



INDERPRASTHA ENGINEERING COLLEGE, GHAZIABAD
DEPARTMENT OF APPLIED SCIENCES

SUBJECT: ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS (BAS 103)

UNIT-I

Assignment -2

Date of Issue: 26/09/2024

Date of Submission:

1.a) Use Cayley –Hamilton Theorem to find the inverse of the matrix

$$\begin{bmatrix} \cos \theta & \sin \theta \\ -\sin \theta & \cos \theta \end{bmatrix}$$

b) Show that the vectors $x_1=(0,1,a)$, $x_2=(1,a,1)$ and $(a,1,0)$ are linearly dependent, then find the value of a .

c) Solve the system of homogenous equation .

$$x_1 + x_2 + x_3 + x_4 = 0, x_1 + 3x_2 + 2x_3 + 4x_4 = 0, 2x_1 + x_2 - x_3 = 0$$

d) Two Eigen Values of the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 3 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$ are equal to 1 . Find the eigen values of A^{-1}

2.a) Find the Eigen Values and Eigen Vector of the matrix

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

b) Also find the eigen values of A^{-1} , det of A

3. Using Cayley –Hamilton theorem, find the inverse of the matrix

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 2 & 4 & 5 \\ 3 & 5 & 6 \end{bmatrix}$$

$B = A^8 - 11A^7 - 4A^6 + A^5 + A^4 - 11A^3 - 3A^2 + 2A + I$ as a quadratic polynomial in A and hence find B .

4. Find for what Value of α and β , *the system* of linear equations

$x+y+z=6, x+2y+5z=10, 2x+3y+\alpha z = \beta$ has no solution and also find the solution when $\alpha = 2$ and $\beta = 10$