

Modeling COVID-19 Risk in Nursing Homes

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Faculty Advisor: Rema Padman Client Advisor: Manuel Figallo

Agenda

- Team Introduction (5 min)
- Project Presentation (40 min)
 - COVID-19 Nursing Home Story
 - Project Objectives and Data Exploration
 - Modeling
 - Dashboard Deliverables
 - Conclusions
- Q&A (15 min)



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Team Role: Data Manager & Quality Assurance Engineer

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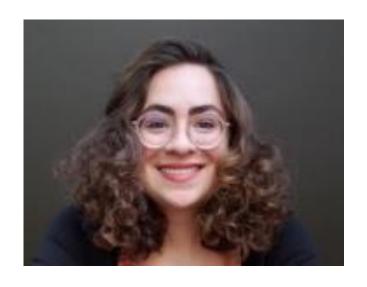
- MS Healthcare Analytics and Information Technology
- UT San Antonio researcher, Worldwide Clinical Trials data manager and quality control specialist



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Manuel Figallo
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The COVID-19 Nursing Home Story

More Than 100,000 U.S. Coronavirus Deaths Are Linked to Nursing Homes

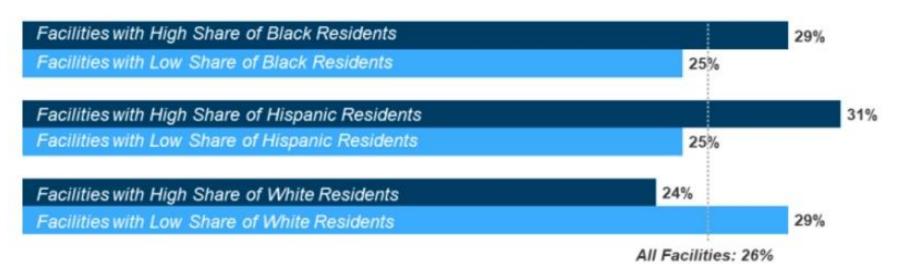
By The New York Times Updated December 4, 2020

38%OF ALL U.S. DEATHS 106,000+

5%OF ALL U.S. CASES 787,000+

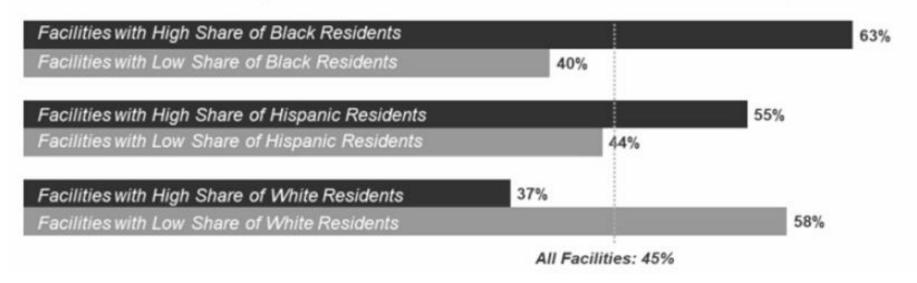
Coronavirus Infection Outbreaks Were More Severe in Nursing Homes With A Relatively Large Share of Black or Hispanic Residents

Confirmed/Suspected Coronavirus Cases As A Share of Nursing Home Beds (as of October 11, 2020):



Nursing Homes With Relatively High Shares of Black or Hispanic Residents Were More Likely To Have At Least One COVID-19 Death

Share of Nursing Homes With At Least One COVID-19 Death (as of October 11, 2020):



"Nobody gave a damn about the Black people dying at a higher clip."

Eric Russell Son of Resident Villa at Windsor Park Chicago, Illinois

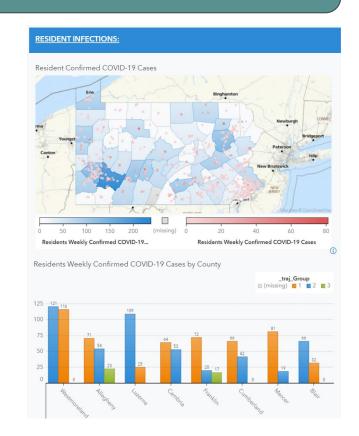
Research Relevant: Vaccine Allocation



About the Project

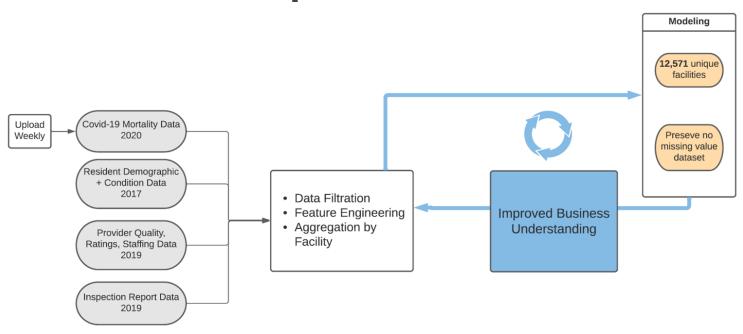
Project Objectives

- 1. <u>Targeting:</u> Use machine learning to identify nursing home at high risk of COVID-19 infection and mortality to target facilities with resources such as testing supplies/PPE.
- 2. <u>Investigation:</u> Summarize nursing home inspection report narratives for more efficient review by investigators.
- Intervention: Operationalize potential equitable vaccine allocation strategy in interactive dashboard.

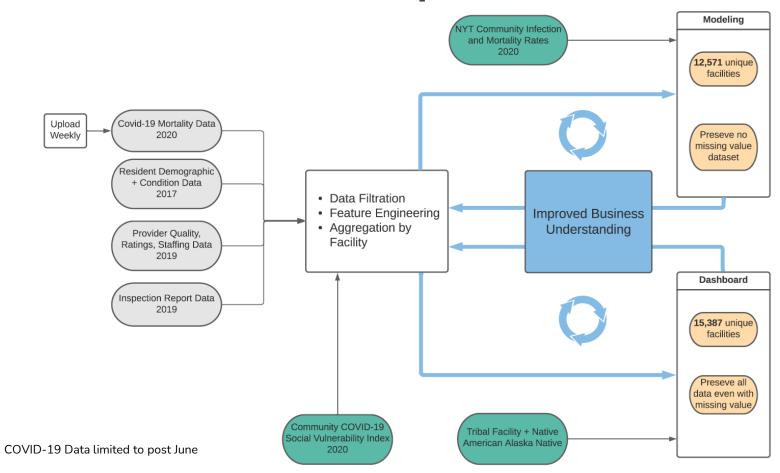


Data Pipeline

Data Pipeline (midterm)



Data Pipeline



Exploring the Data

- Resident % White, % Black, % Hispanic
- Zip code/county
- **Community COVID-19 Social Vulnerability Index**
- Tribal Facilities + Resident % Indian/Alaska Native

- Pandemic staffing shortage
- Nurse Hours per Resident per Day
- **RN Staffing Rating**
- **Overall Staffing Rating**

Racial



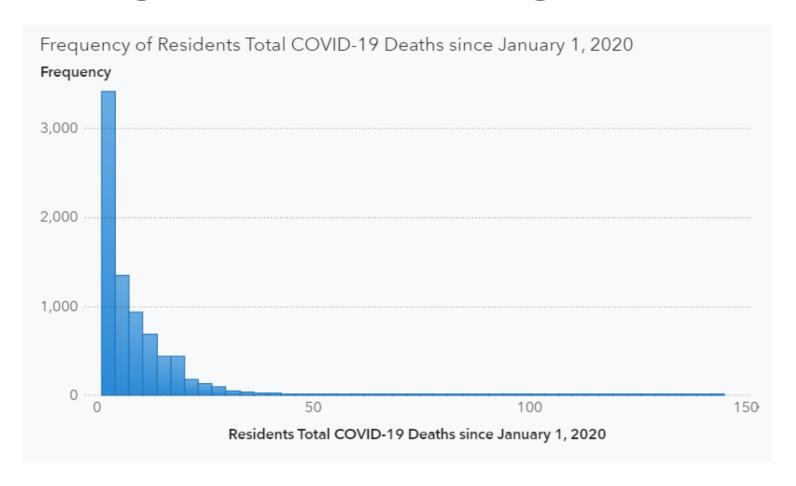
- **Abuse flag**
- # complaints
- **Deficiency Tags & Scope-**Severity
- Use of restraint

- Resident age Resident acuity
- Facility size (# beds)
- Nonprofit vs. for-profit

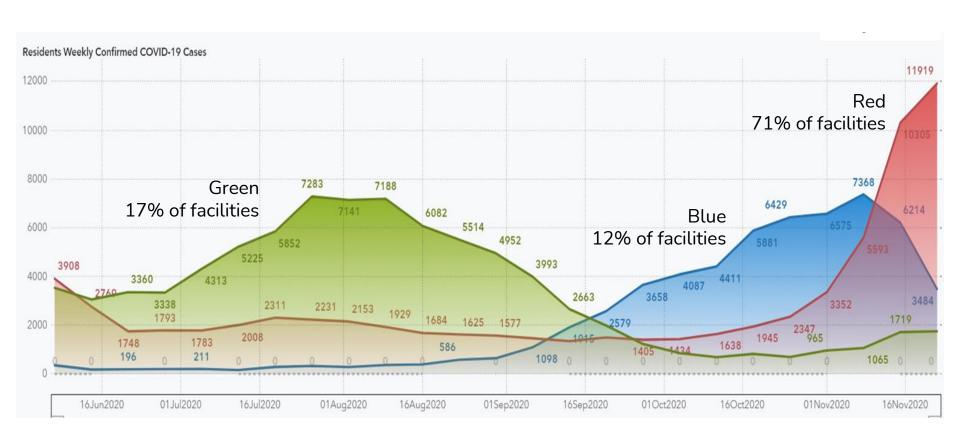
Abuse & Disparities Neglect Resident/Staff Covid-19 Infection & **Mortality** Resident & Poor Facility Infection Conditions Prevention

- Staff and resident COVID-19 testing
- **PPE supply**
- **Total Weighted Health Survey Score**
- **Health Inspection Rating**

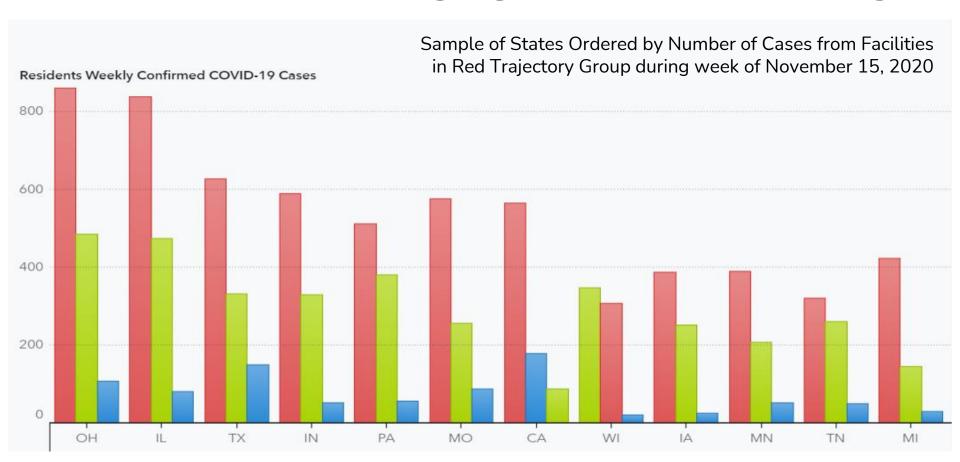
Nursing Home Mortality is Highly Skewed



TRAJ Classification Shows Varied Past Infection Trends



Sample of States Driving High Case Count in Fall Surge



Inspection Report Text Modeling

Text Processing

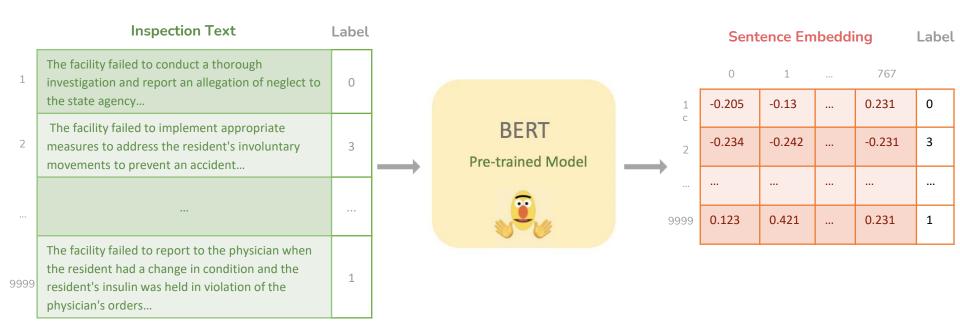
- Case normalization
- HTML Tag removal
- Special Symbol removal
- Punctuation removal
- Stopwords removal
- Frequent words removal
- Rare words removal
- Tokenization
- Stemming
- Lemmatization

NOTE- TERMS IN BRACKETS HAVE BEEN EDITED TO PROTECT CONFIDENTIALITY Sased on clinical record review, review of facility documentation and interviews for one sampled resident (Resident #347) who had reported a grievance regarding mistreatment, the facility failed to conduct a thorough investigation and/or report an allegation of neglect to the state agency. The finding include:
Resident #3.7's [DIAGNOSES REDACTED] (
he Resident Care Plan (RCP) dated 1/13/17 identified the resident with lung disease. Inte rventions directed to obtain pulse oximetry every shift and when needed, notify physician if oxygen saturation is below 90%, to administer oxygen as ordered and/or directed to observe for worsening Shortness of Breath (SOB), and to notify the physician of any unrelieved or new SOB at rest.
The 14 day Minimum Data Set (MDS) assessment dated LDAT El identified Resident #347 as noted with intact cognition, required extensive assistance with Activities of Daily Living (ADL) and indicated the received oxygen therapy <BR/ he physician's orders [REDACTED .-BR/> podiatry consultation report dated 2/7/17 at 3:17 P.M. identified Residen 7 3 7 was sent from the facility to the podiatry appointmen t with an empty oxygen tank. The resident's oxygen saturation level was at 90% (Normal Value greater than 95%). < RR/> the hurse's note dated 2/7/17 at 9:07 P.M. identified Reside nt # 347 was alert and oriented, had no acute respiratory distress and no qlycemic issues. SBR/> he Grievance/Concern Report received 2/8/17 identified on 2/7/17 Resident # 34 7's portable oxygen tank was empty while the resident was at doctor's appointment. The Grievance Concern Report dated 2/8/17 further indicated the resident returned back to the e facility after the appointment and her/his pulse oximetry was at 90%. The nurse directed the NA o bring the resident to her/his room and connect him/she to his/her concentry ted oxygen tank.
The Reportable Event Form dated 2/16/17 identified Resident #317's family reported the resident went to a doctor's appointment without sufficient amount of f oxygen which subsequently cause the resident to run out of oxygen. Additionally, the Reportable Event indicated that upon return to facility the resident asked for help with the oxygen but did not receive any assistance from the staff
 review of clinical record and review of the facility investigation regarding the allegation of neglect lack ed documentation to reflect the time the resident left the facility for the podiatry appointment, when the resident returned from the appointment and how many liters of oxygen Resident # 37 had in the oxygen. Facility documentation also failed to reflect the amount of oxygen the resident had in the tank prior to leaving the facility and/ or if the r esident's portable oxygen tank had been checked prior to the appointment. CRED urther review of facility documentation records, Risk Management System (RMS) dated 2/13/17 refl ected that the facility identified the family and Resident #347 concerns were identified as an alleged abuse and/or neglect.
A review of the facility investigation dated 2/13/17 identified the facility conducted their investigation days after the family and /or the resident expressed a concern regarding an allegation of neglect. FR/>Interview and review of facility documentation with Social Worker (SW #1) on 9/27/17 at 11:00 [NAME]M. identified on 2/13/17 she/he conducted a follow up interview with Resident # 347. He



Based on clinical record review, review of facility documentation and interviews for one sampled resident (Resident 347) who had reported a grievance regarding mistreatment, the facility failed to conduct a thorough investigation and/or report an allegation of neglect to the state agency. The 14 day Minimum Data Set (MDS) assessment dated (DATE) id entified Resident 347 was noted with intact cognition, required extensive assistance with Activities of Daily Living (ADL) and indicated the received oxygen therapy. The physic ian's orders (REDACTED).A podiatry consultation report dated 2/7/17 at 3:17 P.M. identified Resident 347 was sent from the facility to the podiatry appointment with an empty ox ygen tank. The resident's oxygen saturation level was at 90% (Normal Value greater than 95%). The nurse's note dated 2/7/17 at 9:07 P.M. identified Resident 347 was alert and or iented, had no acute respiratory distress and no glycemic issues. A review of clinical record and review of the facility

Natural Language Processing Model: BERT



Accuracy: 72%

Word Embedding - TFIDF

Word	Report 1	Report 2	 TF-IDF 1	TF-IDF 2	
Facility	1	1	 0.00	0.00	
Failed	1	1	 0.00	0.00	
to	1	2	 0.00	0.02	
provide	1	1	 0.00	0.00	
adequate	1	0	 0.54	0.00	
supervision	3	0	 0.68	0.00	
and	2	2	 0.00	0.00	
efficient	4	1	 0.67	0.12	
intervention	2	0	 0.57	0.00	

$$tf_{t,d} = \frac{n_{t,d}}{Number\ of\ terms\ in\ the\ document}$$

$$idf_t = log \frac{number\ of\ documents}{number\ of\ documents\ with\ term\ 't'}$$

$$(tf_{-}idf)_{t,d} = tf_{t,d} * idf_t$$

Example: TFIDF keyword extraction

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"The admission nurse's note dated 4/2/18 at 3:56 PM identified Resident #2 was alert oriented to person, place and time, was verbally appropriate and had a surgical wound ",

"The nurse's note dated 4/2/18 at 11:14 PM identified a dressing changed was performed to the left foot with measurements as follow: from the left thigh to knee there were twelve (12) staples an "Review of the skin and/or wound notes from 4/6/18 through 8/29/18 identified that although Resident #2's surgical wound to left lower extremity was monitored weekly by the treatment nurse a Lice "Interview with the treatment/wound nurse, LPN #2, on 7/3/19 at 11:15 AM identified that she was responsible to monitor resident's pressure ulcers and/or other wounds weekly.",

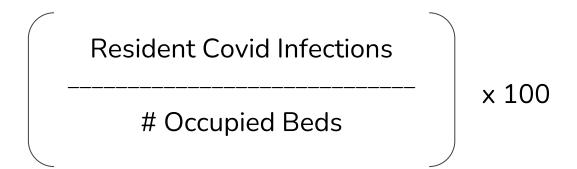
'LPN #2 stated she rounds weekly with the wound physician, and typically the wound physician does not monitor residents with surgical wounds.',

'Interview with the Director of Nursing (DON) on 7/3/19 at 1:55 PM identified that a licensed practical nurse (LPN) was responsible to monitor wounds on weekly bases and to conduct weekly wounds 'The DON stated if the wound was not classified as a pressure ulcer, the wound physician was available on an as needed bases and Resident #2 was not being monitored by the wound physician due to 'The DON identified she oversees the wound nurse.',
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Keywords: surgical, staple, wound, nurse, knee, monitor, wind, physician, identify, weekly

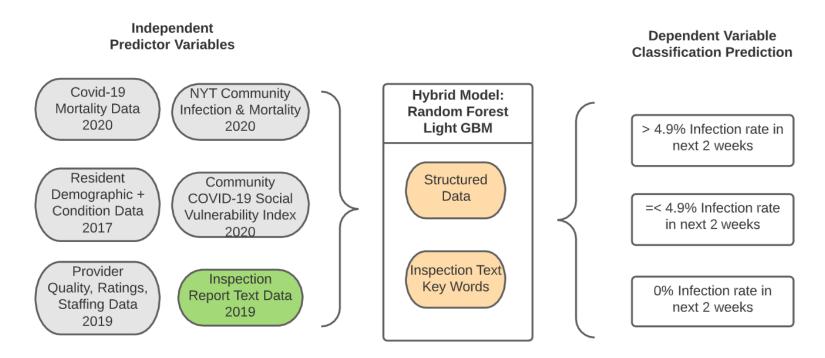
Hybrid Model Inspection Text & Structured Data

Target Dependent Variable: Covid-19 Resident Infection Rate

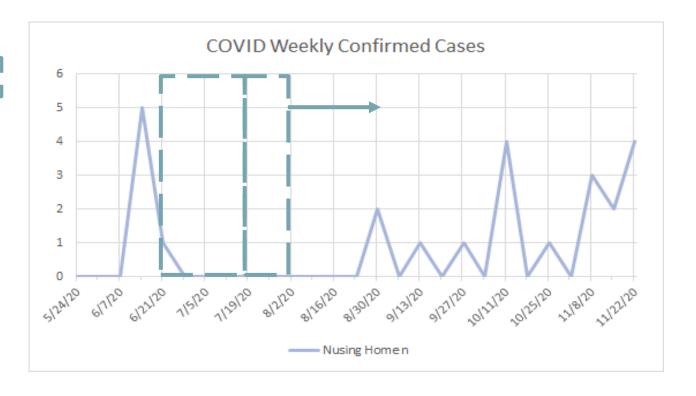


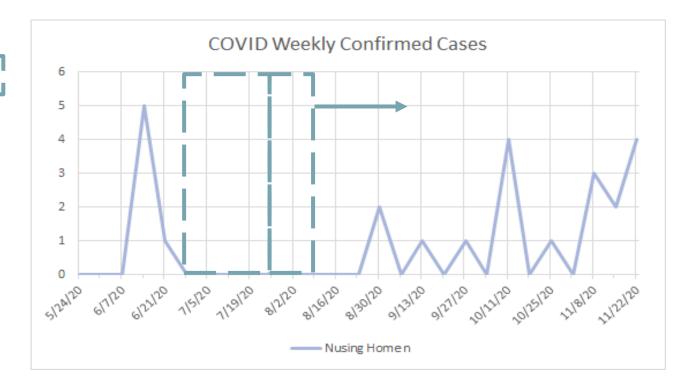
What % of residents in this nursing home will be confirmed newly infected in the next two-week period?

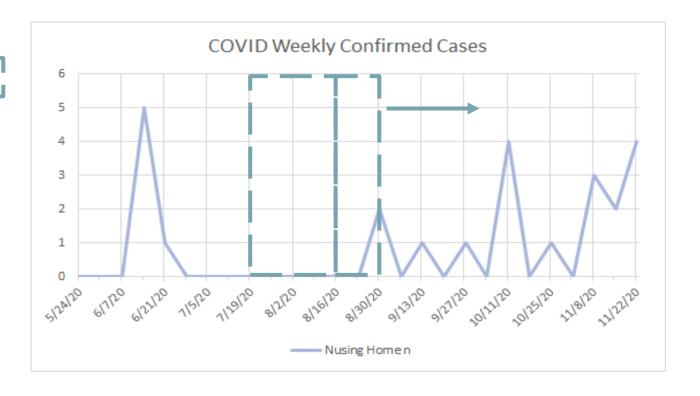
Hybrid Model Combined Structured Data with Inspection Report Text

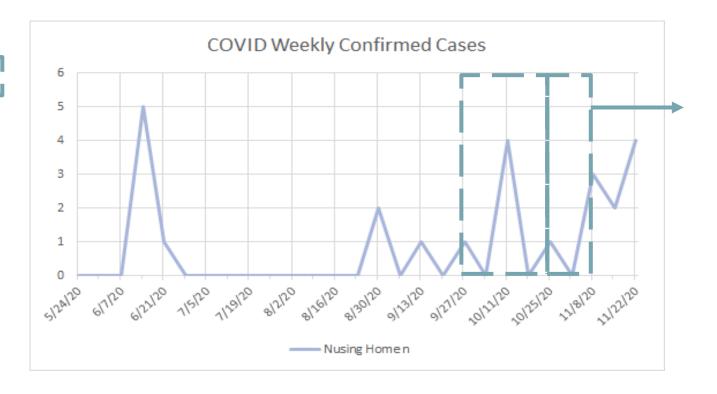


^{*4.9%} is average infection rate for the general population.



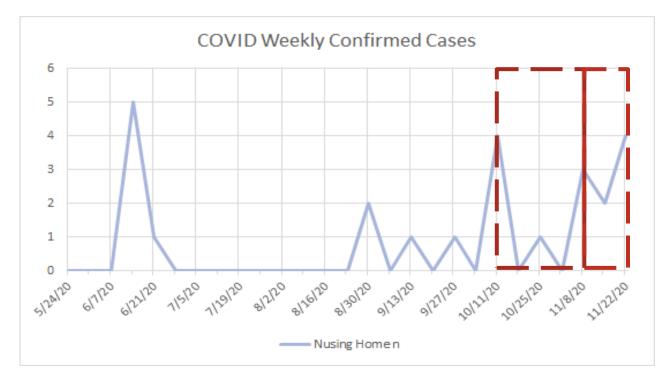






Using every 4 weeks to predict the infection risk of coming 2 weeks.





Sample of Important Features from Hybrid Classification Model

Feature Selection: From 159 features to 50 features

Community Factors

- Community infection/mortality
- COVID-19 Social
 Vulnerability Score

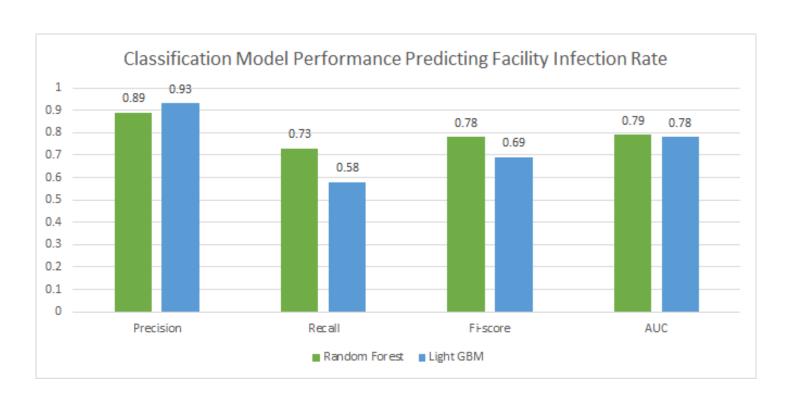
Resident Health

- Resident Acuity
- % Residents with Hypertension
- RehospitalizationRate

Resident Demographics

- Total Number of Residents in Facility
- % White/Black Residents
- Average Age
- % Female Residents

Hybrid Model Results



Selected Model Prediction Results

Predicted

Actual

Risk	Low	Middle	High	
Low	√ 6752	2564	2332	
Middle	! 0	√ 285	230	
High	! 0	199	√ 208	

Low Misidentification of >0% Infection Groups

	precision	recall	+1-score	support
Low Middle	1.00 0.09	0.58 0.55	0.73 0.16	11648 515
High	0.08	0.51	0.13	407
accuracy	0.30	0 55	0.58	12570
macro avg weighted avg	0.39 0.93	0.55 0.58	0.34 0.69	12570 12570

Modeling Limitations and Future Steps

Limitations:

- Imbalanced data
- Novel pandemic with limited historic data
- Not involving policy and human behavior
- Important features from modeling still merit further examination

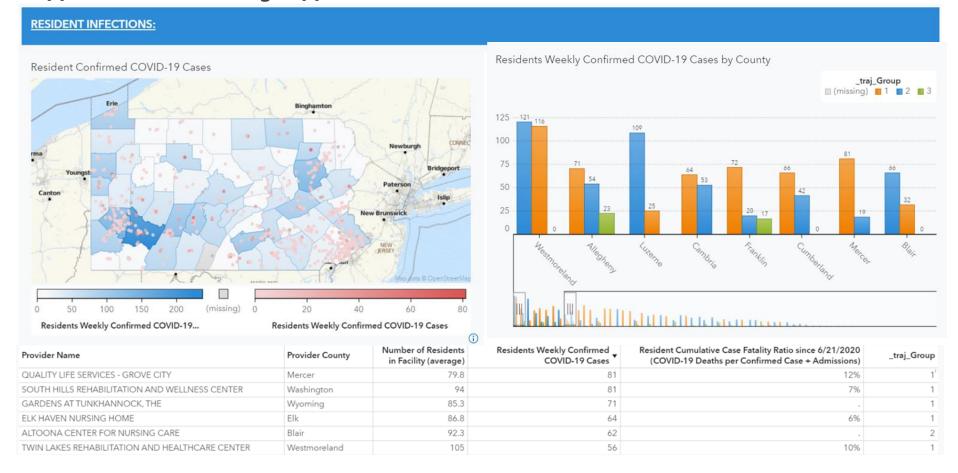
Future Steps:

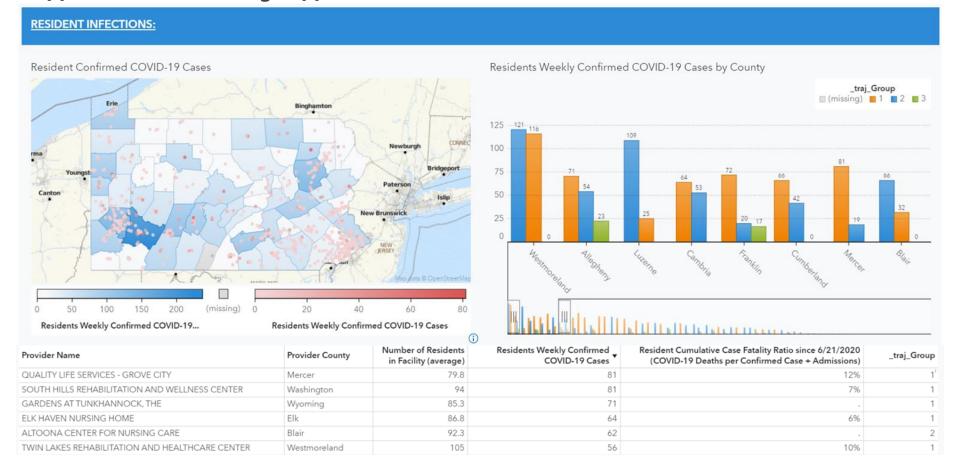
- Construct label classification involving both infection and mortality to present the comprehensive risk
- Consider both long term and short term historical data impact
- Add local level policy decisions data
- Validate important features using diverse methods

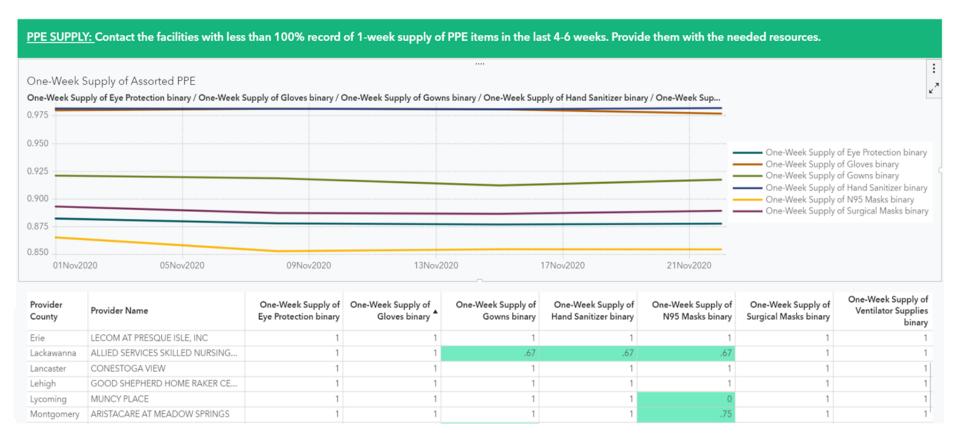
Client Deliverables: Interactive Dashboard

Project Objectives - SAS Viya Dashboard

- 1. <u>Targeting:</u> Use machine learning to identify nursing home at high risk of COVID-19 infection and mortality to target facilities with resources such as testing supplies and PPE.
- 1. <u>Investigation:</u> Summarize nursing home inspection report narratives for more efficient review by investigators.
- 1. <u>Intervention:</u> Operationalize potential equitable vaccine allocation strategy in interactive dashboard.







TESTING CAPACITY: Contact facilities unable to test all staff 100% of the time in the last 4-6 weeks. Address their reasons for not testing and provide them necessary resources. Able to Test or Obtain Resources to Test All Staff and/or Personnel Within Next 7 Days binary by Week Able to Test or Obtain Resources to Test All Staff and/or Personnel Within Next 7 Days binary 0.9995 0.9990 03Nov2020 05Nov2020 07Nov2020 09Nov2020 11Nov2020 13Nov2020 17Nov2020 19Nov2020 21Nov2020 01Nov2020 15Nov2020 Reason for Not Testing Able to Test or Obtain Resources to A Staff and/or Personnel - Staff and/or Personnel -Provider Name Provider County Test All Staff and/o... Lack of Access to Tra... Lack of Access to Lab... Lack of PPE for Perso... Lack of Supplies binary Other binary Uncertainty About Re...

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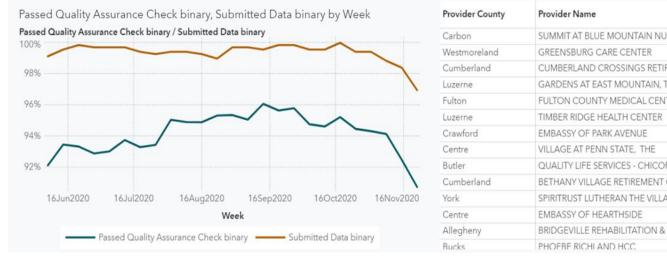
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GINO J MERLI VETERANS CENTER

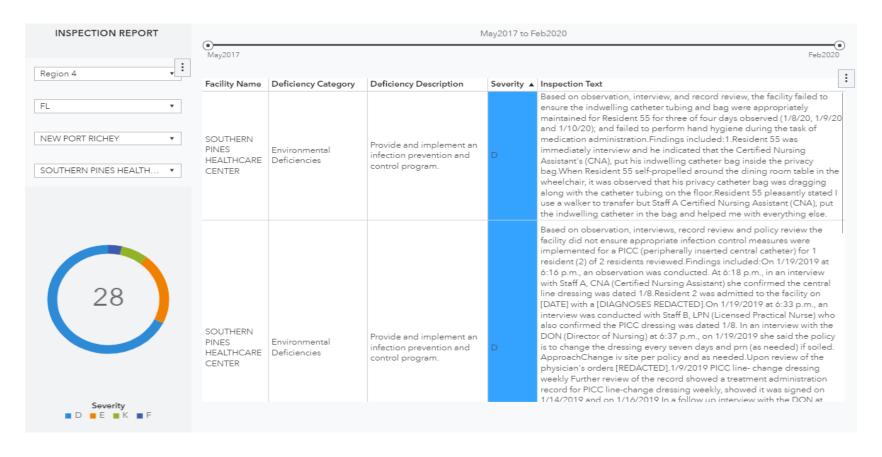
Lackawanna

<u>DATA QUALITY ASSURANCE:</u> Contact the facilities with less than 100% record of Passing Quality Assurance Check in the last 4-6 weeks and review submission protocols.



Provider County	Provider Name	Submitted Data binary	Passed Quality Assurance Check binary 0%	
Carbon	SUMMIT AT BLUE MOUNTAIN NURSING	100%		
Westmoreland	GREENSBURG CARE CENTER	25%	0%	
Cumberland	CUMBERLAND CROSSINGS RETIREMEN	100%	0%	
Luzerne	GARDENS AT EAST MOUNTAIN, THE	100%	0%	
Fulton FULTON COUNTY MEDICAL CENTER		100%	0%	
Luzerne TIMBER RIDGE HEALTH CENTER		100%	0%	
Crawford	EMBASSY OF PARK AVENUE	100%	25%	
Centre	VILLAGE AT PENN STATE, THE	100%	25%	
Butler	QUALITY LIFE SERVICES - CHICORA	100%	25%	
Cumberland	BETHANY VILLAGE RETIREMENT CENTER	100%	25%	
York SPIRITRUST LUTHERAN THE VILLAGE A		100%	25%	
Centre	EMBASSY OF HEARTHSIDE	100%	25%	
Allegheny	BRIDGEVILLE REHABILITATION & CARE	100%	50%	
Bucks	PHOFBE RICHI AND HCC	100%	50%	

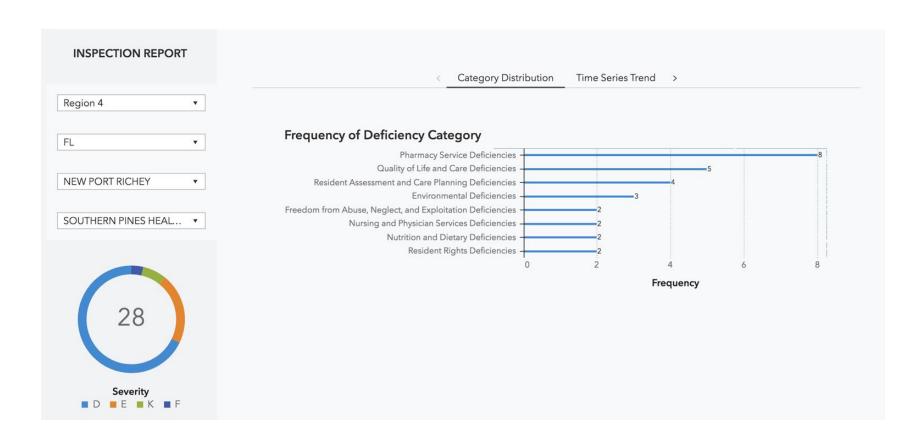
<u>Investigation</u>: Summarize nursing home inspection report narratives for more efficient review by investigators.



<u>Investigation</u>: Summarize nursing home inspection report narratives for more efficient review by investigators.

Facility Name	Deficiency Category	Deficiency Description	Severity A	Inspection Text
MADISON POINTE CARE CENTER	Environmental Deficiencies	Provide and implement an infection prevention and control program.	D	Based on observation, interview and record review the facility failed to follow infection control practices related to adequately cleaning blood glucose meters for two residents (7 and 99) of two residents observed for glucose monitoring. An observation on 2/11/20 at 4:55 p.m. revealed Staff A, Licensed Practical Nurse (LPN) removed the blood glucose meter from the top drawer of the medication cart and set it on the top of the cart. She opened the top drawer of the medication cart and placed the uncleaned blood glucose meter inside. An observation on 2/11/20 at 6:00 p.m. revealed Staff B, Registered Nurse (RN) had two blood glucose meters sitting on top of her medication cart in plastic cups.

Inspection report (cont.)



<u>Intervention:</u> Operationalize potential equitable vaccine allocation strategy in interactive dashboard.

Tribal Facilities & Non-Continental Facilities

Facilities in the CMS Tribal Nursing Home Collaborative for which COVID-19 data was reported; Select CMS facilities with >10% Native American/Alaska Native Residents for which COVID-19 data was reported. Facilities in HI, AK, PR, and GU.

Facilities Ranked by Number of Residents, Share of Black/Hispanic residents, Resident Acuity, and Community COVID-19 Social Vulnerability.

Primary rank facilities by Number of Residents highest to lowest with % Black/Hispanic residents as tie-breaker highest to lowest. Among facilities missing % Black/Hispanic, Average Resident Acuity as tie-breaker highest to lowest.

Among facilities for which we lack any demographic or acuity data, ranked by Community COVID-19 Social Vulnerability Index highest to lowest.

Provider Name	Provider State (1)	Number of Residents in Facility (average)	2017 % Black or Hispanic Residents	2017 Average Acuity Index •	County Social Vulnerability Index Score (0-1)
NORTHAMPTON COUNTY-GRACEDALE	PA	537	6%	11.382	0.059
CEDARBROOK SENIOR CARE AND REHABILITATION	PA	508	13%	11.944	0.31
FAIR ACRES GERIATRIC CENTER	PA	450		11.355	0.141
MASONIC VILLAGE AT ELIZABETHTOWN	PA	374		12.672	0.202
CONESTOGA VIEW	PA	348	14%	13.129	0.202
BRIGHTON REHABILITATION AND WELLNESS CENTER	PA	347		13.134	0.103
SPRING CREEK REHABILITATION AND NURSING CENTER	PA	343	30%	13.394	0.299
NESHAMINY MANOR HOME	PA	340		12.559	0.017
HORSHAM CENTER FOR JEWISH LIFE	PA	332		11.259	0.099
PLEASANT ACRES REHABILITATION AND NURSING CENTER	PA	311		11.786	0.047
WESTMORELAND MANOR	PA	306		12.64	0.291
BERKS HEIM NURSING & REHABILITATION	PA	304		12.691	0.176

Reflections and Insights

- 1. Improve modeling by capturing policy and human behavior.
- 2. Forecasting is difficult in a novel disease pandemic.
- 3. NLP can support efficient report review.
- 4. SAS Viya can visualize complex problems and identify actionable solutions.
- 5. Our custom data and analysis pipeline is agile.

Acknowledgements

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Questions?