Met. pali - Zerauri

Anchagie:

analag

Ho

analag

Hp

Anchagie:

analag

Hp

Pași

1. Courtruiesc Ho (s) pe hara courtr. de performanta

3.
$$H_2 = H_d \cdot \frac{I}{H_P}$$

Cum courtruiesc Ho pe bara conditular de perf.

Courtnuies Ho (s) a carmi rasp. indicial respecta perf. imprese

Obs: Ca HR(s) obtinut prin MPZ na fil imp. fizic (lHR > 0) trebuie ca l_{Ho} > l_{Hp} cand, implementabilitate $H_{P}(\Lambda) \rightarrow \text{ord. } 1$ Car 1

$$H_p(n) = \frac{Kp}{T_p n + 1}$$

Aleg Ho -> ord 1

$$H_o(s) = \frac{Ko}{T_o s + 1}$$

Cum aleg Ko, To pentru a satisface coud. de perf.

- · din candifica E_{ST} = 0 = 0 K₀ = 1
- · caudition de ∇ : Ho are $\nabla = 0$

$$t_{+}=3.T_{o}=5.T_{o}\leq\frac{7}{3}$$

$$=> H_0 = \frac{1}{2n+1} \longrightarrow Hd \longrightarrow HR$$

Car 2
$$H_P(\Lambda) \rightarrow ord.$$
 2

$$H_0(s) = \frac{\omega_n^2}{s^2 + 2 \sqrt{3} \omega_n s + \omega_n^2}$$

Determin w., 7 pe bara canditular de perf.

• coucletia
$$\mathcal{E}_{ST} = 0$$
: DA, $\forall \omega_n$,

3 variante posibile

$$T = e^{\frac{-\pi \cdot 3}{\sqrt{1 - 3^2}}}$$

$$t_{+} = \frac{\ln (0.05 \sqrt{1 - 3^2})}{-3 \cdot \omega_{m}}$$

$$t_{+} \leq 5 \%$$

$$t_{+} \leq 9 \sec / = >$$

2) Tabel valori uruale 7 vs. J

3	0,2	0,5	0,6	0, 7	0, 8	0,9
						0,15%

Aleg 7 din tabel ca sa indeplinesc caud. de T. Il inlocuiesc in ecu. de calcul peutru + de unde determin wn

3) Pentru carurile uruale in care re cere $T \le 5\%$ sau 10%

at. când { ∈ [0,6 ÷ 0,8]

 $t_{+} \approx \frac{\zeta_{+}}{7} \cdot \omega_{-}$

Aleg $\frac{7}{3} = 0.6$ sau 0.4 sau 0.8 (in functie de τ)

înlacuiesc in si determin un din conditia de t

Inlacuiesc 7, Wn in Ho -> Hd -> HR

Car 3 Hp > ord 2

e Hp > 2

Countruesc $H_o = \frac{11}{2} R_k$ $\frac{11}{11} R_k$ $\frac{11}{11} (N + R_k)$ II (N+PK) satisfac complet et cu coud. de un ur. de pali performanta necesari indep. cand de implementabilitate Px ~ (5÷6). Wm -> pentru a minimisa efectul asupsa perf. Exceptie Car 1,2,3 Daca re cere $\nabla = 0$, re alege Ho - ord. 1 + grad Hp => HR - neingelementaliel Trebuie filtrat

DA: Ho-ord 1 (exceptie) Rage. aperiodic? MU -> Hp-ond 1 -> Car 1 -> Hp-ond2 -> Car2 -> Hp-and>2 -> Car 3 $H_{P}(n) = \frac{100}{(n+2)(50n+1)}$ a) Structura SRA care arigura urmarirea referintei si rejection perturbat ular h) Alg. de reglare care asigne

$$/ range . aperiodic$$
 $t_t \leq 100 \text{ nec}$
 $\mathcal{E}_{sT} = 0$

Reralvare

a) SRA standard ou un grad de libertate

1) Analisa praces

$$H_{P}(n) = \frac{50}{(0,5n+1)(50n+1)}$$

$$T_1 = 0.5 \text{ sec}$$
) - lent + c. p. $T_2 = 50 \text{ sec}$

$$H_P(n) \approx \frac{50}{(50n+1)} \rightarrow ord. 1$$

2) Proviectore

$$\Rightarrow H_0(n) \rightarrow ord. 1$$

Carl

$$H_{o}(n) = \frac{K_{o}}{T_{o} \, n + 1}$$

$$Rang \cdot \text{ aperiadic}$$

$$E_{ST} = 0 \Rightarrow K_{o} = 1$$

$$t_{+} \leq 100 \text{ nec} \Rightarrow T_{o} \leq 100/3 \text{ nec}$$

$$Alacy \quad T_{o} = 30 \text{ nec}$$

$$H_{o}(n) = \frac{1}{30n+1} \Rightarrow Hd = \frac{H_{o}}{1 - H_{o}} = \frac{1}{30n}$$

$$H_{R} = Hd \cdot \frac{1}{H_{P}} = \frac{1}{30n} \cdot \frac{50n+1}{50} = \frac{50n+1}{1500n} = \frac{1}{1500n} = \frac{50n+1}{1500n} = \frac{1}{1500n} = \frac{50n+1}{1500n} = \frac{1}{1500n} = \frac{50n+1}{1500n} = \frac{1}{1500n} = \frac{1}{1500} = \frac{1}{1500n} =$$

$$P_2$$
 $H_P(N) = \frac{1}{(2N+1)(5N+1)}$

- a) Structura SRA care arigura urmarirea referintei si rejectia perturbatular
 - h) Alg. de reglare care asigné

Reralvare

a) SRA standard on un grad de libertate

$$T_1 = 2 \text{ nec}$$
 \rightarrow P. napid fara c. p. $T_2 = 5 \text{ nec}$ \rightarrow ord. 2

2) Praiectare

$$\Rightarrow H_0(n) \rightarrow ord.2$$

$$H_0(n) = \frac{\omega_n^2}{n^2 + 2 \sqrt{3} \omega_n n + \omega_n^2}$$

$$\xi_{ST} = 0$$

$$\nabla \leq 5\% = A \log_{3} 7 = 0, 7 \quad (\nabla = 4, 3\%)$$

$$7 \leq [0, 6 \div 0, 8]$$

$$t_{+} \approx \frac{4}{3 \cdot \omega_{m}} \leq 17 \text{ rec}$$