

Problem 1 (25 points)

Consider a silicon pn junction with a cross section area of $1 \times 10^{-5} \text{ cm}^2$, a forward bias $V_a = 0.5 \text{ V}$, and the following parameters at $T = 300 \text{ K}$:

$$N_d = 10^{16} \text{ cm}^{-3}, N_a = 10^{15} \text{ cm}^{-3}, \tau_p = 10^{-7} \text{ s}, \tau_n = 10^{-6} \text{ s}$$

$$\mu_p = 400 \text{ cm}^2 / \text{V.s}, \mu_n = 1000 \text{ cm}^2 / \text{V.s}$$

$$n_i = 1.5 \times 10^{10} \text{ cm}^{-3}, \epsilon_s = 11.7 \times 8.854 \times 10^{-14} \text{ F/cm}; \frac{kT}{e} = 0.025 \text{ V}$$

Assume the critical field to be equal to $3 \times 10^5 \text{ V/cm}$.

- a) (5 points) Compare the hole density at x_n to the electron density at $-x_p$
- b) (5 points) Compare the hole current at x_n to the electron current at $-x_p$
- c) (5 points) Determine the breakdown voltage.
- d) (10 points) Calculate the total number of excess electrons in the p bulk region.

Problem 2 (25 points)

Consider an Si npn transistor with $N_E = 5 \times 10^{17} \text{ cm}^{-3}$, $N_B = 5 \times 10^{15} \text{ cm}^{-3}$, $N_C = 10^{15} \text{ cm}^{-3}$. The metallurgical base width is $1 \text{ } \mu\text{m}$ and the base cross sectional area is $10 \text{ } \mu\text{m}^2$. $n_i = 1.5 \times 10^{10} \text{ cm}^{-3}$, $\frac{kT}{e} = 0.025 \text{ V}$

- (5 points) Draw the energy band diagram under equilibrium.
- (5 points) Sketch the electric field, charge density, and determine the potential between the emitter and collector.
- (7.5 points) For $V_{BE} = 0.7 \text{ V}$, $V_{CE} = 0.2 \text{ V}$, draw the excess minority carrier densities across the emitter, base, and collector regions.
- (7.5 points) Describe the steps for estimating the total number of excess electrons in the base.

Problem 3 (25 points)

Consider a MOS capacitor with p^+ polysilicon gate and p-type silicon substrate with $N_A = 10^{16} \text{ cm}^{-3}$. $E_F = E_V$ in the polysilicon gate. Assume the following parameters:

$$t_{ox} = 200 \text{ \AA}, Q_{SS}^0 = 0, n_i = 1.5 \times 10^{10} \text{ cm}^{-2}, \epsilon_o = 3.9 \times 8.854 \times 10^{-14} \text{ F/cm}$$

$$\epsilon_s = 11.7 \times \epsilon_o, \epsilon_{ox} = 3.9 \times \epsilon_o$$

- (5 points) Calculate the metal-semiconductor work function difference.
- (5 points) Calculate the surface potential at the threshold inversion.
- (5 points) Calculate the depletion width (in μm) at the threshold inversion.
- (5 points) Calculate the flat band voltage.
- (5 points) Determine the threshold voltage.

Problem 4 (25 points)

Consider an n-channel MOSFET at $T=300K$ with the following parameters:

$$\text{n+ polysilicon gate, } t_{ox}^o = 200 \text{ \AA}, N_A = 10^{16} \text{ cm}^{-3}, Q'_{SS} = 2 \times 10^{11} \text{ cm}^{-2}, \\ W = 1 \mu\text{m}, L = 0.2 \mu\text{m}, \mu_n = 1000 \frac{\text{cm}^2}{\text{V.s}}, \epsilon_{ox} = 3.9 \epsilon_o, \epsilon_s = 11.7 \epsilon_o,$$

$$\epsilon_o = (8.854)(10^{-14}) \frac{F}{\text{cm}}$$

Q'_{SS} is the number of electronic charges per unit area in the oxide

- a) (10 points) Determine the threshold voltage V_{TN} .
- b) (5 points) Is the transistor an enhancement or depletion mode? Explain.
- c) (5 points) Determine the drain current for $V_{GS} = 3V$ and $V_{DS} = 2V$.
- d) (5 points) What type of implant and dose are required such that $V_{TN} = 1V$