

Multi-stage Deep Convolutional Neural Network For Generic Object Detection

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RCNN [1]: Refined Proposed Detection bounding boxes bounding boxes results Our approach[3]:

Contribution:

Diagram for generic object recognition with deep learning

Bounding box

regression

- Bounding box rejection (1%)
- DeepID-Net
 - Strategies of pre-training features with classification data (4%)
 - Def-pooling Layer (1.5%)
 - Sub-box detector (0.5%)
 - Hinge-loss
- Context Modeling (0.8%~1%)
- Model Averaging (5%)

Bounding Box Rejection:

Motivation:

- Speed up feature extraction by ~10 times
- Improve mean AP by 1%

RCNN:

- Selective search: 2400 bounding boxes per image
- 38 hours for extracting features from 10,000 images
- ILSVRC13 val: ~20,000 images, ~ 2.4 days
- ILSVRC 13 test: ~ 40,000 images, ~4.7 days

Reject bounding boxes from RCNN:

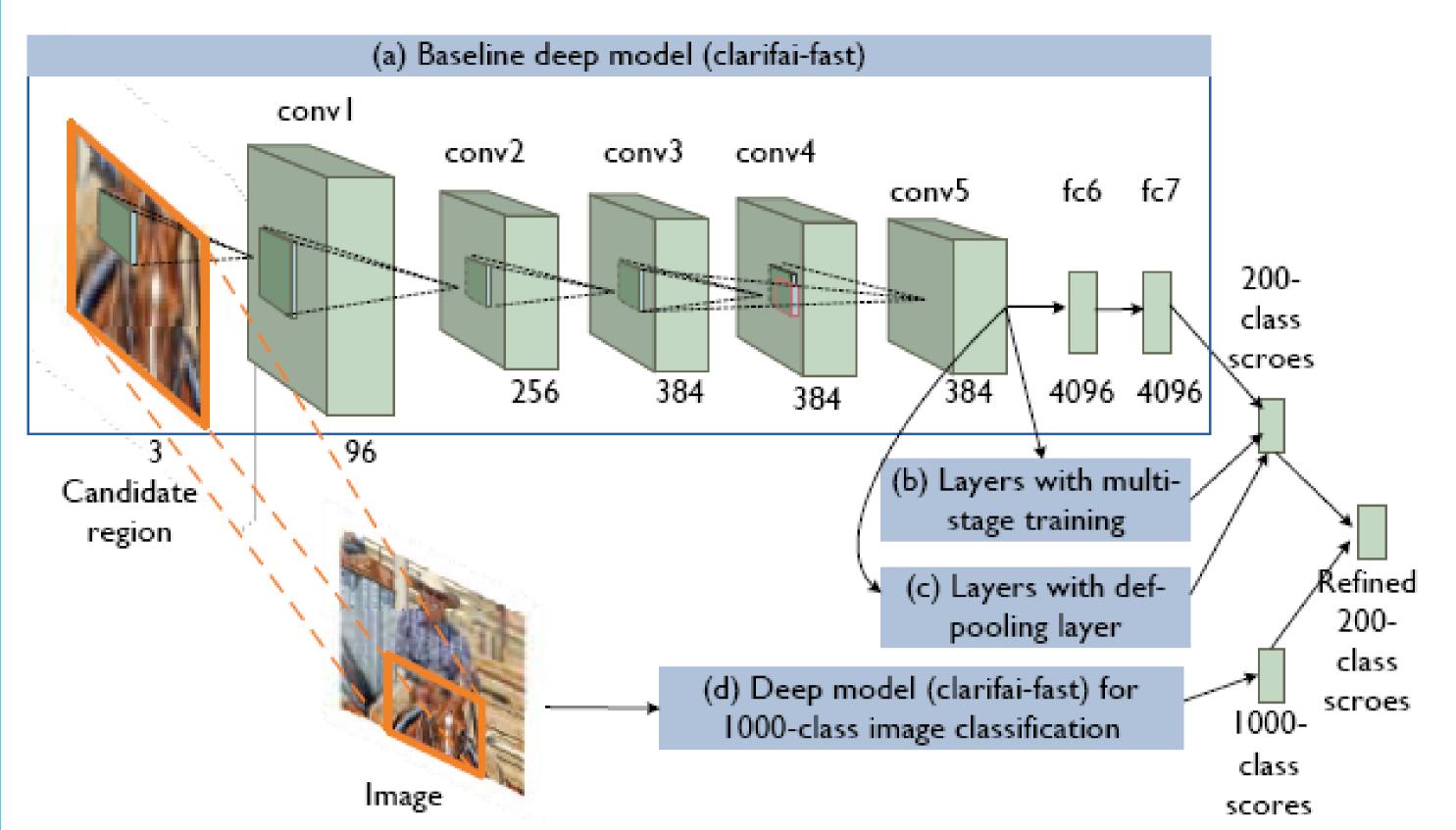
- For each bounding box, RCNN provides 200 scores for 200 classes
- If $max(S_{1...200}) < -1.1$, 6% bounding boxes remains.

100%	20%	6%
92.2%	89.0%	84.4%
10.24	2.88	1.18
0.299	_	0.309
1	10.24	10.24 2.88

I, Girshick, Ross. et al, Rich feature hierarchies for accurate object detection and semantic segmentation, CVPR 2014 2, Xingyu ZENG et al, Multi-stage contextual deep learning for pedestrian detection, ICCV 2013

3. Wanli ouyang, etal, DeepID-Net: multi-stage and deformable deep convolutional neural network for generic object detection, arXiv

◆DeepID-Net2:



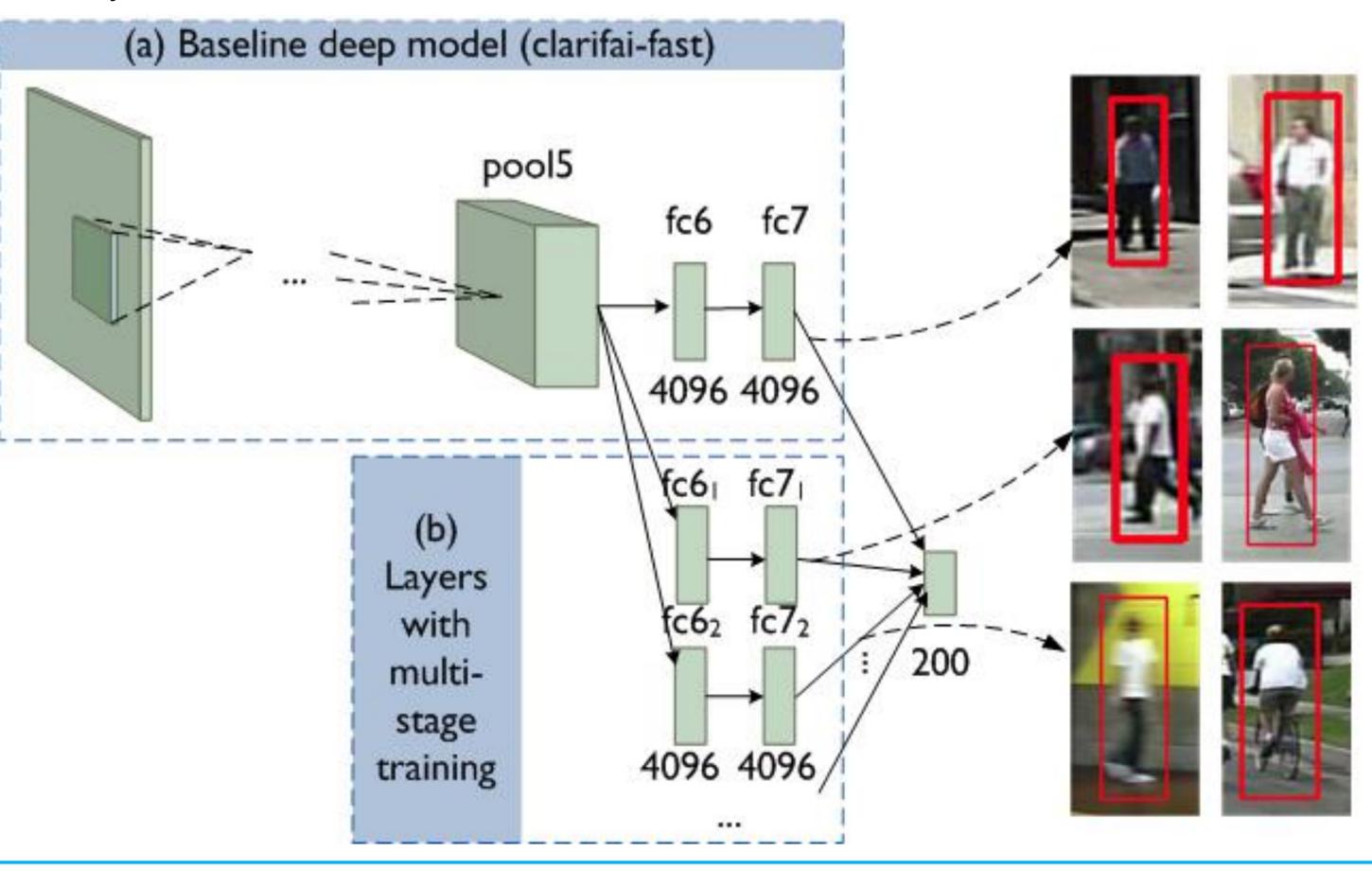
- >Strategies for Pre-training features with classification data:
- Classification vs detection (image vs tight bounding box)
- AlexNet, Clarifai or other choices
- Complementarity
- •1000 classes vs 200 classes

Training Scheme	Cls+Det	Cls+Det	Cls+Loc+Det	Loc+Det
Net Structure	AlexNet	Clarifai	Clarifai	Clarifai
Mean AP(val2)	0.309	0.318	0.334	0.360

Cls (Loc) means pre-training with images (localized objects) from classification dataset

Det means fine tuning with the detection dataset

- ➤ Multi-Stage fully connected layers training [2]
- Multi-classifiers trained jointly and sequentially
- •Each fully connected layers can be regarded as one classifier
- •Each fully connected layers branch handles different samples in different difficulty levels.



➤ Multi-Stage fully connected layers training (continue ...)

Algorithm 1: Stage-by-Stage Training

Input: Training set: $\Psi = \{ \mathbf{s}_0, \mathbf{f} \}$

Parameters Θ for the baseline deep model obtained by pretraining.

Output: Parameters Θ for the baseline deep model, Parameters $\mathbf{W}_{l,t}$, $l=6,7,8t=1,\cdots,T$ for the extra layers.

- Set elements in $\mathbf{W}_{l,t}$ to be 0;
- 2 BP to fine-tune Θ , while keeping $\mathbf{W}_{l,t}$ as 0;
- 3 for t=1 to T do
- Use BP to update parameters $\mathbf{W}_{l,t}$, l = 6, 7, 8while fixing Θ and $\mathbf{W}_{l,1}, \cdots, \mathbf{W}_{l,t-1}$;
- Use BP to update parameters Θ and $\mathbf{W}_{l,1}, \cdots, \mathbf{W}_{l,t}, l = 6, 7, 8;$
- 6 end
- Output Θ and $\mathbf{W}_{l,t}$, $l = 6, 7, 8, t = 1, \dots, T$.

Training scheme	Loc+Det	Loc+Det	Loc+Det
Net structure	Clarifai	Clarifai+1 multi-layers	Clarifai+2 multi-layers
Mean AP on val2	0.360	0.370	0.375

Each round of training will focus on misclassified training samples. Zero initialization makes correctly-classified samples little influence.

Model Averaging

- ➤ Net Structure: Alex (A), Clarifai (C), Deep-ID Net (D), Deep-ID Net2(D2)
- ➤ Pretrain Scheme: Classification (C), Localization (L)
- > Bounding box rejection or not
- ➤ Loss of net, softmax-loss (S), Hinge-loss (H)

Model	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Net structure	Α	Α	С	С	D	D	D2	D	D	D
Pretrain	C	C+L	С	C+L	C+L	C+L	L	L	L	L
Bbox rejection	Υ	N	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ
Loss of net	S	S	S	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н
Mean AP	0.31	0.312	0.321	0.336	0.353	0.36	0.37	0.37	0.371	0.374

					Multi-			
		Bbox			stage			Model
Pipeline	RCNN	rejection	Clarifai	Loc+Det	layer	context	regression	avg.
Mean AP								
(val2)	0.299	0.309	0.318	0.36	0.375	0.383	0.393	0.45