



GUIDELINE

UI GreenMetric World University Rankings 2023

"Innovation, Impacts and Future Direction of Sustainable Universities"





Table of Contents

Tabl	e of Contents	2
1.	What is UI GreenMetric World University Rankings?	3
2.	What are the objectives?	3
3.	Who can participate?	3
4.	What are the benefits?	3
5.	How can universities participate?	5
6.	How was UI GreenMetric World University Ranking developed?	5
7•	Who are the team?	7
8.	What is the methodology?	7
9.	Who are our networks? 1	11
10.	What are our plans?	L 2
11.	How to contact us?	L 2
Que	stionnaire (Criteria and Indicators) 1	13



1. What is UI GreenMetric World University Rankings?

Universitas Indonesia (UI) initiated world university rankings in 2010, later known as UI GreenMetric World University Rankings, to measure campus sustainability efforts. It was intended to create an online survey to portray sustainability policies and programs for universities around the world.

We based the rankings broadly on the conceptual framework of Environment, Economy, and Equity. The ranking indicators and categories are intended to be relevant to all. We have designed the indicators and weightings to be as free of bias as possible. The work of collecting and submitting data is relatively straightforward and requires reasonable staff time. Ninety-five universities from 35 countries participated in the 2010 version of UI GreenMetric: 18 from America, 35 from Europe, 40 from Asia, and 2 from Australia. In 2022, 1050 universities from 85 countries around the world participated. This shows that UI GreenMetric has been recognized as the first world university ranking on sustainability.

Our theme this year is "Innovation, Impacts and Future Direction of Sustainable Universities". We would like to focus on universities' efforts to continue their sustainability programs and policies, innovation, impact and future direction to become sustainable universities based on UI GreenMetric and SDGs.

2. What are the objectives?

Our ranking aims to:

- Contribute to academic discourses on sustainability in education and the greening of campus;
- Promote university-led social change about sustainability goals;
- Be a tool for self-assessment on campus sustainability for higher education institutions (HEIs) around the globe;
- Inform governments, international and local environmental agencies, and society about sustainability programs on campus.

3. Who can participate?

All universities in the world with a strong commitment to sustainability issues can participate in the annual UI GreenMetric World University Rankings.

4. What are the benefits?

Universities that participate in UI GreenMetric rankings by submitting their data can expect to enjoy several benefits such as internationalization and recognition, increasing awareness of sustainability issues, social change and action, and networking. Registration is free of charge.

a. Internationalization and recognition

Participation in UI GreenMetric can help the university's efforts in internationalization and recognition by getting its sustainability efforts on the global map. Participation in UI GreenMetric can result in an increase of hits to your university website, more mentions of the institution relative to the issues of sustainability on web pages, more correspondence with institutions interested to collaborate with your university, and recognition from your alumni and public as a university with strong concern with sustainability.

b. Increasing awareness of sustainability issues

Participation can help to increase awareness in the university and beyond about the importance of sustainability issues. The world faces unprecedented global challenges such as population trends, global warming, overexploitation of natural resources, oil-dependent energy, water, and food shortages, and other sustainability issues. We realize that higher education has a crucial role to play in addressing these challenges. UI GreenMetric leverages the crucial role that HEIs can play in raising awareness by doing an assessment and comparing efforts in education for sustainable development, sustainability research, campus greening, and social outreach.



c. Social change and action

UI GreenMetric is more than raising awareness; it is about encouraging concrete change. It is crucial that understanding move forward to action to address emerging global challenges. Only by working together can we tackle global challenges on sustainability.

d. Networking

All participants of UI GreenMetric are automatically members of UI GreenMetric World University Rankings Network (UIGWURN) which was established in 2017. In this network, participants can share their best practices in sustainability programs as well as networking with other participants worldwide by attending the annual UI GreenMetric International Workshop and regional/national workshops hosted by approved host universities. Participants can also arrange technical workshops on UI GreenMetric at their respective universities.

As a platform to turn sustainability issues into action, the network is managed by UI GreenMetric as the secretariat. Programs and directions are proposed and decided by the steering committee comprising the UI GreenMetric secretariat, regional, and national coordinators as in the table below:

Table 1 National coordinators of UI GreenMetric World University Rankings Network

No.	National Coordinator			
1	El Bosque University – Colombia			
2	National University of Colombia – Colombia			
3	University of Sao Paulo (USP) – Brazil			
4	Universidad Tecnica Federico Santa Maria – Chile			
5	Escuela Superior Politecnica De Chimborazo (ESPOCH) – Ecuador			
6	University of Sonora – Mexico			
7	University of Sousse – Tunisia			
8	Zonguldak Bülent Ecevit University – Turkey			
9	Istanbul University – Turkey			
10	Jordan University of Science and Technology (JUST) – Jordan			
11	Kazakh National Agrarian University – Kazakhstan			
12	King Abdul Aziz University – Saudi Arabia			
13	Mahidol University – Thailand			
14	National Pingtung University of Science and Technology (NPUST) – Chinese Taipei			
15	Pakistan Higher Education Commission – Pakistan			
16	Weifang Institute of Technology – China			
17	Universitas Diponegoro – Indonesia			
18	University of Zanjan – Iran			
19	Tarbiat Modares University – Iran			
20	Holy Spirit University of Kaslik (USEK) – Lebanon			
21	University of Sharjah – United Arab Emirates			
22	Universiti Putra Malaysia – Malaysia			
23	OMNES Education – France			
24	Pantheon-Assas University Paris II – France			
25	RUDN University – Russia			
26	Riga Technical University – Latvia			
27	University College Cork – Ireland			
29	University of L'Aquila – Italy			
30	University of Minho – Portugal			



31	University of Navarra – Spain
32	University of Oviedo – Spain
33	Adam Mickiewicz University – Poland
34	University of Szeged – Hungary
35	University of Pecs – Hungary
36	Bukhara State University – Uzbekistan
37	Al-Azhar University – Egypt
38	October 6 University – Egypt

Currently, the network is comprised of 1050 participating universities located in the dynamic and diverse Asia, Europe, Africa, Australia, America, and Oceania, with more than 2 million faculty members, 17 million students, and 68 billion USD in total research funds for environment and sustainability. The number will continue to increase as national coordinators actively encourage other universities in their countries to join UI GreenMetric.

5. How can universities participate?

To participate in the ranking is simple. The sustainability director or other persons in charge can visit www.greenmetric.ui.ac.id to learn about the ranking and if interested they can e-mail the UI GreenMetric secretariat (greenmetric@ui.ac.id) to get an invitation letter and access to the system. If you have already participated in the rankings, you will be sent an invitation to participate. If you decide not to participate due to particular reasons, it would be appreciated if you inform the secretariat. Of course, you can join the survey again in the future. It is always useful if your university appoints a person in charge of a contact person. You are welcome to contact the secretariat for any inquiries regarding the survey.

6. How was UI GreenMetric World University Ranking developed?

The decision to establish UI GreenMetric was influenced by several factors:

a. Idealism

Future challenges to civilization include population pressure, climate change, energy security, environmental degradation, water, and food security, and sustainable development. Despite many scientific studies and public discussions, governments around the world have yet to commit to a sustainable agenda. Concerned people at Universitas Indonesia have come to the idea that universities have the privilege to help develop a consensus on key areas for action. They include such concepts as the Triple Bottom Line, the 3 Es (Equity, Economy, Environment), Green Building, and Education for Sustainable Development (ESD).

UI GreenMetric World University Rankings serves as a tool for universities to deal with sustainability challenges our world is facing. Many universities use UI GreenMetric questionnaire as a tool to measure, monitor and evaluate their sustainability strategic plan. Universities can work together to reduce negative environmental impacts. UI GreenMetric is a nonprofit institution; therefore, many universities can participate in the rankings for free.

b. UI GreenMetric World University Rankings model

Although UI GreenMetric was not based on any existing ranking system, it was developed with the awareness of several existing sustainability assessment systems and academic university rankings. Sustainability systems that were referred to during the design phase of UI GreenMetric included the Holcim Sustainability Awards, GREENSHIP (the rating system recently developed by the Green Building Council of Indonesia which was based on the Leadership in the Energy and Environmental Design (LEED) system used in the U.S. and elsewhere), the Sustainability, Tracking, Assessment and Rating System (STARS) and the College Sustainability Report Card (also known as the Green Report Card).





Figure 1. UI GreenMetric and SDGs

UN Environment's challenge in the 2030 Agenda is to develop and enhance integrated approaches to sustainable development – approaches that will demonstrate how improving the health of the environment will bring social and economic benefits. Aiming at reducing environmental risks and increasing the resilience of societies and the environment, UN Environment action fosters the environmental dimension of sustainable development and leads to socio-economic development (UNEP, n.d.). These 17 aspects of SDGs are captured in the UI GreenMetric criteria and indicators.

During the early stages of the design of UI GreenMetric, assistance was sought on the issues from experts in both ranking and sustainability. These included the holding of a conference on university rankings and video conferences as well as expert meetings on sustainability and green building. The latest expert workshop on UI GreenMetric, The 5th International Workshop on UI GreenMetric World University Rankings, was held on 14 - 16 April 2019 at University College Cork. Due to the pandemic, the 6th International Workshop on UI GreenMetric World University Rankings (IWGM 2020) was held virtually at the University of Zanjan, Iran in October 2020, University Putra Malaysia in 2021, and National Pingtung University of Science and Technology, Taiwan in 2022.

In 2010, 23 indicators were used within the five categories to calculate the ranking scores. In 2011, 34 indicators were used. Then in 2012, the indicator of "smoke-free and drug-free campus environment" was removed and 33 indicators were used to evaluate the green campus. In 2012, the indicators were also categorized into 6 categories including the education criteria. One change being considered was the formation of a new category for sustainability education and research. In 2015, the theme was the carbon footprint. We added two questions related to this issue in the energy and climate change section. We also improved our methodology by adding a few sub-indicators that were related to water and transportation in the 2015 ranking. A major change in methodology was done in 2017 by considering new trends in sustainability issues. In 2018, the theme was Universities, Impacts, and Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs). We added detailed answer options to the following indicators: total area on campus covered in forest, planted vegetation, water absorption besides the forest and planted vegetation, energy-efficient appliances usage, smart building implementation, the ratio of renewable energy produce/production towards total energy usage per year, elements of green building implementation, the greenhouse gas emission reduction program, all of waste and water criteria, the ratio of the parking area to the total campus area, transportation initiatives to decrease private vehicles on campus, the transportation program designed to limit or decrease the parking area on campus, shuttle services, Zero-Emission



Vehicles (ZEV) and pedestrian policy on campus, and the existence of a university-run sustainability website. We also added a new question on Education Criteria, i.e., existence of a published sustainability report. We changed the question of the bicycle into Zero-Emission Vehicles by considering the green transportation related to universities worldwide. In 2019, the theme was Sustainable University in a Changing World: Lessons, Challenges, and Opportunities. We improved the questionnaire in the options for answers and more explanations about smart building indicators. In 2020, the theme of the questionnaire is Universities' Responsibility for Sustainable Development Goals and World's Complex Challenges. This year UI GreenMetric questionnaire tried to approach the impacts that universities can provide in an effort in planning a green campus for the community. To measure the social, cultural, and economic impacts and to respond to the pandemic, new questions are added to UI GreenMetric World University Rankings Questionnaire in 2021. In 2022, there were indicator adjustments and assessments related to the current pandemic condition. There was also a new indicator related to water pollution. In 2023, several new indicators added related to the 3R waste program, student organization activities and international collaboration.

In addition, evidence is vital to the evaluation process by our reviewers, so please ensure the evidence that you provide is as complete as possible.

c. Realities and challenges

The goal of creating a world university sustainability ranking was done with an understanding that the diversity of types of universities, their missions, and their contexts would pose problems for the methodology. We are fully aware of the fact that universities differ in their levels of awareness and commitment to sustainability, their budgets, the amount of green cover on their campus, and many other dimensions. These issues are complex, but UI GreenMetric is committed to continually improving the ranking so that it will be both useful and fair to all. We are open to suggestions from our members.

7. Who are the team?

From 2010 to 2020, UI GreenMetric World University Rankings was managed by a team under the Rector of Universitas Indonesia. Since 2021, UI GreenMetric has to manage itself as we were encouraged to be financially self-funded. Our team members consist of management team, expert members, and reviewers who come from various academic backgrounds and experiences, such as Environmental Sciences, Engineering, Architecture, Urban Design, Dentistry, Public Health, Statistics, Chemistry, Physics, Linguistics, and Cultural Studies.

8. What is the methodology?

a. The criteria

The UI GreenMetric evaluates university's policy and perfomance on the basis of six categories; Setting and Infrastructure (SI), Energy and Climate Change (EC), Waste (WS), Water (WR), Transportation (TR), and Education and Research (ED). Each category has a weighting of points as shown in the following table.

Table 2 Categories used in the rankings and their weighting

No	Category	Percentage of Total Points (%)
1	Setting and Infrastructure (SI)	15
2	Energy and Climate Change (EC)	21
3	Waste (WS)	18
4	Water (WR)	10
5	Transportation (TR)	18
6	Education and Research (ED)	18
	TOTAL	100



Table 3 Indicators and categories suggested for use in the 2023 rankings

No	CRITERIA	Point	Weighting
1	Setting and Infrastructure (SI)		15%
SI1	The ratio of open space area to the total area	200	
SI2	Total area on campus covered in forest vegetation	100	
SI3	Total area on campus covered in planted vegetation	200	./
SI4	Total area on campus for water absorption besides the forest and planted vegetation	100	
SI5	The total open space area divided by the total campus population	200	5
SI6	Percentage of university budget for sustainability efforts	200	V
SI7	Percentage of operation and maintenance activities of building in one year period	100	
SI8	Campus facilities for disabled, special needs, and/or maternity care	100	7
SI9	Security and safety facilities	100	7
SI10	Health infrastructure facilities for students, academics, and administrative staff's wellbeing	100	
SI11	Conservation: plant (flora), animal (fauna), or wildlife, genetic resources for food and agriculture secured in either medium or long-term conservation facilities	100	
	Total	1500	
2	Energy and Climate Change (EC)		21%
EC1	Energy-efficient appliances usage	200	J
EC2	Smart building implementation	300	√
EC3	Number of renewable energy sources on campus	300	J
EC4	Total electricity usage divided by total campus' population (kWh per person)	300	/
EC5	The ratio of renewable energy production divided by total energy usage per year	200	/
EC6	Elements of green building implementation as reflected in all construction and renovation policies	200	\langle
EC7	Greenhouse gas emission reduction program	200	7 —
EC8	Total carbon footprint divided by total campus' population (metric tons per person)	200	
EC9	Number of the innovative program(s) in energy and climate change	100	
EC10	Impactful university program(s) on climate change	100	[\ \]
	Total	2100	
3	Waste (WS)		18%
WS1	3R (Reduce, Reuse, Recycling) program for university's waste	300	\checkmark
WS2	Program to reduce the use of paper and plastic on campus	300	
WS3	Organic waste treatment	300	5
WS4	Inorganic waste treatment	300	1
WS5	Toxic waste treatment	300	,
WS6	Sewage disposal	300	
	Total	1800	
4	Water (WR)		10%



14/D4	Water and the second of the se	200*	
WR1	Water conservation program & implementation	200*	
WR2	Water recycling program implementation	200	
WR3	Water-efficient appliances usage	200	
WR4	Consumption of treated water	200	γ
WR5	Water pollution control in the campus area	200	
	Total	1000	
5	Transportation (TR)		18%
TR1	The total number of vehicles (cars and motorcycles) divided by the total campus' population	200	\checkmark
TR2	Shuttle services	300	~
TR3	Zero-Emission Vehicles (ZEV) policy on campus	200	
TR4	The total number of Zero-Emission Vehicles (ZEV) divided by the total campus population	200	\checkmark
TR5	The ratio of the ground parking area to the total campus' area	200	✓
TR6	Program to limit or decrease the parking area on campus for the last 3 years (from 2020 to 2022)	200	
TR7	Number of initiatives to decrease private vehicles on campus	200	()
TR8	The pedestrian path on campus	300	V /
	Total	1800	
6	Education and Research (ED)		18%
ED1	The ratio of sustainability courses to total courses/subjects		
FD 2	The ratio of sustainability courses to total courses/subjects	300	
ED2	The ratio of sustainability research funding to total research funding	300 200	
ED2 ED3			
	The ratio of sustainability research funding to total research funding	200	5
ED3	The ratio of sustainability research funding to total research funding Number of scholarly publications on sustainability	200	\ \ \
ED3 ED4	The ratio of sustainability research funding to total research funding Number of scholarly publications on sustainability Number of events related to sustainability Number of activities organized by student organizations related to	200 200 200	<i>S</i>
ED3 ED4 ED5	The ratio of sustainability research funding to total research funding Number of scholarly publications on sustainability Number of events related to sustainability Number of activities organized by student organizations related to sustainability per year	200 200 200 200 200	\(\)
ED3 ED4 ED5 ED6	The ratio of sustainability research funding to total research funding Number of scholarly publications on sustainability Number of events related to sustainability Number of activities organized by student organizations related to sustainability per year University-run sustainability website	200 200 200 200 200	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \
ED3 ED4 ED5 ED6 ED7	The ratio of sustainability research funding to total research funding Number of scholarly publications on sustainability Number of events related to sustainability Number of activities organized by student organizations related to sustainability per year University-run sustainability website Sustainability report	200 200 200 200 200 200 100	\(\)
ED3 ED4 ED5 ED6 ED7 ED8	The ratio of sustainability research funding to total research funding Number of scholarly publications on sustainability Number of events related to sustainability Number of activities organized by student organizations related to sustainability per year University-run sustainability website Sustainability report Number of cultural activities on campus Number of university sustainability program(s) with international	200 200 200 200 200 200 100	\frac{\sqrt{\sq}\sqrt{\sq}}}}}}}}}}} \signtimes \sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sq}}}}}}}}}} \sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sq}}}}}}}}}} \sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sq}}}}}}}} \end{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sq}}}}}}}} \end{\sqit{\sqrt{\sq}}}}}}} \end{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sq}}}}}}} \end{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sq}}}}}
ED3 ED4 ED5 ED6 ED7 ED8 ED9	The ratio of sustainability research funding to total research funding Number of scholarly publications on sustainability Number of events related to sustainability Number of activities organized by student organizations related to sustainability per year University-run sustainability website Sustainability report Number of cultural activities on campus Number of university sustainability program(s) with international collaborations Number of sustainability community services projects organized and/or	200 200 200 200 200 200 100 100	<i>S J</i>

Note: Light green indicates new questions introduced in 2023

b. Revised indicators

To respond to the current condition, and to add metrics for social, cultural, and economic aspects of sustainability, some indicators have been revised in this year's questionnaire. In Table 3, some questions are colored in light green as new questions introduced in 2023.

c. Scoring

Scoring for each item will be numeric so that our data can be processed statistically. Scores will be simple counts of things or responses on a scale of some sort. Details of the scoring can be found in **Appendix 1**.

d. The weighting of criteria

Each of the criteria will be categorized in a general class of information and when the results are processed, the



raw scores will be weighted to give a final calculation.

e. Refining and improving the research instrument

While we have put every effort into the design and implementation of the questionnaire, we realize that there are bound to be shortcomings. Therefore, we will be reviewing the criteria and the weightings continuously to accommodate input from participants and state-of-the-art developments in the field. We welcome your comments and input.

f. Data submission

Data from the universities should be submitted through an online system between 15 May – 31 October 2023.

We welcome any e-mail or hardcopy of your university sustainability evaluation and report as well as evidence on sustainability activities in your university.



g. Results

The preliminary results of the metrics are expected to be submitted on 31 October 2023, and the final complete result will be released in early December 2023.



The basic ranking results (overall rankings 2022) and the detailed scores can be accessed via https://greenmetric.ui.ac.id/rankings/overall-rankings-2022



9. Who are our networks?

The idealism surrounding awareness of sustainability issues is now generating a network of like-minded organizations. The network is organized and run by UI GreenMetric World University Rankings secretariat, a steering committee consisting of national and/or regional coordinator representatives, in cooperation with universities that host UI GreenMetric World University Rankings events. The national workshops were held since 2017 in many universities and countries, i.e. Kazakh National Agrarian University, Kazakhstan; El Bosque University, Colombia; University of Sao Paulo, Brazil; Diponegoro University, Indonesia; University of Bologna, Italy; Aalborg University, Denmark; King Abdulaziz University, Saudi Arabia; and Peoples' Friendship University of Russia, Russia.

In 2018 UI GreenMetric's progress was also presented in different forums such as the 4th International Workshop on UI GreenMetric (IWGM), Indonesia; IREG Forum Belgium, ISCN Conference, Sweden; CRUI Working Group on International Academic Rankings, Italy; International Association for Impact Assessment (IAIA) Conference, Malaysia; and Global Symposium on Green Campus Development, China. In the same year, UI GreenMetric also presented at the National Workshop in several universities as the hosts i.e. University of Zanjan and Ferdowsi University of Mashhad, Iran; Atyrau State University, Kazakhstan; King Abdulaziz University, Saudi Arabia; Nottingham University, United Kingdom; the National University of Colombia and University del Rosario, Colombia; University of Sao Paulo, Brazil; Pakistan Higher Education Commission, Pakistan; Universiti Utara Malaysia, Malaysia; Institut Teknologi Sepuluh Nopember, Indonesia; Riga Technical University, Latvia; Peoples' Friendship University of Russia, Russia; Universidad Tecnica Federico Santa Maria, Chile; and OMNES Education, France.

In 2019 UI GreenMetric was invited by various organizations and communities: The 4th General Assembly Meeting of Green University Union of Taiwan 2019, CRUE Meeting, World Environmental Education Congress, and Building Universities' Reputations (BUR) 2019 Conference. This year National and Regional Workshops were also held in several universities as the hosts, i.e. Universidad Autónoma de Occidente and Universidad Icesi, Colombia; University of Szeged dan University of Pecs, Hungary; Universitas Hasanuddin, Indonesia; Nazarbayev University, Kazakhstan; Universidade Federal de Lavraz, Brazil; Holy Spirit University of Kaslik (USEK), Lebanon; RUDN University, Rusia; Escuela Superior Politecnica De Chimborazo (ESPOCH), Ecuador; University of Sousse, and Tunisia; Cyprus International University, North Cyprus.

Early in 2020 two workshops have been conducted in France and Saudi Arabia. UI GreenMetric activities in 2020 continued amid the Covid-19 pandemic with more than 60 workshops and webinars successfully conducted online.

In 2020 UI GreenMetric held virtual workshops with university representatives from each country: Nottingham University (United Kingdom), Mahidol University (Thailand), Universitas Riau (Indonesia), Fundación Universidad del Norte Barranquilla (Colombia), University of Sharjah (United Arab Emirates), RUDN University (Russia), University of Campinas (Brazil), Universidad de Sonora (Mexico) and University of Zanjan (Iran).

In 2021 the virtual workshops continued with new representatives and more countries hosting them, including Universiti Putra Malaysia (Malaysia), University of Szeged (Hungary), Mahidol University (Thailand), University of Zanjan (Iran), Tarbiat Modares University (Iran), Universitas Sebelas Maret (Indonesia), Universidad Hemisferios (Ecuador), RUDN University (Russia), Universidad Tecnologica de Pereira (Colombia), Universidad Autonoma de Nuevo Leon (Mexico), Inseec U (France).

As part of its thematic priorities, UI GreenMetric with University of Sao Paolo, Universitas Indonesia, El Bosque University, University of Szeged, University of Sharjah, Escuela Superior Politécnica de Chimborazo, and the University of Sousse ran UI GreenMetric Online Course on Sustainability 2021. This course is the first unique global online course offered by top universities in four continents and seven countries to their students. It gives the students an understanding of the key challenges and pathways to sustainable development in Brazil, Colombia, Ecuador, Hungary, Indonesia, Tunisia, and The United Arab Emirates. The course is designed as an undergraduate-level introduction to the most challenging question facing our generation: how can countries evolve in ways that are socially inclusive and environmentally sustainable?. The course discusses the complex interplay between the



economy, social life, and our planet's physical environment, as well as the consequences of human activities on the planet's environment and the solutions.

In 2022 UI GreenMetric organized workshops with university representatives from each country like Universidad EAFIT (Colombia), Mahidol University (Thailand), Universidad Tecnologica ECOTEC (Ecuador), RUDN University (Russia), University of Sharjah (United Arab Emirates), and Universitas Multimedia Nusantara (Indonesia).

UI GreenMetric Online Course on Sustainability also continues its implementation in 2023. There are three online courses on the topic of Global Practices of SDGs offered this year. In Indonesia 17 universities collaborate to organize online courses for their students. The 17 universities are Institut Teknologi Nasional Bandung, Institut Teknologi Sepuluh Nopember, Telkom University, Universitas Diponegoro, Universitas Gadjah Mada, Universitas Islam Negeri Jakarta, Universitas Lampung, Universitas Muhammadiyah Malang, Universitas Negeri Surabaya, Universitas Padjadjaran, Universitas Palangka Raya, Universitas Pancasila, Universitas Pattimura, Universitas Sam Ratulangi, Universitas Sebelas Maret, Universitas Sriwijaya, and Universitas Syjah Kuala. In addition, another online course is also organized by National Pingtung University of Science and Technology (Taiwan), University of Pecs (Hungary), 6 October University (Egypt), Universitas Diponegoro (Indonesia), Universitas Negeri Yogyakarta (Indonesia), Mahidol University (Thailand), Bulent Elcevit University (Turkey).

10. What are our plans?

UI GreenMetric always takes into consideration how to better achieve its own goals, how to learn from constructive criticism about rankings and the advancement of ESD, and how to learn from the diverse experience of participants with different goals and in different settings. We plan to continue developing the questionnaire and give more services to the members of its network. We will also strengthen our networks through innovative programs.

11. How to contact us?

Ms. Sabrina Hikmah Ramadianti
UI GreenMetric Secretariat
Integrated Laboratory and Research Center (ILRC) Building, 4th Floor
Kampus UI Depok, 16424, Indonesia

E-mail: greenmetric@ui.ac.id

Tel: (021) – 29120936

Website: http://www.greenmetric.ui.ac.id/



Questionnaire (Criteria and Indicators)

There are six main categories in the questionnaire which consist of setting and infrastructure (SI), energy and climate change (EC), waste (WS), water (WR), transportation (TR), and education and research (ED). These categories are divided into several sections, with detailed explanations of the questions. In general, you can use the data to reflect your university in the best possible way.

1. Setting and Infrastructure (SI)

The campus setting and infrastructure information will provide the basic information about the university's consideration of a green environment. This indicator also shows whether the campus deserves to be called a Green Campus. The aim is to encourage the participating universities to provide more spaces for greenery and safeguard the environment, as well as the development of sustainable energy.

1.1. Types of the higher education institution

Please select one of the following options:

- [1] Comprehensive
- [2] Specialized higher education institution

1.2. Climate

Please select one of the following options that clearly describes the climate in your region:

- [1] Tropical wet
- [2] Tropical wet and dry
- [3] Semiarid
- [4] Arid
- [5] Mediterranean
- [6] Humid subtropical
- [7] Marine west coast/Oceanic Climate
- [8] Humid continental
- [9] Subarctic

1.3. Number of campus sites

Please state the number of separate locations in which your university runs academic purposes. For example, if your university has one campus or more than one campus in different districts, towns, or cities that are separated from one another, please state the total number of university locations.

Evidence is required

1.4. Campus setting

Please select one of the following options:

- [1] Rural
- [2] Suburban
- [3] Urban
- [4] City center
- [5] High-rise building area

Evidence is required

1.5. Total campus area (m²)

Please state the total areas of your campus (in square meters). It is expected that the total area counted is only those in which academic activities are conducted (including the administration buildings, student and staff activities buildings, classes, dormitories, and canteens). Forest and fields and other areas can only be counted if they are used for academic purposes (i.e., field lecture, practicum, educational training, etc.).

Evidence is required



1.6. Total campus ground floor area of buildings (m²)

Please provide information on the area occupied by buildings, by providing the total area of the ground floor parts of your university buildings on your campus.

1.7. Total campus buildings area (m²)

Please provide information on the area occupied by buildings, by providing the total floor area (all floors) including ground floors and other floors of your university buildings on your campus.

Evidence is required

1.8. The ratio of open space area to total area (SI.1)

Please provide the percentage of ratio open space area to total area on campus.

Formula: (((1.5-1.6)/1.5) x 100%)

Please select one of the following options:

[1] ≤ 1%

[2] > 1 - 80%

[3] > 80 - 90%

[4] > 90 - 95%

[5] > 95%

Evidence is required

1.9. Total area on campus covered in forest vegetation (SI.2)

Please provide the percentage of the area on campus covered in vegetation in the form of forest (an area covered mainly with big trees and its biodiversity, natural and/or planted; a large amount of dense mass of vertical growth and undergrowth for conservation purposes), owned by the university, to the total campus area. In case your university is in arid zone, you can claim the area that you develop for forest according to the requirements of the zone as area on campus covered in forest vegetation.

Please select one of the following options:

[1] ≤ 2%	(provide the total area in square meters)
[2] > 2 - 9%	(provide the total area in square meters)
[3] > 9 - 22%	(provide the total area in square meters)
[4] > 22 - 35%	(provide the total area in square meters)
[5] > 35%	(provide the total area in square meters)

Evidence is required

1.10. Total area on campus covered in planted vegetation (SI.3)

Please provide the percentage of the area on campus covered in planted vegetation **excluding** forests to the total campus area. Lawns, gardens, green roofs, internal planting, and vertical garden can be counted, for vegetation purposes. Please select one of the following options:

```
[1] \le 10\%(provide the total area in square meters)[2] > 10 - 20\%(provide the total area in square meters)[3] > 20 - 30\%(provide the total area in square meters)[4] > 30 - 40\%(provide the total area in square meters)[5] > 40\%(provide the total area in square meters)
```

Evidence is required

1.11. Total area on campus for water absorption besides the forest and planted vegetation (SI.4)

Please provide the percentage of the total area of ground surfaces (i.e., soil, grass, concrete block, synthetic field, etc.) dedicated for water absorption to the total campus area. A larger water absorption area is



desirable. Please select one of the following options:

[1] ≤ 2%	(provide the total area in square meters)
[2] > 2 - 10%	(provide the total area in square meters)
[3] > 10 - 20%	(provide the total area in square meters)
[4] > 20 - 30%	(provide the total area in square meters)
[5] > 30%	(provide the total area in square meters)

Evidence is required

1.12. Total number of regular students

Please provide the total number of regular students (full-time and part-time) at your university. A regular student is defined as a registered and active student in one semester (Effective Full-Time Students (EFTS)), excluding short-term students (i.e., foreign exchange and short course students).

1.13. Total number of online students

The total number of students registered as online-only students (excluding regular students), at your university.

1.14. Total number of academic and administrative staff

Please state the total number of effective full-time academic staff (lecturers, professors, and researchers) and administrative staff working in your university.

1.15. The total open space area divided by the total campus population (SI.5)

Please provide the open space area per person on your campus.

Formula: ((1.5-1.6)/(1.12+1.14))

Please select one of the following options:

 $[1] \le 10 \text{ m}^2/\text{person}$

 $[2] > 10 - 20 \text{ m}^2/\text{person}$

 $[3] > 20 - 40 \text{ m}^2/\text{person}$

 $[4] > 40 - 70 \text{ m}^2/\text{person}$

 $[5] > 70 \text{ m}^2/\text{person}$

1.16. Total university budget (in US Dollars)

Please provide the average university budget per annum over the last 3 years in US Dollars.

1.17. University budget for sustainability efforts (in US Dollars)

Please provide the average university budget for infrastructure, facilities, personnel costs, research, programs, and others related to the sustainability efforts per annum over the last 3 years in US Dollars.

Evidence is required

1.18. Percentage of university budget for sustainability efforts (SI.6)

Please provide the percentage calculation of the sustainability budget (infrastructure, facilities, personnel cost, research, programs and others related to the sustainability efforts) to the total university budget. Please select one of the following options:

[1] ≤ 1%

[2] > 1 - 5%

[3] > 5 - 10%

[4] > 10 - 15%

[5] > 15%



1.19. Percentage of operation and maintenance activities of building in one year period (SI.7)

Please provide the percentage of operation and maintenance activities of a building (i.e., administration building, laboratory, classroom, etc.) that have been conducted in one year period (for example, from May 2022 - April 2023). The percentage is defined as (Total building area operated and maintained/ Total campus buildings area) \times 100%. Please select one of the following options:

- [1] ≤ 25%
- [2] > 25 50%
- [3] > 50 75%
- [4] > 75 99%
- [5] 100%

Evidence is required

*Please provide evidence of university new building construction (if any), new meeting/class protocol arrangement, operation (i.e., management), and routine building maintenance activities.

1.20. Campus facilities for disabled, special needs, and/or maternity care (SI.8)

Please provide information on-campus facilities for disabled, special needs, and or maternity care (i.e., library, classroom, toilet, lactation room, transportation, daycare). Please select one of the following options:

- [1] None
- [2] The policy is in place
- [3] Facilities are in the planning stage
- [4] Facilities are partially available and operated
- [5] Facilities exist in all buildings and are fully operated

Evidence is required

1.21. Security and safety facilities (SI.9)

Please provide information on on-campus facilities' support for security and safety for campus residents. Please select one of the following options:

- [1] Passive security system
- [2] Security infrastructure (CCTV, emergency hotline/button) available and fully function
- [3] Security infrastructure (CCTV, emergency hotline/button, personnel, fire extinguisher, hydrant) available and fully function
- [4] Security infrastructure is available and fully functions and security responding time for accidents, crime, fire, and natural disasters is more than 10 minutes
- [5] Security infrastructure is available and fully functions and security responding time for accidents, crime, fire, and natural disasters is less than 10 minutes

Evidence is required

1.22. Health infrastructure facilities for students, academics, and administrative staff's well-being (SI.10)

Please provide information on Infrastructure that support student, academics, and staff's well-being on campus, particularly for health services (physical and mental). Please select one of the following options:

- [1] Health infrastructure (first aid) is not available.
- [2] Health infrastructure (first aid, emergency room, clinic, and personnel) are available
- [3] Health infrastructure (first aid, emergency room, clinic, and certified personnel) are available
- [4] Health infrastructure (first aid, emergency room, clinic, hospital, and certified personnel) are available
- [5] Health infrastructure (first aid, emergency room, clinic, hospital, and certified personnel) are available and accessible to public

Evidence is required



1.23. Conservation: plant (flora), animal (fauna), or wildlife, genetic resources for food and agriculture secured in either medium or long-term conservation facilities (SI.11)

Please provide information on the campus program for the conservation of plant (flora), animal (fauna), or wildlife, genetic resources for food and agriculture secured in either medium or long-term conservation facilities. Your university can provide information such as: program, type of species, number of species, duration of conservation, targeted population and or conservated area, etc. can be used as a baseline.

Please select one of the following options:

- [1] Conservation program in preparation
- [2] Conservation program 1-25% implemented
- [3] Conservation program 25-50% implemented
- [4] Conservation program 50-75% implemented
- [5] Conservation program fully implemented

Evidence is required

* If conservation is conducted in another location, your university can include them in the evidence document and put that conservation area into the total campus area (question 1.5)

2. Energy and climate change (EC)

The university's attention to the use of energy and climate change issues is the indicator with the highest weighting in this ranking. In our questionnaire, we define several indicators for this area of concern, i.e., energy-efficient appliances usage, the implementation of smart buildings/automation buildings/intelligent buildings, renewable energy usage policy, total electricity usage, energy conservation programs, elements of green buildings, climate change adaptation and mitigation programs, greenhouse gas emission reductions policy, and carbon footprint. Within these indicators, the universities are expected to increase their efforts in energy efficiency in their buildings and to care more about nature and energy resources.

2.1. Energy efficient appliances usage (EC.1)

Please compare the number of energy-efficient appliances and the number of conventional ones used on your campus and provide them in percentages. Examples of energy-efficient appliances are A/C with inverter technology, LED light bulbs, Energy Star-certified computers, etc. Please select one of the following options:

- [1] < 1%
- [2] 1 25%
- [3] > 25 50%
- [4] > 50 75%
- [5] > 75%

Evidence is required

2.2. Total campus smart building area (m²)

Please provide the information on the total area (including ground floors and other floors) of your university smart buildings on your campus. A building that is classified as a smart building must have the general requirements of smart building features: automation, safety (physical security, presence sensors, video surveillance/CCTV), energy, water (sanitation), indoor environment (thermal comfort and air quality), and lighting (Illumination, low power lighting). An example of detailed general requirements can be found in Appendix 2 and the template of evidence. We expect that your smart buildings are supported with Building Management System (BMS)/Building Information Modelling (BIM)/Building Automation System (BAS)/Facility Management System (FMS) and are equipped with at least 5 (five) of the remaining identified requirements, where possible, interfaced with the BMS/BIM/BAS/FMS. BMS/BIM/BAS/FMS, which is a hardware and software system for data collection, management, control, and monitoring of the mechanical and/or electrical systems of the building, for example, ventilation, hydraulic, lighting systems, electro-motor force, security systems, fire prevention. All features should be established to generate a beneficial environmental



impact over the building lifecycle. The efficiency introduced by the usage of smart appliances in the building(s) should be elaborated on an annual sustainability report.

2.3. Smart building implementation (EC.2)

Please provide the stage of smart building implementation in your university (percentage of the total floor areas of the smart building to the total all floor building areas (smart and non-smart building area)).

Formula: ((2.2/1.7) x 100%)

Please select one of the following options:

- [1] < 1%
- [2] 1 25%
- [3] > 25 50%
- [4] > 50 75%
- [5] > 75%

Evidence is required

2.4. Number of renewable energy sources on campus (EC.3)

The availability of more sources of renewable energy is considered to indicate that a university has put more effort into providing alternative energy. Please select the number of renewable energy sources used on your campus:

- [1] None
- [2] 1 source
- [3] 2 sources
- [4] 3 sources
- [5] > 3 sources

2.5. Renewable energy sources and their amount of the energy produced (in kilowatt-hour)

Please select one or more of the following alternative energy sources used on your campus and please provide the amount of the energy produced in kilowatt-hours:

[1] None

[2]	Biodiesel	(provide amount in kilowatt-hour)
[3]	Clean biomass	(provide amount in kilowatt-hour)
[4]	Solar power	(provide amount in kilowatt-hour)
[5]	Geothermal	(provide amount in kilowatt-hour)
[6]	Wind power	(provide amount in kilowatt-hour)
[7]	Hydropower	(provide amount in kilowatt-hour)
[8]	Combine Heat and Power	(provide amount in kilowatt-hour)

Evidence is required

2.6. Electricity usage per year (in kilowatt-hour)

Please provide the total energy used in the last 12 months in your entire university area (in kilowatt hour or kWh) for all purposes such as lighting, heating, cooling, running university laboratories, etc.

Evidence is required

2.7. Total electricity usage divided by total campus' population (kWh per person) (EC.4)

Please provide the total electricity usage divided by the total campus' population.

Formula: (2.6) / (1.12+1.14)

Please select one of the following options:

[1] ≥ 2424 kWh



- [2] > 1535 2424 kWh
- [3] > 633 1535 kWh
- [4] > 279 633 kWh
- [5] < 279 kWh

2.8. The ratio of renewable energy production divided by total energy usage per year (EC.5)

Please provide the ratio of renewable energy production divided by the total energy usage per year. Please select one of the following options:

- $[1] \le 0.5\%$
- [2] > 0.5 1%
- [3] > 1 2%
- [4] > 2 25%
- [5] > 25%

Evidence is required

2.9. Elements of green building implementation as reflected in all construction and renovation policies (EC.6)

Please provide information on the elements of green building implementation as reflected in the construction and renovation policies in your university (i.e., natural ventilation, full natural daylighting, the existence of a building energy manager, the existence of a Green Building, etc.). Please select one that applies from the following list:

- [1] None. Please select this option if there is no green building implementation at your university.
- [2] 1 element
- [3] 2 elements
- [4] 3 elements
- [5] > 3 elements

Evidence is required

2.10. Greenhouse gas emission reduction program (EC.7)

Please select a condition that reflects the current condition of your university in providing formal programs (from any scope) to reduce greenhouse gas emissions. Please select from the following options:

- [1] None. Please select this option if the reduction program is needed, but nothing has been done.
- [2] Program in preparation (i.e., feasibility study and promotion)
- [3] Program(s) aims to reduce one out of three scopes emissions (Scope 1 or 2 or 3)
- [4] Program(s) aims to reduce two out of three scopes emissions (Scope 1 and 2 or Scope 1 and 3 or Scope 2 and 3)
- [5] Program(s) aims to reduce all three scopes emissions (Scope 1, 2, and 3)

Evidence is required

Please use Table 4 to answer question 2.10 on GHG emissions in your university.



Table 4 List of greenhouse gas emission sources (Woo & Choi, 2013)

	Emission data	Definition
	Stationary combustion	Stationary combustion refers to the burning of fuels to produce electricity, steam, and heat in a fixed location, such as boilers, burners, heaters, kilns, and engines.
	Mobile combustion	Burning of fuels by institution-owned transportation devices
Scope 1	Process emissions	Direct greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions from physical or chemical processes rather than from fuel combustion
	Fugitive emissions	Hydrofluorocarbon releases during the use of refrigeration and air conditioning equipment and methane leakage from natural gas transport
Scope 2	Purchased electricity	Indirect GHG emissions result from the generation of the electricity purchased and used by the institution
	Waste	Indirect GHG emissions resulting from the incineration or landfill of your institution's solid waste
	Purchased waste	Indirect GHG emissions resulting from the generation of water supply purchased and used by the institution
Scope 3	Commuting	Indirect GHG emissions resulting from regular commuting from and to institutions by students and employees (i.e., reducing regular commuting by using shared vehicles, carpooling)
	Air travel	Indirect GHG emissions resulting from air travels paid by institutions (i.e., reducing the number of staff air travel opportunities)

2.11. Total carbon footprint (CO₂ emission in the last 12 months, in metric tons)

Please provide the total carbon footprint of your university. Please exclude carbon footprint from flights and secondary carbon sources, such as dishes and clothes. To calculate your university carbon footprint, please refer to **Appendix 3**.

Evidence is required

2.12. Total carbon footprint divided by total campus' population (metric tons per person) (EC.8)

Please provide the total carbon footprint divided by the total campus population.

Formula: (2.11)/(1.12+1.14)

Please select one of the following options:

- $[1] \ge 2.05$ metric tons
- [2] > 1.11 2.05 metric tons
- [3] > 0.42 1.11 metrictons
- [4] > 0.10 0.42 metric tons
- [5] < 0.10 metric tons

2.13. The number of innovative program(s) in Energy and Climate Change (EC.9)

Please provide the total number of innovative program(s) in energy and climate change, i.e. (Smart Indoor Health and Comfort System, new energy approach, new climate change mitigation problem solutions, etc). Please select one of the following options:

- [1] None
- [2] 1 program
- [3] 2 programs
- [4] 3 programs
- [5] more than 3 programs

Evidence is required



2.14. Impactful university program(s) on climate change (EC.10)

Please select program(s) on climate change risks, impacts, mitigation, adaptation, impact reduction, and early warning. Please select one of the following options:

- [1] None
- [2] Program in preparation
- [3] Provide training, educational materials, and activities for surrounding communities
- [4] Provide training, educational materials, and activities for surrounding communities and at the national level
- [5] Provide training, educational materials, and activities for surrounding communities, at national, regional, and international levels

Evidence is required

3. Waste (WS)

Waste treatment and recycling activities are major factors in creating a sustainable environment. The activities of university staff and students on campus will produce a lot of waste; therefore, some recycling and waste treatments programs should be among the concern of the university, i.e., recycling program, organic waste treatment, inorganic waste treatment, toxic waste recycling, sewage disposal, policies to reduce the use of paper and plastic on campus.

3.1. 3R (Reduce, Reuse, Recycle) program for university's waste (WS.1)

Please select a condition that reflects the current condition of your university's efforts to encourage staff and students to do 3R (Reduce, Reuse, Recycle) waste, from the following options:

- [1] None. Please select this option if there is no program at your university.
- [2] 3R program in preparation
- [3] 3R program 1 50% implemented
- [4] 3R program > 50 75% implemented
- [5] 3R program > 75% implemented

Evidence is required

3.2. Program to reduce the use of paper and plastic on campus (WS.2)

Please select one from the following options which best reflects the current condition of your university in establishing a formal policy to reduce the use of paper and plastic (i.e., double-sided printing policy program, the use of tumblers, the use of reusable bags, print when necessary, etc.):

- [1] None. Please select this option if there is no program at your university.
- [2] 1 program
- [3] 2 programs
- [4] 3 programs
- [5] More than 3 programs

Evidence is required

3.3. Total volume organic waste produced (tons)

Evidence is required

3.4. Total volume organic waste treated (tons)

Evidence is required

3.5. Organic waste treatment (WS.3)

The method of organic waste (i.e., garbage, discarded vegetable, food, and plant matter) treatment in your



university. Please select an option that best describes your university's overall treatment of the bulk of organic waste:

- [1] Open dumping
- [2] Partial (1 25% treated)
- [3] Partial (> 25 50% treated)
- [4] Partial (> 50 75% treated)
- [5] Extensive (> 75% treated)

Evidence is required

3.6. Total volume inorganic waste produced (tons)

Evidence is required

3.7. Total volume inorganic waste treated (tons)

Evidence is required

3.8. Inorganic waste treatment (WS.4)

Please describe the method of non-toxic inorganic waste (i.e., rubbish/garbage, trash, discarded paper, plastic, metal, electronic, etc.) treatment in your university. Please select an option that best describes your university's overall treatment of the bulk of the inorganic waste:

- [1] Burned in the open
- [2] Partial (1 25% treated)
- [3] Partial (> 25 50% treated)
- [4] Partial (> 50 75% treated)
- [5] Extensive (> 75% treated)

Evidence is required

3.9. Total volume toxic waste produced (tons)

Evidence is required

3.10. Total volume toxic waste treated (tons)

Evidence is required

3.11. Toxic waste treatment (WS.5)

Please select a condition that reflects the current condition of how your university handles toxic wastes. For example, battery, fluorescent lamps, chemical waste, etc). The handling process includes whether toxic wastes are dealt with separately, for example, by classifying and handling them over to a third party or certified handling companies.

Please select one of the following options:

- [1] Not managed
- [2] Partial (1 25% treated)
- [3] Partial (> 25 50% treated)
- [4] Partial (> 50 75% treated)
- [5] Extensive (> 75% treated) or campus produces a minimum amount of toxic waste

Evidence is required

3.12. Sewage disposal (WS.6)

Please describe the primary method of sewage treatment at your university. Please select an option that



best describes how the bulk of the sewage is disposed of:

- [1] Untreated into waterways
- [2] Treated with preliminary treatment
- [3] Treated with primary treatment
- [4] Treated with secondary treatment
- [5] Treated with tertiary treatment

Evidence is required

Note:

- **Preliminary Treatment**: consists of screening to remove large solids, grit removal to eliminate sand and other heavy materials, and oil and grease removal
- **Primary Treatment**: includes sedimentation and coagulation-flocculation
- **Secondary Treatment**: attached growth systems or suspended growth systems
- **Tertiary Treatment**: offers reusability options such as disinfection, filtration, and advanced oxidation to further purify the water for reuse in industrial processes or irrigation.

4. Water (WR)

Water usage on campus is another important indicator in the UI GreenMetric. The aims are to encourage universities to decrease groundwater usage, increase water conservation programs, and protect habitats. Water conservation programs, water recycling programs, water-efficient appliances usage, and treated water usage are among the criteria.

4.1. Water conservation program and implementation (WR.1)

Please select a condition describing your current stage in a program that is systematic and formalized, and supports water conservation (i.e., for lakes and lake management systems, rain harvesting systems, water tanks, bio pore, recharge well, etc.) in your university, from the following options:

- [1] None. Please select this option if the conservation program is needed, but nothing has been done.
- [2] Program in preparation (i.e., feasibility study and promotion)
- [3] 1 25% implemented at an early stage (i.e., measurement of potential surface runoff volume)
- [4] > 25 50% water conserved
- [5] > 50% water conserved

Evidence is required

4.2. Water recycling program implementation (WR.2)

Please select a condition that reflects the current condition of your university in establishing formal policies for water recycling programs (i.e., the use of recycled water for toilet flushing, car washing, watering plants, etc.). Please select an option that describes the current stage of your program:

- [1] None. Please select this option if the water recycling program is needed, but nothing has been done.
- [2] Program in preparation (i.e., feasibility study and promotion)
- [3] 1 25% Implemented at an early stage (i.e., measurement of wastewater)
- [4] > 25 50% water recycled
- [5] > 50% water recycled

Evidence is required

4.3. Water-efficient appliances usage (WR.3)

Water-efficient appliance usage are replacing conventional appliances. This also includes the use of water-efficient appliances (i.e., using censored/automated handwashing taps, highly efficient toilet flush, etc.). Please select one of the following options:

- [1] None. Water-efficient appliances are needed, but nothing has been done.
- [2] Program in preparation (i.e., feasibility study and promotion)



- [3] 1 25% of water-efficient appliances installed
- [4] > 25 50% of water-efficient appliances installed
- [5] > 50% of water-efficient appliances installed

Evidence is required

4.4. Consumption of treated water (WR.4)

Please indicate the percentage of treated water consumed from water treatment system compared to all water sources (i.e., rainwater tank source, groundwater, surface water, etc.) in your university. The water source can be from the treated water installation inside and/or outside your university. Please select one of the following options:

- [1] None
- [2] 1 25% treated water consumed
- [3] > 25 50% treated water consumed
- [4] > 50 75% treated water consumed
- [5] > 75% treated water consumed

Evidence is required

4.5. Water pollution control in campus area (WR.5)

Please indicate the stage of your campus water pollution control to prevent polluted water from entering the water system. For example, the mechanism to regularly check water quality (Physical, Chemical, and biological parameters) on your campus. Please select one of the following options:

- [1] Policy and programs for water pollution control are in the designing stage
- [2] Policy and programs for water pollution control are in the construction stage
- [3] Policy and programs for water pollution control are in the early implementation stage
- [4] Policy and programs for water pollution control are fully implemented and monitored occasionally
- [5] Policy and programs for water pollution control are fully implemented and monitored regularly

Evidence is required

5. Transportation (TR)

Transportation systems play an important role in carbon emission and pollutant levels in universities. Transportation policies that limit the number of motor vehicles on campus and encourage the use of campus buses, shared vehicles, and zero emission vehicles (i.e. bicycles, canoes, snowboards, electric cars, electric motorcycles, etc.) will encourage a healthier environment. The pedestrian policy will encourage students and staff to walk around campus and minimize the use of private vehicles. The use of environmentally friendly public transportation will decrease the carbon footprint around campus.

5.1. Number of cars actively used and managed by the university

Please indicate the number of cars operated on campus owned and managed by the university (including those outsourced to third parties). Please consider only cars with emissions (i.e. cars with combustion engines).

5.2. Number of cars entering the university daily

Please indicate the average number of cars that enter your university daily based on a balanced sample, taking into consideration terms and holiday periods. Please consider only cars with emissions (i.e., cars with combustion engines).

5.3. Number of motorcycles entering the university daily

Please indicate the average number of motorcycles that enter your university daily based on a balanced



sample, taking into consideration terms and holiday periods. Please consider only motorcycles/motorbikes with emissions (i.e., motorcycles/motorbikes with combustion engines).

5.4 The total number of vehicles (cars and motorcycles with combustion engines) divided by the total campus' population (TR.1)

Please provide the total number of vehicles divided by the total campus' population.

Formula: (5.1+5.2+5.3)/(1.12+1.14)

Please select one of the following options:

[1] ≥ 1

[2] > 0.5 - 1

[3] > 0.125 - 0.5

[4] > 0.045 - 0.125

[5] < 0.045

Evidence is required

5.5. Shuttle services (TR.2)

Please describe the condition of the availability of shuttles for journeys within the campus and whether the ride is free or charged, operated by a university or by other parties. Please select an option from the following options. If shuttle service is not provided due to positive reason(s) such as the campus area is small, another zero-emission transportation service is available, please select "not applicable".

- [1] Shuttle service is possible, but not provided by the university;
- [2] Shuttle service is provided (by the university or other parties) and regular, but not free;
- [3] Shuttle service is provided (by the university or other parties) and the university contributes a part of the cost;
- [4] Shuttle service is provided by the university, regular, and free;
- [5] Shuttle service is provided by the university, regular, and zero-emission vehicle. Or shuttle use is not possible (not applicable).

Evidence is required

5.6. Number of shuttles operating in the university

Please indicate the number of campus shuttles operating in your university. The campus shuttle can be in the form of buses, multi-purpose vehicle (MPV) cars, or minivans which are operated inside the campus.

5.7. The average number of passengers of each shuttle

Please indicate the average number of passengers of each shuttle on one trip. You can estimate from the seat availability of the shuttle.

5.8. Total trips of each shuttle service each day

Please indicate the total number of trips for each shuttle service per day.

5.9. Zero-Emission Vehicles (ZEV) policy on campus (TR.3)

Please describe the extent to which the use of Zero Emission Vehicles (i.e. bicycles, canoes, snowboards, electric cars, electric motorcycles, etc.) is supported for transportation on your campus. Please select an option from the following list that applies to your campus:

- [1] Zero-Emission Vehicles are not available;
- [2] Zero-Emission Vehicles use is not possible or practical;
- [3] Zero-Emission Vehicles are available, but not provided by the university;
- [4] Zero-Emission Vehicles are available, provided by the university, and charged;
- [5] Zero-Emission Vehicles are available and provided by the university for free. *



Evidence is required

5.10. Average number of Zero-Emission Vehicles (ZEV) on campus per day

Please indicate the average number of Zero Emission Vehicles (i.e., bicycles, canoes, snowboards, electric cars, compressed bio-methane gas shuttle cars, etc.) on your campuses daily which include vehicles both owned by the university and privately owned.

5.11. The total number of Zero-Emission Vehicles (ZEV) divided by the total campus population (TR.4)

Please provide the total number of Zero-Emission Vehicles (ZEV) divided by the total campus population.

Formula: (5.10)/(1.12+1.14)

Please select one of the following options:

- $[1] \le 0.002$
- [2] > 0.002 0.004
- [3] > 0.004 0.008
- [4] > 0.008 0.02
- [5] > 0.02

5.12. Total ground parking area (m²)

Please provide the information on the total parking area in your university. You can estimate or validate this area by using the Google maps feature.

5.13. The ratio of the ground parking area to total campus area (TR.5)

Please select a ratio of the parking area to the total campus area of your university.

Formula: ((5.12/1.5) x 100%)

Please select one of the following options:

- [1] > 11 %
- [2] > 7 11 %
- [3] > 4 7%
- [4] > 1 4%
- [5] < 1 %

Evidence is required

5.14. Program to limit or decrease the parking area on campus for the last 3 years (from 2020 to 2022 (TR.6)

Please select a condition that reflects the current university program on transportation designed to limit or decrease the parking area on your campuses. Please select an option that best describes your university from the following options:

- [1] None
- [2] Program in preparation (i.e., feasibility study and promotion)
- [3] The program resulted in less than 10% decrease in the parking area
- [4] The program resulted in 10 30% decrease in the parking area
- [5] The program resulted in more than 30% decrease in parking area or parking area reduction reaching its limit

Evidence is required

5.15. Number of initiatives to decrease private vehicles on campus (TR.7)

^{*}Regularly used by campus academic society



Please select a condition that reflects your university's current initiatives on the availability of transportation to limit or decrease the number of private vehicles on your campuses (i.e., car-free days, car sharing, charging high parking fees, metro/tram/bus services, bike-sharing, low fare subscriptions, limiting student's car, etc.). Please select an option that best describes your university from the following:

- [1] No initiative
- [2] 1 initiative
- [3] 2 initiatives
- [4] 3 initiatives
- [5] > 3 initiatives or initiative is no longer required

Evidence is required

5.16. Pedestrian path on campus (TR.8)

Please describe the extent to which the use of the pedestrian path is supported. Your university can provide information such as pedestrian way network map as evidence. Please select an option from the following list that applies to your campus:

- [1] None;
- [2] Pedestrian paths are available;
- [3] Pedestrian paths are available and designed for safety;
- [4] Pedestrian paths are available, designed for safety and convenience;
- [5] Pedestrian paths are available, designed for safety and convenience, and in some parts provided with disabled-friendly features.

Evidence is required

Note:

- **Safety:** equipped with enough lighting, separator between road for vehicle and pedestrian path, and some handrail.
- **Convenience:** Level difference with a mild slant for walking alongside the pavement, some area covered, using soft (rubber, woods, etc.) material, availability of location information and directions
- **Disabled-friendly:** ramps and guiding blocks that have a suitable design for pedestrians having physical disabilities.

5.17. The approximate daily travel distance of a vehicle inside your campus only (in Kilometers)

Please provide the approximate daily travel distance of a vehicle (i.e., bus, car, motorcycle) inside your campus only in kilometers.

6. Education and Research (ED)

6.1. Number of courses/subjects related to sustainability offered

The number of courses/subjects of which the contents are related to sustainability offered at your university. Some universities have already tracked how many courses/subjects are available for this. The definition of the extent to which a course can be seen as related to sustainability (environmental, social, cultural, economics) or both, can be defined according to your university's situation. If a course/subject contributes in more than a minor or passes the way to increase awareness, knowledge, or action related to sustainability, then it counts. The number of courses/subjects can be counted by specifying related sustainability keywords used in the subjects. For example, Environmental Chemistry is the subject of the Chemistry study program.

Evidence is required

6.2. Total number of courses/subjects offered



It is the total number of courses/subjects offered at your university yearly. This information will be used to calculate to what extent environment and sustainability education have been defined in your university teaching and learning.

Evidence is required

6.3. The ratio of sustainability courses to total courses/subjects (ED.1)

Please select the ratio of sustainability courses to the total number of courses (subjects) in your university.

Formula: ((6.1/6.2) x 100%)

Please select one of the following options:

- [1] ≤ 1%
- [2] > 1 5%
- [3] > 5 10%
- [4] > 10 20%
- [5] > 20%

6.4. Total research funds dedicated to sustainability research (in US Dollars)

Please provide the average funding for research on sustainability per annum over the last 3 years.

Evidence is required

6.5. Total research funds (in US Dollars)

The average total research funds per annum over the last 3 years. This information will be used to calculate the percentage of environment and sustainability research funding to the overall research funding.

Evidence is required

6.6. The ratio of sustainability research funding to total research funding (ED.2)

Please select a ratio of sustainability research funding to the total research funding in your university.

Formula: ((6.4/6.5) x 100%)

Please select one of the following options:

- [1] ≤ 1%
- [2] > 1 8%
- [3] > 8 20%
- [4] > 20 40%
- [5] > 40%

6.7. Number of scholarly publications on sustainability (ED.3)

Please provide the average number of indexed publications (Google scholar) on environment and sustainability published annually over the last 3 years, using keywords: green, environment, sustainability, renewable energy, climate change. If your university have scopus affiliation ID please input the ID in profile page. Please select one of the following options:

- [1] 0
- [2] 1 20
- [3] 21 83
- [4] 84 300
- [5] > 300

Evidence is required



6.8. Number of events related to sustainability (ED.4)

Please provide the number of events (i.e., conferences, workshops, awareness raising, practical training, festival, etc.) related to the issues of environment and sustainability hosted or organized by your university (average per annum over the last 3 years). Please select one of the following options:

- [1] 0
- [2] 1 4
- [3] 5 17
- [4] 18 47
- [5] > 47

Evidence is required

6.9. Number of activities organized by student organizations related to sustainability per year (ED.5)

Please provide the total number of activities organized by student organizations in a faculty or university level per year. For example, seminar, webinars, training, sport events, bazaar about recycle materials, community outreach, etc. Please select one of the following options:

- [1]0
- [2] 1 2
- [3]3-4
- [4] 5 10
- [5] > 10

Evidence is required

6.10. University-run sustainability website (ED.6)

If your university has a sustainability website, please provide the address of the web. Some detailed information on a university website to educate students and staff as well as providing information about their latest involvement on green campus, environment and sustainability programs, sustainability plan, target, achievement will be very useful. Please select the following options:

- [1] Not available;
- [2] Website in progress or under construction;
- [3] Website is available and accessible;
- [4] Website is available, accessible, and updated occasionally;
- [5] Website is available, accessible, and updated regularly.

6.11. Sustainability website address (URL) if available

Please provide your university sustainability link/website (URL).

6.12. Sustainability report (ED.7)

Please provide a sustainability report. Sustainability report content could be based on SDGS report or UI Greenmetric questionnaire indicators. The report should at least describe vision, strategy, policy, programs and implementation in your university. Specific information on target and achievement is preferable.

Please select the following options:

- [1] Not available;
- [2] Sustainability report is in preparation;
- [3] Available but not publicly accessible;
- [4] Sustainability report is accessible and published occasionally;
- [5] Sustainability report is accessible and published annually.

Evidence is required

6.13. Sustainability report link address (URL) if available

Please provide your university sustainability report link (URL).



6.14. Number of cultural activities on campus (ED.8)

The fact that 'green' facilities in campus are accessible for public, such as during cultural activities, indicates wider impact of green campus' existence to its surroundings. Please provide the total number of cultural activities on campus (i.e., Cultural Festival, theater, music performance, exhibition, etc) including virtual activities. Please select the following options:

- [1] None
- [2] 1 event per year
- [3] 2 events per year
- [4] 3 events per year
- [5] More than 3 events per year

Evidence is required

6.15. Number of university sustainability program(s) with international collaborations (ED.9)

Please provide the total number of university sustainability program(s) with international collaboration. For example, join research, online course, educational trip, double degree, student-staff exchange, etc. Please select the following options:

- [1] None
- [2] 1 Program
- [3] 2 Programs
- [4] 3 Programs
- [5] More than 3 programs

Evidence is required

6.16. Number of sustainability community services project organized by and/or involving students (ED.10)

Please provide the total number of sustainability community services projects organized by and/or involving students. Please select the following options:

- [1] None
- [2] 1 project
- [3] 2 projects
- [4] 3 projects
- [5] More than 3 projects

Evidence is required

6.17. Number of sustainability-related startups (ED.11)

Please provide the total number of sustainability-related startups initiated and managed by university. You can count any level of startup (profit/non-profit, digital/non-digital, managed by university involving student or not). Please select the following options:

- [1] None
- [2] 1 5 startups
- [3] 6 10 startups
- [4] 11 15 startups
- [5] More than 15 startups

Evidence is required



Data submission

1. Please submit the latest yearly (annual) data that you have according to your 12 months data gathering schedule (i.e., for Questions 1.19, 2.6, 2.8) unless otherwise requested.

Evidence Guidelines

This is the six year we request evidence for the questionnaire. The use of the evidence is to support your data submission when being reviewed by our assessors. For this purpose, please read carefully the following guidance:

- 1. Evidence is mandatory, except for some questions which can be uploaded. Lack of evidence may result in a declined score.
- 2. All evidence should comply with the template provided in the website link: https://bit.ly/UIGMEvidences2023
- 3. Evidence could be provided as pictures, graphs, tables, data, etc.
- 4. Please provide a detailed description quantitatively to explain the shown pictures, graphs, tables, and data above.
- 5. Description of the evidence should be written in English. Please provide translation for any language other than English.
- 6. Please be aware and prepare that the maximum file size for the evidence is 2 MB (.doc/.docx/.pdf).

References

- [1] Buckman, A.H., Mayfield, M. and Beck, S. B. M. (2014) 'What is a smart building?', *Smart and Sustainable Built Environment*, 3(2), pp. 92-109.
- [2] Woo, J. and Choi, K. S. (2013) 'Analysis of potential reductions of greenhouse gas emissions on the college campus through the energy saving action programs', *Environmental Engineering Research*, 18(3), pp. 191-197.
- [3] Silveira, R. (2015) 'Recycling Upcycling, Repurpose or Downcycling'. Available at: https://tudelft.openresearch.net/page/13094/recycling-upcycling-repurpose-or-downcycling
- [4] RUS Energia. (2019) 'UI GreenMetric 2018: Energy and Climate Change Guidelines for Compilation'. Università Ca' Foscari.
- [5] Ghaffarianhoseini, A., Berardi, U., AlWaer, H., Chang, S., Halawa, E., Ghaffarianhoseini, A. and Clements-Croome, D. (2016) 'What is an intelligent building? Analysis of recent interpretations from an international perspective', *Architectural Science Review*, 59(5), pp. 338-357.
- [6] Ghaffarianhoseini, A., AlWaer, H., Ghaffarianhoseini, A., Clements-Croome, D. Berardi, U., Raahemifar, K. and Tookey, J. (2018), 'Intelligent or smart cities and buildings: a critical exposition and a way forward', *Intelligent Buildings International*, 10(2), pp. 122-129.
- [7] UNEP. Available at: https://www.unep.org/about-un-environment/evaluation-office/our-evaluation-approach/sustainable-development-goals

Related Papers and Publications on UI GreenMetric

- [1] Sustainable Universities From Declarations on Sustainability in Higher Education to National Law by Thomas Skou Grindsted, Journal of Environmental Economics and Management, Volume 2 (2011)
- [2] Evaluating UI GreenMetric as a tool to Support Green Universities Development: Assessment of the Year 2011 Ranking by Dr. Nyoman Suwartha and Prof. Riri Fitri Sari, Journal of Cleaner Production, Volume 61, Pages 46–53 (2013)
- [3] Moving towards an ecologically sound society? Starting from green universities and environmental higher education by Yutao Wang, Han Shi, Mingxing Sun, Donald Huisingh, Lars Hanssonn and Renqing Wang, Journal of Cleaner Production, Volume 61, Pages 1-5 (2013)
- [4] University contributions to environmental sustainability: challenges and opportunities from the Lithuanian case by Renata Dagiliut and Genovaite Liobikien, Journal of Cleaner Production, Volume 108, Part A, Pages 891–899 (2014)
- [5] Moving Toward Socially and Environmentally Responsible Management Education—A Case Study of Mumbai by Ela Goyal and Mahendra Gupta, Journal Applied Environmental Education & Communication, volume 13, Pages 146-161 (2014)
- [6] Critical review of a global campus sustainability ranking: GreenMetric by Allan Lauder, Riri Fitri Sari, Nyoman Suwartha, and Gunawan Tjahjono, Journal of Cleaner Production, Volume 108, Part A, Pages 852–863 (2015)
- [7] Environmental management and sustainability in higher education: The case of Spanish Universities by Yolanda León-Fernández and Eugenio Domínguez-Vilches, International Journal of Sustainability in Higher Education, Volume 16, Pages 440-455 (2015)
- [8] Opening up the Pandora's box of sustainability league tables of universities: a Kafkaesque perspective by David R. Jones, Studies in Higher Education, Volume 40, Pages 480-503 (2015)
- [9] Getting an empirical hold of the sustainable university: a comparative analysis of evaluation frameworks across 12 contemporary sustainability assessment tools by Daniel Fischer, Silke Jenssen and Valentin Tappeser, Journal Assessment & Evaluation in Higher Education, Volume 40, Pages 785-800 (2015)
- [10] The comprehensiveness of competing higher education sustainability assessments by Graham Bullock and Nicholas Wilder, International Journal of Sustainability in Higher Education, Volume 17, Pages 282-304 (2016)
- [11] Green Campus initiative and its impacts on quality of life of stakeholders in Green and Non-Green Campus universities by Ronnachai Tiyarattanachai and Nicholas M. Hollmann, SpringerPlus, Volume 5, no info pages (2016)



- [12] Promoting Campus Sustainability: A Conceptual Framework for The Assessment of Campus Sustainability by Ah Choy Er and Rewathi Karudan, Journal of Social Sciences and Humanities Volume 11, No.2 (2016)
- [13] Principles, Implementation and Results of the New Assessment and Accreditation System "Engineering Education for Sustainable Industries" (QUESTE-SI) by Jurgis K. Staniškis and Eglė Katiliūtė, Springer Nature, New Developments in Engineering Education for Sustainable Development pp 283-294 (2016)
- [14] Environmental sustainability practices in South Asian university campuses: an exploratory study on Bangladeshi universities by Asadul Hoque, Amelia Clarke, and Tunazzina Sultana, Springer Nature, Volume 19, Issue 6, pp 2163–2180 (2017)
- [15] Promotion of Sustainable Development at Universities: The Adoption of Green Campus Strategies at the University of Southern Santa Catarina, Brazil by João Marcelo Pereira Ribeiro, Samuel Borges Barbosa, Jacir Leonir Casagrande, Simone Sehnem, Issa Ibrahim Berchin, Camilla Gomes da Silva, Ana Clara Medeiros da Silveira, Gabriel Alfredo Alves Zimmer, Rafael Ávila Faraco, and José Baltazar Salgueirinho Osório de Andrade Guerra, Springer Nature, Handbook of Theory and Practice of Sustainable Development in Higher Education pp 471-486 (2017)
- [16] The Need to Go Beyond "Green University" Ideas to Involve the Community at Naresuan University, Thailand by Gwyntorn Satean, Springer Nature, Sustainability Through Innovation in Product Life Cycle Design pp 841-857 (2017)
- [17] Study of waste management towards sustainable green campus in Universitas Gadjah Mada by Mega Setyowati, Arif Kusumawanto and Agus Prasetya, Journal of Physics: Conference Series, Volume 1022 (2017)
- [18] The integration of human thermal comfort in an outdoor campus landscape in a tropical climate by Ariya Aruninta, Yoshihito Kurazumi, Kenta Fukagawa and Jin Ishii, International Journal of GEOMATE, Volume 14, Issue 44, pp.26-32 (2017)
- [19] Predictors of behavior intention to develop a green university: A case of an undergraduate university in Thailand by Weerawat Ounsaneha, Nahathai Chotklang, Orapin Laosee and Cheerawit Rattanapan, International Journal of GEOMATE, 2018 Vol.15, Issue 49, pp. 162-16 (2017)
- [20] Environmental sustainability of universities: critical analysis of a green ranking by Marco Ragazzi and Francesca Ghidini, Elsevier, Energy Procedia, Volume 119, July 2017, Pages 111-120 (2017)
- [21] Sustainability Curriculum in UK University Sustainability Reports by Katerina Kosta, Springer, Implementing Sustainability in the Curriculum of Universities. World Sustainability Series pp 79-97 (2018)
- [22] Sustainable Campus in Brazilian Scenario: Case Study of the Federal University of Lavras by Cristiane Criscibene Pantaleão and Tatiana Tucunduva Philippi Cortese, Springer, Towards Green Campus Operations. World Sustainability Series pp 503-517 (2018)
- [23] An Experience of Participatory Construction of Solid Waste Management and Environmental Education Indicators on a University Campus by Antonio Carlos Merger, Daniela Cássia Sudan, and Evandro Watanabe, Springer, Towards Green Campus Operations. World Sustainability Series pp 763-775 (2018)
- [24] Education for Sustainable Development: an exploratory survey of a sample of Latin American higher education institutions by Paula Marcela Hernandez, Valeria Vargas and Alberto Paucar-Cáceres, Springer, Implementing Sustainability in the Curriculum of Universities pp 137-154 (2018)
- [25] The Positioning of Italian Universities in the International Rankings by Monica Cazzolle, Paola Perchinunno and Vito Ricci, Springer, The Positioning of Italian Universities in the International Rankings pp 51-68 (2018)
- [26] Teacher Training in Environmental Education and Its Relation with the Sustainability Culture in Two Undergraduate Degrees at USP by Rosana Louro Ferreira Silva, Denise de La Corte Bacci, Isabela Santos Silva, Diego de Moura Campos, Lillian da Silva Cardoso, Livia Ortiz Santiago and Daisy Pinato, Towards Green Campus Operations pp 393-408 (2018)
- [27] Towards a Definition of Environmental Sustainability Evaluation in Higher Education by David Alba-Hidalgo, Javier Benayas del Álamo and José Gutiérrez-Pérez, *High Educ Policy* Volume 31 pp 447–470 (2018)
- [28] Management Practices Towards the Incorporation of Sustainability in African Universities by Solomon Chukwuemeka Ugbaja, European Journal of Business and Management, Volume.10, No. 8 (2018)
- [29] Universities as Models of Sustainable Energy-Consuming Communities? Review of Selected Literature by



- Milad Mohammadalizadehkorde and Russell Weaver, Sustainability, 10, 3250 (2018)
- [30] Assessing the Impacts of Higher Education Institutions on Sustainable Development—An Analysis of Tools and Indicators by Florian Findler, Norma Schönherr, Rodrigo Lozano, and Barbara Stacherl, Sustainability, 11, 59 (2018)
- [31] University Contributions to the Circular Economy: Professing the Hidden Curriculum: Professing the hidden curriculum by Ben Tirone Nunes, Simon J. T.Pollard, Paul J. Burgess, Gareth Ellis, Irel Carolina de los Rios, Fiona Charnley, , Sustainability, Volume 10, Issue 8 (2018)
- [32] Transportation Management Project for GREEN PNRU by Pattra Suebsiri, Attayanan Jitrojanaruk and Monton Janjamsai, Buncha Buranasing, The 9th International Science, Social Science, Engineering and Energy Conference's e-Proceeding, page 597-607 (2018)
- [33] What does environmentally sustainable higher education institution mean? by Davis Freidenfelds, Silvija Nora Kalnins, Julija Gusca, Energy Procedia, Volume 147, Pages 42-47 (2018)
- [34] Environmental performance of universities: Proposal for implementing campus urban morphology as an evaluation parameter in Green Metric by Paola Marrone, Federico Orsini, Francesco Asdrubali and Claudia Guattari, Sustainable Cities and Society, Volume 42, Pages 226-239 (2018)
- [35] Planning & Open-Air Demonstrating Smart City Sustainable Districts by Stefano Bracco, Federico Delfino, Paola Laiolo and Andrea Morini, Sustainability, 10, 4636 (2018)
- [36] Technical and economical feasibility analysis of photovoltaic power installation on a university campus in Indonesia by Ruben Bayu Kristiawan, Indah Widiastuti and Suharno Suharno, MATEC Web of Conferences, Volume 197, 08012 (2018)
- [37] Green initiative in Suranaree University of Technology in Thailand by Vacharapoom Benjaoran and Patranid Parinyakulset, MATEC Web of Conferences, Volume 174, 01028 (2018)
- [38] University of Turin performance in UI GreenMetric Energy and Climate Change by Marcello Baricco, Andrea Tartaglino, Paolo Gambino, Egidio Dansero, Dario Cottafava and Gabriela Cavaglià, E3S Web of Conferences, Volume 48, 03003 (2018)
- [39] Framework Development of Campus Sustainability Assessment. Case Study: Diponegoro University by Rahmaningtyas Wiganingrum, Naniek U. Handayani and Hery Suliantoro, E3S Web of Conferences, Volume 73, 02004 (2018)
- [40] Above Carbon Stoks Potential in Universitas Negeri Semarang by Moch. Samsul Arifin, E3S Web of Conferences, Volume 73, 03016 (2018)
- [41] The challenges of adopting BIM for setting and infrastructure management of University of Minho by Paulo J. S. Cruz and Miguel Azenha, E3S Web of Conferences Volume 48, 02002 (2018)
- [42] Industrial revolution 4.0: Universiti Malaysia Sabah perspective by D. Kamarudin D. Mudin, How Siew Eng, Md Mizanur Rahman, Pungut Ibrahim, Marcus Jopony, E3S Web of Conferences Volume 48, 03005 (2018)
- [43] Setting and infrastructure at North Carolina Agricultural and Technical State University by Godfrey A. Uzochukwu, E3S Web of Conferences Volume 48, 02005 (2018)
- [44] How the environmental planning of the Universidade Federal de Lavras impacts higher education by José Roberto Soares Scolforo, Édila Vilela de Resende Von Pinho, Antonio Chalfun-Junior, Adriano Higino Freire, Leandro Coelho Naves and Marcio Machado Ladeira, E3S Web of Conferences Volume 48, 06004 (2018)
- [45] Challenges of sustainability efforts of universities regarding the sustainable development goals: a case study in the University of Zanjan, Iran, Seyed Mohsen Najafian and Esmail Karamidehkordi, E3S Web of Conferences Volume 48, 04001 (2018)
- [46] Managing university landscape and infrastructure towards green and sustainable campus by Muhammad Anis, Adi Zakaria Afiff, Gandjar Kiswanto, Nyoman Suwartha and Riri Fitri Sari, E3S Web of Conferences Volume 48, 02001 (2018)
- [47] Expansion of renewable energy resources and energyconscious behaviour at the University of Szeged by László Gyarmati, E3S Web of Conferences Volume 48, 02001 (2018)
- [48] Green@ Universiti Putra Malaysia: cultivating the green campus culture by hmad Zaharin Aris, Zakiah Ponrahono, Mohd Yusoff Ishak, Nor Hazlina Zamaruddin, Nor Kamariah Noordin, Renuganth Varatharajoo, and Aini Ideris, E3S Web of Conferences Volume 48, 02004 (2018)
- [49] Making an urban university 'green': uniting administration and students towards synergy by Aleksandr Fedorov, Evgeny Zakablukovskiy and Anna Galushkina, E3S Web of Conferences Volume 48, 02007 (2018)



- [50] How universities can work together with local communities to create a green, sustainable future by Yuhlong Oliver Su, Ku-Fan Chen, Yung-Pin Tsai and Hui-I Su, E3S Web of Conferences Volume 48, 06001 (2018)
- [51] The University of São Paulo on the 2017's GreenMetric Ranking by Patricia Faga Iglecias Lemos, Fernanda da Rocha Brando, Paulo Almeida, Roberta Consentino Kronka Mülfarth, Tamara Maria Gomes Aprilanti, Luis Otávio do Amaral Marques, Nayara Luciana Jorge and Tadeu Fabrício Malheiros, E3S Web of Conferences Volume 48, 02003 (2018)
- [52] The sustainability efforts of Ton Duc Thang University in the South of Vietnam by Ut V. Le, E3S Web of Conferences Volume 48, 04008 (2018)
- [53] Accelerating the transformation to a green university: University of Bahrain experience by Riyad Y. Hamzah, Naser W. Alnaser and Waheeb E. Alnaser, E3S Web of Conferences Volume 48, 06002 (2018)
- [54] Evaluation of electricity consumption and carbon footprint of UI GreenMetric participating universities using regression analysis by Alfan Presekal, Herdis Herdiansyah, Ruki Harwahyu, Nyoman Suwartha and Riri Fitri Sari, E3S Web of Conferences Volume 48, 03007 (2018)
- [55] Sustainability in Universities: DEA-GreenMetric by Rosa Puertas and Luisa Marti Sustainability, 11(14), 3766 (2019)
- [56] Integration of UI Greenmetric performance measurement on ISO 14001 implementation in higher education by R Nurcahyo, F S Handika, D S Gabriel and M Habiburrahman, IOP Conference Series: Materials Science and Engineering, Volume 697 (2019)
- [57] Benchmarks Analysis of the Higher Education Institutions Participants of the GreenMetric World University Ranking by Nathália Hipólito Cardozo, Sérgio Ricardo da Silveira Barros, Osvaldo Luis Gonçalves Quelhas, Euricerio Rodrigues Martins Filho and Wagner Salles, Springer, Universities and Sustainable Communities: Meeting the Goals of the Agenda 2030, World Sustainability Series pp 667-683 (2019)
- [58] UI GreenMetric and campus sustainability: a review of the role of African universities by Ernest Baba Ali and Valery Pavlovich Anufriev, Volume 5 Issue 1 (2020)
- [59] The Green University's Role in Developing Environmentally Friendly Infrastructure: Reference to The University Of Wageningen, Ranked Number One In The World by Fadila Boutora, Abou-Hafs Habiba, and Ala Eddine Louafi, Human & Social Sciences Journal Volume 07 Issue 1 pp 523 544 (2021)
- [60] A Proposal For Sustainable Universities' Governance-Strategy and Communication Studies by a Comparative-Based Approach by Esra BAYHANTOPÇU and Pınar Gökçin ÖZUYAR, The Journal of Selcuk University Social Science Institute, Issue 45 pp 396 412 (2021)
- [61] Evaluation of Environmental Impacts in a Higher Education Institution (HEI) by Thiago Tepasse de Brum, Ana Beatriz Gorini da Veiga and Janira Prichula, Congreso Latino-americano de Desenvolvimento Sustentavel Pos-Pandemia: Como sera o mundo depois da crise, pp 202 – 207 (2021)
- [62] Developing a Practical Framework of Sustainability Indicators Relevant to All Higher Education Institutions to Enable Meaningful International Rankings by William Horan and Bernadette O'Regan, MDPI Sustainability Journal Volume 13 Issue 2 (2021)
- [63] The Analysis of University Sustainable Transportation Driving Factors by Rachmaning Tyas Yoga Putri and Erida Pratiwik, EFFICIENT Indonesian Journal of Development Economics, Volume 4 Issue 2 pp 1263 -1277 (2021)
- [64] Between Past and Future: The Mission of University of L'Aquila and Its Action on Energy and Climate Change by Gabriele Curci, Filippo de Monte, Annamaria Nardecchia and Anna Tozzi, Journal of Sustainability Perspectives Volume 1 (2021)
- [65] The Methodological and Didactic Aspects of Comprehensive Greening of Educational Process Towards Sustainable University by Yuriy Tunytsya, Ihor Soloviy and Vasyl Lavnyy, Journal of Sustainability Perspectives Volume 1 (2021)
- [66] Sustainability and Climate Action in The Higher Education System, by Golda Edwin and Nandhivarman Muthu, Universities facing Climate Change and Sustainability pp 72 -82 (2021)
- [67] Addressing plate waste and consumption practice at university canteens: realizing green university through citizen-consumers by Natapol Thongplew, Nadtaya Duangput, Sasimaporn Khodkham, International Journal of Sustainability in Higher Education Volume 22 Issue 7 pp 1691 -1706 (2021)
- [68] Strategy to Actualize Green Campuses Through Sustainable Transportation by Amin Pujiati, Prasetyo Ari



- Bowo and Reza Nadya Isabella Putri, Economics Development Analysis Journal Volume 10 Issue 2 pp 143 152 (2021)
- [69] Achievement of green campus indications based on assessment indicators on H-BAT program Universitas Negeri Semarang by T Prihanto, K Fathoni and B Prasetiyo, IOP Conf. Series: Earth and Environmental Science 700 (2021)
- [70] Application of smart waste management in the Department of Civil Engineering, Bali State Polytechnic by I G A I Mas Pertiwi, W Sri Kristinayanti, K Wiwin Andayani, I G M Oka Aryawan, A A Putri Indrayanti and K Sudiarta, IOP Conf. Series: Earth and Environmental Science 626 (2021)
- [71] Energy Saving and Renewable Energy Production at University of Kashan, Kashan, Iran by Majid Monemzadeh and Mahnaz Talebi-Dastenaei2, Journal of Sustainability Perspectives Volume 1 (2021)
- [72] University of Central Punjab (UCP), Lahore, Pakistan's Responsibility for SDG's and World Complex Challenges Pertaining to its Innovation for Energy and Climate Change Management by Javaria Qais Joiya and Qais Aslam, Journal of Sustainability Perspectives Volume 1 (2021)
- [73] Are Universities Better Off Without Rankings? by Jamil Salmi, The Promise of Higher Education pp 301 308 (2021)
- [74] Arboretum untuk Green Campuss UIN Walisongo Semarang by Arifah Purnamaningrum, Mukhammad Akmal surur, Muhammad A'tourrohman and Adi Suprapto, Envoist Journal (Environmental Sustainability Journal) Volume 2 Issue 1 pp 25 34 (2021)
- [75] Smart UTB: An IoT Platform for Smart Campus by Leonardo Castellanos Acuña, Ray Narváez, Carlos Salas, Luz Alejandra Magre and María José González, WEA 2021: Applied Computer Sciences in Engineering pp 239 249 (2021)
- [76] The Carbon Footprint Estimation based on Campus Activities in ITERA (Institut Teknologi Sumatera) by Novi Kartika Sari, Rinda Gusvita and Deny Juanda Puradimaja, Journal of Sustainability Perspectives Volume 1 (2021)
- [77] How Green is Kasetsart University? The Green Space Planning for Enhancing Ecosystem Services by Vudipong Davivongs, Ornaim Tangkitngamwong and Prapassara Naka Phanumphai, Journal of Arhitectural/Planning Research and Studies (JARS) Volume 18 No. 2 (2021)
- [78] Strategies, Challenges And Solutions Towards The Implementation Of Green Campus In UiTM Perak by Haryati Mohd Isa, Daljeet Singh Sedhu, Nor Suzila Lop, Kushairi Rashid, Othman Mohd Nor and Mohd Iffahd, Planning Malaysia:Journal of the Malaysian Institute of Planners Volume 19 Issue 2 pp 60 71 (2021)
- [79] Humanizing the Localizing Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) in Education and Research at Higher Education Institutions (HEIs) by Mohd Fadhil Md Din, Wahid Omar, Shazwin Taib, Shamsul Sarip and Santhana Krishnan, Journal of Sustainability Perspectives Volume 1 (2021)
- [80] Water Sustainability: Current and Future Challenges at SRM Institute of Science and Technology, Chennai, India by Santhyanarayanan Pachamuthu, Sandeep Sancheti, N. Sethuraman and V. Thimurugan, Journal of Sustainability Perspectives Volume 1 (2021)
- [81] Fostering Sustainability @UniTs by Paolo Bevilacqua, Barbara Campisi, Patrizia De Luca, Gianluigi Gallenti and Ilaria Garofolo, Journal of Sustainability Perspectives Volume 1 (2021)
- [82] Developing a green university framework using statistical techniques: Case study of the University of Tehran by Gholamreza Heravi, Danial Aryanpour and Milad Rostami, Journal of Building Engineering Volume 42 (2021)
- [83] Building a Sustainable University Campus in Turkey: The Case of Istanbul Sabahattin Zaim University by Mehmet Bulut, Journal of Sustainability Perspectives Volume 1 (2021)
- [84]Methods to Decrease Carbon Emission at the University of Szeged by László Gyarmati, Journal of Sustainability Perspectives Volume 1 (2021)
- [85] Isfahan University of Technology (IUT): Towards a Green Campus Energy, Climate and Sustainable Development Initiatives at IUT by S. M Abtahi, Journal of Sustainability Perspectives Volume 1 (2021)
- [86] Interacting The Urban Masterplan of Unicamp with the Sustainable Development Goals by Thalita S. Dalbelo, Journal of Sustainability Perspectives Volume 1 (2021)
- [87] Navigating COVID-19 Pandemic and Building Resilience: A Case Study of Al-Furat Al-Awsat Technical University ATU by Mudhaffar S. Al-Zuhairy and Essam O. Al-Zaini, Conference: The 7th International



- (Virtual) Workshop on UI GreenMetric World University Rankings (IWGM 2021) At: Malaysia (2021)
- [88] Sustainability Through Higher Education by Daniela Carolina Herrera Gutierrez, Karen Lorena Arias Devia, Edna Vanessa Ramos Gomez, Journal of Sustainability Perspectives Volume 1 (2021)
- [89] UNNES Green Transportation as a Continuous Effort in Building a Conservation University by Fathur Rokhman, Hendi Pratama and Amin Retnoningsih, Journal of Sustainability Perspectives Volume 1 (2021)
- [90] Inisiatif Penerapan Green Campus Universitas Narotama Surabaya by Bahtiardo Silastomo, Undergraduate Thesis Universitas Narotama (2021)
- [91] Sustainable Development at University of Pécs by Orbán K, Kulcsár T and Radvánszky B, Journal of Sustainability Perspectives Volume 1 (2021)
- [92] ESPOCH's Education, Management and Research Achievements in Sustainable Development by Byron Vaca, Magdy Echeverría and Rafael Cordova, Journal of Sustainability Perspectives Volume 1 (2021)
- [93] Sustainability Implementation of UI Green Metric World University Rankings Energy & Climate Change (EC) Indicators: A Case Study of MUET Gymnasium Fitness Facility by Arsal Mehmood, Murtaza Ali Khuharo and Toussef Ali Shahani, Indonesian Journal of Innovation and Applied Sciences Volume 1 No.2 (2021)
- [94] Evaluasi Penataan dan Infrastruktur Kampus Hijau pada Politeknik Negeri Pontianak Berdasarkan UI GreenMetric by Izazaya Binta and Deni Maulana, GEWANG: Gerbang Wacana dan Rancang Arsitektur Vol 3 No. 1 (2021)
- [95] UI GreenMetric with May 2021 Covid-19 Update and Our Universities by Zeynep CEYLAN and Elif Tuna PULAŞ, Internasional Journal of Environment Pollution and Environmental Modelling Volume 4 Issue pp 53 63 (2021)
- [96] The Role Of Visionary Leadership in Strengthening The University's Position in The UI Greenmetric World Ranking by Dr. Abdulsalam Ali Hussein Alnoori, Ibrahem Kh. Mustafa alobaedy, PALARCH'S Journal of Archaeology of Egypt/Egyptology Volume 18 No. 08 (2021)
- [97] The UI GreenMetric Ranking System: Analyzing Impacts of Categories on Overall Results by Kadriye Elif Maçin, Osman Atilla Arıkan and İbrahim Demir, Conference: 6th International Conference on sustainable Development (ICSD) (2021)
- [98] Multicultural Education The Effect of Green Marketing on Students' Selection of Private Universities in Jordan by Hamza Salim Khraim and Tayseer Mohammad Al-Afaishat, Multicultural Education Volume 7 Issue 5 (2021)
- [99] A Case Review of 5 Top Sequential World Ranking Universities by Abdulrahman Obaid Al-Youbi, EFFLATOUNIA Multidisciplinary Journal Volume 5 No. 2 (2021)
- [100] Energy Management Strategy in Campus Towards a Green Campus Through Promoting Carbon Footprint and Energy Efficiency Index Improving by Nundang Busaeri, Ida Ayu Dwi Giriantari, Wayan Gede Ariastina and I. B. Alit Swamardika, Internasional Journal of Energi Economics and Policy Volume 11 Issue 4 (2021)
- [101] Sustainable Univeristies_The GreenMetric Tool As a Strategic Driver in HEIs Considering Different Realities by Marinez Cristina Vitoreli, Rodrigo Luiz Guarnetti and Enzo Barberio Mariano, Journal of Sustainability Perspectives Volume 1 (2021)
- [102] Toward Sustainable Campuses in Egypt. Case Study Mansoura University by Ahmed Eltantawy Abdallah, International Journal of Scientific and Engineering Research Volume 9 Issue 6 (2018)
- [103] Green University and academic performance: An empirical study on UI GreenMetric and World University Rankings by Kazim Baris Atici, Gokhan Yasayacak, Yilmaz Yildiz and Aydin Ulucan, Journal of Cleaner Production Volume 291 (2021)
- [104] Z. F. Mohamad et al., "Water Warriors Living Lab: Towards an integrated "Heartware Hardware Software" Approach to Water Management," Journal of Sustainability Perspectives, vol. 2, pp. 468-478, Aug. 2022.
- [105] I. d. l. R. Gómez, and J. A. L. Barrera, "Use of solid urban waste at the Technological Institute of Toluca," Journal of Sustainability Perspectives, vol. 2, pp. 459-467, Aug. 2022.
- [106] M. Parveen, M. Abdullah, S. M. M. Rahman, M. A. H. Chowdhury, M. S. I. Khan, and P. A. Kamal, "Improvement of wastewater quality of Dhaleswari river, Bangladesh using submerged macrophyte Egeria densa," Journal of Sustainability Perspectives, vol. 2, pp. 449-458, Aug. 2022.



- [107] J. A. Romero-Infante, M. S. R. Ramírez, L. A. Luna, S. Leguizamon, and E. Verjel, "Green economy metrics as a promoter of sustainable development in universities. Case study: El Bosque University," Journal of Sustainability Perspectives, vol. 2, pp. 439-448, Aug. 2022.
- [108] I. Fauziah, D. Ramdan, and A. Karim, "Maintaining Quality Education at the University of Medan Area during COVID-19 Pandemic," Journal of Sustainability Perspectives, vol. 2, pp. 431-438, Aug. 2022.
- [109] J. Cherem et al., "Telemedicine and molecular Sars-CoV-2 early detection to face the COVID-19 pandemic," Journal of Sustainability Perspectives, vol. 2, pp. 391-394, Aug. 2022.
- [110] O. Cherkasova, and D. Lebskaia, "Impact of COVID-19 on achieving the goal of sustainable research and education: case of Volgograd State University," Journal of Sustainability Perspectives, vol. 2, pp. 425-430, Aug. 2022.
- [111] L. C. de Carvalho, and L. d. B. Solano, "Innovation in the pandemic: the actions of the Federal University of Mato Grosso do Sul to guarantee the rights of the university community," Journal of Sustainability Perspectives, vol. 2, pp. 417-424, Aug. 2022.
- [112] C. B. Milanes, C. P. Salgado, and J. F. Camargo, "Innovation for Education and Research Management at Universidad de la Costa in the pandemic era," Journal of Sustainability Perspectives, vol. 2, pp. 409-416, Aug. 2022.
- [113] H. Ebadi, and Z. Mohebi, "Implementation of Urban Agriculture Plan (green garden) in Razi University of Kermanshah and its Effects on Sustainable Development," Journal of Sustainability Perspectives, vol. 2, pp. 403-408, Aug. 2022.
- [114] J. A. L. Barrera, and I. d. l. R. Gomez, "Environmental management begins in the family," Journal of Sustainability Perspectives, vol. 2, pp. 395-402, Aug. 2022.
- [115] T. Buntornwon, and J. Kumphong, "A successful approach by a small university to transportation management: A case study of Northeastern University, Thailand," Journal of Sustainability Perspectives, vol. 2, pp. 385-390, Aug. 2022.
- [116] Z. Mohebi, E. Sharifzadeh, and H. Ebadi, "Bio-Waste Management in Razi University by production of Leaf Mulch for the first time in world," Journal of Sustainability Perspectives, vol. 2, pp. 381-384, Aug. 2022.
- [117] K. M. Anwar, and U. Riaz, "Environmental & Financial Benefits of 360 kW Photo Voltaic Solar System (On-Grid) in University of Wah," Journal of Sustainability Perspectives, vol. 2, pp. 374-380, Aug. 2022.
- [118] E. V. R. Gómez, C. E. B. Vargas, K. L. Arias, and D. C. H. Gutierrez, "Implementation of solar panels and photovoltaic systems as an alternative for efficient energy saving at Universidad Nacional Abierta y a Distancia-UNAD," Journal of Sustainability Perspectives, vol. 2, pp. 368-373, Aug. 2022.
- [119] G. Ghermandi, and F. Despini, "The new Unimore interdisciplinary teaching on transversal sustainability skills," Journal of Sustainability Perspectives, vol. 2, pp. 361-367, Aug. 2022.
- [120] S. N. Radhawi, "Wasit University management of the educational process in accordance with the requirements of sustainable development in light of the Corona pandemic (COVID-19)," Journal of Sustainability Perspectives, vol. 2, pp. 354-360, Aug. 2022.
- [121] S. Nargis, M. R. Dastagir, F. Ahmed, S. Akhter, and M. A. Rahman, "KBAD-A Real Time Opportunity for Sustainability Education During Covid-19," Journal of Sustainability Perspectives, vol. 2, pp. 347-353, Aug. 2022.
- [122] A. A. AL-Attar, O. R. Alomar, and M. K. Yousif, "Importance of scientific research for Achieving Sustainable Development Goals during Covid19 Pandemic: Northern Technical University A Case Study," Journal of Sustainability Perspectives, vol. 2, pp. 341-346, Aug. 2022.
- [123] T. d. S. Dalbelo, A. B. Dieguez, A. E. Galante, G. M. Romero, and T. M. Torniziello, "Shared Spaces and Social Integration," Journal of Sustainability Perspectives, vol. 2, pp. 334-340, Aug. 2022.
- [124] P. Papantoniou, and P. Kaldis, "Good Transport Practices in University of West Attica," Journal of Sustainability Perspectives, vol. 2, pp. 325-333, Aug. 2022.
- [125] B. Sulaymonov, S. Islamov, A. Abduvasikov, and N. Namozov, "COVID-19: Transportation and Tashkent State Agrarian University," Journal of Sustainability Perspectives, vol. 2, pp. 315-324, Aug. 2022.
- [126] U. A. Onesimo O., "Going the Distance by Going Green: DLSU's Transportation System pre-, during, and



- post-pandemic," Journal of Sustainability Perspectives, vol. 2, pp. 308-314, Aug. 2022.
- [127] K. Charmondusit, W. Wattanawinitchai, and B. Mahisavariya, "Implementation of Sustainable Transportation at Mahidol University, Salaya Campus, Thailand," Journal of Sustainability Perspectives, vol. 2, pp. 301-307, Aug. 2022.
- [128] M. V. Kök, A. Kalinli, and A. İlkuçan, "Sustainable Transportation Managing in University Campuses: The Case of Middle East Technical University," Journal of Sustainability Perspectives, vol. 2, pp. 292-300, Aug. 2022.
- [129] S. A. Husnain, K. A. Tariq, and N. Khan, "Estimation of Rainwater Harvesting Potential in an Educational Institute of Faisalabad, Pakistan," Journal of Sustainability Perspectives, vol. 2, pp. 285-291, Aug. 2022.
- [130] M. A. Budihardjo, I. S. Arumdani, A. S. Puspita, and A. Ambariyanto, "Improving Water Conservation at Universitas Diponegoro, Indonesia," Journal of Sustainability Perspectives, vol. 2, pp. 277-284, Aug. 2022.
- [131] N. Khadijah, I. Falahudin, Y. Yenrizal, S. Rodiah, and C. Ichsan, "Implementation Of Washing Program In Sustainable Water Management At Uin Raden Fatah Palembang," Journal of Sustainability Perspectives, vol. 2, pp. 271-276, Aug. 2022.
- [132] Y. Ardalı, and Ö. Köksal, "Climate Change Adaptation and Integrated Waste Management in the time of Pandemic in Ondokuz Mayıs University," Journal of Sustainability Perspectives, vol. 2, pp. 263-270, Aug. 2022
- [133] V. Pandiyarajan, T. Neelakantan, S. A. Sridharan, and N. Ramrao, "Three "R" Concept in Waste Management for Sustainable Environment," Journal of Sustainability Perspectives, vol. 2, pp. 255-262, Aug. 2022.
- [134] S. T. Daglioglu, S. Sertkaya, A. Kinal, M. Bor, and D. Ayaz, "Waste Management of Ege University during the COVID-19 period," Journal of Sustainability Perspectives, vol. 2, pp. 250-254, Aug. 2022.
- [135] A. Velosa, "REAP, a project for PET and can," Journal of Sustainability Perspectives, vol. 2, pp. 245-249, Aug. 2022.
- [136] E. J. Kumaat, I. S. Manembu, S. M. Mambu, and G. M. C. Mangindaan, "Small-Scale Biogas Reactors Converting Organic Waste to Energy and Ferlilizer: A Case Study of Sam Ratulangi University Green Campus Project," Journal of Sustainability Perspectives, vol. 2, pp. 238-244, Aug. 2022.
- [137] M. Rihan, and T. Mansoor, "Decarbonizing the Aligarh Muslim University Campus: An Experiential Analysis of Initiatives, their Impact and Lessons Learned," Journal of Sustainability Perspectives, vol. 2, pp. 230-237, Aug. 2022.
- [138] P. Kanthamanon, "Sustainable Energy Management at KMUTT Thailand," Journal of Sustainability Perspectives, vol. 2, pp. 224-229, Aug. 2022.
- [139] R. M.M, and S. E.V., "Ecosystem services of the city campus: carbon landfill of the RUDN-University," Journal of Sustainability Perspectives, vol. 2, pp. 219-223, Aug. 2022.
- [140] P. S. Yadapadithaya, P. Naik, and K. Nayak K., "Implementation of Environment-Friendly Strategies for Energy Conservation and Mitigation of Climate Change A Holistic Approach in Mangalagangotri Campus," Journal of Sustainability Perspectives, vol. 2, pp. 209-218, Aug. 2022.
- [141] S. Harashina, "The First RE100 University in Japan-Responsible Consumption and Production of Energy," Journal of Sustainability Perspectives, vol. 2, pp. 201-208, Aug. 2022.
- [142] L. Gyarmati, "Evaluation of the carbon footprint of the Study and Information Centre of the University of Szeged," Journal of Sustainability Perspectives, vol. 2, pp. 194-200, Aug. 2022.
- [143] K. H. Hussein, A. F. Hassoon, A. Abdulhassan, B. M. Al-Muttairi, and W. A. Tameemi, "University of Babylon Performance in Setting and Infrastructure Indicator through UIGreenMetric 2017-2020. (A comparative study)," Journal of Sustainability Perspectives, vol. 2, pp. 187-193, Aug. 2022.
- [144] B. Vaca, M. Echeverría, and R. Córdova, "Advancing university management during the pandemic of COVID-19 at ESPOCH," Journal of Sustainability Perspectives, vol. 2, pp. 181-186, Aug. 2022.
- [145] R. F. Sari, J. H. Windiatmaja, and S. H. Ramadhianti, "Challenges and Experience from UI GreenMetric's 2nd International Virtual Event," Journal of Sustainability Perspectives, vol. 2, pp. 172-180, Aug. 2022.
- [146] W. Chen, H. Kang, and W. Luo, "Local Practice of Intelligent Innovation and Sustainable Development of



- Environmental in NCUT of Taiwan," Journal of Sustainability Perspectives, vol. 2, no. 2, pp. 155-164, Dec. 2022.
- [147] R. V. Lomelí, P. L. C. Gutiérrez, and R. S. González, "University setting and infrastructure for the people's well-being: Universidad de Guadalajara in the face of the pandemic," Journal of Sustainability Perspectives, vol. 2, no. 2, pp. 148-154, Dec. 2022.
- [148] S. Fahy MSc MBA, and C. Moran MSc, "Transforming lives and societies through education and research at DCU," Journal of Sustainability Perspectives, vol. 2, no. 2, pp. 140-147, Dec. 2022.
- [149] K. Daniel, and K. T., "The Greenest Hungarian University for the Greenest Hungarian City the University of Pécs in the light of sustainability," Journal of Sustainability Perspectives, vol. 2, no. 2, pp. 129-139, Dec. 2022
- [150] R. Harwahyu, H. Setiani, M. S. Faroghi, and R. F. Sari, "Rethinking Classroom Ventilation in post pandemic Situation," Journal of Sustainability Perspectives, vol. 2, no. 2, pp. 118-128, Dec. 2022
- [151] M. S. Al-Zuhairy, and E. O. Al-Zaini, "Navigating COVID-19 Pandemic and Building Resilience: A Case Study of Al-Furat Al-Awsat Technical University ATU," Journal of Sustainability Perspectives, vol. 2, no. 2, pp. 110-117, Dec. 2022.
- [152] E. Mushtaha, I. Alsyouf, M. Bettayeb, B. H. Al Jaberi, and M. Al Mallahi, "Managing University of Sharjah Setting and Infrastructure Towards a Sustainable and Livable Campus," Journal of Sustainability Perspectives, vol. 2, no. 2, pp. 99-109, Dec. 2022.
- [153] Y. Yuliya, S. Vera, S. Roy, L. Pavel, and K. Alla, "State University of Land Use Planning a driver of ecological development of small regions in the conditions of Covid-19," Journal of Sustainability Perspectives, vol. 2, no. 2, pp. 165-171, Dec. 2022.
- [154] D. Wuu, I. Liu, K. Chen, C. Yang, Y. Tsar, and Y. Feng, "Enhancing National Chi Nan University Campus's Ecological Friendliness by Creating a Butterfly Habitat Using Reclaimed Water," Journal of Sustainability Perspectives, vol. 2, no. 2, pp. 89-98, Dec. 2022.
- [155] J. Luttik, and E. Maters, "Best practices in greening transportation at Wageningen University & Research," Journal of Sustainability Perspectives, vol. 2, no. 2, pp. 80-88, Dec. 2022
- [156] P. Li, H. Chien, P. Chang, S. Chou, and C. Tai, "Water Management Strategies on Campus: An integrated approach," Journal of Sustainability Perspectives, vol. 2, no. 1, pp. 73-79, Jun. 2022.
- [157] P. Li, H. Chien, P. Chang, S. Chou, and C. Tai, "Water Management Strategies on Campus: An integrated approach," Journal of Sustainability Perspectives, vol. 2, no. 1, pp. 73-79, Jun. 2022.
- [158] A. Phdungsilp, "Waste Management and Its Contribution to the Sustainable Development Goals at Dhurakij Pundit University, Thailand," Journal of Sustainability Perspectives, vol. 2, no. 1, pp. 65-72, Jun. 2022.
- [159] C. Rukspollmuang, P. Mongkhonvanit, C. Phitthayanon, N. Silalai, and H. Nubsang, "University as a Living Learning Lab for Sustainable Futures," Journal of Sustainability Perspectives, vol. 2, no. 1, pp. 56-64, Jun. 2022.
- [160] E. Lokupitiya, and S. Siriwardhana, "Transforming the Pandemic into a gateway for zeroing waste-related emissions at the University of Colombo, Sri Lanka," Journal of Sustainability Perspectives, vol. 2, no. 1, pp. 47-55, Jun. 2022.
- [161] J. Haydar, W. Fahs, and M. Ayache, "Issues and Innovation for Setting and Infrastructure Management in the Islamic University of Lebanon in the Time of Pandemic," Journal of Sustainability Perspectives, vol. 2, no. 1, pp. 39-46, Jun. 2022.
- [162] A. T.S.D, C. E.P.S, R. D, and H. K.K.L, "Innovative strategic planning for a sustainable green university: University of Ruhuna, Sri Lanka," Journal of Sustainability Perspectives, vol. 2, no. 1, pp. 32-38, Jun. 2022
- [163] J. Barbero, T. W. Chomik, L. Ericson, and D. Alvarez, "Good practices: experiences and challenges-Unsam, Argentina," Journal of Sustainability Perspectives, vol. 2, no. 1, pp. 24-31, Jun. 2022.
- [164] S. S. S. Gardezi, S. H. Haris Ali, R. Fayaz, and H. H. Shah, "Energy Performance Analysis of a Multi-Story Building Using Building Information Modeling (BIM)," Journal of Sustainability Perspectives, vol. 2, no. 1, pp. 16-23, Jun. 2022.



- [165] R. Elhusseini, and G. Battikha, "Campus by the Sea: Adapting the Landscape to Evolving Salinity," Journal of Sustainability Perspectives, vol. 2, no. 1, pp. 7-15, Jun. 2022.
- [166] T. M. Krishnan, "Best Practice: Waste to Fertilizer in Polytechnic Mersing," Journal of Sustainability Perspectives, vol. 2, no. 1, pp. 1-6, Jun. 2022.



Appendix 1

Below are how we score your data. Please note that the final score will be based on our validators' review. Details of the scoring are described as follows:

No	Category and Indicator	Point	Score	Weighting
1	Setting and Infrastructure (SI)			15%
SI 1	The ratio of open space area to the total area	200		
	≤ 1%		0.05x200	
	> 1 - 80%		0.25×200	
	> 80 - 90%		0.50×200	
	> 90 - 95%		0.75×200	
	> 95%		1.00×200	
SI 2	Total area on campus covered in forest vegetation	100		
	≤ 2%		0.05x100	
	> 2 - 9%		0.25×100	
	> 9 - 22%		0.50×100	
	> 22 - 35%		0.75×100	
	> 35%		1.00×100	
SI 3	Total area on campus covered in planted vegetation	200	1.00×100	
)i		200	0.05x200	
	≤ 10%			
	> 10 - 20%		0.25×200	
	> 20 - 30%		0.50×200	
	> 30 - 40%		0.75×200	
	> 40%		1.00×200	
SI 4	Total area on campus for water absorption besides the forest and	100		
	planted vegetation			
	≤ 2%		0.05x100	
	> 2 - 10%		0.25×100	
	> 10 - 20%		0.50×100	
	> 20 - 30%		0.75×100	
	> 30%		1.00×100	
SI 5	The total open space area divided by total campus population	200		
	≤ 10 m ² /person		0.05x200	
	> 10 – 20 m ² /person		0.25×200	
	> 20 – 40 m ² /person		0.50×200	
	> 40 – 70 m ² /person		0.75×200	
	> 70 m ² /person		1.00×200	
SI 6	Percentage of university budget for sustainability efforts	200		
	≤ 1%		0.05x200	
	>1-5%		0.25×200	
	> 5 - 10%		0.50×200	
	> 10 - 15%		0.75×200	
	> 15%		1.00×200	
SI7	Percentage of operation and maintenance activities of building in	100		
	one year period			
	≤ 25%		0.05x100	
	> 25 - 50%		0.25×100	
	> 50 - 75%		0.50×100	
	> 75 - 99%		0.75×100	
	100%			
CIO	Campus facilities for disabled, special needs and or maternity	100	1.00×100	
SI8	care	100		
			0	
	None Religy is in place			
	Policy is in place		0.25×100	



	Facilities are in planning stage		0.50×100	
	Facilities are partially available and operated		0.75×100	
	Facilities exist in all buildings and are fully operated		1.00×100	
SI9	Security and safety facilities	100	_	
	Passive security system		0	
	Security infrastructure (CCTV, emergency hotline/button) available and fully function		0.25×100	
	Security infrastructure (CCTV, emergency hotline/button, personnel, fire extinguisher, hydrant) available and fully function		0.50×100	
	Security infrastructure available and fully function and security responding time for accident, crime, fire and natural disaster more		0.75×100	
	than 10 minutes Security infrastructure available and fully function and security responding time for accident, crime, fire and natural disaster less than 10 minutes		1.00×100	
SI10	Health infrastructure facilities for students, academic and	100		
	administrative staff's wellbeing			
	Health infrastructure (first aid) is not available		0	
	Health infrastructure (first aid, emergency room, clinic and personnel) are available		0.25×100	
	Health infrastructure (first aid, emergency room, clinic and certified personnel) are available		0.50×100	
	Health infrastructure (first aid, emergency room, clinic, hospital and certified personnel) are available		0.75×100	
	Health infrastructure (first aid, emergency room, clinic, hospital and certified personnel) are available and accessible for public		1.00×100	
SI11	Conservation: plant (flora), animal (fauna) or wildlife, genetic	100		
	resources for food and agriculture secured in either medium or			
	long-term conservation facilities			
	Conservation program in preparation		0.05x100	
	Conservation program 1-25% implemented		0.25×100	
	Conservation program 25-50% implemented		0.50×100	
	Conservation program 50-75% implemented		0.75×100	
	Conservation program fully implemented		1.00×100	
	Total	1500	1.00/1200	
2	Energy and Climate Change (EC)	1500		21%
EC 1	Energy efficient appliances usage	200		
	< 1%		0.05x200	
	1 - 25%		0.25×200	
	> 25 - 50%		0.50×200	
	> 50 - 75%		0.75×200	
	> 75%		1.00×200	
EC 2	Smart building implementation	300	1.00^200	
LC Z	< 1%	300	0.05x300	
			0.03x300 0.25×300	
	1 - 25%			
	> 25 - 50%		0.50×300	
	> 50 - 75% > 75%		0.75×300	
FC 2		200	1.00×300	
EC 3	Number of renewable energy sources in campus	300	0	
	None		-	
	1 source		0.25×300	
	2 sources		0.50×300	
	2 sources 3 sources > 3 sources		0.50×300 0.75×300 1.00×300	



EC 4	The total electricity usage divided by total campus population (kWh per person)	300	
	≥ 2424 kWh		0.05x300
	> 1535 - 2424 kWh		0.25×300
	> 633 - 1535 kWh		0.50×300
	> 279 - 633 kWh		0.75×300
	< 279 kWh		1.00×300
EC 5	The ratio of renewable energy production divided by total energy	200	
	usage per year		
	≤ 0.5%		0.05x200
	> 0.5 - 1%		0.25×200
	> 1 - 2%		0.50×200
	> 2 - 25%		0.75×200
	> 25%		1.00×200
EC 6	Elements of green building implementation as reflected in all construction and renovation policies	200	
	None		0
	1 element		0.25×200
	2 elements		0.50×200
	3 elements		0.75×200
	> 3 elements		1.00×200
EC 7	Greenhouse gas emission reduction program	200	
	None		0
	Program in preparation		0.25×200
	Program(s) aims to reduce one out of three scopes emissions		0.50×200
	Program(s) aims to reduce two out of three scopes emissions		0.75×200
	Program(s) aims to reduce all three scopes emissions		1.00×200
EC 8	The total carbon footprint divided by total campus population	200	
	≥ 2.05 metric ton		0.05x200
	> 1.11 - 2.05 metric ton		0.25×200
	> 0.42 - 1.11 metric ton		0.50×200
	> 0.10 - 0.42 metric ton		0.75×200
	< 0.10 metric ton		1.00×200
EC 9	Number of innovative program(s) in Energy and Climate Change	100	
	None		0
	1 program		0.25×100
	2 programs		0.50×100
	3 programs		0.75×100
	More than 3 programs		1.00×100
EC 10	Impactful university program(s) on climate change	100	
	None		0
	Program in preparation		0.25×100
	Provide training, educational materials and activities for		0.50×100
	surrounding communities		
	Provide training, educational materials and activities for		0.75×100
	surrounding communities and at national level		
	Provide training, educational materials and activities for		1.00×100
	surrounding communities, at national, regional, and international level		
	Total	2100	

3	Waste (WS)			18%
WS 1	3R (Reduce, Reuse, Recycle) program for university's waste	300		
	None		0	
	3R program in preparation		0.25×300	



	3R program 1 – 50% implemented		0.50×300	
	3R program > 50 – 75% implemented		0.75×300	
	· -			
14/6 0	3R program > 75% implemented	200	1.00×300	
WS 2	Program to reduce the use of paper and plastic on campus	300		
	None		0	
	1 program		0.25×300	
	2 programs		0.50×300	
	3 programs		0.75×300	
	More than 3 programs		1.00×300	
WS 3	Organic waste treatment	300	_	
	Open dumping		0	
	Partial (1 - 25% treated)		0.25×300	
	Partial (> 25 - 50% treated)		0.50×300	
	Partial (> 50 - 75% treated)		0.75×300	
	Extensive (> 75% treated)		1.00×300	
WS 4	Inorganic waste treatment	300		
	Burned in open		0	
	Partial (1 - 25% treated)		0.25×300	
	Partial (> 25 - 50% treated)		0.50×300	
	Partial (> 50 - 75% treated)		0.75×300	
	Extensive (> 75% treated)		1.00×300	
WS 5	Toxic waste treatment	300		
	Not managed		0	
	Partial (1 - 25% treated)		0.25×300	
	Partial (> 25 - 50% treated)		0.50×300	
	Partial (> 50 - 75% treated)		0.75×300	
	Extensive (> 75% treated) or campus produces a minimum amount		1.00×300	
	of toxic waste			
WS 6	Sewage disposal	300		
	Untreated into waterways		0	
	Treated with preliminary treatment		0.25×300	
	Treated with primary treatment		0.50×300	
	Treated with secondary treatment		0.75×300	
	Treated with tertiary treatment		1.00×300	
	Total	1800		
4	Water (WR)			10%
WR 1	Water conservation program and implementation	200		
	None		0	
			0.25×200	
	Program in preparation		0.25×200 0.50×200	
	Program in preparation 1 - 25% implemented at early stage (i.e., measurement of potential		0.25×200 0.50×200	
	Program in preparation 1 - 25% implemented at early stage (i.e., measurement of potential surface runoff volume)		0.50×200	
	Program in preparation 1 - 25% implemented at early stage (i.e., measurement of potential surface runoff volume) > 25 - 50% water conserved		0.50×200 0.75×200	
WR 2	Program in preparation 1 - 25% implemented at early stage (i.e., measurement of potential surface runoff volume) > 25 - 50% water conserved > 50% water conserved	200	0.50×200	
WR 2	Program in preparation 1 - 25% implemented at early stage (i.e., measurement of potential surface runoff volume) > 25 - 50% water conserved > 50% water conserved Water recycling program implementation	200	0.50×200 0.75×200 1.00×200	
WR 2	Program in preparation 1 - 25% implemented at early stage (i.e., measurement of potential surface runoff volume) > 25 - 50% water conserved > 50% water conserved Water recycling program implementation None	200	0.50×200 0.75×200 1.00×200	
WR 2	Program in preparation 1 - 25% implemented at early stage (i.e., measurement of potential surface runoff volume) > 25 - 50% water conserved > 50% water conserved Water recycling program implementation None Program in preparation	200	0.50×200 0.75×200 1.00×200 0 0.25×200	
WR 2	Program in preparation 1 - 25% implemented at early stage (i.e., measurement of potential surface runoff volume) > 25 - 50% water conserved > 50% water conserved Water recycling program implementation None Program in preparation 1 - 25% implemented at early stage	200	0.50×200 0.75×200 1.00×200 0 0.25×200 0.50×200	
WR 2	Program in preparation 1 - 25% implemented at early stage (i.e., measurement of potential surface runoff volume) > 25 - 50% water conserved > 50% water conserved Water recycling program implementation None Program in preparation 1 - 25% implemented at early stage > 25 - 50% water recycled	200	0.50×200 0.75×200 1.00×200 0 0.25×200 0.50×200 0.75×200	
	Program in preparation 1 - 25% implemented at early stage (i.e., measurement of potential surface runoff volume) > 25 - 50% water conserved > 50% water conserved Water recycling program implementation None Program in preparation 1 - 25% implemented at early stage > 25 - 50% water recycled > 50% water recycled		0.50×200 0.75×200 1.00×200 0 0.25×200 0.50×200	
	Program in preparation 1 - 25% implemented at early stage (i.e., measurement of potential surface runoff volume) > 25 - 50% water conserved > 50% water conserved Water recycling program implementation None Program in preparation 1 - 25% implemented at early stage > 25 - 50% water recycled > 50% water recycled Water efficient appliance usage	200	0.50×200 0.75×200 1.00×200 0 0.25×200 0.50×200 0.75×200 1.00×200	
WR 2 WR 3	Program in preparation 1 - 25% implemented at early stage (i.e., measurement of potential surface runoff volume) > 25 - 50% water conserved > 50% water conserved Water recycling program implementation None Program in preparation 1 - 25% implemented at early stage > 25 - 50% water recycled > 50% water recycled Water efficient appliance usage None		0.50×200 0.75×200 1.00×200 0 0.25×200 0.50×200 0.75×200 1.00×200	
	Program in preparation 1 - 25% implemented at early stage (i.e., measurement of potential surface runoff volume) > 25 - 50% water conserved > 50% water conserved Water recycling program implementation None Program in preparation 1 - 25% implemented at early stage > 25 - 50% water recycled > 50% water recycled Water efficient appliance usage		0.50×200 0.75×200 1.00×200 0 0.25×200 0.50×200 0.75×200 1.00×200	



	> 50% of water efficient appliances installed		1.00×200	
NR 4	Treated water consumed	200		
	None		0	
	1 - 25% treated water consumed		0.25×200	
	> 25 - 50% treated water consumed		0.50×200	
	> 50 - 75% treated water consumed		0.75×200	
4/D F	> 75% treated water consumed	200	1.00×200	
NR 5	Water pollution control in campus area	200	0.05200	
	Policy and preparation		0.05x200	
	Design and construction		0.25×200	
	Guideline standard available and initial implementation		0.50×200	
	Full implementation and monitored occasionally		0.75×200	
	Full implementation and monitored regularly	4000	1.00×200	
_	Total (TD)	1000		4.00/
5	Transportation (TR)	200		18%
TR 1	The total number of vehicles (cars and motorcycles) divided by	200		
	total campus population			
	≥1		0	
	> 0.5 - 1		0.25×200	
	> 0.125 - 0.5		0.50×200	
	> 0.045 - 0.125		0.75×200	
	< 0.045		1.00×200	
TR 2	Shuttle services	300	_	
	Shuttle service is possible but not provided by university		0	
	Shuttle service is provided (by university or other parties) and		0.25×300	
	regular but not free			
	Shuttle service is provided (by university or other parties) and the		0.50×300	
	university contributes part of the cost		0.75.000	
	Shuttle service is provided by university, regular, and free		0.75×300	
	Shuttle service is provided by university, regular, and zero		1.00×300	
TD 3	emission vehicle. Or shuttle use is not possible (not applicable)	200		
TR 3	Zero Emission Vehicles (ZEV) policy on campus	200		
	Zero Emission Vehicles are not available		0	
	Zero Emission Vehicles use is not possible or practical		0.25×200	
	Zero Emission Vehicles are available, but not provided by		0.50×200	
	university			
	Zero Emission Vehicles are available, provided by university and		0.75200	
	charged		0.75×200	
	Zero Emission Vehicles are available, and provided by university free		1.00×200	
TR 4	The total number of Zero Emission Vehicles (ZEV) divided by total	200	1.00×200	
IK 4	campus population	200		
	≤ 0.002		0.05x200	
	> 0.002 to ≤ 0.004		0.25×200	
	$> 0.004 \text{ to} \le 0.008$		0.50×200	
	> 0.008 to ≤ 0.02		0.75×200	
	> 0.02		1.00×200	
TR 5	The ratio of the ground parking area to total campus area	200		
	> 11%		0	
	> 7 - 11 %		0.25×200	
	> 4 - 7 %		0.50×200	
	>1-4%		0.75×200	
	< 1%		1.00×200	
TR 6	Transportation program designed to limit or decrease the parking	200		



	None		0	
	Program in preparation (i.e., feasibility study and promotion)		0.25×200	
	Program resulting in less than 10% decrease in parking area		0.50×200	
	Program resulting in 10 - 30% decrease in parking area		0.75×200	
	Program resulting in more than 30% decrease in parking area or		1.00x200	
	parking area reduction reaching its limit			
TR 7	Number of transportation initiatives to decrease private vehicles	200		
	on campus			
	No initiative		0	
	1 initiative		0.25×200	
	2 initiatives		0.50×200	
	3 initiatives		0.75×200	
	> 3 initiatives, or initiative is no longer required		1.00×200	
TR 8	Pedestrian path on campus	300		
	None		0	
	Pedestrian paths are available		0.25×300	
	Pedestrian paths are available, and designed for safety		0.50×300	
	Pedestrian paths are available, designed for safety and		0.75×300	
	convenience			
	Pedestrian paths are available, designed for safety, convenience,		1.00×300	
	and in some parts provided with disabled-friendly features			
	Total	1800		
6	Education and Research (ED)			18%
ED 1	The ratio of sustainability courses to total courses/subjects	300		
	≤ 1%		0.05x300	
	>1-5%		0.25×300	
	> 5 - 10%		0.50×300	
	> 10 - 20%		0.75×300	
	> 20%		1.00×300	
ED 2	The ratio of sustainability research funding to total research	200		
	funding			
	≤ 1%		0.05x200	
	>1-8%		0.25×200	
	> 8 - 20%		0.50×200	
	> 20 - 40%		0.75×200	
	>40%		1.00×200	
ED 3	Number of scholarly publications on sustainability	200		
	0		0	
	1 – 20		0.25×200	
	21 – 83		0.50×200	
	84 - 300		0.75×200	
	> 300		1.00×200	
ED 4	Number of events related to sustainability	200		
	0		0	
	1-4		0.25×200	
	5 – 17		0.50×200	
	18 - 47		0.75×200	
	>47		1.00×200	
ED 5	Number of activities organized by student organizations related	200		
	to sustainability per year			
	0		0	
			0.25×200	
	1-2		U.25×200	
	1-2 3-4		0.25×200 0.50×200	



ED 6	University-run sustainability website	200		
	Not available		0	
	Website in progress or under construction		0.25×200	
	Website is available and accessible		0.50×200	
	Website is available, accessible, and updated occasionally		0.75×200	
	Website is available, accessible, and updated regularly		1.00x200	
ED 7	Sustainability report			
	Not available		0	
	Sustainability report is in preparation		0.25×100	
	Available but not publicly accessible		0.50×100	
	Sustainability report is accessible and published occasionally		0.75×100	
	Sustainability report is accessible and published annually		1.00x100	
ED 8	Number of cultural activities on campus	100		
	None		0	
	1 event per year		0.25×100	
	2 events per year		0.50×100	
	3 events per year		0.75×100	
	More than 3 events per year		1.00x100	
ED 9	Number of university sustainability program(s) with international	100		
	collaborations			
	None		0	
	1 Program		0.25×100	
	2 Programs		0.50×100	
	3 Programs		0.75×100	
	More than 3 programs		1.00x100	
ED 10	Number of sustainability community services project organized	100		
	and/or involving students			
	None		0	
	1 project		0.25×100	
	2 projects		0.50×100	
	3 projects		0.75×100	
	More than 3 projects		1.00x100	
ED 11	Number of sustainability-related startups	100		
	None		0	
	1 – 5 startups		0.25×100	
	6 – 10 startups		0.50×100	
	11 – 15 startups		0.75×100	
	More than 15 startups		1.00×100	
	Total	1800		
	TOTAL	10000		

Note: Light green indicates new questions introduced in 2023



Appendix 2
List and Description of Smart Building Requirements

	Field		Requirement	Description
В	B Automation		BMS	Presence of Building Management System (BMS)/Building Information Modelling (BIM)/Building Automation System (BAS)/Facility Management System (FMS)
				(recommended requirement)
		В2	APP	Interactive support for users via APP or online service
S	Safety	S1	Intruder Alarm System	Intruder alarm system (recommended: interfaced with BMS)
		S2	Fire-fighting	Fire-fighting system (recommended: interfaced with BMS)
		S3	Video surveillance	Video surveillance system (recommended: interfaced with BMS)
		S4	Anti-flooding	Anti-flooding system (recommended: interfaced with BMS)
E	Energy	E1	Monitoring	Automatic acquisition and logging system of energy consumption (recommended: interfaced with BMS)
		E2	Management	Automatic management system for energy supplies and production (recommended: interfaced with BMS)
A	Water	A1	Monitoring	Automatic acquisition and logging system of water consumption (recommended: interfaced with BMS)
		A2	Recovery	Rainwater recovery system for covering the flushing and irrigation
I	Indoor environment	I1	Thermal comfort	Monitoring (recommended: interfaced with BMS) of environmental parameters related to thermo-hygrometric comfort (i.e. air temperature, relative humidity, air velocity, etc.)
		12	Air quality	Monitoring (recommended: interfaced with BMS)of pollutants (i.e. VOC, PM, CO_2)
		13	Real-time	Programming and management in real time according to the occupancy profile of the premises (recommended: interfaced with BMS)
		14	Passive system	Passive cooling and/or exploitation/limitation systems for free supplies
L	Lighting	L1	LEDs	High-efficiency luminaires (LEDs)
		L2	Sensors	Automatic lighting control (recommended: presence/illuminance sensors interfaced with BMS)
		L3	Shielding	Shielding adjustment and solar control
		L4	Natural light	Passive systems for natural light exploitation

Note:

Please state the Building Management System (BMS)/Building Information Modelling (BIM)/Building Automation System (BAS)/Facility Management System (FMS) used in your university

Adapted from 'UI GreenMetric 2018: Energy and Climate Change Guidelines for Compilation', by RUS Energia, 2019.



Appendix 3

Calculation of Carbon Footprint Per Year

The Carbon footprint calculation can be conducted based on the stage of calculation as stated in www.carbonfootprint.com, which is the sum of electricity usage per year and transportation per year.

a. Electricity usage per year (EC 2.7)

The CO₂ emission from electricity

- = (electricity usage per year in kWh/1000) x 0.84
- = (1633286 kWh/1000) x 0.84
- = 1371.96 metric tons

Notes:

Electricity usage per year= 1633286 kWh

0.84 is the coefficient to convert kWh to metric tons (source: www.carbonfootprint.com)

b. Transportation per year (Shuttle) (TR 5.6)

- = (Number of the shuttle bus in your university x total trips for shuttle bus service each day x approximate travel distance of a vehicle each day inside campus only (in kilometers) x 240/100) x 0.01
- $= ((15 \times 150 \times 5 \times 240)/100)) \times 0.01$
- = 270 metric tons

Notes:

240 is the number of working days per year

0.01 is the coefficient (source: www.carbonfootprint.com) to calculate the emission in metric tons per 100 km for bus

c. Transportation per year (Car) (TR 5.2)

- = (Number of cars entering your university \times 2 x approximate travel distance of a vehicle each day inside campus only (in kilometers) \times 240/100) \times 0.02
- $= ((2000 \times 2 \times 5 \times 240)/100)) \times 0.02$
- = 960 metric tons

Notes:

240 is the number of working days per year

0.02 is the coefficient (source: www.carbonfootprint.com) to calculate the emission in metric tons per 100 km car

d. Transportation per year (Motorcycle) (TR 5.3)

- = (Number of motorcycle entering your university x 2 x approximate travel distance of a vehicle each day inside campus only (in kilometers) x 240/100) x 0.01
- $= ((4000 \times 2 \times 5 \times 240)/100)) \times 0.01$
- = 960 metric tons

Notes:

240 is the number of working days per year

0.01 is the coefficient (source: www.carbonfootprint.com) to calculate the emission in metric tons per 100 km for motorcycle

e. Total emission per year

- = total emission from electricity usage + transportation (bus, car, motorcycle)
- = 1371.96 + (270 + 960 + 960)
- = 3561.96 metric tons

Notes:

2000 and **4000** is an example of the number of cars and motorcycles, respectively. **5** is an example of the approximate travel distance. Please provide based on your own data

UI GreenMetric Secretariat:

Integrated Laboratory and Research Center (ILRC) Building 4th Fl, University of Indonesia

Kampus Baru UI Depok 16424, Indonesia Email: greenmetric@ui.ac.id

Tel: (021) - 29120936

Website: http://www.greenmetric.ui.ac.id/

© 2023



© 2023 - UI GreenMetric World University Rankings





