

## Problem E

### Binary Strings

Time Limit: 1 seconds

Memory Limit: 512 megabytes

Binh has  $N$  binary strings  $S$  of length  $M$ . The teacher asks Binh to choose a set of binary strings and keep the original order so that two consecutive strings do not have the same value at the same position ( $S_{i,j} \neq S_{i+1,j}$ ).

Count the number of ways to choose a valid set. Since the number of possible choices is very large, print the number of possible choices modulo  $10^9 + 7$ .

#### Input

The first line contains  $T$  - the number of test cases.

For each test case,

- The first line contains 2 numbers  $N$  and  $M$ , which are the number of strings and length of the strings, respectively.
- The next  $N$  lines contain strings consisting only of 0 and 1.

#### Constraints:

- $T \leq 10$
- $N \leq 10^5$
- $M \leq 16$
- The sum of  $N$  over test cases does not exceed  $5 \times 10^5$

#### Output

The output contains a single integer – The number of choices modulo  $10^9 + 7$ .

#### Sample Input

#### Sample Output

1 4 2 10 01 11 10	7
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