Autotuning: D-Optimal Designs

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1	Autotuning with D-Optimal Designs and Analysis of Varance	i-							
	1. Use optFederov to find 24 experiments for the full model:								
	$Y = y_component_number + 1/y_component_number + \\ vector_length + lws_y + 1/lws_y + \\ load_overlap + temporary_size + \\ elements_number + 1/elements_number + \\ threads_number + 1/threads_number$								
	2. Use aov to fit the full model, spending the 24 evaluations:								

```
time\_per\_pixel = y\_component\_number + 1/y\_component\_number + \\ vector\_length + lws\_y + 1/lws\_y + \\ load\_overlap + temporary\_size + \\ elements\_number + 1/elements\_number + \\ threads\_number + 1/threads\_number
```

- 3. Identify the most significant factors from the ANOVA summary. In this case, they are $vector_length$ and lws_y .
- 4. Use the fitted model to predict the best time_per_pixel value in the entire dataset
- 5. Prune the dataset using the predicted best values for vector_length and lws_y
- 6. Use optFederov to find 24 experiments for the pruned model. If there are less than or exactly 24 candidates, use the full candidate set.

```
Y = y\_component\_number + 1/y\_component\_number + \\ load\_overlap + temporary\_size + \\ elements\_number + 1/elements\_number + \\ threads\_number + 1/threads\_number
```

7. Use **aov** to fit the pruned model, spending the 24 evaluations:

```
time\_per\_pixel = y\_component\_number + 1/y\_component\_number + \\ load\_overlap + temporary\_size + \\ elements\_number + 1/elements\_number + \\ threads\_number + 1/threads\_number
```

- 8. Identify the most significant factors from the ANOVA summary. In this case, they are <u>y_component_number</u> and <u>threads_number</u>.
- 9. Use the fitted model to predict the best time_per_pixel value in the entire dataset
- 10. Prune the dataset using the predicted best values for $y_component_number$ and $threads_number$
- 11. Use optFederov to find 24 experiments for the pruned model. If there are less than or exactly 24 candidates, use the full candidate set.

$$Y = load_overlap + temporary_size + \\ elements_number + 1/elements_number$$

12. Use **aov** to fit the pruned model, spending the 24 evaluations:

$$time_per_pixel = load_overlap + temporary_size + \\ elements_number + 1/elements_number$$

- 13. Identify the most significant factors from the ANOVA summary. In this case, it is elements_number
- 14. Use the fitted model to predict the best time_per_pixel value in the entire dataset
- 15. Prune the dataset using the predicted best values for *elements_number*
- 16. Use optFederov to find 24 experiments for the pruned model. If there are less than or exactly 24 candidates, use the full candidate set.

$$Y = load_overlap + temporary_size$$

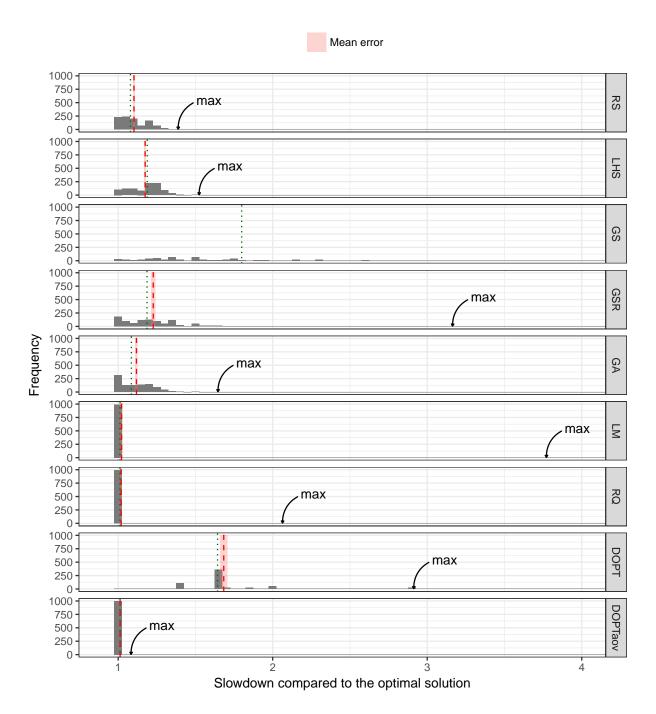
17. Use **aov** to fit the pruned model, spending the 24 evaluations:

$$time\ per\ pixel = load\ overlap + temporary\ size$$

- 18. Use the fitted model to predict the best time_per_pixel value in the entire dataset
- 19. Compare the predicted time per pixel with the global optimum

2 Results

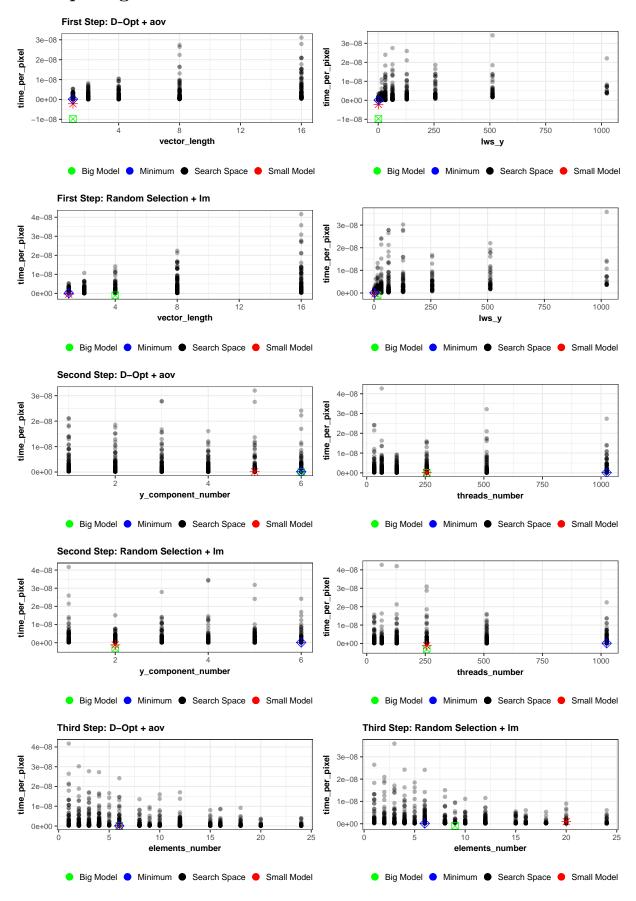
2.1 Comparing Strategies



	DC	LHS	CC	CCD	C A	LM	DO	DODT	DOPTaov
	RS	гиз	GS	GSR	GA	LIVI	RQ	DOPT	DOPTAOV
Min.	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.01	1.01	1.38	1.01
1st Qu.	1.03	1.09	1.35	1.07	1.02	1.01	1.01	1.64	1.01
Median	1.08	1.19	1.80	1.19	1.09	1.01	1.01	1.64	1.01
Mean	1.10	1.17	6.46	1.23	1.12	1.02	1.02	1.68	1.01
3rd Qu.	1.18	1.24	6.31	1.33	1.19	1.01	1.01	1.64	1.01
Max.	1.39	1.52	124.76	3.16	1.65	3.77	2.06	2.91	1.08
Mean Pt.	120.00	98.92	22.17	120.00	120.00	119.00	119.00	120.00	54.85
Max Pt.	125.00	125.00	106.00	120.00	120.00	119.00	119.00	120.00	56.00

Table 1: Summary statistics

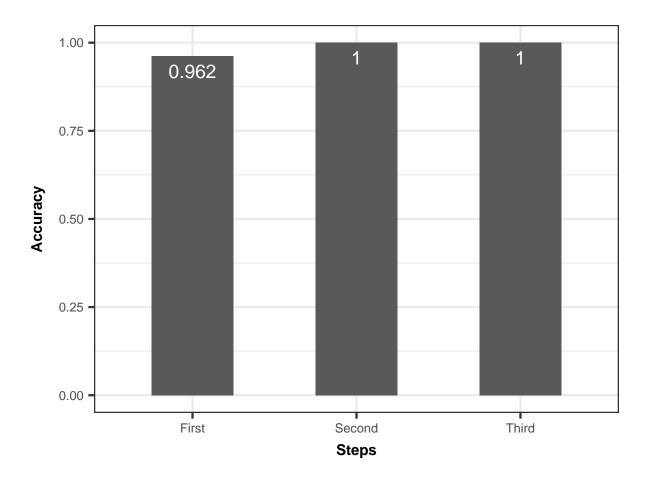
2.2 Comparing Models



2.3 Checking Accuracy

To verify the "accuracy" of the selected metrics, I adapted the experiment scripts to check for each removed model variable in the actual aov summary. Those initial choices seem to match in most

cases with the variables identified as most relevant by the aov summary, as shown below.



As described previously, at each step a group of variables is removed from the model based on their "score", that is, the "Pr(>F)" value in the aov summary. I selected at most two variables at each of the three steps, based on preliminary visual analysis of the aov summaries.

To measure how accurate those initial selections were I checked at each step if the n selected variables were in the n most relevant variables in that step's **aov** summary. If that was the case I incremented a step-specific counter. The counters were updated for 1000 iterations and then divided by 1000. This value represents the accuracy of the static selection in comparison with the values that would be selected if each individual **aov** summary was analysed.