



**CHCECE034**

Use an approved learning  
framework to guide  
practice

**LEARNING  
ACTIVITY  
BOOKLET**



## Copyright

This document was developed by Harvard Management Institute Pty Ltd.

© 2023 Harvard Management Institute Pty Ltd.

All rights reserved.

No part of this publication may be reproduced, stored in a retrieval system, or transmitted in any form or by any means, electronic, mechanical, photocopying, recording, or otherwise without the prior written permission of Harvard Management Institute Pty Ltd.

## Version Control & Document History

Date	Summary of Modifications	Version
4 June 2021	Version 1.0 released for publishing	1.0
3 January 2022	Version 1.1 released for publishing Corrected error in Activity 3.1	1.1
14 August 2023	Version 1.2 released for publishing Updated items based on updated approved learning framework	1.2
1 March 2024	Version 1.3 endorsed for use Updated hyperlinks	1.3

## Table of Contents

<b>Overview.....</b>	<b>4</b>
<b>Learner Instructions .....</b>	<b>5</b>
Learner Information .....	5
Trainer Information .....	5
<b>Resources Required .....</b>	<b>6</b>
<b>Work Health and Safety.....</b>	<b>6</b>
<b>Reasonable Adjustment.....</b>	<b>7</b>
<b>Formative Activities.....</b>	<b>8</b>
I. Identify Learning Frameworks.....	8
Activity 1.1 .....	8
Activity 1.2 .....	8
Activity 1.3 .....	9
Activity 1.4 .....	9
II. Apply the Learning Framework .....	11
Activity 2.1 .....	11
Activity 2.2 .....	11
Activity 2.3 .....	12
III. Reflect Use of the Learning Framework .....	13
Activity 3.1 .....	13
Activity 3.2 .....	13

## Overview

### **CHCECE034 - Use an approved learning framework to guide practice (Release 1)**

This unit describes the performance outcomes, skills and knowledge required to source and use an approved childhood learning framework.

This unit applies to educators who support children's learning according to established curriculum under the guidance of others in regulated children's education and care services in Australia.

The skills in this unit must be applied in accordance with Commonwealth and State/Territory legislation, Australian standards and industry codes of practice.

No occupational licensing, certification or specific legislative requirements apply to this unit at the time of publication.

**A complete copy of the above unit of competency can be downloaded from the TGA website:**

<https://training.gov.au/Training/Details/CHCECE034>

## Learner Instructions

This Learning Activity Booklet contains formative activities that learners will complete in the classroom or a similar environment.

These formative activities include knowledge questions to test your underpinning generic knowledge and practical activities to test your skills relevant to the unit/s of competency.

These formative assessments are used by your trainer to complement both the learning and training processes, and to evaluate how you are progressing throughout these processes.

You may reference your Learner Guide and other learning materials to complete the activities included in this workbook.

### IMPORTANT:

**The completion of the formative assessments and learning activities included in this workbook DOES NOT lead to a Qualification or a Statement of Attainment (SOA).**

### Learner Information

Learner name	
Phone	
Email	

### Trainer Information

Trainer name	
RTO name	
RTO phone	
RTO email	

## Resources Required

Resources needed to complete activities included in this workbook include:

- Computer with Internet, email access, and a working web browser
- Installed software: MS Word, Adobe Acrobat Reader
- Learner guide

## Work Health and Safety

Both the trainers and learners have duty of care in ensuring that the learning environment is free from hazards that may pose risks to their health and safety.

According to WHS legislation, trainers and learners must take reasonable care while undertaking the activities included in this workbook in the learning environment.

## Reasonable Adjustment

'Reasonable adjustment' in VET is the term applied to modifying the learning environment or making changes to the training delivered to assist a learner with a disability. A reasonable adjustment can be as simple as changing classrooms to be closer to amenities or installing a particular type of software on a computer for a person with vision impairment.

### Why make a reasonable adjustment?

We make reasonable adjustments in VET to make sure that learners with disabilities have:

- The same learning opportunities as learners without disabilities, and
- The same opportunity to perform and complete assessments as those without disabilities.

### Reasonable adjustment applied to participation in teaching, learning, and assessment activities can include:

- Customising resources and assessment activities within the training package or accredited course
- Modifying the presentation medium
- Learner support
- Use of assistive/adaptive technologies
- Making information accessible both before enrolment and during the course
- Monitoring the adjustments to ensure learner needs continue to be met

### Assistive/Adaptive Technologies

Assistive/adaptive technology means 'software or hardware that has been specifically designed to assist people with disabilities in carrying out daily activities' (World Wide Web Consortium - W3C). It includes screen readers, magnifiers, voice recognition software, alternative keyboards, devices for grasping, visual alert systems, and digital note-takers.

*(Adapted Reasonable Adjustment in teaching, learning and assessment for learners with a disability - November 2010 - Prepared by - Queensland VET Development Centre)*

### IMPORTANT:

**Reasonable adjustment made for collecting learner assessment evidence must not impact the standard expected by the workplace, as expressed by the relevant unit/s of competency. For example, if the assessment were gathering evidence of the learner's competency in writing, allowing the learner to complete the assessment verbally would not be a valid assessment method. The method of assessment used by any reasonable adjustment must still meet the competency requirements.**

## Formative Activities

### I. Identify Learning Frameworks

#### Activity 1.1

##### True or False

Review the statements below about the function of a learning framework. Indicate whether each statement is True or False.

Tick the box that corresponds to your answer.

<input type="checkbox"/> TRUE <input type="checkbox"/> FALSE	i. Early childhood education and care services are required by the law to follow the approved learning frameworks in their education programs.
<input type="checkbox"/> TRUE <input type="checkbox"/> FALSE	ii. The function of a learning framework refers to the purpose for which it was created.
<input type="checkbox"/> TRUE <input type="checkbox"/> FALSE	iii. The United Nations Convention on the Rights of Educators (UNCRE) paved the way for the creation of approved learning frameworks in Australia
<input type="checkbox"/> TRUE <input type="checkbox"/> FALSE	iv. The goal of learning frameworks is to dictate which children should be taught within a learning centre.
<input type="checkbox"/> TRUE <input type="checkbox"/> FALSE	v. Learning frameworks may be used in the development of organisational policies and procedures.

#### Activity 1.2

Identify the nationally approved learning framework currently used in Australia for children below five years old.

--



### Activity 1.3

List the eight principles of the Early Years Learning Framework (EYLF).

i.
ii.
iii.
iv.
v.
vi.
vii.
viii.

### Activity 1.4

#### Matching Type

Identify the Learning Outcome being described in each statement below.

Learning Outcomes
Children have a strong sense of identity.
Children have a strong sense of wellbeing.
Children are confident and involved learners.
Children are effective communicators.
Children are connected with and contribute to their world.

Learning Outcomes	Description
	<p>i. This is shown when children initiate interactions and conversations with trusted educators. Educators can promote this outcome by supporting children's secure attachment through consistent and warm nurturing relationships.</p>
	<p>ii. This is shown when children contribute to fair decision-making about matters that affect them. Educators can promote this outcome by planning opportunities for children to participate in meaningful ways in group discussions and shared decision-making about rules and expectations.</p>
	<p>iii. This is shown when children make choices, accept challenges, take considered risks, manage change and cope with frustrations and the unexpected. Educators can promote this outcome by acknowledging and affirm children's effort and growth</p>
	<p>iv. This is shown when children initiate and contribute to play experiences emerging from their own ideas. Educators can promote this outcome by providing opportunities for children to revisit their ideas and extend their thinking.</p>
	<p>v. This is shown when children engage in enjoyable interactions using verbal and non-verbal language. Educators can promote this outcome by listening to and responding to children's approximations of words.</p>

## II. Apply the Learning Framework

### Activity 2.1

#### Fill in the blanks

The following are statements about the application of the Early Years Learning Framework (EYLF) to educators' practice. Review each and complete the statement by filling in the missing words/phrases.

i.	One of the EYLF's expected learning outcome is that children are _____ with and _____ to their world.
ii.	The EYLF Principles serve as the _____ for early childhood practices.
iii.	The EYLF Principles are based on _____ and research evidence relevant to early childhood learning and _____.
iv.	_____ is the act of exploring one's thoughts and feelings and trying to understand the reasoning behind them.
v.	Pedagogy refers to the _____ of an educator's _____ practice.

### Activity 2.2

List all five key stakeholders in the implementation of the approved learning framework.

i.
ii.
iii.
iv.
v.

### Activity 2.3

#### True or False

Review the statements below about the different ways in which the learning framework can be integrated into all aspects of the curriculum. Indicate whether each statement is True or False.

Tick the box that corresponds to your answer.

<input type="checkbox"/> TRUE <input type="checkbox"/> FALSE	i. Practice is the customary, habitual, or expected procedure or way of doing something.
<input type="checkbox"/> TRUE <input type="checkbox"/> FALSE	ii. The norms of the cultural group a child's family belong to influence the family's norms.
<input type="checkbox"/> TRUE <input type="checkbox"/> FALSE	iii. Transitions are when children develop new skills and learn new talents.
<input type="checkbox"/> TRUE <input type="checkbox"/> FALSE	iv. Child-rearing practices are similar for all families within a learning centre.
<input type="checkbox"/> TRUE <input type="checkbox"/> FALSE	v. A routine is a sequence of actions that is regularly followed.

### III. Reflect Use of the Learning Framework

#### Activity 3.1

##### True or False

Review the statements below about reflective practice. Indicate whether each statement is True or False.

Tick the box that corresponds to your answer.

<input type="checkbox"/> TRUE <input type="checkbox"/> FALSE	i. Educators use reflection to identify areas for improvement in their current implementation and think of ways to further improve facilitation of child development.
<input type="checkbox"/> TRUE <input type="checkbox"/> FALSE	ii. Postings in notice boards are a way to record your thoughts about all practices (relationships, interactions, teaching and learning, assessment, environments).
<input type="checkbox"/> TRUE <input type="checkbox"/> FALSE	iii. Early childhood educators' practices are impersonal and similar to each other.
<input type="checkbox"/> TRUE <input type="checkbox"/> FALSE	iv. Opportunities to develop your own practice is limited to the examples provided in a learning framework.
<input type="checkbox"/> TRUE <input type="checkbox"/> FALSE	v. Reflection is meaningful when the educator is aware of their own thought process during reflection, is able to come up with potential applications for their reflection, and when the conclusions or outcomes are shared with relevant individuals within the centre.

#### Activity 3.2

List three results that reflective practice aims to achieve in early childhood education.

i.
ii.
iii.

End of Document