



USING MACHINE LEARNING TO DIAGNOSE CHEST X-RAYS AND INTERPRET PATIENT SYMPTOMS AND MEDICAL HISTORY

JONGHEON BAEK

ROHAN BHANSALI

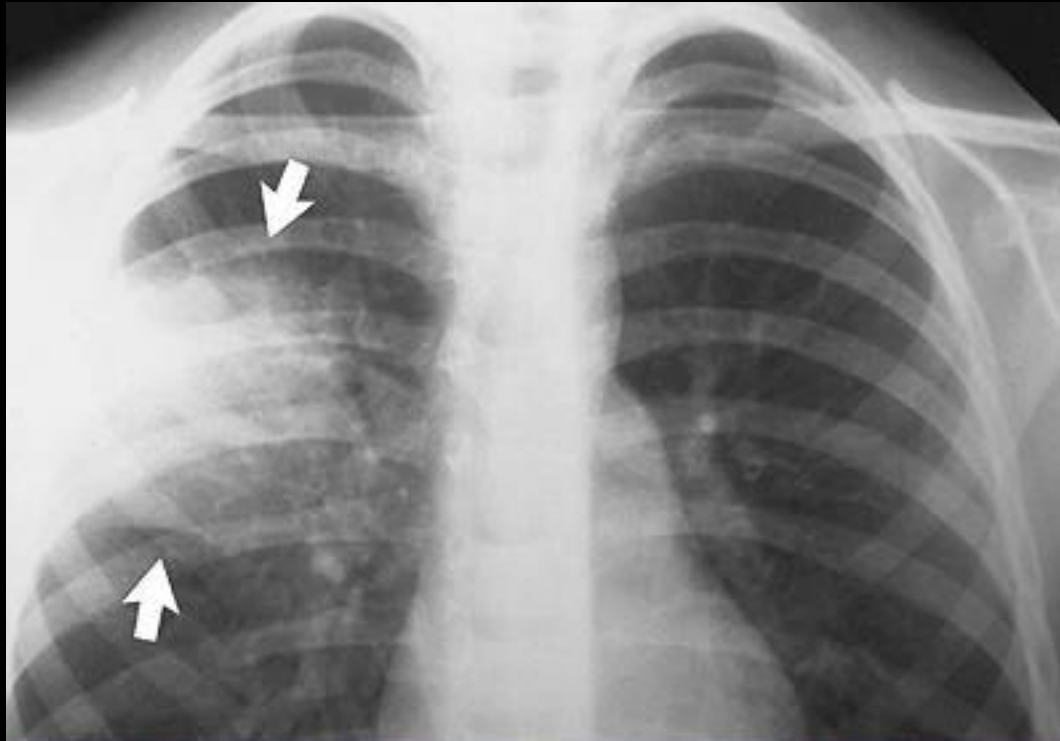
AVINASH KOMARLINGAM

YUSON WON

CLASSIFYING IMAGES



CLASSIFYING X-RAYS



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WHY USE MACHINES?

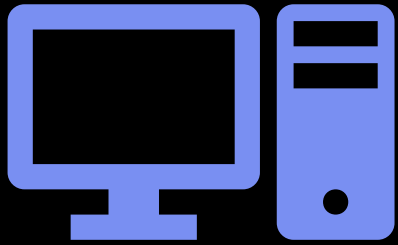


Machines will be able to make these predictions in place of radiologists



Allow for quick and accurate diagnosis

ALGORITHMS HELP MACHINES LEARN



Computers learn from experience



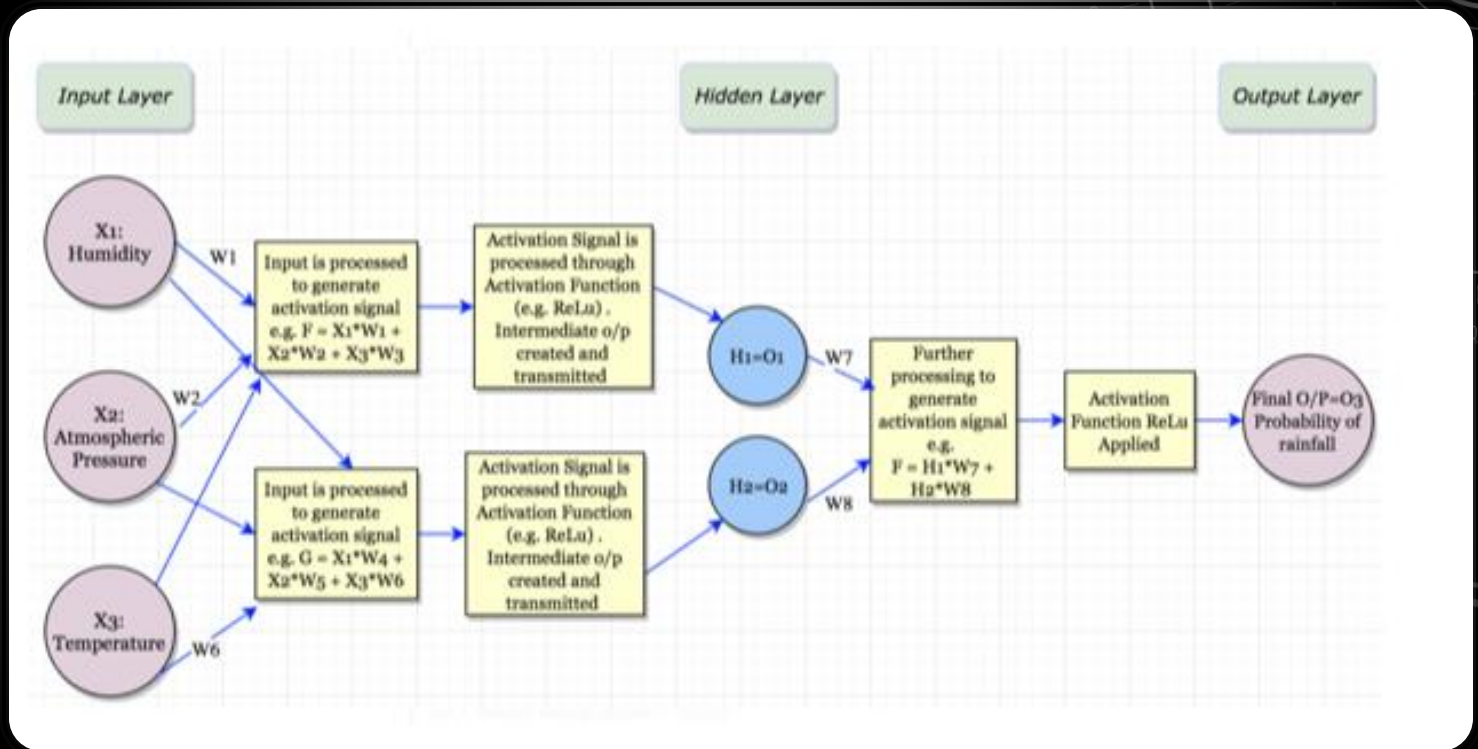
They determine significant features

NEURAL NETWORKS: CONVOLUTIONAL

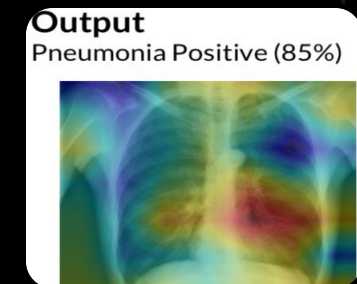
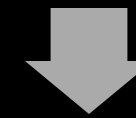
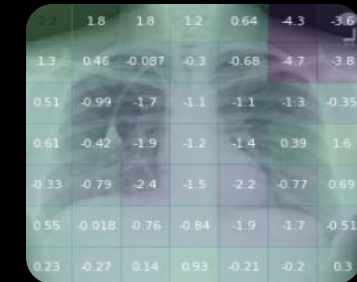
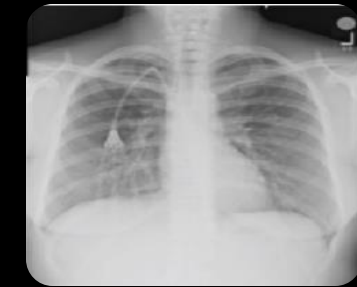
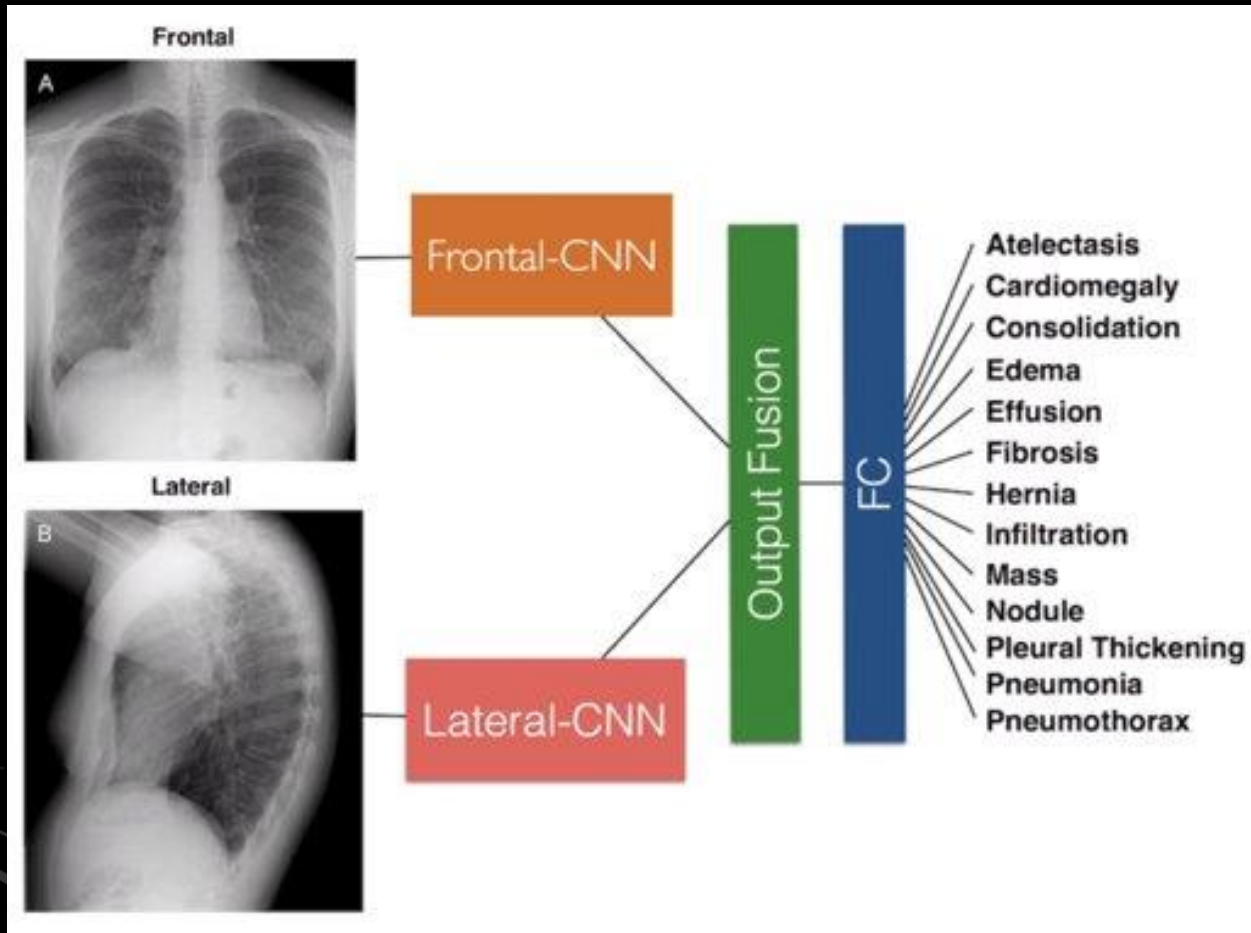
Used for image recognition

Reduces parameters inputted into the network

Most efficient NN for image recognition

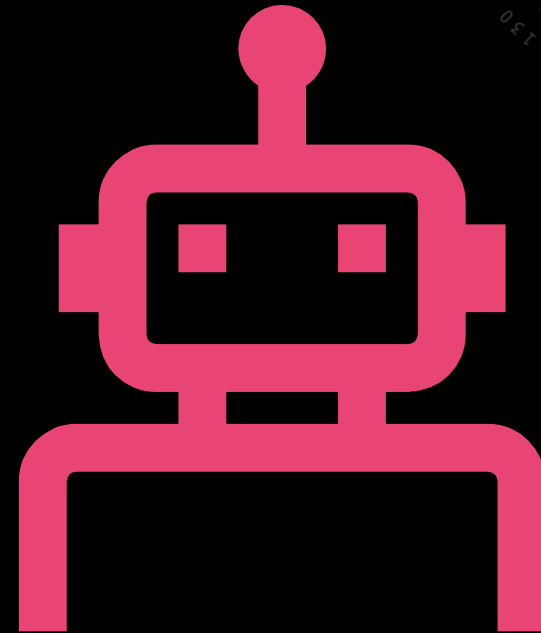


DUALNET: COMBINING TWO NETWORKS



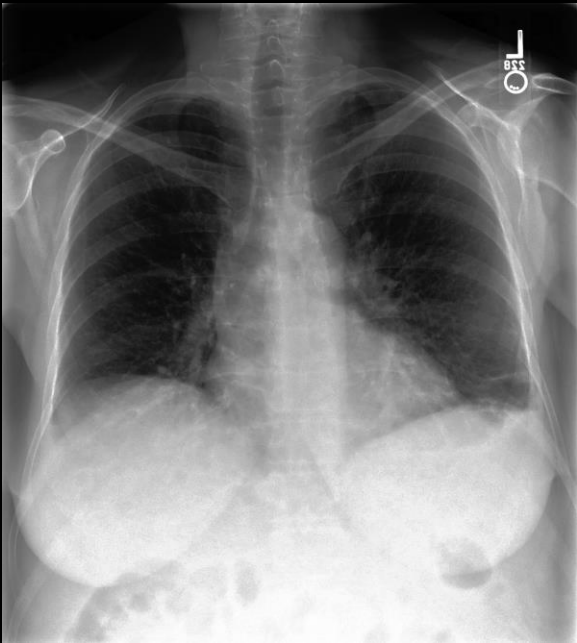
ENHANCING THE MODEL

CLINICAL CORRELATION: PATIENT SYMPTOMS
& MEDICAL HISTORY



DATA: MIMIC-CXR

path	view	Consolidation	Pneumonia	Atelectasis	Pneumothorax
valid/p10382575/s07/view1_frontal.jpg	frontal		1	-1	0
valid/p10382575/s07/view2_lateral.jpg	lateral		1	-1	0



DATA: INDIANA UNIVERSITY



TESTING THE MODEL

F1 score of Model vs. Radiologists

	F1 Score (95% CI)
Radiologist 1	0.383 (0.309, 0.453)
Radiologist 2	0.356 (0.282, 0.428)
Radiologist 3	0.365 (0.291, 0.435)
Radiologist 4	0.442 (0.390, 0.492)
Radiologist Avg.	0.387 (0.330, 0.442)
CheXNet	0.435 (0.387, 0.481)

COLLABORATION

Academies of Loudoun

Replicate DualNet using Mimic-CXR dataset

Use natural language processing to interpret radiology reports in the Indiana Dataset



Daegu Science High School

Replicate DualNet using Mimic-CXR dataset

Use Recurrent Neural Network after processing image by Convolutional NN.



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