

a. SOURCE CODE

```
import queue
import statistics
from math import *
from statistics import *
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import time
import plotly.express as px
from plotly.subplots import make_subplots
import plotly.graph_objects as go
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
import os
import re
import datetime

#Main Method That Provides Data Calculations and Visualizations
def Main():
    print("Authenticating...")
    time.sleep(1)

    # dataset
    ds =
pd.read_csv('/Users/anthonyasilo/Desktop/Data_Visualization/TermP/SUNTRUS
T_HISTORY/mySuntrustHistory.csv')

    #Description of DataFrame
    print("\n\nDescription of DataFrame:')
    ds.describe()

    #Food Purchase by Date
    print("\n\nFood Purchase by Date:\n')
    print(ds.loc[ds["Type"].isin(["Food"])]])

    #Charge Category Value
    print("\n\nCharge Category Value:\n')
    print(ds["Type"].value_counts())

    ds4 = pd.DataFrame(ds["Type"].value_counts())
    print(ds4)
    figa = px.bar(x=ds4.index.values, y=ds4["Type"].values, title="Amount of Items
Purchases per Category", labels={'x': 'Category', 'y': 'Frequency '})
```

```

figa.show()
figa.write_image("./a.png")

#Sum of Items per Charge Category
print("\n\nSum of Items per Charge Category:\n")
print(ds.groupby("Type")["Charge"].sum().sort_values(ascending=False))

ds5 =
pd.DataFrame(ds.groupby("Type")["Charge"].sum().sort_values(ascending=False
))
figa = px.bar(x=ds5.index.values, y=ds5['Charge'].values, title="Sum of Items
per Charge Category", labels={'x':'Category', 'y':'Sum of Items (USD)'})
figa.show()
figa.write_image("./b.png")

#Sum of Items per Charge Category
print("\n\nSum of Items per Charge Category:\n")
print(ds.groupby("Type")["Charge"].sum().sort_values(ascending=False))

ds5 =
pd.DataFrame(ds.groupby("Type")["Charge"].sum().sort_values(ascending=False
))
ds5.head()
figa = px.bar(x=ds5.index.values, y=ds5['Charge'].values, title="Sum of Items
per Charge Category", labels={'x':'Category', 'y':'Sum of Items (USD)'})
figa.show()
figa.write_image("./c.png")
#Total Balance over time Graph
totalBal = px.line(ds, x = 'Date', y = 'Running Balance', title='Total Balance over
time (09/2018 - 02/2020)')
totalBal.show()

#for x in ds['Date']:
#    print(x)

#totalBal2 = px.scatter(ds, x="Date", y="Running Balance", color="Type",
marginal_y="violin",
#    marginal_x="box", trendline="lowess", title='Total Balance over time
(09/2018 - 02/2020)')

#totalBal2.show()

#Month Date Year Insertion
#REGEX Extract '/' replace with ' ' for easier regex functions
arr = []
regex0 = r"/"
```

```

subst0 = " "
for date in enumerate(ds['Date']):
    arr.insert(int(date[0]), re.sub(regex0, subst0, date[1], 0, re.MULTILINE))

```

#REGEX Extract everthing except Year and replace with nothing hence trims the string and create new column

```

year = []
regex1 = r"[d]+ [d]+ "
subst1 = ""
for each in enumerate(arr):
    year.insert(int(each[0]), re.sub(regex1, subst1, each[1], 0, re.MULTILINE))
ds['Year'] = year

```

#REGEX Extract everthing except Month and replace with nothing hence trims the string and create new column.

```

month = []
regex2 = r" [d]+ [d]+"
subst2 = ""
for each in enumerate(arr):
    month.insert(int(each[0]), re.sub(regex2, subst2, each[1], 0, re.MULTILINE))
ds['Month'] = month

```

#Get month name based on Value and create new column

```

monthName = []
for val in enumerate(month):
    if(val[1] == "1"):
        monthName.insert(int(val[0]), "January" )
    elif(val[1] == "2"):
        monthName.insert(int(val[0]), "February" )
    elif(val[1] == "3"):
        monthName.insert(int(val[0]), "March")
    elif(val[1] == "4"):
        monthName.insert(int(val[0]), "April")
    elif(val[1] == "5"):
        monthName.insert(int(val[0]), "May")
    elif(val[1] == "6"):
        monthName.insert(int(val[0]), "June")
    elif(val[1] == "7"):
        monthName.insert(int(val[0]), "July")
    elif(val[1] == "8"):
        monthName.insert(int(val[0]), "August")
    elif(val[1] == "9"):
        monthName.insert(int(val[0]), "September")
    elif(val[1] == "10"):
        monthName.insert(int(val[0]), "October")
    elif(val[1] == "11"):

```

```

        monthName.insert(int(val[0]), "November")
    elif(val[1] == "12"):
        monthName.insert(int(val[0]), "December")
    else:
        monthName.insert(int(val[0]), "N/A")
ds['MonthName'] = monthName

```

#REGEX Extract everthing before Day and replace with nothing hence trims the string with day and year

```

dayyr = []
regex3 = r"^[^d]+ )"
subst3 = ""
for each in enumerate(arr):
    dayyr.insert(int(each[0]), re.sub(regex3, subst3, each[1], 0, re.MULTILINE))

```

#REGEX Extract everthing after Day and replace with nothing hence trims the string with just day. add to data create new column

```

day = []
regex4 = r"([d]+$)"
subst4 = ""
for each in enumerate(dayyr):
    day.insert(int(each[0]), re.sub(regex4, subst4, each[1], 0, re.MULTILINE))
ds['Day'] = day

```

#call datetime date function and return day of week for each date.

```

day_name = []
day_code = []
ROWS = range(0, int(ds.shape[0]))
for n in ROWS:
    today = datetime.date(2000 + int(ds.iloc[n]['Year']), int(ds.iloc[n]['Month']),
int(ds.iloc[n]['Day']))
    day_name.append(today.strftime("%A"))
    if(today.strftime("%A") == "Sunday"):
        day_code.append(0)
    elif(today.strftime("%A") == "Monday"):
        day_code.append(1)
    elif(today.strftime("%A") == "Tuesday"):
        day_code.append(2)
    elif(today.strftime("%A") == "Wednesday"):
        day_code.append(3)
    elif(today.strftime("%A") == "Thursday"):
        day_code.append(4)
    elif(today.strftime("%A") == "Friday"):
        day_code.append(5)
    elif(today.strftime("%A") == "Saturday"):
        day_code.append(6)

```

```

else:
    day_code.append(None)

ds['DayName'] = day_name
ds['DayCode'] = day_code
#print(day_name)
display(ds)

def getNum(x):
    if(x == "Sunday"):
        return 0
    if(x == "Monday"):
        return 1
    if(x == "Tuesday"):
        return 2
    if(x == "Wednesday"):
        return 3
    if(x == "Thursday"):
        return 4
    if(x == "Friday"):
        return 5
    if(x == "Saturday"):
        return 6
    else:
        return None
#Retrieve weekcode and update in table

#groupby each year
wnum = None
dfwn = []
dfwn2 = []
for y in ds['Year'].unique():
    #instantiate the current year scope
    this_year = ds[ds['Year'] == y]
    display(this_year)
    #groupby month in current year
    dfy = []
    dfy2 = []
    print(y)
    for m in this_year['Month'].unique():
        #instantiate the current month scope
        this_month = this_year[this_year['Month'] == m]
        display(this_month)
        this_week = 1
        #first day in dataset of this month
        print('Month: ' + m)

```

```

fom = datetime.date(2000 + int(y), int(m), 1)
t = fom.strftime("%A")
weekdaynumoffirstofmonth = getNum(str(t))
month_vals = []
month_vals2 = []
count = 0
first = 1
wdnum = None
for d in this_month["Day"]:
    weekdaynumwewant = weekdaynumoffirstofmonth
    start = 1
    print('First & Last')
    print(start)
    print(d)
    while (start <= int(d)):
        if(weekdaynumwewant < 6):
            weekdaynumwewant += 1
        else:
            weekdaynumwewant = 0
            this_week += 1
        start += 1
    wdnum = weekdaynumwewant
    wnum = this_week
    print('wnum = ' + str(wdnum) )
    month_vals.insert(count, wdnum)
    month_vals2.insert(count, wnum)
    count+=1

print('\nmonth_vals\n')
print(month_vals)
dfy += month_vals
dfy2 +=month_vals2
print('\nEDNOFMONTH\n')

print('\year_vals\n')
print(dfy)
dfwn += dfy
dfwn2 += dfy2
print('\nENDOFYEAR\n')
print("\nDOC_vals\n")
display(dfwn)
display(dfwn2)
print("\nENDOFDOC\n")

ds["WeekNum"] = dfwn
ds['wn'] = dfwn2

```

```

#heatmap fore each month based on what you spent the most on that day per
week
print("Daily Max Purchase per month")
#for month in ds['Year'].unique():
#    for week

```

```

#Total Money Spent Per Month (descending AND chronologically)
print("\n\nSum of Items per Charge Category:\n')
count = 0
for each in ds['Year'].unique():
    df_sample = ds[ds['Year'] == each]

print(df_sample.groupby("MonthName")["Debit"].sum().sort_values(ascending=F
alse))
    ds5 =
pd.DataFrame(df_sample.groupby("MonthName")["Debit"].sum().sort_values(asc
ending=False))
    figa = px.bar(x=ds5.index.values, y=ds5['Debit'].values, title="Most Money
Spent per Month", labels={'x': 'Category', 'y': 'Sum of Items (USD)'})
    figa.write_image("./" + str(count) + "aa.png")
    figa.show()

    print(df_sample.groupby("MonthName")["Debit"].sum())
    ds6 = pd.DataFrame(df_sample.groupby("MonthName")["Debit"].sum())
    figb = px.bar(x=ds6.index.values, y=ds6['Debit'].values, title="Money Spent
per Month", labels={'x': 'Category', 'y': 'Sum of Items (USD)'})
    figb.write_image("./" + str(count) + "bb.png")
    figb.show()

    count+=1

```

```

display(ds)

```

```

#Caller
if __name__ == "__main__":
    Main()

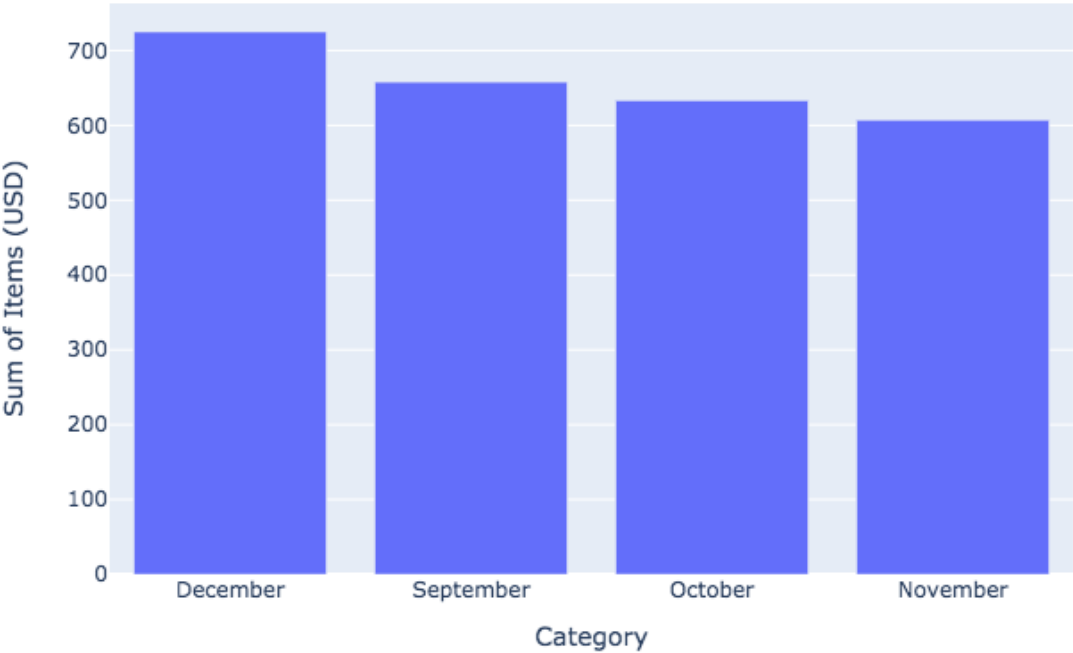
```

- b. A REPORT DESCRIBING THE DATA, THE GOAL, DATA ANALYSIS METHOD, DATA VIS, AND CONCLUSIONS
  - a. What I tried to do was create a sort of budget for me to look at and create a projection of earnings based on my suntrust history data, but was unable to figure out the projection aspect due to time constraints
  - b. I did a regex with the month year and day number and then made a column of each and also a month name column. this helped me to create visualizations based on a month, or a year, or even a day. I wanted to get the day of week based on the date and the week number by month and create a categorical heatmap per month [per year of money spent per day
  - c. I had a few other visualizations such as a daily balance, and I wanted to create a projected rate of change for bank account total and was not able to figure that out. I had a sum of items per category
  - d. I also had money spent per month per year. One was sorted by most to least and the other I wanted chronologically but it wouldn't work and it was alphabetic

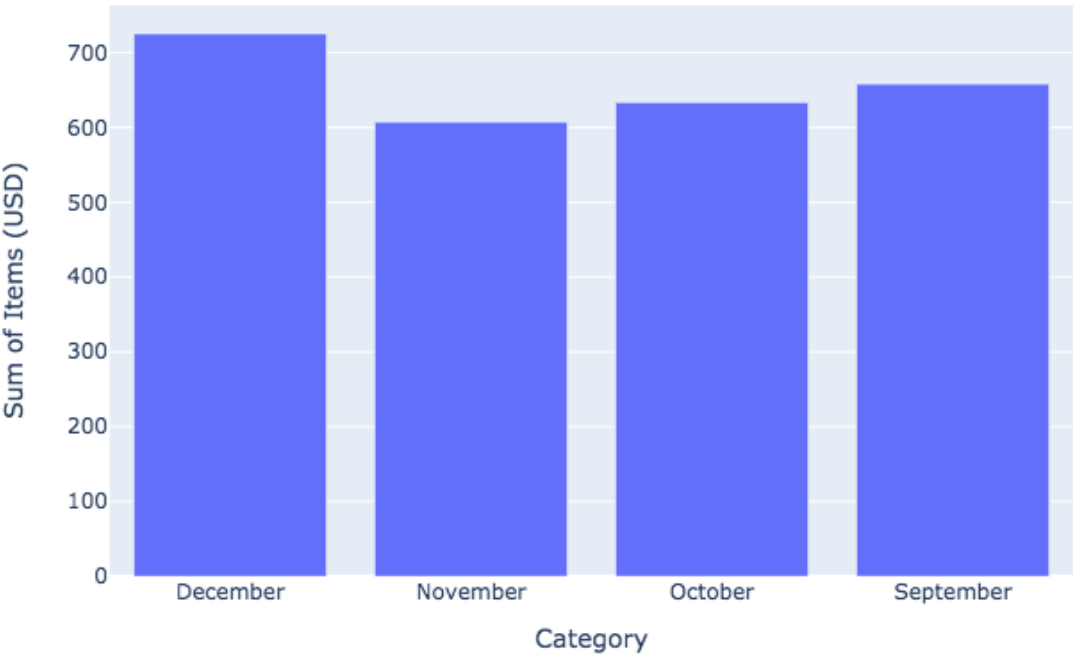
Screenshots below



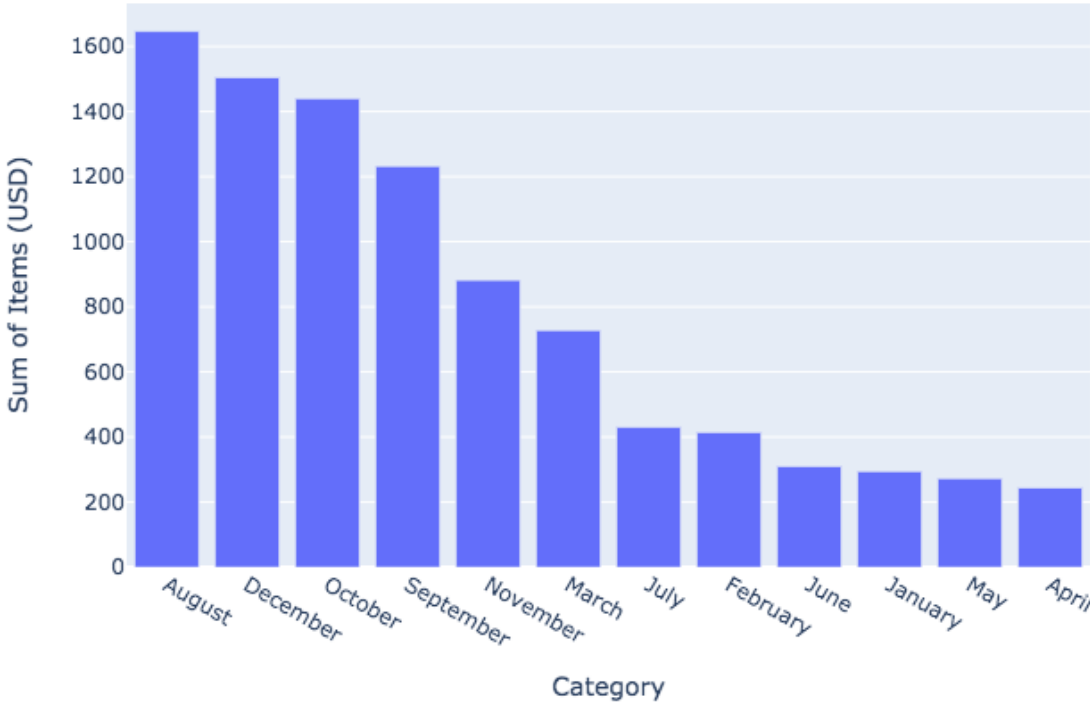
Most Money Spent per Month



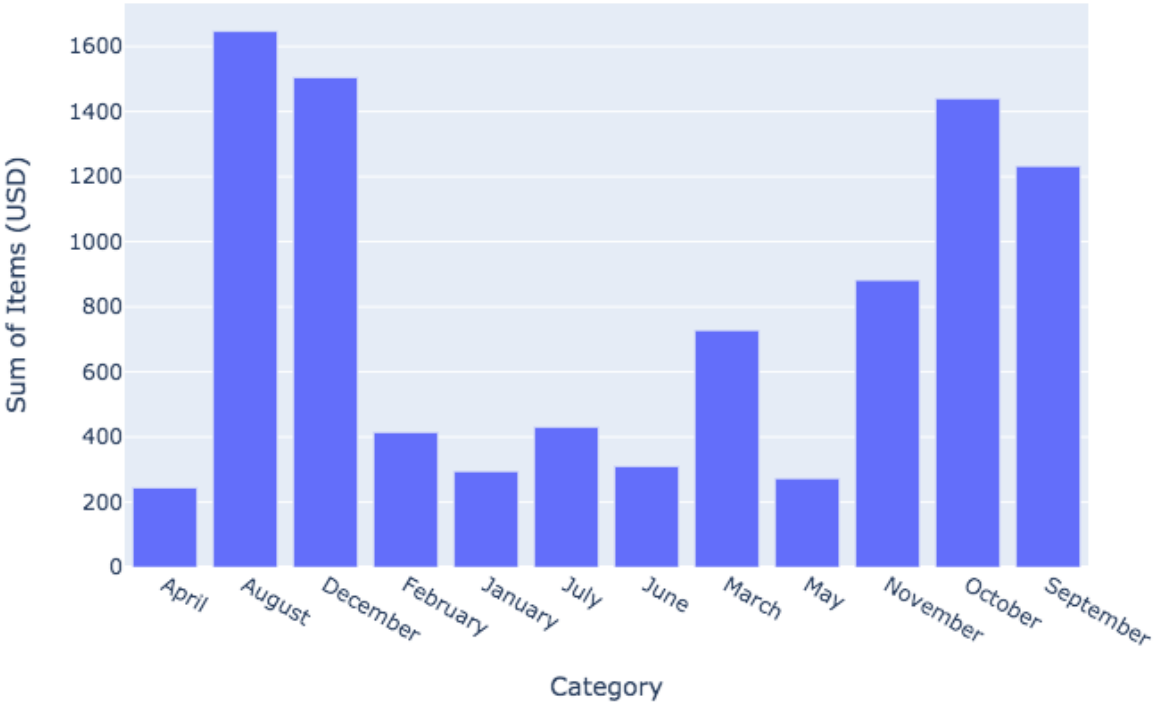
Money Spent per Month



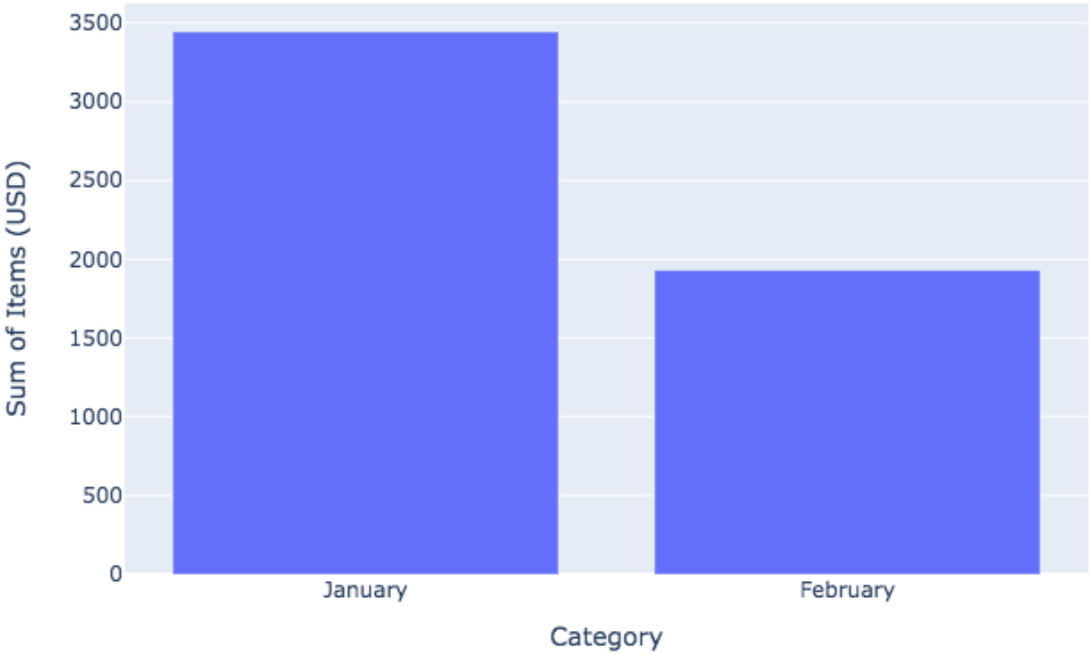
Most Money Spent per Month



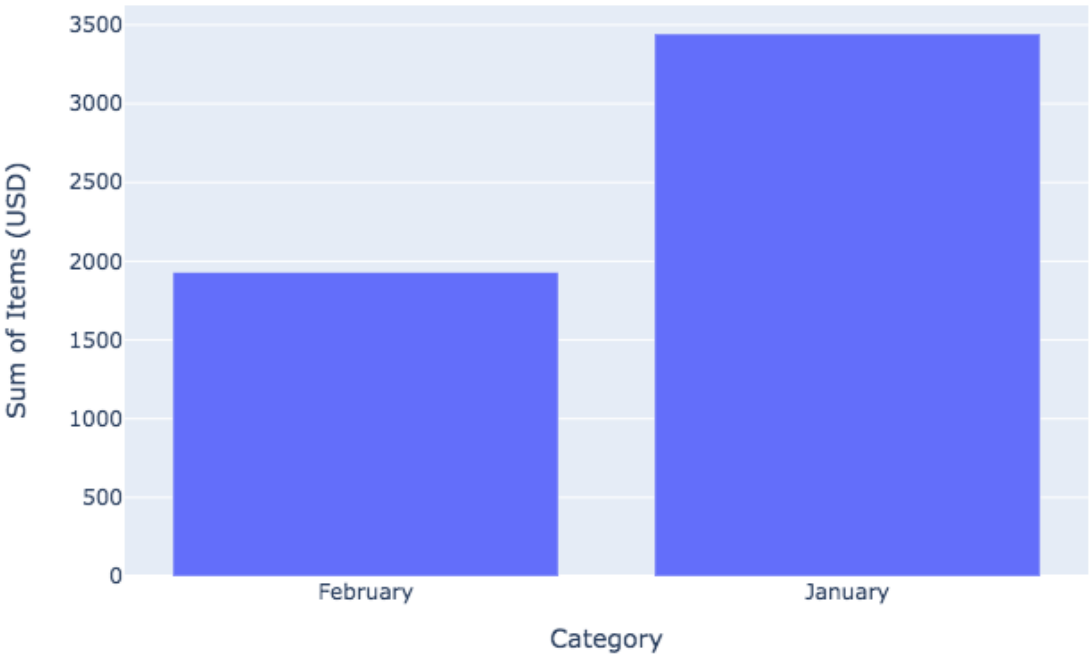
Money Spent per Month



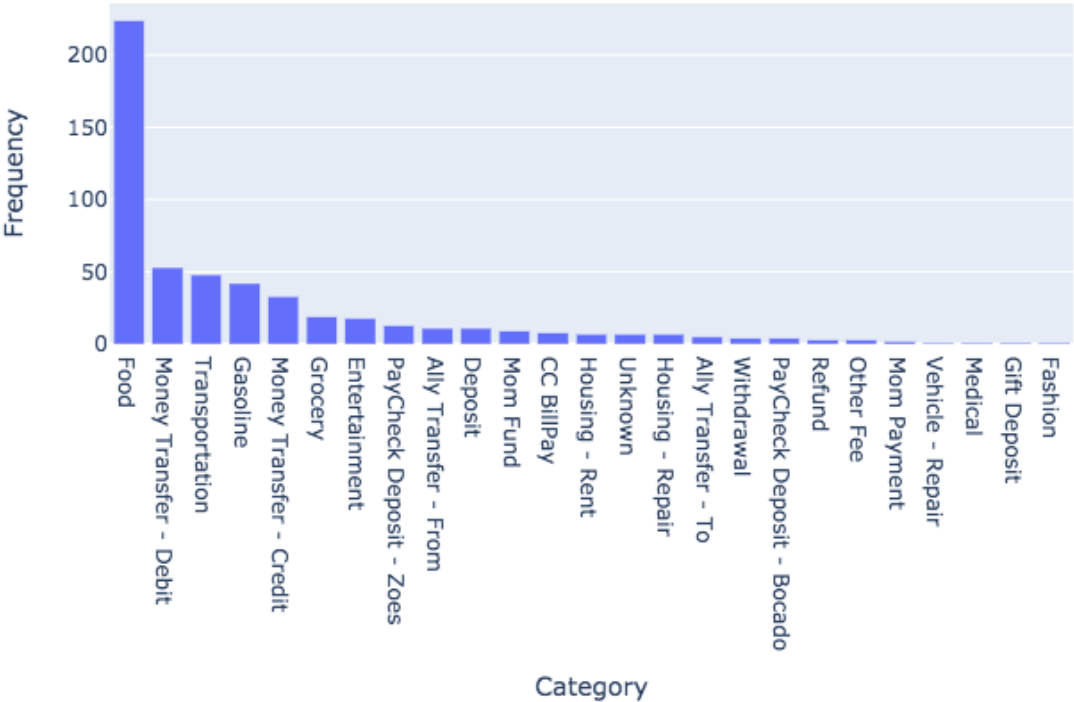
Most Money Spent per Month



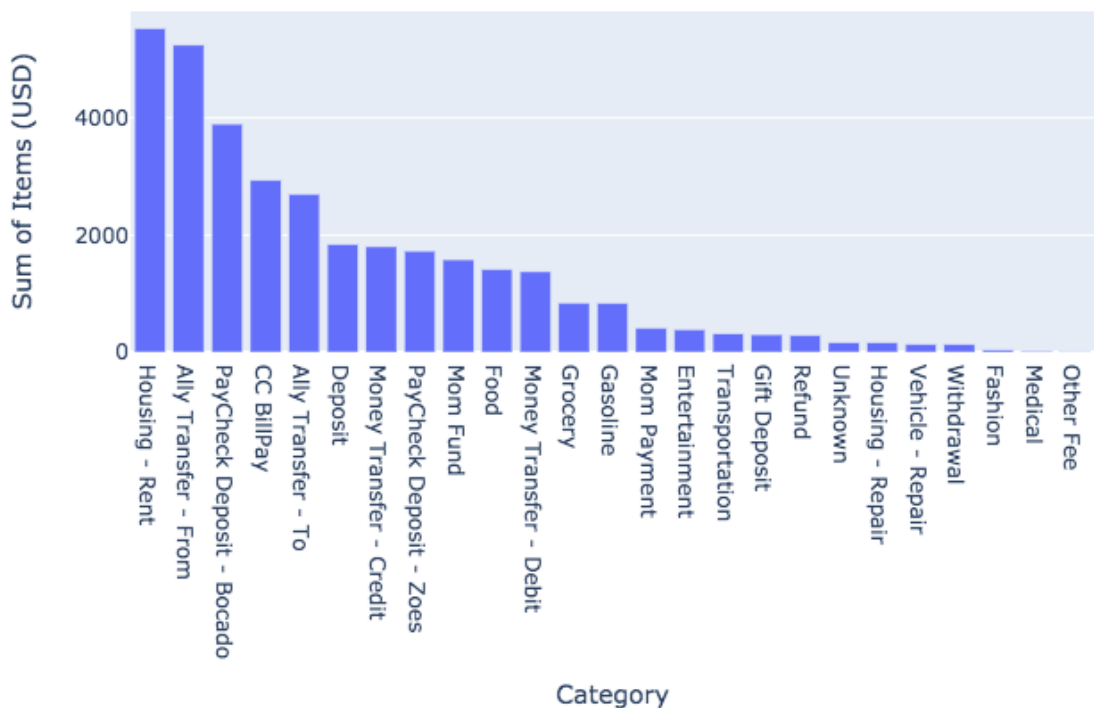
Money Spent per Month



Amount of Items Purchases per Category

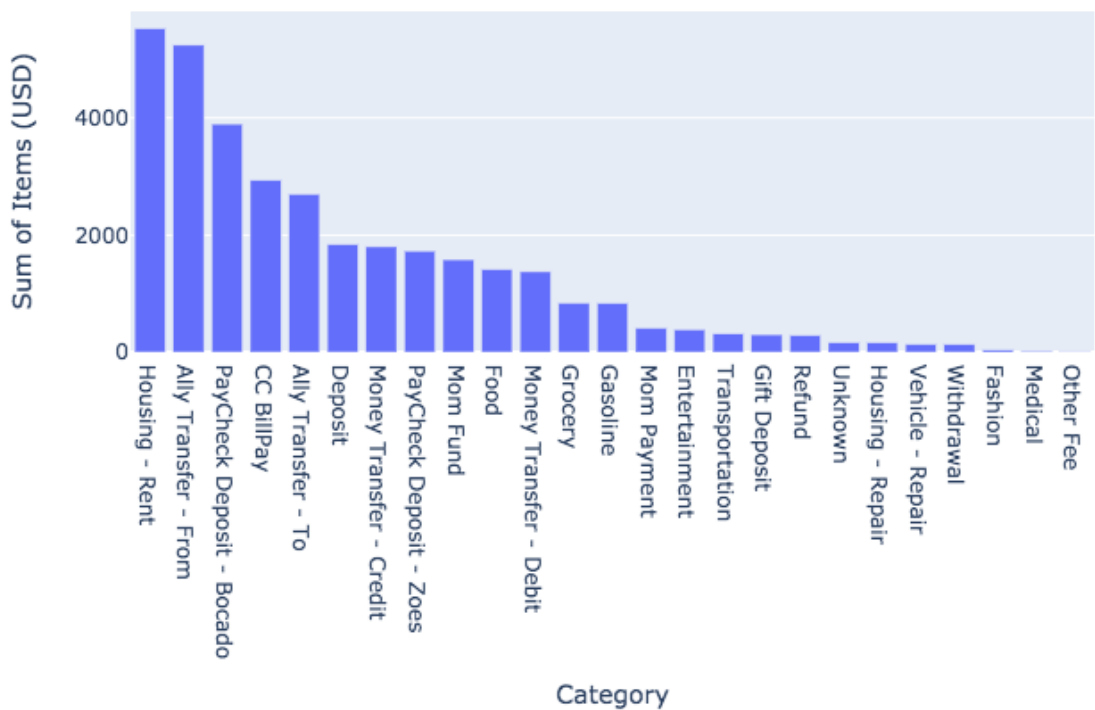


Sum of Items per Charge Category

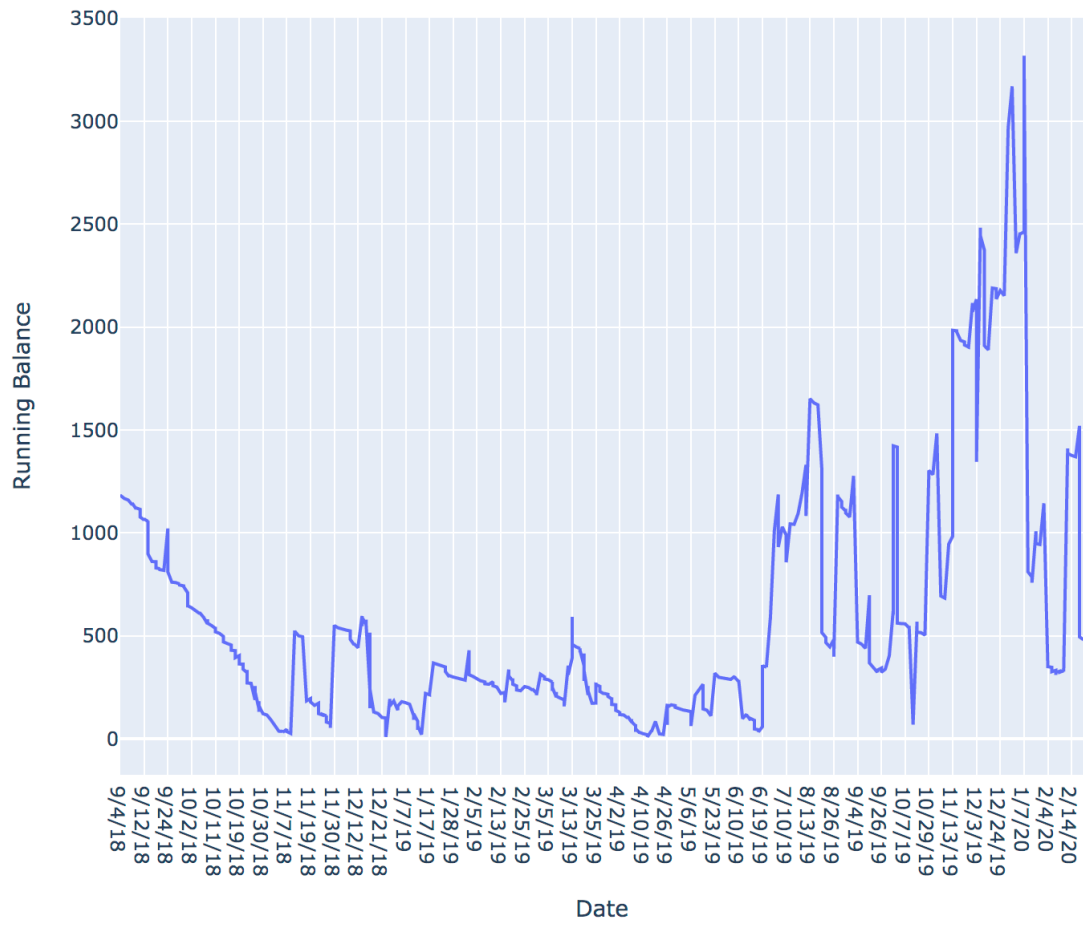




Sum of Items per Charge Category



Total Balance over time (09/2018 - 02/2020)



# September 2018

						①
.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	12	.	.	.
Day	0	1	2	3	4	5

Week { Get 1st of Month Weekday Name & Index.  
 Lets say we want the week num of the 12th

Day	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Weekday	6	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	0	1	2
Week	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2

## PSUEDOCODE

Range of 1st week day in month from (0, 6)

Start = 1  
 week = 1

```

while (start <= day of month we are trying to get week num from) {
  if (first of month week num < 6) {
    first of month week num ++;
  } else {
    first of month week num = 0;
    week ++;
  }
}
  
```

	Date	Check Number	Description	Type	Charge	Debit	Credit	Running Balance	Year	Month	MonthName	Day	DayName	DayCode	WeekNum	wn
0	9/4/18	0	RACETRAC100 BRAD	Food	3.98	3.98	0.0	1179.30	18	9	September	4	Tuesday	2	3	2
1	9/4/18	0	MARTA ATLA	Transportation	6.00	6.00	0.0	1173.30	18	9	September	4	Tuesday	2	3	3
2	9/4/18	0	JOES EATS SWEETS INC BRAD	Food	10.00	10.00	0.0	1183.28	18	9	September	4	Tuesday	2	3	4
3	9/5/18	0	MOE S SW GRILL 4991 ATLA	Food	5.43	5.43	0.0	1167.87	18	9	September	5	Wednesday	3	4	5
4	9/6/18	0	CHECKERS 1135 DULU	Food	2.12	2.12	0.0	1165.75	18	9	September	6	Thursday	4	5	6
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
530	2/19/20	0	FROM 0175 1000027445740	Mom Fund	150.00	0.00	150.0	1520.45	20	2	February	19	Wednesday	3	4	36