⊘ 축하합니다! 통과하셨습니다!

받은 학점 100% **최신 제출물 학점** 100% **통과 점수**: 80% 이상

다음 항목으로 이동

1.	When predicting words to generate poetry, the more words predicted the more likely it will end up gibberish. Why?	1/1점
	Because you are more likely to hit words not in the training set	
	It doesn't, the likelihood of gibberish doesn't change	
	Because the probability that each word matches an existing phrase goes down the more words you create	
	Because the probability of prediction compounds, and thus increases overall	
	맞습니다 That's right!	
2.	What is a major drawback of word-based training for text generation instead of character-based generation?	1/1점
	Because there are far more words in a typical corpus than characters, it is much more memory intensive	
	There is no major drawback, it's always better to do word-based training	
	Word based generation is more accurate because there is a larger body of words to draw from	
	Character based generation is more accurate because there are less characters to predict	
	맞습니다 Correct!	
3.	What are the critical steps in preparing the input sequences for the prediction model?	1/1점
	✓ Pre-padding the subphrases sequences.	
	맞습니다 You've got it!	
	Converting the seed text to a token sequence using texts_to_sequences.	
	Splitting the dataset into training and testing sentences.	
	Generating subphrases from each line using n_gram_sequences.	
	Keep it up!	
4.	In natural language processing, predicting the next item in a sequence is a classification problem. Therefore, after creating inputs and labels from the subphrases, we one-hot encode the labels. What function do we use to create one-hot encoded arrays of the labels?	1 / 1점
	tf.keras.utils.to_categorical tf.keras.utils.to_categorical	
	tf.keras.utils.img_to_array	
	tf.keras.utils.SequenceEnqueuer	
	tf.keras.preprocessing.text.one_hot	
	맞습니다 Nailed it!	
	Names in	
_	Two as Falsa Whan huilding the good of two cases in activated Danas output layer with an angurard that lights we when you and it is given your	. 71
э.	True or False: When building the model, we use a sigmoid activated Dense output layer with one neuron per word that lights up when we predict a given word.	1/1점
	False	
	○ True	
	맞습니다 Absolutely!	