https://github.com/physicell-training/ws2021

# Session 11: Intracellular Modeling



Furkan Kurtoglu

@FKurtogluSysBio

# **PhysiCell Project**

July 28, 2021



## What we have learned so far

- PhysiCell folder structure
- PhysiCell model domain
  - Different dts (diffusion\_dt, mechanic\_dt, phenotype\_dt)
- Using GUI to create config file (XML)
- PhysiCell C++ functions

#### What we will learn

- Basics of Kinetic Modeling (ODE Model)
- How to integrate kinetic models to ABM
- How to control phenotype based on intracellular model
- Kinetic ODE solver (libRR) related functions
- How to save intracellular data
- How to make faster your simulation with losing convergence

## Agenda:

- First Session
  - PhysiCell 1.9.0
  - Kinetic SBML
  - PhysiCell Integration
    - Model Design
    - Results
    - Convergence Tests
  - libRR Add-on
    - Functions
    - Phenotypic Changes
  - Sample Model
    - Description
    - Basic Domain Creation (If we can)

## PhysiCell 1.9.0

- PhysiCell 1.9.0
  - Released: 12 July 2021
- Major new features
  - Includes three intracellular modeling approaches
    - ♦ Boolean Network => PhysiBoSS
    - ♦ Kinetic Modeling (ODEs) => libroadrunner
    - Flux Balance Analysis => PhysidFBA
  - New Intracellular Object in Phenotype
    - ♦ All intracellular packages basic generic functions with same syntax
      - >> Start(), Update(), get\_parameter(), set\_parameter(), ...
    - ♦ Some special functions specific to packages
      - » get\_boolean\_variable\_value(PhysiBoSS) validate\_SBML\_species (ODE), ...

## 3 Sample Projects

- PhysiBoSS
  - physiboss-cell-lines-sample

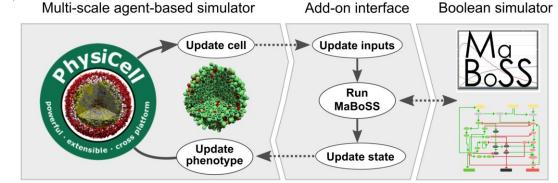
- Libroadrunner
  - ode-sample-project
- PhysidFBA
  - cancer-metabolism

#### Installation

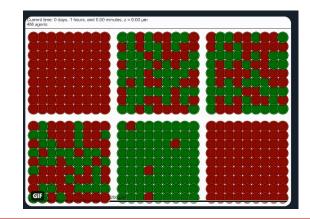
- Each add-on requires related solver
  - PhysiBoSS MaBoSS
  - PhysidFBA coin-clp
  - Libroadrunner Libroadrunner (no surprise!)
- To install related solver, you need to populate sample-project, first
  - make ode-energy-sample
- Then, compile once.
  - make

## **PhysiBoSS**

- Boolean Network
  - MaBoSS
- SysBioCurie & BSC

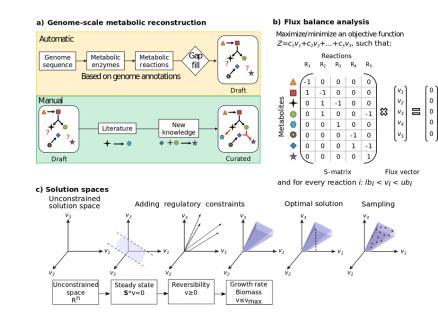


- https://github.com/gletort/PhysiBoSS
  - Fully integrated as "add-on" to PhysiCell
- We had an optional morning session
  - Please visit <u>agenda</u> for slides and video



## **PhysidFBA**

- Aims to couple ABM and FBA.
- Miguel Ponce de Leon
- Approach will be explained in future slides.
- https://github.com/migp11/PhysiCelldFBA
  - Added alpha version as "add-on" to PhysiCell.



Heirendt et al, 2017

#### Libroadrunner

- Integrating intracellular kinetic models to individual agents.
- Individual phenotype changes according to molecular simulations
  - Intracellular values (Molecular Concentrations, Signal Transductions, i.e.)
    - Intracellular oxygen deficiency in cell leads to change necrosis rate.
    - ♦ Intracellular amino acids levels define the cellular growth / cycle rate.
- Opens new opportunities for PhysiCell syntax
  - Users can utilize SBML to model phenotypic behaviors.
  - Since molecular values can edit phenotypic parameters in SBML, PhysiCell interface is getting changed.
- LibRR is developed by
  - Herbert Sauro and Andy Somogyi
  - C++ API



#### **SBML**

- Systems Biology Mark-up Language
- Reaction Stoichiometry
- Kinetic Pseudo Steady State
  - Kinetic Ordinary Differential Equations
  - Pseudo Steady State –
     Optimization (Flux Balance
     Analysis)
- Hard to read for Human (xml file)
- Parsed according to some rules.

```
<species metaid="heme"</pre>
     id="heme"
     compartment="Comp01"
     initialConcentration="0">
   <annotation>
     <rdf:RDF xmlns:rdf="http://www.w3.org/1999/02/22-rdf-syntax-ns#"
              xmlns:bqbiol="http://biomodels.net/biology-qualifiers/">
       <rdf:Description rdf:about="#heme">
         <br/>
<br/>
bobiol:hasPart>
            <rdf:Bag>
              <rdf:li rdf:resource="urn:miriam:uniprot:P69905"/>
              <rdf:li rdf:resource="urn:miriam:uniprot:P68871"/>
              <rdf:li rdf:resource="urn:miriam:obo.chebi:CHEBI%3A17627" />
            </rdf:Bag>
         </bgbiol:hasPart>
       </rdf:Description>
     </rdf:RDF>
  </annotation>
</species>
```

#### **SBML**

- Compartments
  - Volumetric Entities
- Species
  - Chemicals
- Reactions
  - Stoichiometric Relations
  - Boundaries (Lower and Upper) (FBA)
- Global Quantities
  - Parameters
  - Constants

- COPASI
  - ✓ Model
    - ▼ Biochemical
      - Compartments [1]

Intracellular

Species [4]

Energy

Glucose

Lactate

Oxygen

➤ Reactions [3]

Aerobic

Anaerobic

Energy\_Usage

Global Quantities [3]

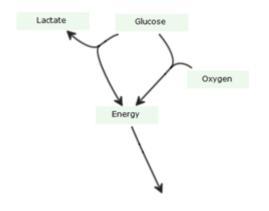
k\_aer

k\_ane

k\_usage

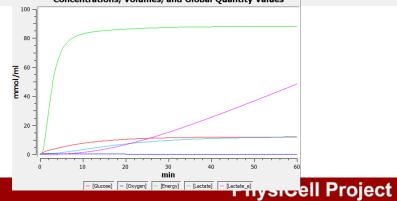
#	Name	Reaction	Rate Law	Flux [mmol/min]	Noise Expression
1	Aerobic	Glucose + 6 * Oxygen -> 38 * Energy	Mass action (irreversible)	nan	
2	Anaerobic	Glucose -> 2 * Energy + Lactate	Mass action (irreversible)	nan	
3	Energy_Usage	Energy ->	Mass action (irreversible)	nan	
	New Reaction				

## **Kinetic Modeling**



#	Name	Reaction
1	Aerobic	Glucose + 6 * Oxygen -> 38 * Energy
2	Anaerobic	Glucose -> 2 * Energy + Lactate
3	Energy_Usage	Energy ->
	New Reaction	

d ([Glucose] · V <sub>Intracellular</sub> )	= -V <sub>Intracellular</sub> ·(k_aer ·[Glucose] ·[Oxygen] ·[Oxygen] ·[Oxygen] ·[Oxygen] ·[Oxygen] ·[Oxygen])
	-V <sub>Intracellular</sub> ·(k_ane ·[Glucose])
$\frac{d([Oxygen] \cdot V_{Intracellular})}{dt}$	= -6 · V <sub>Intracellular</sub> · (k_aer · [Glucose] · [Oxygen]
$\frac{d \big( [Energy] \cdot V_{Intracellular} \big)}{d  t}$	= +38·V <sub>Intracellular</sub> ·(k_aer·[Glucose]·[Oxygen]·[Oxygen]·[Oxygen]·[Oxygen]·[Oxygen]·[Oxygen])
	+2·V <sub>Intracellular</sub> ·(k_ane·[Glucose])
	-V <sub>Intracellular</sub> ·(k_usage ·[Energy])
$\frac{d([Lactate] \cdot V_{Intracellular})}{dt}$	= +V <sub>Tabasall.la.</sub> '(k ane '[Glucose]) Concentrations, Volumes, and Global Quantity Values

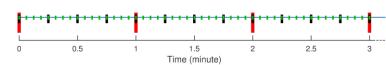


#### **SBML**

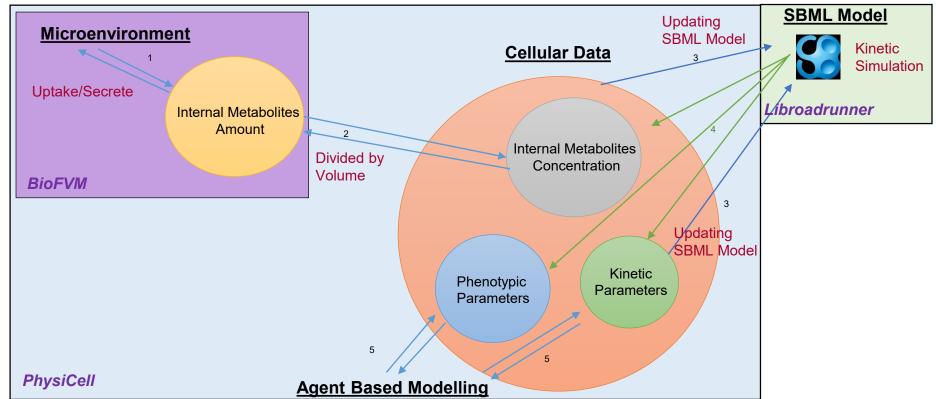
- General SBMLs have more than one compartment
  - Extracellular
  - Intracellular
  - Mitochondria (Sometimes)
  - Nucleus (?)
- And have two or more species for one substrate
  - Glucose[e] => extracellular
  - Glucose[i] => intracellular
- Transfer reaction between compartments
  - Glucose[e] = Glucose[i]

## **Assumptions**

- But ...
- PhysiCell has transfer reactions through
  - BioFVM
- So, we can support specific type of SBMLs
  - Only Intracellular (might have more than one compartment Mitochondria, Nucleus)
- Well-Structured SBMLs
  - Not all SBMLs are supported!!!
    - No External Compartment and Transfer Reactions in SBML!
    - ♦ Mapping is needed between SBML & PhysiCell
  - Works on each diffusion\_dt (0.01 min)
    - (as default for best convergence)



## **Integration Design**

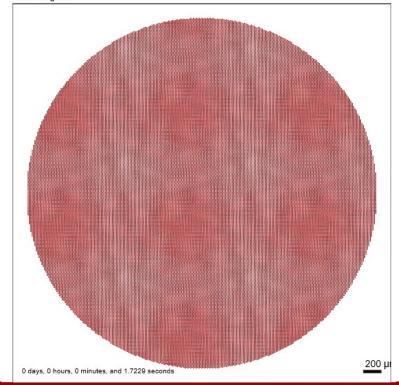


#### **Performance Test**

- More than 50,000 cells
- 4 substrate (internalization is on)
- 5 SBML species (4 reactions)
- 4000x4000x20 um dimensions (dx = 20 um)
- Personal PC
  - AMD 6 core 3.0 GHz, 16 GB RAM
  - 8-thread, OpenMP

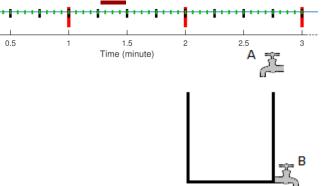
	1 min output	60 min output
No SBML solver	11 secs	1 min 57 secs
SBML solver	20 secs	16 min 35 secs

Current time: 0 days, 0 hours, and 0.00 minutes,  $z = 0.00 \ \mu m$  50637 agents



## How about intracellular dt

- Default 0.01 min but...
- Imagine cell is like pool with source and sink
  - A = uptaking a chemical from microenvironment
  - B = secreting a chemical to microenvironment
- If diffusion\_dt and intracellular\_dt is same,
  - They are matching dt's so there is no convergence difference.
  - But it is slow!
- (Figure to be drawn during presentation)



## How about intracellular\_dt

- However, we can change intracellular\_dt.
- Let's assume that we made it 1.00 min (100 times slower)
- How it will look like (Figure to be drawn during presentation)
- So much faster
  - You will see in the Demo

## **How it looks**

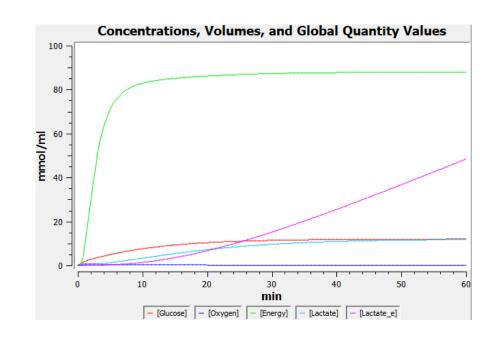
#### Config File

```
<cell definitions>
   <cell definition name="default" ID="0">
        <phenotype>
            <cycle code="5" name="live">
                <!-- using higher than normal significant digits to match divisions in default code -->
                <transition rates units="1/min">
                    <rate start index="0" end index="0" fixed duration="false">0.0</rate>
                </transition rates>
            </cycle>
            <death>
            <volume>
            <motility>
                <speed units="micron/min">0.0</speed>
                <persistence time units="min">0.1</persistence time>
                <migration bias units="dimensionless">.9</migration bias>
                <options>
                    <enabled>true</enabled>
                    <use 2D>true</use 2D>
                    <chemotaxis>
                        <enabled>false</enabled>
                        <substrate>oxygen</substrate>
                        <direction>1</direction>
                    </chemotaxis>
                </options>
            </motility>
            <secretion>
       </phenotype>
```

# Some Results

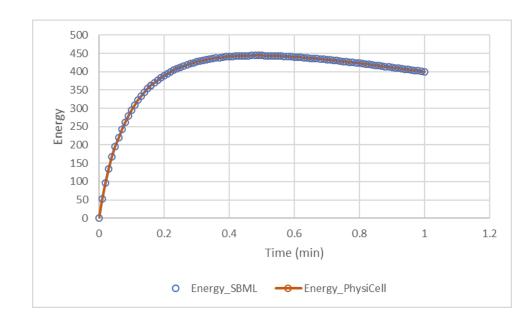
#### Model 0 - SBML Model

- 4 Species
  - Oxygen
  - Glucose
  - Lactate
  - Energy
- 3 Internal Reactions
  - ♦ Aerobic reaction
    - » Glucose + Oxygen -> Energy
  - ♦ Anaerobic reaction
    - » Glucose -> Energy + Lactate
  - ◆ Energy Usage
    - » Energy ->



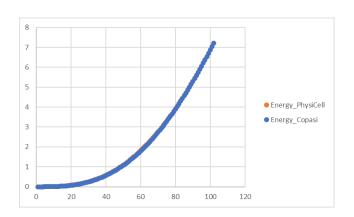
#### Model 0

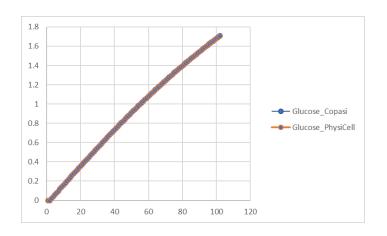
- Very Simple SBML toy model
- Both simulated in PhysiCell and Copasi
- No Transfer Reaction in SBML
- No Uptake Rate
- Only solving SBML



#### Model 1

- Uptake glucose, oxygen
- Produces Energy internally.

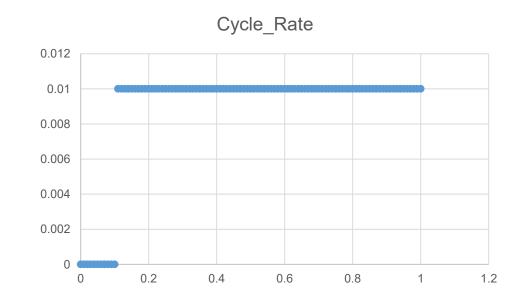




#### **SBML Events**

#### **Cycle Rate**

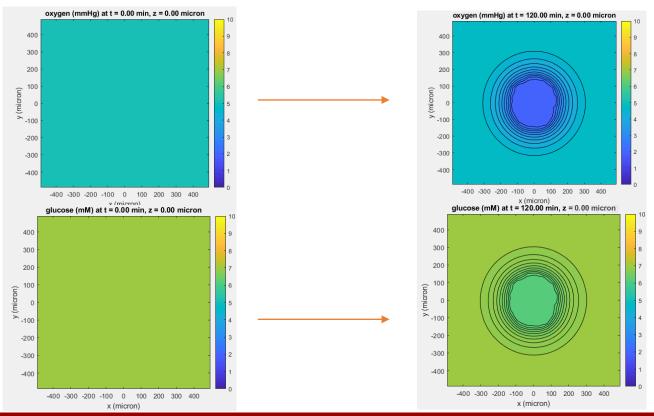
- If Energy level is smaller than 50 a.u.
  - Equals to zero 1/min
- If Energy level is greater than 50 a.u.
  - Equals to 0.01 1/min



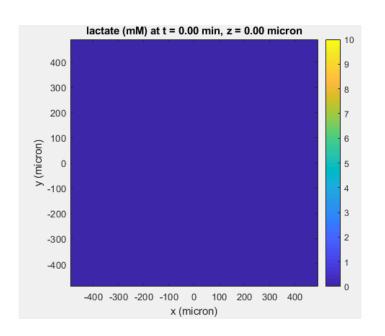
#### Model 2

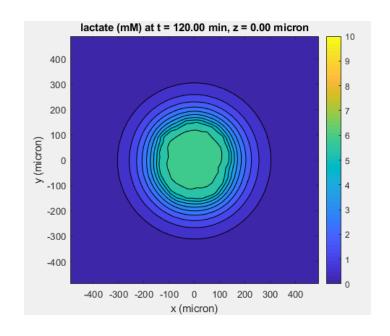
- Phenotypic changes according to SBML species
- Organoid (2D) seeding.
- Lactate Secretion Rate increases
  - Lactate Concentration
- If oxygen level is less than threshold
  - Cells increase their migration speed
- If Energy level is less than threshold
  - Cells go apoptosis

## **Microenvironment Results**

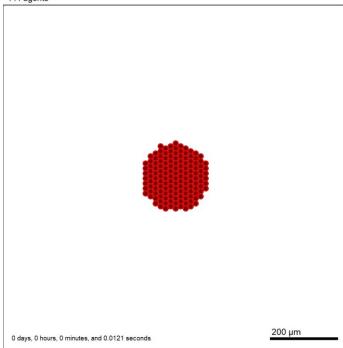


#### **Lactate Secretion**

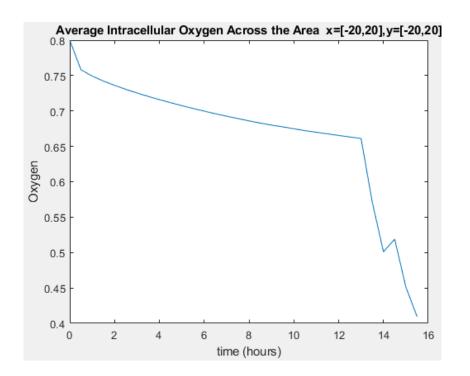


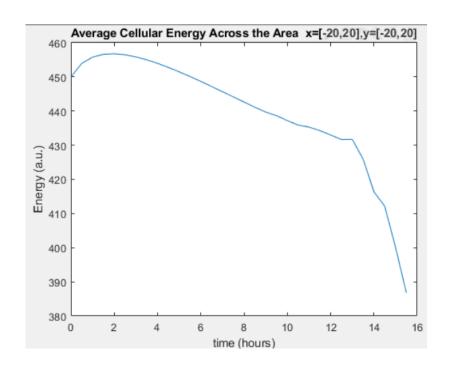


Current time: 0 days, 0 hours, and 0.00 minutes, z = 0.00  $\mu m$  144 agents



#### Intracellular





#### **How it looks**

#### Config File

```
<cell definitions>
   <cell definition name="default" ID="0">
        <phenotype>
            <cycle code="5" name="live">
                <!-- using higher than normal significant digits to match divisions in default code -->
                <transition rates units="1/min">
                    <rate start index="0" end index="0" fixed duration="false">0.0</rate>
                </transition rates>
            </cycle>
            <death>
            <volume>
            <motility>
                <speed units="micron/min">0.0</speed>
                <persistence time units="min">0.1</persistence time>
                <migration bias units="dimensionless">.9</migration bias>
                <options>
                    <enabled>true</enabled>
                    <use 2D>true</use 2D>
                    <chemotaxis>
                        <enabled>false</enabled>
                        <substrate>oxygen</substrate>
                        <direction>1</direction>
                    </chemotaxis>
                </options>
            </motility>
            <secretion>
       </phenotype>
```

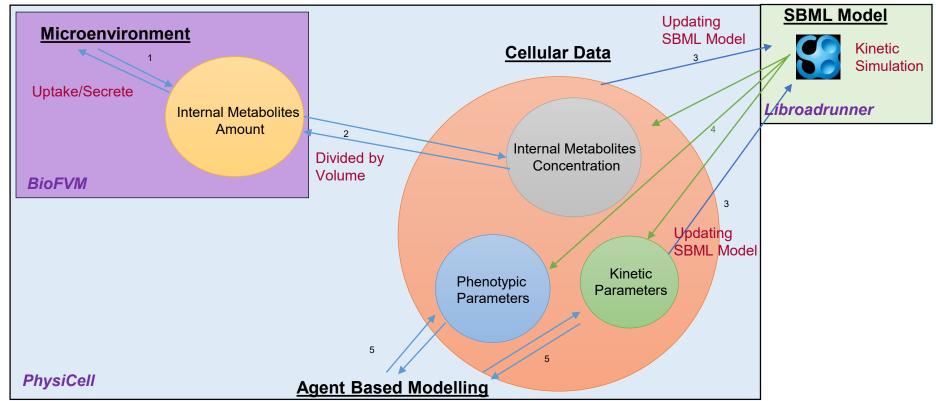
**SBML-Phenotypic Parameters** 

PhysiCell Phenotype Parameter	First letter	phenotype_token	example
Phase Transition Rate	С	ctr_*_*	ctr_0_1
Death Rate	d	da,dn	da,dn
Persistence Time	m	mpt	mpt
Migration Speed	m	mms	mms
Migration Bias	m	mmb	mmb
Uptake rate	S	sur_*	sur_oxygen
Secretion rate	S	ssr_*	ssr_glucose
Saturation density	S	ssd_*	ssd_oxygen
Export rate	S	ser_*	ser_lactate
Target solid cytoplasmic	V	vtsc	vtsc
Target solid nuclear	V	vtsn	vtsn
Target fluid fraction	V	vff	vff

#### Libroadrunner Addon

- Same format for intracellular addons. (PhysiFBA, PhysiBoSS)
- Libroadrunner
  - start() = start intracellular in cell (it should be used after seeding and is called after proliferation)
  - Initialize\_SBML() = to read SBML (users will not use)
  - get\_values() = to get value from SBML
  - set\_values() = to set value in SBML
  - update() = to simulate SBML
  - get\_state() = to get the name of SBML
  - update\_phenotypic\_parameters() = to update phenotype according to given tokens
  - validate tokens() = to validate given token
  - validate\_species() = to validate SBML species

## **Integration Design**



## Migration Speed

#### **Cell Definition**

```
Current time: 0 days, 0 hours, and 0.00 minutes, z = 0.00 \mu m
                                                                 200 µm
 0 days, 0 hours, 0 minutes, and 0.0056 seconds
```

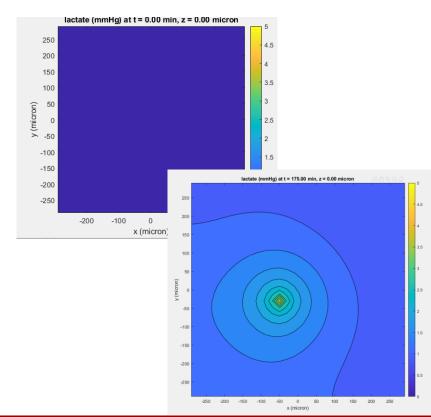
#### **Chemokine Distribution**

#### **Cell Definition**

```
<secretion_target units="substrate density">10</secretion_target>
    <uptake_rate units="1/min">0.0</uptake_rate>
    <net_export_rate units="total substrate/min">0</net_export_rate>
</substrate>
```

```
<intracellular type="roadrunner">
    <sbml_filename>./config/Toy_oxy_mms_tr_01.xml</sbml_filename>
    <map PC substrate="oxygen" sbml species="Oxy"></map >

</intracellular>
```



### **Wrong Tokens**

PS C:\Users\Furkan\Documents\GitHub\PhysiCell-SBML-trials\PhysiCell\_intracellular\_Phenotype>

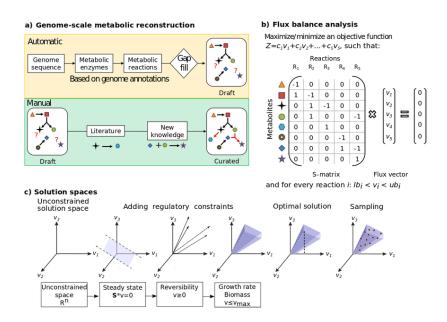


### Code walk

Let's do code walk together...

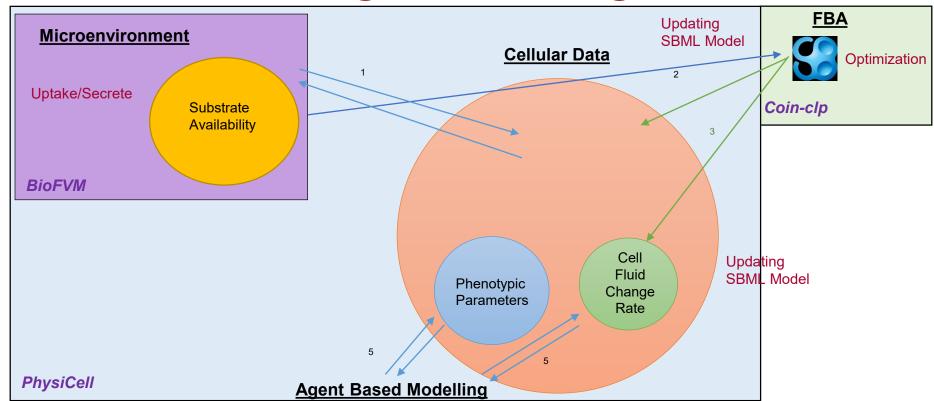
# **PhysidFBA**

### Flux Balance Analysis



Heirendt et al, 2017

### **Integration Design**



## **PhysidFBA**

- FBA is like taking a photo
- dFBA is like stop-motion video.
- dFBA simulates intracellular model
  - Finds optimal biomass creation flux
  - This value is used for volume calculation (growth of cell)
  - If cell is greater than the volume threshold
    - Divide
    - Arrest function

# LibRoadRunner Interactive Demo

#### Model

- Three Substrates
  - Oxygen, Glucose, Lactate
  - Energy is created with two reactions
    - ♦ Glucose + Oxygen -> 38 \* Energy (Aerobic)
    - ♦ Glucose -> 4 \* Energy + Lactate (Anaerobic)
  - Energy consumes
    - ♦ Energy -> (Energy\_Usage)
- Phenotypic Tokens
  - migration speed, apoptosis\_rate, lac\_Secretion\_Rate, Transition\_Rate

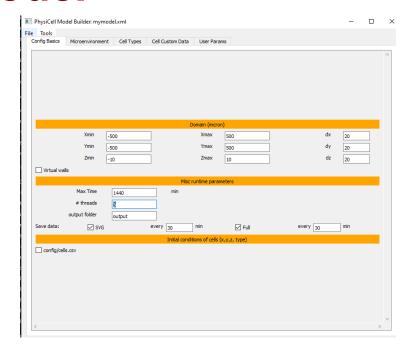
### **Model Rules**

- Initial Energy = 450
- If Energy > 445
  - Cycle
- If Energy < 445
  - Don't Cycle
- If Energy < 440</li>
  - Move
- If Energy < 430</li>
  - Die

### Populate together

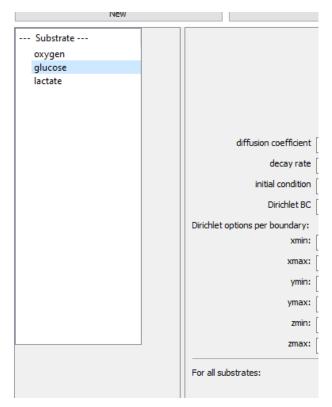
- PhysiCell folder
- make clean
- make data-cleanup
- make reset
- make list-projects
- make ode-energy-sample
- make

- Domain size
  - X=[-500,500]
  - Y=[-500,500]
  - Z=[-10,10]
  - dx, dy, dz = 20
  - Use 2D = true
- Max-time = 1440 min
- Thread = your choice
- Save data : SVG = 30 min,

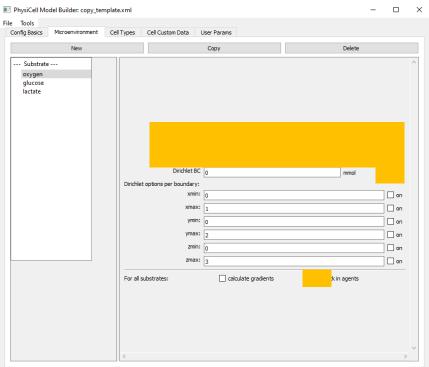


Full = 30 min

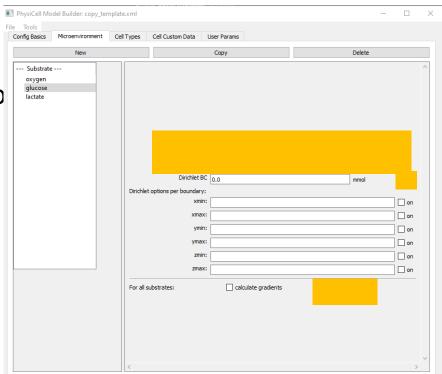
- Microenvironment Tab
- Let's add "oxygen", "glucose", "lactate"



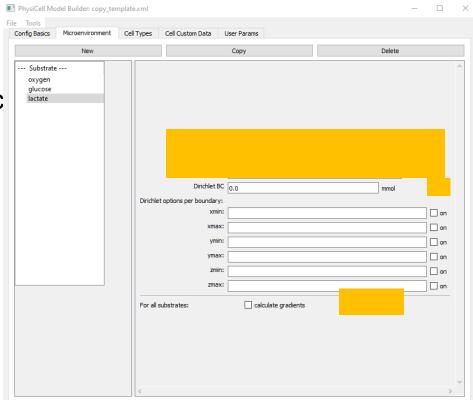
- Oxygen
- Diffusion Coefficient = 100.0 micror
- Decay Rate = 0.0 1/min
- Initial condition = 38.0 mmHg
- Dirichlet = OFF
- Track in agents = ON



- Glucose
- Diffusion Coefficient = 300.0 micro
- Decay Rate = 0.0 1/min
- Initial condition = 50.0 a.u
- Dirichlet = OFF
- Track in agents = ON



- Lactate
- Diffusion Coefficient = 300.0 mic
- Decay Rate = 0.0 1/min
- Initial condition = 0.0 mmHg
- Dirichlet = OFF
- Track in agents = ON



### **Cell Type**

- Only one type of cell in the name of "default"
- Cycle
  - Live Cells
  - Transition rate(s)
  - 0.0



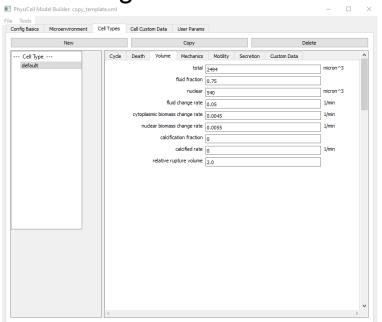
### **Cell Type**

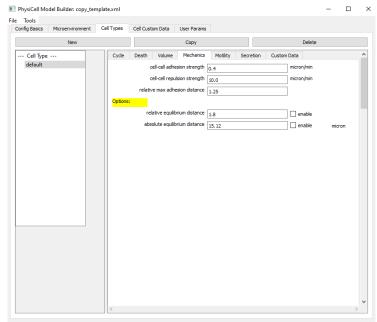
No Death

Cycle	Death	Volume	Mechanics	Motility	Secretion	Custom Da	ta		^
Ap	optosis								
			death rat			1/	min		
ensition rate				O duration					
phase 0->1 transition rate				0.0			Fixed	min	
phase 0 duration				516			Fixed	min	ı
		inlysed fluid	change rate	0.05		1/	min		
lysed fluid change rate							min		
				_					
cytoplasmic biomass change rate				1.66667e-02	!		min		
nuclear biomass change rate				5.83333e-03	1	1/	min		
calcification rate				0			min		
relative rupture volume				2.0					
N	ecrosis								
				O duration					
	ph	ase 0->1 tr	ansition rate	0.0			Fixed	1/min	
	ph	ase 1->2 tr	ansition rate	0.0			Fixed	1/min	
		phas	se 0 duration	0		~	Fixed	min	
phase 1 duration				86400			Fixed	min	
	u	ınlysed fluid	change rate	0.05		1/	min		
lysed fluid change rate			0			1/min			
				1.66667e-02			1/min		
	, ,			11.000076-02		-		>	

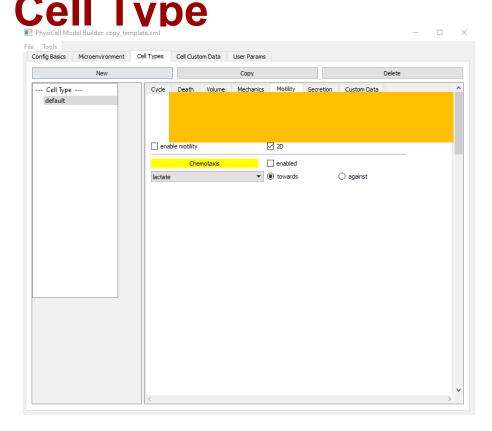
### **Cell Type**

No change in the Volume and Mechanics Tab



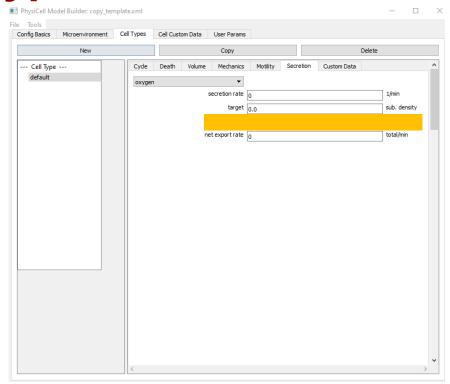


- Motility
- Speed = 0.0
- Persistence Time = 0.1
- Migration Bias = 0.9
- Enable-motility



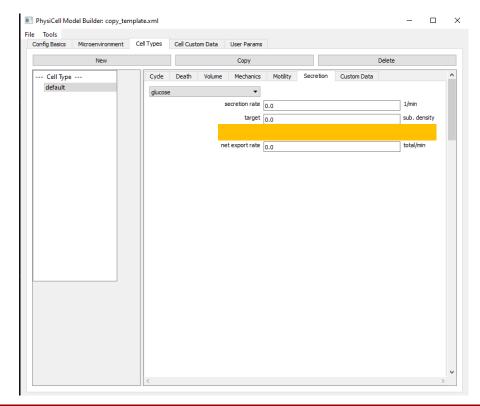
### **Cell Type: Secretion**

- Oxygen Tab
- Uptake rate = 0.005



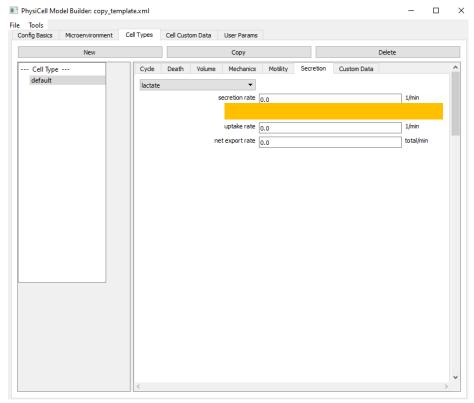
### **Cell Type: Secretion**

- Glucose Tab
- Uptake rate = 0.001



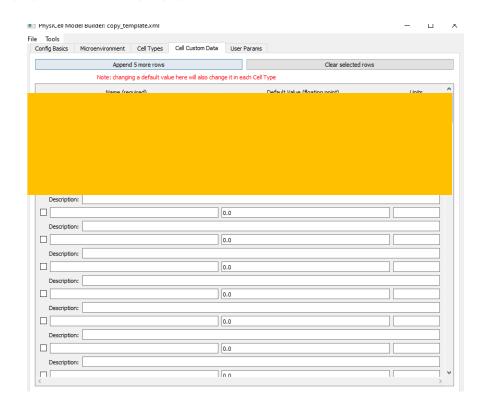
## **Cell Type: Secretion**

- Lactate Tab
- Secretion Target = 10.0



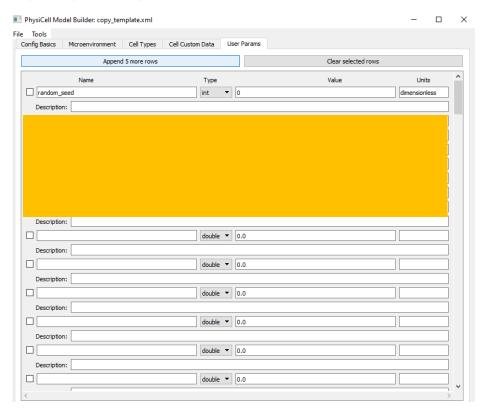
#### **Cell Custom Data**

- We need to create intracellular data to save the data
- intra\_oxy = 0.0
- intra\_glu = 0.0
- intra lac = 0.0
- intra energy = 0.0



#### **User Params**

- initial\_internal\_oxygen (double) = 0.8
- initial\_internal\_glucose (double) = 15
- initial\_internal\_lactate (double) = 0.0
- initial\_energy (double) =450



#### Save

- Let's look is it right.
- In my case, it did not put cell custom data
- I went to custom data in cell types tab
- And just make them 0.0
- Saved again.
- It worked!

#### Let's Add Intracellular Attribute

<intracellular type="roadrunner">

```
<sbml filename>./config/Toy Metabolic Model.xml</sbml filename>
          <map PC substrate="oxygen" sbml species="Oxygen"></map >
          <map PC substrate="lactate" sbml species="Lactate"></map >
          <map PC substrate="glucose" sbml species="Glucose"></map >
          <map PC phenotype="da" sbml species="apoptosis rate"></map>
          <map PC phenotype="mms" sbml species="migration speed"></map>
          <map PC phenotype="ssr lactate" sbml species="Lac Secretion Rate"></map>
          <map PC phenotype="ctr 0 0" sbml species="Transition Rate"></map>
</intracellular>
```

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