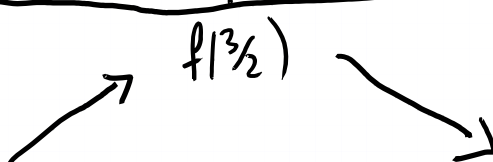


$$2) f(x) = -x^2 + 3x + 5 \quad I = \mathbb{R}$$

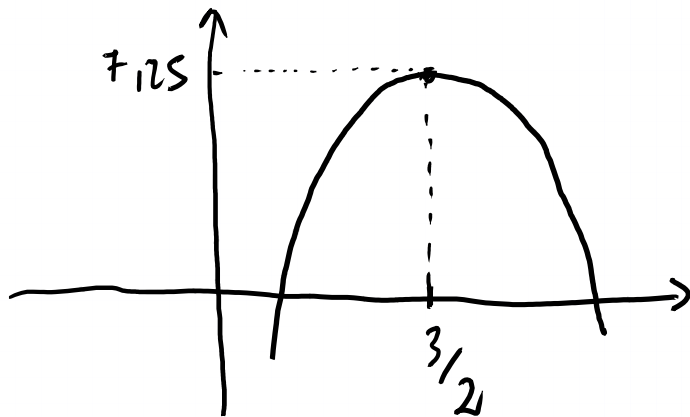
$$f'(x) = -2x + 3$$

Signe de f' : $-2x + 3 > 0 \Leftrightarrow -2x > -3 \Leftrightarrow x < \frac{3}{2}$

Tableau de variations :

| x | $-\infty$ | $\frac{3}{2}$ | $+\infty$ |
|------|--|---------------|-----------|
| f' | + | 0 | - |
| f | $f(\frac{3}{2})$  | | |

$$f\left(\frac{3}{2}\right) = -\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^2 + 3 \times \frac{3}{2} + 5 = 7,25$$



7,25 est le maximum, atteint pour $x = \frac{3}{2}$.