**DPENCLASSROOMS** 

#### Projet 5

Segmentez des clients d'un site e-commerce



**Pierrick BERTHE** 

Formation Expert en Data Science Openclassrooms – CentraleSupélec

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#### I – Problématique



# Problématique

Le service marketing veut réaliser la segmentation de ses clients pour différencier les bons et moins bons clients en termes de commandes et de satisfaction.



#### **Missions:**

- 1. Réaliser une courte analyse exploratoire.
- 2. Tester différents modèles de segmentation pour trouver la meilleure segmentation (>RFM)
- 3. Réaliser une analyse de la stabilité des segments au cours du temps.

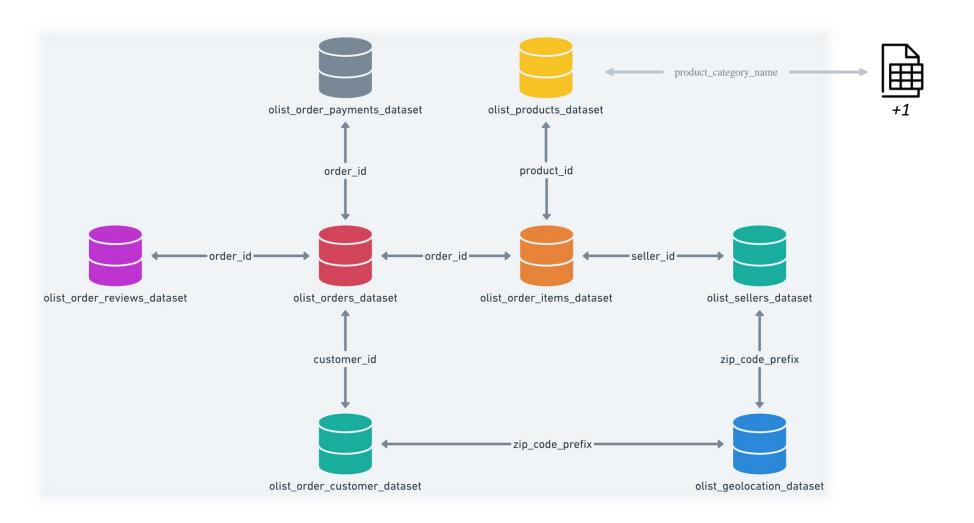




I – Problématique

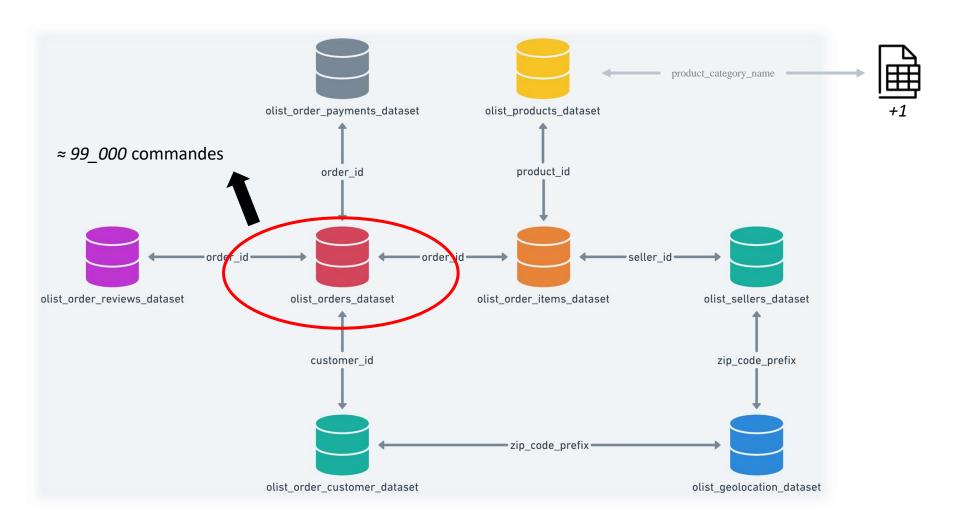






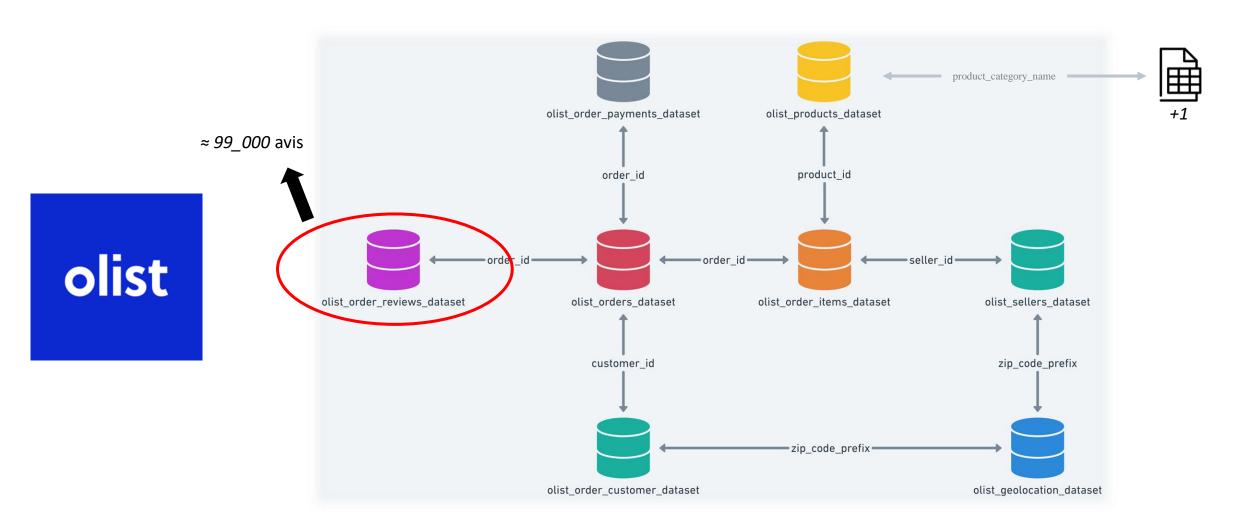






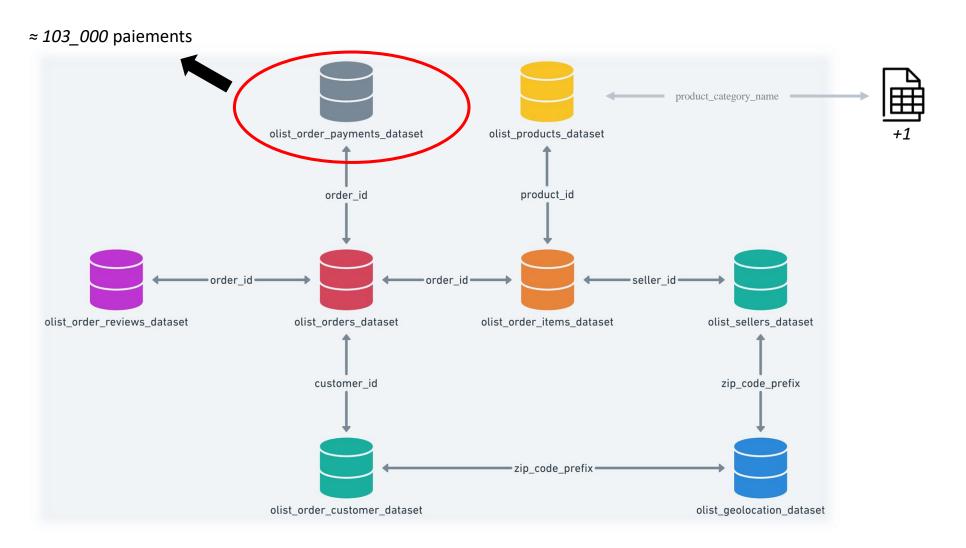
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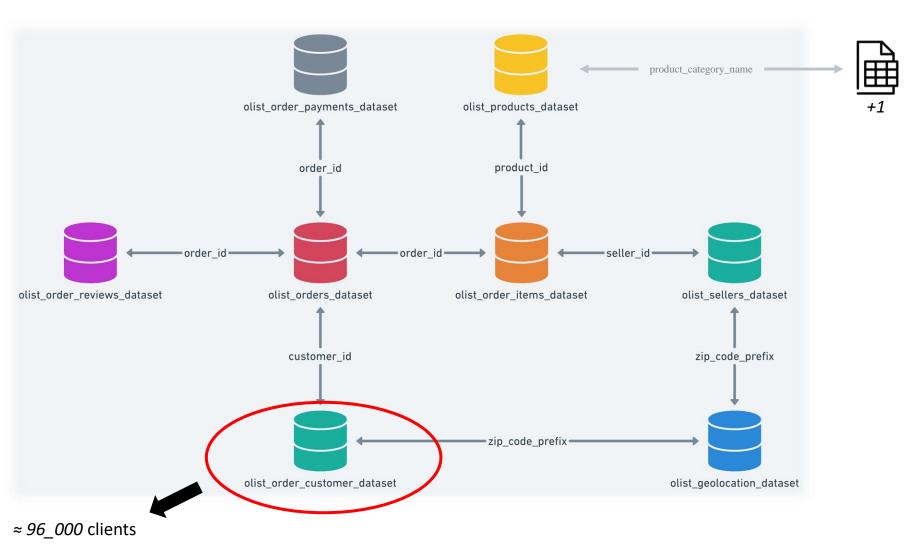




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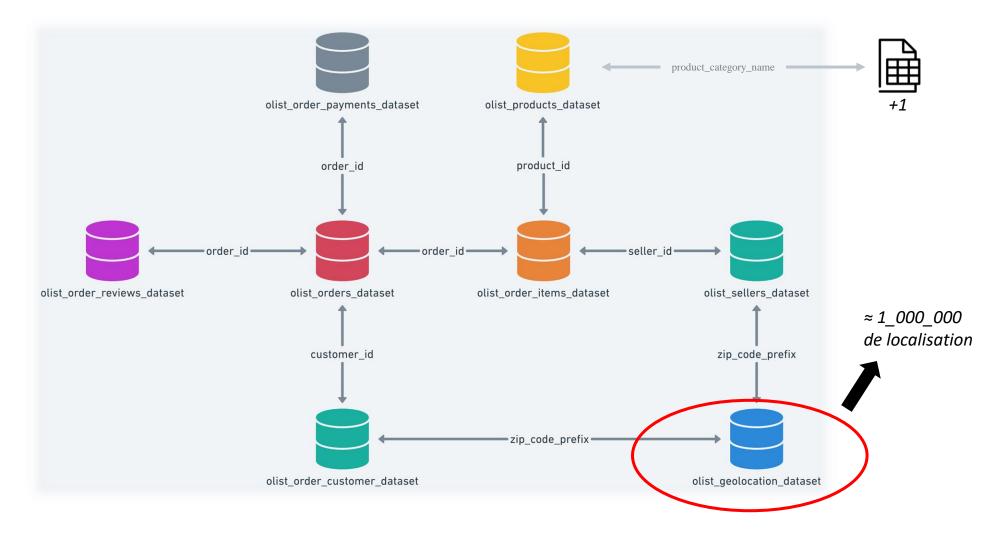






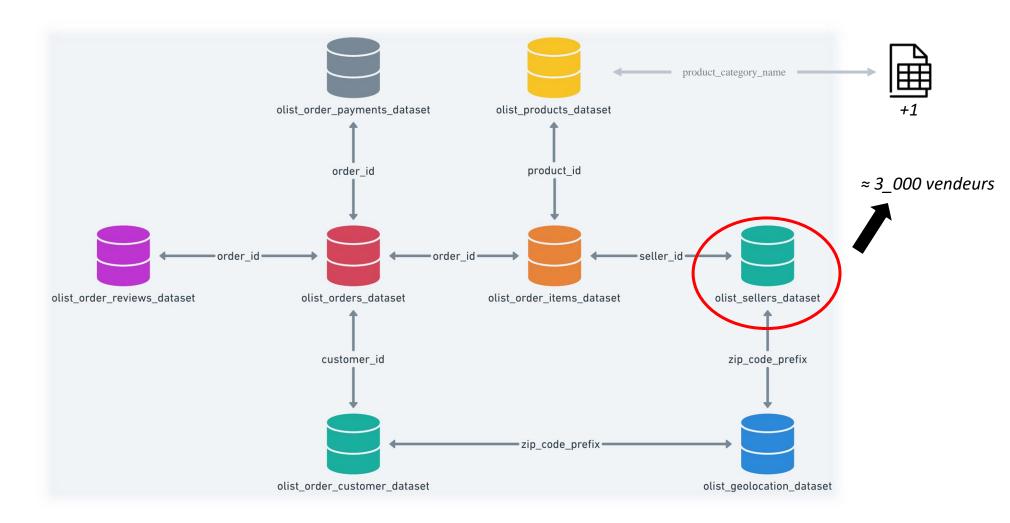






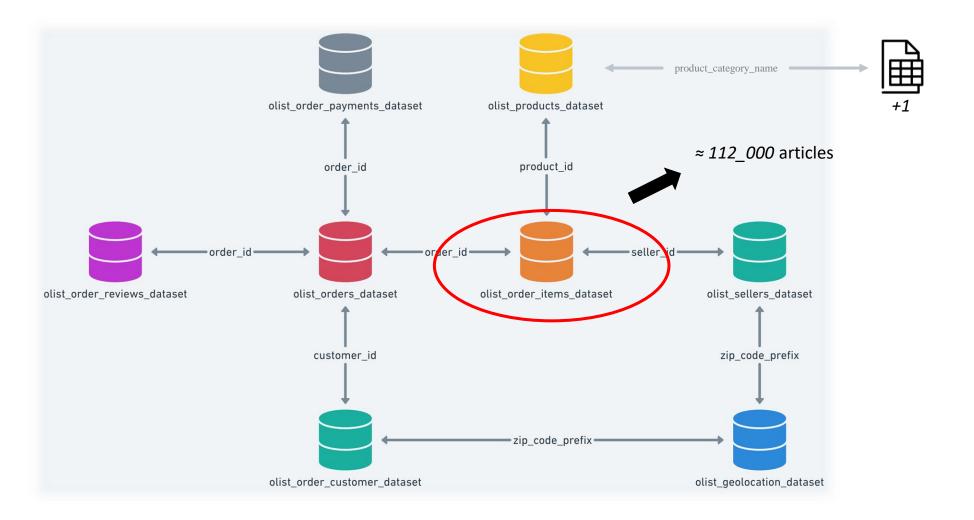






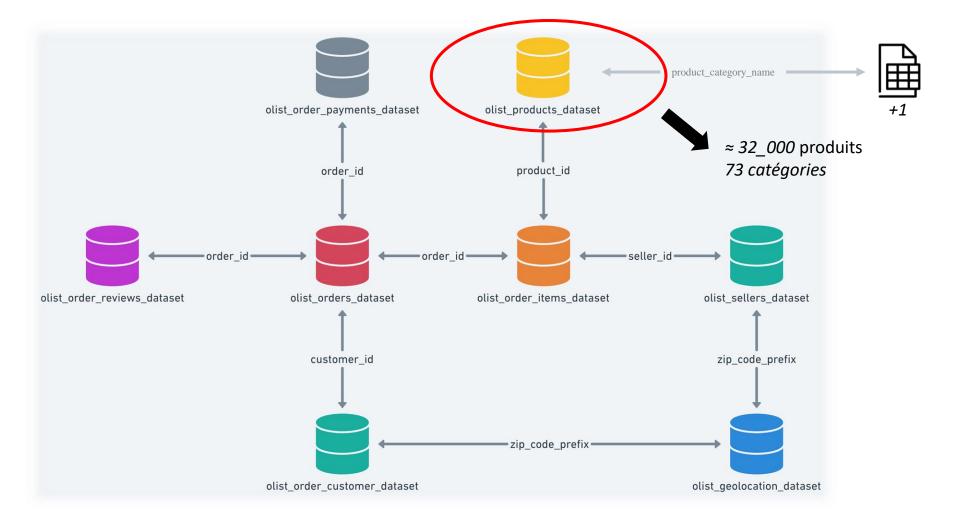






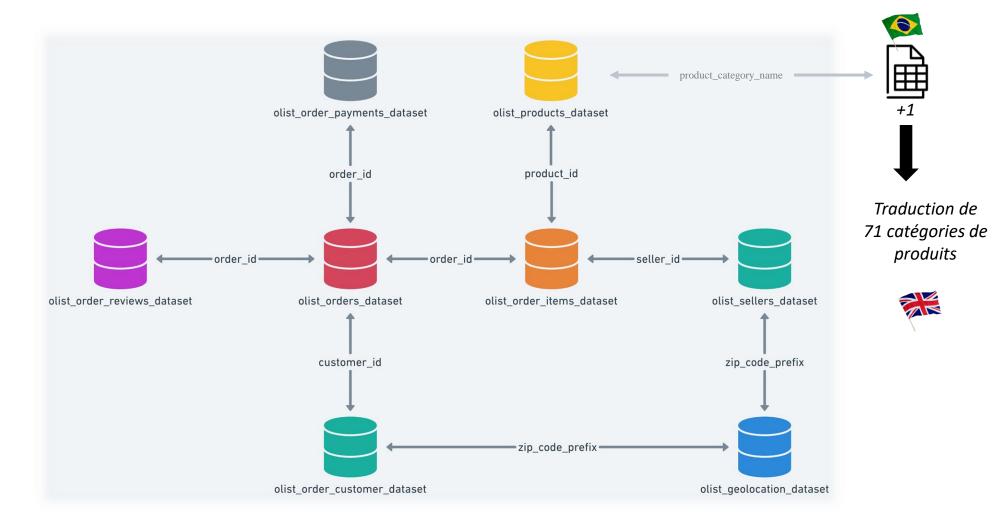














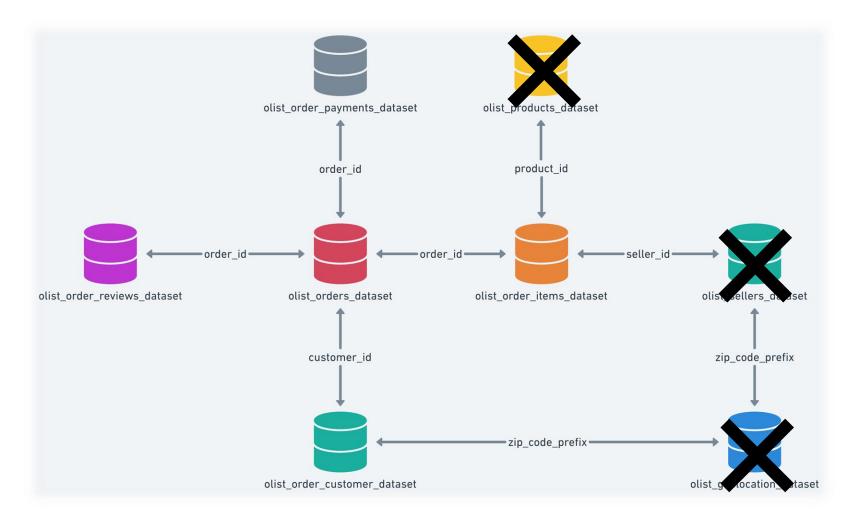
I – Problématique

II – Présentation du jeu de données

III - Nettoyage des données

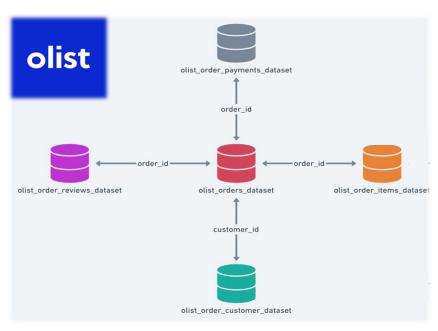


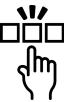




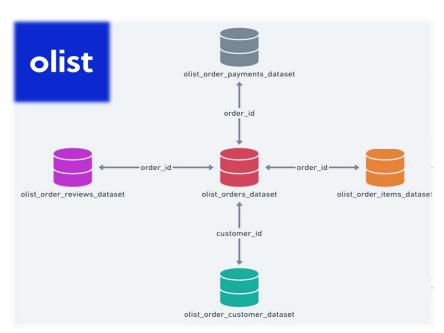


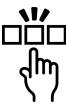


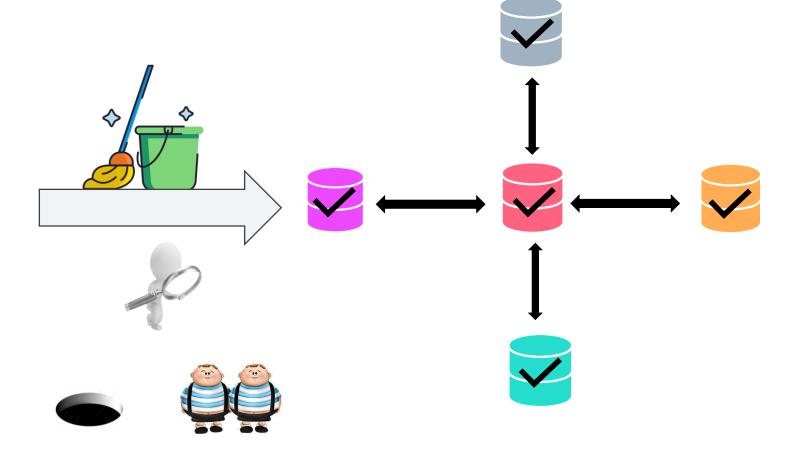




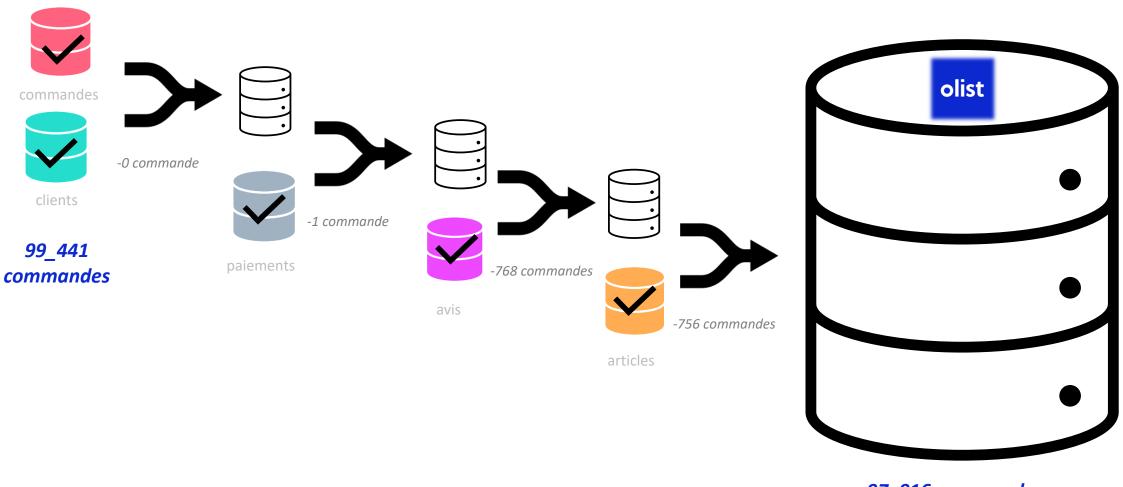






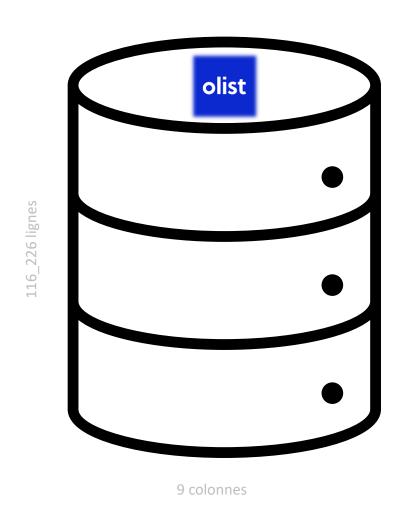


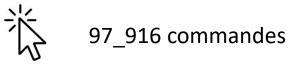


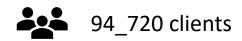


**97\_916 commandes** -1,5%















I – Problématique

II – Présentation du jeu de données

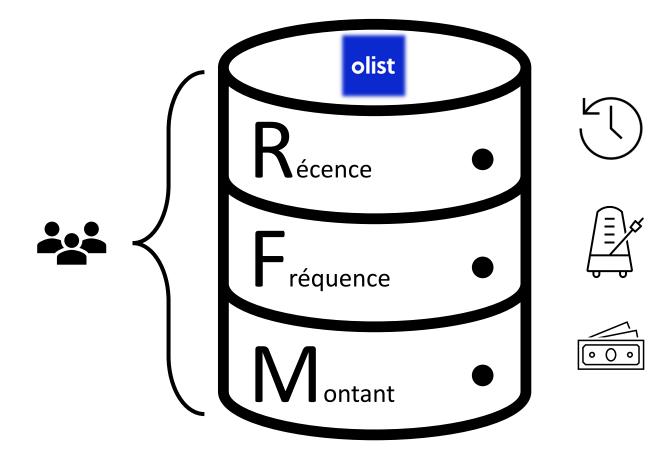
III - Nettoyage des données

IV – Feature engineering

21

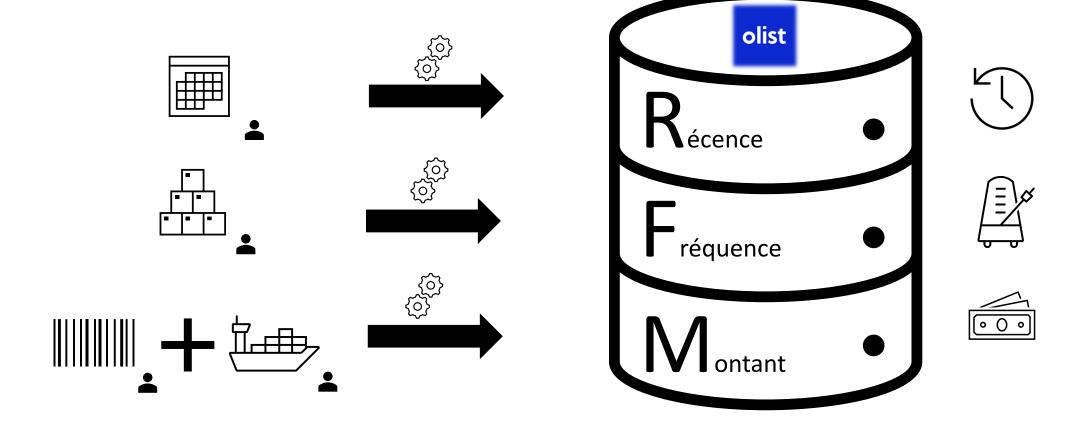


# Feature engineering



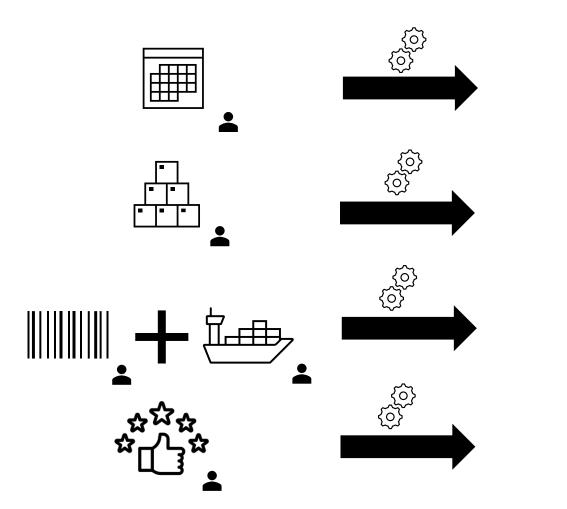


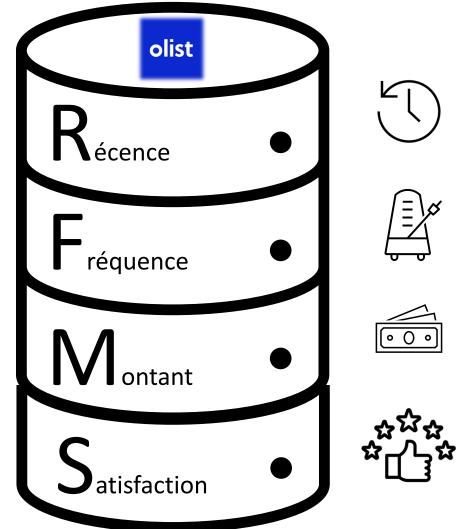
# Feature engineering





# Feature engineering







I – Problématique

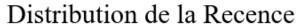
II – Présentation du jeu de données

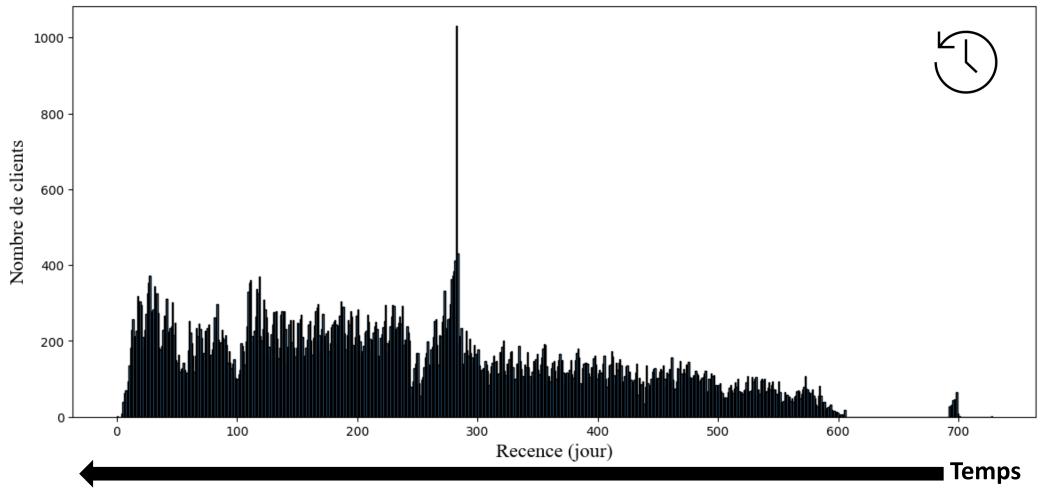
III - Nettoyage des données

IV – Feature engineering

V – Analyses exploratoires

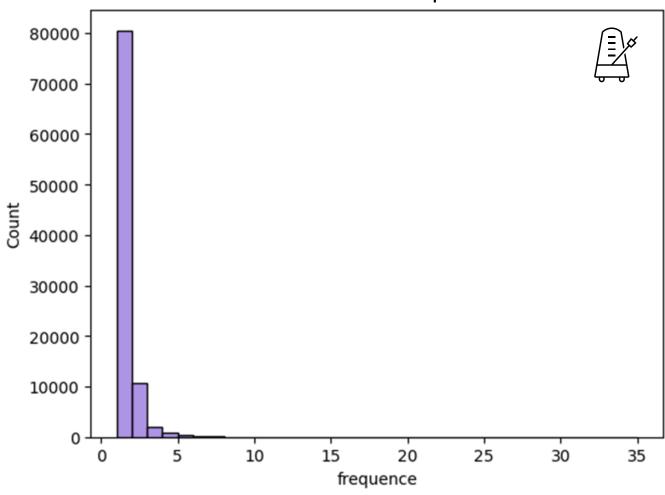






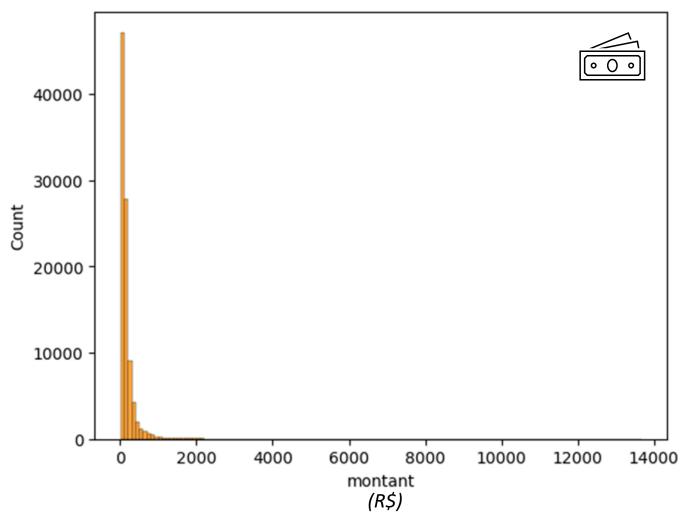


#### Distribution de la fréquence



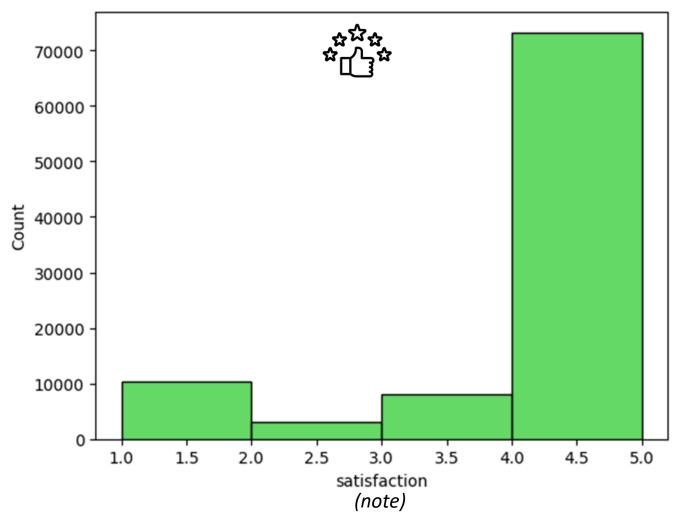


#### Distribution du montant

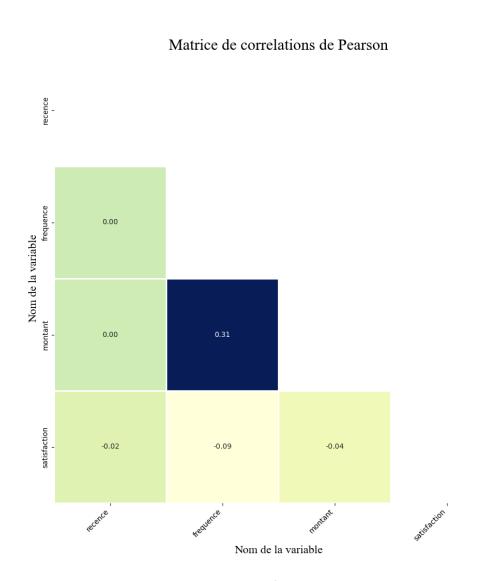


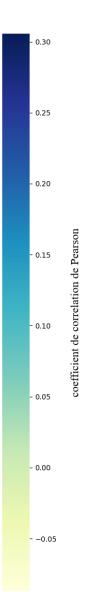


#### Distribution de la satisfaction











I – Problématique

II – Présentation du jeu de données

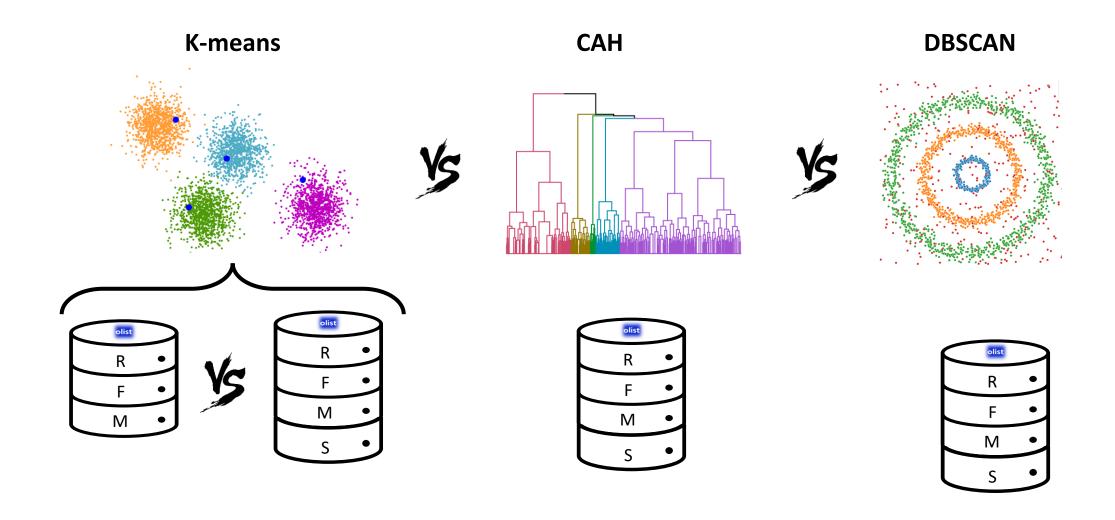
III - Nettoyage des données

IV – Feature engineering

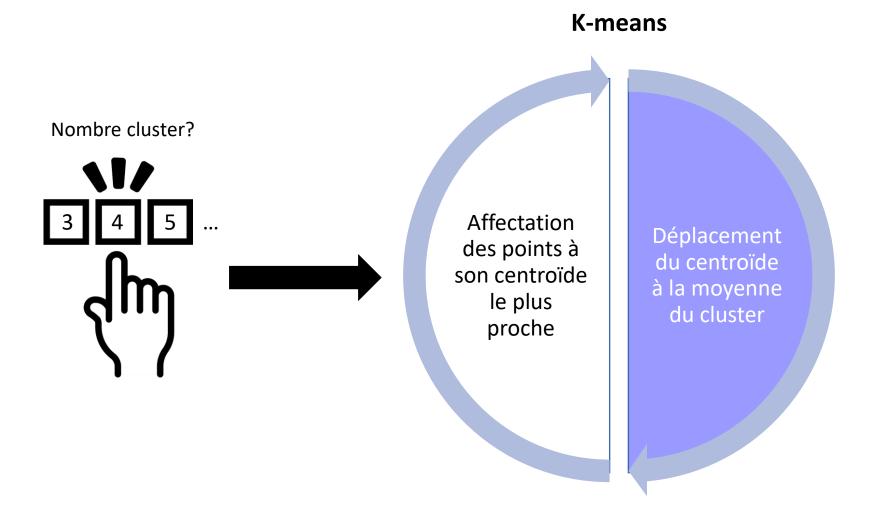
V – Analyses exploratoires

VI – Modèle de segmentation



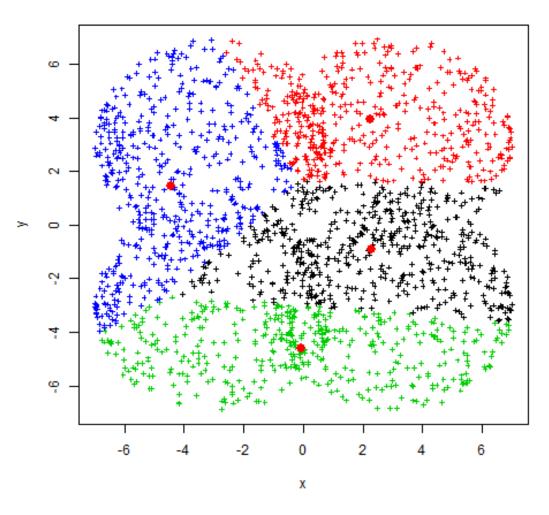




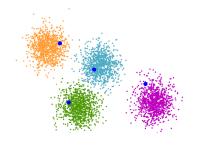




#### K-means

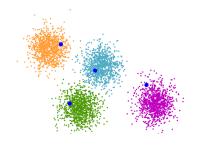




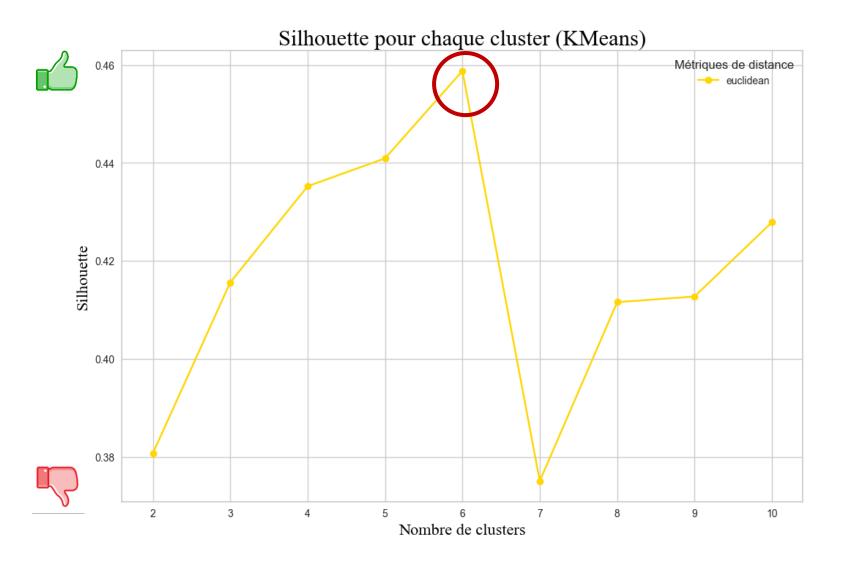




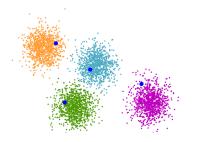




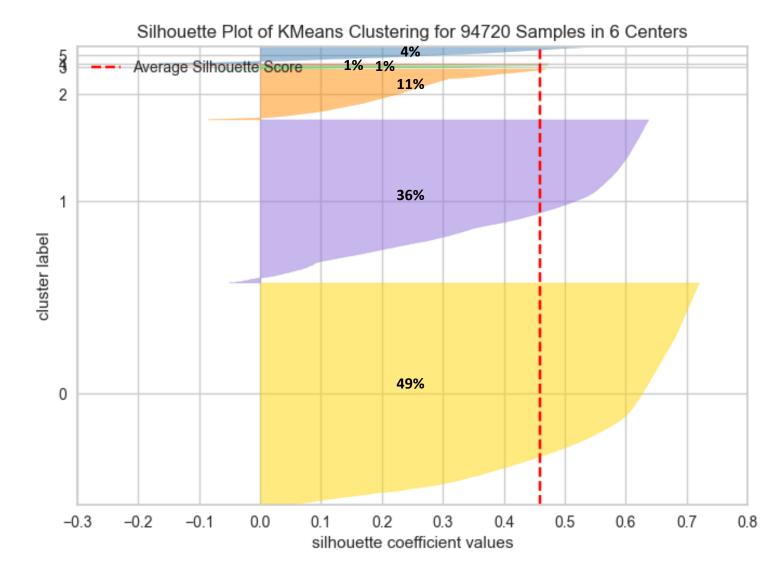






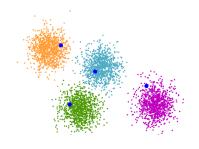






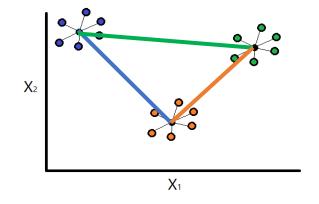
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### Indice Davies-Bouldin

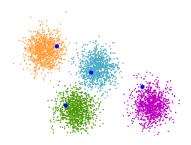




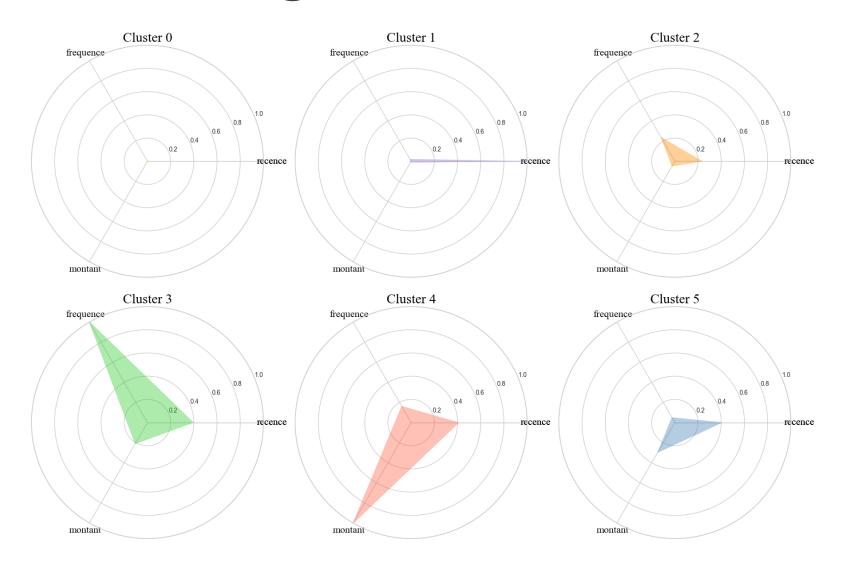
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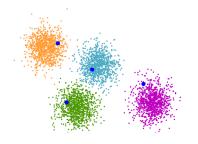


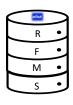






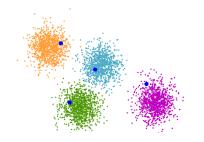


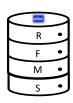


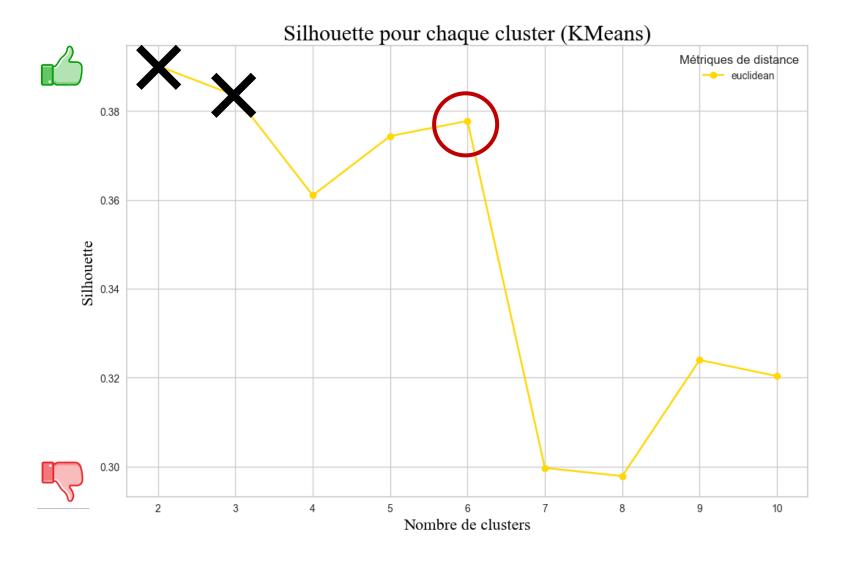


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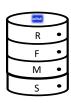


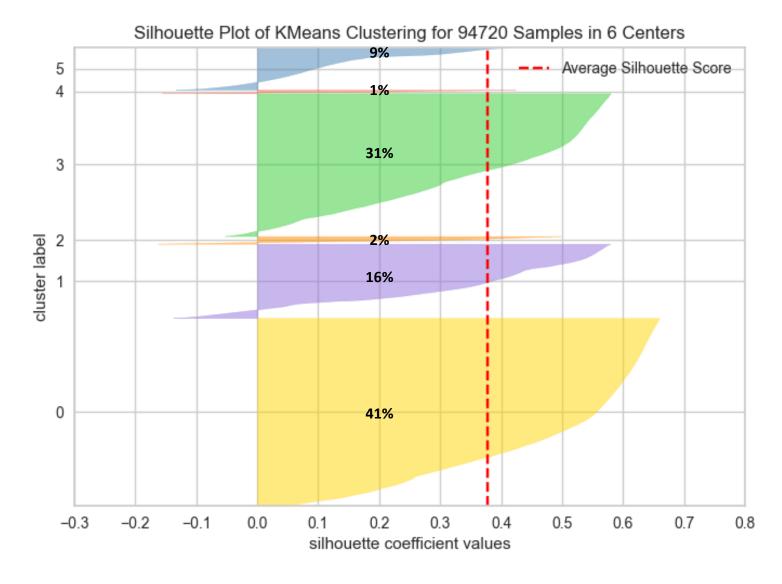




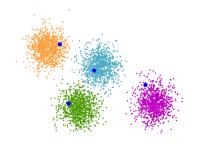


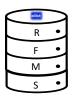




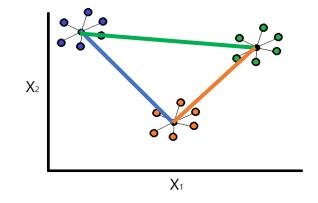


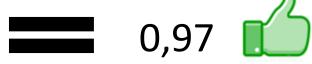






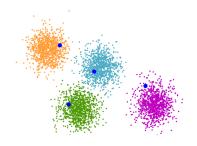
### Indice Davies-Bouldin

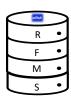


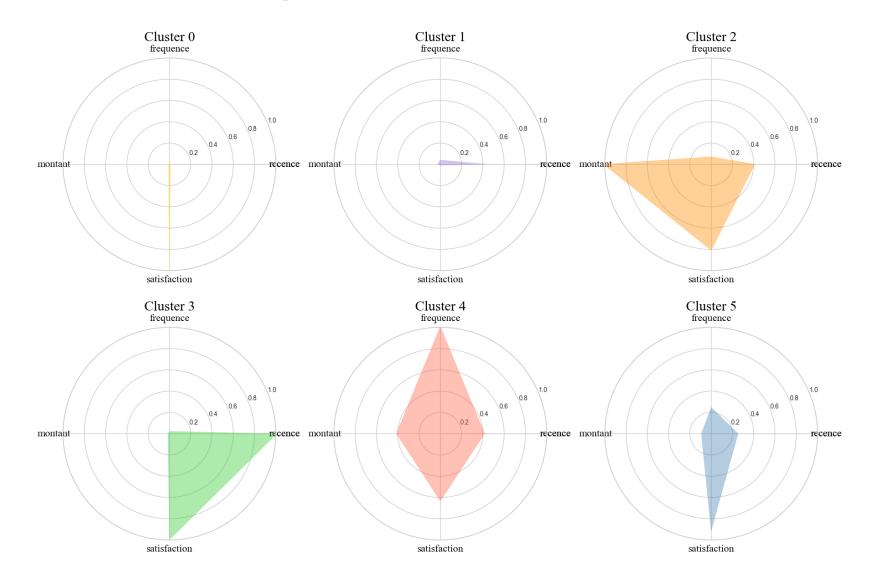






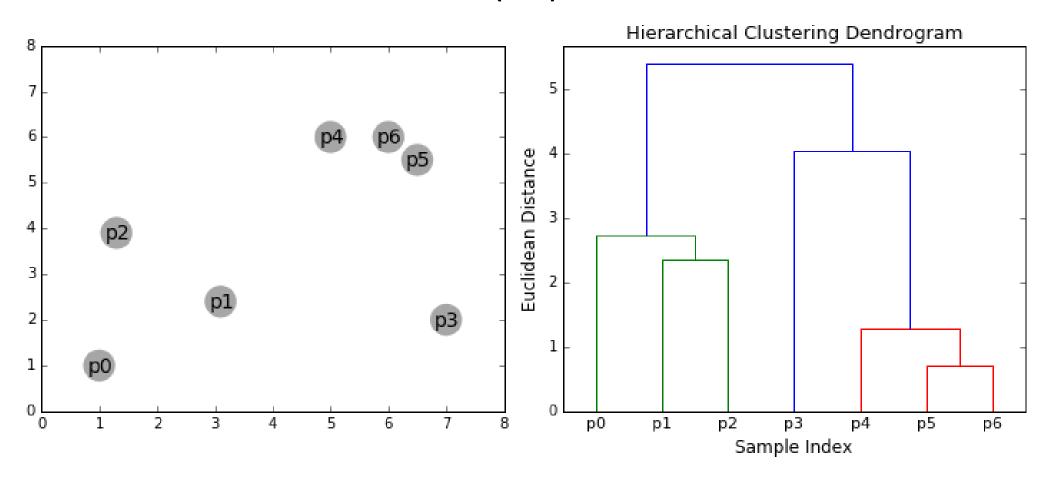




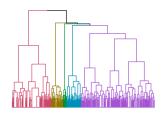




## Clustering Ascendant Hiérarchique (CAH)







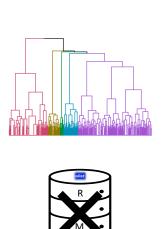






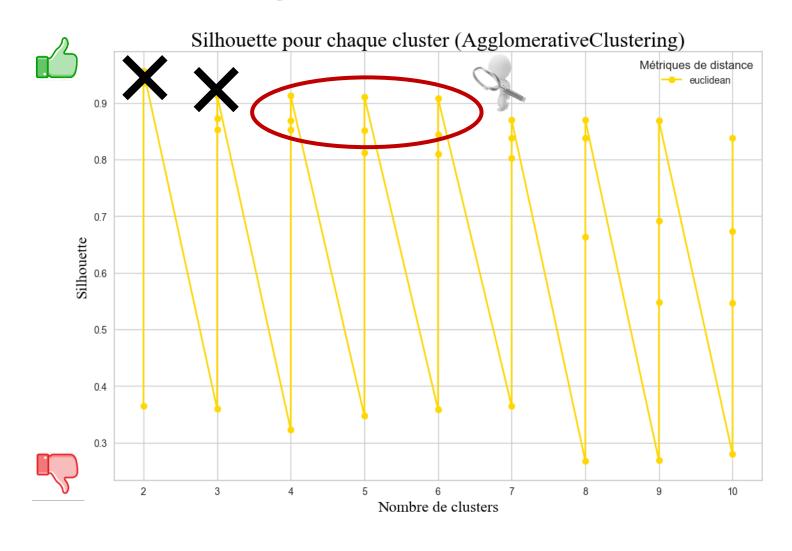
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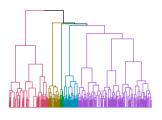










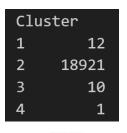






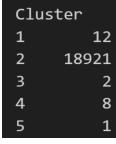


#### 4 clusters



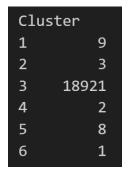


#### 5 clusters





#### 6 clusters



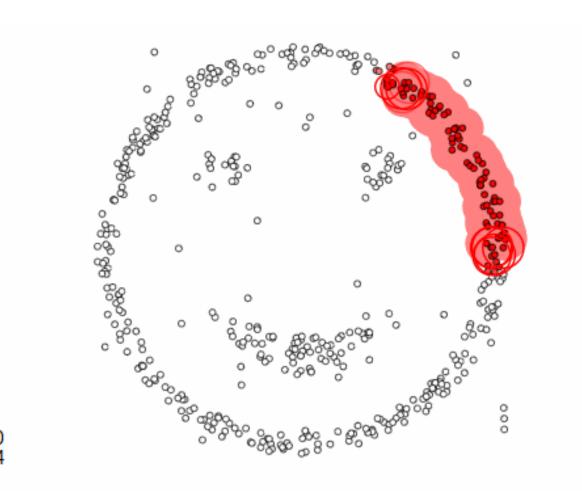


#### 1 cluster > 99% des clients



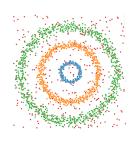


#### **DBSCAN**



epsilon = 1.00 minPoints = 4





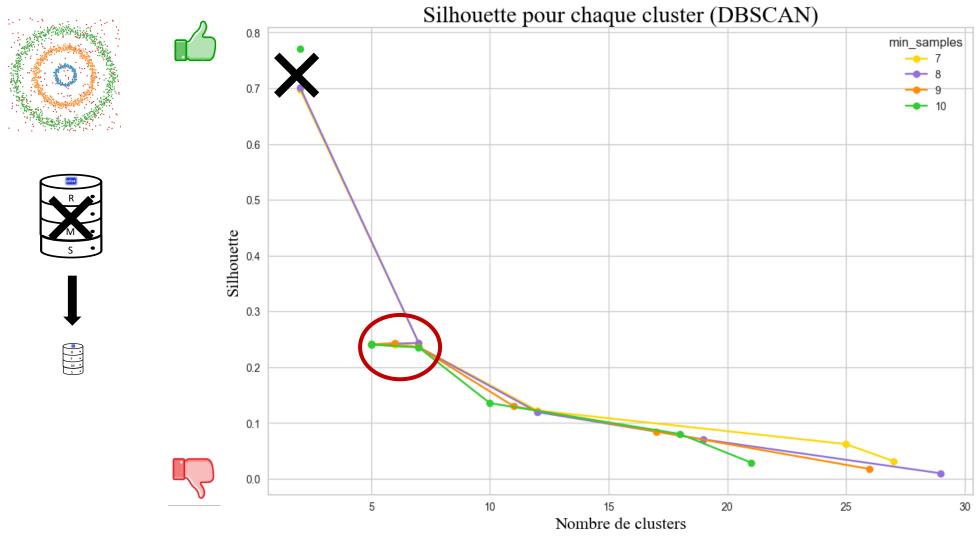






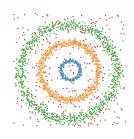
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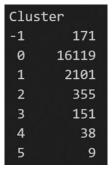








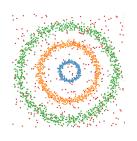
#### 6 clusters





1 cluster > 85% des clients









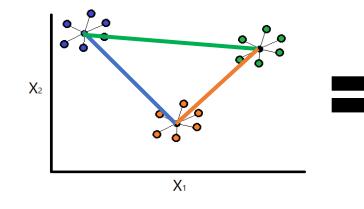


#### 6 clusters

ter
171
16119
2101
355
151
38
9



#### Indice Davies-Bouldin



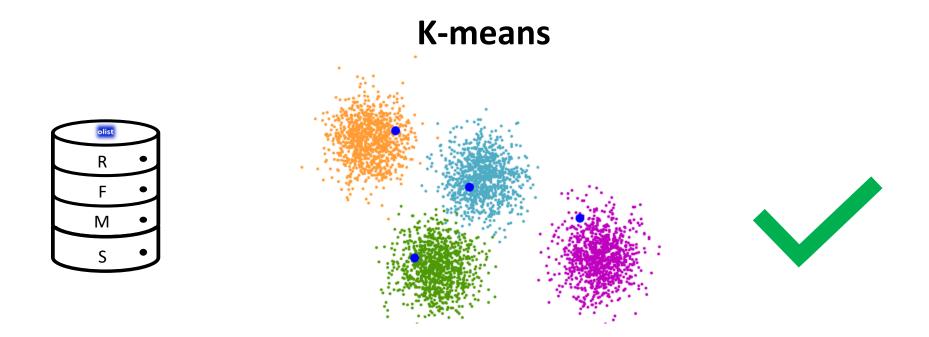
1,90



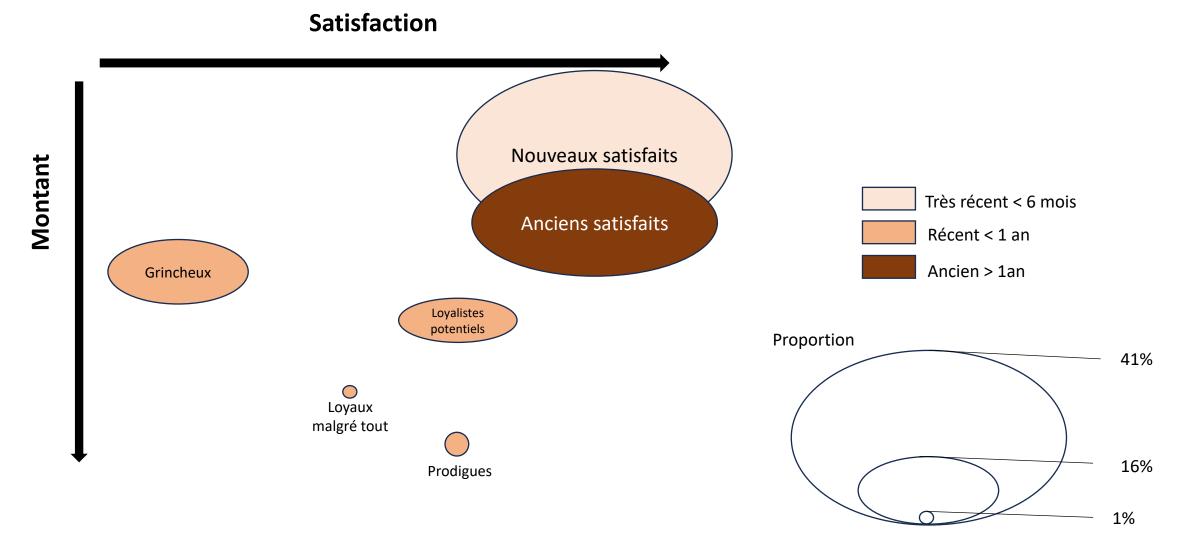
1 cluster > 85% des clients + qualité de clustering moyen











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II – Présentation du jeu de données

III - Nettoyage des données

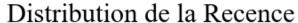
IV – Feature engineering

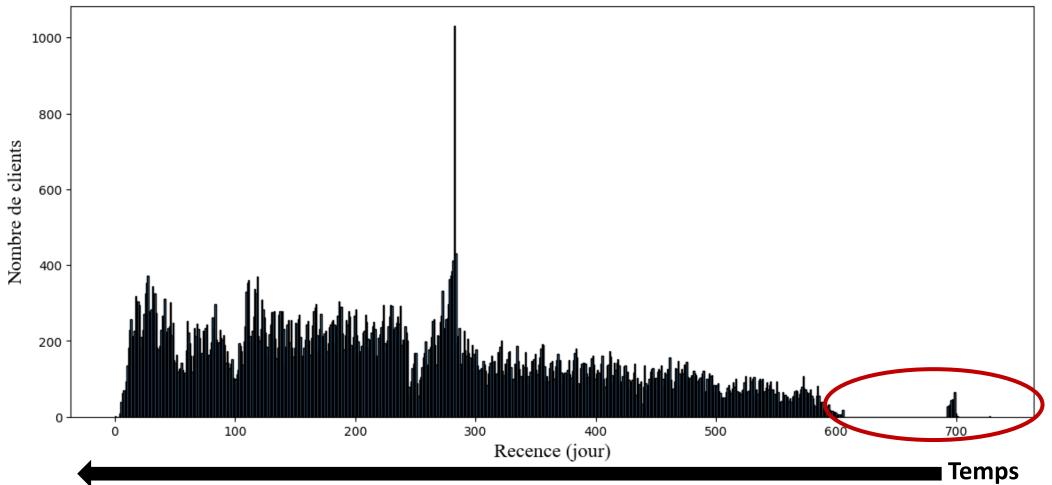
V – Analyses exploratoires

VI – Modèle de segmentation

VII – Simulation obsolescence segmentation

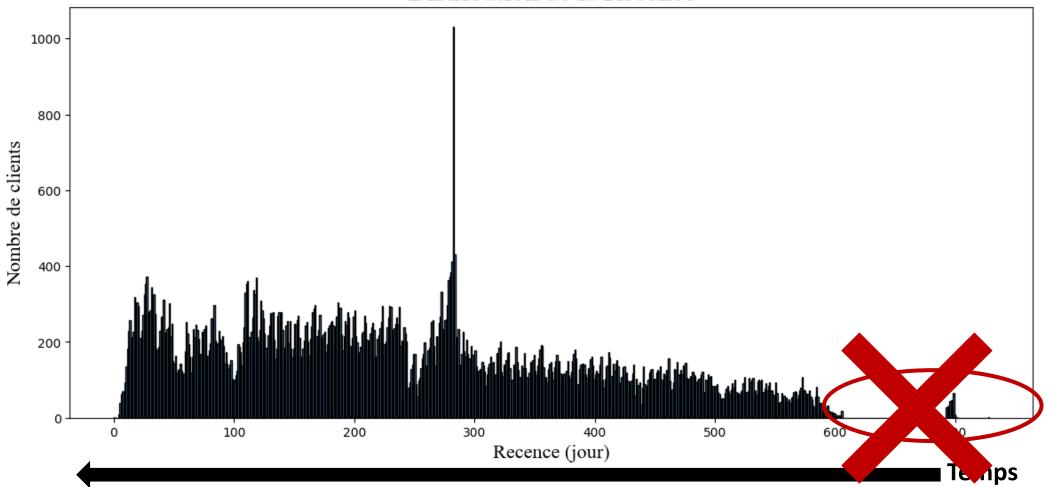






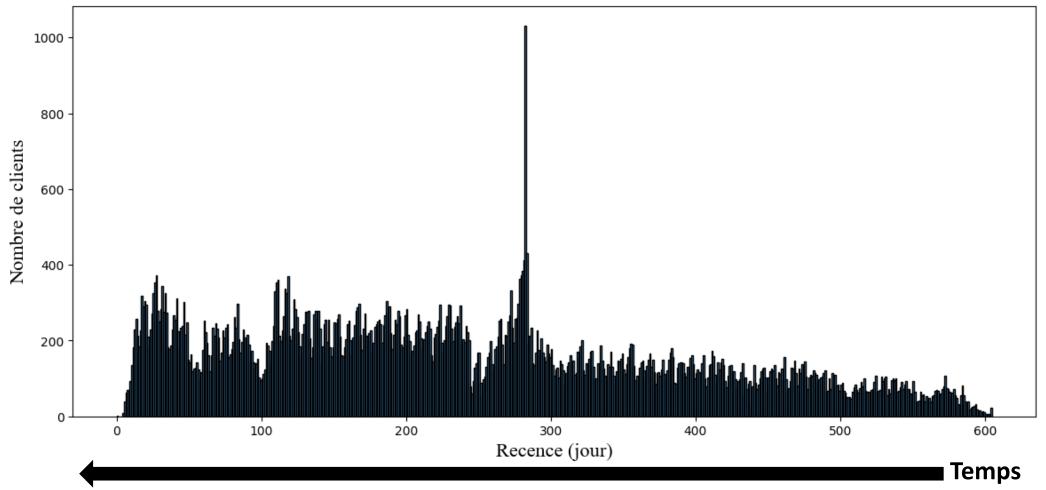












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Découpage temporel

Segmentation de référence

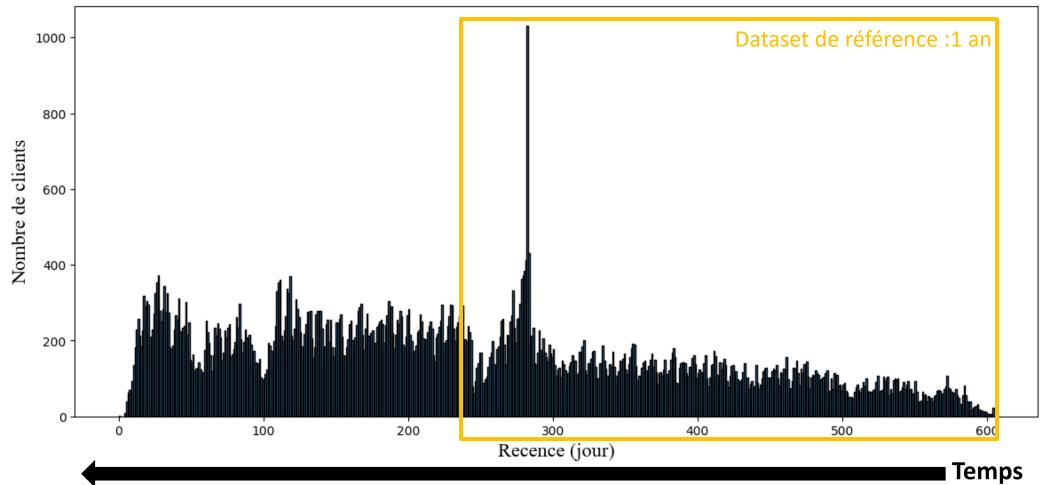
Ajout des nouveaux clients dans la segmentation (2 méthodes)

Comparaison des segmentations



#### Découpage temporel

#### Distribution de la Recence



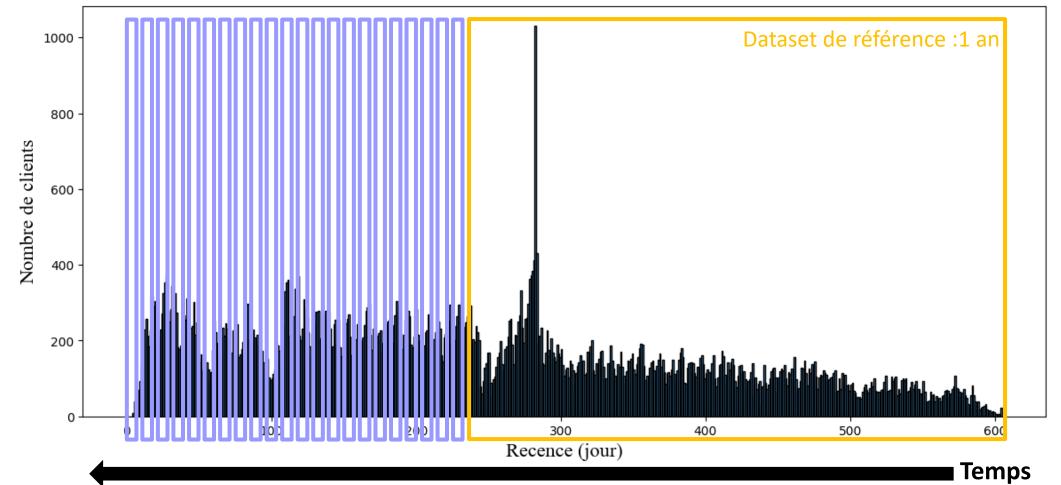
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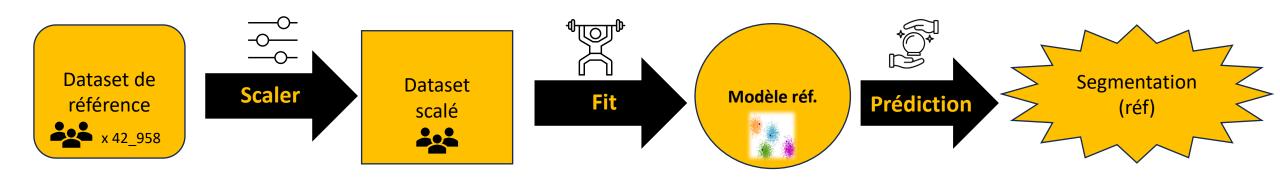
34 datasets de 7 jours Distribution de la Recence



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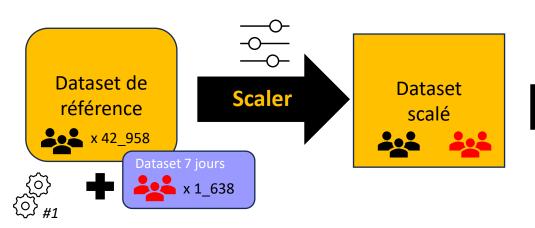
#### Segmentation de référence

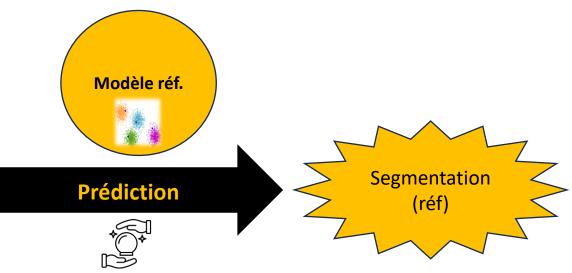


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#### Ajout des nouveaux clients

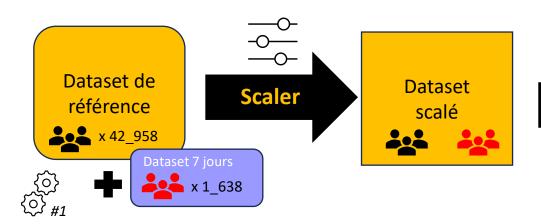


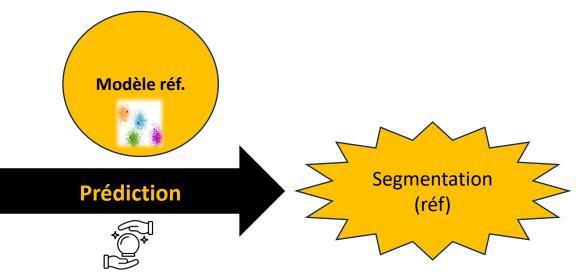


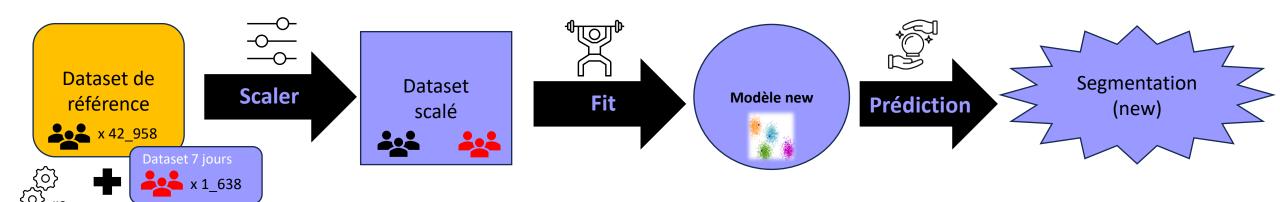
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### Ajout des nouveaux clients









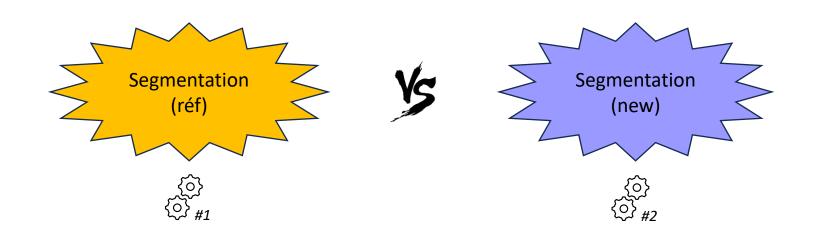
#### Ajout des nouveaux clients Modèle réf. Dataset de **Dataset** Segmentation **Scaler Prédiction** référence scalé (réf) x 42 958 x 1\_638 X 34 semaines Dataset de Segmentation **Dataset Scaler** Modèle new Fit **Prédiction** référence (new) scalé x 42 958 x 1\_638



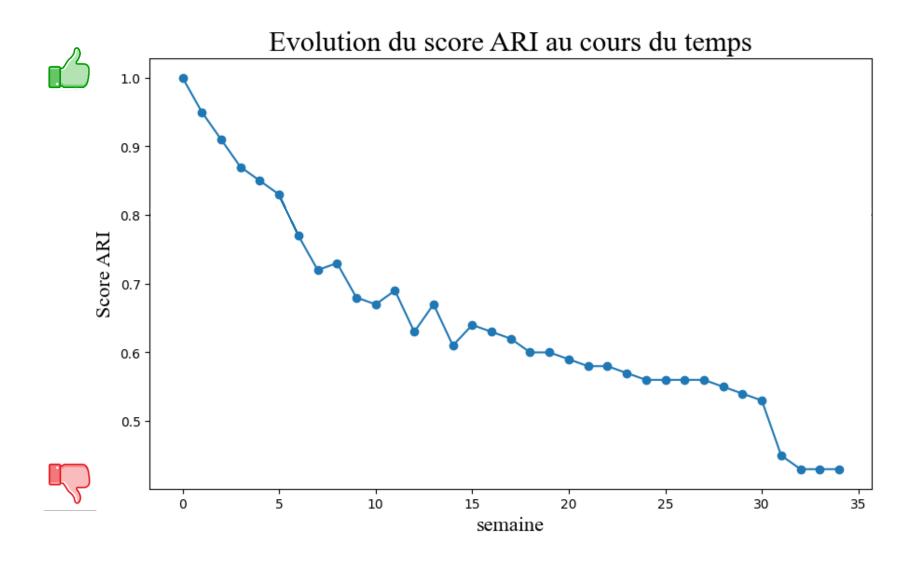
#### **Comparaison des segmentations**



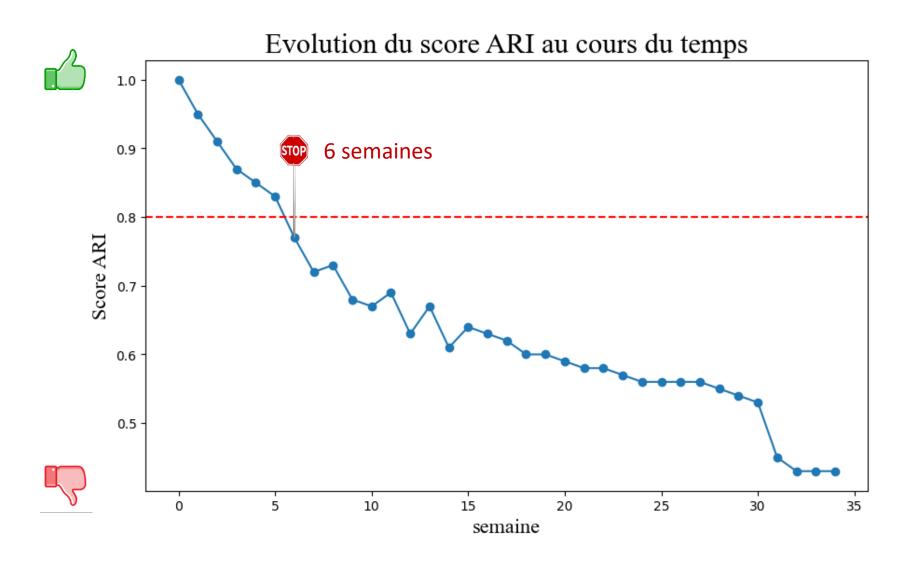
**ARI**(Ajusted Rand Score)













I – Problématique

II – Présentation du jeu de données

III - Nettoyage des données

IV – Feature engineering

V – Analyses exploratoires

VI – Modèle de segmentation

VII – Simulation obsolescence segmentation

**VIII - Conclusion** 



### Conclusion

#### Missions:

1. Réaliser une courte analyse exploratoire.

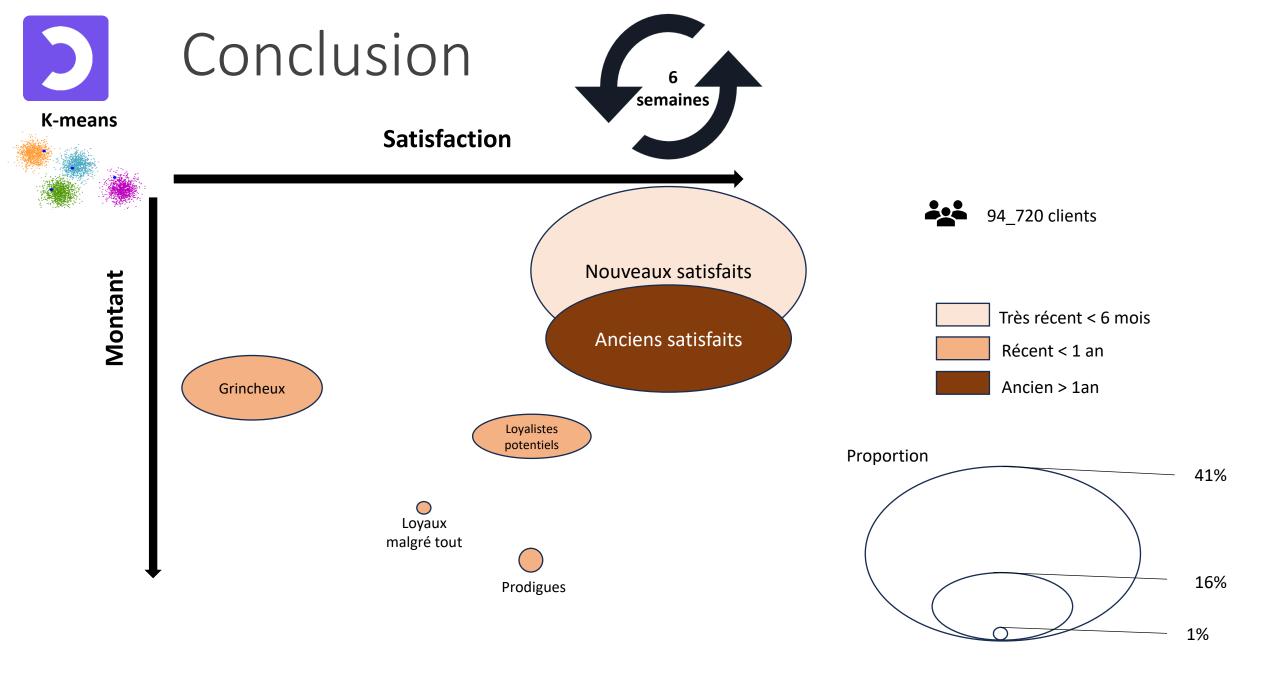


2. Tester différents modèles de segmentation pour trouver la meilleure segmentation (>RFM). 🗸



3. Réaliser une analyse de la stabilité des segments au cours du temps.







### Conclusion



#### Limites:

- Problèmes de puissance de calcul pour tester CAH et DBSCAN
- D'autres feature exploitables (date de livraison estimée et réelle, localisation, ...)

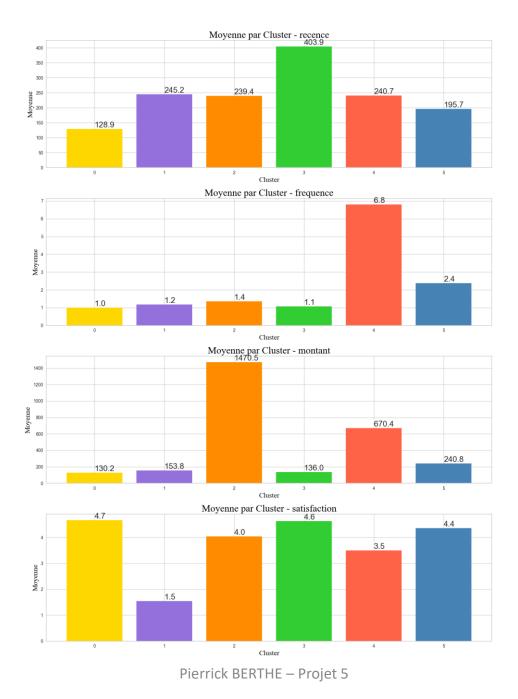
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### Merci pour votre attention





### Extra RFMS





Plot 3D - K-means - Nombre de clusters: 6

