Midterm 3 Study Guide

CSC 110

Dictionary Loop Tables

Loop table 1

Give the function below:

```python
def keys_to_string(dictionary):
  new_string = ""
  for key in dictionary:
    new_string += key
  return new_string
```

Complete the `loop table` below with the corresponding values of `key`, and `new_string` for each loop interaction the following function call:

```python
keys_to_string({"b": 0, "a": 1, "n": 1})
```

RESPONSE FOR LOOP 1:

key	........new_string........

Loop table 2

Give the function below:

```python
def values_total(dictionary):
    total = 0
    for value in dictionary.values():
        total += value
    return total
```

Complete the `loop table` below with the corresponding values of `value`, and `new_string` for each loop interaction the following function call:

```python
values_total({"b": 0, "a": 1, "n": 1, "d": 3, "c": 3, "e": 2})
```

RESPONSE FOR LOOP 2:

value	total

Loop table 3

Give the function below:

```python
def difference_list(dictionary):
    result = []
    for key, value in dictionary.items():
        result.append(key - value)
    return result
```

Complete the `loop table` below with the corresponding values of `key`, `value`, and 'result" for each loop interaction the following function call:

```
difference_list({5: 0, 4: 1, 3: 1, 6: 4})
```

RESPONSE FOR LOOP 3:

key	value	............result............

Loop table 4

Give the function below:

```python
def make_set(dictionary):
  result = set()
  for key, value in dictionary.items():
    result.add(key)
    result.add(value)
  return result
```

Complete the `loop table` below with the corresponding values of `key`, `value`, and 'result" for each loop interaction the following function call:

```python
make_set({5: 0, 4: 1, 3: 1, 6: 4})
```

RESPONSE FOR LOOP 4:

key	value	...........result............

Conditionals

Evaluate the code

Evaluate the code below (when the code throws an error, the answer should be `ERROR`)

```python
x = 4
if x < 0:
  x += 1
else:
  x *= 10

x # what's the value of x?
```

```python
x = 10
if x > 10 and x < 0:
  x = 20
x # what's the value of x?
```

```python
x = 10
if x < 10 or x > 0:
  x = 20
x # what's the value of x?
```

For loops

Evaluate the code

Evaluate the code below (when the code throws an error, the answer should be `ERROR`)

```python
my_dict = {2: 0, 3: 1, 1: 0}
for key in my_dict:
  my_dict.pop(key)
my_dict
```

```python
my_dict = {2: 0, 3: 1, 1: 0}
my_set = {2, 3}
for value in my_set:
  my_dict.pop(value)
my_dict
```

```python
my_set = {2, 1, 4, 5, 7, 10, 23, 44}
for value in my_set:
  my_set.discard(value)
my_set
```

```python
names = ["Ann", "Philipp", "Beatrice", "Paul"]
double_letter = []
for name in names:
  for i in range(len(name)-1):
```

```
    if name[i] == name[i+1]:
        double_letter.append(name)
double_letter
```

```
names = ["Ann", "Philipp", "Beatrice", "Paul"]
two_vowels = []
for name in names:
  for i in range(len(name)-1):
    if name[i] in "aeiou" and name[i+1] in "aeiou":
      two_vowels.append(name)
two_vowels
```

Lists

Evaluate the code

Evaluate the code below (when the code throws an error, the answer should be `ERROR`)

```
numbers = [1, 2]
numbers.append(5)
numbers.append(0)
numbers
```

```
numbers = [1, 2]
numbers.remove(1)
numbers
```

```
numbers = [1, 2]
numbers.pop(1)
numbers
```

```
numbers = [1, 2]
numbers[1]
numbers
```

```
numbers = [2, 3, 20, 1, 2, 40, 2]
numbers[7]
```

```
numbers = [2, 3, 20]
numbers[3] = 10
numbers
```

```
numbers = [2, 3, 20]
numbers.insert(0, 10)
numbers
```

Dictionaries

Evaluate the code

Evaluate the code below (when the code throws an error, the answer should be `ERROR`)

```
counts = {"a": 1, "b": 2}
counts[1] = "c"
counts
```

```
counts = {"a": 1, "b": 2}
counts["a"] = "c"
counts
```

```
counts = {"a": 1}
counts.append("b": 2)
counts
```

Tuples

Evaluate the code

Evaluate the code below (when the code throws an error, the answer should be `ERROR`)

```
names = ("Ann", "Philipp", "Beatrice", "Paul")
names[3]
```

```
names = ("Ann", "Philipp", "Beatrice", "Paul")
names[4]
```

```
names = ("Ann", "Philipp", "Beatrice", "Paul")
names[1]
```

Files

Evaluate the code

Evaluate the code below (when the code throws an error, the answer should be `ERROR`)

names.txt

```
Marcellin Burke
Albrecht Libby
Niki Zoey
Braxton Marvin
Marvin Brown
Ann Brown
```

```
f = open("names.txt", "r")
f.write("Ann\n")
f.close()
```

```python
f = open("names.txt", "r")
names = []
for line in f:
  names.append(line)
f.close()
names
```

```python
f = open("names.txt", "r")
names = []
for line in f:
  name = line.strip()
  names.append(name)
f.close()
names
```

```python
f = open("names.txt", "r")
names = []
for line in f:
  line_names = line.strip().split(" ")
  for n in line_names:
    names.append(n)
f.close()
names
```

```python
f = open("names.txt", "r")
names = []
for line in f:
  line_names = line.split(" ")
  for n in line_names:
    names.append(n)
f.close()
names
```

```python
f = open("names.txt", "r")
names = {}
for line in f:
  line_names = line.strip().split(" ")
  for n in line_names:
    if n in names:
      names[n] += 1
    else:
      names[n] = 1
f.close()
names
```

Writing code

Strings

Write a python function named `censor_vowels` that takes a string as argument and returns a string that instead of vowels has `*`. (strings are not mutable)

Test cases:

```python
assert censor_vowels("banana") == "b*n*n*"
assert censor_vowels("shirt") == "sh*rt"
```

Lists

Write a python function named `replace_vowels` that takes a list of strings of length one as argument, and **mutates** the argument list by replacing the vowels with *.

Test cases:

```python
original_list = ["b", "a", "n", "a", "n", "a"]
replace_vowels(original_list)
assert original_list == ["b", "*", "n", "*", "n", "*"]
assert replace_vowels(["s", "h", "i", "r", "t"]) == ["s", "h", "*", "r", "t"]
```

Dictionaries

Write a python function named `remove_vowels` that takes a dictionary with strings of length one as keys and integers as values. The function should mutate the dictionary, removing the vowel keys.

Test cases:

```python
original_dict = {"b": 1, "a": 1, "n": 1}
remove_vowels(original_dict)
assert original_dict == {"b": 1, "n": 1}
assert remove_vowels({"a": 3}) == {}
```

Bubble Sort

```python
def bubble_sort(items):
  swapped = False
  end = len(items)-1
  while not swapped:
    swapped = True
    for i in range(end):
      if items[i] > items[i+1]:
        items[i], items[i+1] = items[i+1], items[i]
        swapped = False
    end -= 1
```

Using bubble sort (code for reference above), how many sweeps and swaps would it take until the list gets sorted? Show your work. Indicate the number of sweeps and swaps in their designated boxes.

[10, 4, 2, 10, 5, 7]

SHOW YOUR WORK FOR QUESTION 3:

SWEEPS:

SWAPS:

KEY

Dictionary Loop Tables

Loop table 1

Give the function below:

```python
def keys_to_string(dictionary):
  new_string = ""
  for key in dictionary:
    new_string += key
  return new_string
```

Complete the `loop table` below with the corresponding values of `key`, and `new_string` for each loop interaction the following function call:

```python
keys_to_string({"b": 0, "a": 1, "n": 1})
```

RESPONSE FOR LOOP 1:

key	........new_string........
b	b
a	ba
n	ban

Loop table 2

Give the function below:

```python
def values_total(dictionary):
    total = 0
    for value in dictionary.values():
        total += value
    return total
```

Complete the `loop table` below with the corresponding values of `value`, and `new_string` for each loop interaction the following function call:

```python
values_total({"b": 0, "a": 1, "n": 1, "d": 3, "c": 3, "e": 2})
```

RESPONSE FOR LOOP 2:

value	total
0	0
1	1
1	2
3	5
3	8
2	10

Loop table 3

Give the function below:

```python
def difference_list(dictionary):
  result = []
  for key, value in dictionary.items():
    result.append(key - value)
  return result
```

Complete the `loop table` below with the corresponding values of `key`, `value`, and `result` for each loop interaction the following function call:

```
difference_list({5: 0, 4: 1, 3: 1, 6: 4})
```

RESPONSE FOR LOOP 3:

key	value	............result............
5	0	[5]
4	1	[5, 3]
3	1	[5, 3, 2]
6	4	[5, 3, 2, 2]

Loop table 4

Give the function below:

```python
def make_set(dictionary):
  result = set()
  for key, value in dictionary.items():
    result.add(key)
    result.add(value)
  return result
```

Complete the `loop table` below with the corresponding values of `key`, `value`, and 'result" for each loop interaction the following function call:

```python
make_set({5: 0, 4: 1, 3: 1, 6: 4})
```

RESPONSE FOR LOOP 4:

key	value	...........result...........
5	0	{5, 0}
4	1	{5, 4, 0, 1}
3	1	{5, 4, 0, 1, 3}
6	4	{5, 4, 0, 1, 3, 6}

Conditionals

Evaluate the code

Evaluate the code below (when the code throws an error, the answer should be `ERROR`)

```
x = 4
if x < 0:
  x += 1
else:
  x *= 10

x # what's the value of x?
```

```
## 40
```

```
x = 10
if x > 10 and x < 0:
  x = 20
x # what's the value of x?
```

```
## 10
```

```
x = 10
if x < 10 or x > 0:
  x = 20
x # what's the value of x?
```

```
## 20
```

For loops

Evaluate the code

Evaluate the code below (when the code throws an error, the answer should be `ERROR`)

```
my_dict = {2: 0, 3: 1, 1: 0}
for key in my_dict:
  my_dict.pop(key)
my_dict
```

ERROR

```
my_dict = {2: 0, 3: 1, 1: 0}
my_set = {2, 3}
for value in my_set:
  my_dict.pop(value)
```

```
## 0
## 1
```

```
my_dict
```

{1: 0}

```python
my_set = {2, 1, 4, 5, 7, 10, 23, 44}
for value in my_set:
  my_set.discard(value)
my_set
```

ERROR

```python
names = ["Ann", "Philipp", "Beatrice", "Paul"]
double_letter = []
for name in names:
  for i in range(len(name)-1):
    if name[i] == name[i+1]:
      double_letter.append(name)
double_letter
```

['Ann', 'Philipp']

```python
names = ["Ann", "Philipp", "Beatrice", "Paul"]
two_vowels = []
for name in names:
  for i in range(len(name)-1):
    if name[i] in "aeiou" and name[i+1] in "aeiou":
      two_vowels.append(name)
two_vowels
```

['Beatrice', 'Paul']

Lists

Evaluate the code

Evaluate the code below (when the code throws an error, the answer should be `ERROR`)

```python
numbers = [1, 2]
numbers.append(5)
numbers.append(0)
numbers
```

[1, 2, 5, 0]

```python
numbers = [1, 2]
numbers.remove(1)
numbers
```

[2]

```
numbers = [1, 2]
numbers.pop(1)
```

2

```
numbers
```

[1]

```
numbers = [1, 2]
numbers[1]
```

2

```
numbers
```

[1, 2]

```
numbers = [2, 3, 20, 1, 2, 40, 2]
numbers[7]
```

ERROR

```
numbers = [2, 3, 20]
numbers[3] = 10
numbers
```

ERROR

```
numbers = [2, 3, 20]
numbers.insert(0, 1)
numbers
```

[1, 2, 3, 20]

Dictionaries

Evaluate the code

Evaluate the code below (when the code throws an error, the answer should be `ERROR`)

```
counts = {"a": 1, "b": 2}
counts[1] = "c"
counts
```

{'a': 1, 'b': 2, 1: 'c'}

```
counts = {"a": 1, "b": 2}
counts["a"] = "c"
counts
```

{'a': 'c', 'b': 2}

```
counts = {"a": 1}
counts.append("b": 2)
counts
```

ERROR

Tuples

Evaluate the code

Evaluate the code below (when the code throws an error, the answer should be `ERROR`)

```
names = ("Ann", "Philipp", "Beatrice", "Paul")
names[3]
```

'Paul'

```
names = ("Ann", "Philipp", "Beatrice", "Paul")
names[4]
```

ERROR

```
names = ("Ann", "Philipp", "Beatrice", "Paul")
names[1]
```

'Philipp'

Files

Evaluate the code

Evaluate the code below (when the code throws an error, the answer should be `ERROR`)

names.txt

```
Marcellin Burke
Albrecht Libby
Niki Zoey
Braxton Marvin
Marvin Brown
Ann Brown
```

```
f = open("names.txt", "r")
f.write("Ann\n")
f.close()
```

ERROR

```
f = open("names.txt", "r")
names = []
for line in f:
  names.append(line)
f.close()
names
```

['Marcellin Burke\n', 'Albrecht Libby\n', 'Niki Zoey\n', 'Braxton Marvin\n', 'Marvin Brown\n', 'Ann Brown\n', 'Ann '

```
f = open("names.txt", "r")
names = []
for line in f:
  name = line.strip()
  names.append(name)
f.close()
names
```

['Marcellin Burke', 'Albrecht Libby', 'Niki Zoey', 'Braxton Marvin', 'Marvin Brown', 'Ann Brown']

```
f = open("names.txt", "r")
names = []
for line in f:
  line_names = line.strip().split(" ")
  for n in line_names:
    names.append(n)
f.close()
names
```

['Marcellin', 'Burke', 'Albrecht', 'Libby', 'Niki', 'Zoey', 'Braxton', 'Marvin', 'Marvin', 'Brown',

```
f = open("names.txt", "r")
names = []
for line in f:
  line_names = line.split(" ")
  for n in line_names:
    names.append(n)
f.close()
names
```

['Marcellin', 'Burke\n', 'Albrecht', 'Libby\n', 'Niki', 'Zoey\n', 'Braxton', 'Marvin\n', 'Marvin', '

```
f = open("names.txt", "r")
names = {}
for line in f:
```

```
    line_names = line.strip().split(" ")
    for n in line_names:
      if n in names:
        names[n] += 1
      else:
        names[n] = 1
f.close()
names
```

{'Marcellin': 1, 'Burke': 1, 'Albrecht': 1, 'Libby': 1, 'Niki': 1, 'Zoey': 1, 'Braxton': 1, 'Marvin'

Writing code

Strings

Write a python function named `censor_vowels` that takes a string as argument and returns a string that instead of vowels has *. (strings are not mutable)

```python
def censor_vowels(string):
  new_string = ""
  for char in string:
    if char in "aeiou":
      new_string += "*"
    else:
      new_string += char
  return new_string

def main():
  assert censor_vowels("banana") == "b*n*n*"
  assert censor_vowels("shirt") == "sh*rt"

main()
```

Lists

Write a python function named `replace_vowels` that takes a list of strings of length one as argument, and **mutates** the argument list by replacing the vowels with *.

```python
def replace_vowels(character_list):
  for i in range(len(character_list)):
    if character_list[i] in "aeiou":
      character_list[i] = "*"
  return character_list

def main():
  original_list = ["b", "a", "n", "a", "n", "a"]
  replace_vowels(original_list)
  assert original_list == ["b", "*", "n", "*", "n", "*"]
  assert replace_vowels(["s", "h", "i", "r", "t"]) == ["s", "h", "*", "r", "t"]

main()
```

Dictionaries

Write a python function named `remove_vowels` that takes a dictionary with strings of length one as keys and integers as values. The function should mutate the dictionary, removing the vowel keys.

```python
def remove_vowels(my_dict):
  for k in set(my_dict):
    if k in "aeiou":
      my_dict.pop(k)
  return my_dict

def main():
  original_dict = {"b": 1, "a": 1, "n": 1}
  remove_vowels(original_dict)
  assert original_dict == {"b": 1, "n": 1}
  assert remove_vowels({"a": 3}) == {}

main()
```

Bubble Sort

```python
def bubble_sort(items):
  swapped = False
  end = len(items)-1
  while not swapped:
    swapped = True
    for i in range(end):
      if items[i] > items[i+1]:
        items[i], items[i+1] = items[i+1], items[i]
        swapped = False
    end -= 1
```

Using bubble sort (code for reference above), how many sweeps and swaps would it take until the list gets sorted? Show your work. Indicate the number of sweeps and swaps in their designated boxes.

[10, 4, 2, 10, 5, 7]

SHOW YOUR WORK FOR QUESTION 3:

first sweep: [10, 4, 2, 10, 5, 7]

[4, 10, 2, 10, 5, 7] swap

[4, 2, 10, 10, 5, 7] swap

[4, 2, 10, 5, 10, 7] swap

[4, 2, 10, 5, 7, 10] swap

second sweep: [4, 2, 10, 5, 7, 10]

[2, 4, 10, 5, 7, 10] swap

[2, 4, 5, 10, 7, 10] swap

[2, 4, 5, 7, 10, 10] swap

third sweep: [2, 4, 5, 7, 10, 10]

SWEEPS: 3

SWAPS: 7