

Table of Physical Constants

Speed of light in free space	c	$3.00 \times 10^8 \text{ m s}^{-1}$
Gravitational Constant	G	$6.67 \times 10^{-11} \text{ N m}^2 \text{ kg}^{-2}$
Planck's Constant	h	$6.63 \times 10^{-34} \text{ J s}$
	\hbar	$1.055 \times 10^{-34} \text{ J s}$
Elementary charge	e	$1.60 \times 10^{-19} \text{ C}$
Mass of the electron	m_e	$9.11 \times 10^{-31} \text{ kg}$
Mass of the proton	m_p	$1.6726 \times 10^{-27} \text{ kg}$
Mass of the neutron	m_n	$1.6749 \times 10^{-27} \text{ kg}$
Boltzmann's constant	k_B	$1.38 \times 10^{-23} \text{ J K}^{-1}$
Gas constant	R	$8.31 \text{ J K}^{-1} \text{ mol}^{-1}$
Permittivity of free space	ϵ_0	$8.85 \times 10^{-12} \text{ F m}^{-1}$
Permeability of free space	μ_0	$4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ H m}^{-1}$
Bohr magneton	μ_B	$9.27 \times 10^{-24} \text{ J T}^{-1}$
Stefan-Boltzmann constant	σ	$5.67 \times 10^{-8} \text{ W m}^{-2} \text{ K}^{-4}$
Avogadro's number	N_A	$6.02 \times 10^{23} \text{ mol}^{-1}$

Information you may find useful

$$\langle x^2 \rangle \approx 6Dt \text{ where } D = \frac{k_B T}{6\pi\mu a}$$

$$P \propto \exp(-U/k_B T)$$

$$F(x) = -\frac{dU}{dx}$$

$$U_{\text{dipole}} = -\mathbf{p} \cdot \mathbf{E} \text{ where } \mathbf{p} = qd\hat{r}$$

$$\mathbf{p} = \alpha \mathbf{E}_{\text{ext}} \text{ where } \alpha = 4\pi\epsilon\epsilon_r d^3$$

$$U(x) = -\frac{\pi n_1 C}{6x^3}$$

$$A_{12} = n_1 n_2 \pi^2 C$$

$$W_{\text{adhesion}} = \gamma_{13} + \gamma_{23} - \gamma_{12}$$

$$\Delta P = \gamma \left[\frac{1}{R_1} + \frac{1}{R_2} \right]$$

$$h = \frac{2\gamma \cos(\theta)}{\rho g R}$$

$$k = \frac{k_B T}{\langle z^2 \rangle} = \frac{3EI}{L^3}$$

$$\langle I \rangle = \frac{c\epsilon\epsilon_0 n}{2} \langle E^2 \rangle$$

$$\Pi = (n_+ + n_- - 2n_0) k_B T$$

$$\frac{-d^2 V}{dx^2} = \frac{\rho}{\epsilon\epsilon_0}$$

$$P_{\text{Tot}} = 4n_0 \frac{z^2 e^2 V_0^2}{k_B T} \exp(-\kappa D) - \frac{A}{6\pi D^3}$$

$$s = k_B \ln W$$

$$\Delta U = \Delta H - T\Delta S$$

$$\Delta U = P_{\text{osm}} \Delta V_{\text{excl}}$$

$$\mu = \frac{dU}{dN}$$

$$P(N = N_c) = \exp(-\Delta U/k_B T)$$

$$H = \frac{v}{l_c a_0}$$

$$P_{\text{Tot}} = \left[\frac{(k_B T)^2}{\kappa \pi^2} - \frac{A}{6\pi} \right] \frac{1}{D^3}$$

where the symbols take their usual meanings as used throughout this course.