

Anacos e ângulos na circunferência

1)

$$180^\circ - 2(23^\circ 45')$$

$$180^\circ - 47^\circ 30' = 132^\circ 30'$$

$$x = \frac{132^\circ 30'}{2} \quad 66^\circ 15'$$

(E)

2)

$$\theta = \frac{\alpha + \beta}{2}$$

$$20^\circ = \frac{x - 40^\circ}{2}$$

$$40^\circ = x - 40^\circ$$
$$x = 80^\circ$$

(E)

3) $50 + 35 + \alpha = 180$

$$\alpha = 180 - 85$$

$$\alpha = 95^\circ$$

(A)

4) Circunferência $\Rightarrow 2\pi \text{ rad}$

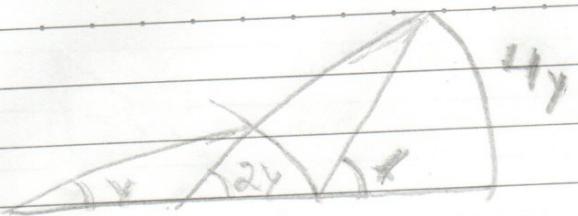
$$(2\alpha) + (2\beta) = 2\pi$$

$$2(\alpha + \beta) = 2\pi$$

$$\alpha + \beta = \pi$$

(C)

5)



$$x = 4y$$

$$y = x/4$$

6) $\hat{AEC} = 75^\circ$
 $x = 75$

$$x + y = 180$$

$$75 + y = 180$$

$$y = 105^\circ$$