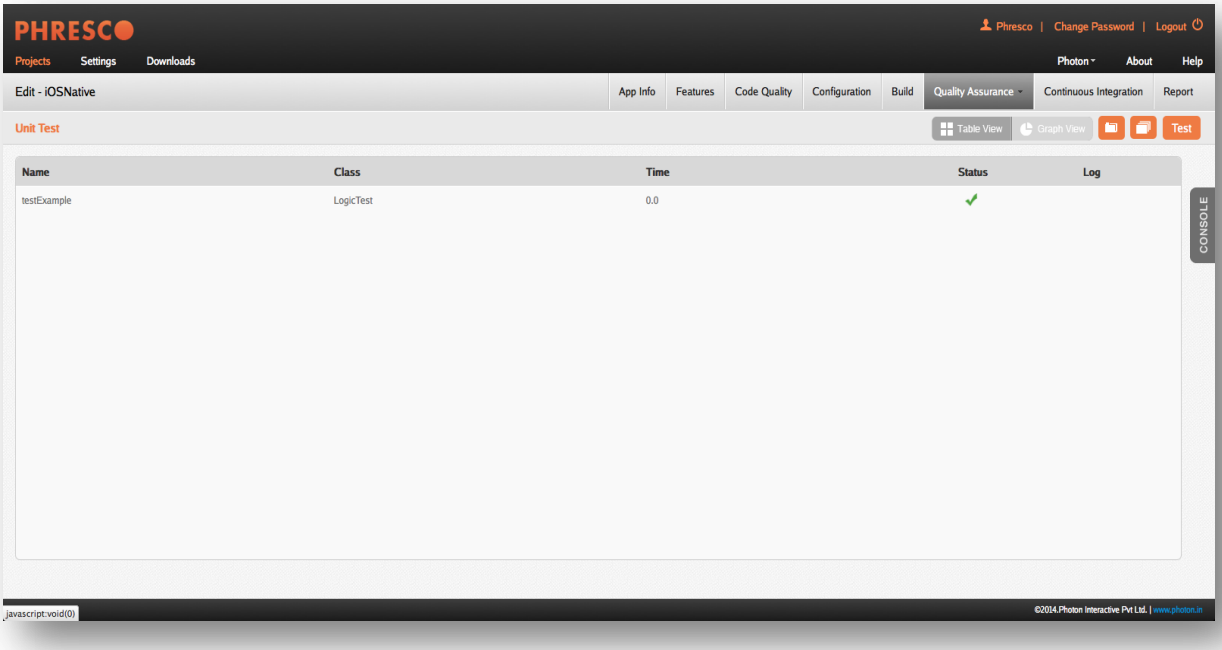
```
-(void) testRegister{

   [registerController registerButtonSelected:0];
 }
```

8.8.1.2 To Add New Test Case in Homeviewtest

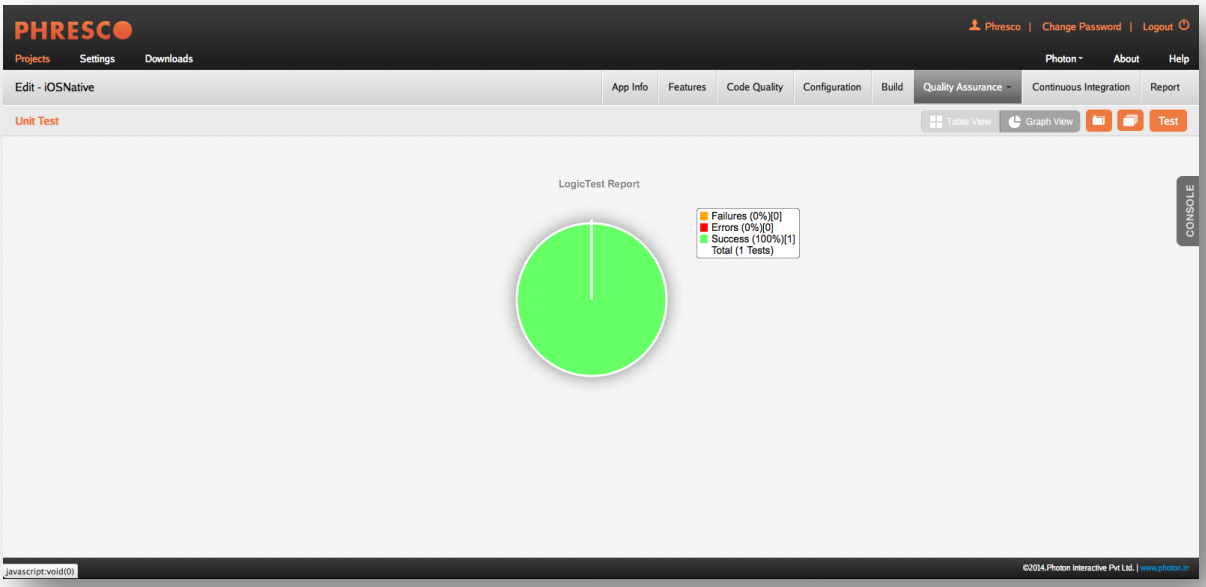
You can add a new test case to the Homeviewtest using the following method. Here is an example for creating a new test case 'testsploffers'.

```
-(void) testSplOffers{

   [splOfferController tableView:tblView
didSelectRowAtIndexPath:0];

}
```

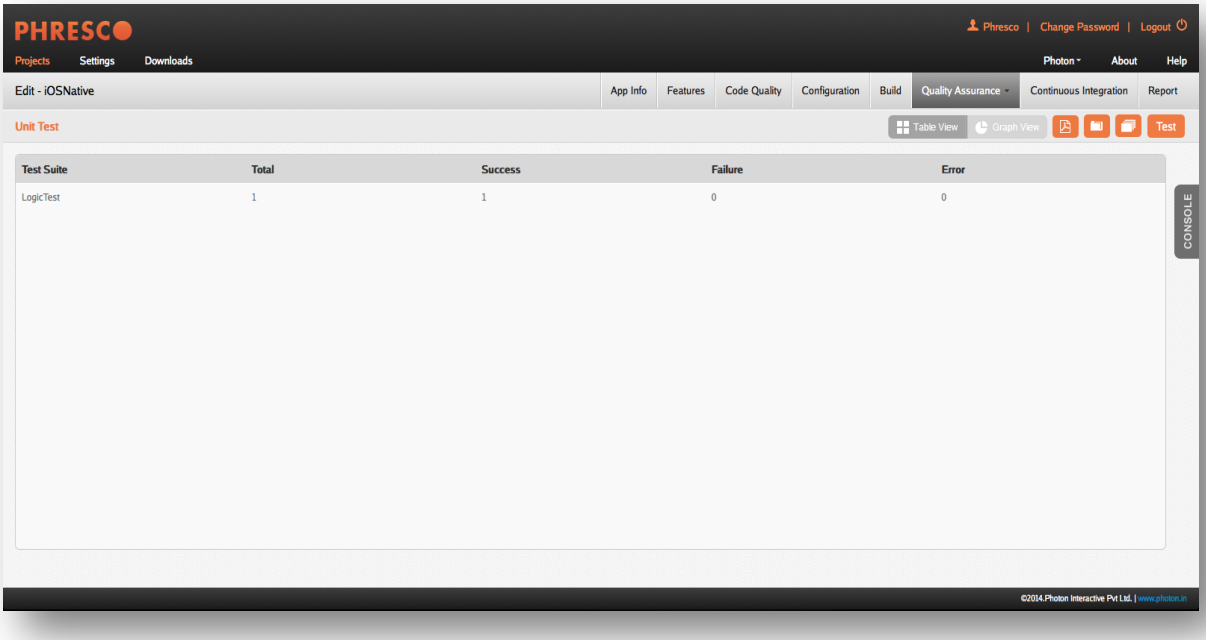
8.8.1.3 Report generated after execution



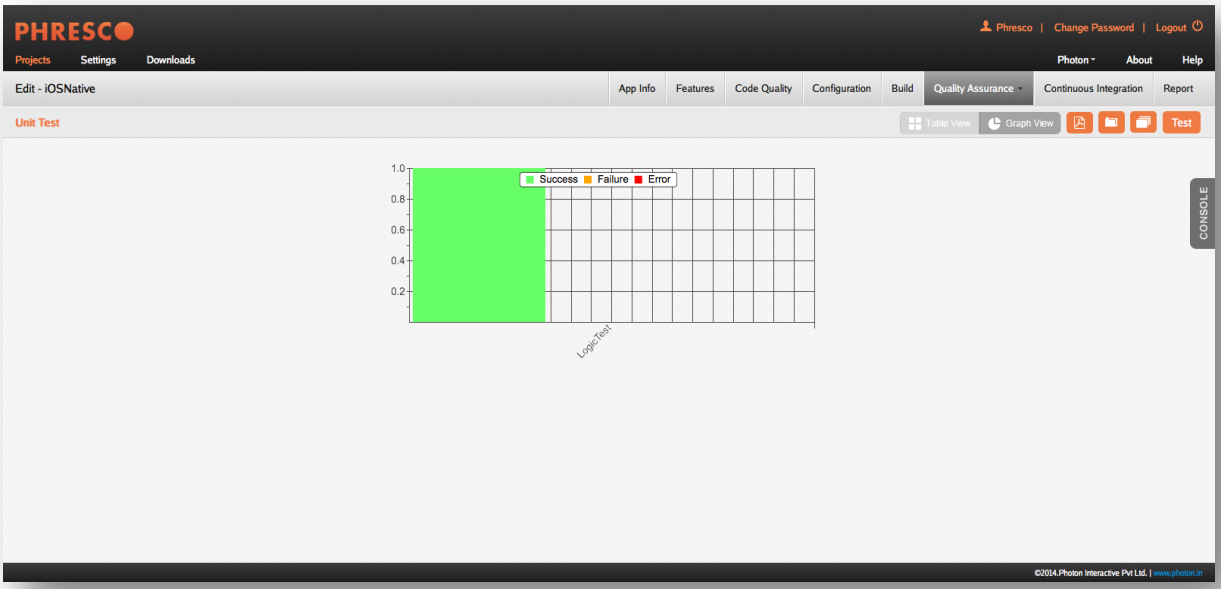
iOS unit test report for single test case in tabular view



iOS unit test report for single test case in graphical view



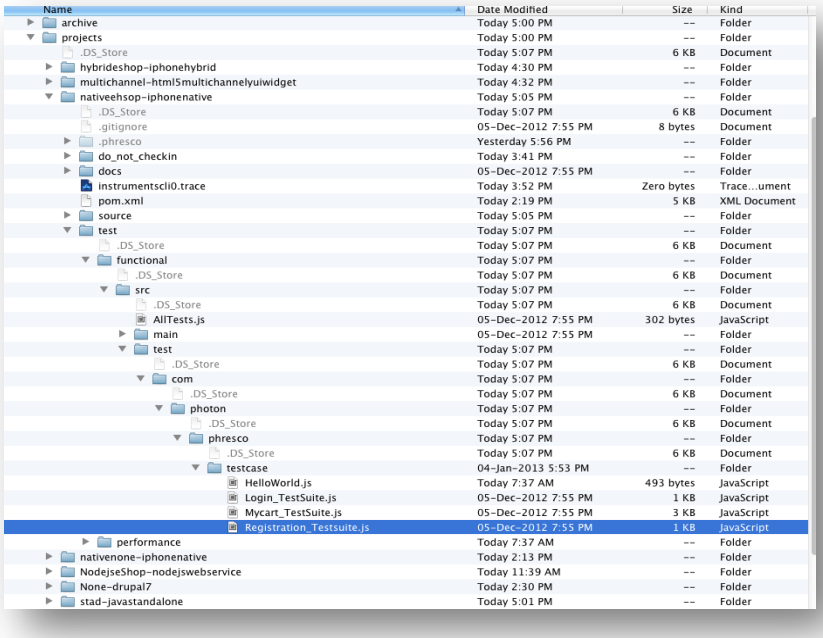
iOS unit test report for all test cases in tabular view



iOS unit test report for all test cases in graphical view

8.8.2 Functional Test Case

8.8.2.1 Structure of Alltest and Test Case



iOS functional tests structure

a. **AllTest**: Alltest is the root file that carries the Test suites.

b. **Test Suite:** This is the js file which contains multiple test cases.

c. **Test cases:** These perform unique testing scenarios against the application.

8.8.2.2 Existing Test Cases and Suites Out Of the Box in Phresco

All Test for iOS

AllTest calls all the suite files and the test cases within it. Once suite files and test cases are written developers can execute those from Phresco Framework and can see the report. Following is the AllTest file which shows up how to add / include the suite file inside it.

```
#import "main/com/photon/phresco/util/MainActivity.js"
#import "main/com/photon/phresco/util/UIElements.js"
#import "test/com/photon/phresco/testcase/AudioDevice_suite.js
#import "test/com/photon/phresco/testcase/Television_suite.js"
```

Test suite for iOS

Testsuite is a js file which holds all the other test cases. Functional test runs in the order by which the test suites are created. The Testsuite contains a bunch of test cases, each of which performs a unique scenario on the application. Test developers can start writing new suite file and test cases by following the syntax and structure of Phresco framework's out of the box structure. Test suite contains the test cases within it. Once suite files and test cases are written testers can execute those from Phresco Framework and can see the report. Following is the Test suite file which shows up how to add / include the Test cases inside it.

```
#import "../../../../../main/com/photon/phresco/util/MainActivity.js"
#import "../../../../../main/com/photon/phresco/util/UIElements.js"
function testAudioDevice(testname){
    try{
        clickOnScroll(Browse_id);
        clickOnScroll(AudioDevice_id);
        clickOnScreen(110,127);
        clickOnScreen(184,211);
        clickOnScreen(259,223);
        clickOnScroll(UpdateCart_id);
```

```
            waitForFewSeconds(1);
            clickOnScroll(Checkout_id);
             clickOnScreen(259,223);
             waitForFewSeconds(1);
             clickOnScroll(MyCart_id);
             clickOnScreen(259,223);
             waitForFewSeconds(1);
             clickOnScroll(Remove_id);
             clickOnScroll(Back_id);
             UIALogger.logPass(testname);
            }
              catch(error){
             captureScreenshot(testname);
              //UIALogger.logFail("Fail");
              UIALogger.logError(testname);
            }
        }
    testAudioDevice("AudioDeviceTest");
```

To Add New Test Suite in All Test

You can add a new test suite to the Main Test Suite using the following method.

```
#import "main/com/photon/phresco/util/MainActivity.js"
#import "main/com/photon/phresco/util/UIElements.js"
#import "test/com/photon/phresco/testcase/AudioDevice_suite.js
#import "test/com/photon/phresco/testcase/Television_suite.js"
#import "test/com/photon/phresco/testcase/Computer_suite.js"
```

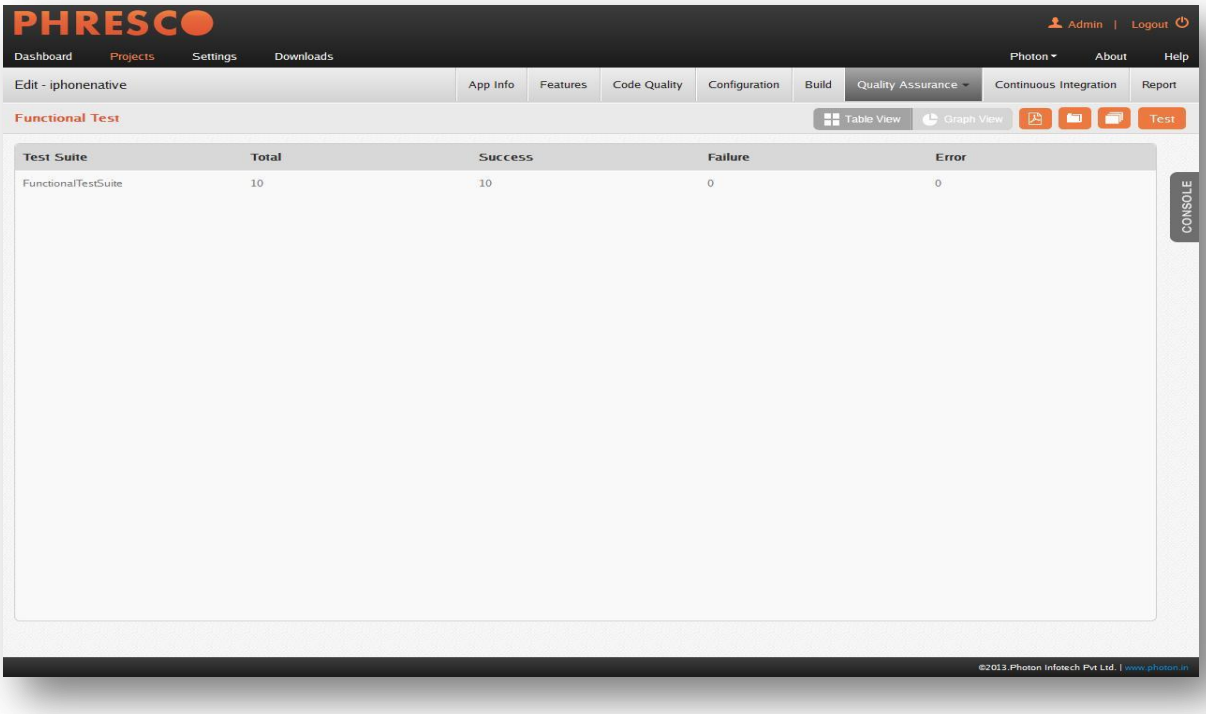
To Add New Test Case in Test Suite

You can add a new test case to the Test suite using the following method.

```
#import "../../../../../main/com/photon/phresco/util/MainActivity.js"
#import "../../../../../main/com/photon/phresco/util/UIElements.js"
function testAudioDevice(testname){
    try{
        clickOnScroll(Browse_id);
        clickOnScroll(AudioDevice_id);
        clickOnScreen(110,127);
        clickOnScreen(184,211);
        clickOnScreen(259,223);
        clickOnScroll(UpdateCart_id);
        waitForFewSeconds(1);
        clickOnScroll(Checkout_id);
        clickOnScreen(259,223);
        waitForFewSeconds(1);
        clickOnScroll(MyCart_id);
        clickOnScreen(259,223);
        waitForFewSeconds(1);
        clickOnScroll(Remove_id);
        clickOnScroll(Back_id);
        UIALogger.logPass(testname);
       }
function testTelevision(testname){
     try{
        clickOnScroll(Browse_id);
        clickOnScroll(Television_id);
        waitForFewSeconds(1);
        clickOnScreen(110,127);
        clickOnScreen(184,211);
        clickOnScreen(259,223);
        waitForFewSeconds(1);
        clickOnScroll(UpdateCart_id);
        clickOnScroll(Checkout_id);
        waitForFewSeconds(1);
        clickOnScreen(259,223);
        clickOnScroll(MyCart_id);
         clickOnScreen(259,223);
```

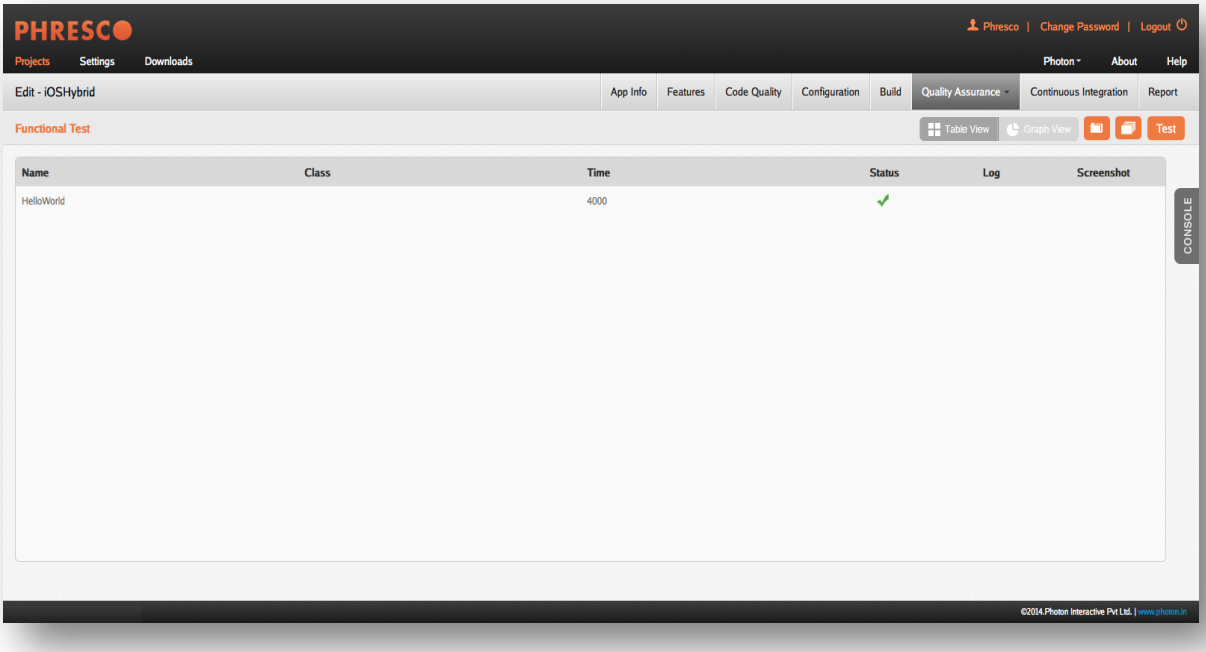
```
            clickOnScroll(Remove_id);
             waitForFewSeconds(1);
             clickOnScroll(Back_id);
            UIALogger.logPass(testname);
            }
          catch(error){
                    captureScreenshot(testname);
                    //UIALogger.logFail("Fail");
                  UIALogger.logError(testname);
          }
}
testAudioDevice("AudioDeviceTest");
testTelevision("TelvisionTest");
```

8.8.2.3 Report generated after execution

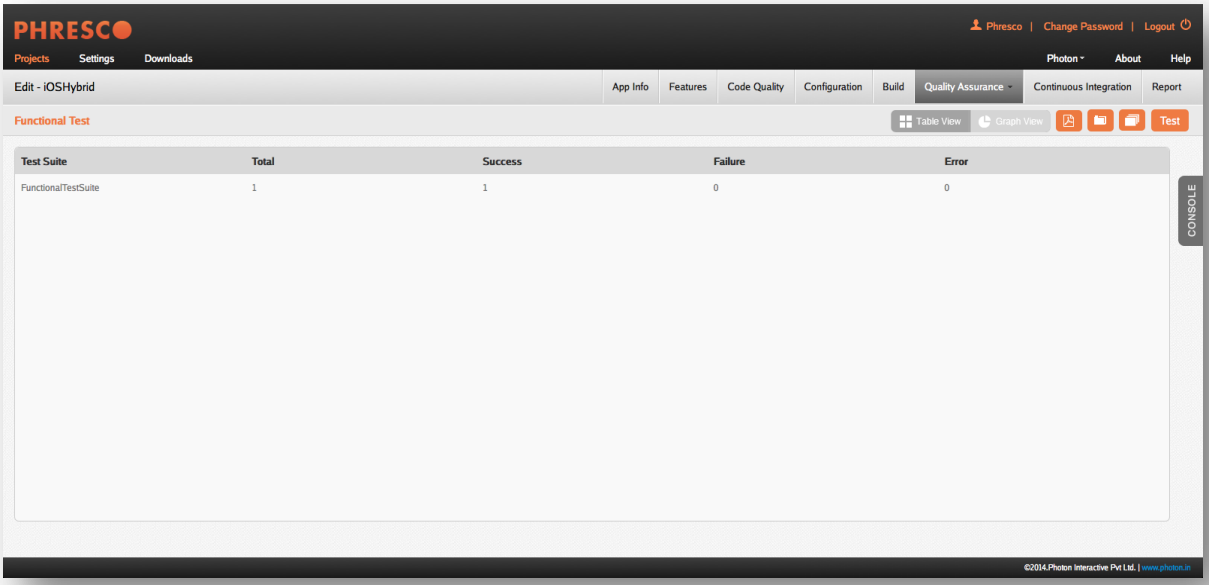


iOS functional test report for single test case in tabular view

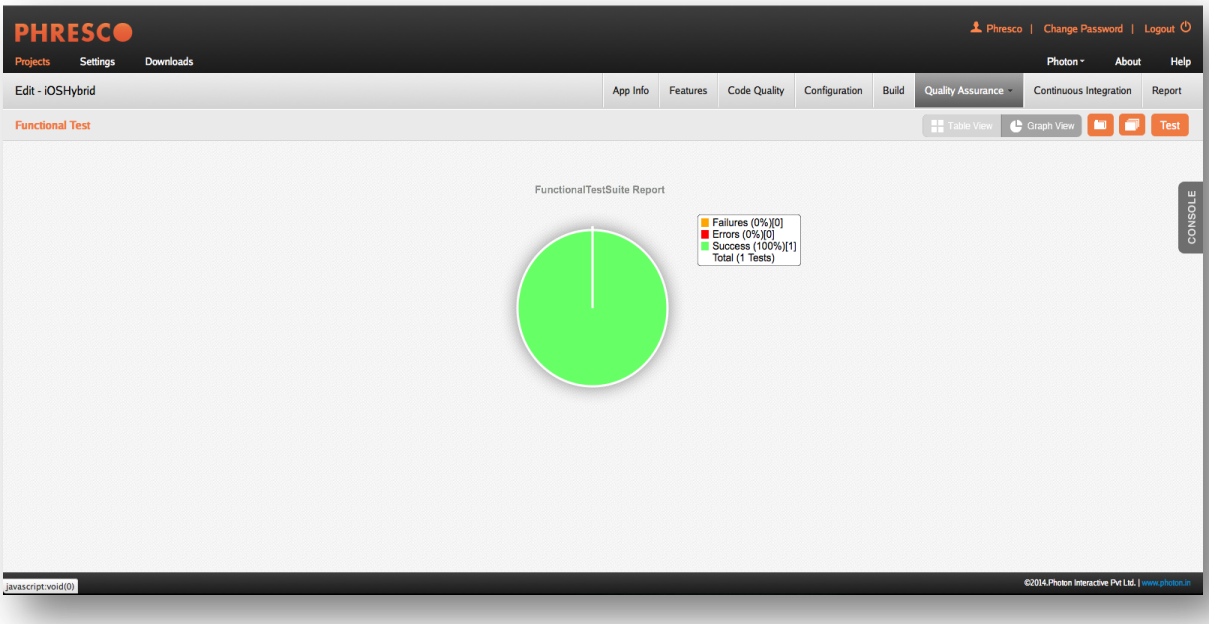
iOS functional test report for all test cases in graphical view



iOS functional test report for all test cases in tabular view



iOS functional test report for single test case in tabular view



iOS functional test report for single test case in graphical view

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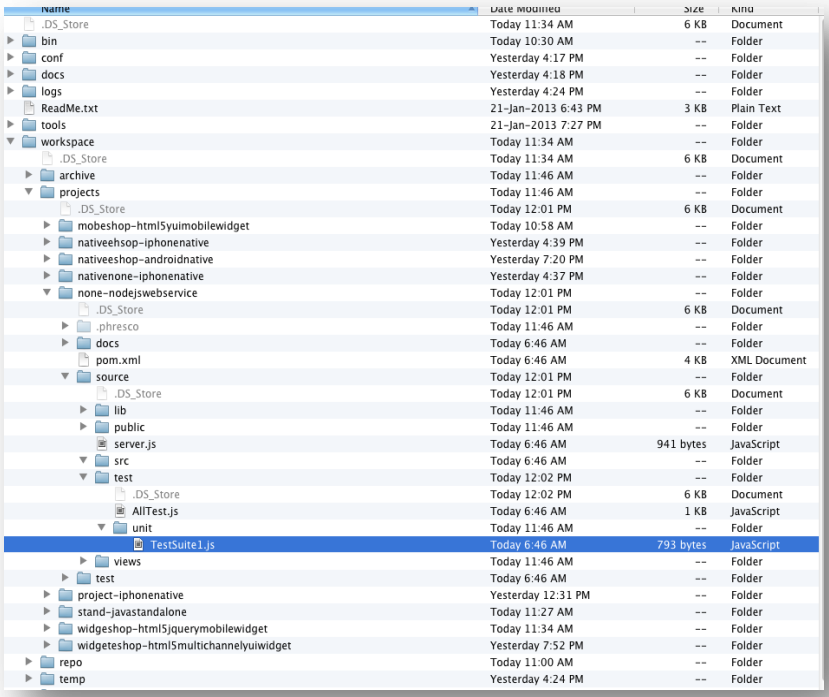
Note:

- In addition to this,Phresco supports Calabash for iOS application.

8.9 Node js Test Cases

8.9.1 Unit Test Case

8.9.1.1 Structure of Test Suites and Test Case



Unit test folder structure for NodeJs

b. **AllTest**: Alltest is the root file that carries the Test suite.

c. **Test suite**: Test suite is made to run through AllTest

d. **Test case**: All the Test cases should be added within the test suite.

8.9.1.2 Existing Test Cases and Suites Out Of the Box in Phresco

Alltest for Node js

AllTest is the root category which holds the test suite. AllTest contains a bunch of test suites, each of which performs a unique scenario on the application. Test developers can start writing new suite classes by following the syntax and structure of Phresco framework's out of the box class structure. Once test suite classes and test cases are written developers can execute those from Phresco

Framework and can see the report. Following is the AllTest file which shows up how to add / include the class inside it.

```
var nodeunit = require('nodeunit');
var reporter = nodeunit.reporters.junit;

var opts = {
   "error_prefix": "\u001B[31m",
   "error_suffix": "\u001B[39m",
   "ok_prefix": "\u001B[32m",
   "ok_suffix": "\u001B[39m",
   "bold_prefix": "\u001B[1m",
   "bold_suffix": "\u001B[22m",
   "assertion_prefix": "\u001B[35m",
   "assertion_suffix": "\u001B[39m"
}

opts.output = "target/surefire";
reporter.run(['source/test/eshop'], opts);
```

Test Suites example

Test suite is a collection of test cases that are intended to be used to test a project code to show that it has some specified set of behaviors. A test suite contains detailed instructions or goals for each collection of test cases. New test cases can also be added by using the following syntax.

Test case example

A test case is a set of conditions under which a tester will determine whether an application is meeting the requirement. This helps the user to verify a particular functionality during the testing process.

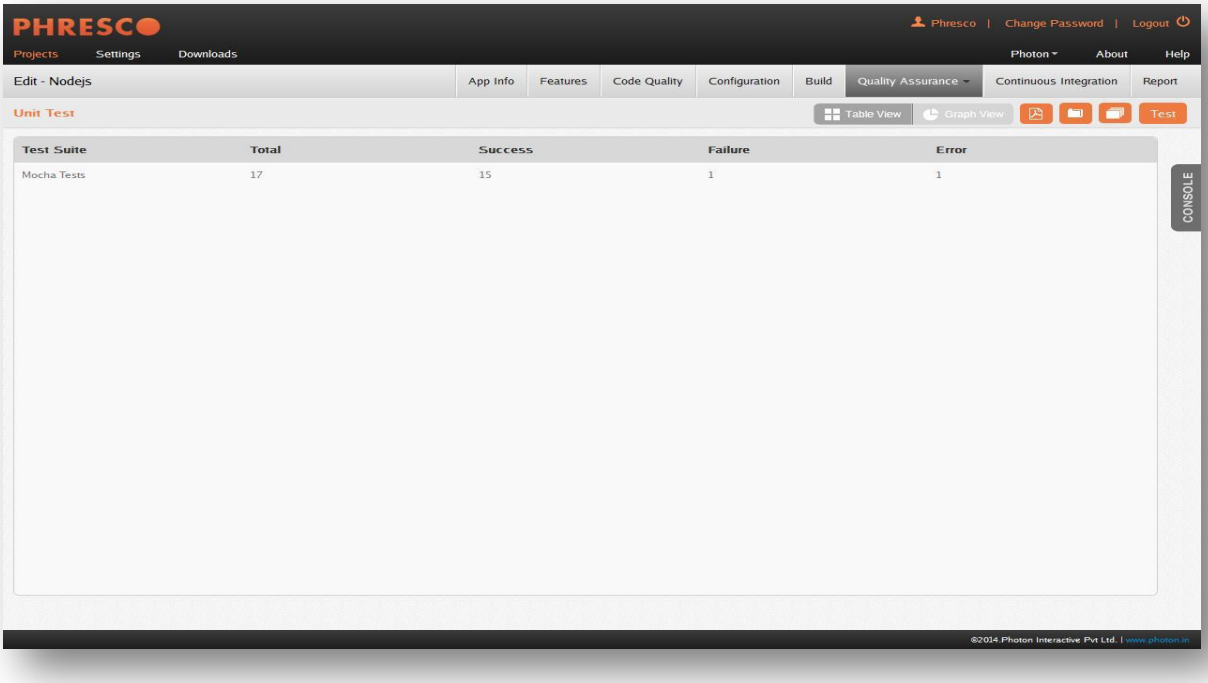
```
exports.testSomething = function(test){
 test.expect(1);
 test.ok(true, "this assertion should pass");
 test.done();
};

exports.testSomethingElse = function(test){
 test.ok(true, "this assertion should fail");
 test.done();
};
```

8.9.1.3 To Add New Test Case in Test Suite

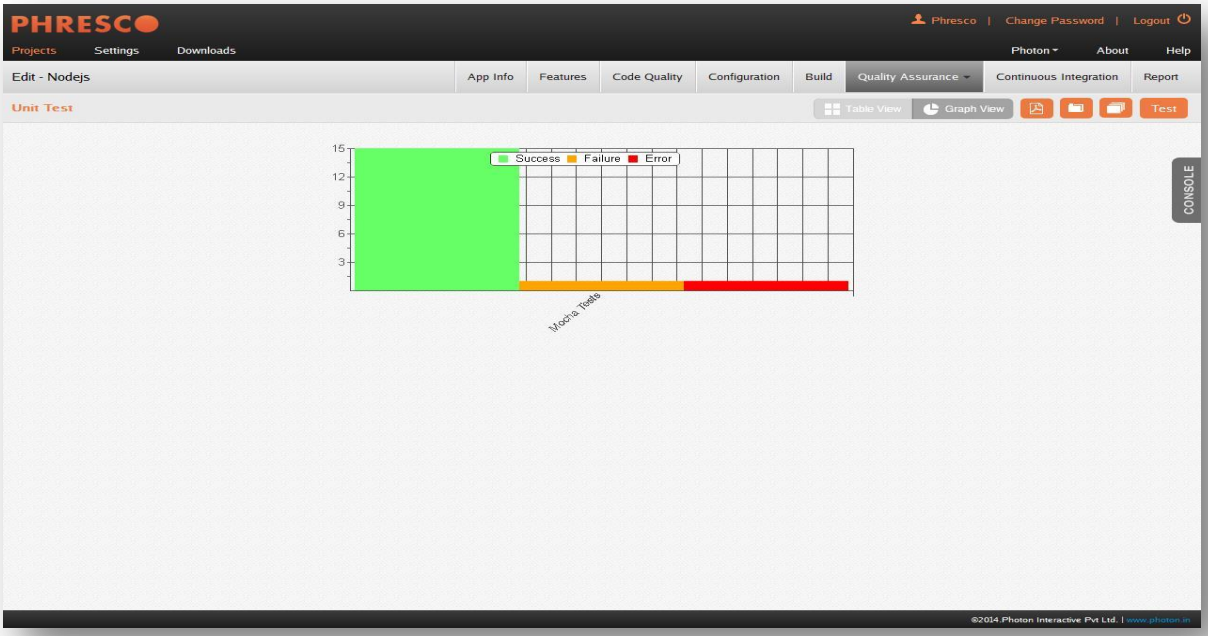
You can add a new test case to the Test suite using the following method.

```
exports.testSomething = function(test){
  test.expect(1);
  test.ok(true, "this assertion should pass");
  test.done();
};

exports.testSomethingElse = function(test){
  test.ok(true, "this assertion should fail");
  test.done();
};
```

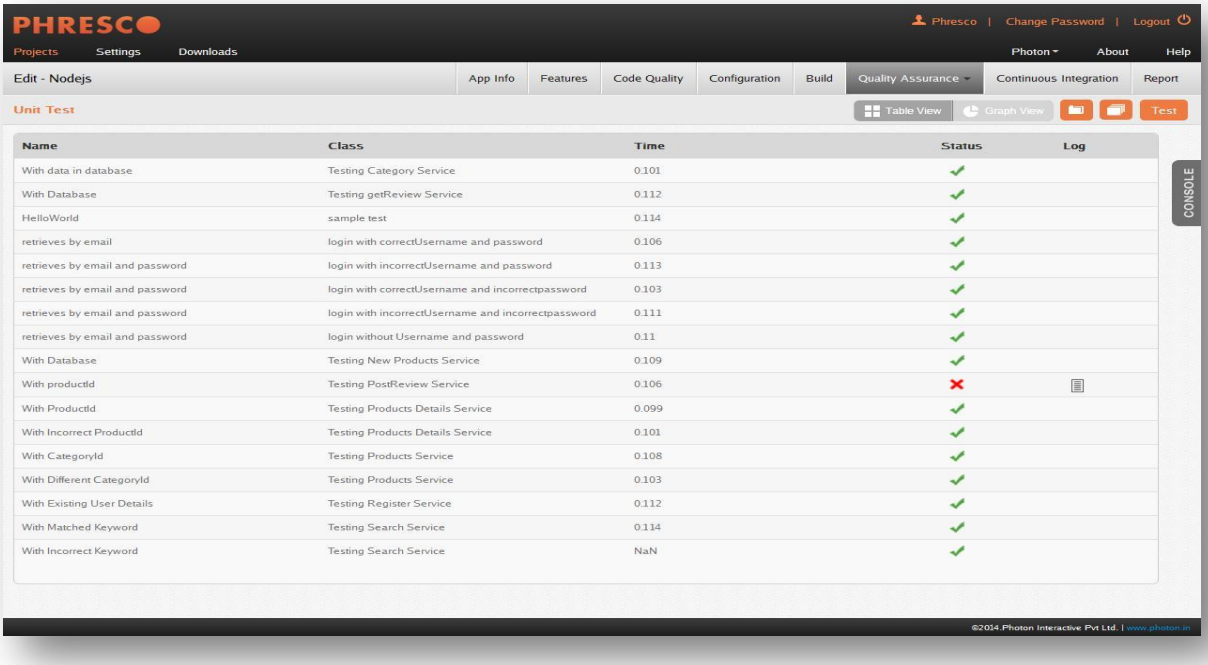
8.9.1.4 Report generated after execution



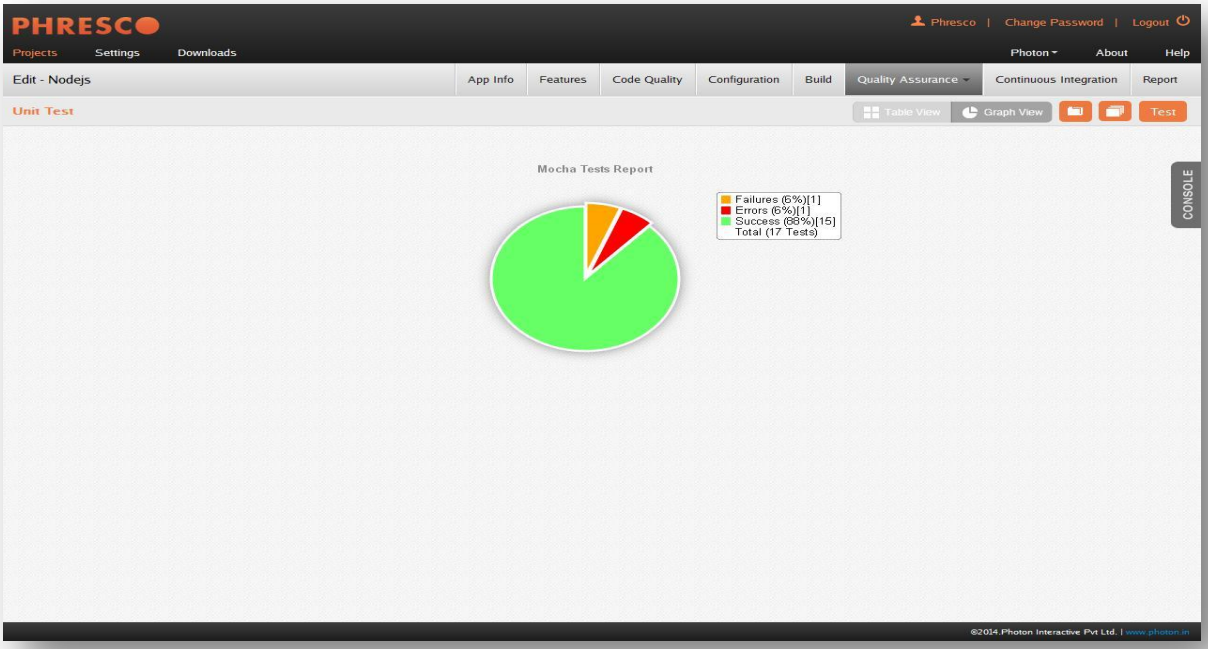
NodeJS unit test report for all test cases in tabular view



NodeJS unit test report for all test cases in graphical view



NodeJS unit test report for single test case in tabular view



NodeJS unit test report for single test case in graphical view

---

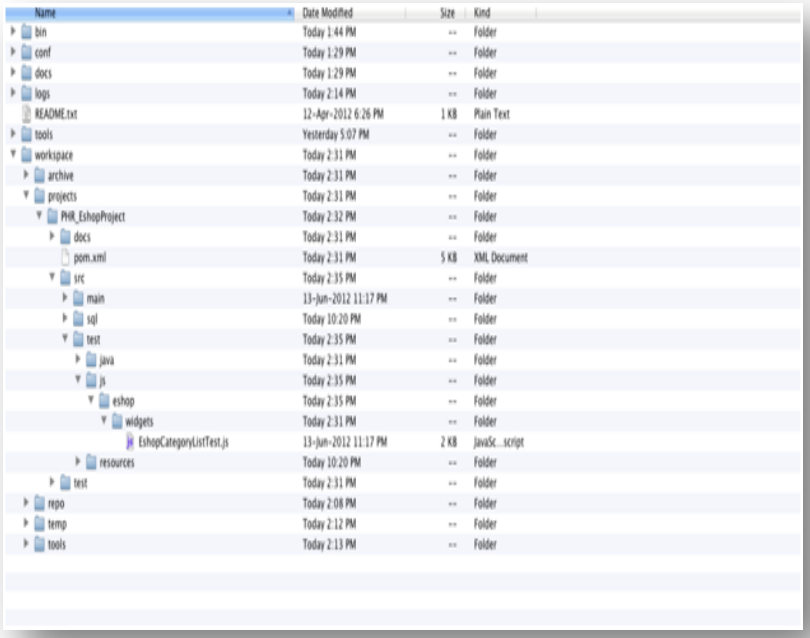
Note

- Refer section 8.1.2 for the Functional Test case structure which is similar to Selenium Grid Functional Test structure.

8.10 JQuery Test Cases

8.10.1 Unit Test Cases

8.10.1.1 Structure of Test Case



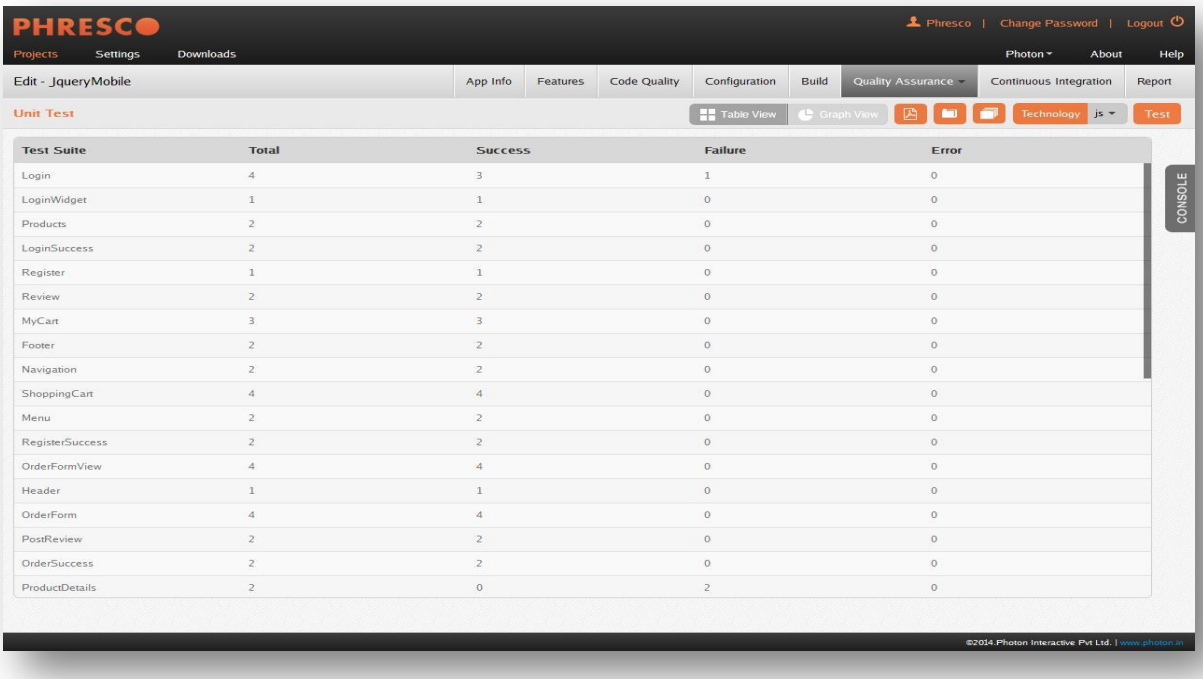
jQuery unit test case structure

a. **Test cases:** Test cases can be added directly in the js folder.

```
/*global require */

require([ "jQuery", "./Category", "./EShopAPI", "qunit" ], function($,
Category, EShopAPI, QUnit) {

        var equal = QUnit.equal, expect = QUnit.expect, test = QUnit.test;

        /**
         * Test that the setMainContent method sets the text in the category-
widget
         */
        test("category-widget unite test case passed.", function() {

                var category, initeObj, listener, api, Phresco, mainContent,
currentName, currentID, navUL, output1, output2;
```

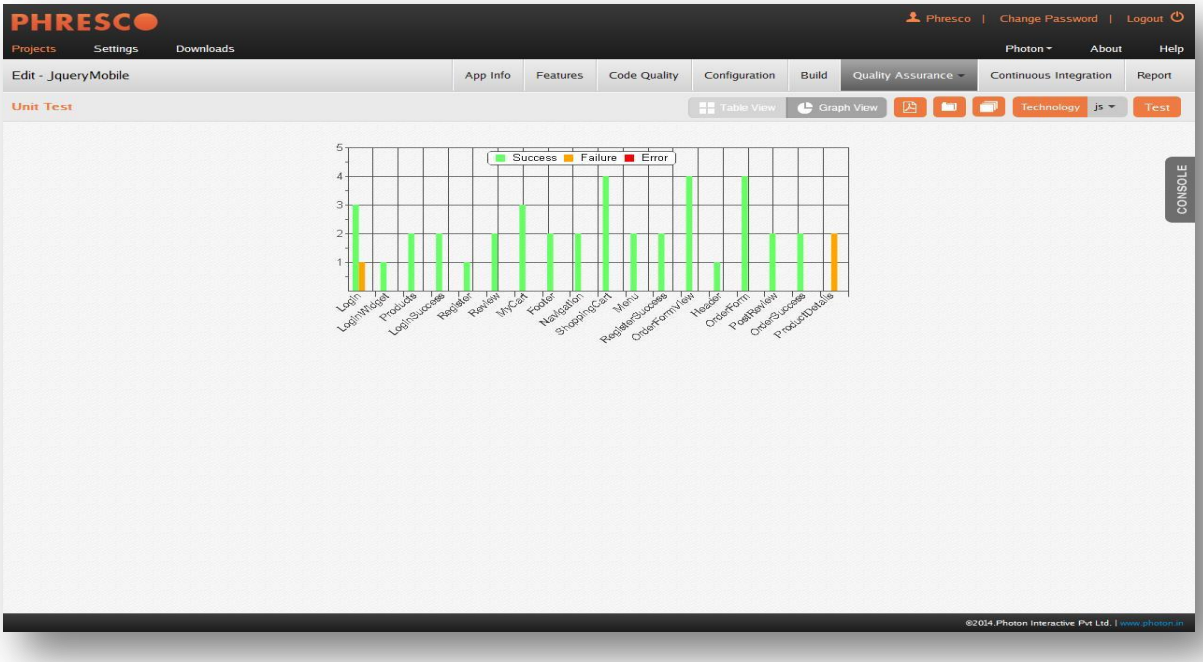
```
                // Setup view and call method under test
                category = new Category();
                api = new EShopAPI();

        //api.wsURL = "http://172.16.25.75:2020/eshop";

                api.getWsConfig();

        category.api = api;
                category.listener = undefined;
                category.Phrescoapi = undefined;

                output1 = category.renderUI();

                mainContent = $('<section id="submenu">');
        currentName = 'name';
        currentID = 'id';
        navUL = $('<ul></ul>');

                api.getCategories(function(jsonObject){

                        var productList = jsonObject,
                        totalCategories = productList.category.length,
                i, category, categoryId, lis;

                        for (i = 0; i < totalCategories; i++) {
                                category = productList.category[i];
                categoryId = category.id;
                lis = $('<li><span><a href="javascript:void(0);">' +
category[currentName]
 + '</a></span></li>');
                                navUL.append(lis);
                        }
                });

        output2 = mainContent.append(navUL);

                // Expect that the text was set on the expected element
                equal(output1.html(), output2.html(),      "Expected text not
          set in                 category-widget");
          });
});
```

8.10.1.2 Report generated after execution

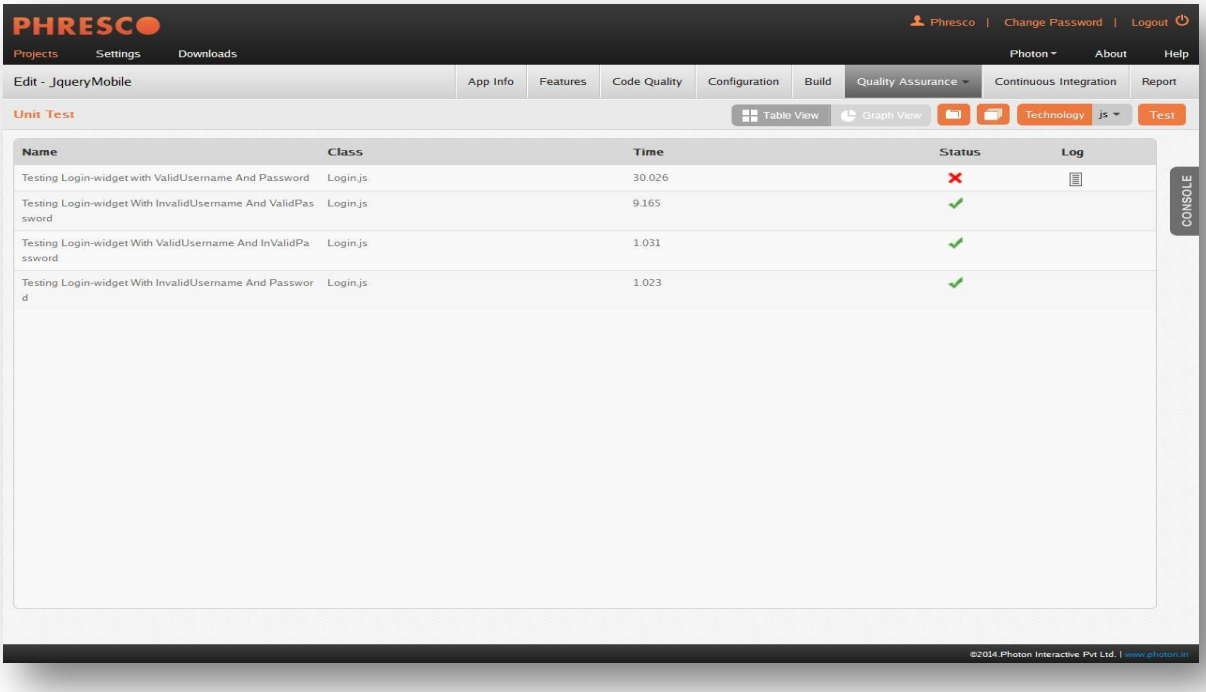


Test Suite	Total	Success	Failure	Error
Login	4	3	1	0
LoginWidget	1	1	0	0
Products	2	2	0	0
LoginSuccess	2	2	0	0
Register	1	1	0	0
Review	2	2	0	0
MyCart	3	3	0	0
Footer	2	2	0	0
Navigation	2	2	0	0
ShoppingCart	4	4	0	0
Menu	2	2	0	0
RegisterSuccess	2	2	0	0
OrderFormView	4	4	0	0
Header	1	1	0	0
OrderForm	4	4	0	0
PostReview	2	2	0	0
OrderSuccess	2	2	0	0
ProductDetails	2	0	2	0

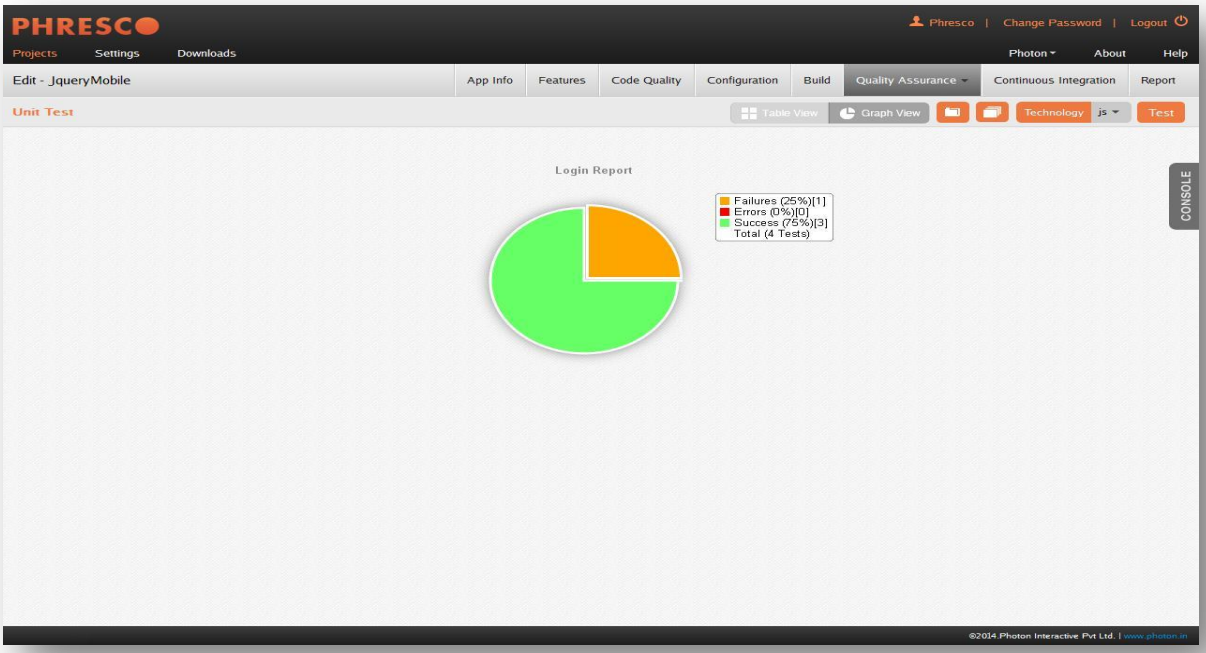
jQuery unit test report for all test cases in tabular view



jQuery unit test report for all test cases in Graphical view



jQuery unit test report for single test case in tabular view



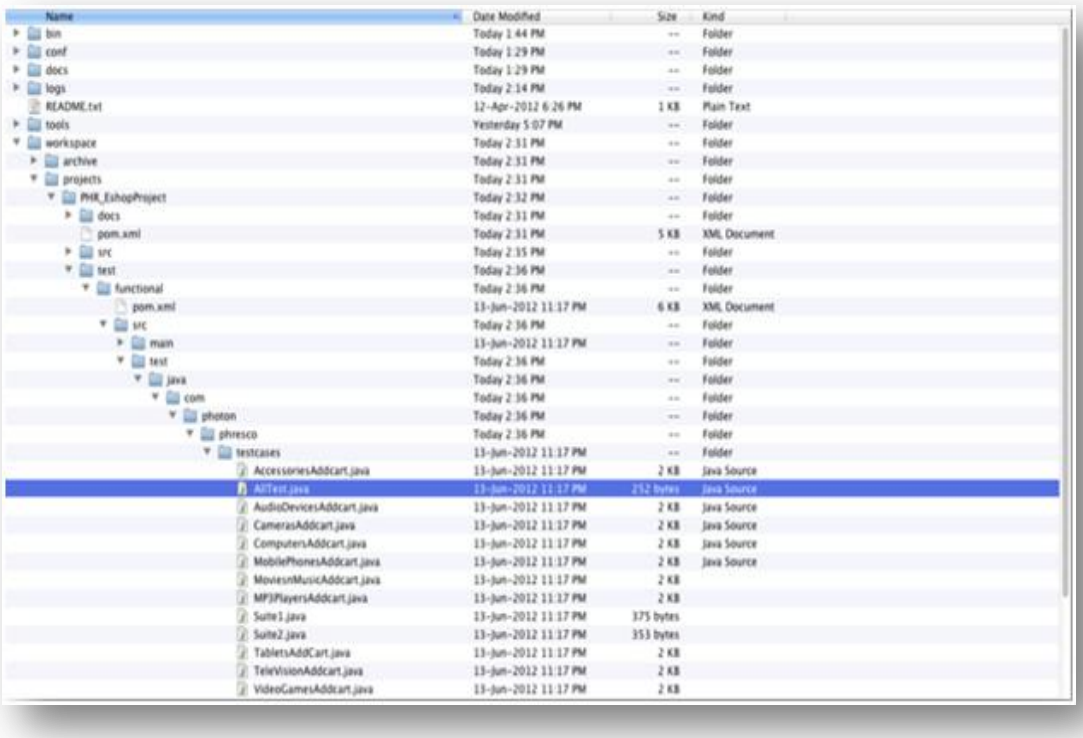
jQuery unit test report for single test case in graphical view

Prerequisites for jQuery Unit Test Cases

A prior installation of Phantomjs software is essential to run Test cases for jQuery project. This software is available in the **Phresco framework->Downloads**.

- Set environment variable for the phantomjs software.
- Extract the zip file and set the path {installation path}\phantomjs-1.5.0-win32-static in the system variables field.

8.10.2 Functional Test Cases



jQuery functional test case structure

a. AllTest: This is a root JUnit suite class that can either call a suite of classes or individual test cases.

b. Suite Class: This is also a JUnit suite class which calls the individual test cases.

c. Test Cases: These are individual java classes which perform unique testing scenarios against the application.

8.10.2.1 Existing Test Cases and Suites Out Of the Box in Phresco

In Phresco testing Framework in Junit suite class is named as “AllTest”.

The testSuite contains a bunch of test cases, each of which performs a unique scenario on the application. Test developers can start writing new suite classes and test cases by following the syntax and structure of Phresco frameworks out of the box class structure. AllTest class calls all the suite classes and the test cases within it. Once suite classes and test cases are written developers can execute those from Phresco Framework and can see the report. Following is the AllTest file which shows up how to add / include the class inside it.

```
Package com.photon.Phresco.testcases

import org.junit.runner.RunWith;
import org.junit.runners.Suite;
import org.junit.runners.Suite.SuiteClasses;

@RunWith(Suite.class)
@SuiteClasses({Suite1.class,Suite2.class})
public class AllTest {
}
```

Suite class

Suite class is a collection of test cases that are intended to be used to test a project code to show that it has some specified set of behaviors. A suite class contains detailed instructions or goals for each collection of test cases. New test cases can also be added by using the same syntax.

```
package com.photon.Phresco.testcases;
import org.junit.runner.RunWith;
import org.junit.runners.Suite;
import org.junit.runners.Suite.SuiteClasses;
@RunWith(Suite.class)
@SuiteClasses({ WelcomePage.class,TeleVisionAddcart.class,
                ComputersAddcart.class,
MobilePhonesAddcart.class,AudioDevicesAddcart.class,
CamerasAddcart.class
})
public class Suite1 {
}
```

Test cases

A test case is a set of conditions under which a tester will determine whether an application is meeting the requirement. This helps the user to verify a particular functionality during the testing process. Elements can be identified and screen shots can be captured when the test fails.

```
package com.photon.Phresco.testcases;

import java.io.IOException;

import junit.framework.TestCase;

import org.junit.Test;
//import static org.testng.Assertjunit.*;
import org.openqa.selenium.server.SeleniumServer;

import com.photon.Phresco.Screens.MenuScreen;
import com.photon.Phresco.Screens.WelcomeScreen;
import com.photon.Phresco.selenium.report.Reporter;
import com.thoughtworks.selenium.Selenium;
import com.photon.Phresco.uiconstants.PhrescoUiConstants;

public class AWelcomePage extends TestCase {

 private SeleniumServer serv;
 protected Selenium selenium;
 private PhrescoUiConstants phrsc;
 private int SELENIUM_PORT;
 private String browserAppends;

 @Test
 public void testWel() throws InterruptedException, IOException, Exception
{
        try {
                phrsc = new PhrescoUiConstants();
                String serverURL = phrsc.PROTOCOL + "://"
                                + phrsc.HOST + ":"
                                + phrsc.PORT + "/";
                browserAppends = "*" + phrsc.BROWSER;
                assertNotNull("Browser name should not be
null",browserAppends);
```

```
            SELENIUM_PORT = Integer.parseInt(phrsc.SERVER_PORT);
            assertNotNull("selenium-port number should not be null",
                        SELENIUM_PORT);
            WelcomeScreen wel=new WelcomeScreen(phrsc.SERVER_HOST,
      SELENIUM_PORT,
                  browserAppends, serverURL, phrsc.SPEED,
                  phrsc.CONTEXT );
                  assertNotNull(wel);
                  MenuScreen menu = wel.menuScreen();
            assertNotNull(menu);

            } catch (Exception t) {
                  t.printStackTrace();
                  System.out.println("ScreenCaptured");
                  selenium.captureEntirePageScreenshot("\\WelPageFails.png",
                              "background=#CCFFDD");
            }
      }
      @Override
      public void setUp() throws Exception {

            serv = new SeleniumServer();
            try {
                  serv.start();
            } catch (Exception e) {
                  clean();
                  throw e;
            }
      }
      @Override
      public void tearDown() {
            clean();
      }
      private void clean() {
            if (serv != null) {
                  serv.stop();
            }
            if (selenium != null) {
                  selenium.stop();
            }
      }
}
```

8.10.2.2 To Add a New Test Suite in Alltest Class

You can add a new test suite to the AllTest class as follows.

Example

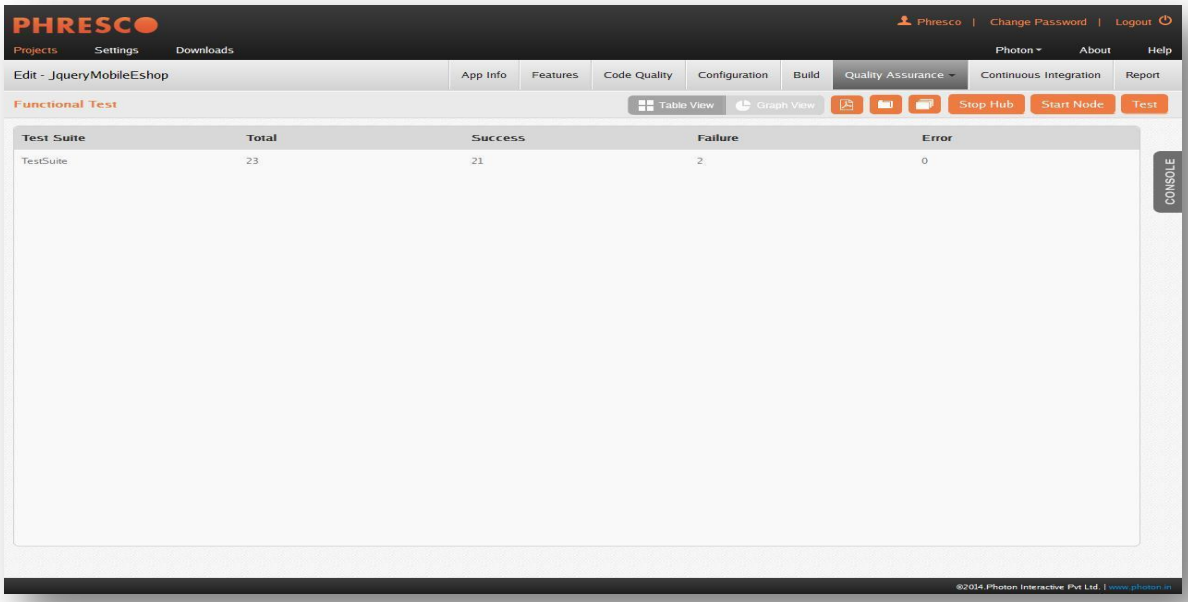
```
package com.photon.Phresco.testcases;

import org.junit.runner.RunWith;
import org.junit.runners.Suite;
import org.junit.runners.Suite.SuiteClasses;

@RunWith(Suite.class)
@SuiteClasses({Suite1.class,Suite2.class})
public class AllTest {
}
```

8.10.2.3 To Add New Test Case in Test Suite

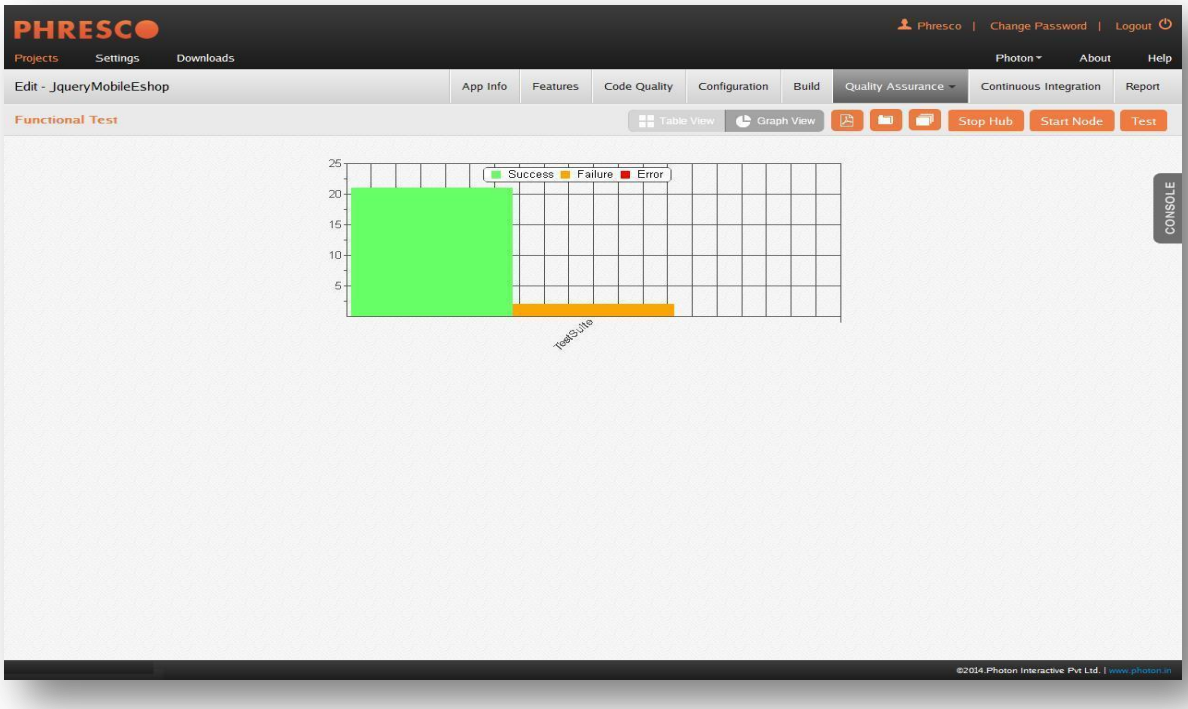
You can add a new test case to the Test suite using the following method. Here is an example for creating a new test case in the name “CamerasAddcart”

```
package com.photon.Phresco.testcases;

import org.junit.runner.RunWith;
import org.junit.runners.Suite;
import org.junit.runners.Suite.SuiteClasses;

@RunWith(Suite.class)
@SuiteClasses({
WelcomePage.class,TeleVisionAddcart.class,ComputersAddcart.class,
                    MobilePhonesAddcart.class,AudioDevicesAddcart.class,
                    CamerasAddcart.class
                })
public class Suite1 {

}
```

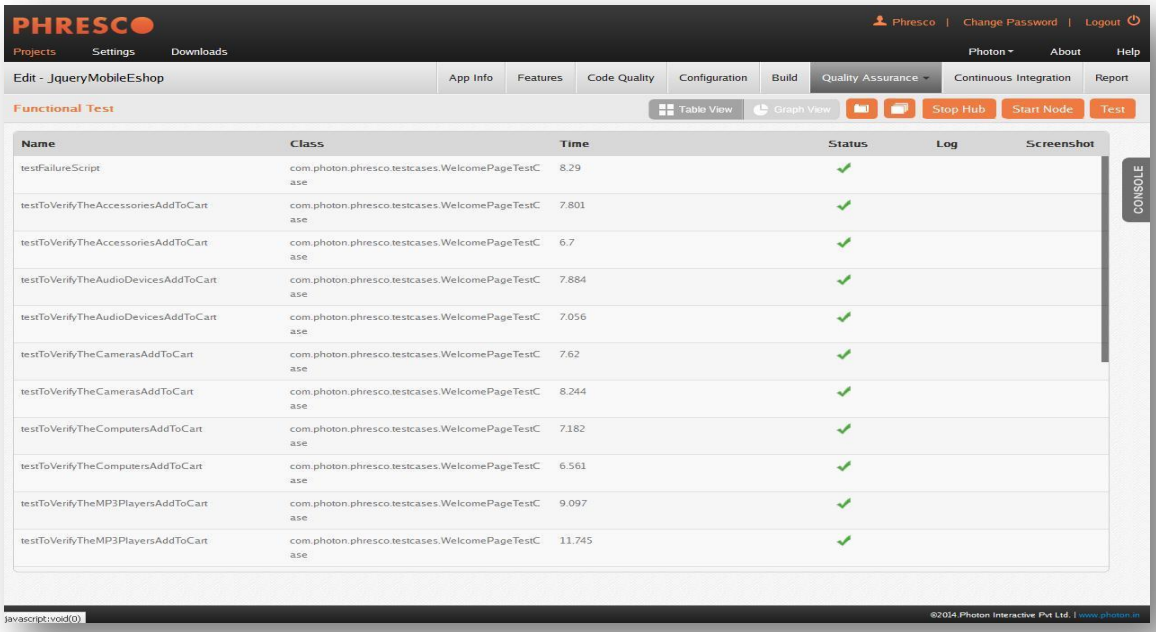
8.10.2.4 Report generated after execution



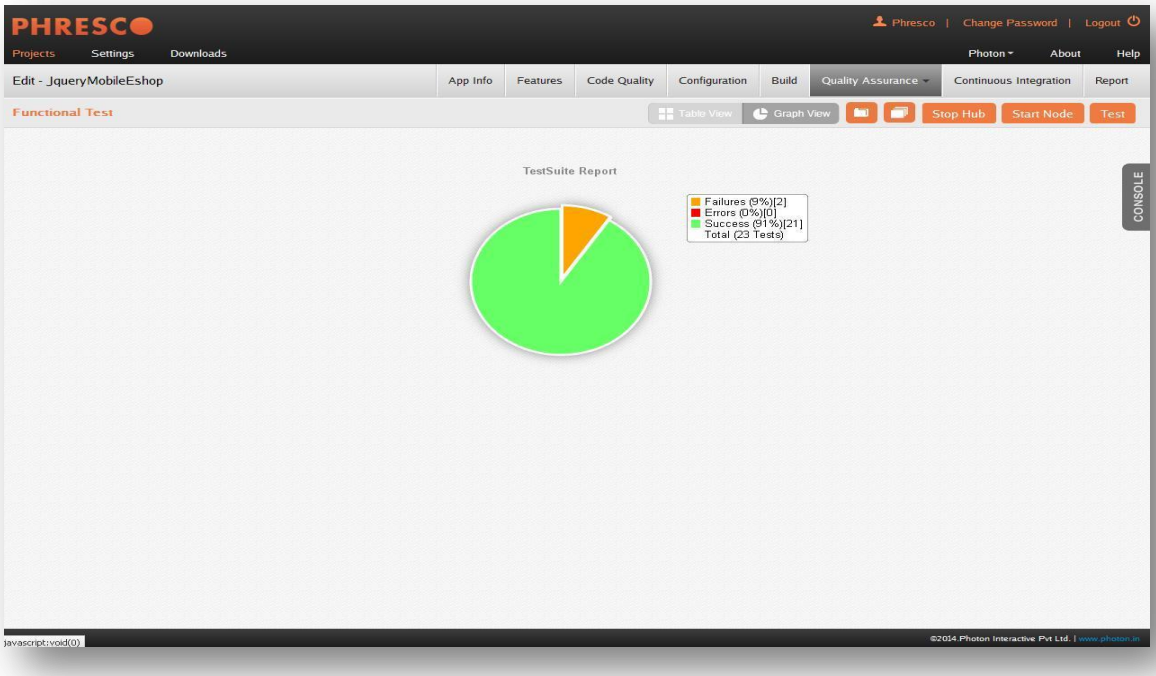
jQuery Functional test report for all test cases in tabular view



jQuery functional test report for all test cases in graphical view



jQuery functional test case report for single test case in tabular view



jQuery functional test case report for single test case in graphical view

8.11 Performance Testing

Phresco enables the users to test the performance of their project in an elementary way. It integrates JMeter as a tool and as a result generates a report that can be viewed by Phresco users. The Apache JMeter is a tool which is mainly used for testing both performance and load testing. It is fully comprised of java application and provides the result in tabular and graphical form. The inputs are entered in Phresco user interface which in turn is assigned as an input to the JMeter. The parameters for performance testing is calculated and given as a final report in Phresco framework.

Performance testing is testing the performance of a Server when certain number of users hits the URL at specific period of time. This helps in calculating the average response time, throughput, minimum responsive time and maximum responsive time.

Average response time:

Average response time is the Average time calculated when the server responds for any given input. This is calculated by using JMeter.

Throughput:

Throughput is the amount of capacity that a server can handle. In other words throughput is the amount of work that a server does in a specific time.

Minimum and Maximum Response time:

Minimum Response time is the minimum time calculated when the server responds for any given input.

Maximum Response time is the maximum time calculated when the server responds for any given input.

Performance testing can be done against server, web service and database.

Performance test against server by using Phresco Framework:

To run a performance test against a server, the server has to be selected along with the environment and the Test Result Name should be filled. To test the performance of any server, access to the server should be available. Add header tab is used to enter the header parameter which authenticates the server for testing. Few mandatory fields in Context URLs like Name, context, Type, Encoding and fields

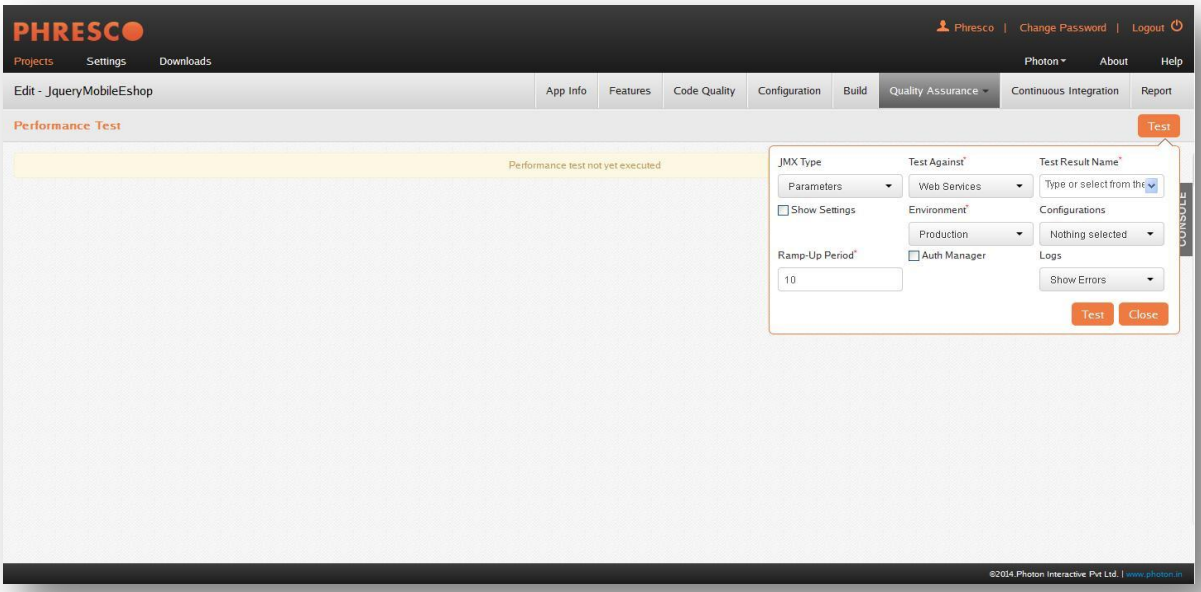
like No. of Users, Ramp-Up Period, and Loop count in Thread Group should be filled before Performance testing is done. GET or POST type can be selected in the type field. GET is the method used when user needs to get the content from the server. POST is the method used when input is fetched. One or more number of servers can be tested by clicking the add button while the minus button is used to deselect the URLs.

Performance Test against Web Service using Phresco Framework:

To run a performance test against a Web service, the Web services has to be selected along with the environment and the Test Result Name should be filled. To test the performance of any WebService, access to the WebService should be available. Add header tab is used to enter the header parameter which authenticates the WebService for testing. Few mandatory fields in Context URLs like Name, context, Type, Encoding and fields like No. of Users, Ramp-Up Period, and Loop count in Thread Group should be filled before Performance testing is done. GET or POST type can be selected in the type field. GET is the method used when user needs to get the content from the server. POST is the method used when input is fetched. One or more number of web services/servers can be tested by clicking the add button while the minus button is used to deselect the URLs.

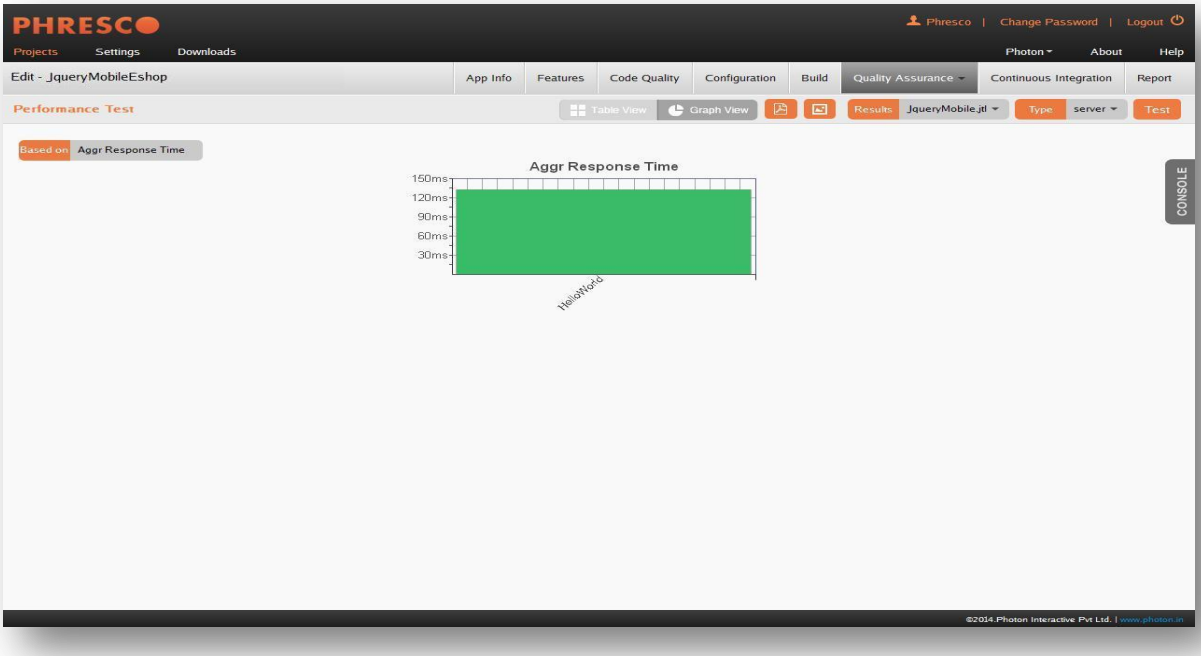
Performance Test against Database using Phresco Framework:

To run a performance test against a database, the database has to be selected along with the environment and the Test Result Name should be filled. To test the performance of any database, access to the database should be available. Add header tab is used to enter the header parameter which authenticates the database for testing. Few mandatory fields in Database Query like Name, Query Type, Query and fields like No. of Users, Ramp-Up Period, and Loop count in Thread Group should be filled before Performance testing is done. One or more number of database can be tested by clicking the add button while the minus button is used to deselect the database.

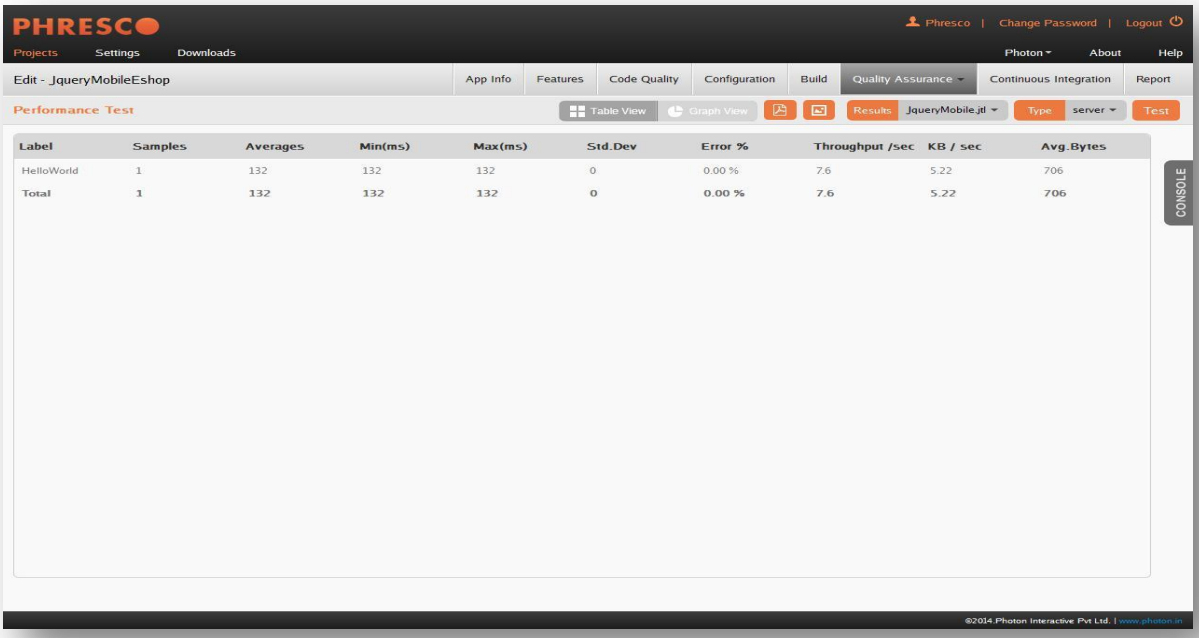


Performance test Pop up

Report generated after performance testing



Performance test report graphical view



Performance test report tabular view

8.12 Load test

Load testing generally refers to the practice of modeling the expected usage of a server by simulating multiple users to access the same project concurrently. Project should be designed in such a way that when a maximum load is reached, a project should not crash and instead it should show a message saying the load has exceeded. Load and performance testing is usually conducted in a test environment identical to the production environment before a project is permitted for real time usage.

Phresco uses JMeter for Load testing. The result is given through static analysis and test cases. The test cases will point out the error and this will be very useful for the testing team.

Elapsed Time

The amount of time that has passed since a particular process started especially compared with the amount of time that was calculated for it in a plan.

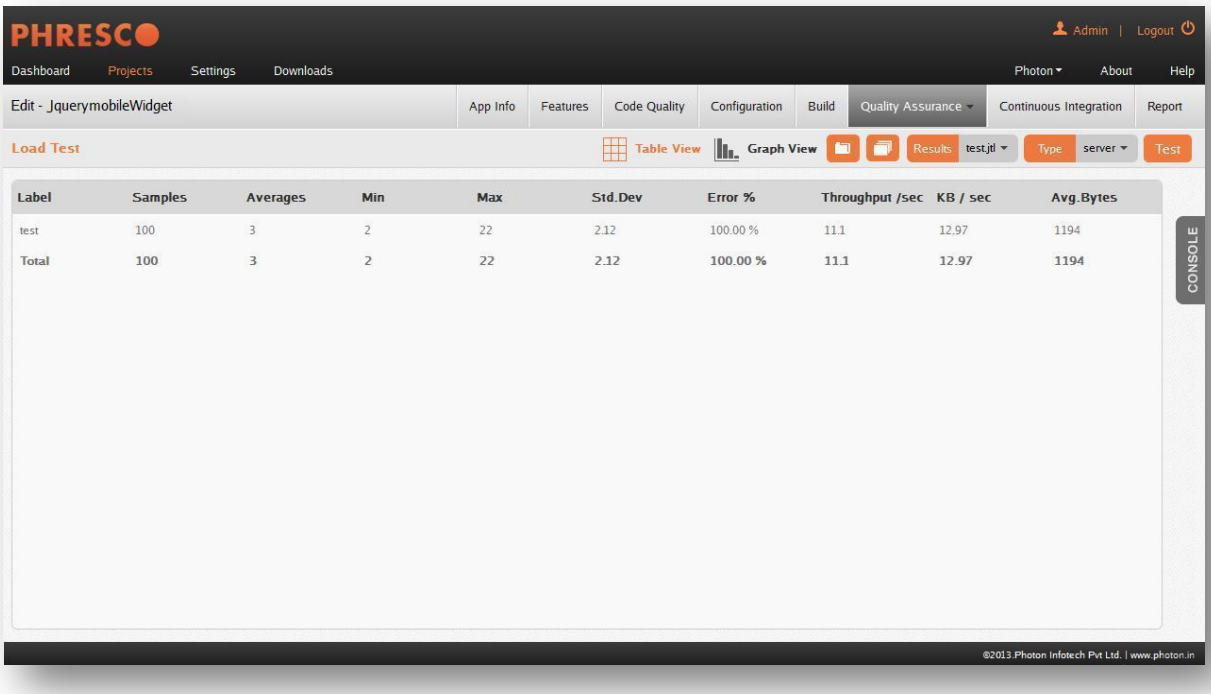
Load test against server using Phresco framework

To run a load test against a server, the server has to be selected along with the environment and the Test Result Name should be filled. Few mandatory like No. of Users, Ramp-Up Period, and Loop count in Thread Group should be filled before load testing is done. By clicking the test button, JMeter carries the inputs and provides the end report in both tabular and graphical form. The elapsed time and the status can be viewed from Phresco user interface.

Load test against Web service using Phresco framework

To run a load test against a Web service, the Web service has to be selected along with the environment and the Test Result Name should be filled. Few mandatory like No. of Users, Ramp-Up Period, and Loop count in Thread Group should be filled before load testing is done. By clicking the test button, JMeter carries the inputs and provides the end report in both tabular and graphical form. The elapsed time and the status can be viewed from Phresco user interface.

8.12.1 Report Generated After Load Testing



Load test report

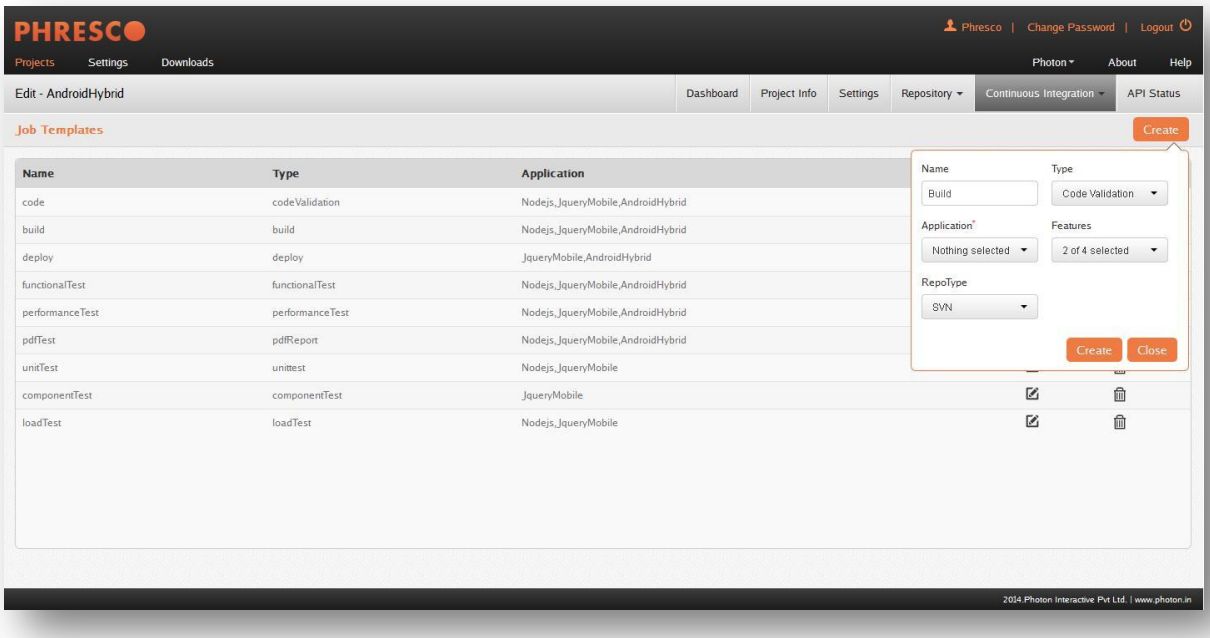
9 Continuous Integration

Phresco offers Continuous Integration support to generate builds automatically and deploy them by scheduling it to a particular time. Testing processes can also be automated. This process reduces the integration problems and help produce a full quality project. It deducts errors that may occur during build, deployment and testing. Detailed reports are automatically generated and are mailed to those in the mailing list specified during the CI configuration process.

Features

Job Templates

Phresco allows the developer to create and configure the jobs in Continuous Integration. Called Job Templates, these jobs can be assigned to multiple applications within a project. To create a job template, go to **Edit Projects -> Continuous Integration -> Job Templates -> Create a Job Template**.



Creating a Job Template

Name

Name of the job template created

Job Type

Select the type of job being created

Application

Select the applications to which the job is to be assigned

Repo

Select the Repo from which the project can be retrieved for the CI process

Scheduler

Use this option to schedule the Continuous Integration process. Scheduler configuration will be a part of the Job settings for which the Scheduler is selected

E-Mail Settings

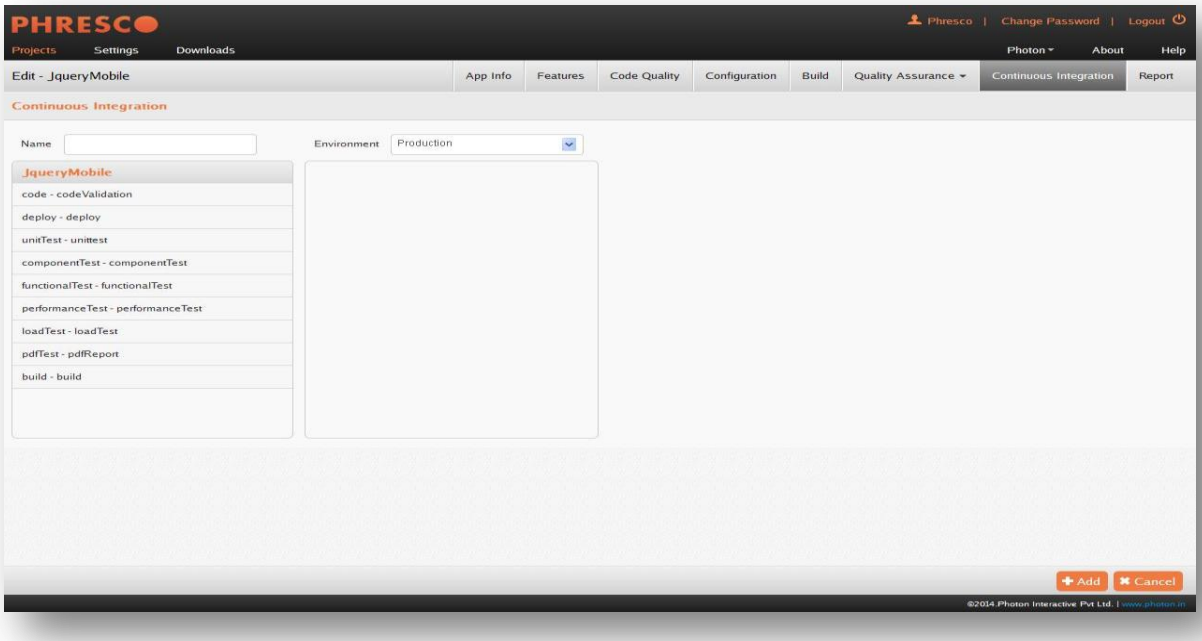
Use this option to email the results of Continuous Integration to stakeholders.
E-Mail configuration will be a part of the Job settings for which the Email is selected

Upload Settings

Select the upload option to which the successfully built project should be uploaded after the CI process

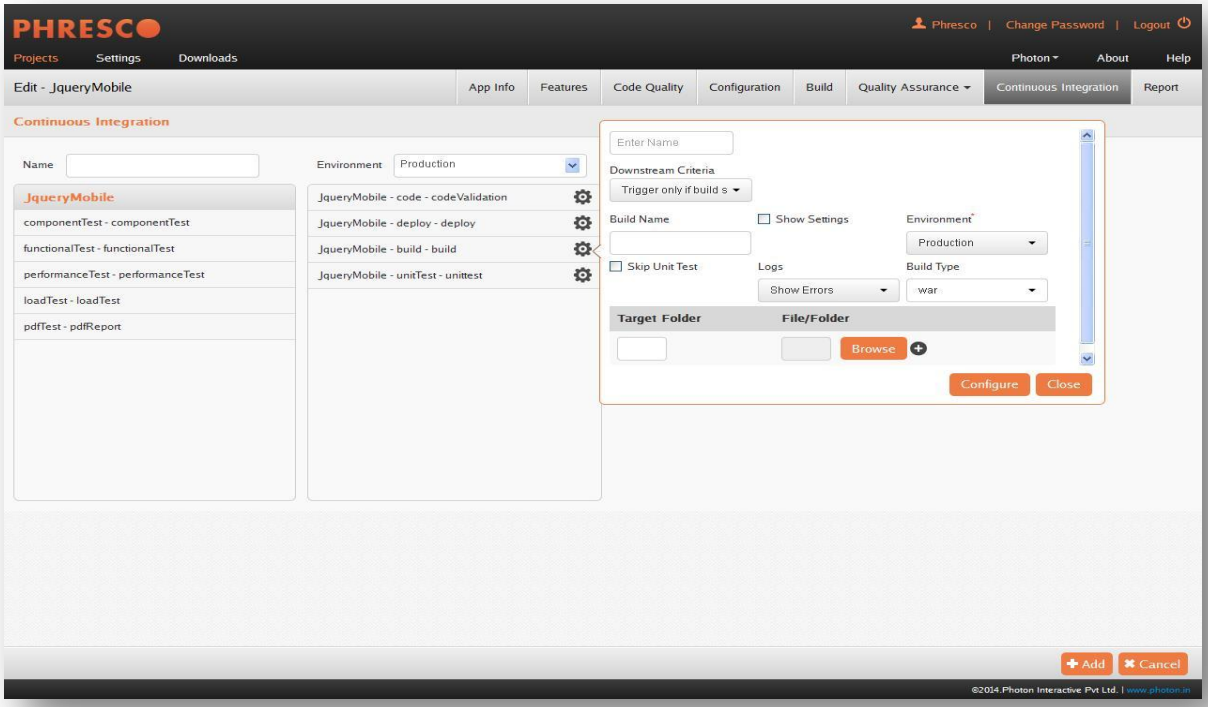
Continuous Integration

Once the job templates have been created, go to **Continuous Integration -> Create** to configure and start the CI process.



Configuring the CI Process

The jobs are listed application wise. They can be drag & dropped in any desired order. Phresco offers multi module support and the Continuous Integration process will be performed in the order specified.

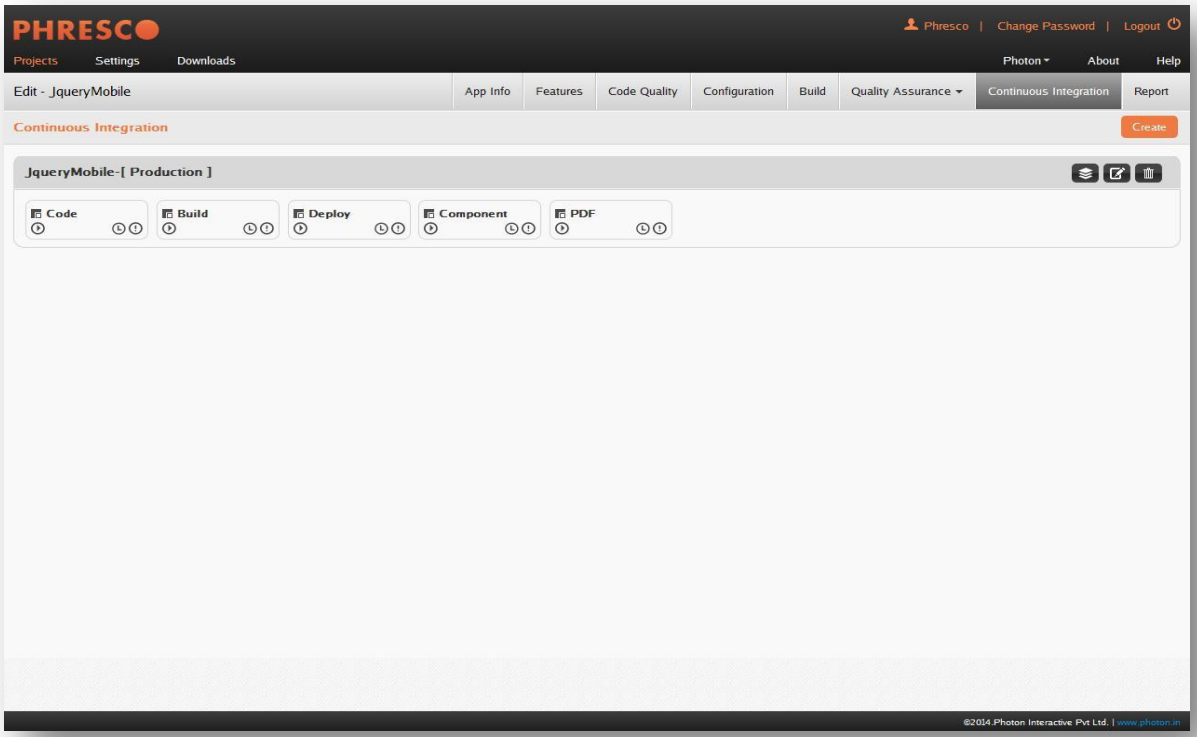


Configuring the CI Process

Configure the individual job using the settings icon that appears once the job is drag & dropped. The selected jobs should be configured before clicking Add to save the CI arrangement made.

Note:

Continuous Integration tab under each application lists the application specific jobs. Only Edit action can be performed here.



CI Job Pipeline

Once configured, the developer can view the pipeline and the individual job status.

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