SageT_EX tutorial

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Why use SageTEX?

SageTEX is a Sage package that allows you to add Sage code and run it directly in a LATEX document.

Why use SageTEX?

Sage TEX is a Sage package that allows you to add Sage code and run it directly in a LATEX document.

- Print Sage code
- Print the result of Sage commands without having to copy and paste
- Plot graphs
- Generate multiple versions of the same document

How to use it?

- Copy the file sage.sty in your working directory.
 This file can be found at
 \$SAGE_ROOT/local/share/texmf/tex/latex/sagetex
 where \$SAGE_ROOT is where you installed sage on your
 computer.
- 2. Add the package sagetex in your tex file.
- 3. Add SageTex commands in your latex.
- 4. Compile normally. This will generate a .sagetex.sage file.
- Execute this file in a terminal. sage FILE_NAME.sagetex.sage
- 6. Compile your latex once again.

Inline Sage

Include a Sage output in the text in maths mode.

What I write:

```
This is an example $2+2 = \sage{2+2}$.

The integer $150$ admits
$\sage{number_of_partitions(150)}$ partitions.
```

What I get:

This is an example 2 + 2 = 4.

The integer 150 admits 40853235313 partitions.

Sage block

You can print some sage code using sageblock.

I can write

```
\begin{sageblock}
    f(x) = exp(x) * sin(2*x)
\end{sageblock}
```

And I get:

$$f(x) = \exp(x) * \sin(2*x)$$

Sage commandline

If you want to print Sage code and its output use sagecommandline.

What I write

```
begin{sagecommandline}
    sage: 1+1
    sage: is_prime(57)
    sage: if is_prime(57):
        ....: print('prime')
        ....: else:
        ....: print('composite')

\end{sagecommandline}
```

Sage commandline

If you want to print Sage code and its output use sagecommandline.

What I get

```
sage: 1+1
2
sage: is_prime(57)
3
False
4
sage: if is_prime(57):
...: print('prime')
6
...: else:
7
...: print('composite')
```

Sage silent

You may want to run some Sage commands but without printing them in the text. This is what sagesilent does.

I can write:

```
\begin{sagesilent}
        var('x,v')
        M = matrix([[i+j for i in range(3)]
                        for j in range(3)])
\end{sagesilent}
And later in the text you may want to define
the matrix $M$ as
M:= \sum\{M}
and print its determinant which is
$\sage{M.determinant()}$.
```

Sage silent

You may want to run some Sage commands but without printing them in the text. This is what sagesilent does.

And I get:

And later in the text you may want to define the matrix M as

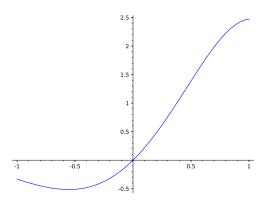
$$M := \left(\begin{array}{ccc} 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 2 & 3 & 4 \end{array}\right)$$

and print its determinant which is 0.

Sage plot

You can also use SageTex commands to plot functions and graphs.

```
\begin{center}
    \sageplot[height=5cm]{plot(f, -1, 1)}
\end{center}
```



Sage plot

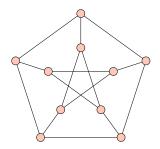
You can also use SageTex commands to plot functions and graphs.

```
\begin{sagesilent}
        G = graphs.PetersenGraph()
        c = G.coloring(hex_colors=True)
\end{sagesilent}
Let's print the Petersen graph.
\begin{center}
\sageplot[height=5cm]{G.plot(vertex_labels=False,
        vertex size=400)}
\end{center}
```

Sage plot

You can also use SageTex commands to plot functions and graphs.

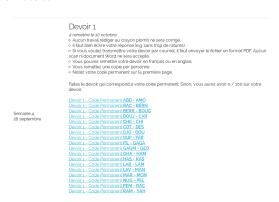
Let's print the Petersen graph.



Automatically generated files

You can also combine Latex and Sage features. For example ramdom matrices in Sage and file generating commands in Latex, can be combined to automatically obtain several versions of the same homework.

From Aram's website



Automatically generated files

You can also combine Latex and Sage features. For example ramdom matrices in Sage and file generating commands in Latex, can be combined to automatically obtain several versions of the same homework.

For Aram's website

iemaine 7 7 octobre	Devoir 1 Solutions
	Solutions - Devoir 1 - Code Permanent ABD - AMO
	Solutions - Devoir 1 - Code Permanent BAC - BERN
	Solutions - Devoir 1 - Code Permanent BERR - BOUG
	Solutions - Devoir 1 - Code Permanent BOUJ - CAR
	Solutions - Devoir 1 - Code Permanent CHE - CHI
	Solutions - Devoir 1 - Code Permanent COT - DES
	Solutions - Devoir 1 - Code Permanent DJO - DOU
	Solutions - Devoir 1 - Code Permanent DUF - FAR
	Solutions - Devoir 1 - Code Permanent FIL - GAGA
	Solutions - Devoir 1 - Code Permanent GAGM - GEO
	Solutions - Devoir 1 - Code Permanent GHA - HAM
	Solutions - Devoir 1 - Code Permanent HAS - KAS
	Solutions - Devoir 1 - Code Permanent LAB - LAM
	Solutions - Devoir 1 - Code Permanent LAV - MAN
	Solutions - Devoir 1 - Code Permanent MAR - MON
	Solutions - Devoir 1 - Code Permanent NUG - PEL
	Solutions - Devoir 1 - Code Permanent PEM - RAC
	Solutions - Devoir 1 - Code Permanent RAM - YAH

Conclusion

Some references

- SageTEX documentation
 http://ctan.ijs.si/tex-archive/macros/latex/
 contrib/sagetex/sagetex.pdf
- A nice example
 https://github.com/sagemath/sagetex
- Nadia's notes on SageTEX (french)
 https://nadialafreniere.github.io/sage
- Slides