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The Precipitable-Water Model Analysis Tool is an open-source suite for analyzing the relationship between atmospheric brightness temperature and precipitable water.

**Warning:** This documentation is under active development.

2 CONTENTS:

#### **CHAPTER**

#### ONE

#### **GETTING STARTED**

#### 1.1 Introduction

The Precipitable-water Model Analysis Tool (PMAT) is a computational utility that is used to analyze the data collected from this project to understand the relationship between the zenith sky temperature and precipitable water in the atmosphere. PMAT has three different modules that work together to present data.

The first is the Deployment Module. This module acts as the user interface for the software suite, whether it be locally or through cloud services.

The second is the Pre-processing Module, this module imports data from University of Utah's MesoWest and the University of Wyoming UpperAir Databases.

The third module is the main program to run the analysis, the DAnalysis Module. Here the all of the data is presented and the regression analysis between precipitable water and zenith sky temperature is conducted.

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#### 1.2 Installation and Deployment Tutorial

We also require two data files. One that contains the raw data collected by the temperature sensors, that also includes date and time information (cool\_data.csv). The second should contain sensor definitions with additional parameters for the preprocessing and analysis phases (\_pmat.yml). A template and detailed breakdown of the configuration file is provided in Chapter 2.1, followed by a detailed breakdown on the data file format.

#### 1.2.1 **Github**

This version of the Deployment module is, for the most part, automated and recommended. Follow the steps in this section to successfully deploy PMAT through GitHub with GitHub Actions.

- 1. Create a GitHub repository from the template repository<sup>1</sup>.
- 2. Edit the README.md page based on your location and username
- Update all files that are contained in the data/ directory, and utilize the documentation on data formatting that is provided
- Upon finializing updates on cool\_data.csv, the workflow will run automatically and the visual and data products will be generated

<sup>1</sup> https://template.pmat.app

#### 1.2.2 Amazon Web Service (AWS)

For Amazon Web Services, PMAT can be configured through the EC2 virtual machines. Once they have been configured, connect to the virutal machine. Once connected, enter the following commands

sudo yum update -y

sudo amazon-linux-extras install docker

From here, data files can be added and utilizing the local\_deploy.sh script, PMAT can be executed.

#### 1.2.3 Google Cloud Console (GCloud)

#### **1.2.4 Local**

We fully support Ubuntu and Debian systems. We do have minimal Windows support through the usage of Windows Subsystem for Linux (WSL) and Virutalization.

#### 1.2.5 Development

#### **CHAPTER**

#### **TWO**

#### **WORKING WITH DATA AND PMAT**

This chapter will discuss the data components associated with PMAT. The first section will detail the formatting guidelines of the input files, followed by another discussion regarding the various output files generated by the software suite.

#### 2.1 Input Data Formatting

The two input files discussed in this section include a YAML configuration file and a Comma Separated Value data file.

#### 2.1.1 Configuration Input

The role of the configuration file is to store a series of parameters that includes sensor information, analytic parameters, logging options, and the site identifiers for the University of Wyoming's Upper-Air database and the University of Utah's MesoWest database.

A template of the configuration file presented in Template XX shows the structure of the data fields. The filename of this file

must be \_pmat.yml.

Sensor fields

**sensor.name** (*string*): **Detail:** The name of the sensor. **Note:** If there are multiple of the same sensor use the notation \_N with N being the index of the sensor.

**Example:** Sensor 09, Sensor 10\_1, Sensor 10\_2

sensor.error (float):

Detail: The manufacturer reported error on the sensor (OPTIONAL Example 2.5, 5.0

sensor.color (string):

Detail: A hexadecimal color code that will be used to identify the sense Example: FF0000, 0000FF

**sensor.ratio** (*string*): **Detail:** The distance to spot ratio that is reported by the manufacturer. **Example:** 12 to 1, 21 to 1

sensor.emissivity (*float*): Detail: The emissivity of the sensor as reported by the manufacturer. (OPTIONAL) Example: 0.95

**sensor.poster** (*boolean*): **Detail:** A boolean that will decide whether the sensor will be shown in the poster-specific plots **Example:** true, false

**sensor.active** (*boolean*): **Detail:** A boolean that will decide whether the sensor will be used in the analysis. **Example:** true, false

Analysis

train\_fraction (float): Detail: The fraction of data being used

to create the training set. **Note:** A value between 0 and 1. **Example:** 0.8

rel\_difference (float): Detail: Ex. 2

**iteration.step** (*integer*): **Detail:** The number of steps the analysis will run **Ex.** 1, 100, 1000

Logging

**verbose** (*string*): **Detail:** An identifier for the level of logging **Ex.** DEBUG, WARN, ERROR, INFO

Import For information regarding the usage of external files for PWV or RH measurements, refer to ...

**mesowest.id** (*string*): **Detail:** The measurement site identifier for the MesoWest database **Ex.** KONM, KRAP

**wyoming.id** (*string*): **Detail:** The measurement site identifier for the Wyoming Upper-Air database Ex. ABQ, EPZ

wyoming.weight (*string*): Detail: The weighting used on the PWV measurements for analysis. Note: If there is multiple sites, these values should add to 0.5. Ex. 0.4, 0.2, 0.5

#### 2.1.2 Raw Data File

The raw data file is processed, through pattern identification, allowing for a flexible format with few strict requirements. One of these requirements is that the sky and ground temperature should be separated into groups and ordered the same way as the configuration file. Here are three examples of data files:

- Dataset Example 1<sup>2</sup>
- Dataset Example 2<sup>3</sup>
- Dataset Example 3<sup>4</sup>

It should be noted that the columns do not have to be in any set order, with one small caveat, the model pulls the data from columns with headers containing specific words or phrases. The caveat is with regards to Ground and Sky temperature readings. The temperature measurements must go in consecutive order by sensor as determined by \_pmat.yml.

For example, if the order of the sensors in \_pmat.yml is 1610 TE, FLIR i3, and then AMES 1. Then the order of the ground and sky temperature measurements in the dataset should be: 1610 TE, FLIR i3, and then AMES 1. (As seen in Dataset 2).

- **Date** (*datetime*, "*YYYY-MM-DD*"): **Detail:** The date of the measurements.
- **Time** (*datetime*, `'*HH:MM*`'): **Detail:** The local time of the measurements
- **Sky temperature** (*float*): **Detail:** The sky temperature measurements. The header of this column should be Sensor Name (Sky), where Sensor Name is the name of the sensor used in the configuration file.
- **Ground temperature** (*float*): **Detail:** The ground temperature measurements. The header of this column should be Sen-

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> https://github.com/physicsgoddess1972/Precipitable-Water-Model/blob/master/data/example/example1.csv

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> https://github.com/physicsgoddess1972/Precipitable-Water-Model/blob/master/data/example/example2.csv

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> https://github.com/physicsgoddess1972/Precipitable-Water-Model/blob/master/data/example/example1.csv

sor Name (Ground), where Sensor Name is the name of the sensor in the configuration file.

#### 2.2 Output Data Formatting

There are a variety of data files generated by the software suite. The data files are stored as CSV files, with each row presenting data for a single day.

#### 2.2.1 General data files

The primary data file [master\_data.csv] generated is the full dataset that includes:

- Date
- time
- sky condition (clear sky/overcast)
- · ground temperature
- sky temperature
- Radiosonde PWV
- Relative Humidity
- Dewpoint
- User comments

#### 2.2.2 Machine learning

The machine learning data file includes five columns:

- Date
- Average brightness temperature
- Average PWV
- Relative Humidity
- · Sky Condition

This data set supports the classification of data by the sky condition label.

#### 2.2.3 Analytic results

The main analytical results are stored as YAML configuration files. The results of each step in the iterative analysis process are saved to a file with the name \_output.yml. An example of this file is presented below. [sample of \_output.yml] [table of the fields in \_output.yml]

The averaged results of the steps are also stored in a YAML file. [sample of results.yml] [table of the fields in results.yml]

#### **CHAPTER**

#### **THREE**

#### **REPORTING ISSUES WITH PMAT**

- 3.1 Bug reporting
- 3.1.1 Opening a Ticket
- 3.2 Feature requests

#### **CHAPTER**

#### **FOUR**

#### **CHANGELOG**

#### 4.1 PMAT Cirrus

Version 2.0

**Date** 6 Mar 2021

**Tagline** New and Improved PMAT

#### 4.1.1 Overall

• [Updated] Compatible with R 4.0

#### 4.1.2 Data-input

- [Added] Now includes relative humidity imports.
- [Added] Now pulls data from MesoWest..
- [Added] New guidelines for sensors that are not active (See Documentation Page for further info.)

#### 4.1.3 Setup-script

- [Updated] Now installs R 4.0
- [Added] Additional argument to configure database imports (run *bash setup.sh -h* for more information)

#### 4.1.4 Plots

- [Fixed] Fixed issues with bar charts where if there were more than three sensors, not all bar charts would be added for the remaining sensors.
- [Added] Added more time series plots and more composite plots.
- [Updated] Changed the x-axis labeling system to have tick marks at the 1st of the month.
- [Updated] Redesigned the main analytical plot, confidence interval is now a shaded region, and the plot is now monochromatic.
- [Updated] Pac-Man residual was removed from this plot set.
- [Updated] Pac-man residual now resides in a new plot set (run *Rscript model.r –pacman*)
- [Added] Mean TPW and Mean temperature comparison can now be visualized in a Pac-Man plot.

#### 4.1.5 Web-applications

- [Added] Two web-apps are active. One is a Data Dashboard, which allows for the viewing of time series data as a scatter plot or a heat map, and analytical comparisons between data that has been collected.
- [Added] The Data Dashboard also allows for custom time series data to be uploaded.
- [Added] The Machine Learning dashboard now allows for custom data to be uploaded.

#### 4.1.6 Documentation

- [Fixed] Fixed multiple CSS issues.
- [Updated] Altered Pac-Man residual plot documentation to refer to the package documentation
- [Updated] Updated procedure to include the new command-line arguments
- [Added] Included buttons on the dashboard's "Project Updates" card to include Pac-Man plots and Poster plots that are generated from data we have collected.
- [Updated] We also scored a .tech domain for the page.

#### 4.1.7 Automation

• [Misc] This is a work in progress

#### 4.2 PMAT Altocumulus

Version 1.0

**Date** 10 Nov 2019

**Tagline** Initial Deployment of The Precipitable Water Model

#### 4.2.1 Overall

- [Added] Flexible data input
- [Added] Easy Hands-off setup.
- [Added] Command-line arguments to access the different plots available
- [Added] Time Series plots for zenith sky temperature and precipitable water
- [Added] Analytical plots showing the correlation between zenith sky temperature and precipitable water
- [Added] Poster ready plots for presentations
- [Added] A data set including the average temperature and precipitable water
- [Added] The Pac-Man Residual
- [Updated] Documentation Page.

#### **CHAPTER**

#### **FIVE**

#### **TEMPLATES**

#### 5.1 Input Data File

#### 5.1.1 \_pmat.yml

```
- instruments:
    - sensor:
        name:
        error:
        color:
        ratio:
        range:
        emissivity:
        poster:
        active:
- analysis:
        - train_fraction:
        rel_difference:
        iteration:
        step:
```

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```
seed:
- logging:
- verbose:
- import:
- mesowest:
- id:
- wyoming:
- id:
weight:
```

#### **CHAPTER**

#### SIX

#### **PMAT REFERENCE**

#### 6.1 pmat\_analysis.r

**module** Precipitable Water Model Analysis Tool: Analysis

**synopsis** This module contains analysis functions

exp.regression(t=NULL, mean.out)

**Detail** Function includes all of the stuff to generate the exponential regression model with intervals

#### **Parameters**

- t (double) training fraction
- mean.out (list) the output of mean.filter

**Returns** returns the data series and model statistics

Return type list

lin.regression(x, y)

**Detail** Linear regression function

#### **Parameters**

- **x** (double) the domain of the dataset
- **y** (double) the range of the dataset

**Returns** returns the data series and model statistics

Return type list

data.partition(x, y, tr.sz=0.7)

**Detail** splits the data into a training/testing set

#### **Parameters**

- **x** (double) domain of the data
- **y** (double) range of the data
- **tr.sz** (*double*) fraction of the data in the testing set

**Returns** a list containing the training and testing sets

Return type list

iterative.analysis(obool, mean.out)

**Detail** computes regression statistics and outputs to a yaml file

#### **Parameters**

- **obool** (*logical*) determine whether to generate new \_output.yml
- mean.out (list) output of mean.filter

**Returns** iterative stats and \_output.yml

**Return type** list

 $lsvm(x, y, l, tr.sz=0.7, seed=sample(1:2^15, 1))$ 

**Detail** Generates a Linear Support Vector Machine and draws the decision hyperplane and support vectors

#### **Parameters**

- **x** (*double*) domain of dataset
- **y** (double) range of dataset
- 1 (double) labels of the dataset
- **tr.sz** (*double*) fraction of data to be used for model training
- **seed** (*integer*) the random seed

**Returns** list of data, labels, and the coefficients

Return type list

#### 6.2 pmat\_processing.r

**module** Precipitable Water Model Analysis Tool: Pre-processing

synopsis functions for preprocessing

colscheme(range)

**Detail** a function that generates an array of colors based on the number of elements

**Parameters range** (list) – a list of data series

**Returns** a list of colors

Return type list

mean.filter(nan.out, n)

**Detail** filters the data based on the comparison of the daily std and the average std of the dataset

#### **Parameters**

- nan.out (list) the output of nan.filter
- **n** (*integer*) threshold

**Returns** an array of indicies for PWV values to be analyzed

Return type list

dna.filter(fover)

**Detail** removes data labels as Do Not Analyze

**Parameters fover** (list) – overcast.filter results

**Returns** overcast.filter results with DNA points removed

Return type list

nan.filter(stuff)

**Detail** removes nan values from a set of lists

**Parameters stuff** (*1ist*) – list of arrays

**Returns** returns list with filtered data and the indicies with nans

Return type list

inf.counter(bool, snsr\_data, label)

**Detail** identifies the -Inf values

#### **Parameters**

- **bool** (*logical*) decides if -Inf is not replaced with NaN
- $snsr_data(list)$  the dataset
- **label** (*character*) the identifer for the dataset (e.g. sky, gro, skyo, groo)

**Returns** data set that replaces all -Infs for NaN (If bool == FALSE).

#### Return type list

index.norm(x)

**Detail** calculates the normalized index of the dataset

**Parameters x** (*double*) – data range

**Returns** an array of values between 0 and 1

Return type double

**Detail** Filters our data with overcast condition

#### **Parameters**

- **col\_con** (*integer*) column index for condition labels
- **col\_date** (*integer*) column index for date stamp
- **col\_com** (*integer*) column index for comments
- **pw\_name** (list) pw measurement labels
- **snsr\_name** (*list*) sensor labels
- cloud\_bool (logical) -

**Returns** A list of lists containing either clearsky/overcast data Return type list

sky.processing(overcast)

**Detail** Computes average values and weighted averages

**Parameters overcast** (*list*) – results of the overcast.filter function

**Returns** series of arrays including average PWV, RH, etc.

Return type list

#### 6.3 pmat products.r

**module** Precipitable Water Model Analysis Tool: Products

synopsis plotting functions for PMAT

time.pwindex(datetime)

**Detail** Normalized PWV index for both clear sky and overcast data

**Parameters date** – the datestamp of the data

time.nth\_range(range, title, color, leg.lab, ylab, datetime, overcast)

**Detail** Multirange Time Series plot series

**Parameters** 

- date the datestamp of the data
- **overcast** (*bool*) the condition of data (clear sky/overcast)

time.composite(range, title, color, ylab, datetime, overcast)

**Detail** Time Series composite plot series

#### **Parameters**

- date the datestamp of the data
- **overcast** (*bool*) the condition of data (clear sky/overcast)

**Returns** A sky temperature time series plot

**Detail** Super Average Plot with Exponential Fit

**Parameters overcast** (*bool*) – the condition of data (clear sky/overcast)

**Returns** A sky temperature time series plot

analysis.regression(overcast, x, y, des, label, iter)

**Detail** Super Average Plot with Exponential Fit

**Parameters overcast** (*bool*) – the condition of data (clear sky/overcast)

**Returns** A sky temperature time series plot

analysis.svm(model)

pac.compare(overcast, des, x, y, angular, radial)

Detail Pac-Man plot of Super Average Plot

**Parameters overcast** (*bool*) – the condition of data (clear sky/overcast)

**Returns** A sky temperature time series plot

pac.regression(overcast)

**Detail** Pac-Man residual plot

**Parameters overcast** (*bool*) – the condition of data (clear sky/overcast)

**Returns** A sky temperature time series plot

chart.histogram(range, xlabel, title)

**Detail** Histograms of defined quantities

#### **Parameters**

- range a data range
- **xlabel** the xaxis label
- **title** the title of the histogram

poster.plots(overcast, iter, mean.out)

**Detail** The set of all poster

**Parameters overcast** (*bool*) – the condition of data (clear sky/overcast)

**Returns** All available poster plots

poster1(...)

poster2(overcast, iter, mean.out)

**Detail** The analytics poster plot

**Parameters overcast** (*bool*) – the condition of data (clear sky/overcast)

sensor.chart(...)

**Detail** overcast distribution charts

sensor.time(overcast)

**Detail** Instrumentation time series plots

data.gen(overcast, dir)

**Detail** creates a datafile containing the date, avg temp, and avg pwv for a defined condition

#### **Parameters**

- **overcast** (*boo1*) the condition of the data (clear sky/overcast)
- **dir** directory path

data.ml(dir)

**Detail** creates a datafile containing the machine learning relavant information

**Parameters dir** – directory path

data.**step**(seed, i, coef, r, S)

data.final(dir, clear.len, over.len, train.len, nan.len, frac.kept, coef, std, rmse)

**Detail** saves plot sets

#### **Parameters**

- **set** (*character*) the set identifier
- **overcast** (*logical*) ovecast boolean

#### 6.4 pmat\_run.r

**module** Precipitable-Water Model Analysis Tool

**synopsis** The main file for PMAT. Documentation available at <a href="https://docs.pmat.app">https://docs.pmat.app</a>.

#### 6.5 pmat\_utility.r

**module** Precipitable Water Model Analysis Tool: Utility

synopsis general functions for PMAT

**logg**(*msglevel*, *msg*, *dir=out.dir*, *lev='INFO'*)

**Detail** creates log entries for \_log.txt

#### **Parameters**

- msglevel (character) -
- msg (character) -

first()

startup()

Detail shows title banner for program

closing()

**Detail** cleans up files and ends the program

reset\_time(datetime)

**Detail** A function that sets the time to 00:00:00

**Parameters datetime** (character) – a Date or datetime object

**Returns** A datetime object with time 00:00:00

#### Return type double

time\_axis\_init(date)

**Detail** A function that calculates the min, max, and position of the tick marks for

**Parameters date** (*double*) – A date or date-time object

**Returns** The max, min, and tick mark positions

Return type list

time\_axis(datetime)

**Detail** A function that sets the x-axis format for time series plots

**Parameters date** (*double*) – A date or datetime object

stnd\_title(des, overcast)

**Detail** A function that generates the title based on

#### **Parameters**

- **des** (*character*) the description of the plot
- overcast (logical) the sky condition

**Returns** a title string

Return type character