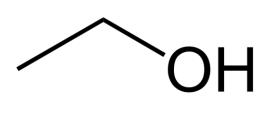
Solvant	μ/D	ϵ_r
cyclohexane	0	2,0
éther diéthylique	1,15	4,2
acétate d'éthyle	1,78	6,0
acétone	2,88	20,7
éthanol	1,69	24,8
eau	1,85	78,5

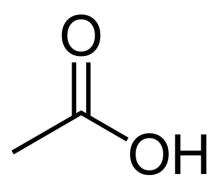
Solvant polaire aprotique:

$$O$$
 \parallel
 S
 CH_3
 $DMSO$

Solvant polaire protique:

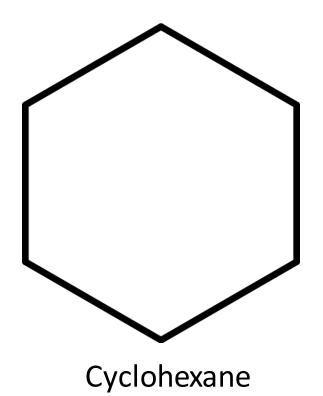


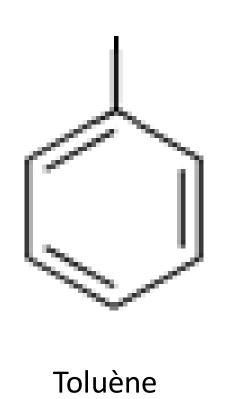
éthanol

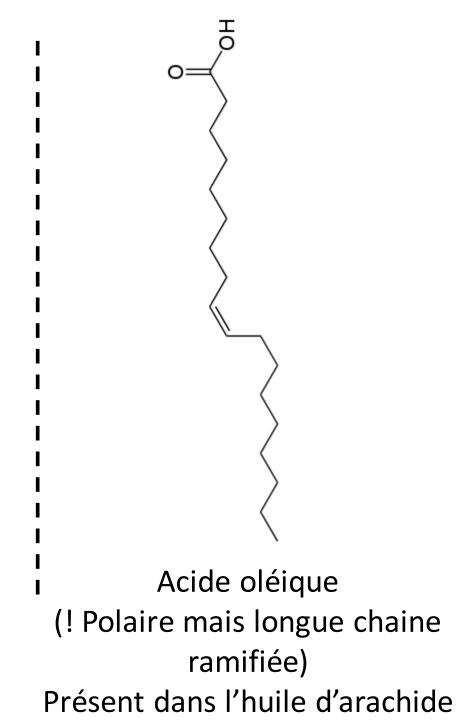


Aide éthanoïque (acétique)

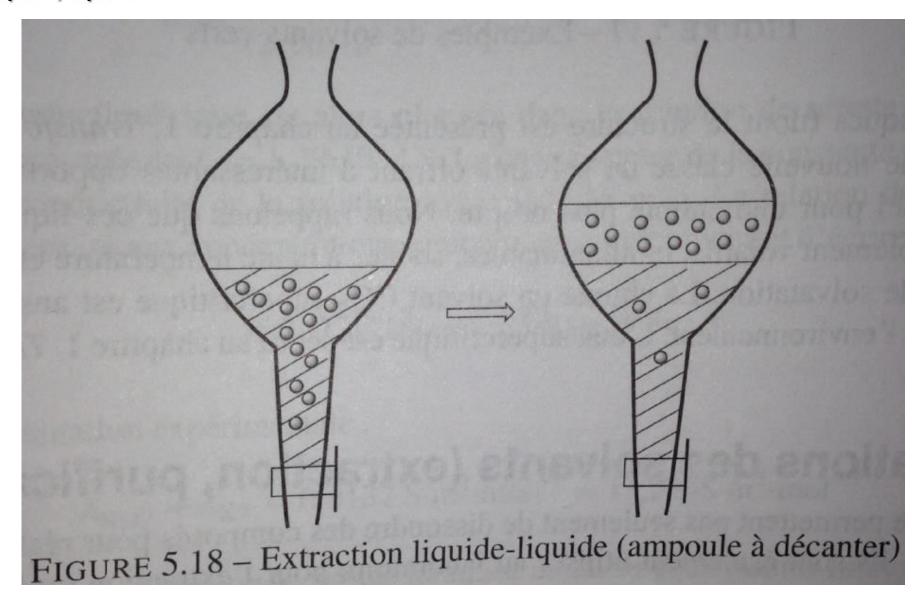
Solvant apolaire:



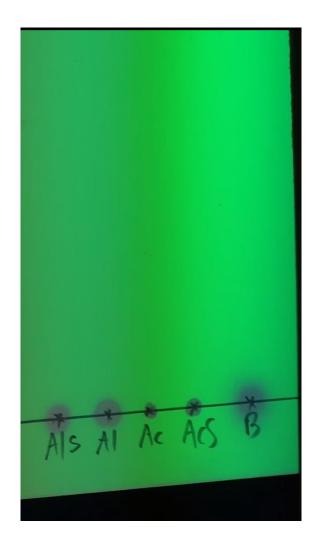


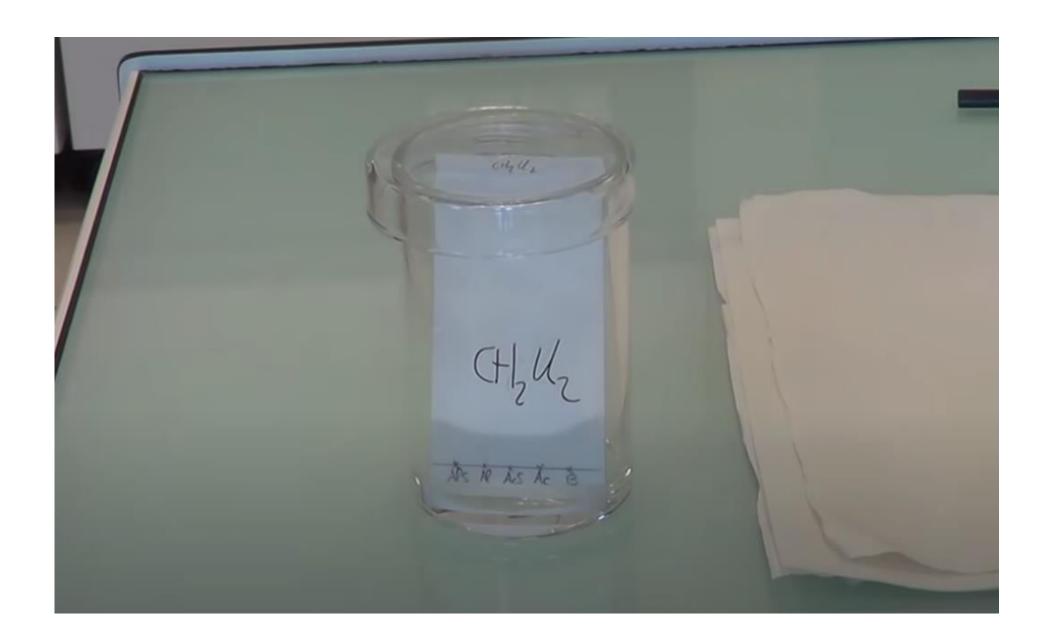


Extraction liquide/liquide

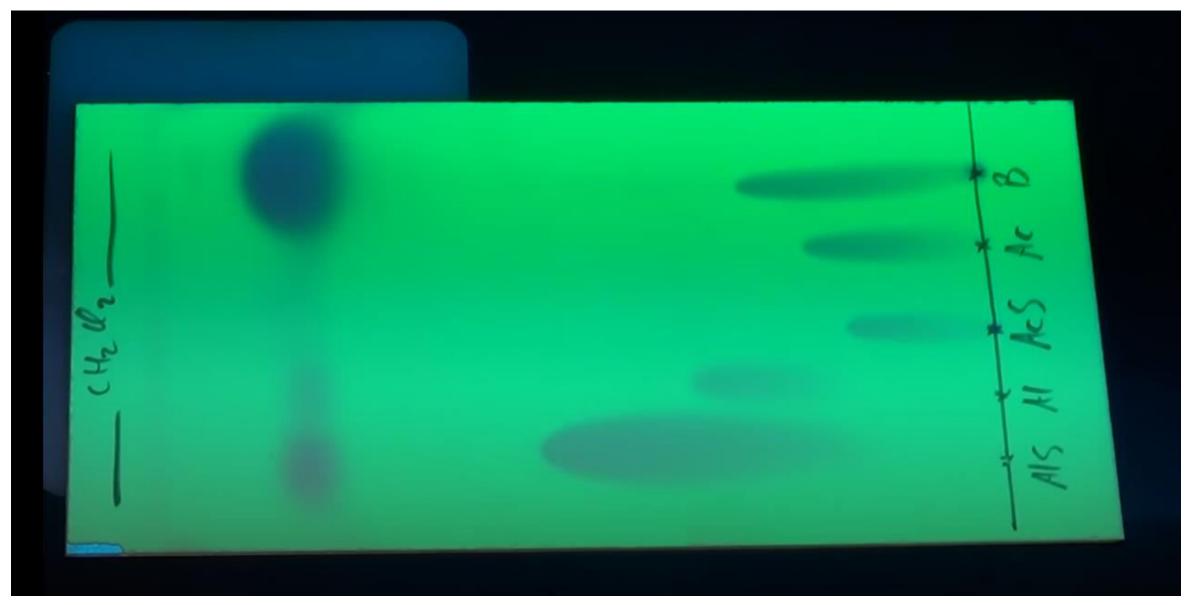


Chromatographie sur Couche Mince

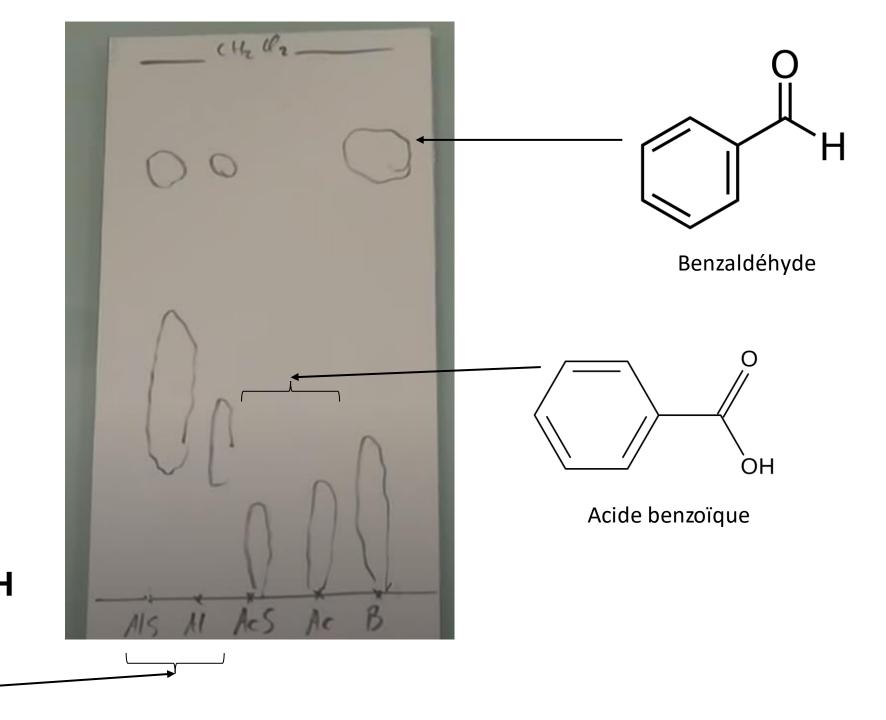




Chromatographie sur Couche Mince

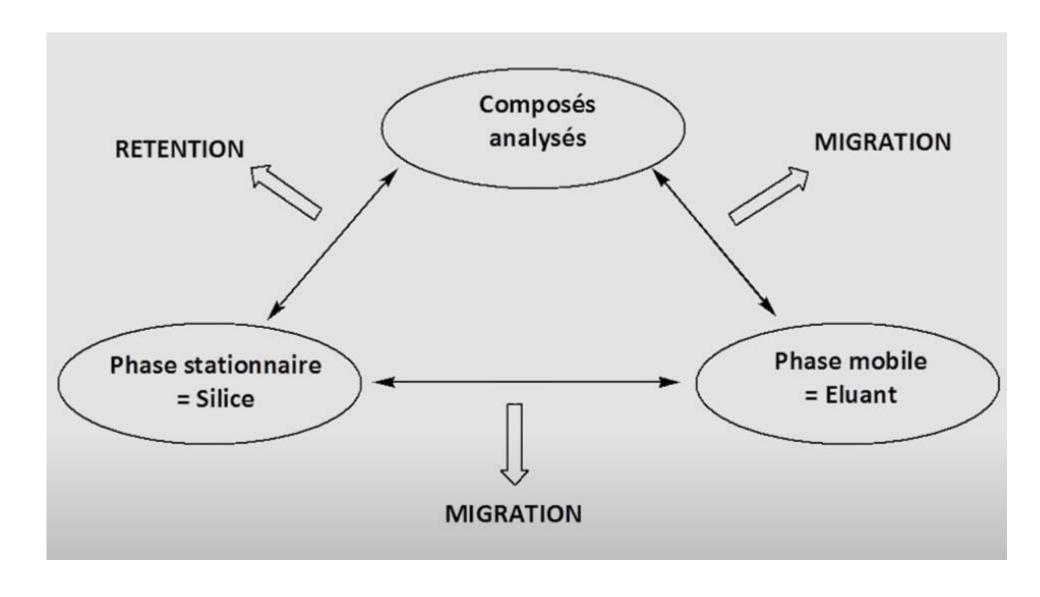


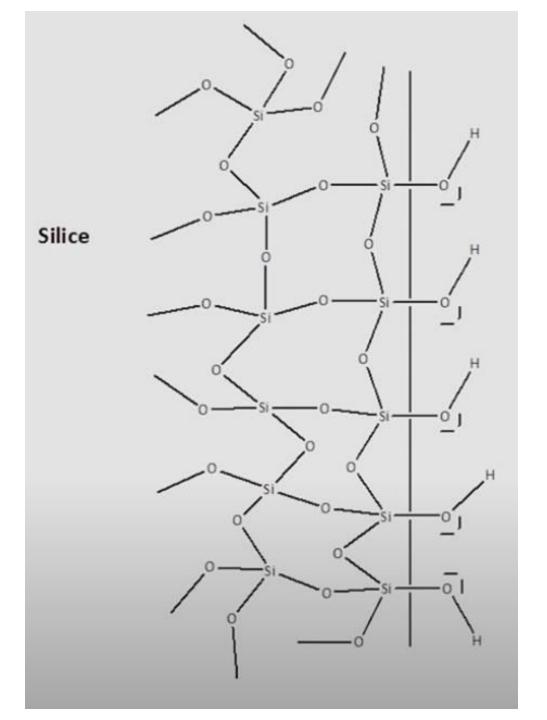
Révélation UV: 254nm

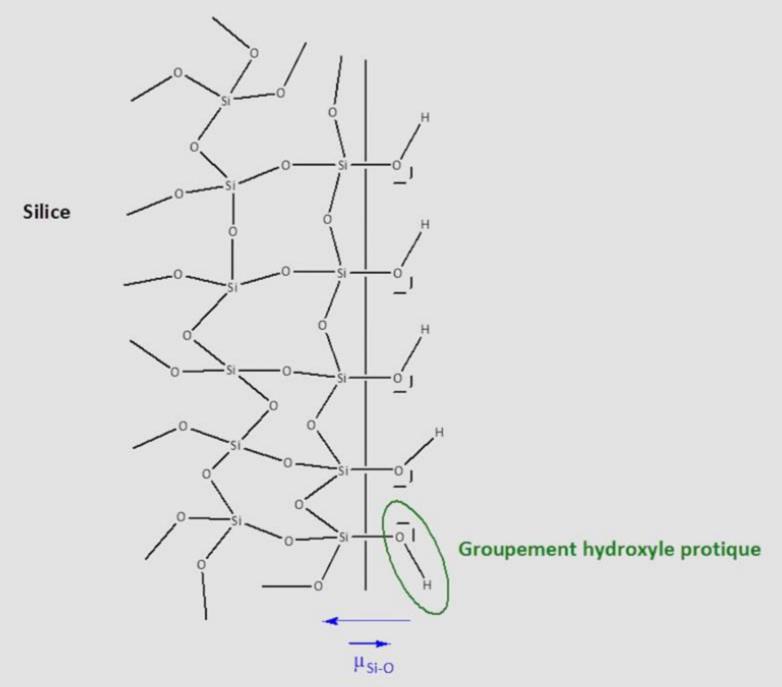


Alcool benzylique

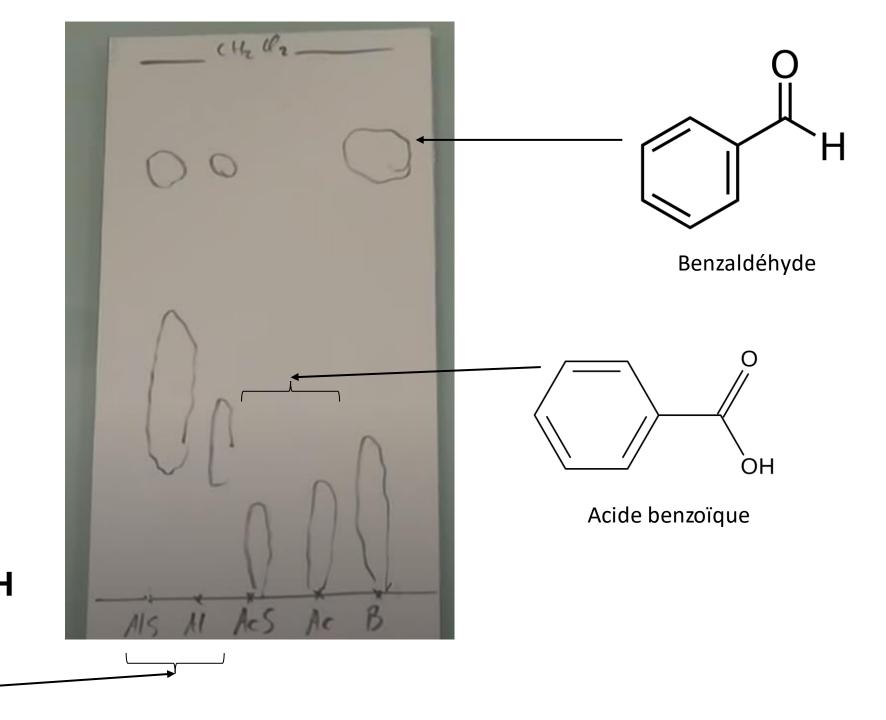
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=XuO9EPJcY7I



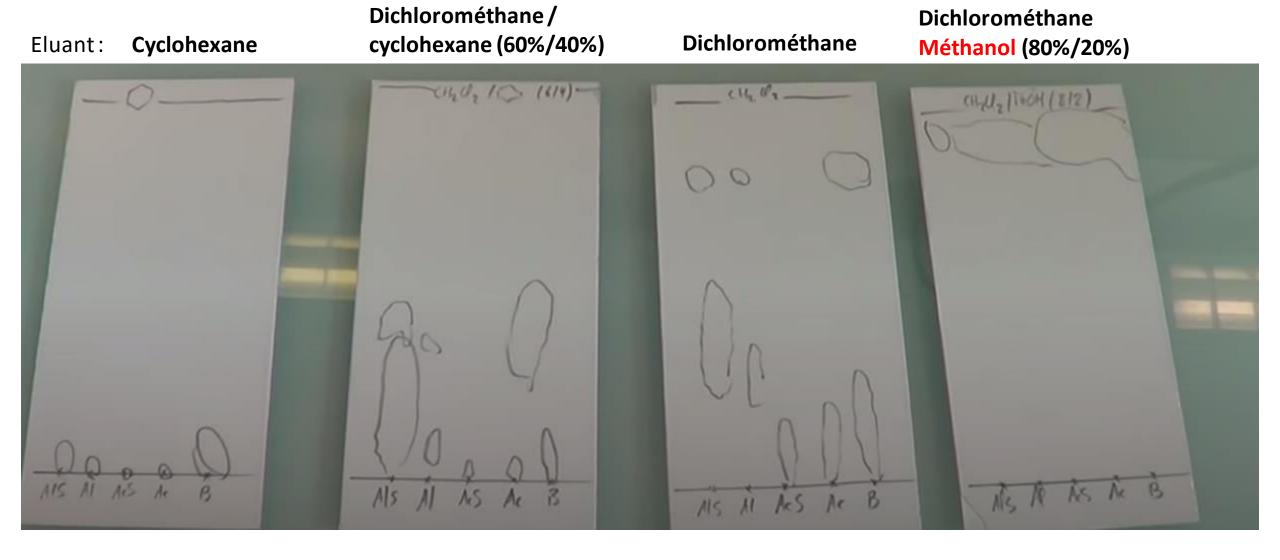




Liaison Si-O fortement polarisée



Alcool benzylique



Augmentation de la polarité de l'éluant