

# Data Quality Check: Version & Server Updates, Spectrum Check & Period Division

Seung-mok Lee

Sunkee kim's lab, Seoul Nat'l Univ.

COSINE Collaboration

Jul., 21<sup>st</sup>, 2021

# Purpose of Data Quality Check

- We encountered the type 2 (Gaussian) noise at low energy.
- To remove those events, we are going to discard sub-runs having too high event rate at low energy region.

# Procedure of Data Quality Check

- First, rate vs time behavior checked to identify any periods of sustained high rate.
- Next, for each sub-run count number of events in 1 – 6 keV region after event selection and histogram results.
  - Without noise, the rate distribution should be Poissonian.
  - Fit histogram to the Poissonian and determined number of events in a sub-run that excludes a sub-run at various confidence levels.
  - Until the previous version (V00-04-15), 99.9% C.L. was used to remove sub-runs.
    - William, Feb 3<sup>rd</sup>, 2020
    - William, July 28<sup>th</sup>, 2020

# Updates on Data Quality Check

- Data quality check is outdated.
  - Last update was July 2020, run 1873, production V00-04-15. Performed at cup cluster.
  - Used old BDT cuts for event selection.
- First, the manual was written.
- Second, scripts were modified for Olaf server and Slurm scheduler.
- Third, the event selection was updated. Tighter BDT and additional ES.
- Fourth, data quality check is now up to date.
  - V00-04-19, run 1939.
- Fifth, period division for crystal 4 and spectrum comparison were performed.
- The preliminary version of COSINE database is prepared.

# Manual on Data Quality Check

- The manual deals with from how to set PyRoot environment, how to write and execute Slurm job submission shell scripts, to how to perform data quality check.
  - It also illustrates about Slurm array job and job dependency options.
  - Codes at  
(Olaf): /mnt/lustre/ibs/seungmok/Share/CosineDQC/
- I hope it helps you to start research with Olaf server.

## 1. Introduction

### A) What is Data Quality Check?

- A new type of noise (called Gaussian noise, or type 2 noise) was found, especially in the low energy region, and it seems to appear more in some specific period.
- There has been some hypothesis about its origin, for example badly grounded calibration bar or LS leak, but nothing is quite sure.
- We have invented the BDTA variable to reject that noise, but still not so reliable.
- Thus, we **check the spectral shape** and **discard sub-runs with exceptionally many scintillations** in low energy (1~6 keV).
  - The data quality check would not unveil the modulation as its amplitude would be very small.
  - Therefore, this job *does not affect the unblinding*.

### B) What can I learn from this document?

- From this work, you can run quite simple and useful **pyroot** scripts in the **Olaf server** system.
- You can set your own pyroot environment through Anaconda.
- You can submit multiple jobs to the *jepyc* node through the **Slurm** scheduler.
  - You can find sample shell scripts that enable you to submit **slurm array jobs** and to **set job dependency**.
    - See **sections 4-B-i), 5-B-i), 6-B-i), and 6-B-ii)** for **slurm array job**.
    - See **sections 4-B-ii), 5-B-ii), 6-B-iii), and 7)** for **slurm job dependency**.
  - Also, you can find how to **detour slurm errors** that often caused when the **Olaf server** is busy.
    - See **section 4-B-ii)** about this issue.
- Of course, COSINE members can learn **how to perform the data quality check**.

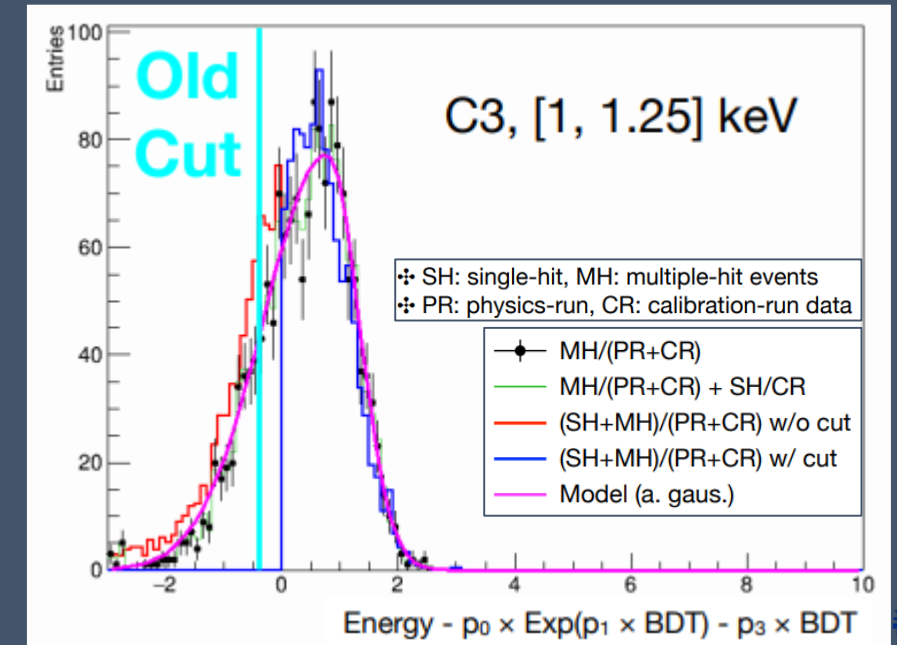
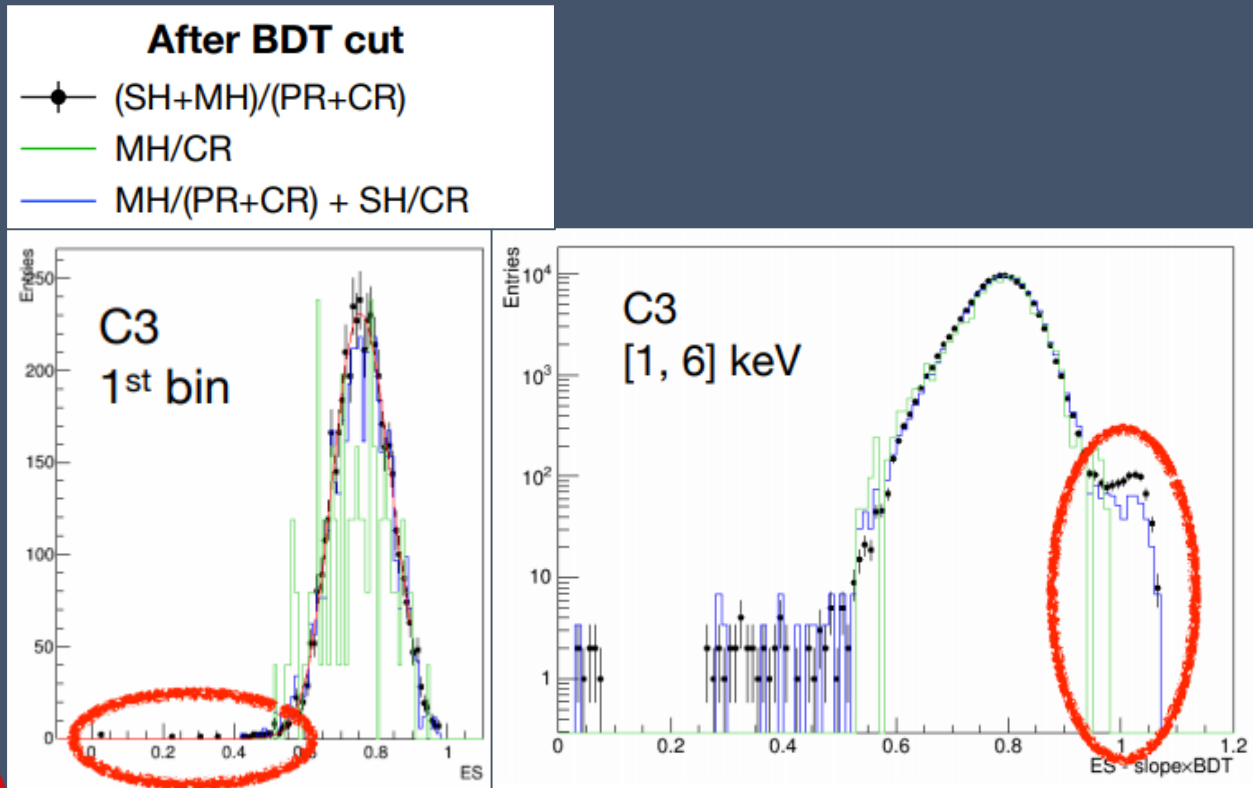
# Job Flow of Data Quality Check in Olaf

- Using the Slurm scheduler in Olaf server, I could design the work structure so that a single command line execution performs the whole data quality check study.
  - Parallel running of data trimming.
  - Calculate event rate.
  - Draw plots and tag bad sub-runs.
- Only 1~2 days took.

```
-----TIME-----TIME-----TIME----->
(trial_)perform_end_to_end.sh
├── (1) (trial_)submit_trim_singlehit.sh
│   │   at $MAIN/sources/4.TrimmingData/
│   ├── (1-a) perform_trim_singlehit_onerun.sh 1544
│   ├── (1-b) perform_trim_singlehit_onerun.sh 1545
│   │   ...
│   └── (1-z) perform_trim_singlehit_onerun.sh 1935
├── (2) submit_graph_rate_vs_time.sh
│   │   at $MAIN/sources/5.ExtractRate/
│   │   after (1)
│   ├── (2-a) perform_graph_rate_vs_time.sh 2
│   │       after (1-a~z)
│   ├── (2-b) perform_graph_rate_vs_time.sh 3
│   │       after (1-a~z)
│   │   ...
│   └── (2-e) perform_graph_rate_vs_time.sh 7
│       after (1-a~z)
└── (3) submit_draw.sh
    │   at $MAIN/sources/6.DrawPlots/
    │   after (2)
    ├── (3-a) perform_draw_rate_vs_hist.sh
    │       after (2-a~e)
    └── (3-b) perform_draw_rate_hist.sh
        after (2-a~e)
```

# Criteria Update on Data Quality Check

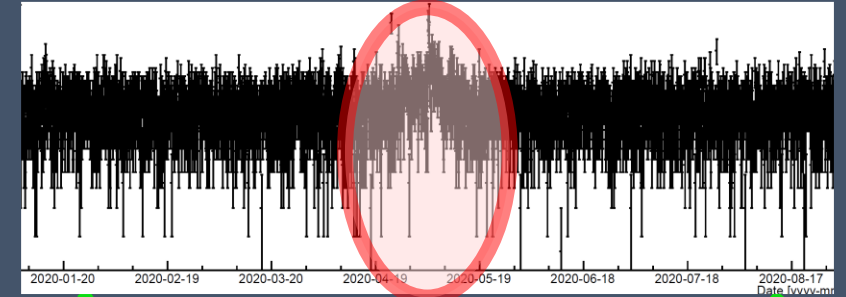
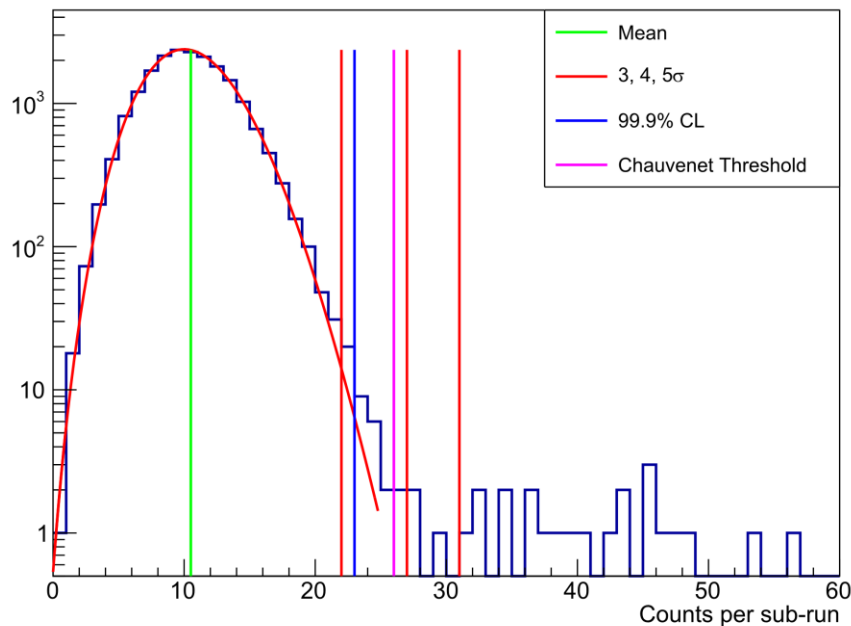
- BDT cut was updated on last October.
  - [YJ Ko, Oct 21<sup>st</sup>, 2020](#)
  - BDT criteria became tighter, and ES (DAMA variable) cut was added.



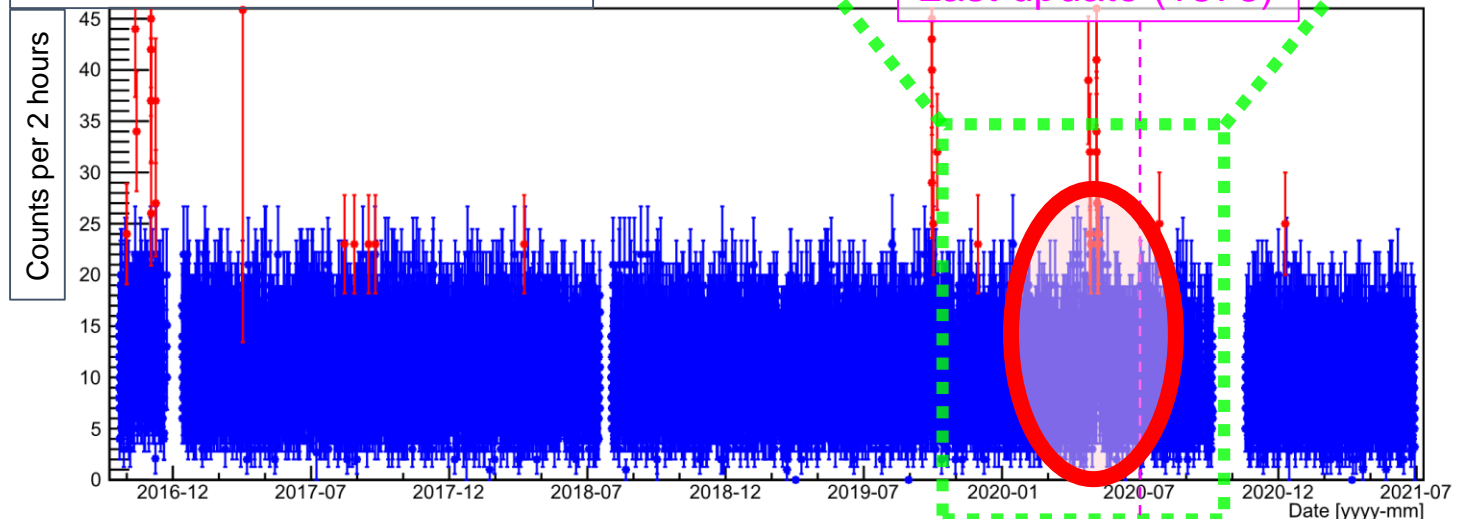
# Crystal 2 Result

- Long term instability from 20-04-18 (1873.061) to 20-05-18 (1873.410).

Crystal 2 (1-6 keV)



Bad sub-runs tagged using 99.9% CL.

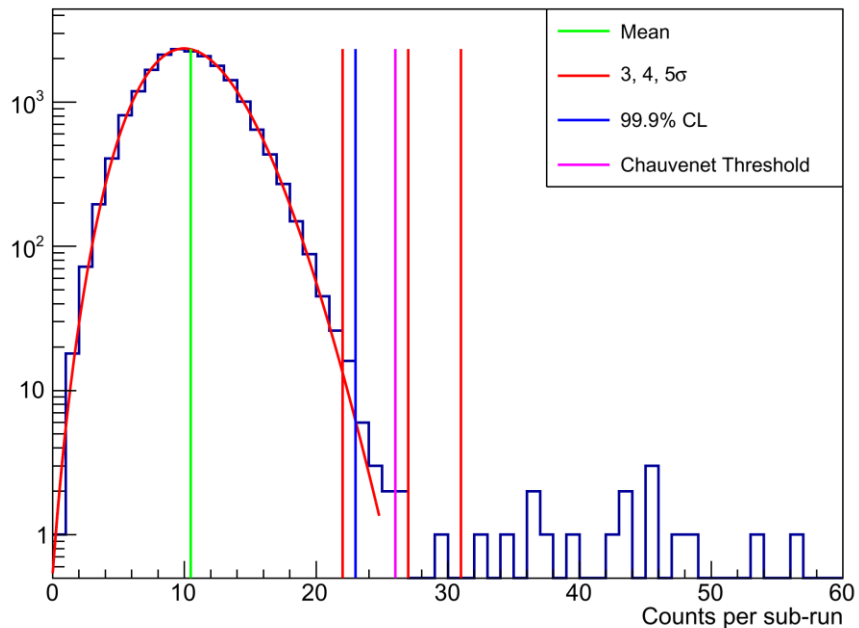




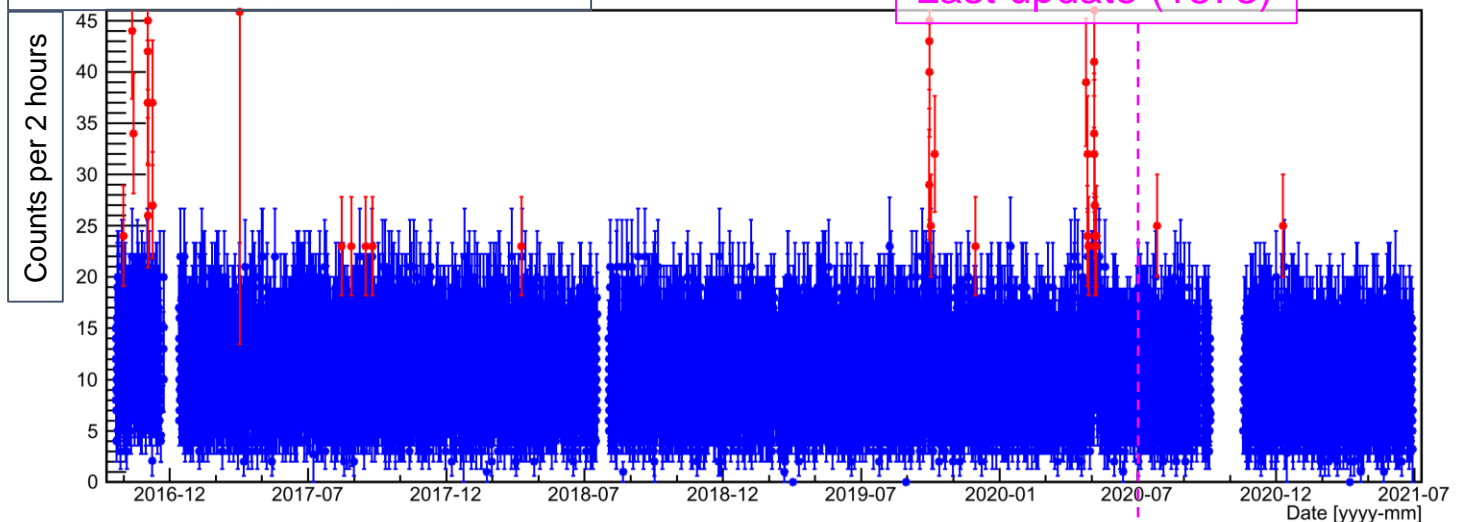
# Crystal 2 Result

- Long term instability from 20-04-18 (1873.061) to 20-05-18 (1873.410).
- Removing that instability, we get the following well-fitted plot.
- To be sure for noise rejection, 99.9% CL was adopted.

Crystal 2 (1-6 keV) Without Long Term Instability



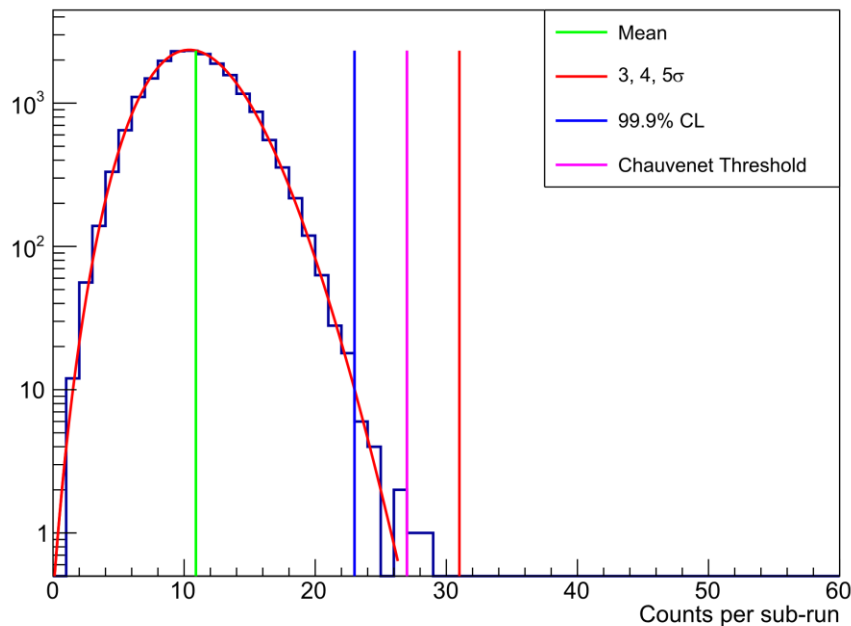
Bad sub-runs tagged using 99.9% CL.



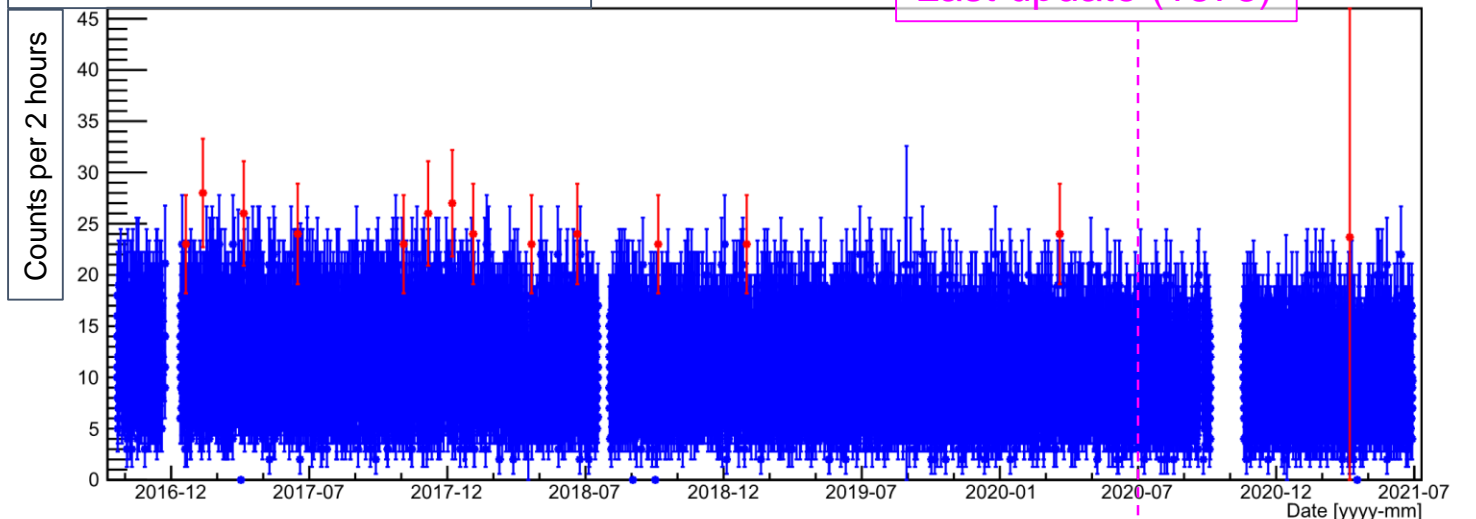
# Crystal 3 Result

- Distribution looks good. Some sub-runs were tagged.

Crystal 3 (1-6 keV)



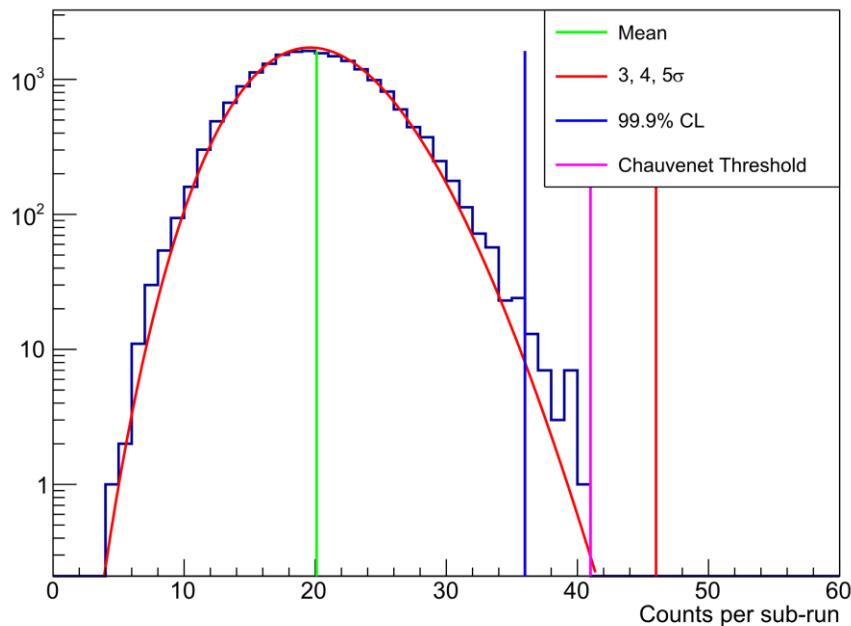
Bad sub-runs tagged using 99.9% CL.



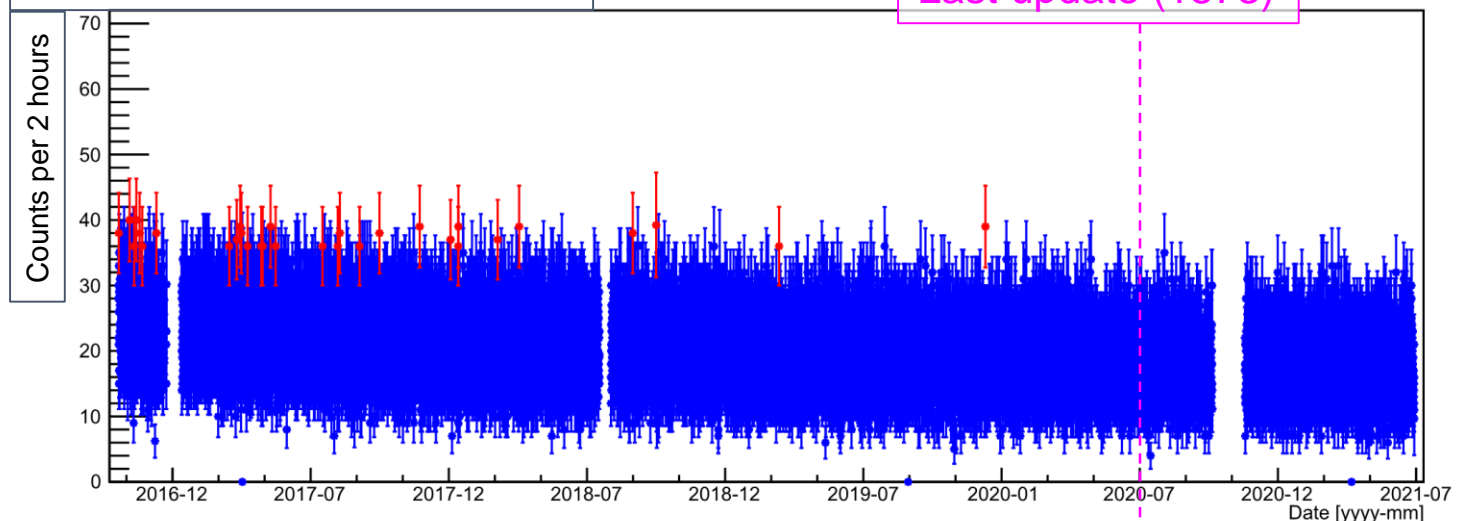
# Crystal 4 Result

- Count is decreasing. Without considering it, most bad sub-runs were tagged at early time.

Crystal 4 (1-6 keV)



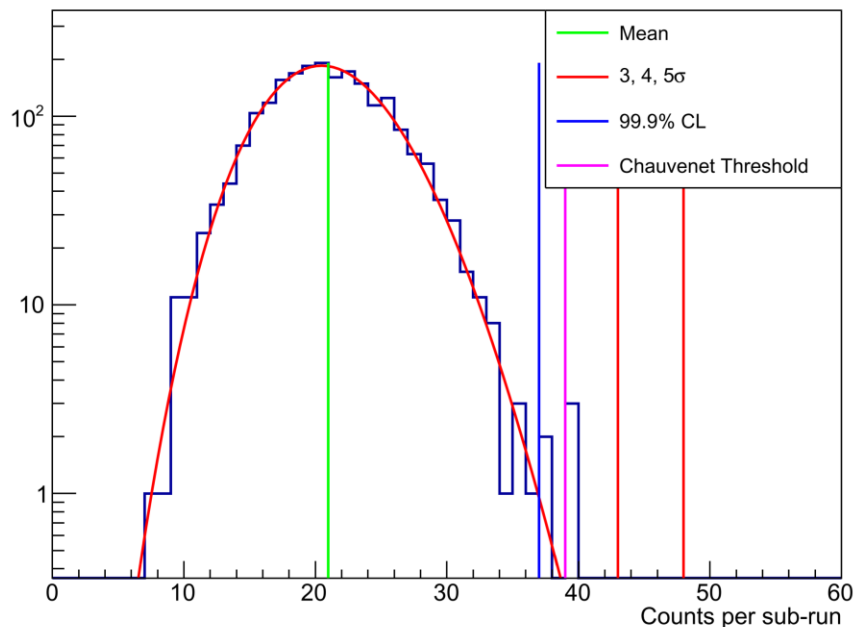
Bad sub-runs tagged using 99.9% CL.



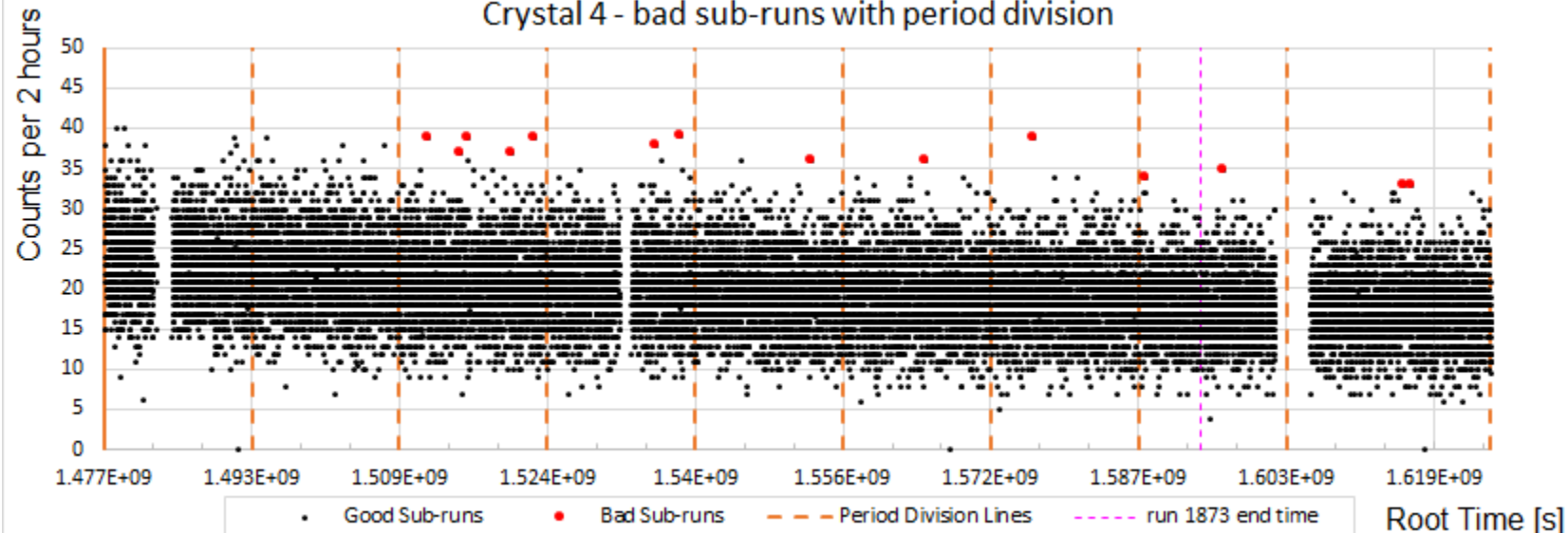
# Crystal 4 Result

- Dividing the period by 6 months, and detecting outliers in each section, the following bad sub-runs are detected.
  - Last section contains the remaining period.

Crystal 4 (1-6 keV) (3<sup>rd</sup> Section)



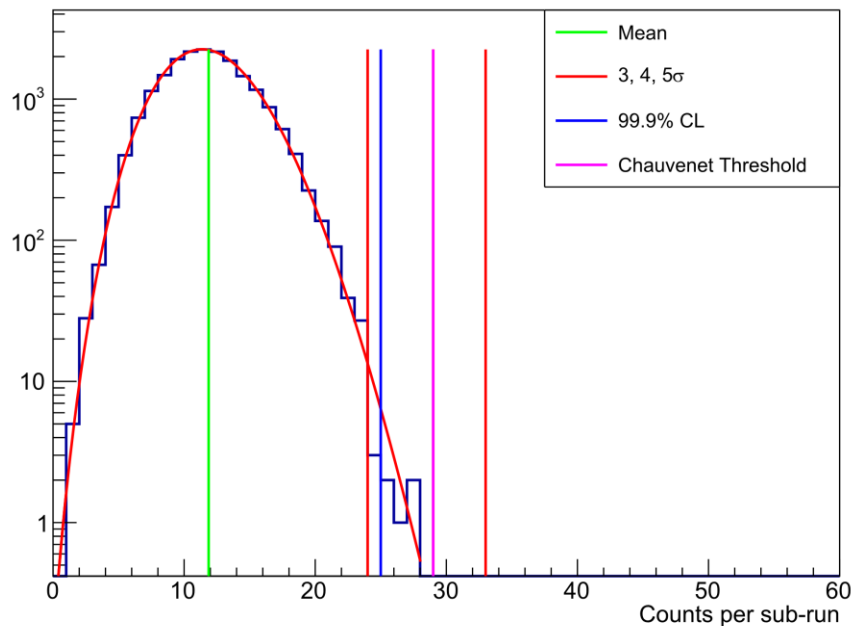
Crystal 4 - bad sub-runs with period division



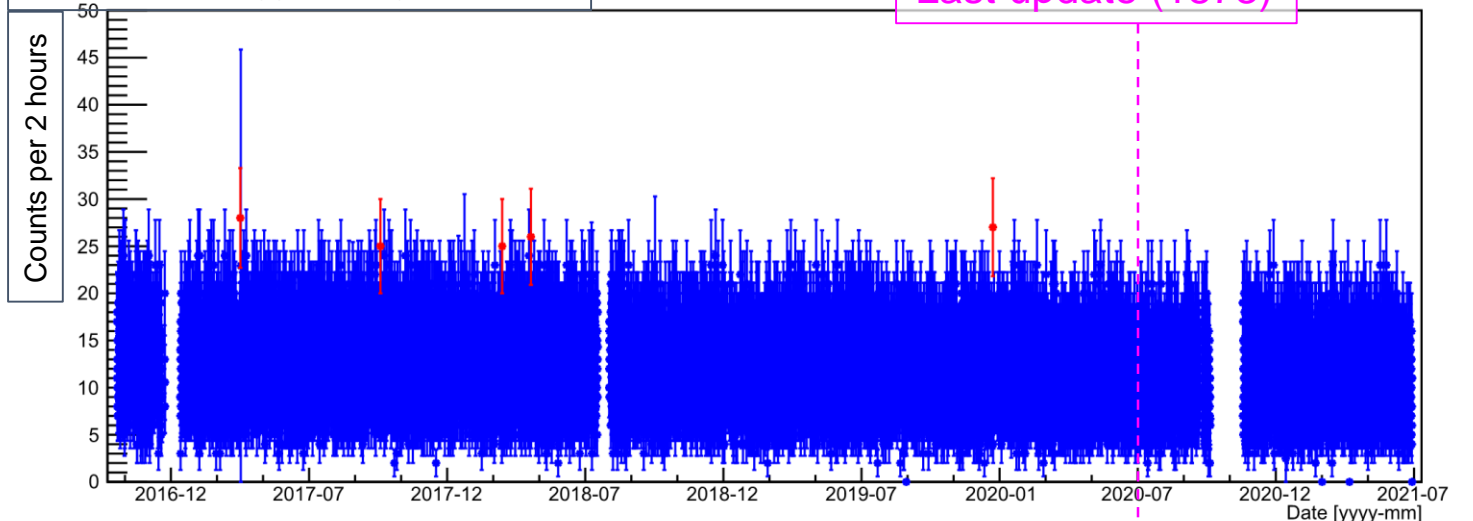
# Crystal 6 Result

- Distribution looks good. Some sub-runs were tagged.

Crystal 6 (1-6 keV)



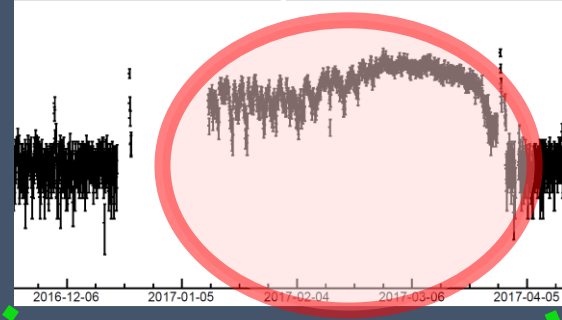
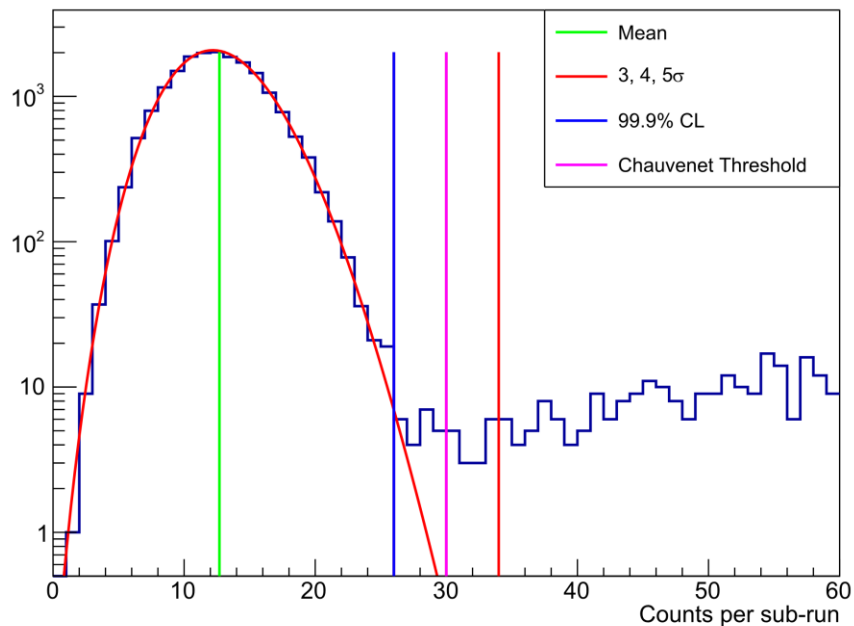
Bad sub-runs tagged using 99.9% CL.



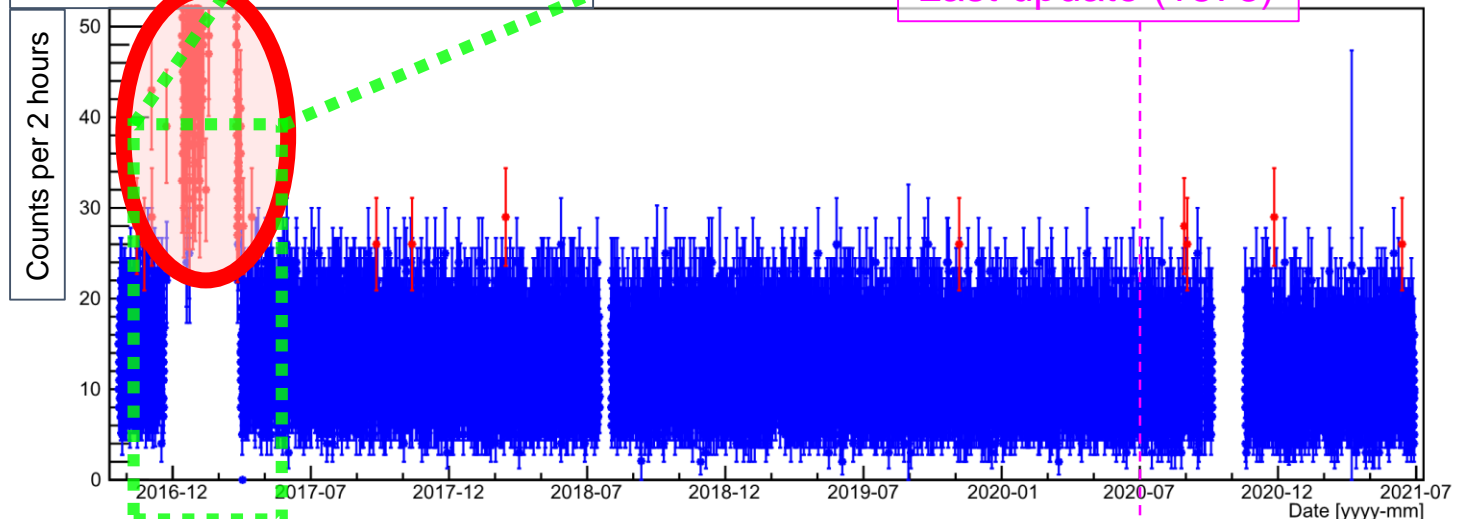
# Crystal 7 Result

- Long term instability from 16-12 (1555.000) to 16-04 (1625.008).

Crystal 7 (1-6 keV)



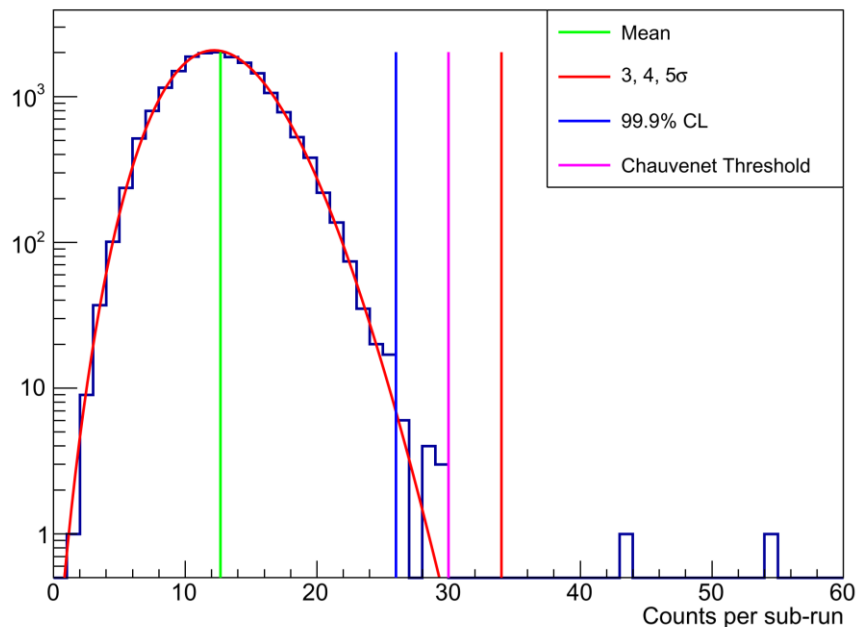
Bad sub-runs tagged using 99.9% CL.



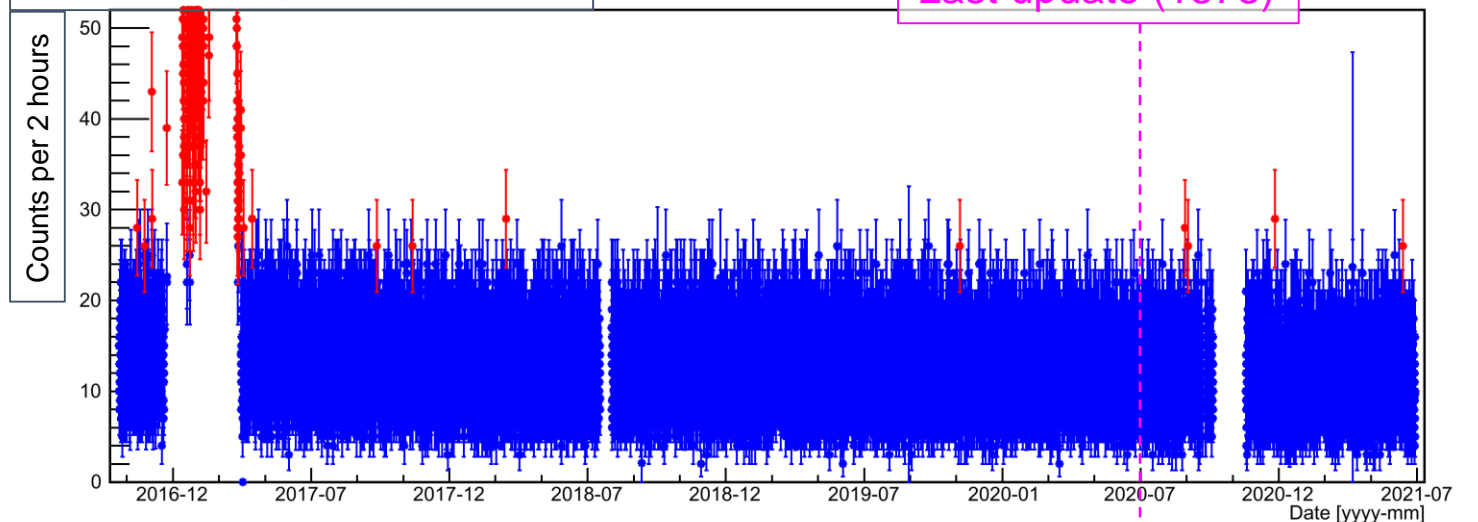
# Crystal 7 Result

- Long term instability from 16-12 (1555.000) to 16-03 (1625.008).
- Removing that instability, we get the following well-fitted plot.
- To be sure for noise rejection, 99.9% CL was adopted.

Crystal 7 (1-6 keV) Without Long Term Instability



Bad sub-runs tagged using 99.9% CL.



# Bad Sub-run Candidates

Crystal 2

Run	Sub-runs	Run	Sub-runs
1544	122-123	1718	837
	260-281	1862	366-370
	507-515		382
1546	000-002		453
1626	026	1863	099
1671	138	<b>1873 061-410</b>	
	293	(long term)	
1672	216	1875	252
	324	1919	632

Crystal 3

Run	Sub-runs	Run	Sub-runs
1616	088	1718	060
	358	1719	037
1634	006		763
1652	756	1858	046
1672	802	1859	452
1678	230	1868	704
	612	1935	996

Crystal 4

Run	Sub-runs	Run	Sub-runs
1678	072	1859	942
	562	1861	619
	686	1863	224
1718	424	1873	173
	764	1875	339
1771	346	1935	684
1777	229		789

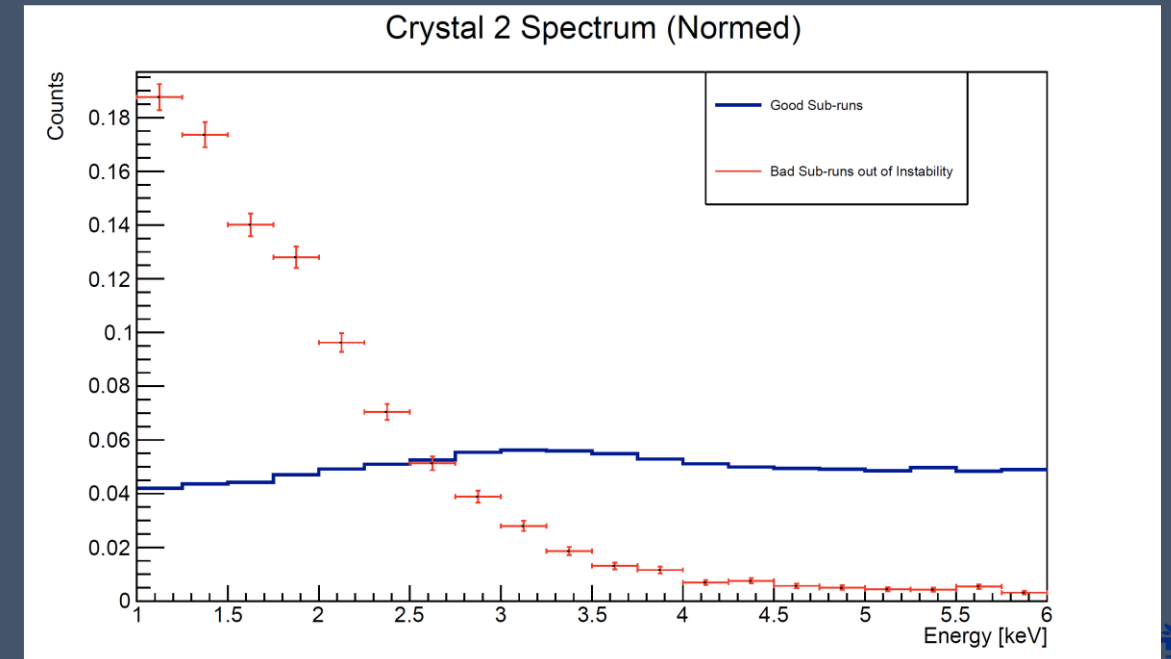
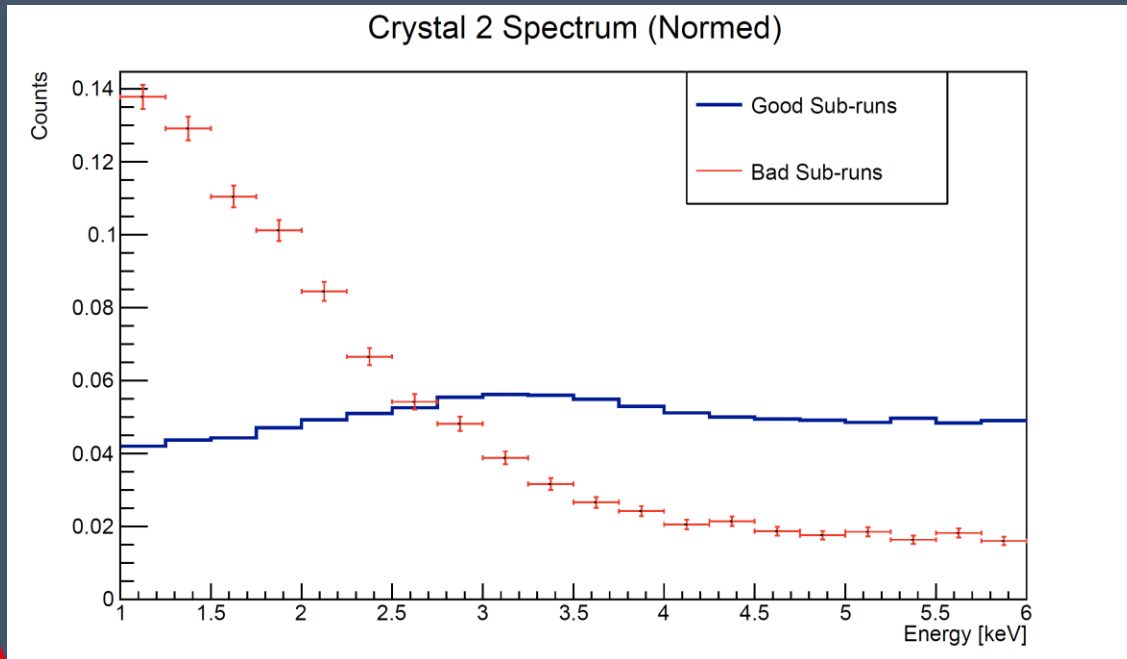


# Bad Sub-run Candidates

Crystal 6				Crystal 7			
Run	Sub-runs	Run	Sub-runs	Run	Sub-runs	Run	Sub-runs
1626	018	1719	030	1544	288	1627	002
1672	436	1865	055		406	1652	002
1718	522				521-522	1672	343
					526		909
				1555	*	1718	548
				1616	*	1862	806
				1617	*	1875	650
				1618	*		699
				1625	*	1919	462
				(long term)		1939	798

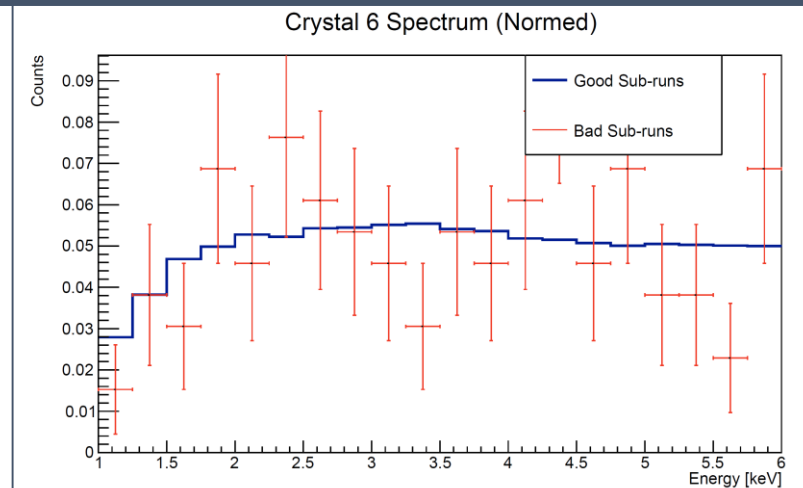
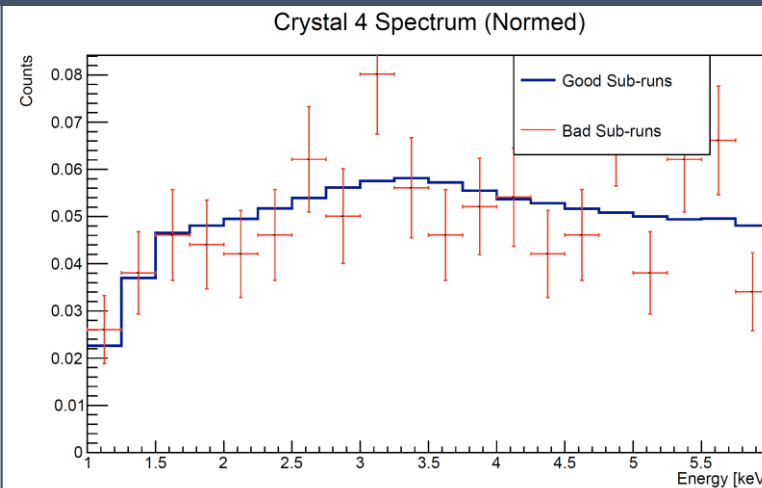
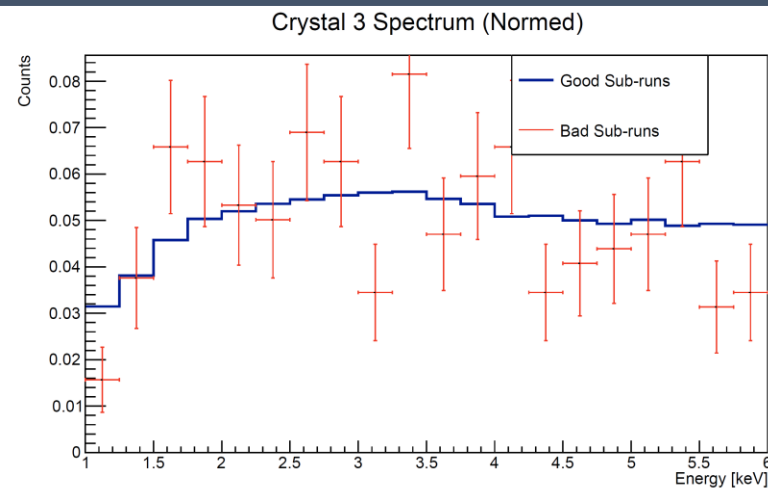
# Spectrum Comparison Crystal 2

- Spectrum of bad sub-run candidates in crystal 2 is very noisy.
- Those sub-runs were tagged as bad.



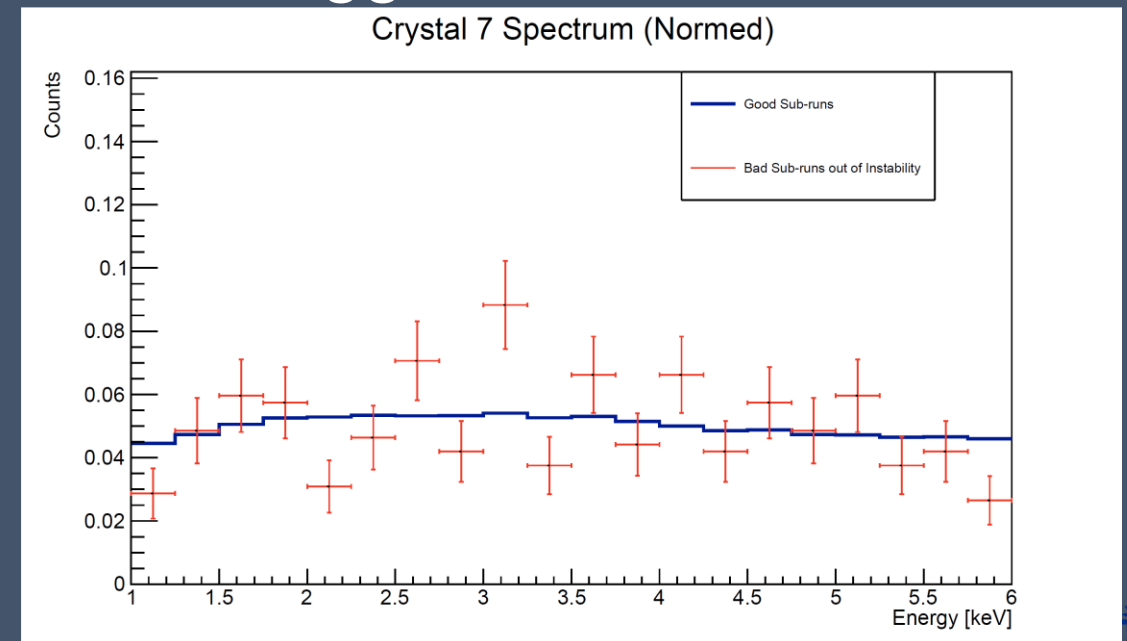
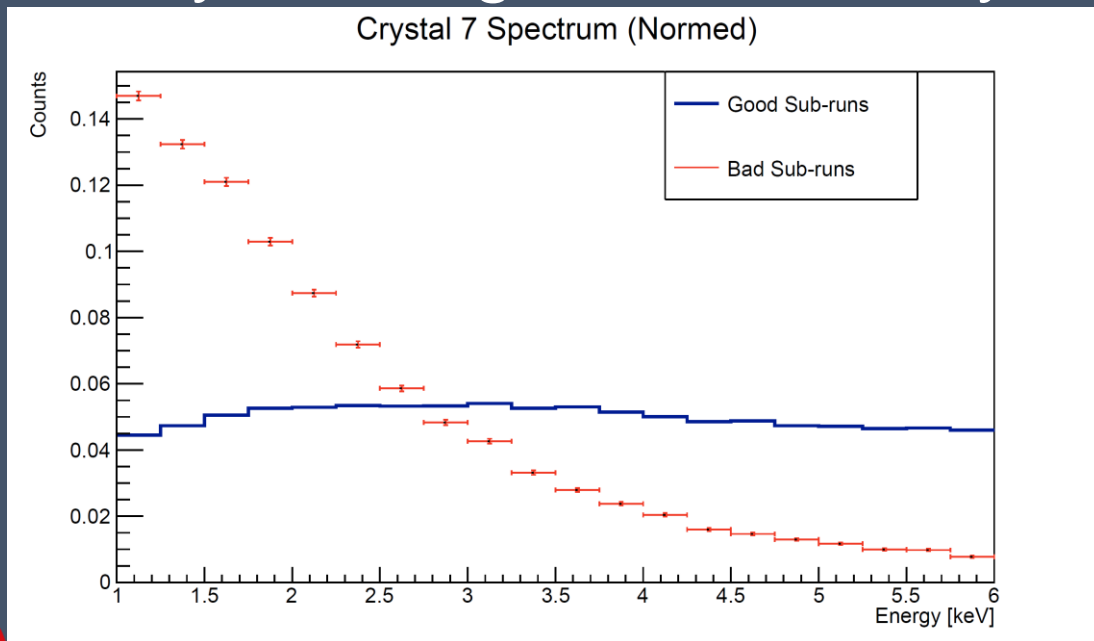
# Spectrum Comparison Crystal 3, 4, 6

- For crystal 3, 4 and 6, spectrums of bad sub-run candidates show no significant difference from good sub-runs.
  - These crystals don't have any clear long term instability.
- No bad sub-runs were tagged for those crystals.



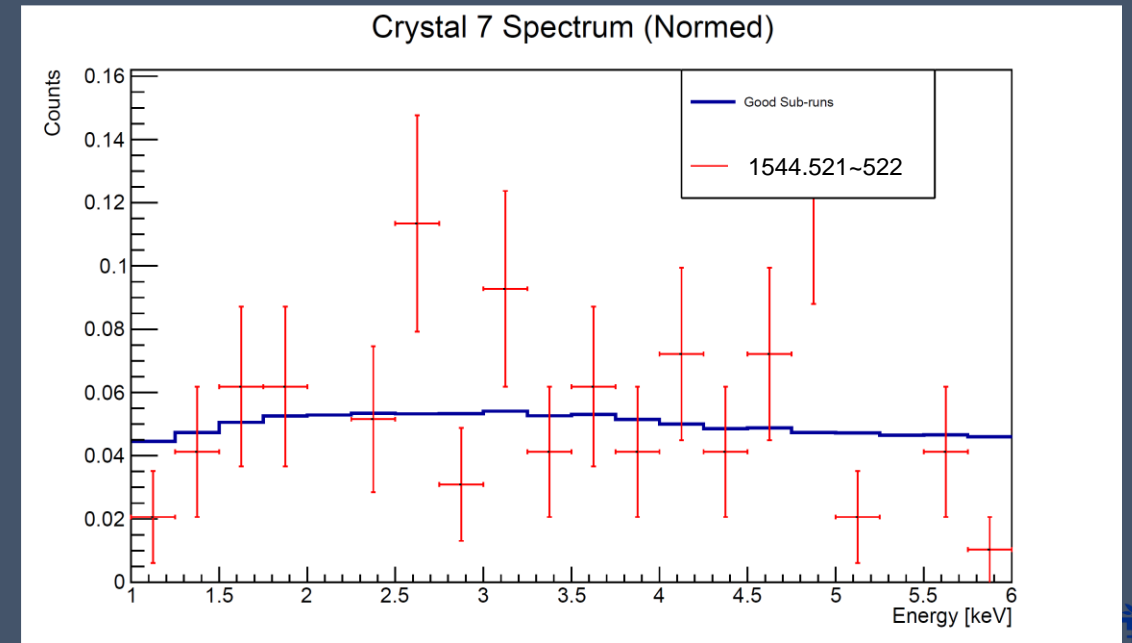
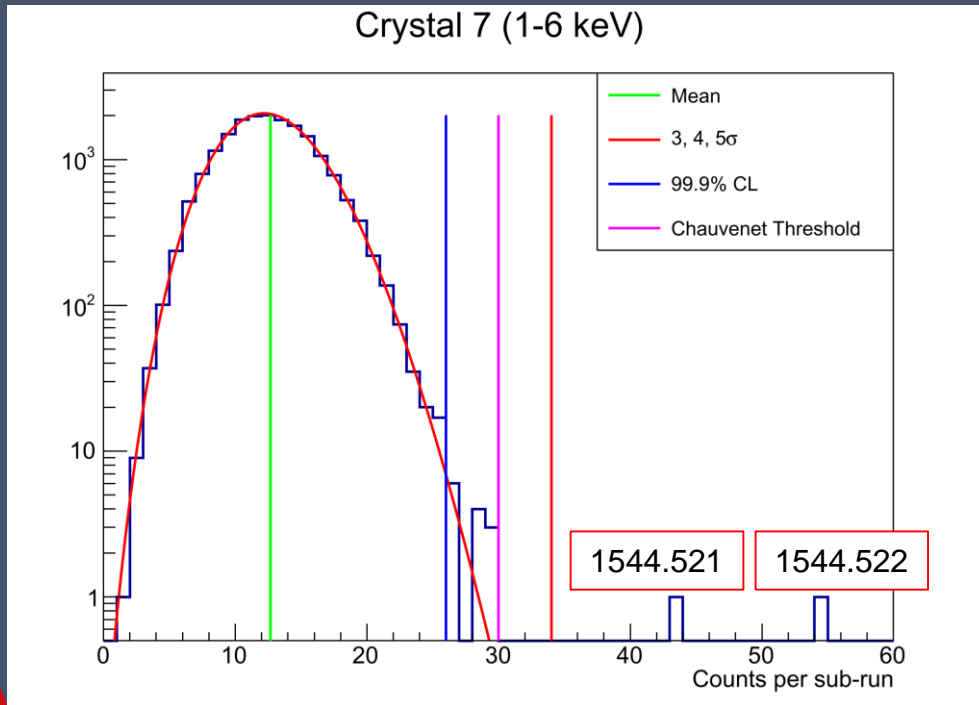
# Spectrum Comparison Crystal 7

- Spectrum of long term instability in crystal 7 is very noisy.
- Bad sub-run candidates out of the instability showed no significant difference from good sub-runs.
- Only the long term instability in crystal 7 was tagged as bad.



# Spectrum Comparison Crystal 7 – 1544.52#

- Two sub-runs in 1544 had very high event rate.
- But they also did not show some problematic spectrum.



# Conclusion Bad Sub-run List

- The bad sub-runs list for V00-04-19, run ~1939 was determined as right tables.
- Crystal 4 decaying component could be dealt by dividing the period by 6 months.
- Bad/good sub-runs were validated by observing their energy spectrums.
- The preliminary version of database is now prepared.
  - <https://cosine.cup.re.kr/app2/offline>

Crystal 2

Run	Sub-runs	Run	Sub-runs
1544	122-123	1718	837
	260-281		366-370
	507-515	1862	382
1546	000-002		453
1626	026	1863	099
1671	138	<b>1873</b>	<b>061-410</b>
	293	(long term)	
1672	216	1875	252
	324	1919	632

Crystal 3, 4, 6

No bad sub-runs were tagged.

Crystal 7

Run	Sub-runs
1555	*
1616	*
1617	*
1618	*
1625	*
(long term)	

# BACK UP

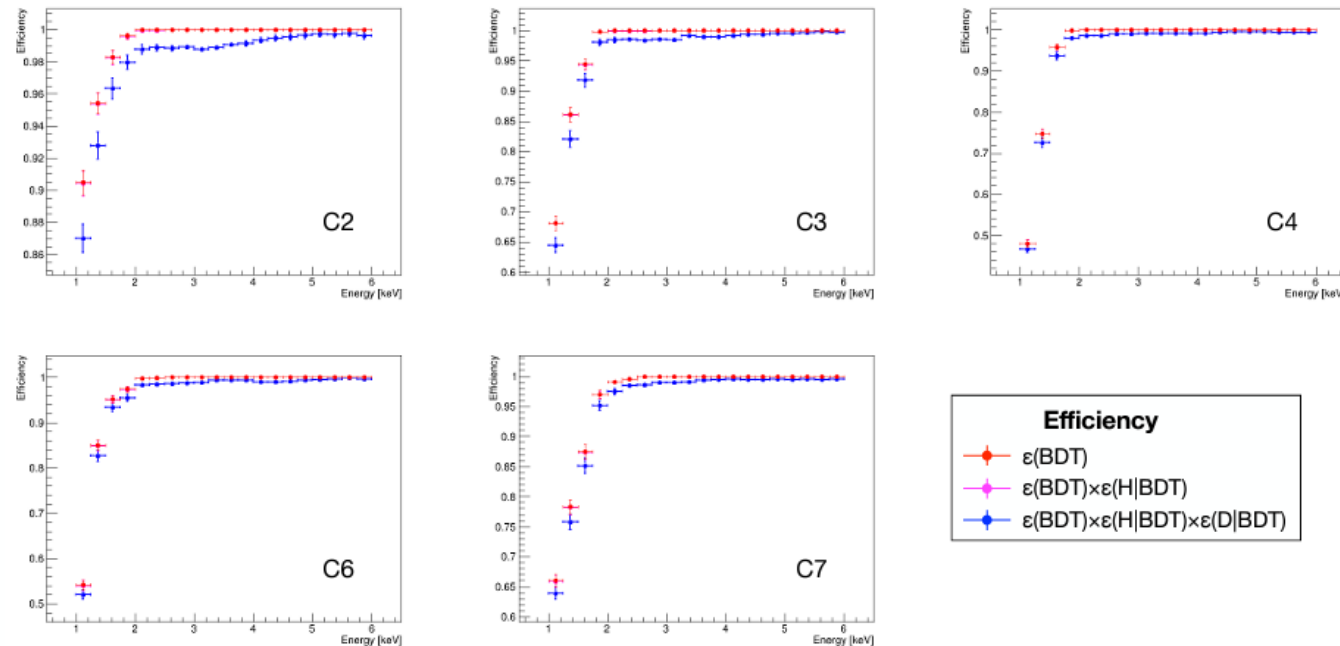
# Codes for Data Quality Check

- You can find my source codes in the directory below.
  - (Olaf): /mnt/lustre/ibs/seungmok/Share/data\_quality\_2021/
  - Or (GitLab): [gitlab.com/cosine100/data\\_quality\\_2021/](https://gitlab.com/cosine100/data_quality_2021/)
- Results are in the directory below.
  - (Olaf): /mnt/lustre/ibs/seungmok/Research/2106\_DataQualityCheck2/CosineDQC/
  - 'plots' and 'result' folders are containing the plots and bad sub-run list.



# New Event Selection Efficiency

## Efficiency



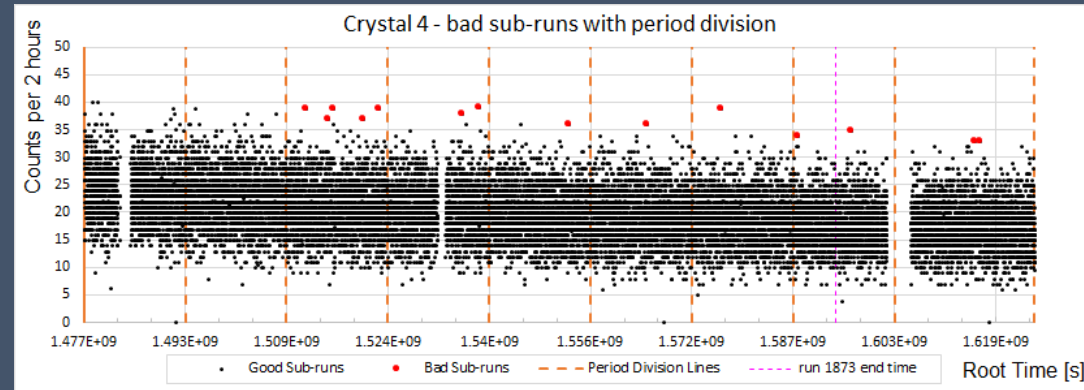
Numbers are summarized in  
/home/yjko/Works/COSINE/set2data/200911\_reAnalysis/bkgdModeling/simulation/hists/efficiency.txt

YJ Ko, Oct 21<sup>st</sup>, 2020

Event Selection

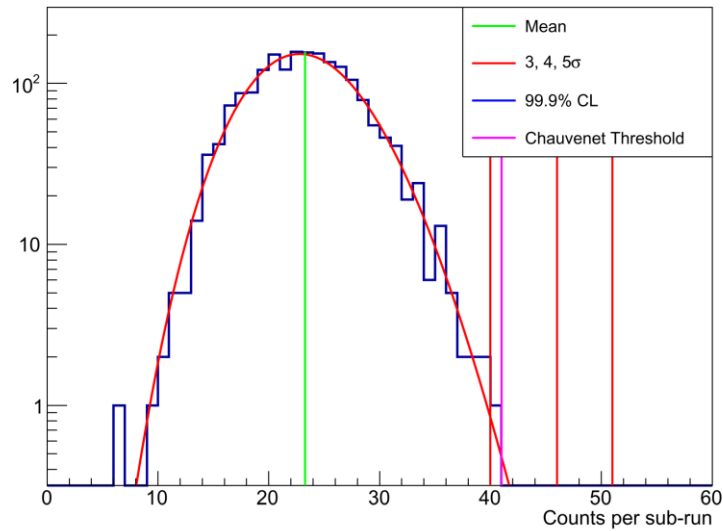
7

# Crystal 4 Histograms



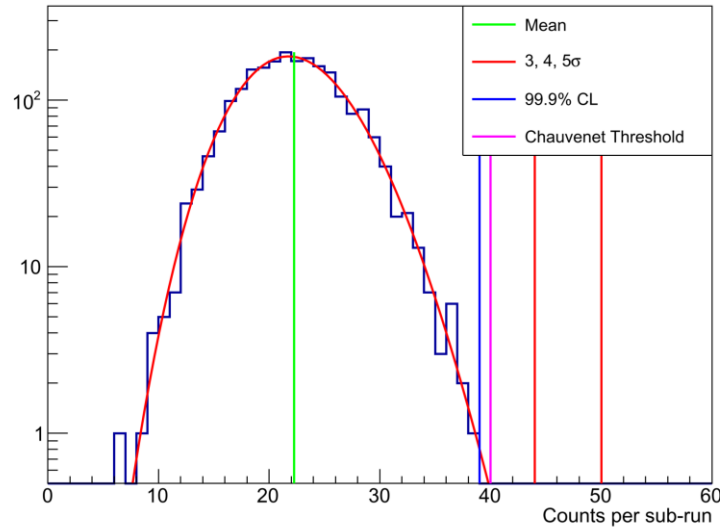
(1<sup>st</sup> Section)

Crystal 4 (1-6 keV)



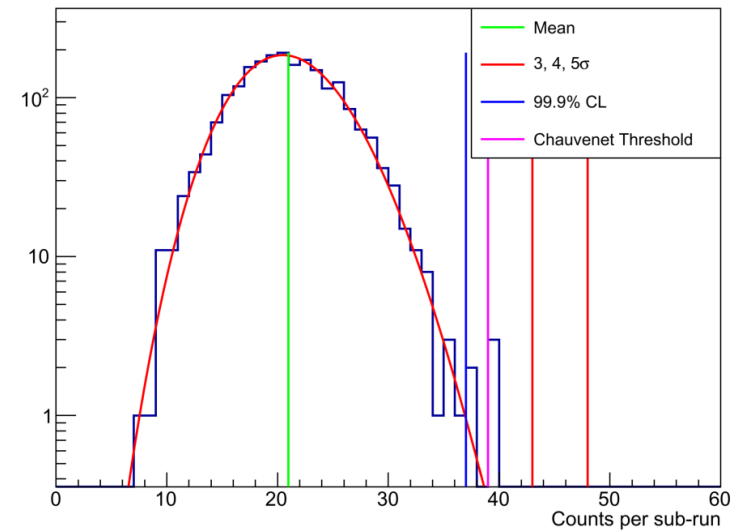
(2<sup>nd</sup> Section)

Crystal 4 (1-6 keV)

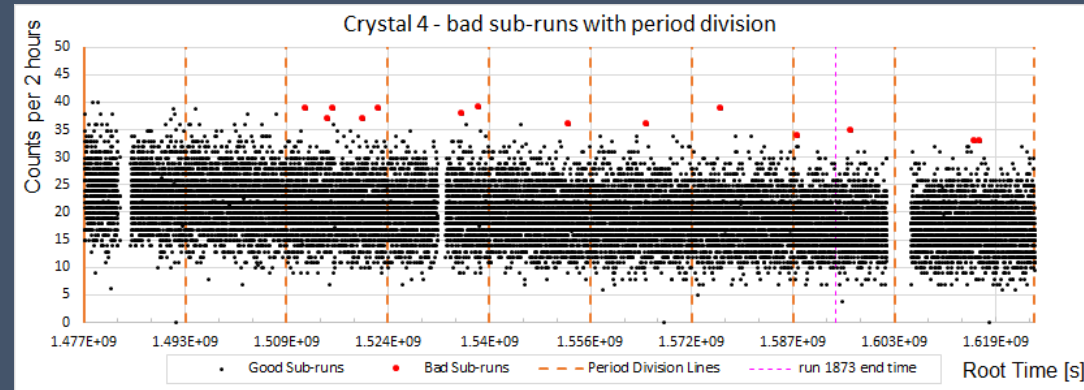


(3<sup>rd</sup> Section)

Crystal 4 (1-6 keV)

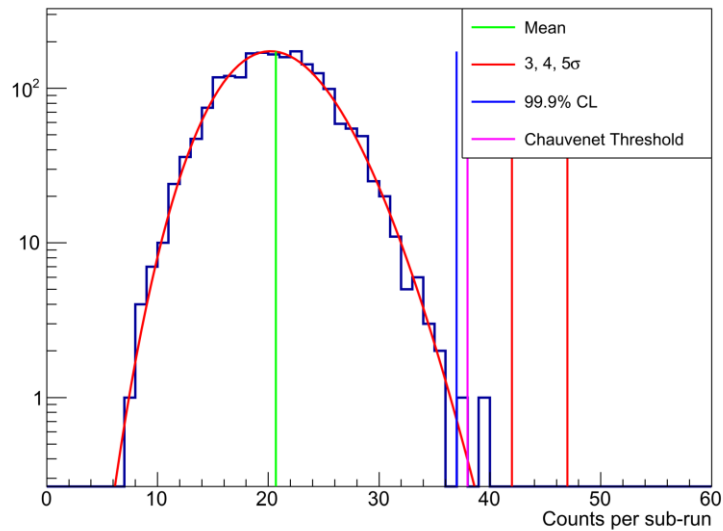


# Crystal 4 Histograms



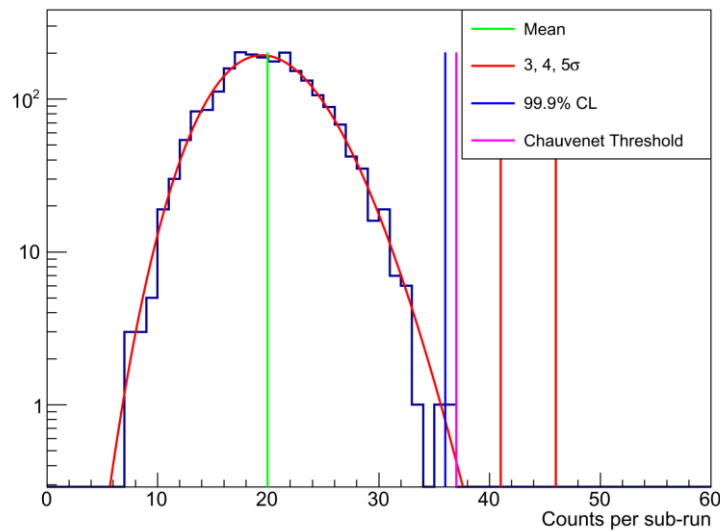
(4<sup>th</sup> Section)

Crystal 4 (1-6 keV)



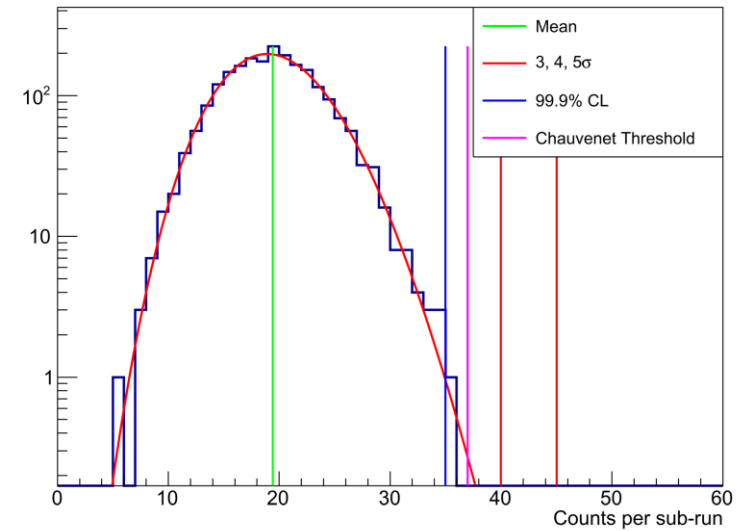
(5<sup>th</sup> Section)

Crystal 4 (1-6 keV)

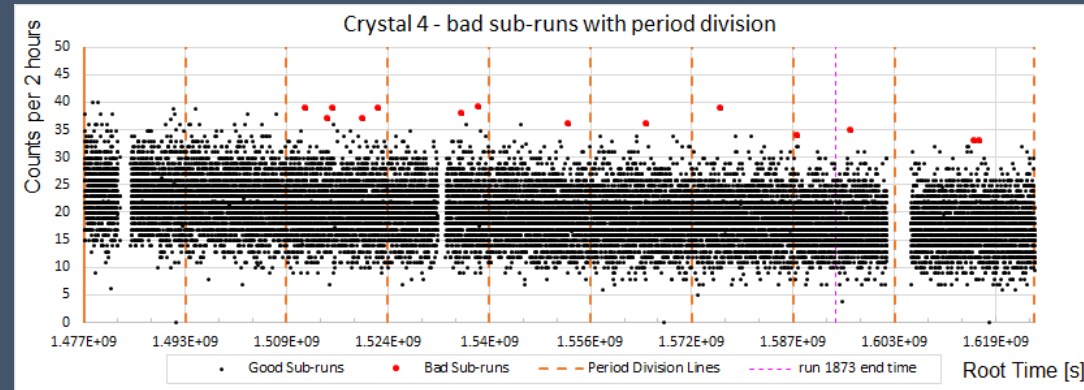


(6<sup>th</sup> Section)

Crystal 4 (1-6 keV)

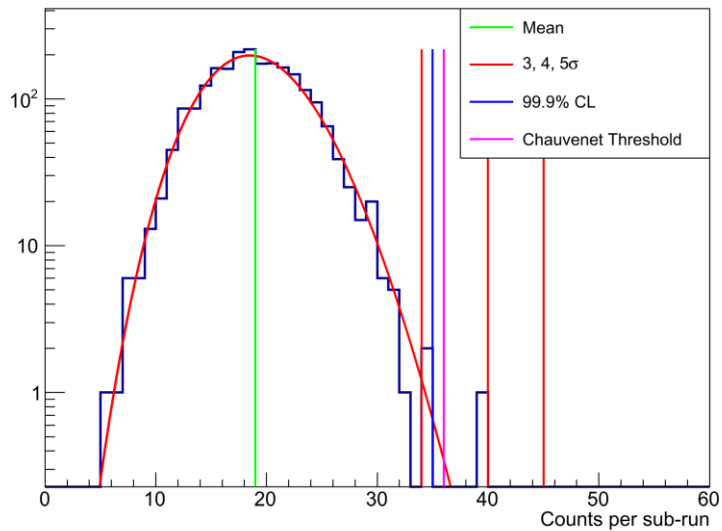


# Crystal 4 Histograms



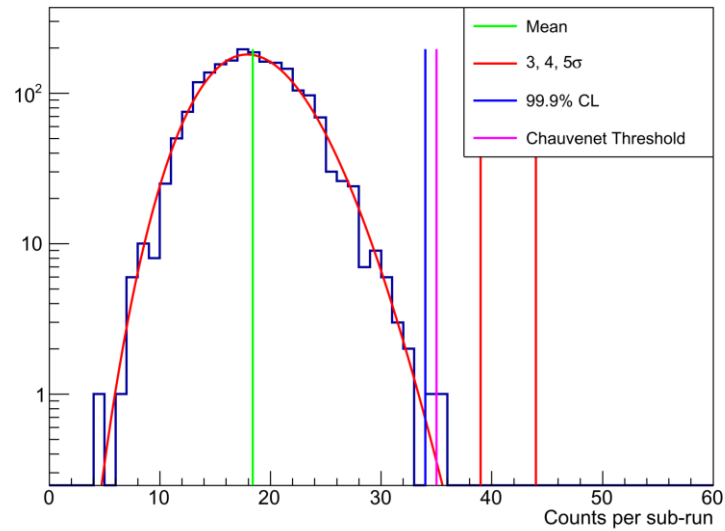
(7<sup>th</sup> Section)

Crystal 4 (1-6 keV)



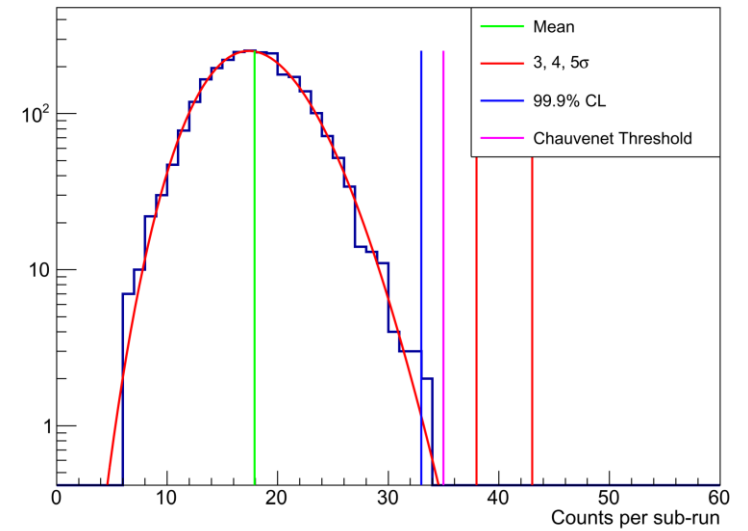
(8<sup>th</sup> Section)

Crystal 4 (1-6 keV)



(9<sup>th</sup> Section, Last)

Crystal 4 (1-6 keV)



# LAST SLIDE