

实验报告

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题目 1: 01 背包

➤ 思路描述

- ① 将所需数据存进相应的变量和数组，同时申请一个 `dp` 二维数组，用于存放动态规划的过程
- ② 遍历循环 `dp` 数组，其实就是便利循环给出的物品和背包剩余空间。
- ③ 如果背包空间不够，那么直接丢弃不要，即 $dp[p][q] = dp[p - 1][q]$;
如果空间还够，那么久判断是否要拿 $dp[p][q] = \max(dp[p - 1][q], dp[p - 1][q - \text{weight}[p]] + \text{value}[p])$;
- ④ 同时在判断时，用 `path` 二维数组记录拿物品的过程
- ⑤ 输出 `dp` 数组右下角的值就是最大价值
- ⑥ 筛选输出 `path` 数组最后一行的数字，就是已拿物品的编号

➤ 代码

```
➤ #include <bits/stdc++.h>
➤ using namespace std;
➤
➤ int n = 0; // number of goods
➤ int weight[11] = {0};
➤ int value[11] = {0};
➤ int dp[111][111] = {{0}};
➤ int path[111][111] = {{0}};
➤ int space = 10;
➤ int p = 0, q = space;
➤
➤ int main(int argc, char const *argv[])
➤ {
➤     cout << "input the number of goods( NOT bigger than 7):"
➤     << endl;
➤     cin >> n;
```

```

➤     cout << "input every good's weight in next line using
space to split it :" << endl;
➤     for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++)
➤     {
➤         cin >> weight[i];
➤     }
➤     cout << "input every good's value in next line using space
to split it :" << endl;
➤     for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++)
➤     {
➤         cin >> value[i];
➤     }
➤     for (p = 1; p <= n; p++)
➤     {
➤         for (q = 1; q <= space; q++)
➤         {
➤             if (weight[p] > q)
➤             {
➤                 dp[p][q] = dp[p - 1][q];
➤                 path[p][q] = path[p - 1][q];
➤             }
➤             else
➤             {
➤                 dp[p][q] = max(dp[p - 1][q], dp[p - 1][q -
weight[p]] + value[p]);
➤                 if (dp[p][q] == dp[p - 1][q - weight[p]] +
value[p])
➤                 {
➤                     path[p][q] = p;
➤                 }
➤             }
➤             else
➤             {
➤                 path[p][q] = path[p - 1][q];
➤             }
➤         }
➤     }
➤     }
➤     cout << endl;
➤     cout << dp[n][space] << endl;
➤     for (int z = 1; z <= space; z++)
➤     {
➤         if (path[n][z] > path[n][z - 1])
➤         {

```

```

➤         cout << path[n][z] << " ";
➤     }
➤ }
➤ cout << endl;
➤ return 0;
➤ }

```

➤ 运行截图

```

● root@pihaoxuan--v:/home/pihaoxuan/algorithm# ./01-bag-dp
input the number of goods( NOT bigger than 7):
5
input every good's weight in next line using space to split it :
2 2 6 5 4
input every good's value in next line using space to split it :
6 3 5 4 6

15
1 2 5
○ root@pihaoxuan--v:/home/pihaoxuan/algorithm# █

```

题目 2: 题目名称...

思路:

- ① 创建需要的变量存储数据，同时创建一个变量 `remain` 存储剩余需要取的货币的价值；
- ② 对货币面值的数组排序，从小到大，之后处理的时候就从数组末尾开始拿，确保是贪心
- ③ While 循环，进行兑换计算，如果剩余需要取的货币价值小于当前货币，那么不能取，否则先计算要取当前货币多少张，才可以不取，算完之后减去面值 × 数量
- ④ 输出张数

代码:

```

#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;

int n = 0;
int value[105] = {0};
int remain = 0;
int test = -1;

int p = 0;

```

```

int main(int argc, char const *argv[])
{
    int count = 0;
    cin >> n;
    for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++)
    {
        cin >> value[i];
    }
    sort(value, value + n);
    while (test != 0)
    {
        cin >> test;
        remain = test;
        count = 0; // 将计数器归零
        for (int i = n; i >= 1; --i)
        {
            if (remain < value[i])
                continue; // 使用 continue 跳过本次循环
            else
            {
                count += floor(remain / value[i]);
                remain = remain - floor(remain / value[i]) *
value[i]; // 使用 floor 取整
            }
        }
        cout << "RMB  " << test << "  need  " << count << endl;
    }
    return 0;
}

```

运行结果:

```

root@pihaoxuan--v:/home/pihaoxuan/algorithm# ./pay
4 1 2 5 10
8
RMB 8 need 3
11
RMB 11 need 2
43
RMB 43 need 6
167
RMB 167 need 18
0
RMB 0 need 0
root@pihaoxuan--v:/home/pihaoxuan/algorithm#

```

题目 3: 题目名称...

思路:

- ① 创建变量存储数据，同时创建一个 path 一维数组存储加油的位点和一个 remain 变量存储当前状态汽车还剩多少油。
- ② 输入读取数据
- ③ 如果当前 remain 不够下一个加油站的数值了，必须加油，remain 等于 n，path 记录当前站点编号，count 加一
- ④ 否则的话，remain 减去下一个站点距离现在的距离
- ⑤ 输出 count 和 path 数组中的非零值。

代码:

```

#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;

int n = 0;          // total distance
int m = 0;          // number of gas station
int d[1024] = {0}; // distance array
int path[1024] = {0};
int p = 0; // pointer of path
int remain = 0;

int main(int argc, char const *argv[])
{
    int count = 0;
    cin >> n;
    cin >> m;
    for (int i = 1; i <= m; i++)
    {
        cin >> d[i];
    }
}

```

```

}

remain = n;
for (int j = 1; j <= m; j++)
{
    if (remain < d[j])
    {
        remain = n; // full the gas
        path[p++] = j;
        count++;
    }
    else
    {
        remain -= d[j];
    }
}

cout << count << endl;
for (int i = 0; i < m + 1; i++)
{
    if (path[i] != 0)
    {
        cout << path[i] << " ";
    }
}
cout << endl;

return 0;
}

```

运行截图：

```

● root@pihaoxuan--v:/home/pihaoxuan/algorithm# ./car-gas
30
10
11 14 28 6 7 8 5 2 20 8
2
3 9
○ root@pihaoxuan--v:/home/pihaoxuan/algorithm# 

```