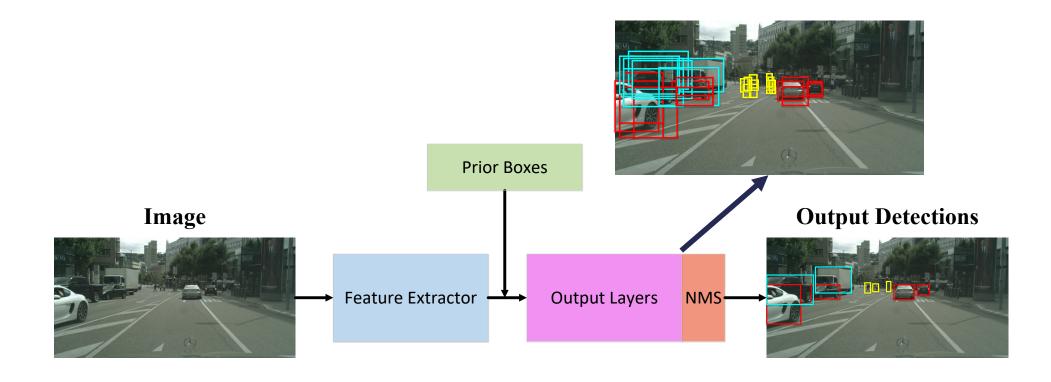
# Training Vs Inference

Course 3, Module 4, Lesson 3



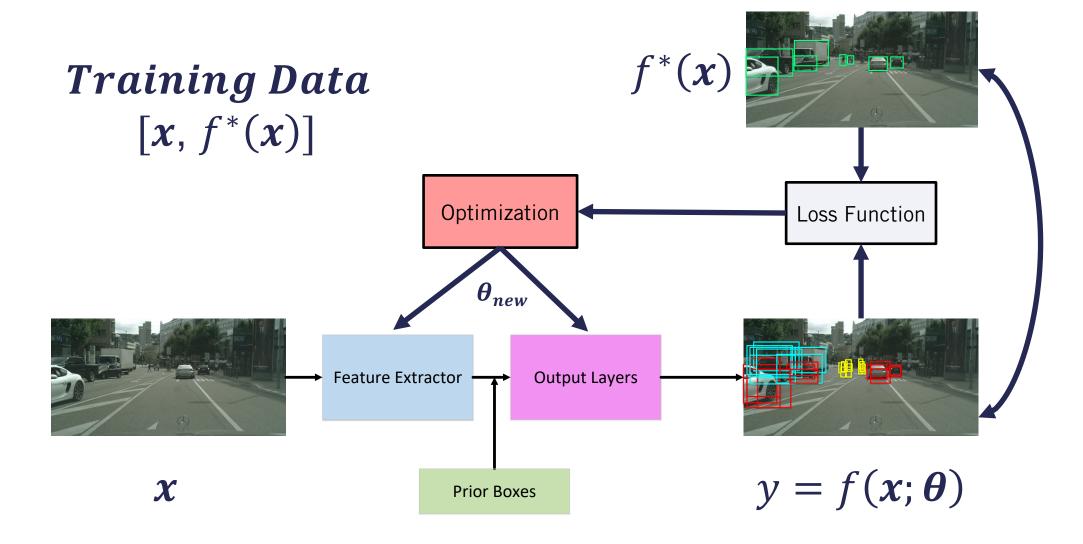
# **ConvNets For 2D Object Detection**



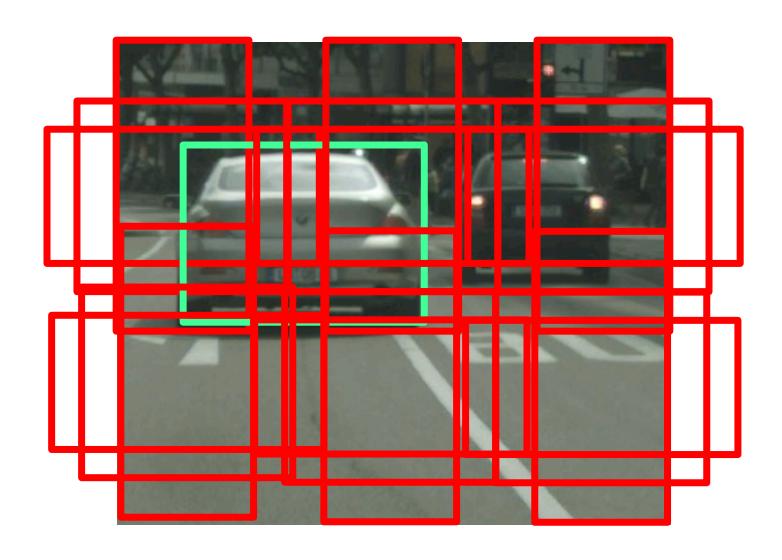
## **Learning objectives**

- Learn how to handle multiple detections per object during training through minibatch selection
- Learn how to handle multiple detections per object during inference, through non-maximum suppression (NMS)

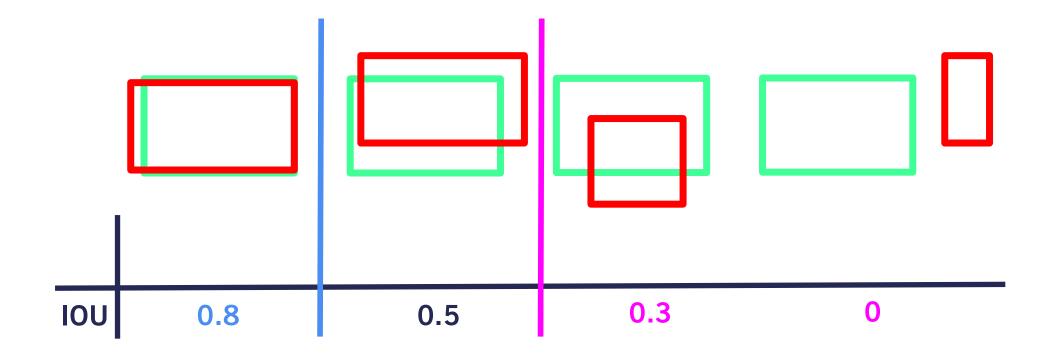
# **2D Object Detector Training**



## **MiniBatch Selection**



### MiniBatch Selection



- Negative Member Threshold: < 0.4</li>
  Positive Member Threshold: > 0.6

### Minibatch Selection

- Negative anchors target:
  - o Classification: Background
  - o **Regression:** None
- Positive anchors target:
  - Classification: Category of the ground truth bounding box
  - Regression: Align box parameters with highest IOU ground truth bounding box

### Minibatch Selection

- Problem: Majority of anchors are negatives results in neural network will label all detections as background
- **Solution:** Sample a chosen **minibatch size**, with 3:1 ratio of negative to positive anchors to eliminate bias towards the negative class
- Choose negatives with highest classification loss (online hard negative mining) to be included in the minibatch
- Example: minibatch size is 64→ 48 hardest negatives and 16 positives

### **Classification Loss**

$$L_{cls} = \frac{1}{N_{total}} \sum_{i} CrossEntropy(s_{i}^{*}, s_{i})$$

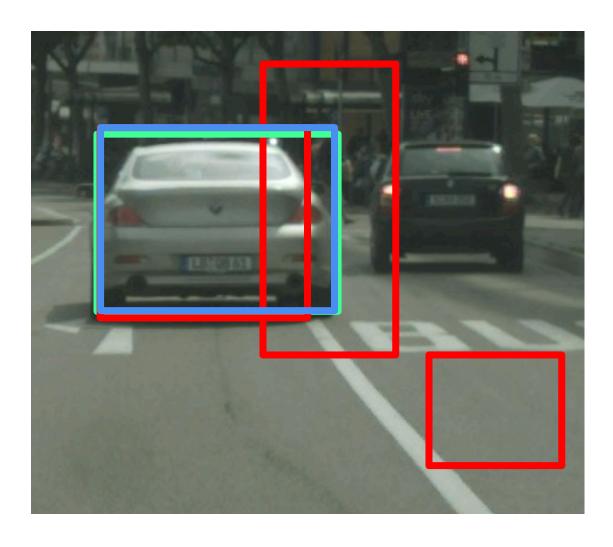
- $N_{total}$  is the size of our minibatch
- $s_i$  is the output of the neural network
- $s_i^*$  is the anchor classification target:
  - o **Background** if anchor is negative
  - Ground truth box class if anchor is positive

### **Regression Loss**

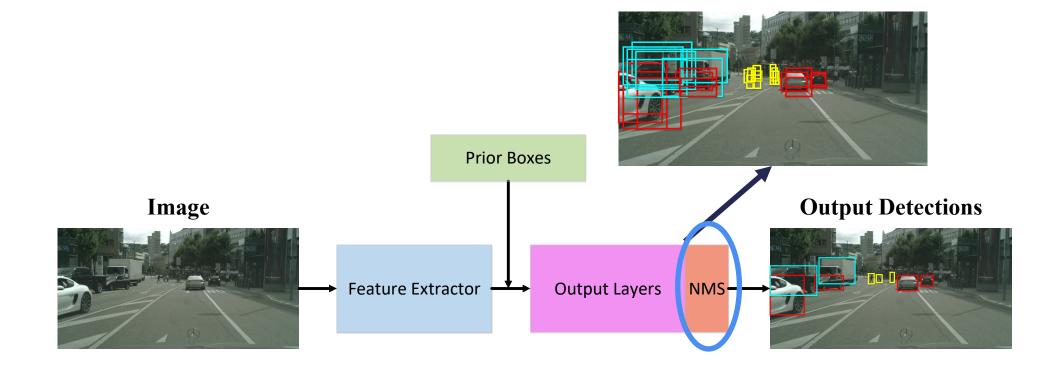
$$L_{reg} = \frac{1}{N_p} \sum_{i} p_i L_2(b_i^*, b_i)$$

- $p_i$  is 0 if anchor is negative and 1 if anchor is positive
- $N_p$  is the number of positive anchors in the minibatch
- $b_i^*$  is the ground truth bounding box
- $b_i$  is the estimated bounding box, applying the regressed residuals to the anchor box parameters

# **Visual Representation Of Training**

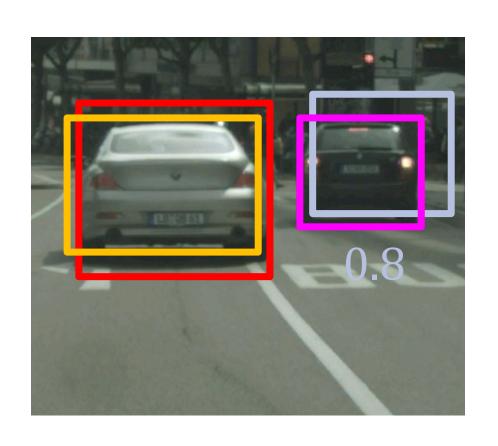


### **Inference Time**



```
Input:
B = \{B_1...B_n\} | B_i = (x_i, y_i, w_i, h_i, s_i) \forall i \in [1, n]
IOU threshold \eta
begin
     \bar{B} = Sort(B, s, \downarrow)
     D = \emptyset
     for b \in \bar{B} and \bar{B} not \emptyset do
           b_{max} = b
           \bar{B} \leftarrow \bar{B} \backslash b_{max}
           D \leftarrow D \cup b_{max}
          for b_i \in \bar{B} \backslash b_{max} do
                if IOU(b_{max}, b_i) \geq \eta then
                  \bar{B} \leftarrow \bar{B} \backslash b_i
                 end
           end
     end
     Output: D
end
```

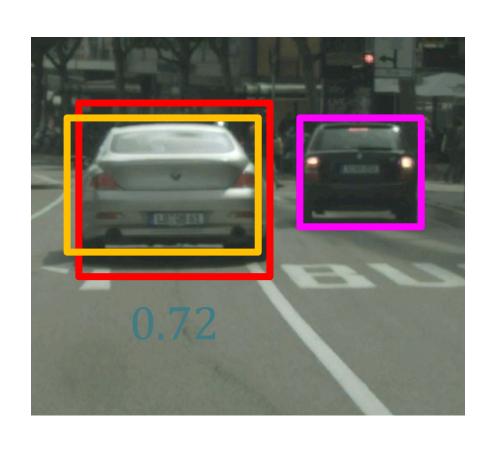
$$\geq \eta = 0.7$$



$$m{B} = \{B_1, B_2, B_3, B_4\}$$
 $m{\overline{B}} = \{B_1, B_2, B_3, B_4\}$ 
 $m{S} = \{0.98, 0.94, 0.6, 0.45\}$ 
 $m{D} = \{\}$ 

$$b_{max} = \{ \underline{B_1} \}$$

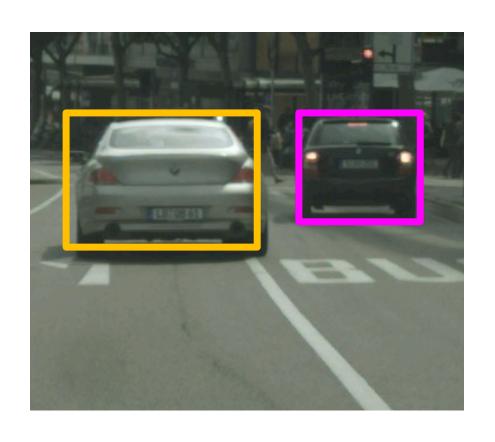
$$\geq \eta = 0.7$$



$$m{B} = \{B_1, B_2, B_3, B_4\}$$
 $m{B} = \{B_2, B_4\}$ 
 $m{S} = \{0.94, 0.45\}$ 
 $m{D} = \{B_1\}$ 

$$b_{max} = \{B_2\}$$

$$\eta = 0.7$$



$$m{B} = \{B_1, B_2, B_3, B_4\}$$
 $m{\overline{B}} = \{\}$ 
 $m{S} = \{\}$ 
 $m{D} = \{B_1, B_2\}$ 

$$b_{max} = \{B_2\}$$

## **Summary**

- To train a neural network for 2D object detection, use minibatch selection on anchors
- For inference, use Non-Maximum Suppression to get a single output bounding box per object
- Next: Using 2D object detectors for autonomous driving