Continuous Control

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1 Continuous Control

In this notebook, you will learn how to use the Unity ML-Agents environment for the second project of the Deep Reinforcement Learning Nanodegree program.

1.0.1 1. Start the Environment

We begin by importing the necessary packages. If the code cell below returns an error, please revisit the project instructions to double-check that you have installed Unity ML-Agents and NumPy.

```
[1]: from unityagents import UnityEnvironment import numpy as np
```

Next, we will start the environment! **Before running the code cell below**, change the file_name parameter to match the location of the Unity environment that you downloaded.

- Mac: "path/to/Reacher.app"
- Windows (x86): "path/to/Reacher_Windows_x86/Reacher.exe"
- Windows (x86 64): "path/to/Reacher_Windows_x86_64/Reacher.exe"
- Linux (x86): "path/to/Reacher_Linux/Reacher.x86"
- Linux (x86 64): "path/to/Reacher_Linux/Reacher.x86_64"
- Linux (x86, headless): "path/to/Reacher_Linux_NoVis/Reacher.x86"
- Linux (x86_64, headless): "path/to/Reacher_Linux_NoVis/Reacher.x86_64"

For instance, if you are using a Mac, then you downloaded Reacher.app. If this file is in the same folder as the notebook, then the line below should appear as follows:

```
env = UnityEnvironment(file_name="Reacher.app")
```

goal_speed -> 1.0

```
[2]: env = UnityEnvironment(file_name='Reacher_20.app')

INFO:unityagents:
   'Academy' started successfully!
   Unity Academy name: Academy
        Number of Brains: 1
        Number of External Brains: 1
        Lesson number: 0
        Reset Parameters:
```

```
goal_size -> 5.0
Unity brain name: ReacherBrain
    Number of Visual Observations (per agent): 0
    Vector Observation space type: continuous
    Vector Observation space size (per agent): 33
    Number of stacked Vector Observation: 1
    Vector Action space type: continuous
    Vector Action space size (per agent): 4
    Vector Action descriptions: , , ,
```

Environments contain *brains* which are responsible for deciding the actions of their associated agents. Here we check for the first brain available, and set it as the default brain we will be controlling from Python.

```
[3]: # get the default brain
brain_name = env.brain_names[0]
brain = env.brains[brain_name]
```

1.0.2 2. Examine the State and Action Spaces

In this environment, a double-jointed arm can move to target locations. A reward of +0.1 is provided for each step that the agent's hand is in the goal location. Thus, the goal of your agent is to maintain its position at the target location for as many time steps as possible.

The observation space consists of 33 variables corresponding to position, rotation, velocity, and angular velocities of the arm. Each action is a vector with four numbers, corresponding to torque applicable to two joints. Every entry in the action vector must be a number between -1 and 1.

Run the code cell below to print some information about the environment.

Number of agents: 1 Size of each action: 4

1.0.3 3. Take Random Actions in the Environment

In the next code cell, you will learn how to use the Python API to control the agent and receive feedback from the environment.

Once this cell is executed, you will watch the agent's performance, if it selects an action at random with each time step. A window should pop up that allows you to observe the agent, as it moves through the environment.

Of course, as part of the project, you'll have to change the code so that the agent is able to use its experience to gradually choose better actions when interacting with the environment!

```
[5]: env_info = env.reset(train_mode=False)[brain_name] # reset the environment__
     states = env_info.vector_observations
                                                                 # get the current state
      \hookrightarrow (for each agent)
     scores = np.zeros(num_agents)
                                                                 # initialize the score
      \rightarrow (for each agent)
     while True:
         actions = np.random.randn(num_agents, action_size) # select an action (for_
      \rightarrow each agent)
         actions = np.clip(actions, -1, 1)
                                                                 # all actions between -1
         env info = env.step(actions)[brain name]
                                                                 # send all actions to ...
      \rightarrow the environment
         next_states = env_info.vector_observations
                                                                 # get next state (for
      \rightarrow each agent)
         rewards = env_info.rewards
                                                                 # get reward (for each
      \rightarrowagent)
         dones = env_info.local_done
                                                                  # see if episode finished
         scores += env_info.rewards
                                                                  # update the score (for_
      \rightarrow each agent)
         states = next_states
                                                                  # roll over states to_
      \rightarrownext time step
         if np.any(dones):
                                                                  # exit loop if episode
      \hookrightarrow finished
```

```
break
print('Total score (averaged over agents) this episode: {}'.format(np.
 →mean(scores)))
```

Total score (averaged over agents) this episode: 0.0

When finished, you can close the environment.

```
[6]: env.close()
```

1.0.4 4. It's Your Turn!

Now it's your turn to train your own agent to solve the environment! When training the environment, set train mode=True, so that the line for resetting the environment looks like the following:

```
env_info = env.reset(train_mode=True)[brain_name]
```

```
[1]: from unityagents import UnityEnvironment
     import numpy as np
     env = UnityEnvironment(file_name='Reacher_single.app')
    INFO:unityagents:
    'Academy' started successfully!
    Unity Academy name: Academy
            Number of Brains: 1
            Number of External Brains : 1
            Lesson number : 0
            Reset Parameters :
                    goal_speed -> 1.0
                    goal size -> 5.0
    Unity brain name: ReacherBrain
            Number of Visual Observations (per agent): 0
            Vector Observation space type: continuous
            Vector Observation space size (per agent): 33
            Number of stacked Vector Observation: 1
            Vector Action space type: continuous
            Vector Action space size (per agent): 4
            Vector Action descriptions: , , ,
```

```
[2]: # get the default brain
     brain_name = env.brain_names[0]
     brain = env.brains[brain_name]
```

```
[3]: import os.path
     def restore_agent(filepath_local_actor, filepath_local_critic,_
      →filepath_target_actor, filepath_target_critic):
         # function to read and load saved weights into agent networks
```

```
checkpoint_local_actor = torch.load(filepath_local_actor)
checkpoint_local_critic = torch.load(filepath_local_critic)
checkpoint_target_actor = torch.load(filepath_target_actor)
checkpoint_target_critic = torch.load(filepath_target_critic)

loaded_agent = agent.Agent(state_size, action_size, random_seed = 0)

loaded_agent.actor_local.load_state_dict(checkpoint_local_actor)
loaded_agent.actor_target.load_state_dict(checkpoint_target_actor)
loaded_agent.critic_local.load_state_dict(checkpoint_local_critic)
loaded_agent.critic_target.load_state_dict(checkpoint_target_critic)
return loaded_agent
```

```
[4]: from collections import deque
     import torch
     def run_experiment(agent, n_episodes=2000, max_t=10000,__
      →agent_ckp_prefix='agent', critic_ckp_prefix='critic'):
         scores = []
         scores_deque = deque(maxlen=100)
         rolling_average_score = []
         for i_episode in range(1, n_episodes+1):
             env_info = env.reset(train_mode=True)[brain_name] # reset the_
      \rightarrow environment
             states = env_info.vector_observations
                                                                    # get the current
      \hookrightarrowstate
             score = np.zeros(num_agents)
             agent.reset()
                                                                      # reset the agent
             for t in range(max t):
                 actions = agent.act(states, add_noise=False)
                 env_info = env.step(actions)[brain_name]
                                                                         # send all
      →actions to the environment
                 next_states = env_info.vector_observations
                                                                        # get next
      ⇒state (for each agent)
                 rewards = env_info.rewards
                                                                          # get reward
      \hookrightarrow (for each agent)
                 dones = env_info.local_done
                                                                          # see if⊔
      \rightarrow episode finished
                 for state, action, reward, next_state, done in zip(states, actions, __
      →rewards, next_states, dones):
```

```
agent.step(state, action, reward, next_state, done, t)
          states = next_states
          score += rewards
          if np.any(dones):
              break
      score = np.mean(score)
      scores_deque.append(score)
      scores.append(score)
      rolling_average_score.append(np.mean(scores_deque))
      print('\rEpisode {}\tAverage Score: {:.2f}\tScore: {:.2f}'.
→format(i_episode,
                                                                      np.
→mean(scores_deque),
⇒score), end='')
      if i_episode % 10 == 0:
          print('\rSave_agent\r')
          torch.save(agent.actor_local.state_dict(),__
→agent_ckp_prefix+'_checkpoint_local.pth')
                                                         # save local actor
          torch.save(agent.actor_target.state_dict(),_u
→agent_ckp_prefix+'_checkpoint_target.pth')
                                                        # save target actor
          torch.save(agent.critic_local.state_dict(),__
# save local critic
          torch.save(agent.critic_target.state_dict(),__
# target critic
      if i_episode % 100 == 0:
          print('\rEpisode {}\tAverage Score: {:.2f}'.format(i_episode, np.
→mean(scores_deque)))
      if np.mean(scores_deque)>= 30.0:
          torch.save(agent.actor_local.state_dict(), __
→agent_ckp_prefix+'_checkpoint_local.pth')
                                                         # save local actor
          torch.save(agent.actor_target.state_dict(),__
→agent_ckp_prefix+'_checkpoint_target.pth')
                                                        # save target actor
          torch.save(agent.critic_local.state_dict(),__

¬critic_ckp_prefix+'_checkpoint_local.pth')
                                                        # save local critic
          torch.save(agent.critic_target.state_dict(),__

¬critic_ckp_prefix+'_checkpoint_target.pth')
          print('\rEnvironment solved Episode {}\tAverage Score: {:.2f}'.
→format(i_episode, np.mean(scores_deque)))
          break
  return scores
```

```
[5]: # reset the environment
    env_info = env.reset(train_mode=True)[brain_name]
     # number of agents
    num_agents = len(env_info.agents)
    print('Number of agents:', num_agents)
    # size of each action
    action_size = brain.vector_action_space_size
    print('Size of each action:', action_size)
     # examine the state space
    states = env_info.vector_observations
    state_size = states.shape[1]
    print('There are {} agents. Each observes a state with length: {}'.
     →format(states.shape[0], state_size))
    print('The state for the first agent looks like:', states[0])
    Number of agents: 1
    Size of each action: 4
    There are 1 agents. Each observes a state with length: 33
    The state for the first agent looks like: [ 0.00000000e+00 -4.00000000e+00
    0.00000000e+00 1.0000000e+00
     -0.00000000e+00 -0.00000000e+00 -4.37113883e-08 0.00000000e+00
      0.00000000e+00 0.00000000e+00 0.0000000e+00 0.00000000e+00
      0.0000000e+00 0.0000000e+00 -1.0000000e+01 0.0000000e+00
      1.00000000e+00 -0.00000000e+00 -0.00000000e+00 -4.37113883e-08
      0.0000000e+00 0.0000000e+00 0.0000000e+00 0.0000000e+00
```

1.1 DDPG

-1.68164849e-01]

The first algorithm will be a standard DDPG as found in the examples from the Udacity DeepLearning NanoDegree: https://github.com/udacity/deep-reinforcement-learning/tree/master/ddpg-bipedal

0.00000000e+00 0.00000000e+00 5.75471878e+00 -1.00000000e+00 5.55726671e+00 0.00000000e+00 1.00000000e+00 0.00000000e+00

It will be adapted to solve the Reacher environment

```
[6]: from actors.ddpg_actor import Agent
    agent_name = 'agent_ddpg_single'
    critic_name = 'critic_ddpg_single'

local_actor_path = agent_name+'_checkpoint_local.pth'
    target_actor_path = agent_name+'_checkpoint_target.pth'
    local_critic_path = critic_name+'_checkpoint_local.pth'
```

```
target_critic_path = critic_name+'_checkpoint_target.pth'

# if checkpoint exists we load the agent
if os.path.isfile(local_actor_path):
    agent = restore_agent(local_actor_path, local_critic_path,
    target_actor_path, target_critic_path)
    print("Agent loaded.")
else:
    agent = Agent(state_size, action_size, random_seed = 33)
    print("Agent created.")
```

Agent created.

```
[7]: scores = run_experiment(agent, agent_ckp_prefix=agent_name, __

→critic_ckp_prefix=critic_name)
```

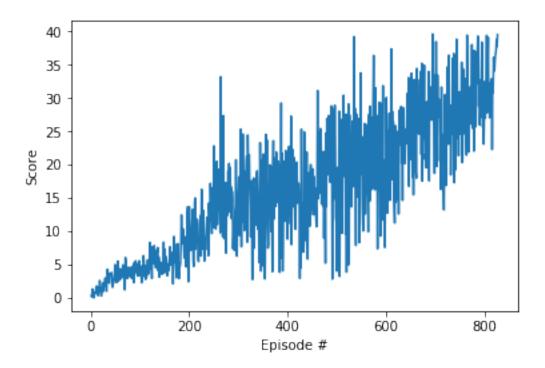
```
Average Score: 0.57
                                        Score: 1.09
Save_agent
Save_agent
                Average Score: 0.95
                                        Score: 1.47
                Average Score: 1.22
                                        Score: 2.62
Save_agent
Save_agent
                Average Score: 1.68
                                        Score: 3.56
                Average Score: 1.95
                                        Score: 3.16
Save_agent
Save_agent
                Average Score: 2.15
                                        Score: 4.38
                Average Score: 2.35
                                        Score: 6.04
Save_agent
                Average Score: 2.57
                                        Score: 3.77
Save agent
Save agent
                Average Score: 2.71
                                        Score: 4.42
Save_agent0
                Average Score: 2.87
                                        Score: 3.34
                Average Score: 2.87
Episode 100
Save_agent0
                Average Score: 3.25
                                        Score: 4.86
                Average Score: 3.59
                                        Score: 8.32
Save_agent0
Save_agent0
                Average Score: 4.00
                                        Score: 5.13
                                        Score: 4.87
Save_agent0
                Average Score: 4.26
                Average Score: 4.47
                                        Score: 7.33
Save_agent0
Save_agent0
                Average Score: 4.62
                                        Score: 5.93
                Average Score: 4.86
                                        Score: 5.48
Save_agent0
Save_agent0
                Average Score: 4.99
                                        Score: 4.66
                Average Score: 5.41
                                        Score: 5.997
Save_agent0
Save_agent0
                Average Score: 5.76
                                        Score: 13.66
Episode 200
                Average Score: 5.76
                Average Score: 6.23
Save_agent0
                                        Score: 9.147
Save agent0
                Average Score: 6.74
                                        Score: 8.753
Save_agent0
                Average Score: 7.20
                                        Score: 7.872
                Average Score: 7.61
                                        Score: 14.22
Save_agent0
Save_agent0
                Average Score: 8.53
                                        Score: 22.83
                Average Score: 9.56
                                        Score: 19.31
Save_agent0
Save_agent0
                Average Score: 10.67
                                        Score: 14.28
                Average Score: 11.47
                                        Score: 12.83
Save_agent0
```

Q+O	۸	G	10 10	G	0 574
Save_agent0	Average		12.12	Score:	9.574 15.98
Save_agent0 Episode 300	Average		12.65 12.65	Score:	15.90
•	Average		13.37	Score:	17.03
Save_agent0	Average		14.03	Score:	20.04
Save_agent0	Average			Score:	15.72
Save_agent0	Average		14.34		
Save_agent0	Average		14.83	Score:	10.32
Save_agent0	Average		14.65	Score:	4.819
Save_agent0	Average		14.72	Score:	7.470
Save_agent0	Average		14.40	Score:	18.71
Save_agent0	Average		14.79	Score:	19.48
Save_agent0	Average		14.86	Score:	4.032
Save_agent0	Average		15.17	Score:	8.818
Episode 400	Average		15.17	_	
Save_agent0	Average		15.33	Score:	22.30
Save_agent0	Average		15.35	Score:	14.22
Save_agent0	Average		15.36	Score:	12.03
Save_agent0	Average	Score:	15.41	Score:	11.82
Save_agent0	Average	Score:	15.65	Score:	13.31
Save_agent0	Average	Score:	15.56	Score:	17.08
Save_agent0	Average	Score:	16.29	Score:	16.20
Save_agent0	Average	Score:	16.19	Score:	26.91
Save_agent0	Average	Score:	16.96	Score:	22.57
Save_agent0	Average	Score:	17.04	Score:	4.011
Episode 500	Average	Score:	17.04		
Save_agent0	Average	Score:	17.15	Score:	20.94
Save_agent0	Average	Score:	17.46	Score:	3.869
Save_agent0	Average	Score:	18.01	Score:	13.67
Save_agent0	Average	Score:	18.78	Score:	27.58
Save_agent0	Average	Score:	19.48	Score:	18.54
Save_agent0	Average	Score:	19.83	Score:	26.02
Save_agent0	Average	Score:	19.62	Score:	16.21
Save_agent0	Average	Score:	20.44	Score:	20.87
Save_agent0	Average	Score:	20.25	Score:	29.21
Save_agent0	Average		20.29	Score:	19.77
Episode 600	Average		20.29		
Save_agent0	Average		20.57	Score:	22.50
Save_agent0	Average		20.73	Score:	14.34
Save_agent0	Average		20.91	Score:	27.93
Save_agent0	Average		20.90	Score:	24.06
Save_agent0	Average		21.26	Score:	26.62
Save_agent0	Average		22.20	Score:	32.81
Save_agent0	Average		23.03	Score:	29.81
Save_agent0	Average		23.26	Score:	
Save_agent0	Average		23.63	Score:	30.24
Save_agent0	Average		24.77	Score:	33.42
Episode 700	Average		24.77	PCOTE.	00.42
Save_agent0	Average		25.52	Score:	20.55
pave_agento	wherake	profe:	20.02	prore:	20.00

```
Score: 30.51
Save_agent0
                Average Score: 25.60
Save_agent0
                Average Score: 26.14
                                        Score: 24.31
                                        Score: 27.85
Save_agent0
                Average Score: 26.53
Save_agent0
                Average Score: 26.83
                                        Score: 29.48
Save agent0
                Average Score: 26.85
                                        Score: 29.10
Save_agent0
                Average Score: 26.89
                                        Score: 31.41
Save_agent0
                Average Score: 27.25
                                        Score: 26.85
                Average Score: 28.10
                                        Score: 32.73
Save_agent0
Save_agent0
                Average Score: 28.12
                                        Score: 28.49
Episode 800
                Average Score: 28.12
Save_agent0
                Average Score: 28.46
                                        Score: 32.23
Save_agent0
                Average Score: 29.27
                                        Score: 34.04
Environment solved Episode 827 Average Score: 30.14
```

```
[8]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
%matplotlib inline

fig = plt.figure()
ax = fig.add_subplot(111)
plt.plot(np.arange(1, len(scores)+1), scores)
plt.ylabel('Score')
plt.xlabel('Episode #')
plt.show()
```



```
[9]: env.close()
```

1.2 TD3

fig = plt.figure()

plt.ylabel('Score')
plt.xlabel('Episode #')

plt.show()

ax = fig.add subplot(111)

plt.plot(np.arange(1, len(scores)+1), scores)

The first improvement tried is the TD3 algorithm which essentially make 3 improvements to the DDPG. 1. Twin network for the critic 2. Add noise to actions used to compute targets 3. Delayed updates of the policy

Please restart the invironment before running the cells below

```
[5]: from actors.td3_actor import Agent
    agent_name = 'agent_td3_20'
    critic_name = 'critic_td3_20'
    local_actor_path = agent_name+'_checkpoint_local.pth'
    target_actor_path = agent_name+'_checkpoint_target.pth'
    local_critic_path = critic_name+'_checkpoint_local.pth'
    target_critic_path = critic_name+'_checkpoint_target.pth'
    # if checkpoint exists we load the agent
    def
    if os.path.isfile(local_actor_path):
        agent = restore_agent(local_actor_path, local_critic_path,_
     →target_actor_path, target_critic_path)
        print("Agent loaded.")
    else:
        agent = agent.Agent(action_size, random_seed = 0)
        print("Agent created.")
[]: agent_name = 'agent_td3_20'
    critic name = 'critic td3 20'
    scores = run_experiment(agent, agent_ckp_prefix=agent_name,__
```

```
[]:
```