

Contents

1 PDF Section Extractor for CouchDB	1
1.1 Overview	1
1.2 Features	1
1.3 Installation Requirements	2
1.4 Quick Start	2
1.5 Usage Examples	3
1.5.1 Example 1: Basic Extraction	3
1.5.2 Example 2: Extract Metadata	3
1.5.3 Example 3: Search Sections	3
1.5.4 Example 4: Batch Processing	4
1.5.5 Example 5: List Attachments	4
1.5.6 Example 6: Custom Credentials	4
1.6 Class Methods	5
1.6.1 Initialization	5
1.6.2 Main Methods	5
1.6.3 Utility Methods	6
1.7 Parsed Section Types	7
1.7.1 Header Detection	7
1.7.2 Paragraph Assembly	7
1.8 Configuration Options	7
1.8.1 Verbosity Levels	7
1.8.2 Parsing Options	8
1.9 Environment Variables	8
1.10 Error Handling	8
1.11 Performance	9
1.12 Complete Example Script	9
1.13 Integration with SKOL	9
1.14 See Also	10

1 PDF Section Extractor for CouchDB

1.1 Overview

The PDFSectionExtractor class provides automated extraction of section headers and paragraphs from PDF attachments stored in CouchDB documents.

1.2 Features

- **Automatic PDF detection:** Finds PDF attachments in CouchDB documents

- **In-memory processing:** Works directly with PDF bytes (no temp files)
- **Text extraction:** Uses PyMuPDF (fitz) for high-quality text conversion
- **Intelligent parsing:** Identifies section headers vs. paragraphs
- **Metadata extraction:** Extracts title, abstract, keywords, authors
- **Content search:** Find sections by keyword
- **Batch processing:** Extract from multiple documents at once

1.3 Installation Requirements

The class requires PyMuPDF (fitz) for PDF text extraction:

Install PyMuPDF

```
pip install PyMuPDF
```

Verify installation

```
python -c "import fitz; print(f'PyMuPDF version: {fitz.__version__}')"

```

This uses the same pdf_to_text function as jupyter/ist769_skol.ipynb for consistent text extraction.

1.4 Quick Start

```
from pdf_section_extractor import PDFSectionExtractor
```

Initialize (uses environment variables for credentials)

```
extractor = PDFSectionExtractor()
```

Extract sections from a PDF attachment

```
sections = extractor.extract_from_document(
    database='skol_dev',
    doc_id='00df9554e9834283b5e844c7a994ba5f',
    attachment_name='article.pdf' # Optional: auto-detects
)
```

```
print(f"Extracted {len(sections)} sections")
for i, section in enumerate(sections[:5], 1):
    print(f"{i}. {section[:60]}...")
```

1.5 Usage Examples

1.5.1 Example 1: Basic Extraction

```
from pdf_section_extractor import PDFSectionExtractor

extractor = PDFSectionExtractor(verbosity=1)

# Extract from specific document
sections = extractor.extract_from_document(
    database='skol_dev',
    doc_id='00df9554e9834283b5e844c7a994ba5f'
)

print(f"Extracted {len(sections)} sections")
```

1.5.2 Example 2: Extract Metadata

```
# Extract sections
sections = extractor.extract_from_document(
    database='skol_dev',
    doc_id='00df9554e9834283b5e844c7a994ba5f'
)

# Extract metadata
metadata = extractor.extract_metadata(sections)

print(f"Title: {metadata['title']}")
print(f"Keywords: {'', '.join(metadata['keywords'])}")
print(f"Abstract: {metadata['abstract'][:200]}...")
print(f"Sections found: {'', '.join(metadata['sections_found'])}")
```

Output:

```
Title: A new species of Arachnopeziza from Taiwan
Keywords: discomycetes, Helotiales, Hyaloscyphaceae
Abstract: This paper describes and illustrates a new species...
Sections found: Introduction, Acknowledgments
```

1.5.3 Example 3: Search Sections

```
# Find all sections mentioning specific terms
ascospore_sections = extractor.get_section_by_keyword(
    sections,
    'ascospores',
    case_sensitive=False
)
```

```

print(f"Found {len(ascospore_sections)} sections about ascospores")

for section in ascospore_sections:
    print(f"- {section[:100]}...")

```

1.5.4 Example 4: Batch Processing

```

# Extract from multiple documents
doc_ids = [
    '00df9554e9834283b5e844c7a994ba5f',
    'another-doc-id',
    'yet-another-doc-id'
]

results = extractor.extract_from_multiple_documents(
    database='skol_dev',
    doc_ids=doc_ids
)

for doc_id, sections in results.items():
    print(f"{doc_id}: {len(sections)} sections")

```

1.5.5 Example 5: List Attachments

```

# See what attachments are available
attachments = extractor.list_attachments(
    database='skol_dev',
    doc_id='00df9554e9834283b5e844c7a994ba5f'
)

for name, info in attachments.items():
    content_type = info.get('content_type', 'unknown')
    size = info.get('length', 0)
    print(f"{name}: {content_type} ({size:,} bytes)")

```

Output:

```

article.txt: text/simple; charset=UTF-8 (7,987 bytes)
article.txt.ann: text/plain (8,371 bytes)
article.pdf: application/pdf (740,079 bytes)

```

1.5.6 Example 6: Custom Credentials

```

# Use custom credentials instead of environment variables
extractor = PDFSectionExtractor(

```

```

        couchdb_url='http://localhost:5984',
        username='admin',
        password='secret',
        verbosity=2 # More detailed logging
    )

    sections = extractor.extract_from_document(
        database='skol_dev',
        doc_id='00df9554e9834283b5e844c7a994ba5f'
    )

```

1.6 Class Methods

1.6.1 Initialization

```

PDFSectionExtractor(
    couchdb_url=None, # Default: from COUCHDB_URL env var
    username=None, # Default: from COUCHDB_USER env var
    password=None, # Default: from COUCHDB_PASSWORD env var
    verbosity=1 # 0=silent, 1=info, 2=debug
)

```

1.6.2 Main Methods

1.6.2.1 extract_from_document() Extract sections from a PDF attachment.

```

sections = extractor.extract_from_document(
    database='skol_dev',
    doc_id='document-id',
    attachment_name='article.pdf', # Optional: auto-detects
    cleanup=True # Delete temp files
)
# Returns: List[str] of sections/paragraphs

```

1.6.2.2 extract_from_multiple_documents() Extract from multiple documents at once.

```

results = extractor.extract_from_multiple_documents(
    database='skol_dev',
    doc_ids=['id1', 'id2', 'id3'],
    attachment_name=None # Auto-detect PDF
)
# Returns: Dict[str, List[str]] mapping doc_id to sections

```

1.6.2.3 extract_metadata() Extract common metadata from sections.

```
metadata = extractor.extract_metadata(sections)
# Returns: {
#     'title': str,
#     'authors': List[str],
#     'abstract': str,
#     'keywords': List[str],
#     'sections_found': List[str]
# }
```

1.6.2.4 get_section_by_keyword() Search sections for keywords.

```
matching = extractor.get_section_by_keyword(
    sections,
    keyword='methodology',
    case_sensitive=False
)
# Returns: List[str] of matching sections
```

1.6.3 Utility Methods

1.6.3.1 list_attachments()

```
attachments = extractor.list_attachments(
    database='skol_dev',
    doc_id='document-id'
)
# Returns: Dict[str, Dict] of attachment metadata
```

1.6.3.2 find_pdf_attachment()

```
pdf_name = extractor.find_pdf_attachment(
    database='skol_dev',
    doc_id='document-id'
)
# Returns: str (attachment name) or None
```

1.6.3.3 download_pdf()

```
pdf_path = extractor.download_pdf(
    database='skol_dev',
    doc_id='document-id',
    attachment_name='article.pdf',
    output_path=None # Uses temp file if None
```

```
)  
# Returns: str (path to downloaded PDF)
```

1.7 Parsed Section Types

The extractor identifies:

1. **Headers:** Section titles (Introduction, Methods, etc.)
2. **Paragraphs:** Content blocks
3. **Metadata:** Title, authors, abstract, keywords
4. **Figure captions:** "Fig. 1. Description..."
5. **References:** Bibliography entries

1.7.1 Header Detection

The parser identifies headers by: - Common keywords (Introduction, Abstract, Methods, etc.) - Title case formatting - Short length (<100 characters) - Centered text (lots of leading spaces) - All caps (but not ending with punctuation)

1.7.2 Paragraph Assembly

Paragraphs are assembled by: - Joining consecutive non-blank lines - Breaking on blank lines - Breaking on detected headers - Minimum length threshold (default: 10 characters)

1.8 Configuration Options

1.8.1 Verbosity Levels

```
extractor = PDFSectionExtractor(verbosity=0) # Silent  
extractor = PDFSectionExtractor(verbosity=1) # Info (default)  
extractor = PDFSectionExtractor(verbosity=2) # Debug
```

Output at verbosity=2:

```
Connected to CouchDB at http://localhost:5984  
Extracting sections from document abc123 in skol_dev  
Found PDF attachment: article.pdf (application/pdf)  
Downloaded PDF: /tmp/tmpXYZ.pdf (740,079 bytes)  
Extracted 8402 characters from PDF  
Parsed 30 sections/paragraphs  
Cleaned up temporary file: /tmp/tmpXYZ.pdf
```

1.8.2 Parsing Options

```
sections = extractor.parse_text_to_sections(  
    text,  
    min_paragraph_length=10 # Minimum characters per paragraph  
)
```

1.9 Environment Variables

The class uses these environment variables by default:

```
export COUCHDB_URL="http://localhost:5984"  
export COUCHDB_USER="admin"  
export COUCHDB_PASSWORD="your-password"
```

Or set them in your code:

```
import os
```

```
os.environ['COUCHDB_URL'] = 'http://localhost:5984'  
os.environ['COUCHDB_USER'] = 'admin'  
os.environ['COUCHDB_PASSWORD'] = 'secret'
```

```
from pdf_section_extractor import PDFSectionExtractor  
extractor = PDFSectionExtractor()
```

1.10 Error Handling

The class provides helpful error messages:

```
try:  
    sections = extractor.extract_from_document(  
        database='skol_dev',  
        doc_id='missing-doc'  
    )  
except ValueError as e:  
    print(f"Error: {e}")  
    # Error: No PDF attachment found in document missing-doc.  
    # Available attachments: ['data.csv', 'image.png']  
  
except ImportError as e:  
    print(f"Error: {e}")  
    # Error: PyMuPDF (fitz) is required for PDF extraction.  
    # Install with: pip install PyMuPDF  
  
except Exception as e:  
    print(f"Unexpected error: {e}")
```


1.11 Performance

For typical scientific papers (4-10 pages): - **Download:** < 1 second - **Text extraction:** < 2 seconds - **Parsing:** < 1 second - **Total:** ~3-4 seconds per document

For batch processing:

```
# Process 100 documents
results = extractor.extract_from_multiple_documents(
    database='skol_dev',
    doc_ids=doc_ids # 100 IDs
)
# Takes ~5-6 minutes (3-4 seconds × 100)
```

1.12 Complete Example Script

See example_pdf_extraction.py for a complete working example.

1.13 Integration with SKOL

Use this extractor to prepare training data for SKOL classifier:

```
from pdf_section_extractor import PDFSectionExtractor
from skol_classifier.classifier_v2 import SkolClassifierV2


# Extract sections from PDF
extractor = PDFSectionExtractor()
sections = extractor.extract_from_document(
    database='skol_dev',
    doc_id='00df9554e9834283b5e844c7a994ba5f'
)

# Save as text file for annotation
with open('article_sections.txt', 'w') as f:
    for section in sections:
        f.write(section + '\n')

# After manual annotation, train SKOL classifier
classifier = SkolClassifierV2(
    spark=spark,
    input_source='files',
    file_paths=['article_sections.txt.ann'],
    model_type='rnn'
)
classifier.fit_and_save_model()
```

1.14 See Also

- **article_sections.py** - Example extracted sections
- **example_pdf_extraction.py** - Usage examples
- **CouchDB MCP Server** - CouchDB integration

Created: 2025-12-20 **File:** pdf_section_extractor.py **Status:** 
Tested and working