*a) reg loggdp risk SS Source df MS Number of obs 64 F(1, 62) 68.17 = Model 36.2163143 1 36.2163143 Prob > F 0.0000 32.9382286 62 .531261752 R-squared 0.5237 Residual Adj R-squared 0.5160 Root MSE Total 69.1545429 63 1.09769116 .72888 = loggdp Coefficient Std. err. P>|t| [95% conf. interval] t risk .516187 .0625186 8.26 0.000 .3912141 .6411599 4.687415 .417441 0.000 _cons 11.23 3.852962 5.521867 reg risk logmort0 Number of obs Source SS df MS 64 F(1, 62) 23.34 Model 37.1754537 1 37.1754537 Prob > F 0.0000 R-squared Residual 98.7466676 62 1.59268819 0.2735 = Adj R-squared = 0.2618 Total 135.922121 63 2.15749399 Root MSE 1.262 risk Coefficient Std. err. [95% conf. interval] t P>|t|

ivregress 2sls loggdp (risk=logmort0)

-.6132892

9.365895

.1269412

.6105941

Instrumental	variables	2SLS	regression	Number of obs	=	64
				Wald chi2(1)	=	36.60
				Prob > chi2	=	0.0000
				R-squared	=	0.1880
				Root MSE	=	.93672

-4.83

15.34

0.000

0.000

-.8670411

8.145335

-.3595374

10.58646

loggdp	Coefficient	Std. err.	z	P> z	[95% conf.	interval]
risk	.9294897	.1536318	6.05	0.000	.6283768	1.230603
_cons	1.994296	1.007904	1.98	0.048	.0188405	3.969751

Instrumented: risk
 Instruments: logmort0

logmort0

_cons

- . *d)
- . *Two stage approach for 2sls
- . reg risk logmort0

SS	df	MS	Number of ob	s =	64
		\$27-07-0-T	- F(1, 62)	=	23.34
37.1754537	1	37.1754537	Prob > F	=	0.0000
98.7466676	62	1.59268819	R-squared	=	0.2735
			- Adj R-square	d =	0.2618
135.922121	63	2.15749399	Root MSE	=	1.262
Coefficient	Std. err.	t	P> t [95%	conf.	interval]
6132892	.1269412	-4.83	0.0008670	411	3595374
9.365895	.6105941	15.34	0.000 8.145	335	10.58646
	37.1754537 98.7466676 135.922121 Coefficient 6132892	37.1754537 1 98.7466676 62 135.922121 63 Coefficient Std. err. 6132892 .1269412	37.1754537	Telephone Teleph	The second state of the se

- predict risk_hat, xb
- . reg loggdp risk_hat

Source	SS	df	MS	Number of obs	=	64
200 (20) (6				- F(1, 62)	=	53.77
Model	32.1177716	1	32.1177716	Frob > F	=	0.0000
Residual	37.0367713	62	.597367279	R-squared	=	0.4644
				- Adj R-squared	=	0.4558
Total	69.1545429	63	1.09769116	Root MSE	=	.7729
loggdp	Coefficient	Std. err.	t	P> t [95% c	onf.	interval]
risk_hat	.9294897	.126763	7.33	0.000 .6760	94	1.182885
_cons	1.994296	.8316306	2.40	0.020 .33188	96	3.656701

. reg loggdp risk latitude africa Source SS df MS Number of obs 64 = F(3, 60) 39.47 45.8984283 Model 3 15.2994761 Prob > F 0.0000 Residual 23.2561146 R-squared 0.6637 60 .387601911 Adj R-squared 0.6469 = Total 69.1545429 1.09769116 Root MSE 63 .62258 loggdp Coefficient Std. err. [95% conf. interval] P>|t| risk .3765228 .0608421 6.19 0.000 .2548205 .4982252 latitude 2.15 0.036 1.382463 .6440401 .0941905 2.670735 africa -.7232696 .1712967 -4.22 0.000 -1.065914 -.3806251 5.652234 .4152858 13.61 6.482929 _cons 0.000 4.821539

The coefficients of latitude and africa are significant. They can be predictive (show causality) if they are backed by theory.

g)

	variables 2SLS	regression		Numbe	r of obs	=	64
				Wald	chi2(3)	=	57.55
				Prob	> chi2	=	0.0000
				R-squ	ared	=	0.3922
				Root	MSE	=	.81039
loggdp	Coefficient	Std. err.	z	P> z	[95% co	nf.	interval]
nd als	.799968	.2497417	3.20	0.001	.310483	1	1.289453
risk				0 063	2 22220	3	2.221581
latitude	0553109	1.161701	-0.05	0.962	-2.33220		
	0553109 3479258	1.161701 .3062581	-0.05 -1.14				.252329

Now latitude and africa become insignificant.

```
. gen logmort02= (logmort0)^2
```

. reg risk logmort0 logmort02

Source	SS	df	MS	Numbe	er of obs	=	64
	<u> </u>			- F(2,	61)	=	18.42
Model	51.1839123	2	25.5919562	2 Prob	> F	=	0.0000
Residual	84.738209	61	1.38915097	7 R-squ	uared	=	0.3766
				– Adj F	R-squared	=	0.3561
Total	135.922121	63	2.15749399	Root	MSE	=	1.1786
risk	Coefficient	Std. err.	t	P> t	[95% C0	nf.	intervall
, 15.1	000111010110			-			
logmort0	-2.645684	.6508988	-4.06	0.000	-3.94723	7	-1.344132
logmort02	.2101141	.066166	3.18	0.002	.07780	7	.3424211
_cons	13.94859	1.551696	8.99	0.000	10.8457	9	17.0514
					10.00		

A unit change in logmort0 leads to a **larger** change in risk as compared to the linear reduced form equation.

We see that coefficient reduces a little. R squared value falls.

```
Durbin (score) chi2(1) = 10.4601 (p = 0.0012)
Wu-Hausman F(1,61) = 11.9176 (p = 0.0010)
```

P value is less than 0.05. Thus we reject the null. This implies that there is endogeneity.

```
test logmort0 logmort02

( 1) logmort0 = 0

( 2) logmort02 = 0

F( 2, 61) = 18.42

Prob > F = 0.0000
```

Instruments are relevant as F value is greater than 10

1)

trumental	variables 2SLS	regression	n		of obs	=	64
					hi2(1)	=	46.68
					chi2	=	0.0000
				R-squa		=	0.3948
				Root M	ISE	=	.80865
loggdp	Coefficient	Std. err.	z	P> z	[95%	conf.	interval]
risk	.7722554	.1130303	6.83	0.000	.550	072	.9937908
_cons	3.018849	.7434204	4.06	0.000	1.561	772	4.475926
redict eps	logmort0 logm _hat, residual logmort0 logm						
oredict eps	_hat, residual		MS	Numbe	r of ob	s =	64
predict eps reg eps_hat	_hat, residual logmort0 logm	ort 0 2	MS	Numbe - F(2,		s =	
redict eps reg eps_hat Source Model	_hat, residual logmort0 logm SS 3.35810086	ort 0 2	1.67905043	F(2, Prob	61) > F		2.66 0.0780
redict eps reg eps_hat Source	_hat, residual logmort0 logm SS	ort02 df		- F(2, Prob R-squ	61) > F ared	= =	2.66 0.0780 0.0802
reg eps_hat Source Model Residual	_hat, residual logmort0 logm SS 3.35810086 38.4926828	ort02 df 2 61	1.67905043	- F(2, Prob R-squ - Adj R	61) > F ared -square	= =	2.66 0.0780 0.0802 0.0501
redict eps reg eps_hat Source Model	_hat, residual logmort0 logm SS 3.35810086	ort02 df 2	1.67905043	- F(2, Prob R-squ - Adj R	61) > F ared -square	= =	2.66 0.0780 0.0802 0.0501
reg eps_hat Source Model Residual	_hat, residual logmort0 logm SS 3.35810086 38.4926828	ort02 df 2 61 63	1.67905043 .631027586	- F(2, Prob R-squ - Adj R	61) > F ared -squared MSE	= = = d = =	2.66 0.0780 0.0802 0.0501
redict eps reg eps_hat Source Model Residual	_hat, residual logmort0 logm SS 3.35810086 38.4926828 41.8507836	ort02 df 2 61 63	1.67905043 .631027586 .664298153	- F(2, Prob R-squ - Adj R	61) > F ared -squared MSE	= = = d = = conf.	2.66 0.0780 0.0802 0.0501 .79437
reg eps_hat Source Model Residual Total eps_hat	_hat, residual logmort0 logm SS 3.35810086 38.4926828 41.8507836 Coefficient	ort02 df 2 61 63 Std. err.	1.67905043 .631027586 .664298153	- F(2, Prob R-squ - Adj R Root	61) > F lared l-squared MSE	= = = d = = conf.	2.66 0.0780 0.0802 0.0501 .79437