

## Exercise 4

We have  $I := \{A, C, D, E, K, M, N, O, Y\}$ .

In order to mine **frequent** itemset we are going to use  $\rho = \rho'$  as defined in the lecture.

START:

$S = \emptyset$

$$\max(\rho(\text{inc}(\emptyset, A)) \setminus \emptyset) = \max(\rho(A)) = \max(I) = Y \not\leq A$$

$$\max(\rho(\text{inc}(\emptyset, C)) \setminus \emptyset) = \max(\rho(C)) = \max(I) = Y \not\leq C$$

$$\max(\rho(\text{inc}(\emptyset, D)) \setminus \emptyset) = \max(\rho(D)) = \max(I) = Y \not\leq D$$

$$\max(\rho(\text{inc}(\emptyset, E)) \setminus \emptyset) = \max(\rho(E)) = \max(KE) = K \not\leq E$$

$$\max(\rho(\text{inc}(\emptyset, K)) \setminus \emptyset) = \max(\rho(K)) = \max(K) \leq K \Rightarrow \text{and } \{K\} \text{ is a closed frequent itemset.}$$

$S = \{K\}$

$$\max(\rho(\text{inc}(K, A)) \setminus K) = \max(\rho(KA) \setminus K) = \max(I \setminus K) = Y \not\leq A$$

$$\max(\rho(\text{inc}(K, C)) \setminus K) = \max(\rho(KC) \setminus K) = \max(I \setminus K) = Y \not\leq C$$

$$\max(\rho(\text{inc}(K, D)) \setminus K) = \max(I \setminus K) = Y \not\leq D$$

$$\max(\rho(\text{inc}(K, E)) \setminus K) = \max(I \setminus K) = Y \not\leq E$$

$$\max(\rho(\text{inc}(K, M)) \setminus K) = \max(\rho(M) \setminus K) = \max(MKY \setminus K) = \max(MY) = Y \not\leq M$$

$$\max(\rho(\text{inc}(K, N)) \setminus K) = \max(\rho(N) \setminus K) = \max(I \setminus K) = Y \not\leq N$$

$$\max(\rho(\text{inc}(K, O)) \setminus K) = \max(\rho(O) \setminus K) = \max(OKE \setminus K) = \max(OE) = O \leq O \Rightarrow \{OKE\} \text{ is a frequent closed itemset.}$$

$S = \{OKE\}$

$$\max(\rho(\text{inc}(OKE, A)) \setminus OKE) = \max(\rho(OKEA) \setminus OKE) = \max(I \setminus OKE) = Y \not\leq A$$

$$\max(\rho(\text{inc}(OKE, C)) \setminus OKE) = \max(\rho(OKEC) \setminus OKE) = \max(I \setminus OKE) = Y \not\leq C$$

$$\max(\rho(\text{inc}(OKE, D)) \setminus OKE) = \max(\rho(OKED) \setminus OKE) = \max(I \setminus OKE) = Y \not\leq D$$

$$\max(\rho(\text{inc}(OKE, M)) \setminus OKE) = \max(\rho(MO) \setminus OKE) = \max(I \setminus OKE) = y \not\leq M$$

$$\max(\rho(\text{inc}(OKE, N)) \setminus OKE) = \max(\rho(ON) \setminus OKE) = \max(I \setminus OKE) = Y \not\leq N$$

$$\max(\rho(\text{inc}(OKE, Y)) \setminus OKE) = \max(\rho(Y) \setminus OKE) = \max(KY \setminus OKE) = Y \leq Y \Rightarrow \{KY\} \text{ is a closed frequent itemset.}$$

$S = \{KY\}$

$$\max(\rho(\text{inc}(KY, A)) \setminus KY) = \max(\rho(KYA) \setminus KY) = \max(I \setminus KY) = O \not\leq A$$

$$\max(\rho(\text{inc}(KY, C)) \setminus KY) = \max(\rho(KYC) \setminus KY) = \max(I \setminus KY) = O \not\leq C$$

$$\max(\rho(\text{inc}(KY, D)) \setminus KY) = \max(\rho(KYD) \setminus KY) = \max(I \setminus KY) = O \not\leq D$$

$$\max(\rho(\text{inc}(KY, E)) \setminus KY) = \max(I \setminus KY) = O \not\leq O$$

$\max(\rho(\text{inc}(KY, M)) \setminus KY) = \max(\rho(MY) \setminus KY) = \max(I \setminus KY) = O \not\leq M$   
 $\max(\rho(\text{inc}(KY, N)) \setminus KY) = \max(\rho(NY) \setminus KY) = \max(I \setminus KY) = O \not\leq N$   
 $\max(\rho(\text{inc}(KY, O)) \setminus KY) = \max(\rho(YO) \setminus KY) = \max(I \setminus KY) = O \leq O$ . And  
 thats the end of the algorithm since  $I$  is closed but not frequent.

Hence the closed frequent itemsets are:  $\{K, KY, OKE\}$