## **ADVERBS OF INTENSITY**

They are adverbs that modify adjectives or other adverbs. They normally go before the adjective or adverb which they modify.

STRONG	MEDIUM	WEAK
extremely	rather	slightly
completely	pretty	a bit
totally	quite	not at all
absolutely	fairly	
really	-	
very		

In general: *quite* is a little stronger than *fairly*; *rather* is stronger than *quite*; *pretty* is similar to *rather*, but more informal.

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Fairly	auite	rather/pretty	very
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We use *quite* before *a/an*, but *fairly* and *pretty* after *a*.

Ex: It was **quite an** interesting film/ It was **a pretty** interesting film We can use *rather* **before or after** *a/an*.

Ex: It was rather an interesting film/ It was a rather interesting film.

*Quite* and *rather* can also modify verbs. They go before a full verb, but after an auxiliary verb.

Ex: She **quite enjoyed** the film. I **rather like** driving at night. He's **quite** enjoying himself.

Only *rather* can be used before comparatives.

Ex: rather colder rather more expensive