

PHP - APPLICATION ARCHITECTURE

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PHP Manual > Language Reference > Classes and Objects

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The Basics

class

Basic class definitions begin with the keyword `class`, followed by a class name, followed by a pair of curly braces which enclose the definitions of the properties and methods belonging to the class.

The class name can be any valid label, provided it is not a PHP [reserved word](#). A valid class name starts with a letter or underscore, followed by any number of letters, numbers, or underscores. As a regular expression, it would be expressed thus: `^[a-zA-Z_\x7f-\xff][a-zA-Z0-9_\x7f-\xff]*$`.

A class may contain its own [constants](#), [variables](#) (called "properties"), and functions (called "methods").

Example #1 Simple Class definition

```
<?php
class SimpleClass
{
    // property declaration
    public $var = 'a default value';


    // method declaration
    public function displayVar() {
        echo $this->var;
    }
}
```

Classes and Objects


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CLASSES AND OBJECTS

Wrapping concepts in PHP

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PSR-4: Autoloader



The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in [RFC 2119](#).

1. Overview

This PSR describes a specification for **autoloading** classes from file paths. It is fully interoperable, and can be used in addition to any other autoloading specification, including [PSR-0](#). This PSR also describes where to place files that will be autoloaded according to the specification.

2. Specification

1. The term "class" refers to classes, interfaces, traits, and other similar structures.

Additional Info:

- [PSR-4: Autoloader](#)
- [PSR-4 Meta Document](#)
- [Example Implementations of PSR-4](#)

Available translations:

- [English \(official\)](#)

PSR-4: AUTOLOADER

Standardized and efficient autoloading



Dependency Manager for PHP

[Getting Started](#)[Download](#)[Documentation](#)[Browse Packages](#)[Issues](#)[GitHub](#)

Authors: [Nils Adermann](#), [Jordi Boggiano](#) and many [community contributions](#)

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Composer and all content on this site are released under the [MIT license](#).

Packagist The PHP Package Repository

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Packagist is the main Composer repository. It aggregates public PHP packages installable with Composer.

Getting Started

Define Your Dependencies

Put a file named `composer.json` at the root of your project, containing your project dependencies:

```
{
  "require": {
    "vendor/package1": "1.3.2",
    "vendor/package2": "1.*",
    "vendor/package3": "2.0.1"
  }
}
```

For more information about packages versions usage, see the [composer documentation](#).

Install Composer in Your Project

Run this in your command line:

```
curl -sS https://getcomposer.org/installer | php
```

Or [download composer.phar](#) into your project root.

See the Composer documentation for complete [installation instructions](#) on various platforms.

Install Dependencies

Execute this in your project root.

```
php composer.phar install
```

Autoload Dependencies

Publishing Packages

Define Your Package

Put a file named `composer.json` at the root of your package, containing this information:

```
{
  "name": "your-vendor-name/package-name",
  "description": "A short description of what your package does",
  "require": {
    "php": "5.3.3 || 7.0"
  },
  "require-dev": {
    "another-vendor/package": "1.*"
  }
}
```

This is the strictly minimal information you have to give.

For more details about package naming and the fields you can use to document your package better, see the [about](#) page.

Commit The File

You surely don't need help with that.

Publish It

[Login](#) or [register](#) on this site, then hit the [submit](#) button in the menu.

Once you entered your public repository URL in there, your package will be automatically crawled periodically. You just have to make sure you keep the `composer.json` file up to date.

Packagist The PHP Package Repository

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⚠ Abandoned! See [michelf/php-markdown](#)

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PHP ↓ 48 938

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Written: Fri, 20 May 2016 11:12:14

Third post now

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Second-blog-post.md

Written: Fri, 20 May 2016 11:12:00

My second post is here

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HOW SIMPLE PHP IS

2h to MySQL, files operations and markdown parsing

THANK YOU!

<http://github.com/clorichel>