

More about libraries

- Library names are case and space sensitive
- Libraries can take arguments
 - Arguments are listed after the library name
 - Both library name and arguments can be set using variables
- Libraries can be imported in the *Settings* section or using *Import Library* keyword from built-in library

```
*** Settings ***
Library OperatingSystem
Library my.package.TestLibrary
Library MyLibrary arg1 arg2
Library ${LIBRARY}
```

```
*** Test Cases ***
Example

Do Something
Import Library MyLibrary arg1 arg2
KW From MyLibrary
```

- If the library is a file it must have an extension (.py on this course)
- You can also specify path to the library
 - The path is relative to the directory where the current test file resides
 - You can also specify absolute path

```
*** Settings ***
Library PythonLibrary.py
Library /absolute/path/JavaLibrary.java
Library relative/path/PythonDirLib/ possible arguments
Library ${RESOURCES}/Example.class
```

TIP: Set path to your own libraries from the command line

Resource files

- Resource files are imported using the Resource keyword in the Setting section (similar to #include in C/C++)
 - Use .resource extension
 - You can specify path in the same way as with libraries

```
*** Settings ***

Resource example.resource

Resource ../data/resources.robot

Resource ${RESOURCES}/common.resource
```

- Same structure as test case files with a few exceptions
 - Resource file can't contain test cases
 - In Settings you can only import settings (Library, Resources, Variables) and Documentation
- Variables and Keywords work in the same way as with test case file
- Variables can also be imported from a file

```
*** Settings ***

Variables myvariables.py

Variables ../data/variables.py

Variables ${RESOURCES}/common.py

Variables taking_arguments.py arg1 ${ARG2}
```

```
VARIABLE = "An example string"

ANOTHER_VARIABLE = "This is pretty easy!"

INTEGER = 42

STRINGS = ["one", "two", "kolme", "four"]

NUMBERS = [1, INTEGER, 3.14]

MAPPING = {"one": 1, "two": 2, "three": 3}
```

Software Test Automation Setup and Teardown

Resource files

• Example:

```
*** Settings ***
                 An example resource file
Documentation
Library
                 SeleniumLibrary
                 ${RESOURCES}/common.resource
Resource
*** Variables ***
                 localhost:7272
${HOST}
${LOGIN URL}
               http://${HOST}/
${WELCOME URL} http://${HOST}/welcome.html
${BROWSER}
                 Firefox
*** Keywords ***
Open Login Page
   [Documentation]
                      Opens browser to login page
   Open Browser
                   ${LOGIN URL}
                                   ${BROWSER}
   Title Should Be
                      Login Page
```



Test setup and teardown

- Test setup is a single keyword that is executed before a test case runs and teardown is executed after the test case has run
 - Teardown is executed even if the test case fails
 - All the keywords in the teardown are executed even if one of them fails
- It is possible to override setup and teardown in individual test cases

```
*** Settings ***
Test Setup
              Open Application
                                   App A
Test Teardown Close Application
*** Test Cases ***
Default values
   [Documentation] Setup and teardown from setting table
   Do Something
Overridden setup
   [Documentation] Own setup, teardown from setting table
   [Setup] Open Application App B
   Do Something
No teardown
   [Documentation] Default setup, no teardown at all
   Do Something
   [Teardown]
No teardown 2
   [Documentation]
                     Setup and teardown can be disabled also with special value NONE
   Do Something
   [Teardown] NONE
Using variables
   [Documentation]
                    Setup and teardown specified using variables
   [Setup] ${SETUP}
   Do Something
    [Teardown] ${TEARDOWN}
```

Software Test Automation Setup and Teardown

Suite setup and teardown

- A suite setup is executed before running any of the suite's test cases or child test suites, and a test teardown is executed after them
- They are defined in the Setting table with Suite Setup and Suite Teardown settings
- A test suite created from a directory can have similar settings as a suite created from a test case file
 - Setting of a suite created from a directory must be placed into a special test suite initialization file. An initialization file name must always be of the format __init__.ext, where the extension must be one of the supported file formats (typically __init__.robot).