

USER MANUAL

TopSky plugin for Portugal vACC Version 2.0

ortugal vACC

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1

Introduction



1.1 Disclaimer

Although - as its name suggests - the TopSky plugin is based on TOPLIS and the TopSky ATM system, it is in no way affiliated with or endorsed by Thales Group or NAV Portugal. Similarities between plugin features and the real system are not entirely coincidental, but the plugin can not be used as a real world training aid.



1.2 Foreword

EuroScope, a controller client developed by Gergely Csernák for the VATSIM network, was first released for public use in September 2007. One of the biggest changes in version 3.1 was the possibility for the user community to customize the program to an even higher degree than was possible before by writing their own plugins that can be used to alter the way information is presented and even create completely new functionality into the program. This allowed creating very detailed simulations of all kinds of ATC systems without making the main program overly complex. Version 3.2 expands on these possibilities, making it possible to create even better plugins.

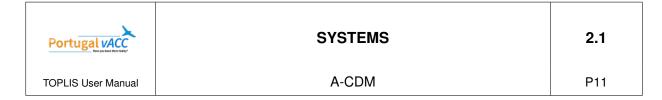
The base TopSky plugin is developed by Juha Holopainen of VATSIM Scandinavia. The TopSky plugin (a.k.a. The Plugin Formerly Known As "EUROCAT 2000 E") started out as a very small project to create a couple of customized aircraft tag items, but as more information about the real system and the possibilities with the plugin development became available, it slowly grew to include an almost complete set of tag items, tag menus, graphical elements on the radar display and some additional functionality.[4]

The A-CDM plugin is developed by Roger Puig of VatSpa. CDM is an Euroscope plugin based on the real life CDM tool that allows us to improve the departure flows at airports.[5]

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Systems



2.1 A-CDM

Airport CDM (A-CDM) aims to improve the efficiency and resilience of airport operations by optimising the use of resources and improving the predictability of air traffic.

It also allows the exchange of more accurate departure information, particularly target take-off times, with the European ATFCM network, leading to improved en-route and sectoral planning.[1]

2.1.1 Operation

The A-CDM plugin operates in a Master-Slave topology, in which the "CDM Master" will calculate the required data and distribute it to the slaved CDM positions. Due to this, it is mandatory that the "Master" ATC is the one at the lowest position, such as Delivery.

Warning

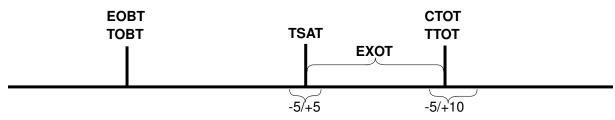
IF THERE IS NO ACTIVE "CDM MASTER" A-CDM WILL NOT BE OPERATIONAL

Warning

IF MORE THAN ONE POSITION ASSIGNS ITSELF AS "CDM MASTER" A-CDM WILL NOT BE OPERATIONAL

At the end of a session or controller swap, the "CDM MASTER" ATC should return himself to "CDM SLAVE" before the next controller takes over.

2.1.1.1 A-CDM Timeline



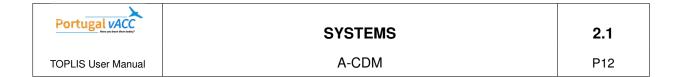
Each departure follows a timeline of events from the moment a Flight Plan is submitted until the flight is airborne. These events are called "Milestones".

Every Flight Plan should have a meaningfull Estimated Off Block Time (EOBT, also known as ETD). The EOBT is the starting point for the A-CDM calculation from which A-CDM will set the Target Off Block Time (TOBT) equal to. If the ATC notices TOBT is not meaningfull (already in the past or too far into the future) it must be updated.

A-CDM will calculate a Target Take Off Time (TTOT) based on the TOBT, current departure rate, known traffic and Flow Restrictions. Each TTOT is separated from other TTOTs by the ammount of time required in order to achieve the maximum defined departure rate. During moments of high traffic that, without a regulation, would exceed the airport departure rate capacity, the system will delay the TTOT in order to meet the required departure rate.

Based on the Departure Stand and Runway, the system calculates an Estimated Taxi Out Time (EXOT). Then, the system subtracts TTOT-EXOT, of which the result is the Target Start-up Time (TSAT). TSAT may never be earlier than TOBT. A TSAT has a validity window of -5 to +5 minutes, within which start-up approval may be issued.

A TSAT within the validity window will be colored in color1, or if outside the validity window color2. Additionally, it will be colored in color5 the minute it expires, as an attention getter.



If a flight misses its TSAT, a new one must be assigned by right clicking the TSAT value in order to set TOBT to present time and restart the CDM calculation for the concerned flight.

During times of extraordinary demand, a Calculated Take-Off Time (CTOT) may be issued for a certain flight. The A-CDM operation remains the same, with the exception that it will try to match TTOT to CTOT. A CTOT has a validity window of -5 to +10 minutes of CTOT, during which Take Off clearance must be issued.

2.1.1.2 Commands

Interaction with core A-CDM systems is done with classic command line inputs:

.cdm reload	Reloads all CDM configs
.cdm refresh	Forces a data refresh phase
.cdm save	Saves data to savedData.txt
.cdm load	Loads savedData.txt
.cdm master "airport"	Become the master of the selected airport.
.cdm slave "airport"	Turn back to slave of the selected airport.
.cdm refreshtime "seconds"	Change refresh rate time in seconds (Default 30, MAX 99).
.cdm delay "minutes"	Adds delay minutes to all flights that have a TSAT in the future
.cdm lvo	Toggle LVO on or off
.cdm realmode	Toggle realmode on or off
.cdm remarks	Toggle set TSAT to Euroscope scratchpad on or off
.cdm rates	Updates rates values from rate.txt
.cdm help	Show all commands

2.1.2 A-CDM field descriptions

Data field	Description	Comments	Color
А	Alert	Flashes A if the aircraft is waiting for an action	color5
ASAT	Actual Start-Up Approval Time	Automatically records time of Start-Up Approval when inputting a Start-Up, Push- back, Taxi or DEPA Ground Status	color12



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A-CDM

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Data field Description **Comments** Color **ASRT** Actual Start-Up Used to record time of color10 Request Time Ready or Start-Up Request CTOT Calculated Flow restrictions create color11 Take Off Time CTOTs to planes afected with published MDIs from **ECFMP** Ε State Depending on aircraft timming: P: EOBT more than 35 minutes in the future C: EOBT is less than 35min and TSAT not expired I: TSAT expired **EOBT** Estimated Off Same time as Flight Plan color8 **Block Time** ETD or EOBT If a new EOBT is submitted by the pilot, and EOBT is different than TOBT: color4 **ECFMP** Flow Flow Message Description of the restriction color8 Message impacting the flight Ready State Used to signal Ready state. Ready Ready: Setting Ready also records Flag time of Ready or Start-Up Not Ready: Request **TOBT** Target Off Block On receipt of a new Flight From TOBT-35 to TOBT-5 Plan, TOBT is set to the Time color2 same time as EOBT. From TOBT-5 to TOBT+5: If the Flight Plan is updated with a new EOBT, TOBT will not change automatically. If required, TOBT may be manually updated using the **Edit TOBT function TSAC** Used to note down TSAT If TSAC within 5 minutes of Target Start-Up Approval communicated to the flight TSAT: Communicated If TSAT changed by more Time

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than 5 minutes:

color4



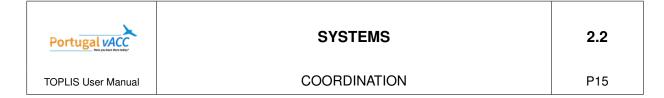
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Data field	Description	Comments	Color
TSAT	Target Startup Time	TTOT - EXOT	From EOBT-35 to TSAT-5: color2
			From TSAT-5 to TSAT+5:
			From TSAT+5 to TSAT+6:
			After TSAT+6: color2
ттот	Target Take Off Time		color9

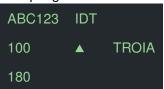


2.2 Coordination

TopSky provides various ways to coordinate information between controllers.

The example track labels do not represent any specific setup and are only meant to highlight the items specific to each function. In the examples, aircraft ABC123 is assumed by "transferring controller" and the next sector is referred to as "accepting controller". For reference, the example labels would look like these before any coordination (coordination point TROIA, entry/exit level FL180):





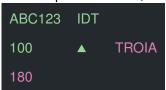
Some of the coordination functions (ROF, RTI and TIP) require very specific conditions to exist to be able to send the necessary messages between the controllers. TopSky attempts to check for this and either disables the function (grey text in the menu button) or creates a warning message if the conditions are lost during a coordination, but in some cases the coordination messages can get lost. In this case try the coordination again or manually coordinate.

2.2.1 PEL/COPN

A coordination is displayed by coloring the proposed values "Proposition In/Out" (depending on whether the coordination was sent or received) in the track label and the flight lists. Additionally, a message is displayed in the *Message In Window*) for received coordinations and in the *Message Out Window*) for coordinations sent by you.

To send a PEL (Planned Entry Level) coordination, left-click on the PEL value in the track label or a flight list. This opens the a menu to select a value. To send a COPN (Entry Point) coordination, left-click on the COPN value in the track label or a flight list. This opens the *Waypoint Menu*). Select "Routing". This opens a menu to select the desired point. Keep an eye for the answer as it can be a counter-proposal as well, so the color of the values staying white doesn't necessarily mean the coordination hasn't been answered!

An example track label, showing both the PEL and COPN being coordinated:



To answer an incoming coordination, left-click on a proposed value or the corresponding message in the *Message In Window*). This opens a menu where you can select the response (Accept, Refuse or Change). After the response, the track label and lists display depend on the answer:



Accept: Accepted values, sector state color

Refuse: Original values, sector state color (due to EuroScope bug, should be "Warning")

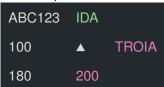
Change: New proposed values in "Proposition Out"

2.2.2 XFL/COPX

A coordination is displayed by coloring the proposed values "Proposition In/Out" (depending on whether the coordination was sent or received) in the track label and the flight lists. Additionally, a message is displayed in the *Message In Window*) for received coordinations and in the *Message Out Window*) for coordinations sent by you.

To send an XFL (Exit Flight Level) coordination, left-click on the XFL value in the track label or a flight list. This opens a menu to select a value. To send a COPX (Exit Point) coordination, left-click on the COPX value in the track label or a flight list. This opens the *Waypoint Menu*). Select "Routing". This opens a menu to select the desired point. Keep an eye for the answer as it can be a counter-proposal as well, so the color of the values staying white doesn't necessarily mean the coordination hasn't been answered!

An example track label, showing both the XFL and COPX being coordinated:



To answer an incoming coordination, left-click on a proposed value or the corresponding message in the *Message In Window*). This opens a menu where you can select the response (Accept, Refuse or Change). After the response, the track label and lists display depend on the answer:

Accept: Accepted values, sector state color

Refuse: Original values, sector state color (due to EuroScope bug, should be "Warning")

Change: New proposed values in "Proposition Out"

2.2.3 Releases

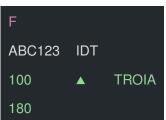
To communicate a release to the next controller, select the "Trf & release" option instead of "Transfer" in the *Callsign Menu* when transferring the aircraft. This opens the *Transfer & Release menu*) to select the desired release condition. The available choices are "Climb", "Descent", "Turn" and "Full". Selecting an option will start the transfer with the selected release condition.

The release will be displayed on line 0 of the track label (in "Proposition In/Out" during the transfer), showing the first letter of the release condition. The example labels below show a Full release: Transferring controller:



Accepting controller:





After the accepting controller assumes the aircraft, the release indicator changes to sector state color. It remains in the transferring controller's label until it becomes unconcerned, and in the accepting controller's label for 3 minutes.

Note

If a release is sent to a controller not using the TopSky plugin, it will only be displayed on your label. To the accepting controller it will look like a normal transfer.

2.2.4 HOP

The purpose of the HOP (Hand-Over Proposal) message is for the transferring controller to propose the flight for hand-over to the accepting controller, and/or to propose non-standard transfer conditions which require the approval of the accepting controller.

To send a HOP without any transfer conditions, select the *Handover Proposal (HOP)*) option in the *Callsign Menu*.

To send a HOP with a transfer condition (assigned heading, direct-to point or assigned speed):

- 1. open the AHDG or ASP menu and select the "HOP" option (found in the "More" folder)
 - See Handover Proposal (HOP)) for indications
- 2. select the desired value (to select a direct-to point, select the "Point" option in the AHDG menu and then left-click on the point on the radar screen

The example labels below show a HOP with an assigned heading proposal: Transferring controller:

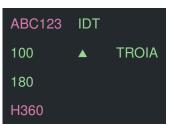
- SI item and any proposed values in Proposition Out color
- · Message in Message Out Window



Accepting controller:

- Callsign item and any proposed values in Proposition In color
- · Message in Message In Window





The transferring controller should keep an eye on both the track label and the *Message In Window*) as there are three ways for the accepting controller to answer a HOP. In order of preference, they are:

- From the *Callsign Menu*, select "ROF". This sends a ROF message to the transferring controller.
 - See Request On Frequency message) for indications
- Left-click on the AHDG, ASP or COPN item. This opens the *Combined Transfer Menu*). In it, select "Accept". This sends an Accept message to the transferring controller.
 - The labels on both controllers' screens return to normal sector state coloring
 - A message is put into the Message In Window for the transferring controller
 - A message is put into the Message Out Window for the accepting controller
- From the *Callsign Menu*, select "Assume". This assumes the aircraft (with the other two answers the aircraft remains assumed by the transferring controller)
 - The labels on both controllers' screens return to normal sector state coloring

Note

If a HOP is sent to a controller not using the TopSky plugin, it will only be displayed on your label. To the accepting controller it will look like a normal transfer. Any proposed values will be shown also on the accepting controller's label but they will not be colored as proposals.

If a HOP is sent to a manually selected controller and is answered by either "Accept" or "ROF", the next controller is reset to the automatically calculated one. The correct controller needs to be manually selected again before transferring the aircraft.

2.2.5 ROF

The ROF (Request on Frequency) message is sent by the accepting controller to the transferring controller, when required, requesting the transferring controller to instruct the aircraft to change to the frequency of the accepting controller. The message may be used as a reply to HOP to signify the acceptance of the flight under the proposed conditions, or to request the early transfer of the flight. To send a ROF message, select the "ROF" option in the *Callsign Menu* of the aircraft in question. The example label below shows the indications when the message is sent (there are no indications in the accepting controller's track label):

Transferring controller:

- ROF text in Proposition In color
- · Message in Message In Window





Accepting controller:

- ROF text in Proposition Out color
- Message in Message Out Window

The indications are removed when a "Transfer", "Trf & release" or "HOP" is performed.

Note

If a ROF is sent to a controller not using the TopSky plugin or the message fails to go through, an error message will be put into the Personal Queue Window. The message counter in the Global Menu will be highlighted in Warning color if the window is not open.

2.2.6 RTI/TIP

These messages are used to request/propose the transfer of a flight on an assigned heading, speed or rate of climb/descent. RTI (Request Tactical Instructions) is a request initiated by the accepting controller and TIP (Tactical Instructions Proposal) a proposal initiated by the transferring controller. In the examples below the RTI message is used. For the TIP message, the indications and actions are the same, only the roles are reversed – the transferring controller sends and the accepting controller answers the message, so the message will appear in the other Message Window. To send the RTI message:

- 1. open the AHDG, ASP or ARC menu and select the "RTI" option (found in the "More" folder)
- 2. select the desired value in the list (the "Point" option in the AHDG menu can't be chosen)

When the message is sent, the following indications are shown: Transferring controller:

- Proposed value in Proposition In color
- · Message in Message In Window

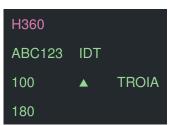


Accepting controller:

• Proposed value in Proposition Out color



Message in Message Out Window



To answer the message, left-click on the proposed value on line 0. This opens the *Tactical Transfer Menu*) where you can either accept or reject the proposal. When clicking on "Accept", the menu closes and the following indications are displayed:

Transferring controller:

- Accepted value in sector state color
- Relevant label field value in Information color (until the accepted value is set)
- Message in Message Out Window



Accepting controller:

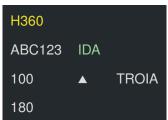
- · Accepted value in sector state color
- Relevant label field value in Information color (until the accepted value is set)
- Message in Message In Window



When the accepted value has been set (either by going back to the Tactical Transfer menu and selecting "Apply" or setting the value some other way), the label field returns to the sector state color. On the other hand, if "Reject" is chosen, the menu closes the indications are as follows: Transferring controller:

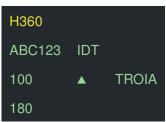
- Rejected value in Warning color
- Message in Message Out Window





Accepting controller:

- Rejected value in Warning color
- Message in Message In Window



A rejected coordination value will be removed from the label after a specified time (60 seconds by default)

Note

If an RTI or TIP is sent to a controller not using the TopSky plugin or the message fails to go through, an error message will be put into the Personal Queue Window. The message counter in the Global Menu will be highlighted if the window is not open.

2.2.7 Coordinating more than one value

It is possible to coordinate more than one value, either before or after the previous proposal has been answered. It is important to note that the label field on line 0 will only show the last proposal or answer. Regardless of this, all the relevant label fields will have the Information color for accepted but not yet set values.

For example, if you send an RTI with AHDG 360 (as in the above example) and then send another with ASP 300 (either immediately or after the first coordination is answered), the label field on line 0 will only show the ASP proposal. When opening the Tactical Transfer menu, all the proposals and accepted values are shown. If more than one proposal is active, clicking on "Accept" or "Reject" will send the same answer to all of them. Therefore, it is recommended to wait for an answer until sending another proposal unless the intention of the proposal is to get "all or nothing".

2.2.8 Data stored in the flight strip annotation boxes

TopSky stores some data in the flight strip annotation boxes (the group of nine boxes in three columns on the right side of the strip). This enables you to send this data to the next controller, or any other controller by manually pushing the strip. In addition, TopSky automatically pushes the strip when a handoff proposal (HOP) is sent.

TopSky needs to be able to use four of the nine boxes for its functions. They are the boxes in the bottom row as well as the right-most box in the center row, marked with X's in the picture below. Do not manually edit those boxes or use them to store any other data. The other boxes, marked by minus signs, are currently not used by TopSky in any way.

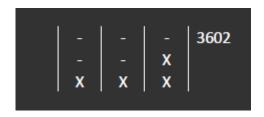


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2.3 Datalink

TopSky uses *Hoppie's ACARS network*. A separate password (logon code) is needed, and it can be requested from that site.

TopSky supports Departure Clearance (DCL) and Controller-Pilot Data Link Communications (CP-DLC).

To start using the data link functions, first connect to the VATSIM network. Then connect to the Hoppie network:

- · Open the CPDLC Setting Window
- · Enter/check the login callsign
- · Enter your personal logon code
- Select whether to provide CPDLC or DCL/PDC services or both
- Left-click on the "Connect" button

The "Connect" button will change to "Online" with a green background. Wait at least 10 seconds to see if the connection is successful. Error messages regarding the connection will be shown in the *Personal Queue Window*.

Warning

Attempting to connect with a CPDLC login callsign that is already in use will not fail instantly, and may take up to 10 seconds for the error message to be added to the *Personal Queue Window*

The Hoppie logon code expires after 120 days of inactivity. If that happens, the connection will fail and a new logon code has to be requested.

If the connection is lost, an error message dialog will be displayed in the center of the radar screen. Note that if multiple EuroScope instances are used, the proxy instances will not be able to access the CPDLC message windows or change the network connection status.

TopSky may sometimes fail to parse the message contents correctly. The longer the message, the more likely it is that the parsing will go wrong. When in doubt, open the message in the *CPDLC Current Message Window*.

The example track labels do not represent any specific setup and are only meant to highlight the items specific to each function. In the examples, aircraft ABC123 is assumed by you, the next controller is "IDA", the aircraft is climbing through FL100, and its cleared level is FL180. This is the label before any messages arrive:



When the aircraft requests to start a CPDLC connection, it sends a "REQUEST LOGON" message. The message is displayed in the *CPDLC Current Message Window* and the Callsign field gets blinking square brackets around it (not on proxy ES instances). TopSky automatically denies requests for aircraft not entering your sector. To approve the request, use the "Start CPDLC" button in the *Callsign Menu*. To deny the request, left-click on the message in the *CPDLC Current Message Window* and select "UNABLE". It is also possible to accept if necessary, but the *Callsign Menu* is the primary way to do it.

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When the request has been accepted, the Callsign field will get steady square brackets around it. This indicates that the aircraft is CPDLC connected and available to exchange CPDLC messages with.



To terminate the CPDLC connection of an aircraft, use the "End CPDLC" button in the Callsign Menu.

Note While it is possible to answer any message in the CPDLC Current Message Window using the "Manual Reply" option, the track label menus should always be used to answer correctly recognized messages, as using the manual reply method will not update the track label values.

2.3.1 Departure Clearance (DCL)

ARINC-623 DCL is a service used in Europe and many other parts of the World. It is a direct ATC-to-pilot data link communication over the ACARS network.

The departure clearance functionality is built into the Departure List. A received clearance request is displayed in the list, and a clearance can be sent by opening the Pre-Departure Clearance Window via left clicking the RWY or SID fields of the Departure List.

A DCL follows a chronological sequence of events that must be completed in order to communicate a clearance.

2.3.1.1 Departure Clearance Request (RCD)

The aircraft sends a clearance request message (RCD). The message is also shown in the CPDLC Current Message Window:

REQUEST PREDEP CLEARANCE ABC123 A320 TO ESSA AT LPPT STAND 221 ATIS PAPA

2.3.1.2 Flight System Message (FSM)

If the request is correctly formatted, TopSky will automatically send a flight system message (FSM) as a reply. Its content depends on whether all the requirements for a DCL are met (flight plan found, departure airport offers data link clearances, etc.). If so, the following reply message is sent to the aircraft:

DEPART MESSAGE STATUS FSM 1312 221113 LPPT ABC123 RCD RECEIVED RE-QUEST BEING PROCESSED STANDBY

The List CLR tag item will show a "R" text in yellow (red if the request contained remarks text after the ATIS indicator. Check the message in the CPDLC Current Message Window). The text will start to blink two minutes before a timeout occurs if a clearance hasn't been sent.

If a clearance is not sent before the timeout occurs, the data link clearance request is automatically rejected and a message is sent to the aircraft to revert to voice procedures.

RCD REJECTED REVERT TO VOICE PROCEDURES

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2.3.1.3 Departure Clearance Message (CLD)

The clearance is sent using the *Pre-Departure Clearance Window*), opened by left clicking the RWY or SID fields of the Departure List.



Due to system limitations, the current ATIS letter should be manually added to the RMK field of the DCL, in the "ATIS: X" format.

The clearance is sent using the "Send DCL" button. "Voice" rejects the data link clearance request and sends a message to the aircraft to revert to voice procedures.

LPPT PDC 001 CLD 1314 221113 LPPT PDC 001 ABC123 CLRD TO ESSA OFF 02 VIA IXIDA5N SQUAWK 3251 ATIS:X QNH 1012

Once the clearance is sent, the List CLR item will change to "A", and will start to blink if there is no reply from the aircraft two minutes before a timeout occurs.

If there is still no answer from the aircraft when the timeout occurs, the data link clearance is automatically rejected and a message is sent to the aircraft informing it that the received clearance has been cancelled.

ACK NOT RECEIVED CLEARANCE CANCELLED REVERT TO VOICE PROCEDURES

2.3.1.4 Departure Clearance Readback (CDA)

A clearance can be answered to with either "WILCO" to accept it or "UNABLE" to reject it.

2.3.1.5 Flight System Message (FSM)

Once a reply is received, the List CLR item changes to a filled box (for WILCO) or clears it (for UNABLE). A message is automatically sent to the aircraft.

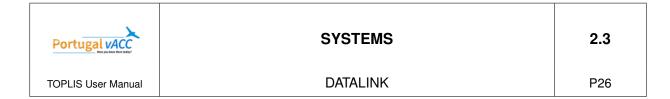
ATC REQUEST STATUS FSM 1317 221113 LPPT ABC123 CDA RECEIVED CLEAR-ANCE CONFIRMED

If an UNABLE reply is received, clearance must then be negotiated and delivered by voice. A message is automatically sent to the aircraft.

CONTACT ATC BY VOICE REFUSE NOT SUPPORTED BY DATALINK

2.3.1.6 Abnormal operations

Most failure cases result from the message not being correctly formatted, and TopSky failing to recognize it correctly. Regardless of whether TopSky recognizes the message as belonging to a departure clearance sequence, it will be put into the *CPDLC Current Message Window*. In case the system fails, revert to voice communications.



2.3.2 Controller-Pilot Data Link Communications (CPDLC)

CPDLC is a means of communication between controller and pilot, using data link for ATC communications, and with the extra advantage of displaying data on the track labels and flight lists as well.

As the messages take significant amount of time to get through (receiving a reply to a clearance can take anything from seconds to a couple of minutes), using CPDLC should be limited to situations that are not time-critical. For this reason, it is mostly used in upper airspace area control sectors.

The messages are grouped to dialogs, with an opening message and subsequent replies. Some messages do not need a reply, while for others a specific reply is expected. The available replies are set automatically, so only the correct type of reply can be sent.

2.3.2.1 Allowed message types

TopSky allows for the following types of messages:

Uplink Downlink

Level clearance Level request

Heading clearance Heading request

Direct-to clearance Direct-to request

Speed clearance Speed request

Squawk code assignment Urgency (MAYDAY/PAN/SQ7500)

Squawk ident instruction Free text

Voice contact instruction

Free text

2.3.2.2 Non-allowed message types

TopSky does not allow the following downlink message types. They will be automatically closed and a reply sent informing that the system does not support the message type:

- · Any requests containing "When can we expect", "At pilots discretion" or "Own separation"
- · Level requests for a cruise climb, block level, or any level request tied to a position or time
- · Lateral requests for an offset, weather deviation or ground track
- Speed requests to maintain a speed range
- Voice contact requests
- · Requests for a procedure name and/or type
- · Position reports

Note that a non-allowed message type can be classified as "free text" by TopSky if the message parser doesn't recognize it as a non-allowed type. In this case the automatic reply will not be sent and the message may be left waiting for an answer if an answer is required.



2.3.2.3 Uplink clearance sequence

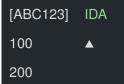
In this example a level clearance is used. The clearance is sent using the *CFL Menu*. To send the clearance using CPDLC, check that the "CPDLC" option is selected. Depending on the aircraft's altitude, by default it may be selected or deselected. Send the clearance by selecting a level value. In this case FL200 was selected, and the CPDLC message "CLIMB TO FL200" was sent to the aircraft. The uplinked value is shown in brackets and in CPDLC UM Clearance



The aircraft has responded with "STANDBY". The uplinked value changes to CPDLC Standby color, and a warning is inserted on line 0 of the label. The warning can be acknowledged by left-clicking on it.



The aircraft then eventually answers with "WILCO". The CFL value is updated accordingly and the label field colors return to normal:



If the aircraft answers with "UNABLE", a warning is inserted in line 0 of the label:



The "+" after the level indicates that there is a reason in the answer message, for example "DUE TO PERFORMANCE". The reason given is only accessible from the *CPDLC Current Message Window*. Left-clicking on the warning acknowledges it and the original CFL value is again shown in the label:



2.3.2.4 Downlink request sequence

This example shows a level request.

The aircraft has sent a level request for FL200. The value is shown in the PRFL (Pilot Requested Level) field in brackets and in CPDLC DM Request





The responses to a level request are sent using the *CFL Menu*, which offers the possibilities to respond with "STANDBY", "UNABLE" or a level clearance. In the last case the sequence then changes to an *Uplink clearance sequence*.

2.3.2.5 Abnormal operations

As with DCL messages, the most likely failure scenario is TopSky misinterpreting the contents of a received message, which can be verified on the *CPDLC Current Message Window*. Some other failure scenarios are presented below.

If TopSky has temporarily lost contact with the CPDLC server, "CPDLC COMM FAIL" will be inserted in line 0 of the labels of all CPDLC connected aircraft in CPDLC Failed



In case the server connection is not re-established within a certain time, the connection will be automatically closed and a warning message box will be presented. A new connection can be attempted at any time from the *CPDLC Setting Window*.

During temporary connection issues and also when the connection is automatically closed, the "AGCS" system label in the *General Information Window* will be displayed with Warning color until a connection is re-established.

If the CPDLC connection is terminated by the pilot, a "CPDLC P ABT" warning is inserted in line 0 of the label in CPDLC Failed



Left-clicking on the warning acknowledges it.

If an uplink clearance is not answered in time, a "<message type> P LATE" warning will be inserted in line 0 of the label in CPDLC Pilot Late





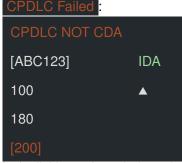
Left-clicking on it opens a menu with options to either abort the clearance or manually mark it as aswered with "WILCO". Manually marking should be done only after a satisfactory readback is obtained by voice.

If sending an uplink clearance failed, a "<message type> ERR" warning will be inserted in line 0 of the label in CPDLC Failed



Left-clicking acknowledges the warning and aborts the clearance, displaying the previous value in the label.

If an uplink clearance is sent successfully but you are not the Current Data Unit in the aircraft's CPDLC system, a "<message type> NOT CDA" warning will be inserted in line 0 of the label in



Left-clicking acknowledges the warning and aborts the clearance, displaying the previous value in the label.

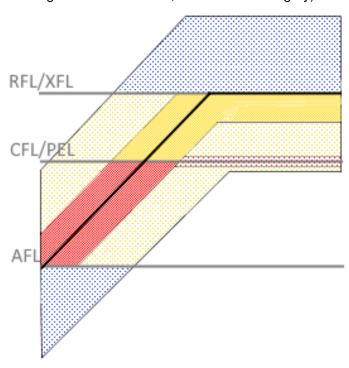


2.4 Flight Plan Conflict Probe

2.4.1 MTCD (Medium Term Conflict Detection)

General

The MTCD system is a tool that enables the controller to predict possible future conflicts between aircraft. For performance reasons the maximum selectable look-ahead time (prediction time) is limited to 40 minutes and the separation distance that triggers the alert (prediction distance) to 20 nm. They can be set to any lower value, the defaults being 20 minutes and 8 nm. In the lateral plane the system works by checking the aircraft's predicted route up to the defined prediction time and calculating if the separation with other aircraft will be less than the defined prediction distance. In the vertical plane, TopSky can be set up to use either of the two following setups (example predicted vertical path of a climbing track in black color, relevant levels in grey):



- Conflicts (area with red shading)
 - detected within a specified buffer (default 4000ft) around the predicted vertical path of the aircraft between AFL and CFL/PEL
 - current clearances may lead to a loss of separation
- Conflict risks (area with yellow shading)
 - detected within the same buffer, but outside of the AFL-CFL/PEL level range
 - current clearances will not lead to a loss of separation, but clearing one of the tracks to another level may turn the risk into a conflict
- Potential predicted conflicts (area with light red shading)



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- detected for tracks with equal CFL/PEL values, after the level is calculated to have been reached, when the predicted path contains further climb/descent
- at least one of the tracks must be in the assumed sector state
- current clearances may lead to a loss of separation if further climb/descent is not given
- Potential risks of conflict (area with light yellow shading)
 - detected within a larger vertical buffer (default 10000ft) but within the minimum and maximum levels of the predicted vertical path
- · Potential conflicts (area with light blue shading)
 - detected within the larger vertical buffer, outside of the minimum and maximum levels of the predicted vertical path

Optionally, the detection of potential predicted conflicts and potential risks of conflict can be disabled, in which case they will be converted to potential conflicts.

For the predictions to be accurate, it's very important to keep the CFL and the aircraft's route updated at all times. MTCD can be disabled for aircraft that have an assigned heading or a RAM warning, as in those cases the system can't predict the aircraft's future positions. If it is enabled for them, the system assumes that the aircraft continues on its present track and ground speed for a specified time and stops the prediction there. The system is always disabled for flight plan tracks with an assigned heading.

Conflict and risk display

If there is a conflict or potential predicted conflict for the aircraft within the set warning parameters (can be set to warn for risks as well), the following indications are shown. The default values are 10 minutes to loss of separation with a 7nm separation minimum.

MTCD track label field Either "•" in Urgency color or "MTCD" in Warning color The MTCD conflicts are also displayed in the *CARD*).

2.4.2 SAP (Segregated Area Probe)

General

Much like the MTCD system predicts future conflicts between aircraft, the SAP system predicts future intrusions into active areas. The system uses the same look-ahead time as the MTCD system. The future position predictions are done at one-minute intervals which means a very short intrusion into an active area may not be noticed by the system. The classification into risks and conflicts is the same as in MTCD: a conflict means that the current clearance may lead to the aircraft entering an active area, whereas a risk means that the current clearance will not lead to that but clearing the aircraft to its XFL or some other level beyond the current CFL may do so.

As with MTCD, keeping the CFL and the aircraft's route updated is important for the system's operation. Like MTCD, SAP can be disabled for any aircraft that has an assigned heading or a RAM warning. If enabled, the prediction logic is the same as in the MTCD case. SAP is disabled for non-altitude reporting traffic that doesn't have a manually set AFL.



Conflict and Risk display on the track label

A conflict is shown by displaying the Military coordination indicator ("M"). The indicator can be set to warn for risks as well. Note that once the indicator is clicked and changes to inactive state, the system will not give further warnings for that aircraft as long as the indicator is in the inactive state. Click on the inactive indicator to re-arm the system once the aircraft has passed all the areas for which crossing clearance was given.

SAP conflicts (optionally also risks) are also shown in the SAP Window).

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2.5 Label field descriptions

Data field	Description	Comments	Color
Frequency dot	Frequency	"•", set from Callsign Menu Used to highlight a flight operating in a frequency other than the Sector Primary	Freq Indicator
Mark dot	Mark	"•", set from Callsign Menu Used to highlight a particular flight	Information
+	Field 18 information	"+" if "STS/" found in FPL remarks field	
*	Unit	"*" if label units are different from the system units	Warning
Α	Manual alerts	"A" if Manual alert(s) active	Warning
a	Attitude indicator	Climbing: up arrow Descending: down arrow Level flight or unknown: blank	
ADEP	Departure aero- drome	ICAO code, 4 characters	
ADES	Destination aerodrome	ICAO code, 4 characters	
AFL	Actual Flight Level	FL's with 3 digits Altitudes "A"+ 2 digits Heights "E"+ 2 digits, in hundreds of feet	AIW: AIW intrusion Manually set: Warning Mark All: CARD Mark All S-Highlight: Suite Highlight



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Data field	Description	Comments	Color
AHDG	Assigned head-ing	List: Assigned heading ("H" + 3 digits) or direct-to point name	If a value is assigned and HOP: Proposition In
		Unselected label: - Assigned heading - Direct-to point name (hidden when direct to COPX)	If a tactical coordination value is accepted but not set: Information If a CPDLC uplink message
		Selected label: - Assigned heading - Direct-to point name If a heading clearance or request is in progress via CP-DLC, displays "[heading]", followed by "+" if the request or answer contains a reason(i.e. DUE TO something). DEP list: Does not display the brackets for CPDLC	has been sent: CPDLC UM Clearance If a CPDLC downlink message has been received: CPDLC DM Request If controller timeout has expired following a CPDLC downlink request: CPDLC Controller Late If a CPDLC warning has been raised: color of the warning
AIW	AIW alert (see also ALRT)	"AIW"	AIW intrusion
ALRT	Alert message	"MSAW", "APW", "AIW", "CLAM", "RAM" or "DUPE" (in this priority order)	MSAW and APW: Warning AIW: AIW intrusion
ALT1	Alternate aero- drome 1	ICAO code, 4 characters	
ALT2	Alternate aero- drome 2	Second alternate can be set by inserting "ALT2/XXXX" into the FPL remarks field	
APW	APW alert (see also ALRT)	"APW"	Warning



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Data field	Description	Comments	Color
ARC	Assigned vertical rate	"R" + 2 digits, in 100's of ft/min	If a value is assigned and HOP: Proposition In If a tactical coordination value is accepted but not set: Information
ARWY	Arrival runway	Arrival runway identifier	If manually assigned: Rwy Locked
ASP	Assigned speed	Mach "M" + 2 digits "HS" for high speed clearance Speed 2 digits, in 10's of knots If a speed clearance or request is in progress via CP-DLC, displays "[speed]", followed by "+" if the request or answer contains a reason.	If a value is assigned and HOP: Proposition In If a tactical coordination value is accepted but not set: Information If a CPDLC uplink message has been sent: CPDLC UM Clearance If a CPDLC downlink message has been received: CPDLC DM Request If controller timeout has expired following a CPDLC downlink request: CPDLC Controller Late If a CPDLC warning has been raised: color of the warning



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Data field	Description	Comments	Color
ASSR	Assigned mode 3/A code	4 digits or "A"+ 4 digits. If a SQUAWK SSR message is in progress via CPDLC, displays the code in brackets, followed by "+" if the answer contains a reason. DEP list: Does not display the brackets for CPDLC status.	If different than TSSR: Warning If a CPDLC uplink message has been sent: CPDLC UM Clearance If a CPDLC warning has been raised: color of the warning
ATD	Actual Time of Departure	UTC time in "HHMM" format	
ATYP	Aircraft type	Type with max 4 characters	If highlighted: Warning
ATYP/W	Aircraft type / Wake Turbu- lence Category	Type with max 4 characters + "/" + WTC ("L", "M", "H", "J" or "?")	If highlighted: Warning
С	Inbound clear- ance	"C" if ADES needs inbound clearance	Active state: Information
CALLSIGN	Callsign	If more than one aircraft, suffixed by "+". If correlated to a primary track or to a secondary track with no ASSR code and a non-discrete TSSR code, suffixed by "*". If the flight is CPDLC connected, the callsign is displayed in brackets.	Priority order: STCA alert: Urgency HOP in: Proposition In Mark Own: CARD Mark Own Highlight: Warning Mark All: CARD Mark All S-Highlight: Suite Highlight If none of the above: Transfer in: Assumed Transfer out: Redundant



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Data field	Description	Comments	Color
CFL	Cleared Flight Level	"CA" if Clear for App flag set "VA" if Visual App flag set See AFL field for number format. Unselected label: Not shown if equal to AFL If a level clearance is in progress via CPDLC, displays "[level]", followed by "+" if the answer contains a reason (i.e. DUE TO something). DEP list: Does not display the brackets for CPDLC status.	DEP list: For CTR, if CFL >PEL, for others if CFL >XFL: Warning If a CPDLC uplink message has been sent: CPDLC UM Clearance If a CPDLC warning has been raised: color of the warning
CFL/PEL	Cleared Flight Level or Planned Entry Level	PEL is shown for flights in "coordinated" and "ongoing coordination" states, CFL otherwise. "CA" if Clear for App flag set "VA" if Visual App flag set See AFL field for number format. Unselected label: PEL: Not shown if equal to AFL and no ongoing coordination. CFL: Not shown if equal to AFL If a level clearance is in progress via CPDLC, displays "[level]", followed by "+" if the answer contains a reason (i.e. DUE TO something).	PEL: Ongoing coordination: Proposition In Change just before ETN: Info Coord Coordination refused: Warning CFL: If a CPDLC uplink message has been sent: CPDLC UM Clearance If a CPDLC downlink message has been received: CPDLC DM Request If a CPDLC warning has been raised: color of the warning



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Data field	Description	Comments	Color
CLR	Clearance received flag	If no clearance received and no data link clearance in progress: " " If clearance requested via data link: "R" If waiting for answer from the aircraft for a sent data link clearance: "A" If clearance received: " " " "R" and "A" are blinking when less than 2 minutes are remaining to timeout	"R": When request contains free text: Urgency Otherwise: Warning "A": When blinking: Warning
СОМ	Communication type	"r" if voice receive only "t" if text only	Warning
COMP_CS	ICAO RTF call- sign	The decoded ICAO RTF call- sign "???" if not in database	
COORD	Coordination message	"ROF" if a Request On Frequency message has been received from the next sector The last changed tactical coordination parameter value (AHDG, ASP or ARC)	Proposed: Proposition In Rejected: Warning
COPN	Entry point		Ongoing coordination: Proposition In Coordination refused: Warning



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Data field	Description	Comments	Color
COPX	Exit point	DEP list: If logged in as CTR and flight not inside active sector, dis- plays COPN (with holding): A holding clearance is dis- played if there is no co- ordination. It shows the holding point name + " H" or for lat/lon point holdings, "POS H". For a TSA Hold clearance, the area name is shown.	Ongoing coordination: Proposition In Coordination refused: Warning
COPN/COPX	Entry point or Exit point	COPN is shown for flights in "coordinated" and "ongoing coordination" states, COPX in "assumed", "transfer initiated" and "redundant" phases. (with holding): A holding clearance is displayed if there is no coordination. It shows the holding point name + " H" or for lat/lon point holdings, "POS H". For a TSA Hold clearance, the area name is shown.	Ongoing coordination: Proposition In Coordination refused: Warning
CPDLC_E	CPDLC Emergency	CPDLC emergency messages: "SQ7500", "[MAYDAY]", or "[PAN]"	Urgency



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Data field	Description	Comments	Color
CPDLC_W	CPDLC Warning	CPDLC warning messages: "COMM FAIL" for network failure " <type> ERR" for message failure "<type> NOT CDA" for NOT CURRENT DATA AUTHORITY response "<type> P LATE" for timeout "<type> SBY" for STANDBY response "<type> UNA" for UNABLE response <type> is the type of message: "AHDG" for heading clearance "CFL" for level clearance "COF" for communication transfer "DCT" for direct-to clearance "SQI" for SQUAWK IDENT message "SSR" for SQUAWK SSR message "VCI" for communication transfer</type></type></type></type></type></type>	"COMM FAIL", "ERR" or "NOT CDA": CPDLC Failed "UNA": CPDLC Unable "SBY": CPDLC Standby "P LATE": CPDLC Pilot Late
CRC	Computed vertical rate	2 digits, in 100's of ft/min Value preceded by "C" for climbing, "D" for descending	
DHDG	Downloaded heading	Magnetic heading as down- loaded from the aircraft via mode S DAPs. "H" + 3 digits.	
DIAS	Downloaded indicated airspeed	Indicated airspeed as down- loaded from the aircraft via mode S DAPs. Blank, not available on VAT- SIM.	
DMACH	Downloaded Mach number	Mach number as down- loaded from the aircraft via mode S DAPs. Blank, not available on VAT- SIM.	



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Data field	Description	Comments	Color
DRC	Downloaded rate of climb/descent	Rate of climb/descent as downloaded from the aircraft via mode S DAPs. Not available on VATSIM (computed rate displayed instead, see CRC).	
DRWY	Departure run- way	Departure runway identifier	Clearance flag not set: Proposition In Clearance flag set: Information
DSFL	Downloaded selected flight level	Selected flight level as down- loaded from the aircraft via mode S DAPs. Blank, not available on VAT- SIM.	
DSQ	Departure sequence number		
EET	Estimated Elapsed Time	"ННММ"	
EMRG	Emergency	"HI" for squawk 7500 "CF" for squawk 7600, "EM" for squawk 7700	Urgency
EQUIP	FPL equipment field	Rough conversion to ICAO FPL (COM/NAV): COM/NAV equipment (SUR): "/" + surveillance equipment	
EST/DEP/ ABT	Manual depar- ture	"EST" when clearance flag not set and ground state not "DEPA" "DEP" when clearance flag set or ground state "DEPA" but not yet departed "ABT" when departed	



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Data field	Description	Comments	Color
ЕТА	Estimated Time of Arrival	UTC time in "HHMM" format or "HOLD" if flight in holding state	
ETD	Estimated Time of Departure	UTC time in "HHMM" format	
ETD/ATD	Estimated Time of Departure or Actual Time of Departure	For a departed aircraft, shows the actual departure, otherwise the estimated departure time. "HHMM", both times taken from the FPL data	
ETN	Estimated time over COPN or sector entry time if no COPN	UTC time in "HHMM" format (sector entry): always entry time	
ЕТОНР	Estimated time over holding point or holding start time	UTC time in "HHMM" format	
ETX	Estimated time over COPX or sector exit time if no COPX	UTC time in "HHMM" format (sector exit): always exit time	
FCOPX	FIR COPX point		
FIELD15	Speed/Level/Rou	teThe flight plan field 15 data (TAS, RFL and route). Max 360 characters	
FIELD18	Other information	The flight plan field 18 data (remarks). Max 360 characters	
FLTADD	Mode S transponder address	Mode S transponder hex address	
FLTID	Aircraft identification	Callsign as received via mode S	
GS	Ground Speed	"N"+3 digits, in knots	If highlighted: Warning



SYSTEMS

LABEL FIELD DESCRIPTIONS

2.5

P43

Data field	Description	Comments	Color
HP	Holding point	Holding point name or for lat/lon point holdings, "POS". For a TSA Hold clearance, the area name is shown.	
I	Flight informa- tion	"I" if OP_TEXT has data	
Label	Label hidden flag	"■" if label displayed, "□" if label hidden	
М	Military coordination	"M" if military coordination is required	Active state: Warning
MALRT	Manual alerts	Displays alerts entered via the <i>Callsign Menu</i>	Warning
MSAW	MSAW alert (see also ALRT)	"MSAW"	Warning
MTCD	MTCD indicator	"•" if aircraft has an MTCD problem	Urgency
N/ATYP	Number of aircraft / Aircraft type	Unselected label: Number range 2 - 99 Selected label or List: Number range 1 - 99 Number can be set by prefixing the aircraft type in the FPL by "X/" where X is the number (max 99)	If highlighted: Warning



SYSTEMS

LABEL FIELD DESCRIPTIONS

2.5

P44

Data field	Description	Comments	Color
NPT	Next route point	When a DCT request or clearance via CPDLC is in progress: Displays the point name followed by "+" if the request contains a reason (i.e. DUE TO something) Otherwise: Next point on the route	If a CPDLC uplink message has been sent: CPDLC UM Clearance If a CPDLC downlink message has been received: CPDLC DM Request If controller timeout has expired following a CPDLC downlink request: CPDLC Controller Late If a CPDLC warning has been raised: color of the warning
NRAC	Number of aircraft	Number from 2 to 99 Extended label: "n" if 1 Other label or (List): blank if 1 Number can be set by prefixing the aircraft type in the FPL by "X/" where X is the number (max 99).	
NSSR	SSR warning	Displays ASSR if different from TSSR	If a CPDLC uplink message has been sent: CPDLC UM Clearance If a CPDLC warning has been raised: color of the warning
OP_TEXT	Flight informa- tion message	User entered text, stored in the flight strip	
OP_TEXT2	OP_TEXT2 message	User entered text, stored in the scratchpad	
Р	No P- RNAV/RNAV1 capability	"P" if aircraft equipment is not indicating P-RNAV/RNAV1 capability and destination has arrival procedures requiring it	Information



SYSTEMS

LABEL FIELD DESCRIPTIONS

2.5

P45

Data field	Description	Comments	Color
PEL	Planned Entry Level	"CA" if Clear for App set "VA" if Visual App flag set See AFL field for number format.	Ongoing coordination: Proposition In Change just before ETN: Info Coord Coordination refused: Warning
PFREQ	Pilot monitored frequency	Displays your primary frequency when transfer of communications was done via CPDLC using the MON-ITOR option	CPDLC DM Request
PRFL	RFL requested by pilot via CP- DLC	Displays "[requested level]", followed by "+" if the request contains a reason (i.e. DUE TO something)	If a CPDLC downlink message has been received: CPDLC DM Request If controller timeout has expired following a CPDLC downlink request: CPDLC Controller Late If a CPDLC warning has been raised: color of the warning
PSSR	Previous mode 3/A code	If not known, shows ASSR if available. Format as ASSR field.	
R	No B- RNAV/RNAV5 capability	"R" if aircraft equipment is not indicating B-RNAV/RNAV5 capability	Not equipped: Urgency Unknown: Unknown



SYSTEMS

LABEL FIELD DESCRIPTIONS

2.5

P46

Data field	Description	Comments	Color
RFL	Requested Flight Level	List: If an RFL request is in progress via CPDLC, displays "[requested level]", followed by "+" if the request contains a reason (i.e. DUE TO something). DEP list does not display the brackets for CPDLC status.	In flight lists: If a CPDLC downlink message has been received: CPDLC DM Request If controller timeout has expired following a CPDLC downlink request: CPDLC Controller Late If a CPDLC warning has been raised: color of the warning
RI	Release Indicator	"F" fully released "C" released for climb "D" released for descent "T" released for turns Incoming release disappears 3 min after track is assumed, outgoing when track is no longer redundant.	During transfer: Proposition In
ROUTE	Flight plan route	DEP list - part 1 shows first 15 characters, part 2 characters 16-30 If departing from defined airports: - first 30/45 characters (2 or 3 parts) If arriving at a clearance flag airport: - last 30/45 characters (2 or 3 parts) Else: - first 30/45 characters (2 or 3 parts)	
S	Mode S mis- match indicator	"S" if downloaded callsign is different than coupled flight plan callsign	Warning



SYSTEMS

LABEL FIELD DESCRIPTIONS

2.5

P47

Data field	Description	Comments	Color
SI	Sector Indicator	Assumed track: Next sector identifier or frequency. Displayed in brackets if a communications transfer is in progress via CPDLC, followed by "+" if the answer contains a reason. The fre-	Priority order: Outgoing HOP: Proposition In Manually changed next sector: Warning Normal next sector:
		quency display is forced on during a transfer via CPDLC.	Coordination
		Other tracks: Tracking controller identifier or frequency.	If a CPDLC communications transfer uplink message has been sent: CPDLC UM Clearance
		List: Frequency display is not possible	If a CPDLC warning has been raised: color of the warning
		DEP list: Does not display the brackets for CPDLC status.	g
		Current: Displays always the current tracking controller id	
		Previous: Displays the cur- rent tracking controller id un- less it is you or the track is in redundant state	
		Next: Displays the next controller id when assumed, or current when in redundant state	
SID	Assigned or planned SID	SID identifier	If automatically assigned: Sid Star No Allocation
			If manually assigned: Sid Star Allocation
SQ	Arrival sequence number	A number from 1 to 50	



SYSTEMS

LABEL FIELD DESCRIPTIONS

2.5

P48

Data field	Description	Comments	Color
STAR	Assigned or planned STAR	STAR identifier	If not transmitted to flight: Sid Star No Allocation If readback received from flight: Sid Star Allocation
STS	Ground state	EuroScope default ground state	
TAS	Flight Plan TAS	See GS field for format	
TEXT2	OP-TEXT2 message	If more than 10 characters, then shows first 9 + ">"	
TRACK	Ground track	"T" + the aircraft's current ground track in degrees magnetic	
TSSR	Aircraft transpon- ded mode 3/A code	4 digits or "A"+ 4 digits	
V	Flight rules	"V" if VFR "Y" if first IFR and later VFR "Z" if first VFR and later IFR	
W	No RVSM capability	"W" if aircraft equipment is not indicating RVSM capab- ility	Not equipped: Urgency Exempt: Information Unknown: Unknown
WTC	Wake turbu- lence category	"J" for Super "H" for Heavy "M" for Medium "L" for Light "?" for unknown Unselected label: Only displayed if not medium unless the field is highlighted	If highlighted: Warning



SYSTEMS

2.5

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LABEL FIELD DESCRIPTIONS

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Data field	Description	Comments	Color
/WTC	Wake turbu- lence category	"/J" for Super "/H" for Heavy "/M" for Medium "/L" for Light "?" for unknown Unselected label: Only displayed if not medium unless the field is highlighted	If highlighted: Warning
XFL	Exit Flight Level	"CA" if Clear for App set "VA" if Visual App flag set See AFL field for number format. Unselected label: Not shown if equal to CFL/PEL and no ongoing co- ordination. DEP list: If logged in as CTR and flight not inside active sector, dis- plays PEL. Otherwise displays XFL.	Ongoing coordination: Proposition In Coordination refused: Warning
Υ	No 8.33kHz capability	"Y" if aircraft equipment is not indicating 8.33kHz capability	Not equipped: Urgency Exempt: Information Unknown: Unknown



2.6 Monitoring Aids

2.6.1 CLAM (Cleared Level Adherence Monitoring)

General

The CLAM system warns if an aircraft is not maintaining its cleared level and its vertical rate is not towards the cleared level. The alert is inhibited when the cleared level is lower than a defined value (100ft), and for aircraft in level flight, for a specified time (60 sec) after a new cleared level is set.

Alert Display

An alert is shown by displaying a circle around the aircraft position symbol and the text "CLAM" in the ALRT track label field. Note that MSAW, APW and AIW alerts will have priority over a CLAM alert in the track label.

2.6.2 RAM (Route Adherence Monitoring)

General

The RAM system warns if an aircraft is deviating from its route by more than a defined distance (2nm). The alert is inhibited specific distances from the departure (30nm) and destination (30nm), and a larger cross-track error (5nm) is allowed near waypoints where the route makes a turn (over 10° course change).

For aircraft on a direct-to clearance, the alert is given if the difference between the aircraft's track and the direct track to the cleared point exceeds a set value (5°). After a direct-to clearance is given, the alert is inhibited for a specified time (60 sec) or until the aircraft's track is towards the point, whichever happens first.

Alert Display

An alert is shown by displaying a circle around the aircraft position symbol and the text "RAM" in the ALRT track label field. Note that an MSAW, APW, AIW and CLAM alerts will have priority over a RAM alert in the track label.



2.7 Safety Nets

2.7.1 AIW (Airspace Infringement Warning)

General

The AIW system warns if an uncontrolled aircraft is already inside or going to enter controlled airspace within a defined time. The system will only scan correlated radar tracks.

Alert display

An alert is shown by displaying the text "AIW" in the ALRT track label field. Note that MSAW and APW alerts will have priority over an AIW alert. The AFL item is also colored "AIW Intrusion" and a one-minute- long prediction line is displayed in "AIW Intrusion" color regardless of the prediction line settings.

2.7.2 APW (Area Proximity Warning)

General

The APW system warns if an aircraft is inside or about to enter an active area it shouldn't be entering (for example active danger, restricted and TSA areas). The position of the aircraft is only predicted in 30 second intervals for performance reasons so very short future intrusions may not be noticed by the system. The areas are defined in an external text file and activated in the *Airspace Management Window*.

Alert display

An alert is shown by coloring the CALLSIGN item background (plugin drawn windows) or the text itself (elsewhere where TopSky can't control the background color) in Warning color unless the CALLSIGN item has been manually highlighted, and also by displaying the text "APW" in the ALRT track label field (an MSAW alert will have priority over an APW alert there).

2.7.3 MSAW (Minimum Safe Altitude Warning)

General

The MSAW system alerts when an aircraft is flying at an altitude below the minimum safe altitude. The minimum safe altitude data is read from an external file that has to be present for the system to give any warnings. There is an adjustable buffer value in the system that allows some altitude variation below the safe altitude to inhibit nuisance alerts for aircraft flying at the minimum safe altitude and not staying exactly at that altitude.

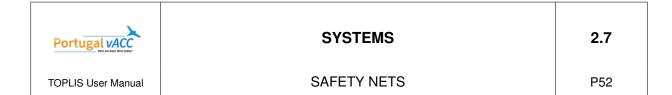
Alert display

An alert is shown by displaying the text "MSAW" in the ALRT track label field.

2.7.4 STCA (Short Term Conflict Alert)

General

The STCA system is designed to alert the controller of a possible or actual loss of separation between aircraft. The alert is given a specified time (for example 90 seconds) before a loss of separation



is predicted to happen, but it is dependent on the relative positions and movement of the aircraft. The alert will not be shown if both aircraft have STCA alerting inhibited (see the *Safety Nets Status Window*), are inside exclusion areas for parallel approaches, or when either aircraft is inside an active STCA inhibit area.

In the vertical plane there is an option to always assume that an aircraft will level off at its cleared level. This will reduce the number of nuisance alerts caused by climbing and descending aircraft in busy airspace, but will delay the alert in case an aircraft continues through its cleared level. The alert will then be given only after the failure to level off is seen by the system.

Alert display

An alert is shown by coloring the CALLSIGN item background (plugin drawn windows) or the text itself (elsewhere where TopSky can't control the background color) in Urgency color. A one-minute-long prediction line is displayed in Urgency color regardless of the prediction line settings.

In addition to the above, the radar position symbol and history dots are displayed in Urgency color. An aural alert can also be generated if the corresponding plugin setting is enabled.



2.8 Sector States

Depending on a set of conditions and relationships, each Flight Plan is defined as being in a certain state relative to each airspace volume. This is the so called Sector State. As a given flight progresses along its route it will go through a series of different Sector States relative to a given airspace volume. Track presentation coloring depends on the flight sector state:

State	Color	Condition
Initial (Uncon- cerned)	Unconcerned	Track will not enter the active sector
Free (Uncon- cerned)	Unconcerned	Track is not assumed or on-contact with anyone
Notified	Concerned	Track will enter the active sector (> 15 min)
Coordinated	Coordination	Track will enter the active sector (< 15 min)
Assumed	Assumed	Track is assumed
On Contact	Assumed	Track is on-contact with you. Flight is considered as Uncontrolled
Transfer Initi- ated	Assumed	Track is being transferred to the next controller. CALLSIGN and SI are colored in Redundant color
Redundant	Redundant	Track has been transferred to the next controller but is still inside the active sector
Informed	Informed 1	Track will not enter the active sector but is relevant to it

Sector States are used to control label construction, placement in lists, filtering, coloring, Safety Net parameters and availability. For example, a Flight Plan in the *On Contact* state will not trigger an APW warning until already being inside a TSA and will be shown in the *Uncontrolled Lists*. The same flight but in the *Assumed* state will trigger the APW warning when less than 3nm of a TSA and will not be shown in the *Uncontrolled Lists*.

Coordinated tracks that have not departed yet are displayed as Notified.



Examples

Sector	LEM	NORL	CENL	SULL
Aircraft Position	*			
Allcraft i Osition	>15 minutes			
Sector State	-	Notified	Notified	Notified

Table 2.4: Flight Plan still faraway inside LEM crossing NORL, CENL and SULL

Sector	LEM	NORL	CENL	SULL
Aircraft Position	*			
All Craft 1 Osition	<15 minutes			
Sector State	-	Coordinated	Notified	Notified

Table 2.5: Flight Plan entering NORL in less than 15 minutes

Sector	NORL	CENL	SULL
Aircraft Position	*		
Sector State	Assumed	Notified	Notified

Table 2.6: Flight Plan assumed by NORL

Sector	NORL	CENL	SULL
Aircraft Position	*		
Sector State	Assumed	Coordinated	Notified

Table 2.7: Flight Plan assumed by NORL and less than 15 minutes to CENL

Sector	NORL	CENL	SULL
Aircraft Position	+		
Sector State	Redundant	Assumed	Notified

Table 2.8: Flight Plan transferred from NORL to CENL but still inside of NORL airspace



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2.8

SECTOR STATES

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Sector	NORL	CENL	SULL
Aircraft Position		*	
Sector State	Unconcerned	Assumed	Notified

Table 2.9: Flight Plan assumed by CENL and has left NORL airspace

Sector	LEM	NORL	CENL	SULL
Aircraft Position	+			
All Craft 1 Ostiloti	>15 minutes			
Sector State	-	Unconcerned	Unconcerned	Notified

Table 2.10: Flight Plan in LEM and will only cross SULL

Sector	LEM	NORL	CENL	SULL
Aircraft Position				
Sector State	-	Unconcerned	Unconcerned	Unconcerned

Table 2.11: Flight Plan does not enter any sector



3

User Interface



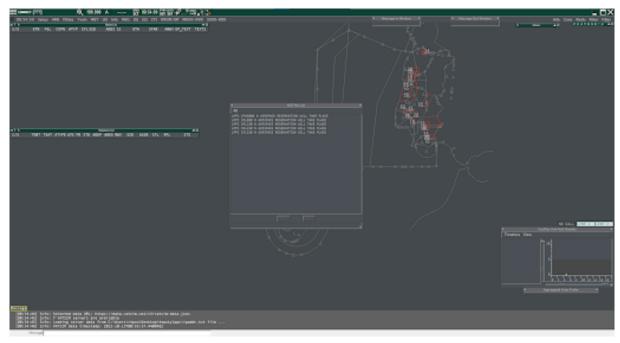
3.1

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MAIN WINDOW

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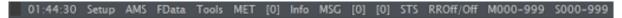
3.1 **Main Window**



Euroscope should load with some preplaced windows similar to the above configuration

Note Screen resolutions other than 1920x1080 will yield different results. Larger resolutions will bring preplaced windows towards the left and middle, while smaller resolutions may potentially place windows outside the screen. It is recommended for users experiencing difficulties related to their screen size to experiment and create custom settings in the TopSkySettings-Local file containing revised window placements adjusted for their own screen. Refer to TopSky_Developer_Guide_Settings.xlsx for available settings

3.2 Global Menu



The Global Menu is located on the top edge of the radar screen. It displays the current UTC time and contains a number of submenus which are explained below.

3.2.1 Setup Menu



Setup Menu allows for various adjustments. Each position will load its defined settings based on the active Primary Frequency.

Most used options are CPDLC Setting for CPDLC operations and Default Setting to reset options.



- Unit Settings > Opens the *Unit Settings submenu*

- Default Setting Resets all settings to their default values (keeps login callsign specific ones if they are a

- Local Settings > Opens the Local Settings submenu

- Brightness Control > Opens the *Brightness Control Window*

- Sign In... Loads personal settings. The settings are specified in the TopSkySettingsLocal.t

- Sign Out. . . Clears any personal settings and resets all settings to their default values. When clicked

- CPDLC Setting... Opens the CPDLC Setting Window

- FPASD Toggles on/off the display of flight plan tracks

- PDC Audible alarm Toggles on/off playing a sound for received PDC messages

- CPDLC Audible alarm Toggles on/off playing a sound for received CPDLC messages

- STCA Audible alarm Toggles on/off playing a sound for STCA alerts

- APW Audible alarm Toggles on/off playing a sound for APW alerts

- AMID Not implemented

- Flight Leg Toggles on/off the automatic display of the Flight Leg for a specified time when a track to

- DAPs in Menus Toggles on/off the display of DAPs in menus

- DAPs in Labels Toggles on/off the display of DAPs in track labels

- RR Main > Opens the RR Main submenu

- Direction Finder > Opens the Direction Finder submenu

Unit Settings submenu

This submenu can be used to change the units used in TopSky. Any changes to the settings are session-specific only, so they will be lost when exiting EuroScope.



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- Altitude Selects the units used for altitudes and vertical rates

- Nautical (feet, feet per minute)

- Metric (meters, meters per second)

- Flight level Selects the units for flight levels – only applicable with metric altitudes

- Nautical (hundreds of feet)

- Metric (meters)

- Distance Selects the units used for distances

- Nautical (nautical miles)

- Metric (kilometers)

- Speed Selects the units used for speeds

- Nautical (knots)

- Metric (kilometers per hour)

Local Settings submenu

This submenu allows changing some of TopSky's settings. Any changes to the settings are session-specific only, so they will be lost when exiting EuroScope.

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- Vertical reference

Selects the pressure reference to be used at or below the transition altitude:

- QNH Altitude above mean sea level
- QFE Height above the aerodrome elevation

(set/check it in the adjacent box)

- Used equipment codes

Selects whether to use or disregard the equipment codes found in the flight plans:

- · All Use all codes
- ICAO Use all codes when specified in ICAO format
- ICAO-alt As ICAO, but force transponder to report altitude
 - None Disregard all codes

- ASSR codes

Selects the transponder code source:

- Plugin Plugin data file (reverts to ESE if no codes found)
 - ESE ESE file
 - Range Fixed code range

- Groundspeed

Selects whether to use pilot client reported ground speed or a plugin calculated value. Normally the reported value should be used as it is more accurate and stable, but some clients report wrong values. If that causes problems, you can try selecting TopSky calculated value instead

- Transfer confirmation

Selects when to display the Transfer Confirmation Window:

- On Always when CFL is not equal to XFL
- NotRFL When CFL is not equal to XFL unless XFL = RFL
 - Off Never, any CFL value is OK

- CFL menu default value

Selects the default value for the CFL menu when it is opened:

- XFL FSS or CTR: RFL if not yet reached, otherwise as below
- Other: The XFL value, or current CFL value with no XFL
 - CFL The current CFL value
 - RFL The RFL value



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RR Main submenu

- [] Rings On/Off Toggles the range rings on/off

- Point Sets the rings centerpoint. Either click on the radar screen or enter the desired point in the text

- Separation Sets the separation between adjacent rings

- Number Sets the number of rings drawn

- [] Highlight Toggles highlight (drawn with solid line) of specified rings

- Step Sets interval of highlighted rings

Direction Finder submenu

Not operational.

3.2.2 AMS menu



Opens the Airspace Management Window.

3.2.3 FData menu

Opens the Flight Plan Selection Window and Flight Plan Window.

3.2.4 Tools menu

- Flight Plan Lists > Opens the Flight Plan Lists submenu

- CARD... Opens the *CARD*

- SAP... Opens the SAP Window

- Vertical Aid Window. . . Opens the Vertical Aid Window

- Message In... Opens the Message In Window

- Message Out... Opens the *Message Out Window*

- CPDLC > Opens the CPDLC submenu

- LAT/LONG... Opens the Cursor Lat/Long Window



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Flight Plan Lists submenu

- [] List options bar Toggles the display of list options on the Global Menu

- Sector List. . . Opens the Sector List

- [] Informed Toggles the display of informed aircraft

- [] Concerned Toggles the display of concerned aircraft

- [] Redundant Toggles the display of redundant aircraft

- Load Factor List... Opens the Load Factor List

- ETWR List... Opens the ETWR List

- <adep> ETWR List departure airports filter

- Uncont. List 1... Opens the *Uncontrolled Lists*

- <filter> Uncontrolled 1 List state filter

- <units> Uncontrolled 1 List units filter

- Uncont. List 2... Opens the *Uncontrolled Lists*

- <filter> Uncontrolled 2 List state filter

- <units> Uncontrolled 2 List units filter

- Lost List. . . Opens the Lost List

- Resectorisation List. . . Opens the Resectorisation List

- <lfunc> Resectorisation List LFUNC filter

- Traffic Mgmt. List 1... Opens the *Traffic Management Lists*

- <state> Traffic Management List 1 flight plan state filter

- <ades> Traffic Management List 1 destination airports filter

- <via> Traffic Management List 1 route points filter

- Traffic Mgmt. List 2... Opens the ??

- <state> Traffic Management List 2 flight plan state filter

- <ades> Traffic Management List 2 destination airports filter

- <via> Traffic Management List 2 route points filter

When enabled, the list options bar displays "Info Conc Redu Filter Filter" on the right edge of the Global Menu. The first three toggle the respective settings for the Sector List and are colored with the appropriate color when enabled, and the last two are displayed in Color when the corresponding Uncontrolled list is somehow filtered. Clicking on them opens the Flight Plan Lists submenu to change the filtering options.

Left-clicking <filter> cycles through "ALL" (no filtering), "ON-CONTACT" (only tracks on-contact with anyone), "ON-CONTACT-PPOS" (only tracks on-contact with you) and "FREE" (only tracks in the free



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state).

Left-clicking <units> opens a text entry box to enter a comma-separated list of aerodrome ICAO codes to filter the list. When entered, the list will display a flight only if one of the entered codes is its departure or destination, or the code is found in its scratchpad (OP-TEXT2).

Left-clicking func>, <adep>, <ades> and <via> open text entry boxes to enter comma-separated lists for controlled ID's, ICAO codes and point names respectively to filter the affected lists.

Left-clicking <state> toggles between "ALL" (no filtering), "SIMUL+TERM" (not started flight plans filtered), "NOTST+SIMUL" (terminated flight plans filtered) and "SIMUL" (not started and terminated flight plans filtered).

CPDLC submenu

- Microphone Check Opens the Microphone Check Menu

- Current Messages... Opens the CPDLC Current Message Window

- History Messages... Opens the CPDLC History Message Window

3.2.5 MET menu

- Messages... Opens the Weather Messages Window

- QNH/TL Opens the QNH/TL Window

3.2.6 [0]

Not implemented (always shows a zero value).

3.2.7 Info menu

- General Information... Opens the *General Information Window*

- Document Viewer... Opens the *Document Viewer Window*

- NOTAM... Opens the NOTAM List Window

- Aerodrome... Opens the *Aerodrome Menu*

- LFUNC Frequency Plan... Opens the LFUNC Frequency Plan Window

- [] Airport labels Toggles airport labels selection

- [] Fix labels Toggles fix labels selection

- [] NDB labels Toggles NDB labels selection

- [] VOR labels Toggles VOR labels selection

When holding <ALT>, text labels will be displayed for airports, fixes, NDBs and VORs when the mouse cursor is placed over them. When one or more of the categories in the Info menu is selected, only those categories will display the labels. The "Label" buttons open submenus to select what information is shown on the corresponding labels. All the information is from the active sector file.



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3.2.8 MSG menu

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- Notepad... Opens the *Notepad Window*

- Personal Queue... Opens the *Personal Queue Window*

- ATC Messages. . . Opens the ATC / Primary Frequency Messages Window

- Prim Freq Messages... Opens the ATC / Primary Frequency Messages Window

- NAT Track Messages . . . Opens the NAT Track Messages Window

- Text notes > Opens the Text notes submenu

It is possible to insert text notes on the radar screen to act as reminders. They will stay fixed at the geographical coordinates they are inserted to, the coordinates defining the center point of the note. When creating a note, a text entry field opens to enter the note text. When the [Enter] key is pressed, the note will be created at the current mouse cursor position.

The notes can be deleted one by one or all of them at the same time. When deleting one by one, the notes are boxed to display their click areas. Clicking on one will delete the note. Pressing the [Esc] key or selecting the "Delete..." menu item again will abort the operation.

Text notes submenu

- Create. . . Creates a new text note

- Delete... Deletes a single text note

- Delete all Deletes all text notes

3.2.9 [x] [x]

Shows x as the number of high priority messages on the left, and low priority messages on the right. High priority messages are critical failures in TopSky code. Low priority messages are warnings about invalid data in TopSky data files

Open the Personal Queue Window to view the messages or see Plugin Status submenu for more detailed information on the problem(s). The number is limited to 99, and is shown on "Global Menu Highlight" background when the window is not open.



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3.2.10 STS menu

- Plugin Status > Opens the Plugin Status submenu

- Safety Nets Status. . . Opens the Safety Nets Status Window

- Divergence Detection Status... Opens the Divergence Detection Status Window

- MTCD Status... Opens the MTCD Status Window

- CPDLC Default Status [ON/OFF] Toggles the CPDLC Default Status On/Off

- Runway In Use Opens the *Aerodrome Menu*

- Supervisory > Opens the Supervisory submenu

- RWY line display. . . Opens the *Aerodrome Menu*

Plugin Status submenu

Shows the version of TopSky as well as some information on the loaded data files. Each data file reports its state with one of the following indicators:

- OK File contains usable information and no faults

- NO DATA File not found or contains no usable information

- BAD DATA File contains invalid data (in Warning color)

Depending on the file, there are one to three of the following buttons available:

- Reloads the data file

- View Displays the data in the file on the radar display

- Save (Areas) Saves a snapshot of the current area activation data

- Save set (Maps & MapsL) Saves a list of currently active radar screen specific maps

- Load set (Maps & MapsL) Loads a saved list of active screen specific maps

Left-clicking the Save button will save the currently set manual activation periods as well as the information if an area with automatic schedules is set to manual mode. The information is saved to the "TopSkyAreasManualAct.txt" file in the same folder as TopSky dll. If the file already exists, TopSky will ask for confirmation as the save operation will overwrite any existing data.

Depending on the maps data file setup, the display state of some or all of the maps may be specific to each radar screen. The Save set and Load set functions can be used to transfer the display state of these maps from one radar screen to another.

Right-clicking the Reload button for Settings & SettingsL has a special purpose. It opens a text entry box to type in a callsign whose settings should be loaded instead of the real login callsign. When entered, the callsign will be displayed next to the "Reload" button, and whenever a VATSIM callsign change is detected, an information popup is displayed to remind that TopSky settings are still forced to the manually entered callsign. This feature can be used for example to use settings for different positions on different EuroScope instances when providing top-down services, or to use settings for a specific position when logged in with an observer/staff/supervisor callsign. Clearing the entered callsign reverts to using the settings based on the actual login callsign.



Supervisory submenu

- Operations Rate... Opens the *Operations Rate Window*

- Predicted Traffic... Opens the *Predicted Traffic Window*

3.2.11 RRxxx/Off

Opens the *RR Main submenu*. If the rings are selected on, "xxx" displays the distance between consecutive rings, otherwise "Off".

3.2.12 Mxxx-yyy

Displays the status of the filters. If any filter is enabled and Quick Look is not toggled on, the color of the text is "Global Menu Highlight".

Only the altitude filter status is shown. "xxx" displays the Lower filter value and "yyy" the Upper filter value, in hundreds of feet.

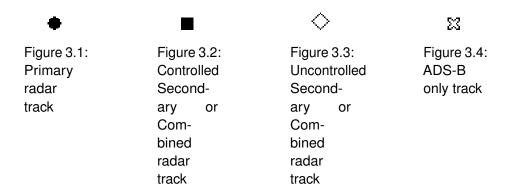
3.2.13 S000-999

Not implemented (shows static values).



3.3 Aircraft Position Symbol

The position symbol is drawn at the latest known position of the aircraft. The color of the symbol is the flight sector color for an unselected track and Track Highlight for a selected one.



If a surveillance track does not receive position updates in over 30 seconds it becomes a Coasted track, position is no longer reliable.



Figure 3.5: Coasted track

If a Coasted track does not receive position updates for long enough, or it has originated outside of surveillance coverage, it becomes a FPASD track. FPASD tracks are not based on surveillance data but estimated based on Flight Plan data.



Figure 3.6: FPASD track

An indication of an SPI (transponder ident) can be added to the secondary radar and ADS-B symbols. It draws a cross over the symbol and prints the text "SPI" above and to the right of the symbol:



Figure 3.7: Secondary radar track without DAPs with Special Position Indication

Except for the FPASD and Coasted tracks, a divergence alert will be drawn in case of a RAM or CLAM alert. This is a circle drawn around the symbol. Tracks with SPI active will not display this symbol.



Figure 3.8: Uncontrolled Secondary radar track with divergence alert



3.3.1 History dots

The history dots show the previous positions of the track. The number of displayed dots can be changed via the *Track Control Window*. The color of the dots is the flight sector color for an unselected track and **Track Highlight** for a selected one. History dots are not displayed for flight plan tracks.

3.3.2 Prediction Line

The prediction line draws the predicted ground track of the aircraft, based on its current track and ground speed. It is a two-color line, starting with Track Default at the position symbol and then alternating with Track Highlight with every segment representing one minute of flying time. The default length of the prediction line is 2 minutes, and can be changed for all tracks via the *Track Control Window*, or for a single track via the *Prediction Line Menu*. Prediction lines are not displayed for flight plan tracks.



Figure 3.9: Selected track with 5 history dots and a 3-minute prediction line

3.4 Track Labels

There are four types of track labels that can be displayed: Standard, Reduced, Extended and Uncoupled.

In addition, each label except the extended one has an unselected and a selected state, the selected state being shown when the mouse cursor is over the label.

3.4.1 Standard Track Label

The Standard label is shown for aircraft that are in or will enter the active sector.

Unselected Track

- Line 0 * V ALRT COM W Y R P M Mark dot Frequency dot A + C I S EMRG RI COORD NSSR CPDLC W CPDLC E TEXT2
- Line 1 MTCD CALLSIGN PFREQ SI N/ATYP WTC TSSR
- Line 2 AFL a CFL/PEL GS NPT ADES RFL
- Line 3 XFL TRACK AHDG ASP ARC COPN/COPX FCOPX
- Line 4 DSFL DHDG DIAS DRC DMACH



Figure 3.10: Unselected Standard Track

Selected Track

- Line 0 * V ALRT COM W Y R P M Mark dot Frequency dot A + C I S EMRG RI COORD NSSR CPDLC W CPDLC E TEXT2
- Line 1 MTCD CALLSIGN PFREQ SI N/ATYP WTC TSSR
- Line 2 AFL a CFL/PEL GS NPT ADES RFL
- Line 3 XFL TRACK AHDG ASP ARC COPN/COPX FCOPX
- Line 4 DSFL DHDG DIAS DRC DMACH
- Line 5 OP TEXT



Figure 3.11: Selected Standard Track



3.4.2 Reduced Track Label

The Reduced label for aircraft that will not enter the active sector. Flights in Free, Initial, Notified or Unconcerned are automatically displayed with a Reduced Track Label.

Unselected Track

- Line 0 V ALRT COM W Mark dot S EMRG
- Line 1 MTCD CALLSIGN SI N/ATYP WTC TSSR
- Line 2 AFL a GS NPT ADES
- Line 3 TRACK FCOPX
- Line 4 DSFL DHDG DIAS DRC DMACH



Figure 3.12: Unselected Reduced Track

Selected Track

- Line 0 * V ALRT COM W Mark dot Y R P M A + C I S EMRG NSSR CPDLC E TEXT2
- Line 1 MTCD CALLSIGN SI N/ATYP WTC TSSR
- Line 2 AFL a CFL/PEL GS NPT ADES RFL
- Line 3 TRACK AHDG ASP FCOPX
- Line 4 DSFL DHDG DIAS DRC DMACH
- Line 5 OP TEXT

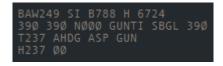


Figure 3.13: Selected Reduced Track

3.4.3 Extended Track Label

The Extended label can be opened from the Standard or Reduced label by right clicking on the *CALLSIGN* item, and stays open as long as the cursor is within the label area.

Line 0 * V ALRT COM W Y R P M Mark dot Frequency dot A + C I S EMRG RI COORD NSSR CPDLC W CPDLC E TEXT2

Line 1 MTCD CALLSIGN PFREQ SI N/ATYP WTC

TSSR ASSR PSSR

Line 2 AFL a CFL/PEL TRACK GS NPT ADES RFL

FLTID FLTADD



Line 3 XFL TRACK AHDG ASP ARC COPN/COPX FCOPX

Line 4 DSFL DHDG DIAS DRC DMACH

Line 5 COMP CS

Line 6 ADEP ETD/ATD ADES EET

Line 7 FIELD15

Line 8 FILED18

Line 9 MALRT

Line 10 OP TEXT

Line 11 OP TEXT2

```
TAP583H SI A32Ø M 6736 6736 6736
35Ø 35Ø T211 N457 XAMAX LPPT 35Ø TAP583H FLTADD
25Ø T211 AHDG ASP ARC COPN FCOPX
H211 ØØ
AIR PORTUGAL
EDDF ATD LPPT EET
NØ42ØF35Ø VES DCT ABUPI DCT XAMAX
/v/
OP_TEXT
OP_TEXT2
```

Figure 3.14: Extended Track

3.4.4 Uncoupled Track Label

The Uncoupled label is shown for radar tracks that aren't correlated with a flight plan.

Unselected Track

Line 0 ALRT EMRG

Line 1 FLTID or TSSR

Line 2 AFL a GS

Line 3 DSFL DHDG DIAS DRC DMACH



Figure 3.15: Unselected Uncoupled Track

Note

FLTID is displayed on line 1 only if a valid Mode-S Aircraft Identification is received. Otherwise, TSSR is displayed instead

Selected Track

Line 0 ALRT EMRG

Line 1 FLTID TSSR

Line 2 AFL a GS

Line 3 DSFL DHDG DIAS DRC DMACH

Note

FLTID is displayed on line 1 only if a valid Mode-S Aircraft Identification is received. Otherwise, only TSSR is displayed



Figure 3.16: Selected Uncoupled Track

3.4.5 Line 0 Construction

Line 0 is constructed solely of indicators and warnings. Line 0 is only displayed when at least one of these indicators is active.



Figure 3.17: Example label with several line 0 alerts

Example Indication	Description	Label item
V	Y, Y or Z Flight Rules, same color as Track Label	V
MSAW	Minimum Safe Altitude Warning	ALRT
APW	Area Proximity Warning	ALRT
AIW	Area Intrusion Warning	ALRT
CLAM	Cleared Level Adherence Monitoring, same color as Track Label	ALRT
RAM	Route Adherence Monitoring, same color as Track Label	ALRT
DUPE	Duplicate SSR code	ALRT

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/t	Communication Type Indicator	СОМ
W	RVSM Not Equipped	W
W	RVSM Exempt	W
W	RVSM Unknown	W
Υ	8.33 Not Equipped	Y
Υ	8.33 Exempt	Y
Υ	8.33 Unknown	Y
R	RNAV5 Not Equipped	R
R	RNAV5 Unknown	R
Р	RNAV1 Not Equipped	P
M	Military Coordination Required flag	М
•	Mark dot, used to highlight a certain flight by the ATC	Mark dot
•	Frequency dot, used to highlight a flight operating in a frequency other than the Sector Primary, same color as Track Label	Frequency dot
Α	Manual alert(s) active	А
+	STS/ found in FPL remarks field, same color as Track Label	+
1	OP_TEXT has data, same color as Track Label	1
S	Mode S Callsign is different from coupled Flight Plan Callsign	S
EM	"HI" for A7500, "CF" for A7600, "EM" for A7700	EMRG
H270	Value in coordination, or ROF if a Request On Frequency message is received	COORD
3223	Displays ASSR if different from TSSR, same color as Track Label	NSSR
CPDLC P LATE	CPDLC Warning messages	CPDLC W
[MAYDAY]	CPDLC Emergency Downlink	CPDLC E
TEXT2	User entered text visible to everyone, same color as Track Label	OP TEXT2

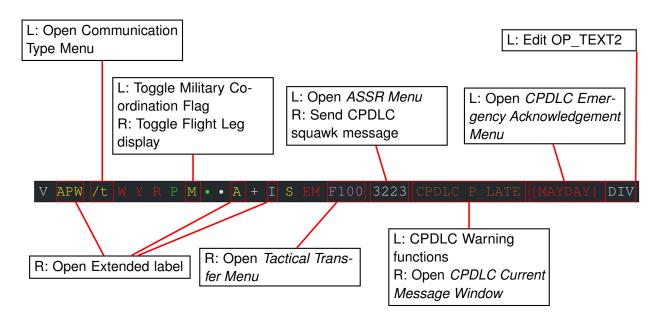
Table 3.1: Line 0 Indications



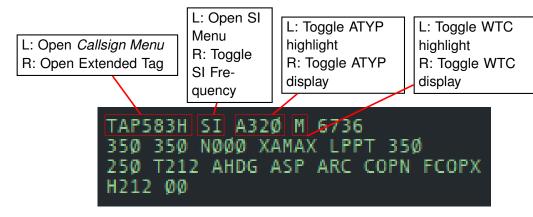
3.4.6 Label Interaction

Label items may be interacted with either with a left or a right click.

3.4.6.1 Line 0

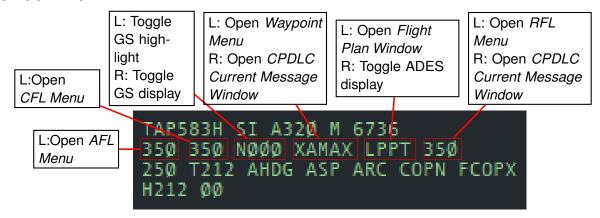


3.4.6.2 Line 1

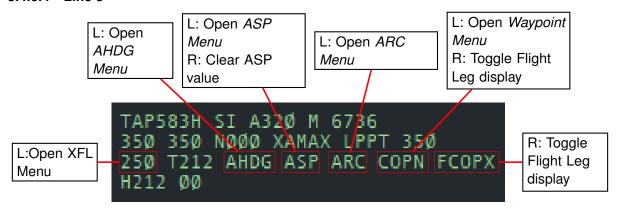


Note Not shown in the above example: When PFREQ is displayed R: Acknowledge PFREQ warning

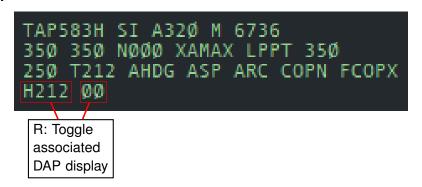
3.4.6.3 Line 2



3.4.6.4 Line 3

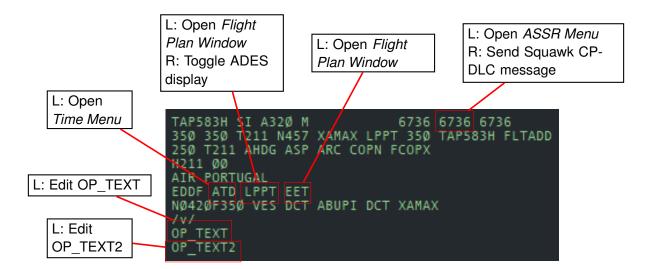


3.4.6.5 Line 4



3.4.6.6 Extended Label

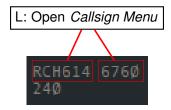
The Extended label is constructed of extra elements when compared to a Standard Selected label, some of which are interactable. These extra elements that are interactable are detailed below. The remaining elements function the same as in the Standard Selected label.



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3.4.6.7 Uncoupled Label



3.4.7 Label Compaction

Label fields may be automatically supressed in certain conditions. This is called Label Compaction. Label Compaction only occurs in unselected labels. When a field is supressecall signd, the remaining fields to the right will move left to the supressed field position. If all fields in a line are supressed, the next line is moved up to the supressed line position. Values being coordinated are exempted from Label Compaction.

The following Label Compaction rules are in place:

- · If a field is empty it is supressed
- · If AFL is the same as CFL, CFL is supressed
- If AFL is the same as CFL and XFL, CFL and XFL are supressed
- If AFL is the same as CFL, but different from XFL, only CFL is supressed
- If AFL is different from CFL, and CFL is the same as XFL, XFL is supressed
- · If AFL is different from CFL, and CFL is different from XFL, no field is supressed
- · If FCOPX is the same as NPT, NPT is supressed



3.5 Track Label Menus

These menus are opened from track label fields or flight lists. Except for the confirmation windows, they are closed automatically when a menu option is chosen or the mouse cursor leaves the menu area. Menu items shown with (X) represent an item that has an activated and a deactivated state. With the item activated, the item name is shown prefixed with the letter "X". The mouse wheel can be used to scroll the selection lists in the menus.

Many of the menus have a default item or value, displayed with inverse video. The menu usually opens so that the default value is located under the mouse cursor for easy selection. Some menus contain items that open folders within the menu. They show a filled triangle before the item name (upright if the folder is closed, inverted if the folder is open). The "More" folder is opened automatically when the mouse cursor is placed over it or if the default item is in the "More" folder, other folders must be left-clicked to open.

3.5.1 Callsign Menu

Controlled Track

FIN535
Callsign
Assume
Transfer
Trf & Release
ROF
Freq
Highlight
S-Highlight
PRL
Hold
▼ More
Manual Transfer
Inbound Est
HOP
Mark
XCouple
FPL
Irregular
Start CPDLC
VCI
Squawk Ident
CPDLC Free Text
On Contact
Free
Missed App



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Assume Assumes track

Refuse Refuses the incoming transfer

Transfer Initiates a transfer to the next sector

Trf & Release Opens the Transfer & Release menu

ROF Sends a Request On Frequency message

(X)Freq Toggles the Freq indicator

(X)Highlight Toggles the Callsign highlight

(X)S-Highlight Toggles the Callsign+AFL fields highlight

PRL Opens the Prediction Line Menu

(X)Hold "Hold" opens the *Hold Menu*, "XHold" cancels a given holding clearance

▼ More Shows additional less frequently used options

Manual Transfer Opens the Manual Transfer Menu

(X)Inbound Est Toggles the "Inbound Est" manual alert

HOP Initiates a Handover Proposal (HOP)

(X)Mark Toggles the Mark indicator

(X)Couple Uncorrelates/correlates the flight plan

FPL... Opens the Flight Plan Window

(X)Irregular Toggles the "Irregular" manual alert

Start/End CPDLC Starts/Ends CPDLC connection with the aircraft

VCI Opens the VCI Menu

Squawk Ident Sends a "SQUAWK IDENT" CPDLC message to the aircraft

CPDLC Free Text Opens the CPDLC Free Text Menu

Free Releases track

On Contact Sets track in On-Contact state*

(X)Missed App Toggles the "Missed App" manual alert

Besides the manual alerts, none of the selectable toggle options in this menu will be transmitted to other controllers, but the "Mark", "Freq" and highlight selections will be seen in your other EuroScope instances. A holding clearance is transmitted to the next controller when transferring the track. To correlate a flight plan, first click on the "Correlate" item, and then click on the radar position symbol of the desired radar track.

*Clicking "On Contact" for a track with "Y" or "Z" flight rules will also automatically change the flight rules in the VATSIM flight plan to VFR in order to make it uncontrolled. The displayed flight rules are not affected



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Uncontrolled Track



On Contact Sets track in On-Contact state (Assumed color, can't be filtered, but still uncontrolled)

Free Releases track

Assume Assumes track*

(X)Highlight Toggles the Callsign highlight

(X)S-Highlight Toggles the Callsign+AFL fields highlight

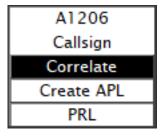
(X)Couple Uncorrelates/correlates the flight plan

(X)Hold "Hold" opens the *Hold Menu*, "XHold" cancels a given holding clearance

FPL... Opens the Flight Plan Window

PRL Opens the Prediction Line Menu

Uncorrelated Track



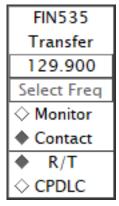
Correlate Correlates the radar track with the next clicked "Callsign" field

Create APL Opens the Create APL Window

PRL Opens the Prediction Line Menu

^{*}Clicking "Assume" for a track with "Y" or "Z" flight rules will also automatically change the flight rules in the VATSIM flight plan to IFR in order to make it controlled. The displayed flight rules are not affected.

3.5.2 Transfer menu



For CPDLC connected aircraft, the menu contains options related to the transfer. Left- clicking on the frequency button initiates the transfer (and sends the CPDLC message if selected).

"Monitor" / "Contact" select which of the two CPDLC message types will be sent.

"R/T" / "CPDLC" select whether the transfer instruction is given via radio or as a CPDLC message.

3.5.3 Transfer Confirmation Window



If an aircraft has a defined XFL value and hasn't been cleared to it (CFL is not equal to XFL), attempting to transfer the aircraft will open a Transfer Confirmation Window in the middle of the radar screen. While the window is open it will block all other attempts to click on items elsewhere on the radar screen. Either click on "Transfer" to transfer the aircraft regardless of the situation, or "Cancel" to cancel the transfer.

3.5.4 Transfer & Release menu



The Transfer & Release menu allows specifying a release condition for a track to be transferred. The transfer is initiated after selecting the desired condition (climb, descent, turn or full). The release will be shown on line 0 of the track label (C for climb, D for descent, T for turn and F for full). The transferring controller will see the label item until the track becomes unconcerned. The receiving controller will see the item for 3 minutes after the track is assumed.





For CPDLC connected aircraft, the menu contains options related to the transfer:

"Monitor" / "Contact" select which of the two CPDLC message types will be sent.

"R/T" / "CPDLC" select whether the transfer instruction is given via radio or as a CPDLC message.

Warning

The "Trf & Release" option will show the release condition on the downstream side only if the next controller is using this plugin, in other cases the transfer will be shown as a normal transfer.

3.5.5 Request On Frequency message

The ROF message can be used to send a request to the controller currently tracking an aircraft to transfer it to your frequency. For the message to succeed, you must be seen as the next controller for the tracking controller. When sent, the text "ROF" is displayed in the track label on the tracking controller's screen.

Warning

The "ROF" message is a feature specific to this plugin. It is an experimental feature and is not guaranteed to work all the time. When you send the message, check that it's sent properly.

- 1. A successfully sent message will be displayed in the Message Out Window
- 2. If there is an error or the message fails to go through, a message will be put into the *Personal Queue Window*



3.5.6 Hold Menu



The Hold menu allows you to enter a holding clearance (add the aircraft to the holding list). It displays for selection the points in the aircraft's route that are ahead of its current position.

Left-clicking the empty box below the waypoint list opens a text entry box to enter any holding point name.

Left-clicking "Here" enters the present position coordinates as the holding point.

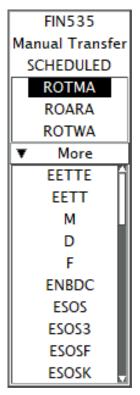
The holding point is automatically sent to your other EuroScope instances with a small delay and can be sent to other controllers by pushing the flight strip as the information is stored there.

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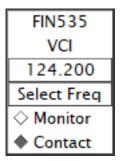
3.5.7 Manual Transfer Menu



The Manual Transfer menu allows transferring the aircraft to any controller. In the SCHEDULED list are the controllers that are in the current sector sequence sorted in the order the aircraft is planned to enter the controllers' sectors, with the next controller being the default item.

When opened, the "More" list displays all the other controllers for selection. Click on a controller ID to start the transfer. For CPDLC connected aircraft, clicking on a controller ID opens the *Transfer menu*

3.5.8 VCI Menu



Available only for CPDLC-connected aircraft and when more than one frequency has been set up by the controller, the VCI menu allows sending a CPDLC "contact" or "monitor" message without initiating a transfer.

The first button displays the primary frequency, left-clicking it will send the message with that frequency.

Left-clicking the "Select Freq" button will open a text entry box to enter any other frequency. If a valid frequency (set up as XMT TXT in EuroScope's Voice communication setup dialog) is entered, the message will be sent with that frequency.

"Monitor" and "Contact" are used to select the type of message to be sent.

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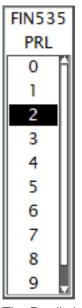
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3.5.9 CPDLC Free Text Menu

The CPDLC Free Text menu is used to send a free text CPDLC message to the aircraft. The menu containsm pre-defined messages from a data file. Left-clicking on a message sends it.

The menu closes when a message is sent or the cursor leaves the menu area.

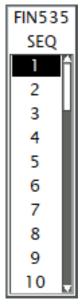
3.5.10 Prediction Line Menu



The Prediction Line menu allows displaying a PRL with a specific length for each aircraft even if the PRL selection is off in the Radar Menu.

The default value is the set PRL value if available, otherwise the PRL length value from the Track Control Window. Changing the PRL length value in the *Track Control Window* or changing the PRL setting in the *Radar Menu* will delete all manually set PRL lengths.

3.5.11 Sequence Number Menu



This menu is used to set an arrival sequence number. Values from 1 to 50 are available.



3.5

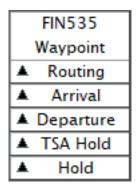
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The sequence number will not be transmitted to other controllers except the next controller (during transfer) unless the flight strip is manually sent.

3.5.12 Waypoint Menu



▲ Routing Opens the "COPN point" or "COPX point" submenu (EuroScope default item)

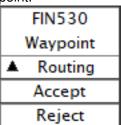
▲ Arrival Opens the "Assign STAR" submenu (EuroScope default item)

▲ Departure Opens the "Assign SID" submenu (EuroScope default item)

▲ TSA Hold Opens the TSA Hold submenu (not available if a holding clearance is active)

▲ Hold Opens the Hold submenu (not available if a TSA holding clearance is active)

This menu gives access to functions related to the route of the aircraft. It is used to assign direct-to clearances, departure and arrival routes, holding clearances, and to coordinate the sector entry/exit point.



When an entry or exit coordination has been received, the menu opens looking like this instead. The options are:

▲ Routing Opens the "COPN point" or "COPX point" submenu (EuroScope default item)

Accept Accepts the coordination

Reject Rejects the coordination

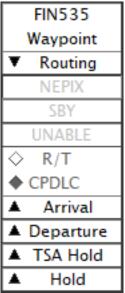
The submenu opened with "Routing" offers the same possibilities to accept or reject the coordination, but also the possibility to counter-propose a different point.



	FIN530
	FINDSU
١ ١	Waypoint
•	Routing
	Accept
	Reject
•	R/T
\Diamond	CPDLC

When the aircraft is CPDLC-connected and the coordination is an exit coordination, the menu offers a choice between "R/T" and "CPDLC". The chosen option decides how an accepted coordination is communicated to the aircraft.

With "CPDLC" selected, when "Accept" is clicked, in addition to the coordination being accepted, a "PROCEED DIRECT TO <point>" CPDLC message is sent to the aircraft.



When a direct-to downlink request has been received, the menu can be used to answer it.

Point name Sends a "PROCEED DIRECT TO <point>" CPDLC message

SBY Sends a "STANDBY" CPDLC message

UNABLE Sends an "UNABLE" CPDLC message The "R/T" / "CPDLC" selection is fixed to "CPDLC".

Warning

Clicking the point name will set the direct-to clearance without coordination

When there is no request in process and the aircraft has a direct-to point set, the menu can be used to send the clearance via CPDLC. In this case the menu opens like this except without the "SBY" and "UNABLE" buttons. Clicking the point name will send the "PROCEED DIRECT TO <point>" CPDLC message.



TSA Hold Submenu

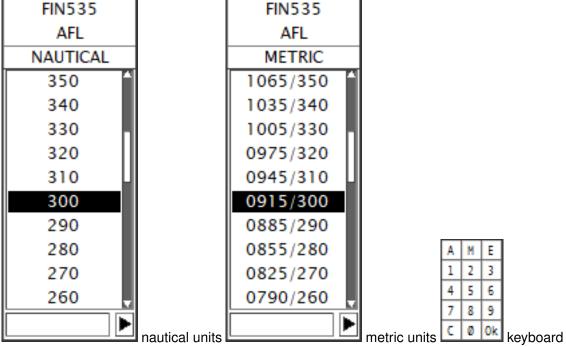
The TSA Hold submenu allows you to enter a clearance to enter an active military area. It displays the active and preactive TSA type areas. If a clearance already exists, the menu will only give the option to remove it with the "XHold" item.

The clearance is automatically sent to your other EuroScope instances with a small delay and can be sent to other controllers by pushing the flight strip as the information is stored there. A TSA hold clearance will exclude the aircraft from all APW and SAP processing.

TSA Hold Submenu

If a holding clearance already exists, the menu will only give the option to remove it with the "XHold" item. See *Hold Menu* for other details.

3.5.13 AFL Menu



This menu can be used to set the AFL value for aircraft that don't have an altitude reporting transponder.

The default value is the previously set manual AFL value if set, otherwise the CFL value.

By default, the menu (as well as the AFL label item) is always showing nautical units, regardless of the system units or the selected units for the aircraft. If this behavior is selected off, the list units can be toggled with the "NAUTICAL" / "METRIC" item. There are three ways to set the AFL using this menu:

- Clicking a level value in the list
- Clicking the text entry box below the level list and entering the value there
- Clicking the right-pointing triangle to open a keyboard that can be used to type in the value using the mouse. "C" clears the entry and "Ok" sets the value.



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Entering a metric value will also set the aircraft's units to metric; a nautical value will set nautical units. The accepted manual level entry formats for the AFL, CFL and RFL menus are as follows ("n" is a number):

"Annn" or "nnn" Altitude in hundreds of feet

"Mnnnn" or "nnnn" Altitude in tens of meters

"Mnnnnn" or "nnnnn" Altitude in meters

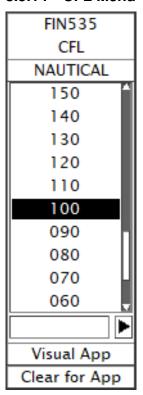
"Ennn" Height in hundreds of feet above aerodrome elevation

"Ennnn" Height in tens of meters above aerodrome elevation

"Ennnnn" Height in meters above aerodrome elevation

Regardless of whether the entered value is in meters or feet, and altitude or height, it will be converted to altitude in feet and the result is then rounded to the nearest 100 feet.

3.5.14 CFL Menu



In the track label the CFL menu is combined with the COPN altitude coordination menu and the CFL menu opens only when the aircraft is assumed. The default value is by default the XFL, but it can be changed to the current CFL or the RFL in the Local Settings menu. Altitudes up to the transition altitude are prefixed with "A" in the nautical units list and with "M" in the metric units list. QFE heights are prefixed with "E" in both lists. Selectable values are from 500ft to FL510 with 500ft intervals up to the transition altitude, then 1000ft intervals up to FL410 and 2000ft intervals above it.

"Visual App" / "VA" and "Clear for App" / "CA" set the corresponding approach clearances.

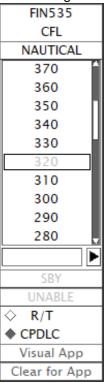
The list units can be toggled with the "NAUTICAL" / "METRIC" item. There are three ways to set the CFL using this menu:

· Clicking a level value in the list or one of the two approach clearance items



- Clicking the text entry box between the level list and the approach clearance item and entering the value there
- Clicking the right-pointing triangle to open a keyboard that can be used to type in the value using the mouse. "C" clears the entry and "Ok" sets the value.

Entering a metric value will set the aircraft's units to metric; a nautical value will set nautical units. The aircraft's RFL is displayed in the place of the "NAUTICAL"/"METRIC" item with format "R<RFL>". Left-clicking the button still has the same effect (changes the displayed units).



For CPDLC connected aircraft, the menu contains "R/T" and "CPDLC" options to select whether a level clearance is to be sent via radio or as a CPDLC message.

If a level request has been received from the aircraft, there are also "SBY" and "UNABLE" buttons to send those messages as a reply.

- When a level request downlink has been received, the "R/T" option is deselected and cannot be selected. The request must be replied to using CPDLC.
- When a level clearance uplink has been sent, the "CPDLC" option is deselected and cannot be selected. If a new level clearance must be sent before there is an answer to the uplink, it must be given via radio (doing so also closes the open uplink message).

3.5.15 RFL Menu

The RFL menu allows setting the requested flight level. The operation is similar to the AFL and CFL menus. The function for the "NEXT" button is not implemented.

3.5.16 AHDG Menu

This menu includes items to set or clear an assigned heading or a direct route and to send a HOP. The initially highlighted heading value will be the closest one to the assigned heading if the aircraft



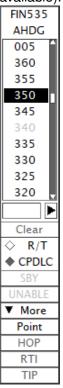
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has one, otherwise the closest one to the aircraft ground track (or the departure runway heading if the menu is opened from the DEP list). Clicking on a heading value will set it as the assigned heading. The assigned heading can also be set by typing it into the entry box, using the pop-up keyboard or by using the AHDG vector.

"Clear" removes an assigned heading or a direct route. For CPDLC connected aircraft, it sends the "RESUME OWN NAVIGATION" CPDLC message if the "CPDLC" option is selected.

"Point" lets you pick a direct-to point from the radar screen. Left-click on any point to set it as the direct-to point (available points are VORs, NDBs and waypoints, in that priority order). Pressing the [Esc] key or clicking on any clickable data field will abort the operation.

"HOP", "RTI" and "TIP" are coordination functions (see below for more information). To use them, first click on the function's button and then select the desired value from the list (for HOP also "Point" is available).



For CPDLC connected aircraft, the menu contains additional buttons:

"R/T" and "CPDLC" select whether a heading/direct-to clearance is to be sent via radio or as a CPDLC message.

- When a heading request downlink has been received, the "R/T" option is deselected and cannot be selected. The request must be replied to using CPDLC.
- When a heading/direct-to clearance uplink has been sent, the "CPDLC" option is deselected and cannot be selected. If a new heading/direct-to clearance must be sent before there is an answer to the uplink, it must be given via radio (doing so also closes the open uplink message).

"SBY" and "UNABLE" send the corresponding answers to a downlink heading request message.

Warning

Clicking a point on the radar screen will set the direct-to clearance without coordination



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3.5.17 Handover Proposal (HOP)

A Handover Proposal can be used to propose non-standard transfer parameters (AHDG/Direct-to and ASP) to the next sector. For the receiving controller a HOP is identified by coloring the callsign data field with Proposition In color in the label. For the sending controller the Callsign field remains

"Assumed" color and the Sector Indicator field is shown in Proposition In color. Additionally, if there are proposed parameters they are also colored "Proposition" in both controllers' labels.

There are three ways to answer a HOP and all of them involve accepting all proposed parameters. If one or more parameters are not acceptable, coordination must be done to find acceptable parameters or to revert to standard ones. The available ways to accept the proposed parameters are:

Callsign Menu -> "Assume" Assumes the track

Callsign Menu -> "ROF" Sends a Request On Frequency message

Combined Transfer menu -> "Accept" Sends an Accept message

If the parameters are unacceptable to the receiving controller, the sending controller has the possibility to modify or clear them using the appropriate menus, or to cancel the whole HOP by assuming the track.

Warning

A HOP will only be shown correctly for controllers using this plugin. To other controllers it will be shown as a normal transfer without any special coloring of any data fields. This combined with the three possible ways to answer the HOP require the sending controller to pay special attention to the track to see what the result is.

Warning

If a HOP is sent to a manually selected controller, the next controller selection will be reset to the automatically calculated controller when an "ROF" or "Accept" answer is received. The correct controller must then be manually selected again for the transfer.

3.5.18 Request Tactical Instructions (RTI) / Tactical Instructions Proposal (TIP)

Certain tactical data (AHDG, ASP and ARC) can be coordinated using the RTI and TIP functions. Their only difference is that RTI is used for requesting the parameters when the aircraft is inbound to your sector and your sector is the next in the sector sequence, and TIP for propose the parameters to the next sector when the aircraft is assumed. Contrary to the HOP function, these coordinations can be refused using the system, and they do not offer the aircraft for transfer.

When sent, the RTI/TIP is displayed on both controllers' screens by displaying the requested parameter on line 0 of the track label in Proposition In color.

To answer the RTI/TIP, left-click on the requested parameter shown above the track label or the corresponding message in the *Message In Window*. This will open the *Tactical Transfer Menu*.

Warning

The "RTI" and "TIP" messages are features specific to this plugin. They are experimental features not guaranteed to work all the time. When you send these messages, check that they are sent properly.

• A successfully sent message will be displayed in the *Message Out Window* and the requested parameter being shown above the track label

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• If there is an error or the message fails to go through, a message will be put into the *Personal Queue Window*.

3.5.19 AHDG Vector

The AHDG vector is another way of setting an assigned heading for an aircraft. To use the vector, left-click on the radar position symbol of the aircraft. This will start drawing the vector. When you're satisfied with the heading value, left-click again to set it. Right-clicking will abort drawing the vector. When the cursor is over a known point (VOR, NDB or waypoint), the name of that point is displayed instead of the heading value, and left-clicking will set a direct-to clearance to that point. To temporarily disable the known points functionality, keep the <ALT> key pressed while using the vector.

3.5.20 ARC Menu

F	IN535
	ARC
10	00ft/mn
	50
	45
	40
	35
	30
	25
	20
	15
	10
	05
	-
	+
R	esume
₹	More
	RTI
	TIP

The ARC menu allows assigning a rate of climb or descent to the flight plan. Selectable rates are 500-5000 ft/min (displayed in 100's of ft/min), or 5-25 m/s. The menu units are always the same as the units used for the aircraft in general.

Left-clicking on a value assigns it. An assigned rate can be cleared by selecting the "Resume" item. By default, the "+" option is selected, meaning that the clearance is a minimum rate of climb or descent. Deselecting the "+" makes the clearance an exact rate, and selecting the "-" option makes the clearance a maximum rate.

For "RTI" and "TIP" see the AHDG Menu.





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The exact and maximum rate clearances are a feature specific to this plugin (the additional information is stored in the flight strip). To controllers not using TopSky, all assigned rate clearances will only show the rate value.

Assigned rate clearances given by controllers not using TopSky will be displayed as minimum rate clearances.

3.5.21 ASP Menu

FIN535	FIN535
ASP	ASP
KNOTS	MACH
N350	M084
N340	M083
N330	M082
N320	M081
N310	M080
N300	M079
N290	M078
N280	M077
N270	M076
N260	M075
□ +	□ +
Resume	Resume
▼ More	▼ More
HOP	HOP
RTI	RTI
TIP	TIP

The ASP menu allows setting an assigned speed or Mach number. The default value will be the closest value to the assigned one if set, otherwise TopSky will suggest the closest value to the aircraft's present speed based on the ground speed (zero wind will be assumed). The menu will initially open in IAS mode if the aircraft's CFL is below the IAS/Mach altitude value defined in the Local Settings (FL275 by default), and in Mach mode if above it. The selectable values range from 100 to 400 knots and from Ma0.50 to Ma1.00.

The "+" and "-" options can be used to specify the clearance as a minimum/maximum speed.

The "Resume" item clears an assigned value. For CPDLC connected aircraft, it sends the "RESUME NORMAL SPEED" CPDLC message if the "CPDLC" option is selected.

For "HOP", "RTI" and "TIP" see the AHDG Menu.

The "Resume" button below the list is replaced by a "HS" button. Clicking it will set a clearance for "high speed", displayed as "HS" in the ASP label field (see track label definition in the local setup documentation for how to clear a value). In other setups a "high speed" clearance will show a value of 999 knots. For CPDLC connected aircraft, it sends the "NO SPEED RESTRICTION" CPDLC message if the "CPDLC" option is selected. The "Resume" button can be found at the bottom of the "More" list

Entering a metric value will set the aircraft's units to metric; a nautical value will set nautical units.

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For CPDLC connected aircraft, the menu contains additional buttons:

R/T" and "CPDLC" select whether a speed clearance is to be sent via radio or as a CPDLC message.

- When a speed request downlink has been received, the "R/T" option is deselected and cannot be selected. The request must be replied to using CPDLC.
- When a speed clearance uplink has been sent, the "CPDLC" option is selected and cannot be deselected. If a new speed clearance must be sent before there is an answer to the uplink, it must be given via radio (doing so also closes the open uplink message).

SBY" and "UNABLE" send the corresponding answers to a downlink speed request.

Warning

The minimum and maximum speed clearances are a feature specific to this plugin (the additional information is stored in the flight strip). To controllers not using TopSky, all assigned speed clearances will only show the speed value. Assigned speed clearances given by controllers not using TopSky will be displayed as exact speed clearances.

3.5.22 ASSR Menu

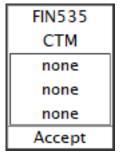
H	IN53	5		
	SSR			
1206				
1 2 3				
4 5 6				
7 8 9				
С	0	Ok		



The ASSR menu allows assigning an SSR code to the flight plan. To enter a new code, type it by left-clicking the numbers. "C" clears the entered value and "Ok" assigns the code if it's a valid one. To get an automatically assigned code, clear the value and then left-click on "Ok" with the entry box left empty.

Depending on the configuration, the assigned code may be a mode S conspicuity code. To force a discrete code, make a new assignment — either manual or automatic. If an automatic assignment is requested for a flight with the conspicuity code currently assigned, the new assignment will be a discrete code.

3.5.23 Combined Transfer Menu



The Combined Transfer menu displays the proposed transfer parameters for a HOP. It is opened by clicking on the AHDG, ASP or COPN/COPX items in the track label or flight list, or the list row displaying the HOP message in the *Message In Window*.

From top to bottom, the displayed values are the direct-to point, speed/Mach value, and the assigned heading value. If one or more of them are not proposed, the value will be replaced by the string "none" (the image above shows the menu for a HOP without any proposed parameters). Clicking on "Accept" will send a message to the upstream controller that the proposed parameters, if any, are all acceptable.

3.5.24 Tactical Transfer Menu

FIN535			
TT	TTM		
AHDG 360			
ASP 250			
Accept			
Reject			

The Tactical Transfer menu is used to accept, reject or apply tactical data (AHDG, ASP and/or ARC). It is opened by left-clicking on a proposed or accepted parameter in the track label. The menu displays all proposed (Proposition In color) and accepted (sector state color) values.

Clicking on "Accept" will accept all proposed values and "Reject" will reject them. The menu is then closed.

Note that the menu displays both sent and received coordinations, but you can naturally only accept/reject the received ones and apply values for aircraft that are assumed.

Once a value is accepted, the respective label field (e.g. AHDG) will be colored "Information" until the value is set to the accepted one.



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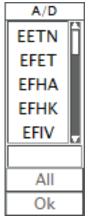
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All tactical data coordinations (also any rejected ones) can be viewed in the *Tactical Info Window*, but they cannot be answered or applied there.

3.5.25 Aerodrome Menu



The Aerodrome menu is used to select the aerodrome(s) for aerodrome related windows and functions. The list contains all aerodromes with runways defined in the active sector file. To select an aerodrome, left-click on it or type its identifier into the text entry box below the list.

Selection of more than one aerodrome is possible when the menu was opened from the *Weather Messages Window*. In this case the "All" button is available and clicking on it will select all the aerodromes in the list.

Clicking on "Ok" will confirm the selection(s) and close the menu.

3.5.26 NPT Menu



The NPT menu is used to answer a direct-to downlink request using CPDLC. The menu contains three options:

Point name Sends a "PROCEED DIRECT TO <point>" CPDLC message

SBY Sends a "STANDBY" CPDLC message

UNABLE Sends an "UNABLE" CPDLC message

The menu closes when an option is selected or the cursor leaves the menu area. If the aircraft cannot be cleared direct to the requested point but to another one, the request must be answered with "UNABLE" and a separate direct-to clearance must be given.

Warning

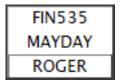
Clicking the point name will set the direct-to clearance without coordination

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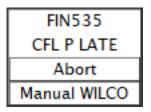
3.5.27 CPDLC Emergency Acknowledgement Menu



When a CPDLC emergency message has been received, this menu is used to respond to it (if applicable), and then acknowledge the situation. When a reply is required, the menu button will read "ROGER". Left-clicking on it will send the "ROGER" CPDLC message and close the menu. When opening the menu again (or when a reply was not required), the button reads "Ack". Left-clicking on it will acknowledge the emergency.

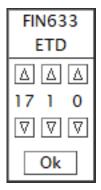
The menu is closed when the "ROGER"/"Ack" button is clicked or the cursor leaves the menu area.

3.5.28 CPDLC Pilot Late Acknowledgement Menu



When there is no answer to a CPDLC uplink clearance, this menu can be used to resolve the situation. "Abort" discards the uplink and "Manual WILCO" simulates reception of a WILCO message.

3.5.29 Time Menu



The Time menu is used to set/change the time value for ATD, EOBT, ETD and SLOT fields. Default values are:

ATD Current time

EOBT Current time

ETD Current field value

SLOT Current field value if any (ATD if different from ETD), current time otherwise The up/down arrows are used to change the value, "Ok" sets the time.

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3.5.30 Departure Sequence Menu



The DSQ menu is used to select a specific departure sequence number to a flight. The list includes the possible numbers, and the current number is highlighted. Left-clicking on a number sets it, "Clear" removes the flight from the departure sequence.

Note

The departure sequence number is only stored locally, it is not sent to other controllers or even to other EuroScope instances.



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3.6 Aircraft Lists

3.6.1 Departure List

The Departure List contains all departures still on the ground of the controlled aerodromes.

Item	Left Mouse	Right Mouse	Default Visibility
CALLSIGN	Open Callsign Menu	Toggle Flight Leg display	1
EOBT	Edit EOBT	Edit EOBT	
TOBT	Edit TOBT	Edit TOBT	1
TSAT	Ready TOBT	Set TOBT to now	1
TSAC	Add TSAT to TSAC	Edit TSAC	
ASRT	Toggle ASRT	Toggle ASRT	
ASAT			
ттот			
СТОТ	Open CTOT Option list	Open CTOT Option list	
Flow Message	Open AHDG Menu		
Ready	Toggle Ready		
ATYP			1
WTC			1
V			1
Departure stand			1
QNH	Edit OP TEXT	Edit OP TEXT	
ADEP	Open Flight Plan Window	Toggle Flight Leg display	1
ADES	Open Flight Plan Window	Toggle Flight Leg display	1
DRWY	Open Pre-Departure Clearance Window	Open Pre-Departure Clearance Window	1
SID	Open Pre-Departure Clearance Window	Open Pre-Departure Clearance Window	1
ASSR	Open ASSR Menu	Open ASSR Menu	1
CFL	Open CFL Menu	Open CFL Menu	1
RFL	Open RFL Menu	Open RFL Menu	1

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Item	Left Mouse	Right Mouse	Default Visibility
CLR	Toggle Clearance Ac- knowledged flag		✓
Ground state	Open Ground State Menu	Open Ground State Menu	1
OP TEXT2	Edit OP TEXT2	Edit OP TEXT2	1

3.6.2 Sector List

Global Menu Tools -> Flight Plan Lists -> Sector List...

The Sector List contains all departed controlled aircraft in the following states:

- Informed¹
- Concerned^{1,2}
- Coordinated
- · Transfer to me initiated
- Assumed
- · Transfer from me initiated
- Redundant¹

Item	Left Mouse	Right Mouse	Default Visibility
CALLSIGN	Open Callsign Menu	Open Extended Label	1
ETN			1
PEL	Open PEL Menu		1
COPN	Open Waypoint Menu	Toggle Flight Leg display	1
NRAC			
ATYP			1
WTC			
V			
CFL	Open CFL Menu		1

¹ If corresponding selection made in the Global menu

²The display of concerned aircraft is limited to those entering the sector within 60 minutes



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Item	Left Mouse	Right Mouse	Default Visibility
AHDG	Open AHDG Menu		
ASP	Open ASP Menu	Clear ASP value	
TAS			
ETX			
XFL	Open XFL Menu		
COPX	Open Waypoint Menu		
RFL	Open RFL Menu		
ASSR	Open ASSR Menu	Send CPDLC Squawk message	
NSSR	Open ASSR Menu	Send CPDLC Squawk message	
ADEP			
SID	Open SID list		1
DRWY	Open Runway list		
FCOPX		Toggle Flight Leg display	
ETX			
ADES	Open Flight Plan Window		1
SI	Open SI list	Toggle SI frequency	
ADES	Open Flight Plan Window		
ETA			1
STAR	Open STAR list	1	
ARWY	Open Runway list	1	
OP TEXT	Edit OP_TEXT	1	
OP TEXT2	Edit OP_TEXT2		1

3.6.3 Load Factor List

Global Menu Tools -> Flight Plan Lists -> Load Factor List...

The Load Factor List contains all departed controlled aircraft in the concerned state and all non-departed controlled aircraft in the concerned and coordinated states expected to enter the sector within 4 hours.



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Item	Left Mouse	Right Mouse	Default Visibility
CALLSIGN	Open Callsign Menu	Open Extended Label	1
ETN			1
PEL	Open PEL Menu		1
COPN	Open Waypoint Menu	Toggle Flight Leg display	1
ADEP			1
ADES	Open Flight Plan Window		1
RFL	Open RFL Menu	Open CPDLC Current Message Window	1
ASSR	Open ASSR Menu	Send CPDLC Squawk message	1

3.6.4 Uncontrolled Lists

Global Menu Tools -> Flight Plan Lists -> Uncontrolled List 1/2...

The Uncontrolled List contains all or a subset of Uncontrolled aircraft, depending on whether filters are set up.

Up to 2 lists can be displayed. Each list may be configured with different filtering options.

Item	Left Mouse	Right Mouse	Default Visibility
CALLSIGN	Open Callsign Menu	Open Extended Label	1
SI	Open SI list	Toggle SI frequency	1
С	Toggle Inbound clear- ance flag		1

3.6.5 ETWR List

Global Menu Tools -> Flight Plan Lists -> ETWR List...

The ETWR List contains notified and coordinated flights departing from specified airports

Item	Left Mouse	Right Mouse	Default Visibility
CALLSIGN	Open Callsign Menu	Open Extended Label	1
ETN			1
PEL	Open PEL Menu		1
COPN	Open Waypoint Menu	Toggle Flight Leg display	1



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Item	Left Mouse	Right Mouse	Default Visibility
SID	Open Pre-Departure Clearance Window		1
DRWY	Open Pre-Departure Clearance Window		1
ATYP			1
RFL	Open RFL Menu	Open CPDLC Current Message Window	1
ASSR	Open ASSR Menu	Send CPDLC Squawk message	1
ADEP			1
ADES	Open Flight Plan Window		1

3.6.6 Resectorisation List

Global Menu Tools -> Flight Plan Lists -> Resectorisation List...

The Resectorisation List contains all flights assumed or on-contact with specified LFUNCs.

Item	Left Mouse	Right Mouse	Default Visibility	
CALLSIGN	Open Callsign Menu		1	
CFL	Open CFL Menu	Toggle Flight Leg display	1	

3.6.7 Traffic Management Lists

Global Menu Tools -> Flight Plan Lists -> Traffic Management List 1/2...

The Traffic Management List contains all Uncontrolled and Controlled flights at least in Coordinated State with specified destinations, and routing via specified points. The ETO over the point (or ETA if no point specified) must be within 30 minutes, and the destination must be specified to include uncontrolled flights in the list.

Up to 2 lists can be displayed. Each list may be configured with different filtering options.

Item	Left Mouse	Right Mouse	
COPN	Open Waypoint Menu	Toggle Flight Leg display	1
PEL	Open PEL Menu		1
SI	Open SI List	Toggle SI frequency	1
CALLSIGN	Open Callsign Menu	Open Extended Label	1



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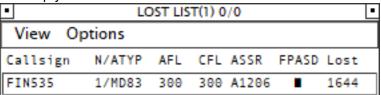
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Item	Left Mouse	Right Mouse	Default Visibility
ASSR	Open ASSR Menu	Send CPDLC Squawk message	✓
ЕТОНР			1
AFL	Open AFL Menu		1
а			1
CFL	Open CFL Menu		1
ATYP			1
WTC			1
R			1
TAS			1
RFL	Open RFL Menu	Open CPDLC Current Message Window	1

3.6.8 Lost List

Global Menu Tools -> Flight Plan Lists -> Lost List...

The list includes assumed flights that have previously been correlated to a radar track but radar contact has been lost. By default, the list opens automatically whenever a flight is added into it, and will be closed automatically when empty. If manually opened, the list cannot be manually closed until it is empty.



Item	Туре	Left Mouse	Right Mouse
Callsign	mandatory	Open Callsign Menu	
N/ATYP	optional		
AFL (last received)	optional		Toggle Flight Leg display
CFL	optional	Open CFL Menu	Toggle Flight Leg display



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Item	Туре	Left Mouse	Right Mouse
ASSR	mandatory	Open ASSR Menu	
FPASD	optional	Toggle FPASD track (when globally off)	
Lost (time)	optional		

[&]quot;View" opens the View menu:

Header Toggle visibility of the list header line

Standard Set the list in Standard mode (only mandatory fields shown)

Extended Set the list in Extended mode

The rows are sorted based on "Lost" time in descending order.

With TopSky set up to automatically open the Lost List when not empty, when a flight is added into the Lost List, its FPASD selection is initially set to "on" regardless of the FPASD setting in the Global menu.

3.6.9 Holding List

The Holding List contains aircraft in the assumed, transfer initiated and on-contact with the position states that have been given a holding clearance. The list is automatically displayed whenever there is at least one aircraft in the list.

•	HOLDING LIST(2) 0/0				
View	Options	ETO or	n Hold	ing po	int
Label	Callsign	AFL	CFL	HPT	ET0
•	LOT3EG	350	270	RIBVU	1703
•	FIN535	300	300	RIBVU	1707

[&]quot;View" opens the View menu which contains only one item, "Header". It toggles the visibility of the list's header line.

The list sorting option is displayed next to the "Options" label. Clicking on it opens a menu to select between the following sorting options:

"ETO on Holding point" ETO at the holding point -> Holding point name -> Callsign

"Holding point" Holding point name -> CFL -> Callsign

The ETO column initially displays the estimated time over the holding fix. Once the aircraft enters the holding, the displayed time is fixed to the holding start time. For present position holds and holding points whose positions are unknown, the time when the holding clearance was given is displayed.

Item	Left mouse	Right mouse
Label	Hide/display track label	

[&]quot;Options" opens the Options menu to select which optional fields are shown in Extended mode. The "All" selection shows all fields without affecting the individual selections.

[&]quot;Options" is inaccessible as there are no selectable options in the holding list.



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Item	Left mouse	Right mouse
Callsign	Open Callsign Menu	
AFL	Open AFL Menu	Toggle Flight Leg display
(attitude indicator)		
CFL	Open CFL Menu	Toggle Flight Leg display
HPT	Open Stack Manager Window	
ETO		

If a track label has been hidden, it will be automatically unhidden if the aircraft is cleared to leave the holding or an incoming coordination message for the flight is received.

3.6.10 Unsupported Lists

EuroScope's default Sector Inbound, Sector Exit, Arrival, Startup, Taxi Out, Take-Off, ADC Sector, Taxi In, Flight Plan, and Conflict lists are not supported and should not be used.



3.7 Windows

TopSky includes a number of windows that are discussed in this chapter. All windows have the following common features:

- Dragging the title bar using the left mouse button will move the window
- Dragging the box in the bottom right corner with the left mouse button will resize the window
- · Left-clicking the top right corner will close the window
- Left-clicking the title bar will position the window on the top of other windows
- Right-clicking the title bar will position the window below other windows

While resizing the windows always starts from the bottom right corner, it is also possible to resize the window to the direction of the top and/or left edges. To do this, continue dragging the bottom right corner until the cursor goes past the top or left edge. As all windows have a defined minimum size, nothing will seem to happen once you reach the minimum size until the cursor crosses the opposite edge, but then the resize operation will continue normally.

Some windows contain scrollbars to select values or change the items that are displayed:

- Dragging a scroll bar slider using the left mouse button will move the slider
- Left-clicking on the scrollbar background area outside the slider will move the slider by a predefined amount (in list windows, the view will be scrolled by the number of visible items)
- Right-clicking on the scrollbar background area outside the slider will position the slider to the clicked position
- Left-clicking on the arrow at the end of the slider will scroll the list by one line
- The mouse wheel can be used to scroll some scrollbars (most of the ones that have defined steps for scrolling, i.e. those with the arrows at the ends)

Other window-specific mouse function areas are explained below. All functions use the left mouse button unless otherwise specified. For each window, the way(s) to open it are listed below the chapter title.

3.7.1 Radar Menu

<ALT> + Right-click anywhere on the radar screen background



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D. J. M.
☐ Radar Menu
■ Vector On/Off
QDM
SEP
☐ Quick Look
Maps
Track Control
View
Range 350
Altitude Filter OFF
SSR Filter OFF
CJI Filter OFF
LAT/LONG
Find Track
☐ Scale Marker
☐ Direction Finder

Radar Menu Toggles keeping the menu permanently displayed

Vector On/Off Toggles all prediction lines on/off

QDM Starts a new QDM vector

SEP Starts a new Minimum separation tool

Quick Look Toggles function to bypass all filters and show all track labels

Maps... Opens the Maps Window

Track Control... Opens the Track Control Window

View... Opens the View Window

Range XXX Opens the Zoom Window (XXX = distance: center -> right edge)

Altitude Filter X... Opens the Altitude Filtering Window, displays the filter status

SSR Filter X... Opens the SSR Code Filtering Window, displays the filter status

CJI Filter X... Opens the CJI Filtering Window, displays the filter status

LAT/LONG... Opens the Cursor Lat/Long Window

Find Track Not implemented

Scale Marker Toggles the Scale Marker on/off

Direction Finder Toggles the Direction Finder position circles or lines on/off

The Radar Menu closes when a selection is made or the mouse cursor leaves the menu area (unless the "Radar Menu" option is selected on).



For all the filters, it is only possible to filter out unconcerned tracks. Aircraft with transponder codes 7500, 7600 and 7700 and tracks with an active STCA, MSAW, APW or DUPE alert are also excluded from filtering. If a filter is active, the filter title in the Radar Menu will be shown in "Selected" color.

3.7.2 QDM Vector

To draw a new QDM vector:

- · Left-click on the "QDM" menu item
- Left-click on the desired start point (radar track or fixed position)
- Left-click on the desired end point (radar track or fixed position)

The vector's data label is located at the end of the line. The available click spots for a radar track are the radar track position symbol and all its label items that have a mouse function. The line end positions will attach to defined points more easily than for a random position (there is a small click area centered on the defined points). The defined points are the following, and are searched in this order:

- · Radar track position symbols
- · VORs in the active sector file
- · NDBs in the active sector file
- · Fixes in the active sector file
- · Airports in the active sector file

Right-clicking will abort drawing the vector. To remove a QDM vector:

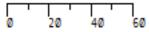
• Right-click on either end point of the line (midpoint of the line for lines between two radar tracks)

To adjust a QDM vector:

- Left-click on either end point. The selected end of the line will then attach to the mouse cursor.
- Left-click on the new desired end point (radar track or fixed position)

3.7.3 Scale Marker

Radar Menu -> [] Scale Marker



Displays a range scale in the bottom right corner of the radar screen.



3.7.4 Minimum Separation Tool

The minimum separation tool displays the predicted minimum lateral separation between two radar tracks within the next 30 minutes, assuming both of them maintain their present ground tracks and speeds. Lines are drawn from the tracks' present positions to the positions where the tracks are predicted to be at the time of the minimum separation.

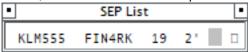
To draw minimum separation lines between two radar tracks:

- · Left-click on the "SEP" menu item
- · Left-click on the first radar track
- · Left-click on the second radar track

Right-clicking will abort drawing the lines. The available click spots for a radar track are the radar track position symbol and all its label items that have a mouse function.

The minimum separation distance is by default displayed near the end of one of those lines. If the tracks are not converging, the lines will be drawn with an offline-defined length, and the label will display "DIV".

7 sets of lines can be simultaneously drawn (plus one from the CARD). When at least one set is drawn, a SEP List Window is opened:



The window lists the tracks, the minimum predicted separation, the time to the minimum separation, the line color and a locked/unlocked indicator for each set of lines. To remove the minimum separation lines:

- · Left-click on the colored box for that set of lines in the SEP List Window
- Right-click on a line's end point
- Close the SEP List Window (this removes all minimum separation lines)

The lines will be automatically removed if one of the tracks is no longer available, or for unlocked lines, if the tracks start to diverge. If the tracks are diverging at the time the lines are created, they will be automatically locked.

To lock/unlock a set of lines:

• Left-click on the box right of the color indicator for that set of lines to toggle the locked/unlocked status. For a locked set of lines, the box will be filled.

To display vertical separation information on the lines:

- Right-click on the colored box for a set of lines to enable vertical separation display.
- · Right-click again to hide the vertical separation labels
- Right-click once again to disable the vertical separation display



The letter "V" is shown inside the box when activated ("v" when labels have been hidden), and on both lines, two points are displayed, the first showing the point where the tracks' vertical separation is calculated to become smaller than an offline-defined value, and the second the point after that where it is calculated to become greater.

The calculation is done using the tracks' current vertical speeds.

- The vertical separation labels, when displayed, are similar to the minimum separation label but prefixed with "V".
- If one or both points are beyond the minimum separation point, their calculation is extended forward up to an offline-defined time value.
- If a point is already passed or beyond the maximum displayed time, it will not be drawn.
- If the end point is beyond the maximum displayed time, a line will be drawn using "C_Sep_Vert" color from the CPA to the end point or the maximum displayed time whichever is earlier.
- If the tracks are not predicted to be separated by less than the defined value within the prediction time, "V=" is displayed left of the minimum separation label.

3.7.5 View Window

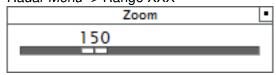
Radar Menu -> View...

riadar moma				
View	•			
1				
2				
3				

The View Window lists the available views. To select a view, left-click on it. The radar screen will be refreshed to show the required area. The first three views, labeled "1", "2" and "3" are views that can be defined on the fly. To define a view for one of them, set the screen area as desired and then right-click on the number. The number will then change to "Foreground" color to indicate that it has a view defined for it. An already defined view ("1", "2" or "3") can be redefined to show a different screen area just by defining it again with a right-click.

3.7.6 Zoom Window

Radar Menu -> Range XXX



The Zoom Window displays and enables to change the radar screen range.

3.7.7 Maps Windows

Radar Menu -> Maps...



3.7

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Maps
TSA
ARTCC HIGH
ARTCC
ARTCC LOW
GEO
SID
STAR
FREE TEXT

The Maps Window closes when the mouse cursor leaves the window area. If this is not desired, there is a hidden click spot in the top right corner of the menu (where the "close" button would be). Left-clicking in that area will disable the automatic closure of the menu and display the close button, which is then used to close the menu.

The Maps Window enables the display of predefined maps on the radar screen, some of which may be set up with automatic activation rules. The maps are arranged to folders. Clicking on a folder name shows the maps in that folder below the folder list.

The map names are displayed with the following colors (automatic options only available for maps with that capability):

Name Foreground text Not displayed

Name Foreground text, Foreground4 background Automatic (not displayed)

Name Foreground4 background Automatic (displayed)

Name Foreground background Displayed
Left-clicking on a map name will change the state of a map one step

not displayed -> automatic (if applicable) -> displayed

Right-clicking in the other direction. Left or right double-clicking on any map name will change the states of all maps in that folder.

The "AD_Hotspots" map in the "Aerodromes" folder is an automatically created map that contains aerodrome symbols that are used to open the *Runway in Use Window* and *Runway Approach Line Window*.

The "AIRPORTS", "FIXES" (fixes with numbers filtered out), "FIXES ALL", "NDBS" and "VORS" maps (and their "+ L" counterparts) in the "MISC" folder are automatically generated maps that contain the corresponding items with and without text labels from the active sector file. The color used for the symbols is "Auto Map Symbol" and for the labels "Auto Map Label". Depending on the sector file setup, there can also be one or more maps named "FIXES GRP" (where "GRP" is a group name given in the sector file). These are actually NDBs or VORs in the sector file. To create such a group, put a fake navaid with the name "!GRP!" in the sector file, where "GRP" is the desired group name. All following navaids of that type will be put in the "FIXES GRP" map. The same group name can only be used once in a sector file. The items in these maps will look like the items in the "NDBS" or "VORS" maps, depending on which section the items are placed in the sector file.

In addition to plugin defined maps, the window can be used to toggle the visibility of some elements from the active sector file. These are "ARTCC HIGH", "ARTCC", "ARTCC LOW", "AIRWAYS H", "AIRWAYS L", "SID", "STAR", "GEO", "REGIONS" and "FREE TEXT". The elements from the sector file will not show the black background when active as TopSky does not know their state. The names of these elements will be shown in grey letters to serve as reminders about this limitation.



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The "AIRWAYS L" and "AIRWAYS H" folders present the airways organized into groups. The default group is "PERM". An airway can be assigned to a custom named group by having the group name in parentheses in the airway name. Airways with "[1]", "[2]" or "[3]" found in their names will be assigned to groups "CDR 1", "CDR 2" and "CDR 3" respectively. Custom group names and the CDR numbers can be combined, for example airway segments named "A1(GRP)[1]" and "A2(GRP)[1]" in the sector file would be labeled "GRP CDR 1" in the maps list. Additionally, one map with the group's name is created that contains all airways in the group regardless of the PERM or CDR status.

NAT tracks extracted from downloaded track messages (see *NAT Track Messages Window*) can be found in the "NAT" folder. Eastbound tracks are colored East NAT Map, westbound ones West NAT Map.

TopSky data files may include additional data to the abovementioned sector file. If present, the data is activated and deactivated together with the sector file item when done via the Maps Window.

3.7.8 Track Control Window

Radar Menu -> Track Control...

The Track Control Window is used to set track and track label related options. Note that the PRL/Vector selection must be on in the Radar Menu to see the prediction lines. The Track Control Window closes when the mouse cursor leaves the window area. The selections are specific to the radar screen they are made on but whenever TopSky settings are reloaded either automatically (sign in/out, login callsign change when signed in) or manually the selections on all radar screens will revert to the

default values. Track Control					
Vec	tor	110	1	iti oi	
Hist	tory			5	
Tex	t		1		
7	Unsel	ected	Labe	el Fiel	lds
Со	Ass	Red	No	All	
					SQ
					ATYP WTC
_			_		N GS
					ADES
	П				COPN COPX
					NRAC
					XFL AHDG
					ASP
					PEL TSSR
					RFL NPT
					FCOPX
▼	Unsel	ected	Labe	el DA	Ps Fields
Со	Ass	Red	No	All	
					DSFL DHDG
					DIAS
					DMACH DRC
	Select	□ ted La	bel [DΔPs	Fields
Co	Ass	Red	No	All	
	ASS	Rea		All	DSFL
					DHDG
					DIAS DMACH
					DRC

Vector Sets the length of the prediction line in minutes

History Sets the number of history dots

Text Changes the track label text size

X Label Fields Opens/closes the corresponding Label Fields section



The Label Fields sections allow controlling the visibility of certain track label fields in the unselected label, and for DAP items, also in the selected label. The visibility can be set depending on the state of the fight plan (Coordinated, Assumed, Redundant or Notified/Unconcerned).

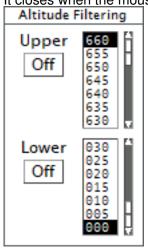
The "All" buttons toggle all the state buttons for that field on/off.

Regardless of the settings here, the necessary label fields will be displayed in certain cases (for example in case of a COPX coordination request, the COPX field will be displayed). The default label field selections are as displayed in the image.

3.7.9 Altitude Filtering Window

Radar Menu -> Altitude Filter [ON/OFF]...

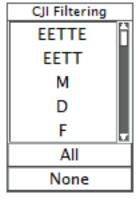
The Altitude Filtering Window is used to filter the displayed track labels based on the aircrafts' altitudes. It closes when the mouse cursor leaves the window area.



To set the filtering limits, values from -1200ft to FL660 are available with 100ft steps up to 5000ft, then with 500ft steps up to FL660. Select the level and click on the filter on/off button to activate the limit. There are separate on/off buttons for the upper and lower limits, and it is possible to activate either one or both of them. Values at or below the transition altitude are considered to be altitudes (for example with a transition altitude of 5000ft, "050" means 5000ft and "055" means FL55).

3.7.10 CJI Filtering Window

Radar Menu -> CJI Filter [ON/OFF]...



The CJI Filtering Window closes when the mouse cursor leaves the window area.

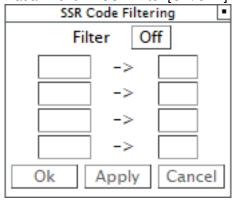


The CJI Filtering Window is used to filter the displayed track labels based on controller ID's. The window shows the currently online controllers. To filter a controller's tracks, click on the controller ID in the list. A filtered ID will be shown in inverse video.

Clicking "All" will filter all controllers, and clicking "None" will clear all controller ID filters.

3.7.11 SSR Code Filtering Window

Radar Menu -> SSR Filter [ON/OFF]...



The SSR Code Filtering Window is used to filter the displayed track labels based on the aircrafts' SSR codes. Four different codes or code ranges can be set. The boxes on the left side of the window are the code range start boxes. The input syntax is a valid SSR code to be filtered. If filtering a range of codes is needed, enter the last two digits of the last code in the range to the box on the right. Entering an empty string will clear the box. For example, to filter codes 1400-1427, enter "1400" into one of the four boxes on the left and then "27" into the box next to it. Set the filter on by clicking on the filter on/off button.

All changes to the window must be applied using the buttons in the bottom of the window to take effect.

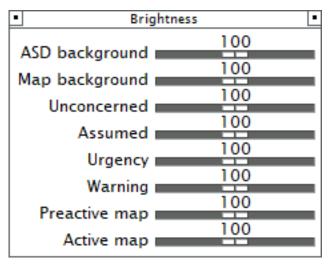
Ok Applies the changes, closes the window

Apply Applies the changes

Cancel Cancels the changes

3.7.12 Brightness Control Window

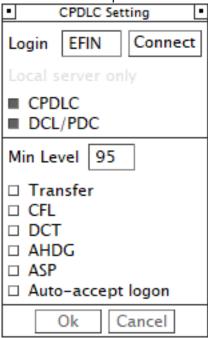
Global Menu Setup -> Brightness Control...



The Brightness Control Window allows setting the brightness for some screen colors. The Map background slider only controls TopSky created maps.

3.7.13 CPDLC Setting Window

Global Menu Setup -> CPDLC Setting...



The CPDLC Setting Window is used to begin/end the connection to the CPDLC network, and change some CPDLC related settings.

The "Connect" button becomes available once you are connected to the VATSIM network as a controller and both the Login (four-character callsign used for the CPDLC connection) and the Logon Code (your personal password to the Hoppie network) have been entered. Left-clicking on it connects TopSky to the CPDLC network. Once a connection has been established, the button background color changes to Information and the button text changes to "Online". Once connected, left-clicking on the button disconnects TopSky from the CPDLC network.





It is possible to have the Logon Code pre-filled by creating a text file called "TopSkyCPDLChoppieCode.txt" in the same folder as the plugin dll (TopSky.dll). The file should contain only the logon code, nothing else. As the file contains your personal logon code, do not share it.

If the VATSIM callsign is known when the window is opened, the CPDLC login callsign is pre-selected based on it. For CTR and FSS logins, the CPDLC login comes from a data file, and for others it is the beginning of the VATSIM login (which usually is the airport code). If necessary, the CPDLC login can be changed.

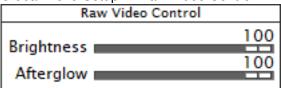
The "CPDLC" and "DCL/PDC" selections are used to define the offered services. For CTR and FSS logins both are selected by default, for others only "DCL/PDC" is selected.

Sending a clearance via CPDLC can be the default setting in some of TopSky menus. For this to happen, the aircraft must be above the "Min Level" (FL) specified here, the selection button for the menu in question must be on, and the CPDLC Default Status (in Global Menu->STS) must be "On". The "DCT" option does not do anything at the moment (DCT clearance via CPDLC is given using the "Point" option in the AHDG menu, so the "AHDG" option controls that as well). "Auto-accept logon" automatically accepts valid logon requests from tracks above "Min Level".

When making changes to the "Min Level" or the menu selections, the "Ok" and "Cancel" buttons become active. Left-click on "Ok" to apply the changes or "Cancel" to abort.

3.7.14 Raw Video Control Window

Global Menu Setup -> Raw Video Control...



The Raw Video Control Window closes when the mouse cursor leaves the window area.

The Raw Video Control Window controls the brightness (in general) and afterglow (how fast the radar returns fade) of the raw video radar data.

3.7.15 Airspace Management Window

Global Menu AMS -> TSA...

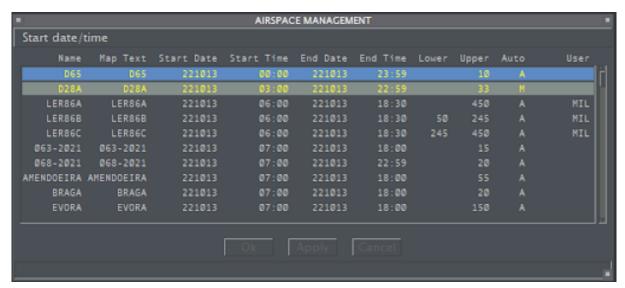


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This window is used for the activation and deactivation of the areas for the APW and SAP functionality. Each area can have a start time and/or an end time defined for its activation, or it can be activated without any time limits, making it active until deactivated manually. Additionally, lower and upper altitude limits are given. An area can have activation schedules defined in the area data file. Such areas will be automatically activated as long as their "Auto" option is selected ("A" in the "Auto" column). The "Auto" option cannot be selected for areas that don't have an activation schedule defined in the area data file.

Dates will be shown in the format "yymmdd" and times in "hh:mm" and they must be entered in the same format. Entering an empty string for a date will clear it and the related time value and vice versa. When entering a time or date value to an empty field, the other value is automatically set to the current time/date value. Entering an empty string to the Map Text, Lower or Upper fields will reset the value to the default one from the data file.

Altitudes are shown in hundreds of feet if at or below the transition altitude, otherwise in flight levels. They must be entered in the same format.

An area's activation status can be inactive, pre-active or active. A pre-active area is an area that will become active within 30 minutes and is shown in yellow text on a gray background. An active area is shown with yellow text on a blue background. The APW system will not alert for a pre-active area, but for the SAP system a pre-active area is considered as being active.

The mouse click areas of the Airspace Management Window:

- Sorting option text (e.g. "Start date/time") Opens a pop-up menu to select a sorting option for the list
- Right-click to open an area pop-up menu
- Other fields Left-click to edit field (when edit function active)
- "Ok" button Applies the changes, closes the window
- · "Apply" button Applies the changes
- · "Cancel" button Cancels the changes

The sorting pop-up menu contains the following items:

Start Date Sorts based on the Start Date/Time, earliest first

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- Name Sorts alphabetically based on the Name field
- Map Text Sorts alphabetically based on the Map Text field

With the area pop-up menu opened, the area text row background changes to black. The menu contains the following items:

- ACTIVATE Clears any activation times and activates the area
- · DEACTIVATE Clears any activation times and deactivates the area
- · AUTO If an activation schedule is found in the area data file, sets the
- · area to be activated automatically
- VALIDATE Not implemented
- · EDIT Allows to change the area parameters
- COPY Not implemented
- DELETE Clears any activation times, returns label and altitude limits to their default values and deactivates the area

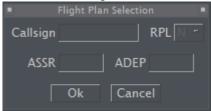
After any selection from the pop-up menu, "Ok", "Apply" or "Cancel" must be selected to apply or cancel the selection.

Preactive and active areas are displayed on the radar screen. The area border is drawn using a predefined color and it may be filled as well. A predefined text label may also be displayed, showing information about the area. A very small "+" symbol will be drawn at that location. By holding the left mouse button down on that symbol, a full area label will be displayed, showing:

Name
Map text
Upper level limit
Start time ——— End time
Lower level limit
time in minutes until the area becomes active

3.7.16 Flight Plan Selection Window

Global Menu FlightData/FData -> Flight Plan Selection...



The Flight Plan Selection window is used to search for flight plans based on any combination of callsign, assigned transponder code and departure airport. All flight plans that are a match with all given information will be listed in the *Flight Plan Window*. and can be viewed using its "Prev" and "Next" buttons.

Clicking "Ok" will do the search and open the Flight Plan Window if it was closed, "Cancel" will clear the fields as well as any previously created flight plan list for the Flight Plan Window.



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3.7.17 Flight Plan Window

Global Menu FData -> Flight Plan Window... Flight Plan Selection Window -> Create a list of one or more flight plans Callsign Menu -> More -> FPL... "Open FPL Window" tag function

•	Flight Plan	•
	CRE MOD Find Probe Force ACT SAC	
	CREAPL MODAPL CONV Unforce Terminate CNL	
Callsign	FRUL FTYP NRAC ATYP/W / EQCST	
EOBD	EOBT EQUIP /	
ADEP	ADES EET ALTN ETD ETB	
TAS	RFL	
RTE		
Other		
SUP		
PSSR	ASSR PEL/CFL Type Status	
ETN	COPN ETX COPX LFUNC	
Prev	0/0 Next INI Refresh Apply Cancel	

The Flight Plan Window displays flight plan data as well as some system data related to the flight plan. It also allows creating new flight plans and modifying existing ones. The data in the window is not refreshed automatically; the time when the data was fetched is displayed in the top left corner. The data fields show the following information:



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Callsign Callsign of the aircraft

FRUL Flight rules (I, V, Y or Z)

FTYP not available

NRAC Number of aircraft

ATYP/W Aircraft type and wake turbulence category

EQCST Displays aircraft equipment status for certain equipment (W, Y, U, R and P) - "EQ" equipped, "NO" not

EOBD Estimated Off-Block Date

EOBT Estimated Off-Block Time

EQUIP Equipment list - For flight plans with FAA equipment codes, a rough conversion to ICAO is shown in pa

ADEP Departure aerodrome

ADES Destination aerodrome

EET Estimated Elapsed Time

ALTN Alternate aerodrome(s)

ETD Estimated Time of Departure

ETB Estimated time to enter your sector

TAS True Air Speed

RFL Requested Flight Level

RTE Route

Other Flight plan remarks field

SUP Supplementary information (endurance, PIC name)

The following system information regarding the flight plan is shown unless the initial plan is displayed:



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PSSR Previous SSR code

ASSR Assigned SSR code

PEL/CFL Planned Entry Level or Cleared Flight Level, depending on the flight's state

Type Type of flight plan (APL or FPL)

Status of the flight plan

ETN Estimated time to COPN

COPN Entry coordination point

ETX Estimated time to COPX

COPX Exit coordination point

LFUNC Controller who is currently tracking the aircraft

0/0 Number of the displayed FPL in the list / total number of flight plans in the list

The following buttons are available:



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CRE Create a new full flight plan (FPL)

Editable fields will be highlighted

If a flight plan is being displayed, all data fields keep their values so a new flight plan can be created

"Apply" creates the FPL, "Cancel" aborts the operation

MOD dify the currently displayed FPL

Available fields will be highlighted

"Apply" modifies the FPL, "Cancel" aborts the operation

Find Find a flight plan

Enter Callsign to find the flight plan, "Cancel" aborts the operation

Probe Not implemented

Force Force this aircraft to be included in the MTCD and SAP processing regardless of its sector state or an

ACT Not implemented

SAC Enter a slot time

Enter the time to the ETD field, "Cancel" aborts the operation

CREAPL Create a new abbreviated flight plan (APL)

Editable fields will be highlighted

"Apply" creates the APL, "Cancel" aborts the operation

MODAPL Modify the currently displayed APL

Editable fields will be highlighted

"Apply" modifies the APL, "Cancel" aborts the operation

CONV Convert an APL to an FPL

Editable fields will be highlighted

Default values will be set to FRUL, NRAC, EQUIP and Other fields

"Apply" converts the APL, "Cancel" aborts the operation

Unforce Cancel the forced inclusion of this aircraft in the MTCD and SAP processing

Terminate Not implemented

CNL Not implemented

RTE Opens the Complete Route Window

Prev Selects the previous flight plan in the list (see Flight Plan Selection Window)

Next Selects the next flight plan in the list (see Flight Plan Selection Window)

INI View the initial flight plan

Complete Route Window is closed if it was opened

15 Nov 2022 Flight plan refresh time and system information will not be shown Rev.1

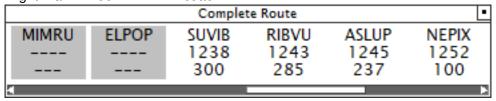


In TopSky the only difference between an APL and an FPL is that an APL can only contain the Callsign. If it contains any other information (controller-assigned values such as ASSR, CFL, etc. are not taken into account), it will be considered to be an FPL.

For the accepted CFL entry formats, see AFL Menu.

3.7.18 Complete Route Window

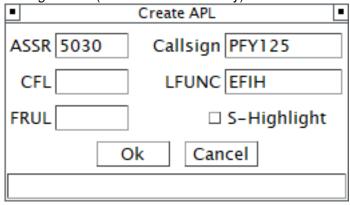
Flight Plan Window -> "RTE" button



Displays the expanded route of the FPL currently shown in the *Flight Plan Window*. Already passed points are shown with "Overflown" color background. Points still ahead show the estimated time over the point and the calculated flight level (as calculated by EuroScope) below the point name.

3.7.19 Create APL Window

Callsign Menu (uncorrelated track only) -> "Create APL" item



The bottom area of the window will show status and error messages.

Enter all the available information (the only required field is the callsign) and click "Ok" to create the APL. "Cancel" will clear all the fields.

If the SSR field is left empty, a code will be automatically assigned from a dedicated APL code range. If no codes are available, an error message will be shown and a code must be manually entered. For the accepted CFL entry formats, see *AFL Menu*.

Left-clicking on the FRUL field toggles the flight rules between "I" (IFR) and "V" (VFR). When the APL is successfully created, it is automatically assumed or set as on-contact depending on TopSky setup.

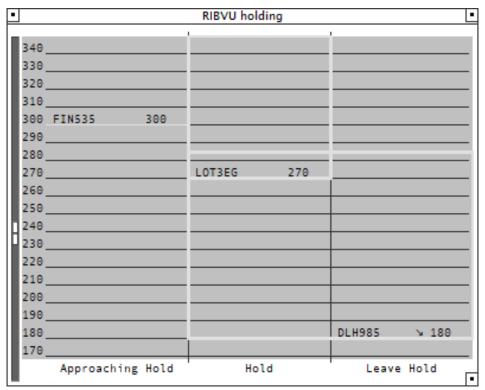
3.7.20 Stack Manager Window

Holding List... -> "HPT" item

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To help with controlling holding aircraft, Stack Manager Windows can be opened. They give a quick look into the vertical positions of aircraft that have been given a holding clearance to the holding fix associated with the window in question.

The window is split into three columns:

Approaching Hold: Aircraft approaching the holding area

(more than 5 minutes flying time away from the holding fix)

Hold: Aircraft in the holding area

Leave Hold: Aircraft cleared to leave the holding

The window displays the aircraft labels at their cleared flight levels. For each aircraft the callsign, the vertical speed arrow if not in level flight ("#" in Warning color for aircraft without altitude information), the RVSM capability indicator if applicable, and the CFL is displayed. If there are more than one aircraft with the same CFL, only one callsign will be shown. A " + " symbol in SMW Overlap Box color after the CFL value indicates that there are more flights to be displayed. Clicking on the symbol will display a window with all the callsigns with that CFL.

For each aircraft an altitude box will be drawn that extends from AFL to CFL. Normally the color of the box is SMW Level Band, but in the Hold and Leave Hold columns if it is closer than 300ft or overlaps any other aircraft's box, the color will be SMW Overlap. For an aircraft with a CLAM alert, the box

will be in SMW Overshoot color. A flight level reserved for an overflight is shown in SMW Overflight color. The altitude box of aircraft in the Leave Hold column extends into the Hold column as well. Aircraft will be automatically removed from the Leave Hold column after 10 minutes, but they can also be manually removed by right-clicking the callsign.

Any number of Stack Manager Windows can be opened to monitor multiple holdings at the same time. For CFLs at or below the transition altitude, the aircraft label is placed on the numerical value of the CFL, but the altitude box is always based on flight levels.

The mouse click areas of the Stack Manager Window:



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Slider or view background area Drag to adjust the lowest shown FL

Aircraft callsigns Open Callsign Menu *

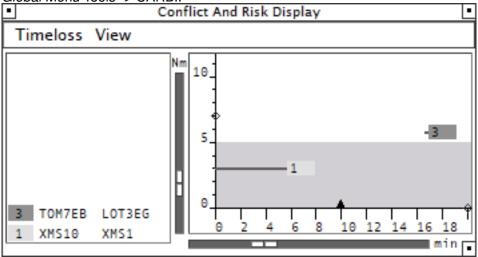
CFL Open CFL Menu **

+ symbol Open window to view all callsigns with that CFL

FL numbers Toggle overflight status for that level

3.7.21 CARD

Global Menu Tools -> CARD.



The CARD window presents the MTCD conflicts and conflict risks. It also allows setting some of the related parameters. It is divided into two parts:

On the left is the list area which includes all the detected conflicts and shows the concerned aircrafts' callsigns. A conflict or potential predicted conflict has an Urgency colored label and a risk or potential risk of conflict has a Warning one. Potential conflicts are displayed with Potential colored labels.

The conflict numbers are shown in CARD Conflict Number color. An Urgency colored background on a callsign means that the aircraft also has a Short Term Conflict Alert. A highlighted callsign will be highlighted in this list as well. An acknowledged conflict (shown in Unconcerned color) will not display the MTCD warning in the track label. An acknowledged problem will be automatically de-acknowledged if the predicted minimum separation decreases by a predefined amount.

Hovering the mouse cursor over a conflict label will display the conflict on the radar screen.

On the right is the graphical display area that gives an overview to the severity and timeframe for each conflict. On the vertical (distance) axis the conflicts are placed to the predicted minimum separation and on the horizontal (time) axis the label is placed so that the left edge of the conflict number is at the time of closest point of approach. A line in CARD Time Vector color, extending to the left from the label, marks the time when the separation will decrease below the prediction distance. For fast closure rates the time from prediction distance to CPA may be too short to display the line. The conflict labels have the same mouse functions as the ones in the list area. If the label position would be outside the maximum time displayed in the window, the label is positioned at the maximum displayed

^{*} Right-clicking a callsign in the Leave Hold column immediately removes the aircraft from display. ** When opened from a Stack Manager Window, the default value in the CFL menu is the current CFL regardless of the setting in the *Local Settings submenu*.



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time with a Foreground colored edge. The area below 5nm distance is drawn in Field Highligh color.

The mouse click areas of the CARD window:

"Timeloss" / "Distance" Opens a pop-up menu to select the sorting option

(Time to start of conflict / Predicted minimum separation)

"View" menu label Toggle the View menu.

Vertical slider Drag to adjust the distance scale

Horizontal slider Drag to adjust the time scale

Diamond on vertical axis
Drag to adjust prediction distance

Diamond on horizontal axis
Drag to adjust prediction time

Triangle on horizontal axis
Drag to adjust warning time

Conflict number labels Left-click to open Mark/ACK menu

Right-click to toggle SEP (minimum separation lines)

From the "View" menu it is possible to toggle various MTCD related options:

List Toggles display of the list area

Graphic Toggles display of the graphical area

Grid Toggles a nm/min grid on the graphical area

Risk Toggles display of MTCD risks of conflict

Potential Predicted Toggles display of MTCD potential predicted conflicts *

Potential Risk Toggles display of MTCD potential risks of conflict *

Potential Toggles display of MTCD potential conflicts *

PLC Toggles display of planner controller conflicts

(conflict starts later than the triangle displayed on the time axis)

MTCD Ind Toggles the display of the MTCD indicator on the track label

Notif Toggles whether tracks in the notified state are considered for MTCD

Unco Toggles whether unconcerned tracks are considered for MTCD

Future Toggles whether flight plan tracks are considered for MTCD (flight plan tracks must be at lea

* The availability of these items in the menu depends on TopSky setup From the "Mark/ACK" menu it is possible to toggle conflict-specific options:

Mark All Toggles marking the Callsigns and AFL's of the concerned tracks with "CARD Mark All" color

Mark Own Toggles marking the Callsigns of the concerned tracks with "CARD Mark Own" color

ACK Toggles acknowledgement status

Address Not implemented

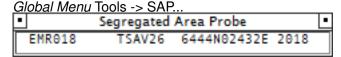


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3.7.22 SAP Window



The SAP window lists the aircraft that have SAP conflicts (can be set to also show risks). The list shows the aircraft callsign, the area it will enter and the coordinates and the time when it will enter it. Only the first entered area will be shown if the aircraft is predicted to enter more than one active area. Placing the mouse cursor over an aircraft line will show the aircraft's route on the radar screen up to the first point of entering an active area or the first point where there is a risk of doing so if risks are selected to be displayed on the window. The list is sorted according to the entry time field, with the earliest time on top.

3.7.23 Vertical Aid Window

Global Menu Tools -> Vertical Aid Window...

Vertical Aid Window

CFL/PEL View

XFL

130
120
110
100
90
80
70
60
50
40
30
20
10
0
12:40
12:45
12:50
12:55
13:00

The Vertical Aid Window shows the predicted vertical trajectory of the selected aircraft (ASEL), starting from its current position (marked with a dot in "VAW Track Position" color), and the trajectories of all aircraft conflicting with it. The trajectories are displayed as calculated by EuroScope. The background color of the path area is by default the "Inactive Sector" color, but for the time the aircraft is predicted to be inside your sector the color will be the "Active Sector" color. Other sector boundary crossings are displayed with vertical lines in "VAW Sector Limits" color. The trajectory of the ASEL aircraft is drawn in "VAW Profile" color and the conflicting aircrafts' trajectories in "Urgency" (conflict or potential predicted conflict), "Warning" (risk or potential risk of conflict) or "Potential" (potential). It is also possible to send PEL and XFL coordinations and set the CFL from this window using the two buttons:

CFL/PEL Opens the PEL or CFL menu depending on sector state

View Toggles the View menu

XFL Opens the XFL menu

From the "View" menu it is possible to toggle various MTCD related:



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Risk Toggles display of MTCD risks

Potential Predicted Toggles display of MTCD potential predicted conflicts *

Potential Risk Toggles display of MTCD potential risks of conflict *

Potential Toggles display of potential conflicts *

Notif Toggles whether tracks in the notified state are shown

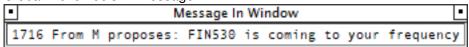
Unco Toggles whether unconcerned tracks are shown

* The availability of these items in the menu depends on TopSky setup

The PEL and XFL values are displayed in Coordination color, or in "Proposition" if being coordinated. After a refused coordination, the original value is shown in Warning color. The CFL value is displayed as a horizontal line across the screen.

3.7.24 Message In Window

Global Menu Tools -> Message In...



The Message In Window shows received coordination messages, sorted by time, with the newest ones at the top of the list. For the ones requiring an answer, it is possible to send it either from this window, the aircraft track label or any aircraft list where the relevant items are displayed. The messages will be automatically removed from the list when the track becomes Unconcerned, or for some messages, also based on a specific event.

The available message types are:

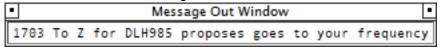
- "From <SI> proposes: <Callsign> is coming to your frequency"
 - Displayed when the track is being transferred to you
 - Removed when the transfer is complete or cancelled
- "From <SI> for <Callsign> proposes Request on downstream frequency"
 - Displayed when the next controller has sent a message requesting the track to be transferred to his frequency
 - Left-clicking on the line manually removed
 - Removed when a transfer is started
- "From <SI> for <Callsign> proposes Handover [HDG xxx] [DCT xxxxxx] [SP xxxx]"
 - Displayed when there is a HOP in progress
 - Left-clicking on the line opens the Combined Transfer Menu
 - Removed when the transfer is complete or cancelled
- "From <SI> for <Callsign> RTI [HDG xxx] [SP xxx] [ARC xx]"
 - Displayed when an RTI message has been received
 - Left-clicking on the line opens the *Tactical Transfer Menu*

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- "From <SI> for <Callsign> TIP [HDG xxx] [SP xxx] [ARC xx]"
 - Displayed when a TIP message has been received
 - Left-clicking on the line opens the Tactical Transfer Menu
 - Removed when the track becomes Assumed
- "From <SI> for <Callsign> proposes HOP/RTI/TIP Accepted"
 - Displayed when an Accept message has been received to HOP, RTI or TIP
 - Left-clicking on the line manually removes it
- "From <SI> for <Callsign> proposes RTI/TIP rejected [by timeout]"
 - Displayed when a reject message has been received to RTI or TIP
 - Left-clicking on the line manually removes it
- "From <SI> for <Callsign> proposes [COPN xxxxx] [PEL xxx]"
 - Displayed when an entry coordination has been received
 - Left-clicking on a value opens the EuroScope default menu to answer
 - Removed when the track becomes Assumed
- "From <SI> for <Callsign> proposes [COPX xxxxx] [XFL xxx]"
 - Displayed when an exit coordination has been received
 - Left-clicking on a value opens the EuroScope default menu to answer an active coordination
- "From <SI>: <Callsign> will be squawking <ASSR>"
 - Displayed when a previous controller assigns a new SSR code for a track
 - Left-clicking on the line manually removes it

3.7.25 Message Out Window

Global Menu Tools -> Message Out...



The Message Out Window shows the coordination messages you have sent, sorted by time, with the newest ones at the top of the list. The messages will be automatically removed when the track becomes Unconcerned. To manually remove a line, left-click on it.

The available message types are:

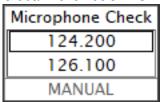
- "To <SI> for <Callsign> proposes goes to your frequency"
 - Displayed when you transfer a track
- "To <SI> Request <Callsign> on frequency"
 - Displayed when you have sent a ROF message

Portugal vACC Non-parker then body	USER INTERFACE	3.7
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- "To <SI> for <Callsign> proposes Handover [HDG xxx] [DCT xxxxxx] [SP xxxx]"
 - Displayed when you have sent a HOP
- "To <SI> for <Callsign> RTI [HDG xxx] [SP xxx] [ARC xx]"
 - Displayed when you have sent an RTI message
- "To <SI> for <Callsign> TIP [HDG xxx] [SP xxx] [ARC xx]"
 - Displayed when you have sent a TIP message
- "To <SI> for <Callsign> proposes HOP/RTI/TIP Accepted"
 - Displayed when you have sent an Accept message to HOP, RTI or TIP
- "To <SI> for <Callsign> proposes RTI/TIP rejected [by timeout]"
 - Displayed when you have sent a Reject message to RTI or TIP. "Rejected by timeout" will be sent automatically if the coordination is not answered within a specified time.
- "To <SI> for <Callsign> proposes [COPN xxxxx] [PEL xxx]"
 - Displayed when you have sent an entry coordination
- "To <SI> for <Callsign> proposes [COPX xxxxx] [XFL xxx]"
 - Displayed when you have sent an exit coordination
- "To <SI> for <Callsign> proposes will squawk <ASSR>"
 - Displayed when you have assigned a new SSR code and there is a next controller online for the track

3.7.26 Microphone Check Menu

Global Menu Tools -> CPDLC -> Microphone Check



The Microphone Check menu is used to send a "CHECK STUCK MICROPHONE <frequency>" CPDLC message to all CPDLC connected aircraft when a stuck mic is suspected. The menu lists all frequencies selected for XMT TXT in EuroScope; left-clicking on one sends the messages. Manual frequency entry is not available.

The menu closes when a frequency is selected or the cursor leaves the menu area.

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3.7.27 CPDLC Current Message Window

Global Menu Tools -> CPDLC -> Current Messages...

•	CPDLC Current Message Window(5) 0/0						
TIME	TIME/CS						
TIME	Callsign		MESSAGE				
1830	FIN535	▼	REQUEST LOGON				
1830	FIN535	lack	LOGON ACCEPTED				
1830	FIN535	▲	CURRENT ATC UNIT EFIN HELSINKI CTL				
1830	FIN535	▲	CLIMB TO FL320				
1831	FIN535	▼	WILCO				

The *CPDLC Current Message Window* displays all sent and received CPDLC messages that have not been archived. Each line corresponds to one message, and contains the time the message was sent/received, the callsign of the aircraft, a filled triangle (pointing upward for uplink messages, downward for downlink messages) and the message text. If the message is too long to fit in the window, "…" is used to mark that there is more text in the message. Right-clicking on the message will open a small window that displays the entire message. The window will close automatically when the mouse cursor leaves its area.

The messages (for uplink clearances, also the responses) are color coded to display their status:

- "Urgency" for CPDLC emergency messages that have not been replied to
- "CPDLC Failed" for failed uplink messages
- "CPDLC Unable" for uplink clearances replied to with "UNABLE"
- "CPDLC Standby" for uplink clearances replied to with "STANDBY", and not timed out
- "CPDLC UM Clearance" for uplink clearances waiting for reply, and not timed out
- "CPDLC Pilot Late" for timed out uplink clearances
- · "CPDLC Discarded" for discarded messages
- "CPDLC DM Request" for downlink requests waiting for controller reply, and not timed out
- "CPDLC Controller Late" for timed out downlink requests
- "Foreground" for other messages

Left-clicking on the current sorting option opens a popup to select the sorting order:

TIME/CS Messages sorted according to send/receive time (default option)

DIALOG/CS Messages grouped to dialogues, dialogues sorted by time of first message

CS/DIALOG Messages sorted by callsign, messages with same callsign sorted by time Left-clicking on a message opens a popup to select some actions for the message:

Archive Closes the message dialogue if open, archives all messages in that dialogue

Discard Closes the message dialogue and discards all the messages in it If the message is "REQUEST LOGON":



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ACCEPT Accepts the logon request

UNABLE Denies the logon request

For other messages:

Manual Reply Opens a window (see below) to type a free text reply

Dialogues are never archived automatically, so make sure to manually archive dialogues when they are no longer relevant to keep the window from getting cluttered with messages.

Always reply to downlink requests using the relevant menu as it ensures correct formatting and type of message, and keeps the track label indications correct. The reply options here should only be used when a menu cannot be used, for example when the downlink was not parsed correctly and the request is therefore not shown on the track label.

3.7.28 Manual Reply Window

This window is used to send a manually composed reply to a CPDLC message (max 99 characters). Left-click on the area below the "Message text" label to enter the message and select one of the "Expected reply" options. Then left-click on "Send" to send the message.

The window closes automatically when the message is sent or the mouse cursor leaves the window area.

Warning

When replying to a downlink request using the Manual Reply Window, the track label is not updated accordingly. If the downlink had been recognized as a request, the request information is removed from the label, and if the reply is a clearance, it is not shown on the label, and the label values are not updated. Always use the label menus to answer a recognized downlink!

3.7.29 CPDLC History Message Window

Global Menu Tools -> CPDLC -> History Messages...

•	CPDLC History Message Window(0) 0/0	•
TIME/CS		
TIME C/S	MESSAGE	

The CPDLC History Message Window contains CPDLC messages that have been archived from the CPDLC Current Message Window.

3.7.30 Cursor Lat/Long Window

Global Menu Tools -> LAT/LONG...

Cursor Lat/Long

632534N/0280730E

Displays the latitude and longitude values of the cursor position.

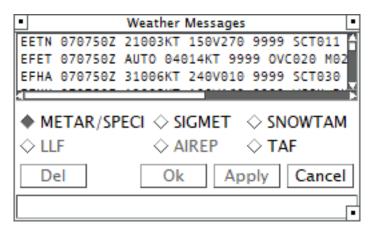
3.7.31 Weather Messages Window

Global Menu MET -> Messages...

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The Weather Messages Window displays weather related messages. By default, METAR/SPECI messages are shown. To view other types of messages, left-click on the desired option button (the "LLF" and "AIREP" options are not available).

By default, with the "METAR/SPECI" option button chosen, this window displays the METARs you have requested from the VATSIM server (i.e. [F2] <icao>) and any METARs EuroScope requests automatically. Whenever a new METAR is received from the server it is added to the list (an old METAR is removed when a newer one is received from the same station). New METARs and TAFs are displayed in Warning color until the mouse cursor is positioned on them (for the decoded METAR, this applies only for the first row).

In addition, the window can display SIGMETs, SNOWTAMs and TAFs. The SIGMETs are retrieved when the "SIGMET" button is selected for the first time. Selecting the "SNOWTAM" or "TAF" option will open the *Aerodrome Menu* where the desired stations must be selected. SNOWTAM data is downloaded together with the NOTAMs (as of writing this, they are not included in the data and hence unavailable for TopSky). If TopSky is configured to use a non-VATSIM METAR source, the METAR/SPECI list behaves the same way as the TAF list (stations must be selected from a list). The messages are automatically updated at specified intervals - the status bar at the bottom displays the remaining time to the next automatic update when the mouse cursor is over the window area.

The messages are sorted alphabetically by the station identifier in the list.

The messages can be viewed in three modes (decoded only available for METARs):

- List (the default mode, showing one message per line)
- Single (showing only a single message)
- Single decoded (showing a single METAR in a decoded format)

To view a single message:

- Left-click on a METAR/SIGMET/SNOWTAM/TAF in the list
- · Left-click on a decoded METAR

To view a single METAR in the decoded format:

- · Right-click on a METAR in the list
- · Right-click on a single METAR

To return to the list view:

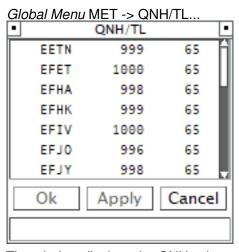


- Left-click on a single METAR/SIGMET/SNOWTAM/TAF
- Right-click on a decoded METAR

To remove a METAR/SIGMET/TAF from the window:

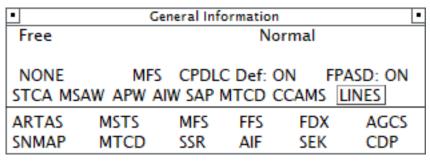
- Display the METAR/SIGMET/TAF in the single or decoded mode
- · Left-click on the "Del" button
- Left-click "Yes" in the confirmation window that opens ("No" cancels the operation)

3.7.32 QNH/TL Window



The window displays the QNH values and corresponding transition levels for those airports that have a METAR displayed in the *Weather Messages Window*. The transition level tables are defined in a data file, and if a table can't be found for an airport in the list, a transition level will not be shown. The buttons in the window have no functionality.

3.7.33 General Information Window



The General Information Window displays basic information on the system state. The following functionality is implemented in TopSky:



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mode "Free", "Operational", "Proxy", "Replay" or "Training" depending on the connection method

role Own controller ID (between the mode and the "Normal" item)

QNH Shows the local QNH value (below the "Normal" item when available)

CPDLC Def Displays the state of the CPDLC Default setting

FPASD Displays the state of the FPASD setting Alert

Alert functions Status of the alert functions. The function name is shown in Warning color if selected off or the

CCAMS Plugin selected as the code source:

• Urgency color if the SSR data file contains no codes

• Warning color if simulated traffic is not downloaded

ESE file or fixed range selected as the code source:

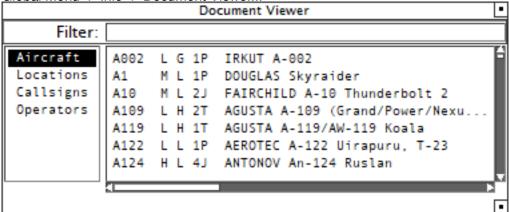
Warning color

AGCS Warning color if Hoppie datalink comms are failed

MTCD Warning color if prediction time is set to zero

3.7.34 Document Viewer Window

Global Menu -> Info -> Document Viewer...



The Document Viewer Window is used to browse and search for information in specific data files

- Aircraft Information about aircraft types
 - Type designator
 - Wake turbulence category
 - Description (Amphibian, Gyrocopter, Helicopter, Landplane, Seaplane, Tiltrotor)
 - Engine count and type (Electric, Jet, Piston, Rocket, Turboprop/turboshaft)
 - Manufacturer and model
- Locations Information about aerodromes



- Location indicator
- Location name
- (State/Territory)
- · Callsigns Information about aircraft operators
 - Three-letter designator
 - Telephony designator
 - (Aircraft operating agency and notifying state)
- · Operators Information about aircraft operators
 - Three-letter designator
 - Aircraft operating agency and notifying state
 - (Telephony designator)

The information can be filtered using the "Filter" box. The list will only display lines containing the entered text string (case insensitive).

3.7.35 NOTAM List Window

Global Menu -> Info -> NOTAM...

NOTAM List

All

LPPC SFA3000 N AIRSPACE RESERVATION WILL TAKE PLACE
LPPC SFL250 N AIRSPACE RESERVATION WILL TAKE PLACE
LPPC SFL250 N AIRSPACE RESERVATION WILL TAKE PLACE
LPPC SFL250 N AIRSPACE RESERVATION WILL TAKE PLACE
LPPC SFL520 N AIRSPACE RESERVATION WILL TAKE PLACE

PPC SFL520 N AIRSPACE RESERVATION WILL TAKE PLACE

The NOTAM List Window displays a list of received NOTAMs. The NOTAMs are retrieved when the window is first opened and the list will take a couple of seconds to populate. The NOTAMs are automatically updated every two hours. Each NOTAM shows the following information:

Location ID (ICAO designator)

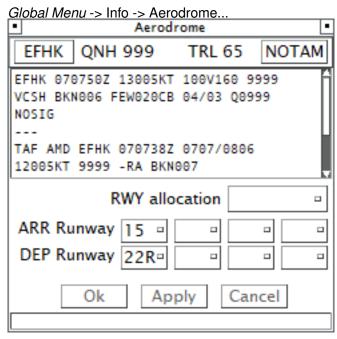
- Serial number
- Type ("N" = new, "R" = replaces earlier NOTAM, "C" = cancels earlier NOTAM)
- Abbreviated form of the NOTAM message contents

To see the actual NOTAM contents, left-click on a NOTAM line. To return back to the NOTAM list, left-click on the single NOTAM.

By default, the window displays all received NOTAMs. Left-clicking on the "All" label opens a menu where the displayed NOTAMs can be filtered by their validity periods. The other available options are "Today" and "Tomorrow".

The NOTAM List is automatically displayed at startup in order to fetch the current FUA. It may be closed after loading.

3.7.36 Aerodrome Window



The Aerodrome Window displays information about the selected airport.

Left-clicking on the airport ICAO code opens the *Aerodrome Menu* to select another airport, and left-clicking on the "NOTAM" button opens the *NOTAM List Window*, showing only the NOTAMs for the selected airport.

Below the header, the latest METAR and TAF for the airport are displayed. The QNH and TRL in the header are based on the METAR data.

The bottom part of the window displays the arrival and departure runway allocation at the selected airport. The runway selections are read-only in this window.

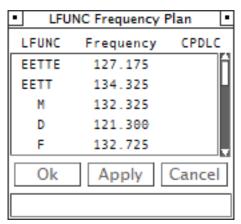
3.7.37 LFUNC Frequency Plan Window

Global Menu -> Info -> LFUNC Frequency Plan...

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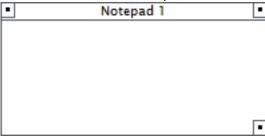
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The LFUNC Frequency Plan Window displays the currently online controllers and their primary frequencies as well as their CPDLC logon callsigns where applicable.

3.7.38 Notepad Window

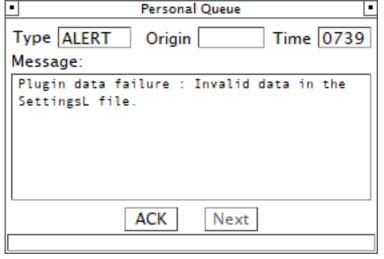
Global Menu MSG -> Notepad...



The Notepad Windows can be used to display any user entered text. Multiple Notepad Windows can be opened simultaneously. To enter new text or edit the existing one, click on the window area. The text will be automatically wrapped, and if necessary, the "|" character can be used to force a line break. If the window is not large enough to fit all the entered text, it will display "..." in the end to indicate that there is more information.

3.7.39 Personal Queue Window

Global Menu MSG -> Personal Queue...



The Personal Queue Window displays warning messages related to TopSky's operation: high priority messages informing about potential critical failures in TopSky code, and low priority messages informing about faults in TopSky's external data files or timeout alerts for coordination messages. The window currently only displays "ALERT" type messages, and the origin for them is always empty.

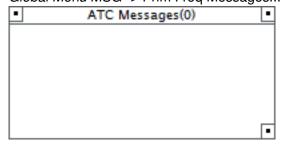
The time field displays the UTC time when the currently viewed message was created.

The high priority messages are always displayed first. Only when there are no more high priority messages in the list, are the low priority ones shown. To acknowledge a message, click on the "ACK" button. This removes the message from the list and displays the next one. The "Next" button moves the currently viewed message to the back of the list and displays the next message of the same priority.

3.7.40 ATC / Primary Frequency Messages Window

Global Menu MSG -> ATC Messages...

Global Menu MSG -> Prim Freq Messages...

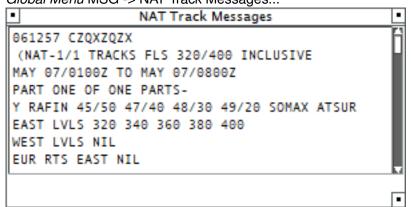


These windows display up to 99 last messages transmitted on the relevant text channel ("ATC" or the primary frequency). Each message line displays a time stamp, the sender callsign (blank if you) and the message itself.

New incoming messages are displayed in Warning color until left-clicked to mark them as read. Left-double-clicking on any message will mark all messages in the window read. The windows do not resize automatically to show all the messages in them, but the number in the title bar shows the total number of messages in the window. If the window is not wide enough to fit a complete message, it will display "..." in the end to indicate that there is more information. Holding a mouse button down on a message will display the entire message.

3.7.41 NAT Track Messages Window

Global Menu MSG -> NAT Track Messages...



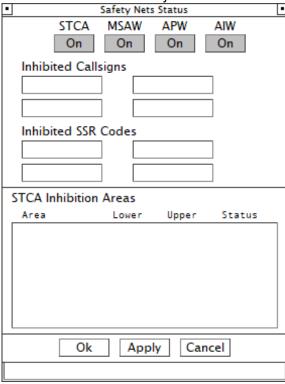
The NAT Track Messages Window displays the downloaded track messages. The messages are downloaded when the window is opened the first time and then updated hourly. The tracks extracted



from the messages can be displayed on the radar screen – they are placed to a "NAT" folder in the *Maps Windows*. Any named waypoints in the tracks that cannot be found in the active sector file are just skipped so the displayed tracks may not be accurate. The track letter is added to the name of the first and last waypoints in parentheses, so a missing track letter is a sure sign of at least some waypoints missing.

3.7.42 Safety Nets Status Window

Global Menu STS -> Safety Nets Status...



Allows setting the status for the STCA, MSAW, APW and AIW systems. The "On/Off" buttons control the corresponding system's status.

Below them, there are four entry boxes for callsigns to exclude specific callsigns from all the safety nets. The "*" wildcard can be used to match multiple callsigns. It causes all the callsigns that match up to the "*" to be a match (i.e. "ABC"" will match all callsigns that start with "ABC", but "*ABC" will match all callsigns as any characters after the "*" will be ignored). Below the callsign fields, there are four SSR code boxes that can be used to exclude specific SSR codes from all the safety nets. The entered values must be 1-4 octal digits, and the system will match the number of digits entered (i.e. "2000" will match only code 2000, whereas "20" will match all codes in the range 2000-2077). If there are STCA inhibition areas defined in the area data file, they will be listed in the area in the bottom part of the window. The area vertical limits (displayed in 100's of feet or meters+"m" depending on system units) can be edited by clicking on the values, and the area activation can be toggled by clicking on the area status. All changes to the window must be applied using the buttons in the bottom of the window to take effect.

Ok Applies the changes if any, closes the window

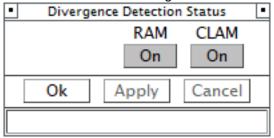
Apply Applies the changes

Cancel Cancels the changes



3.7.43 Divergence Detection Status Window

Global Menu STS -> Divergence Detection Status...



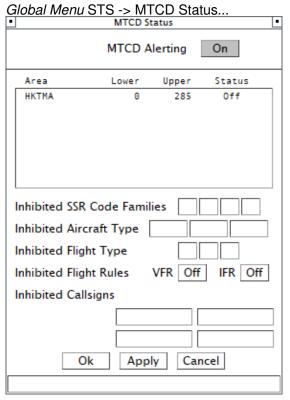
Allows setting the status for the RAM and CLAM alerting. The "On/Off" buttons control the corresponding system's status. All changes must be applied using the buttons below to take effect.

Ok Applies the changes if any, closes the window

Apply Applies the changes

Cancel Cancels the changes

3.7.44 MTCD Status Window



Allows setting the status for the MTCD system. The "On/Off" button controls the system's status. If there are MTCD inhibition areas defined in the area data file, they will be listed in the area below the "On/Off" button. The area vertical limits (displayed in 100's of feet or meters+"m" depending on system units) can be edited by clicking on the values, and the area activation can be toggled by clicking on the area status.

The rest of the inhibition settings affect both MTCD and SAP systems:



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Below the inhibit areas, there are four SSR code boxes that can be used to exclude specific SSR codes from MTCD/SAP processing. The entered values must be 1-2 octal digits, and the system will match the number of digits entered (i.e. "2" will match codes 2000-2777, whereas "20" will match codes 2000-2077).

Below the SSR codes, there are four ATYP boxes to exclude specific aircraft types. The entered text strings must be exact ICAO aircraft type designators (no partial matches or wildcards).

The flight type inhibit is not available due to network restrictions.

VFR or IFR flights can be excluded by selecting the respective "Inhibited Flight Rules" button to "On". Finally, there are four entry boxes to exclude specific callsigns. The "*" wildcard can be used to match multiple callsigns. It causes all the callsigns that match up to the "*" to be a match (i.e. "ABC*" will match all callsigns that start with "ABC", but "*ABC" will match all callsigns as any characters after the "*" will be ignored).

All changes must be applied using the buttons below to take effect.

Ok Applies the changes if any, closes the window

Apply Applies the changes

Cancel Cancels the changes

3.7.45 Runway in Use Window

Global Menu STS -> Runway In Use... Radar screen -> middle-click on Airport symbol drawn by TopSky's "AD_Hotspots" map...



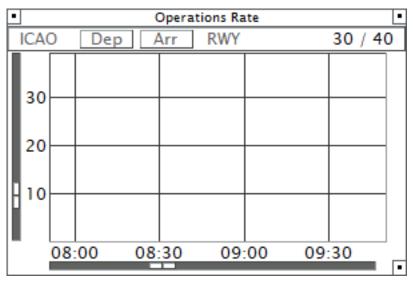
The Runway In Use Window displays the arrival and departure runway allocation at the selected airport. Left-clicking on the airport ICAO code opens the *Aerodrome Menu* to select another airport. The runway selections are read-only in this window.

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3.7.46 Operations Rate Window



The Operations Rate Window displays the predicted hourly operations rate at a specified airport. The data is displayed in 5-minute steps and shown up to 5 hours into the future. The arrival prediction is based on aircraft tracks as calculated by EuroScope. The departures are predicted to depart immediately if their ground status is set to "DEPA", earliest in 5 minutes if "TAXI" and earliest in 10 minutes if "PUSH", with a maximum departure rate of one aircraft per minute.

A number of these windows can be opened to simultaneously view multiple combinations of airport, departure/arrival state and runway(s).

In the area below the title bar, on the left is the ICAO identifier of the airport whose traffic is being monitored (a gray label "ICAO" is shown if no airport is selected yet).

The "Dep" and "Arr" buttons control whether departures and/or arrivals should be shown on the display (button background is shown in "Selected" color if selected on).

The "RWY" label allows entering one or more runway identifiers to filter traffic based on the assigned runway.

The numbers on the right side are the caution and warning limits. The rates are color coded so that a rate at or below the caution limit will be shown in <u>Information</u> color, a rate above that but at or below the warning limit in "Warning" and a rate above that in "Urgency". When both arrivals and departures are selected for display, the departures are shown with a hatched color.

ICAO Enter airport identifier

Dep Toggle departures on/off

Arr Toggle arrivals on/off

RWY Enter runways

XX / XX Enter caution and warning limits

Sliders Change the rate number and time scales

3.7.47 Predicted Traffic Window

Global Menu STS -> Supervisory -> Predicted Traffic...

The Predicted Traffic Window shows the number of aircraft that are predicted to be inside a specified controller's airspace. The data is displayed in 5-minute steps and shown up to 5 hours into the



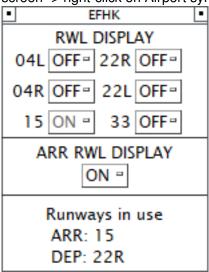
future. The prediction is based on the sector ownership and the aircraft tracks are as calculated by EuroScope.

A number of these windows can be opened to simultaneously view multiple controllers' situation. In the area below the title bar, the left side shows the controller ID whose traffic is being monitored (a gray label "ID" is shown if no controller ID is selected yet). Left-click on the text to enter a new ID. The numbers on the right side are the caution and warning limits. To change them, left-click on them and re-enter in the same format (warning can't be lower than caution; numbers must be separated by a forward slash). The traffic numbers are color coded so that a number at or below the caution limit will be shown in Information color, a number above that but at or below the warning limit in "Warning" and a number above that in "Urgency".

The two sliders change the traffic number and time scales.

3.7.48 Runway Approach Line Window

Global Menu STS -> RWY line display... (opens the Aerodrome Menu for airport selection) Radar screen -> right-click on Airport symbol drawn by TopSky's "AD_Hotspots" map...



To open the window from the radar screen, right-click on an airport symbol (+) on the radar screen (for the click spots to be active, the "AD_Hotspots" map in the "Aerodromes" folder of the *Maps Windows* must be active). Only those airports with runways specified have active click spots.

The window will open below the mouse cursor, or will be repositioned there if already open.

The window contains selection buttons to toggle the display of the approach lines for the airport's runways, and a listing of the currently active runways for the airport. The "ARR RWL DISPLAY" option toggles the automatic display of all approach lines for runways that are selected active for arrival. The setting is global for all airports. The runway approach line is by default 20nm long and has 5 distance markers at 2nm intervals. The color of the line is different depending on whether the runway is active for arrivals or not.

3.7.49 Tactical Info Window

"Open Tactical Info Window" tag function



 TACTICAL 			
FIN535			
AHDG 360			
ASP	250		
ARC	none		

The Tactical Info Window displays coordinated tactical data (AHDG, ASP and/or ARC). Proposed data is in "Proposition", rejected data in "Warning" and accepted data in sector state color. This window only displays the information; to answer or apply the data use the *Tactical Transfer Menu*.

3.7.50 Pre-Departure Clearance Window

"Open PDC Window" tag function

DEP CLEARANCE			
FI	FIN633		
RWY 21			
SID RENVI3A			
AHDG			
CFL	350		
ASSR A1352			
Ok			
Cancel			

The Pre-Departure Clearance Window is used to issue departure clearances, either via R/T or datalink. The following data fields are displayed for review:

RWY Departure runway (left-click to open RWY setup popup list)

SID Assigned SID (left-click to open SID setup popup list)

AHDG Assigned heading (left-click to open AHDG Menu)

NPT Next route point (left-click to edit)

CFL Cleared level (left-click to open *CFL Menu*)

ASSR Assigned transponder code (left-click to open ASSR Menu)

START Start-up clearance (left-click to toggle between "YES" and "NO")

NFREQ Next frequency (left-click to edit)

DFREQ Departure frequency (left-click to edit)

RMK Free text remarks to send with a datalink clearance (left-click to edit)

The NPT, NFREQ, DFREQ, START and RMK fields are only displayed if a datalink clearance has been requested and the clearance format (defined in the CPDLC data file) includes them.

The RWY field text is displayed in Proposition In color if the clearance has not yet been issued and the selected runway is not active for departure. The CFL level background is displayed in Warning



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color for DEL/GND/TWR/APP/DEP controllers when it is above XFL, and for CTR/FSS controllers when it is above PEL.

When the datalink clearance format includes the possibility to switch between "track" and "heading" modes, the "AHDG" label is displayed as a button. Left-click on it to toggle between "AHDG" and "TRACK".

When the RMK field contains text, the window displays the full text if it is not longer than 8 characters, otherwise the 7 first characters + "...". Left-click to edit the text.

When the aircraft has requested a clearance via datalink, the two buttons in the window are:

Send DCL Sends a departure clearance via datalink, closes the window

Voice Sends an error message "REVERT TO VOICE PROCEDURE", closes the window When the aircraft has not requested a clearance via datalink, not enough data is entered, or the controller has used the "Voice" option above to abort the datalink clearance process, the buttons are:

Ok Sets the clearance flag "On", closes the window

Cancel Sets the clearance flag "Off", closes the window

The "Send DCL" and "Ok" buttons are active when at least the "RWY", "CFL", "ASSR", all displayed frequency fields and the "NPT" field, if displayed, contain data.

3.7.51 Departure Coordination Window

"Toggle EST/DEP/ABT" function (when clearance flag not set and ground state not "DEPA")

DEP COORD			
FIN633			
2	21		
REN	IVI3A		
CFL	350		
ASSR A1352			
EOBT 1710			
Cancel			
Ok			

The Departure Coordination Window can be used to set the clearance flag. The window displays the aircraft callsign, departure runway and SID and allows setting the CFL, ASSR and EOBT values.

CFL Opens the CFL menu

ASSR Opens the ASSR menu

EOBT Opens the Time menu

Cancel Disregards any changes, closes the window

Ok Applies any changes, sets the clearance flag and closes the window



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3.8 Flight Leg

The Flight Leg displays the aircraft's planned track in one-minute steps. Each one-minute-long part of the path is colored according to the results of the MTCD and SAP processing. The following colors are possible:

Urgency FL M

MTCD and/or SAP conflic

Warning FL

MTCD and/or SAP risk

Potential FL

MTCD potential conflict

Information FL

MTCD and/or SAP processing available, no conflicts or risks detected

Flight Leg

No MTCD or SAP processing available for this part of the Flight Leg

If the aircraft has an assigned heading or is not following its route, the predictions only go up to 10 minutes and assume the aircraft continues on its present ground track. In this case the predicted track is shown as a dashed line when the flight leg is displayed.

The Flight Leg is displayed by clicking on various track label and list items depending on the setup and is either automatically removed from display when the mouse cursor leaves the label area or must be manually toggled off, depending on the function that was used to display it.

The label that's shown on each route point includes the following predefined fields



Estimated Time Over the point



Top of Climb



Top of Descent



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KEYBOARD SHORTCUTS

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3.9 Keyboard Shortcuts

Some plugin functions can be accessed using a keyboard shortcut. By default, each shortcut is a combination of two keys, with the first key needing to be down while the second is pressed to activate the function. The available shortcuts and their default keys are:

Open FPL Window for the selected flight	<alt> + <f></f></alt>
Open FPL Selection Window	<alt> + <e></e></alt>
Start new QDM line	<alt> + <q></q></alt>
Inhibit active filters for 5 seconds (Quick Look)	<alt> + <u></u></alt>
Start a new minimum separation line	<alt> + <s></s></alt>
Reposition cursor at the center of the radar screen	<alt> + <c></c></alt>

[&]quot;Selected flight" in the above means that the mouse cursor is over that flight's track label. For the timed functions, activating the shortcut while the timer is running restarts the timer from zero.

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3.10 Color Values

Color name	Color	Usage	
Aircraft colors			
Assumed		Labels, Tracks	
CARD Mark All		Labels	
CARD Mark Own		Labels	
Concerned		Labels, Tracks	
Coordination		Labels, Tracks	
Freq Indicator		Labels	
Info Coord		Labels	
Information		Labels, Windows	
Informed 1		Labels, Tracks	
Informed 2		Labels, Tracks	
Informed 3		Labels, Tracks	
Proposition Accepted		Labels	
Proposition In		Labels	
Proposition Out		Labels	
Redundant		Labels, Tracks	
Rwy Locked		Labels	
Sid Star Allocation		Labels	
Sid Star No Allocation		Labels	
Suite Highlight		Labels	
Track Default		Tracks	
Track Highlight		Tracks (when selected)	
Unconcerned		Labels, Tracks	
Unknown		Labels	
Urgency		Labels, STCA callsign background on plugin windows/lists	
VFR		Labels, Tracks	

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Color name	Color	Usage	
Warning		Labels, APW callsign background on plugin windows/lists, Windows	
CPDLC colors			
CPDLC Controller Late		Labels, Windows	
CPDLC Discarded		Windows	
CPDLC DM Request		Labels, Windows	
CPDLC Failed		Labels, Windows	
CPDLC Pilot Late		Labels, Windows	
CPDLC Standby		Labels, Windows	
CPDLC UM Clearance		Labels, Windows	
CPDLC Unable		Labels, Windows	
CPDLC Urgency		Labels, Windows	
Aircraft related items on the radar screen			
AIW intrusion		AIW alert related items	
CARD Min Sep		CARD SEP Tool	
Flight Leg		Part of flight leg without MTCD and SAP coverage	
FPLSEP Tool 1		Flight plan separation tool 1	
FPLSEP Tool 2		Flight plan separation tool 2	
FPLSEP Tool 3		Flight plan separation tool 3	
FPLSEP Tool 4		Flight plan separation tool 4	
FPLSEP Tool 5		Flight plan separation tool 5	
Heading Vector		Heading vector	
Information FL		Part of flight leg with no MTCD or SAP problems	
Potential FL		Part of flight leg with MTCD or SAP potential conflict	
QDM		QDM vector	
SEP Tool 1		Minimum separation tool 1	

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Color name	Color	Usage	
SEP Tool 2		Minimum separation tool 2	
SEP Tool 3		Minimum separation tool 3	
SEP Tool 4		Minimum separation tool 4	
SEP Tool 5		Minimum separation tool 5	
SEP Tool 6		Minimum separation tool 6	
SEP Tool 7		Minimum separation tool 7	
SEP Vert		Extensions of minimum separation tools	
System Calculated TOC		TOC symbol on flight leg	
System Calculated TOD		TOD symbol on flight leg	
Urgency FL		Part of flight leg with MTCD or SAP conflict	
Warning FL		Part of flight leg with MTCD or SAP risk	
Map colors			
Active Map		Active TSA map border	
Active Map Type 1		TSA map border/fill	
Active Map Type 2		TSA map border/fill	
Active Map Type 3		TSA map border/fill	
Active Map Type 4		TSA map border/fill	
Active Map Type 5		TSA map border/fill	
Active Map Type 6		TSA map border/fill	
Active Map Type 7		TSA map border/fill	
Active Map Type 8		TSA map border/fill	
Active Map Type 9		TSA map border/fill	
Active Map Type 10		TSA map border/fill	
Active Map Type 11		TSA map border/fill	
Active Map Type 12		TSA map border/fill	
Active Map Type 13		TSA map border/fill	

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Color name	Color	Usage	
Active Map Type 14		TSA map border/fill	
Active Map Type 15		TSA map border/fill	
Active Map Type 16		TSA map border/fill	
Active Map Type 17		TSA map border/fill	
Active Map Type 18		TSA map border/fill	
Active Map Type 19		TSA map border/fill	
Active Map Type 20		TSA map border/fill	
Active RD Infill Map		Active R or D map fill	
Active RD Map		Active R or D map border	
Active Text Map		Active TSA map text	
Auto Map Label		Auto-generated maps	
Auto Map Symbol		Auto-generated maps	
East NAT Map		Auto-generated maps, maps	
Map 1		Maps	
Map 2		Maps	
Мар 3		Maps	
Map 4		Maps	
Map Hotspot		Map hotspots	
Map Border		Maps	
Map Info		Range rings, range marker	
Map Land		Maps	
Map Symbol		Maps	
Preactive Map		Pre-active map border	
Preactive Text Map		Pre-active map text	
Predisplay Map		Pre-display map border	
Rwy App Line Inuse		Runway approach line for runways in use	
Rwy App Line Not Inuse		Runway approach line for runways not in use	

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Color name	Color	Usage	
TSA Border Highlight		Highlighted TSA map border	
Weather Map		Weather radar data	
West NAT Map		Auto-generated maps, maps	
Window and menu colors			
Arm		Inactive window texts	
Map Bright		Stack Manager Window, VAW	
Background		Background	
Border		Various lines in windows	
BottomShadow		3D effects in windows	
CARD Conflict Number		CARD conflict numbers	
CARD Time Vector		CARD time vectors	
Field Highlight		Selected field	
Flight Highlight		Selected item	
Foreground		Window titles, menu items, active texts, close/min/resize boxes	
Global Menu Highlight		Highlighted items in the Global Menu	
Inactive Sector		CARD and VAW background	
LatLong Info		Coordinate value in Lat/Long Window	
Overflown		Overflown points in Complete Route Window	
Potential		Potential conflicts in CARD/VAW	
Select		Selected radio buttons and selection boxes	
Selected		Active filters in Radar menu	
Selected Group		Group of TSA areas in multi edit mode	

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Color name	Color	Usage	
Selected Period		Active areas text in area window	
SMW Level Band		AFL-CFL boxes in SMW	
SMW Overflight		Overflight lines in SMW	
SMW Overlap		Overlapping AFL-CFL boxes in SMW	
SMW Overlap Box		Multiple same CFL's box in SMW	
SMW Overshoot		Level bust AFL-CFL boxes in SMW	
TopShadow		3D effects in windows	
Trough		Slider area background	
TSA Active		Active areas background in area window	
TSA Filter		Active categories in area window	
TSA Preactive		Pre-active areas back- ground in area window	
VAW Profile		Selected aircraft profile in VAW	
VAW Sector Limits		Sector boundaries in VAW	
VAW Track Position		Selected aircraft position in VAW	
WM Active Fg		Active window title text	
WM Bg		Window title bar background	
WM Border		Window border line	
WM Fg		Window texts	
WM Frame		Window frame when drag- ging	
Other colors			
Standard Line RDF		Direction Finder position circle or direction line	
Text Notes		Text notes	



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Color name	Color	Usage
A-CDM colors		
color1		
color2		
color3		
color4		
color5		
color6		
color7		
color8		
color9		
color10		
color11		
color12		

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4

Known issues



4.1 GitHub Repository

TOPLIS is maintained in the *topskylppc GitHub repository*. An up to date list of known issues can be checked on the *issues page*, aswell as reporting new ones.



KNOWN ISSUES

AIRPORT AND AREA HOTSPOTS BLOCK SCREEN PANNING

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4.2

4.2 Airport and area hotspots block screen panning

If you happen to drag one of the airport or area hotspot symbols when trying to move the screen, the screen will not move.



4.3 ROF/RTI/TIP message availability limited

As there is no real plugin-to-plugin communication available, the availability and success of sending the ROF, RTI and TIP messages is somewhat limited.



4.4 Problems opening the Radar Menu

The default method of opening the Radar Menu (<ALT>+right-click) may not always work on Mac hardware. It's possible to adjust TopSky settings to try another combination, but the easiest way is to insert the following line to the TopSkySettingsLocal.txt file:

Shortcut\RadarMenu\Combo=0x00

The Radar Menu is then opened by right-clicking anywhere on the Global Menu.

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