

CS402 cw1 report

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I'm really really not good at English so if you don't understand my sentence please message me

1. CNF Converter

usage: python cnf.py "polish notation"

I made full binary tree of formula. Each node has symbol, left, right and neg attributes.

- symbol : one operators or literals
- left, right : child of this node. All operators without negation are binary operator so if symbol of this node is operator then it has left and right, in. else case (symbol is literal) it doesn't have childs
- neg : present whether this node is negative or not

- parsing

read symbols from back.

if symbol is operator, pop two element and set them current symbol's child

- convert

convert imply and equivalent to combine of *and*, *or*, and *negation* recursively
then

make operator node don't have negation recursively.

then

make cnf using distribute rule recursively

- print prefix and infix

prefix : parent left right

infix : left parent righte

using this order and recursively print

- validity check

cnf = clause & clause & clause & ... & clause

if p and -p in one clause, the clause is True

so make dict that dict[p]=(has_negations?)

and check if there are key in dict but original boolean value isn't same new value, the clause is True.

then check all clause are True, it is valid.

2. CNF Converter

usage: set CWD file in same directory of nonogram.py then

python nonogram.py

- how to encoding

see one line, size: 6 and rule: 2 1

there are 6 possible cases:

00xxxx x00x0x

00xx0x x00xx0

00xxx0 xx00x0

naming proposition value $v_1 \sim v_6$.

the one line logical formula become v_1 or v_2 or ... or v_6

naming other line logical formula same way.

For all interchange of $n \times m$ lines add rule about can't exist simultaneously.

example)

row1 is size:6 and rule: 2 1

col1 is size:6 and rule: 1

there are 6 cases (see upper side) of row1

$r_1 = 00x0xx$

$r_2 = 00xx0x$

$r_3 = 00xxxx$

$r_4 = x00x0x$

$r_5 = x00xx0$

$r_6 = xx00x0$

there are 6 cases of col1 : $c_1 \sim c_6$

$c_1 = 0xxxxx$

$c_2 = x0xxxx$

$c_3 = xx0xxx$

$c_4 = xxx0xx$

$c_5 = xxxx0x$

$c_6 = xxxxx0$

then (1,1) True rule is (r_1, r_2, r_3, c_1) and False rule is $(r_4, r_5, r_6, c_2, c_3, c_4, c_5, c_6)$

True rule and False rule can't exist simultaneously

so add rule $[-t \text{ and } -f]$ (it is same $t \rightarrow -f, f \rightarrow -t$) of t in True rule and f in False rule