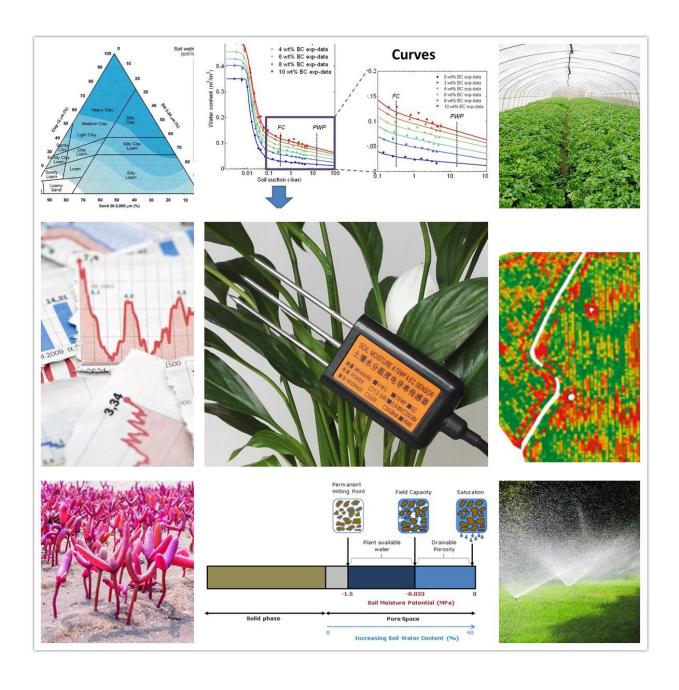


MEC10

Soil Moisture, EC and Temperature Sensor User Manual





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1 Customer Support

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2 Introduction

MEC10 measures soil moisture content, EC and temperature. It sealed with resin packaged plastic body with sensing rods which can be insert directly into the soil with long time stability. The soil moisture output signal can be RS485, Analog Voltage or Analog Current. It can also be calibrated for specific soils. The sensor is applicable for science research, irrigation, greenhouse, smart agriculture etc.

- Integrated with Soil Moisture, EC, Temperature measurement
- Output Interface with RS485, Voltage, Current
- Low salinity sensitivity
- Minimal soil disturbance
- Water proof to IP68 ratings and can be directly buried into soil
- High accuracy with excellent stability
- Reverse power protection and Built-in TVS/ESD protection

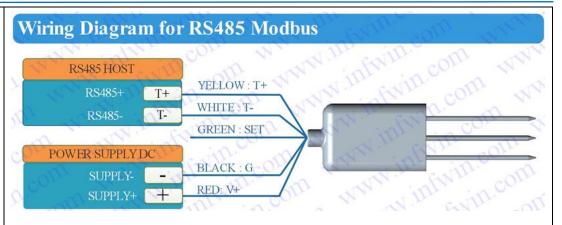
Specifications						
Output Interface	Analog Voltage 0-2V Analog Current 4-20mA RS485					
	(Output resistance ~0ohm)	(Load Resistor<500ohm)	Modbus-RTU			
Power Supply	3.6-30V/DC 12-30V/DC 3.6-30V/DC					
Power Consumption	6mA@24V DC 50mA@24V DC 6mA@24V DC					
		(with 2*20mA output				
		signal)				
Soil Moisture	Range:0-50%,0-100%					
Measurement	Resolution:0-50%:0.03%,50-1	00%:1%				
	Accuracy:0-50%:3%,50-100%	:5%				
EC Measurement	Range: 0-5000us/cm, 10000us	/cm, 20000us/cm				
	Resolution: 0-10000us/cm, 10us/cm; 100000-20000us/cm, 50us/cm					
	Accuracy: 0-10000us/cm, ±3%; 10000-20000us/cm, ±5%					
	EC temperature compensation: 0-50°C					
Temperature	Range: -40~80°C, Resolution:0.1°C, Accuracy:±0.5°C					
Measurement						
Measurement	Moisture by FDR and EC by AC excitation					
Technique						
IP Ratings	IP68					
Operating	-40~85℃					
Temperature	emperature					
Sensor Rod	Stainless steel					
Sensor Sealed	Epoxy resin					
Installation	Surface or buried installation					
Cable Length	ble Length 2 meters or Customize					
Dimension	44*15*146mm					



3 Wiring diagrams

Type	Wiring diagram					
Analog	Red (V+): Power Supply +					
Voltage	Black (G): Power Supply -					
Output	Blue (O1): Analog Output (Can be set to VWC, EC, Temperature in factory)					
	Brown (O2): Analog Output (Can be set to VWC, EC, Temperature in factory)					
	Wiring Diagram for Analog Voltage Output 0-2V					
	Voltage Detector BLUE : O1 Voltage Detector BROWN : O2					
	POWER SUPPLYDC SUPPLY- SUPPLY+ RED: V+					
Analog	Red (V+): Power Supply +					
Current	Black (G): Power Supply -					
Output	Blue (O1): Analog Output(Can be set to VWC, EC, Temperature in factory)					
	Brown (O2): Analog Output(Can be set to VWC, EC, Temperature in factory)					
	Wiring Diagram for Analog Current Output 4-20mA					
	Current Detector BLUE: O1					
	NO COA WAS THE STATE OF THE STA					
	Current Detector BROWN: O2					
	A Current Detector BROWN: O2					
	POWER SUPPLY DC SUPPLY- SUPPLY+ RED: V+					
RS485	POWER SUPPLY DC BLACK: G					
RS485 Modbus	POWER SUPPLY DC SUPPLY- SUPPLY+ + RED: V+					
	POWER SUPPLY DC SUPPLY- SUPPLY+ RED: V+ Red (V+): Power Supply +					
	Red (V+): Power Supply + Black (G): Power Supply -					
	Red (V+): Power Supply + Black (G): Power Supply - Yellow (T+): RS485+/A/T+					
	Red (V+): Power Supply + Black (G): Power Supply - Yellow (T+): RS485+/A/T+ White (T-): RS485-/B/T-					
	Red (V+): Power Supply + Black (G): Power Supply - Yellow (T+): RS485+/A/T+ White (T-): RS485-/B/T- Green (SET): SETTING mode. When sensor power-up with the SET wire connected to Power					
	Red (V+): Power Supply + Black (G): Power Supply - Yellow (T+): RS485+/A/T+ White (T-): RS485-/B/T- Green (SET): SETTING mode. When sensor power-up with the SET wire connected to Power Supply +, then sensor using setting mode communication parameters for					





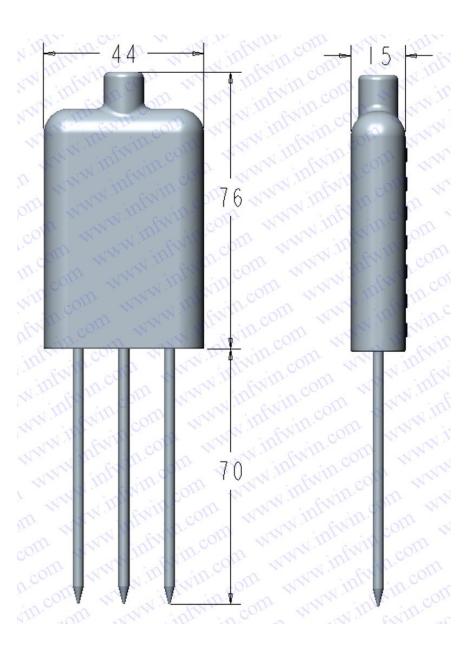
ALL RS485 communication parameters (Mosbus Slave Address, baudrate, parity, databits, stopbits) are set in internal register and can be saved when power down, the factory setting is ADDRESS=1, BAUDRATE=9600bps,PARITY=NONE, DATABITS=8bits, STOPBITS=1bit;

Sometimes you may FORGET the communication settings, In this case, you can connect the GREEN & RED wire together to PowerSupply+, black wire to PowerSupply-, then re-power up the sensor, then the sensor start-up with a fixed communication settings(we call it setting mode) ADDRESS=0, BAUDRATE=9600bps,PARITY=NONE, DATABITS=8bits, STOPBITS=1bit; Communicate with the sensor using this parameters and then set your desired communication parameters, then disconnect the green wire from PowerSupply+, then re-power up the sensor, and the sensor will communicate with your settings.



4 Dimension and Ordering Infomation

4.1 Dimension



4.2 Ordering Infomation

Parameters	Code	Comments
Code 1:	MEC10	MEC10 Soil Moisture, EC, Temperature Sensor
Product Series		
Code 2:	A	Soil Moisture & Temperature & EC (only for RS485 output)
Measuring Parameters	В	Soil Moisture & EC
	C	Customize



Code 3:	A	0-50%
Soil Moisture Range	В	0-100%
Code 4:	A	0-5000us/cm
EC Range	В	0-10000us/cm
	C	0-20000us/cm
	D	Customize
Code 5:	A	3.6-30V DC (not applicable for 4-20mA output)
Power Supply	В	12-30V DC
	C	2.7-16V DC (not applicable for 4-20mA output)
	D	Customize
	Е	2.0-5.5V DC (not applicable for 4-20mA output)
Code 6:	A	Analog Voltage 0-2V
Output Interface	В	Analog Current 4-20mA
	C	RS485,Modbus-RTU
	D	RS485,Modbus-RTU & Analog Voltage 0-2V
	Е	RS485,Modbus-RTU & Analog Current 4-20mA
	F	SDI-12
	G	Customize
Code 7:	002	2 meters
Cable Length	XXX	Customize, XXX is required cable length(Unit: meter)

Ordering Code Example:

 $MEC10\ Sensor\ with\ Soil\ Moisture\ \&\ EC\ \&\ Temperature\ parameters,\ Soil\ Moisture\ Range\ 100\%,\ Soil\ EC\ Range\ 20000us/cm,\ Power\ Supply\ 3.6-30V\ DC,\ Output\ Interface\ RS485,\ Modbus-RTU,\ Cable\ Length\ 5\ meters.$

Ordering Code is: MEC10 - A B C A C 005



5 Safty ,Care and Installation

5.1 Care and Safty

- The rods of the Sensor are sharp for ease insertion. Care must be taken and handling precautions followed.
- Avoid touching the rods or exposing them to other sources of static damage, particularly when powered up.
- Do not pull the sensor out of the soil by its cable.
- If you feel any resistance when inserting the sensor into soil, it is likely you have encountered a stone. Stop pushing and re-insert at a new location.

5.2 Installation

Surface installation

- Clear away any stones. Pre-form holes in very hard soils before insertion.
- Push the sensor into the soil until the rods are fully inserted. Ensure good soil contact.
- If you feel strong resistance when inserting the sensor, you have probably hit a stone. Stop, and re-insert at a new location.

Note: The sensor is suitable for soil surface temperature measurements.

Installing at depth

- Make a 45mm diameter hole, preferably at about 10° to the vertical using a auger.
- Push the sensor into the soil until rods are fully inserted. Ensure good soil contact.
- Fill and repack the hole with soil.

Alternatively

■ Dig a trench, and install horizontally.



6 Output Signal Conversion

Output Interface	Parameters Range	Conversion Formula		
Analog Voltage	Temperature: -40-80°C	TEMP=60.0*VLOTAGE-40. When VOLTEGE=1.0V,then		
Output 0-2V		TEMP=60.0*1.0-40=20.00°C		
	VWC: 0-50%	VWC=25*VOLTAGE. When VOLTAGE=0.3V,then		
		VWC=25*0.3=7.5%		
	VWC: 0-100%	VWC =50* VOLTAGE. When VOLTAGE=0.3V,then		
		VWC =50*0.3=15%.		
	EC: 0-5000us/cm	EC=2500*VOLTAGE. When VOLTAGE=0.3V,then		
		EC=2500*0.3=750us/cm.		
	EC: 0-10000us/cm	EC =5000* VOLTAGE. When VOLTAGE=0.3V,then EC		
		=5000*0.3=1500us/cm.		
	EC: 0-20000us/cm	EC =10000* VOLTAGE. When VOLTAGE=0.3V,then EC		
		=10000*0.3=3000us/cm.		
Analog Current	Temperature: -40-80°C	TEMP=7.5*CURRENT-70. When CURRENT=10mA,		
Output 4-20mA		then TEMP=7.5*10-70=5.00°C.		
	VWC: 0-50%	VWC= 3.125 *(CURRENT -4). When		
		CURRENT=6.4mA, then VWC= 3.125*(6.4-4)=7.50%		
	VWC: 0-100%	VWC = 6.25 *(CURRENT -4). When CURRENT=6.4mA,		
		then VWC=6.25*(6.4-4)=15%		
	EC: 0-5000us/cm	EC = 312.50 *(CURRENT -4). When CURRENT=6.4mA,		
	then EC= 312.50*(6.4-4)=750us/cm			
EC: 0-10000us/cm		EC = 625 *(CURRENT -4). When CURRENT=6.4mA,		
		then EC=625*(6.4-4)=1500us/cm		
	FG 0.20000 /	Fig. 1050 to CVIDDENT AND WILL CARDENT A A		
	EC: 0-20000us/cm	EC = 1250 *(CURRENT -4). When CURRENT=6.4mA,		
		then EC=1250*(6.4-4)=3000us/cm		
RS485	Temperature: -40-80°C	TEMP=(REGISTER VALUE)/100. When REGISTER		
Modbus-RTU		VALUE=2013, then TEMP= 2013/100=20.13 °C.		
	VWC for all ranges	VWC=(REGISTER VALUE)/100. When REGISTER		
		VALUE=2013, then TEMP= 2013/100=20.13%.		
	EC for all ranges	EC=(REGISTER VALUE). When REGISTER		
		VALUE=1568, then EC= 1568us/cm.		
Customize	Contact support for custom	nized sensor interface		

NOTE: The unit of VOLTAGE is (V), The unit of CURRENT is (mA).

NOTE: VWC is Volumetric Water Content, EC is Electrical Conductivity.



7 RS485 Modbus Protocol

7.1 Modbus Protocol

Modbus Protocol is widely used to establish master-slave communication between intelligent devices or sensors. A MODBUS message sent from a master to a slave contains the address of the slave, the function code (e.g. 'read register' or 'write register'), the data, and a check sum (LRC or CRC).

The sensor is RS485 interface with Modbus protocol. The default serial communication settings is slave address 1, modbus rtu, 9600bps, 8 databits and 1 stop bit. All communication settings can be changed with modbus command, and take effective after re-power up the sensor.

Following modbus function code are supported by sensor.

Modbus Function Code 0x03: used for reading holding register.

Modbus Function Code 0x04 : used for reading input register.

Modbus Function Code 0x06: used for writing single holding register.

Modbus Function Code 0x10: used for writing multiple holding register.

7.2 Modbus Register

Parameters	Register Addr.	Data	Modbus	Range and Comments	Default
	(HEX/DEC)	Type	Function		Value
			Code(DEC)		
TEMPRATURE	0x0000 /0	INT16	3/4	-4000-8000 for	N/A
		RO		-40.00~80.00°C.	
VWC-Volumetric	0x0001 /1	UINT16	3/4	0-10000 for 0-100%	N/A
Water Content		RO			
EC-Electrical	0x0002 /2	UINT16	3/4	0-20000 for	N/A
Conductivity		RO		0-20000us/cm	
SALINITY	0x0003 /3	UINT16	3/4	0-20000 for	N/A
		RO		0-20000mg/L	
TDS	0x0004 /4	UINT16	3/4	0-20000 for	N/A
		RO		0-20000mg/L	
EPSILON	0x0005 /5	UINT16	3/4	88-8188 for 0.88-81.88	N/A
		RO			
SOILTYPE	0x0020 /32	UINT16	3/6/16	0-3	0:Mineral
		R/W		0:Mineral	
				1:Sand	



					1
				2:Clay	
				3:Organic	
TEMPUNIT	0x0021 /33	UINT16	3/6/16	0:℃	0
		R/W		1:°F	
ECTEMPCOFF	0x0022 /34	UINT16	3/6/16	0-100 for 0.0%-10.0%	20(2%)
		R/W			
SALINITYCOFF	0x0023 /35	UINT16	3/6/16	0-100 for 0.00-1.00	55(0.55)
		R/W			
TDSCOFF	0x0024 /36	UINT16	3/6/16	0-100 for 0.00-1.00	50(0.5)
		R/W			
MEASUREMETHOD	0x0025 /37	UINT16	3/6/16	0: Continuous Meas.	1
		R/W		1: Request Meas.	
SLAVEADDRESS	0x0200 /512	UINT16	3/6/16	0-255	1
		R/W			
BAUDRATE	0x0201 /513	UINT16	3/6/16	0-6	3:9600bps
		R/W		0:1200bps	
				1:2400bps	
				2:4800bps	
				3:9600bps	
				4:19200bps	
				5:38400bps	
PROTOCOL	0x0202 /514	UINT16	3/6/16	0-1	0:Modbus
		R/W		0:Modbus RTU	RTU
				1:Modbus ASCii	
PARITY	0x0203 /515	UINT16	3/6/16	0-2	0:None
		R/W		0:None	Parity
				1:Even	
				2:Odd	
DATABITS	0x0204 /516	UINT16	3/6/16	1	1:8 databits
		R/W		1:8 databits	
STOPBITS	0x0205 /517	UINT16	3/6/16	0-1	0:1 stopbit
		R/W		0:1 stopbit	
				1:2 stopbits	
RESPONSEDELAY	0x0206/518	UINT16	3/6/16	0-255 for 0-2550	0
		R/W		milliseconds	
ACTIVEOUTPUTIN	0x0207 /519	UINT16	3/6/16	0-255 for 0-255 seconds.	0
TERVAL		R/W			

NOTE: UINT16:16 bit unsigned integer, INT16:16bit signed integer

NOTE: RO: Register is Read Only, R/W: Register is Read/Write

NOTE: HEX is Hexadecimal (data with 0x/0X prefix), DEC is Decimal



7.3 Modbus Register Detail Descripton

TEMPERATURE			
Data Range	-4000-8000 For -40.00~80.00°C	Default: N/A	
Power Down Save	N/A		

Note:Temperature value (Binary complement).

Example: When REGISTER = 0x0702 (HEX format), then

VALUE=(0x07*256+0x02)/100=17.94°C.When REGISTER=FF05H (HEX format), then

 $VALUE = ((0xFF*256+0x05)-0xFFFF-0x01)/100 = (0xFF05-0xFFFF-0x01)/100 = -2.51^{\circ}C.$

VWCVolmetric Water Content		
Data Range	0-10000 For 0-100%	Default: N/A
Power Down Save	N/A	

Note: Volmetric Water Content value.

Example: When REGISTER = 0x0702 (HEX format), then VALUE=(0x07*256+0x02)/100=17.94%

ECElectrical Conductivity			
Data Range	0-20000 For 0-20000us/cm	Default: N/A	
Power Down Save	N/A		

Note: Electrical Conductivity.

Example: When REGISTER = 0x0702 (HEX format), then VALUE=(0x07*256+0x02)=1794us/cm

SALINITY Salinity			
Data Range	0-20000 For 0-20000mg/L	Default: N/A	
Power Down Save	N/A		

Note: SALINITY

Example: When REGISTER = 0x0702 (HEX format), then VALUE=(0x07*256+0x02)=1794mg/L, Salinity is derived by EC, SALINITY=EC* SALINITYCOFF, in which SALINITYCOFF is a coefficient, please refer to SALINITYCOFF.

TDSTotal Dissolved Solid		
Data Range	0-20000 For 0-20000mg/L	Default: N/A
Power Down Save	N/A	

Note:Total Dissolved Solid

Example: When REGISTER = 0x0702 (HEX format), then VALUE=(0x07*256+0x02)=1794mg/L, TDS is derived by EC, TDS=EC* TDSCOFF, in which TDSCOFF is a coefficient, please refer to



TDSCOFF.

EPSILON EPSILON		
Data Range	88-8188 for 0.88-81.88	Default: N/A
Power Down Save	N/A	

Note:Epsilon

Example: When REGISTER = 0x0702 (HEX format), then VALUE=(0x07*256+0x02)/100=17.94, VWC is derived by EPSILON, VWC is a function of EPSILON. This value is always used for self calibration usage.

TEMPUNITTemperature Unit		
Data Range	0:℃	Default: 0
	1:°F	
Power Down Save	YES	

Note:Temperature Unit.

ECTEMPCOFFEC Temperature Compensation Coefficient		
Data Range	0-100 for 0.0%-10.0%	Default: 20(2%)
Power Down Save	YES	

Note:EC Temperature Compensation Coefficient

SALINITYCOFFSalinity Coefficient		
Data Range	0-100 for 0.00-1.00	Default: 55(0.55)
Power Down Save	YES	

Note:Salinity Coefficient.

TDSCOFFTDS Coefficient		
Data Range	0-100 for 0.00-1.00	Default: 50(0.50)
Power Down Save	YES	

Note:TDS Coefficient.

MEASMUREMETHODMeasure Method		
Data Range	0: Continuous	Default: 1
	1: Request	
Power Down Save	YES	



Note:In Continious mode, the sensor always convert the VWC,EC and Temperature and update the internal data and ready for reading. In Request mode, the sensor convert the VWC,EC and Temperature data by receiving the data request command from master device.

SLAVEADDRESS Modbus Slave Address		
Data Range	0-255	Default: 1
Power Down Save	YES	

Note: Please re-power on the sensor to take effective after set.

BAUDRATE Serial Comm Baudrate		
Data Range	0-5	Default: 3
	0: 1200bps	
	1:2400bps	
	2:4800bps	
	3: 9600bps	
	4: 19200bps	
	5:38400bps	
Power Down Save	YES	

Note: Please re-power on the sensor to take effective after set.

PROTOCOL Serial Comm Protocol		
Data Range	0-1	Default: 0
	0:Modbus RTU	
	1:Modbus ASCii	
Power Down Save	YES	

Note: Please re-power on the sensor to take effective after set.

PARITY Serial Comm Parity		
Data Range	0-2	Default: 0
	0:NONE	
	1:EVEN	
	2:ODD	
Power Down Save	YES	

Note: Please re-power on the sensor to take effective after set.



DATABITS Serial Comm Databits		
Data Range	1	Default: 1
	1:8 databits	
Power Down Save	YES	

Note: Please re-power on the sensor to take effective after set.

STOPBITS Serial Comm Stopbits		
Data Range	0-1	Default: 0
	0:1 stopbit	
	1:2 stopbits	
Power Down Save	YES	

Note: Please re-power on the sensor to take effective after set.

RESPONSEDELAY Serial Comm Response Delay		
Data Range	0-255 for 0-2550 milliseconds, 0 for disabled	Default: 0
Power Down Save	YES	

Note: Please re-power on the sensor to take effective after set.

Note: Sensor will delay a period before response to master request command.

Example: When set to 5 and receive a request from master device, then sensor will delay

5*10ms=50ms, then response to master.

ACTIVEOUTPUTINTERVAL Serial Comm Active Output Interval time			
Data Range	0-255 for 0-255 seconds, 0 for disabled Default: 0		
Power Down Save	YES		

Note: Please re-power on the sensor to take effective after set.

Note: Sensor will output the data actively without any master request command.

Note:Only ONE sensor should be on RS485 network, or there will be data collision and corrupt the data on line.

Note:Refer to SETTING mode to exit the Active Output Mode.

Example: When set to 5 then sensor will output the data every 5 seconds without any master request command.



7.4 Modbus Function Code

For description below, data started with 0X/0x means that it's in HEX format.

7.4.1 Function Code 3 Protocol Example

Master Request: AA 03 RRRR NNNN CCCC

AA	1 byte	Slave Address,0-255
0x03	1 byte	Function Code 3
RRRR	2 byte	Starting Register Addr
NNNN	2 byte	Quantity of Register to read
CCCC	2 byte	CRC CHECKSUM

Slave Response: AA 03 MM VV0 VV1 VV2 VV3... CCCC

AA	1 byte	Slave Address,0-255	
0x03	1 byte	Function Code 3	
MM	1 byte	Register Data Byte Count	
VV0,VV1	2 byte	Register Value (High8bits first)	
VV2,VV3	2 byte	Register Value (High8bits first)	
	•••	Register Value (High8bits first)	
CCCC	2 byte	CRC CHECKSUM	

Example: Read register 0x0200-0x0201, that is slave address and baudrate.

Master Request:01 03 0200 0002 C5B3

Slave Addr.	1 byte	0x01
Function Code	1 byte	0x03
Starting Register	2 byte	0x0200
Addr.		
Quantity of Register	2 byte	0x0002
to read		
Checksum	2 byte	0xC5B3

Slave Response:01 03 04 00 01 00 03 EB F2

Slave Addr.	1 byte	0x01
Function Code	1 byte	0x03



Register Data Byte	1 byte	0x04
Count		
Register Value:	2 byte	0x00(HIGH 8 Bits)
Address		0x01(LOW8 Bits)
Register Value:	2 byte	0x00(HIGH 8 Bits)
Baudrate		0x03(LOW8 Bits)
Checksum	2 byte	0xEBF2

7.4.2 Function Code 4 Protocol Example

Master Request: AA 04 RRRR NNNN CCCC

AA	1 byte	Slave Address,0-255
0x04	1 byte	Function Code 4
RRRR	2 byte	Starting Register Addr
NNNN	2 byte	Quantity of Register to read
CCCC	2 byte	CRC CHECKSUM

Slave Response: AA 04 MM VV0 VV1 VV2 VV3... CCCC

AA	1 byte	Slave Address,0-255
0x04	1 byte	Function Code 4
MM	1 byte	Register Data Byte Count
VV0,VV1	2 byte	Register Value (High8bits first)
VV2,VV3	2 byte	Register Value (High8bits first)
		Register Value (High8bits first)
CCCC	2 byte	CRC CHECKSUM

Example: Read register 0x0000-0x00002, that is temperature, soil moisture, and EC.

Master Request:01 04 0000 0003 B00B

Slave Addr.	1 byte	0x01
Function Code	1 byte	0x04
Starting Register	2 byte	0x0000
Addr.		
Quantity of Register	2 byte	0x0003
to read		



Checksum 2 by	oyte 0xB00B	
---------------	-------------	--

Slave Response:01 04 06 08 90 0E 93 02 4E D2 57

Slave Addr.	1 byte	0x01
Function Code	1 byte	0x04
Register Data Byte	1 byte	0x06
Count		
Register Value:	2 byte	0x08(HIGH 8 Bits)
Temperature		0x90(LOW8 Bits)
Register Value: Soil	2 byte	0x0E(HIGH 8 Bits)
Moisture		0x93(LOW8 Bits)
Register Value: EC	2 byte	0x02(HIGH 8 Bits)
		0x4E(LOW8 Bits)
Checksum	2 byte	0xD257

Temperature =(0x08*256+0x90)/100=2192/100=21.92 °C Soil Moisture =(0x0E*256+0x93)/100=3731/100=37.31% EC=0x02*256+0x4E=2*256+78=590 us/cm

7.4.3 Function Code 6 Protocol Example

Master Request: AA 06 RRRR VVVV CCCC

AA	1 byte	Slave Address,0-255
0x06	1 byte	Function Code 6
RRRR	2 byte	Register Addr (High8bits first)
VVVV	2 byte	Register Value (High8bits first)
CCCC	2 byte	CRC CHECKSUM

Slave Response: AA 06 RRRR VVVV CCCC

AA	1 byte	Slave Address,0-255
0x06	1 byte	Function Code 6
RRRR	2 byte	Register Addr (High8bits first)
VVVV	2 byte	Register Value (High8bits first)
CCCC	2 byte	CRC CHECKSUM

Example: Write Register 0x0021, that is set temperature unit to \mathcal{F} .



Request:01 06 0021 0001 1800

Slave Addr.	1 byte	0x01
Function Code	1 byte	0x06
Register Addr.	2 byte	0x0021 (High8bits first)
Register Value	2 byte	0x0001 (High8bits first)
Checksum	2 byte	0x1800

Response:01 06 0021 0001 1800

Slave Addr.	1 byte	0x01
Function Code	1 byte	0x06
Register Addr.	2 byte	0x0021 (High8bits first)
Register Value	2 byte	0x0001 (High8bits first)
Checksum	2 byte	0x1800

7.4.4 Function Code 16 Protocol Example

Master Request: AA 10 RRRR NNNN MM VVVV1 VVVV2 ... CCCC

AA	1 byte	Slave Address,0-255
0x10	1 byte	Function Code 0x10
RRRR	2 byte	Starting Register Addr
NNNN	2 byte	Quantity of Register to write
MM	1 byte	Register Data Byte Count
VVVV1	2 byte	Register Value(High8bits first)
VVVV2	2 byte	Register Value(High8bits first)
		Register Value(High8bits first)
CCCC	2 byte	CRC CHECKSUM

Slave Response: AA 10 RRRR NNNN CCCC

AA	1 byte	Slave Address,0-255
0x10	1 byte	Function Code 0x10
RRRR	2 byte	Starting Register Addr
NNNN	2 byte	Quantity of Register to write
CCCC	2 byte	CRC CHECKSUM

Example: Write Register 0x0200-0x0201, that is set slave address to 1, and baudrate to



19200bp.

Master Request:01 10 0200 0002 04 0001 0004 BACC

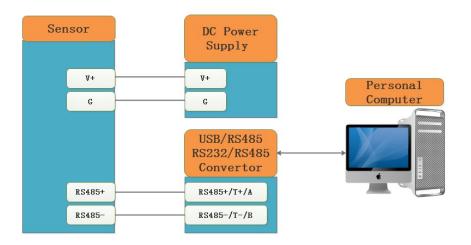
0x01	1 byte	Slave Addr.	
0x10(HEX)	1 byte	Function Code 0x10	
0x0200	2 byte	Starting Register Addr	
0x0002	2 byte	Quantity of Register to write	
0x04	1 byte	Register Data Byte Count	
0x0001	2 byte	Register Value: Slave Address 1	
0x0004	2 byte	Register Value: Baudrate 19200bps	
0xBACC	2 byte	CRC CHECKSUM	

Salve Response:01 10 0200 0002 4070

0x01	1 byte	Slave Addr.	
0x10(HEX)	1 byte	Function Code 0x10	
0x0200	2 byte	Starting Register Addr(High8bits first)	
0x0002	2 byte	Quantity of Register to write(High8bits first)	
0x4070	2 byte	CRC CHECKSUM	

8 Software Configuration Utility

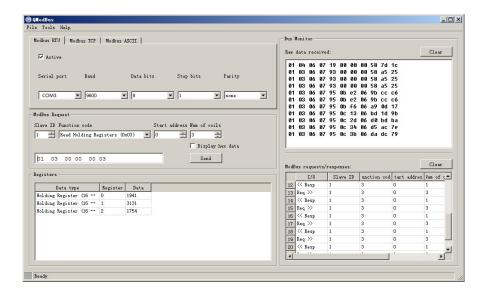
8.1 Hardwar Setup





8.2 Universal Modbus Comm Utility

You can use software listed below to try reading/writing the register of sensor, https://github.com/ed-chemnitz/qmodbus/releases



8.3 SensorOneSet Configuration Utility

SensorOneSet is a configuration utility to read/set sensor config for all of our serial communication sensor products. Please contact us if you need the English version.



Appendix

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Version Control

Date	Version	Comment	Updated by
2015-04-23	V1.0	Initial Creation	fg49597
2016-08-16	V1.1	Update	sl51930
2018-04-16	V1.2	Update Voltage supply range(E:2-5.5V)	fg49597