

## Readme

### Data Structures:

I implemented a Binary Tree combined with a Linked List to create a program that is more cost efficient than just using arrays.

### 3 Run Time Analysis

#### BST Insertion - $O(n^2)$

$O(n^2)$  occurs when the tree is skewed and nodes are all inserted on one side. If the tree is not skewed then  $O(\log n)$  will be the running time.

#### BST Search - $O(n)$

Traversing through a tree is  $O(n)$  because we are going through a tree with  $n$  items

#### BST Delete - $O(n + 1)$

This is always  $O(n + 1)$  because it is the size of the tree, every node in the linked list is deleted.

#### Linked List Search - $O(n)$

Finding an item in the linked list of size  $n$  takes worst case  $O(n)$

#### Linked List Insertion - $O(1)$

Adding an extra node to a linked list is done in linear time

### Challenges:

Some challenges in coding this program included picking a data structure and learning how pointers function. I previously only knew java so understanding pointers and certain C functions was a little difficult. Figuring out that Binary Trees was a good data structure helped my program in terms of running time. Writing this program did help me learn more about C and using new functions such as malloc and fopen. This assignment was not easy, but it was necessary to learn proper C language mechanics.