

Normalization

Functional Dependency

- How different attributes relate in a table
- Primary Key & Candidate Key = Primary Attribute
- Attributes that aren't primary key or candidate key = Non-Primary Attributes

Three Types of Dependenceis

1. Full Dependencies: Depends on all Prime Attributes Fully
2. Partial Dependenceis: Depends on some Prime Attributes
3. Transitive Dependencies: Depends on an attributes that depends on a Prime Attribute

Normalization

1. First Normal Form
 - Each table cell should contain a single value
 - Each record needs to be unique
2. Second Normal Form
 - Meets all of 1NF
 - No Partial Dependencies
3. Third Normal Form
 - Meets 1NF and 2NF
 - No Transitive Dependencies

Pet ID	Pet Name	Pet Type	Pet Age	Owner Name	Owner ID	Visit Date	Procedure
246	Rover	Dog	12	Sam Cook	1	Jan 13/2002	01-Rabies vaccination
						Mar 27/2002	10-Examine and Treat Wound
						Apr 02/2002	05-Heart Worm Test
298	Spot	Dog	2	Terry Kim	2	Jan 21/2002	08-Tetanus Vaccination
						Mar 10/2002	05-Heart Worm Test
341	Morris	Cat	4	Sam Cook	1	Jan 23/2001	01-Rabies Vaccination
						Jan 13/2002	01-Rabies Vaccination
519	Tweedy	Bird	2	Terry Kim	2	Apr 30/2002	20-Annual Check Up
						Apr 30/2002	12-Eye Wash

1NF

Pet ID	Pet Name	Pet Type	Pet Age	Owner Name	Owner ID	Visit Date	Procedure ID	Procedure Name
246	Rover	Dog	12	Sam Cook	1	Jan 13/2002	01	Rabies vaccination
						Mar 27/2002	10	Examine and Treat Wound
						Apr 02/2002	05	Heart Worm Test
298	Spot	Dog	2	Terry Kim	2	Jan 21/2002	08	Tetanus Vaccination
						Mar 10/2002	05	Heart Worm Test
341	Morris	Cat	4	Sam Cook	1	Jan 23/2001	01	Rabies Vaccination
						Jan 13/2002	01	Rabies Vaccination
519	Tweedy	Bird	2	Terry Kim	2	Apr 30/2002	20	Annual Check Up
						Apr 30/2002	12	Eye Wash

2NF

Pet ID	Pet Name	Pet Type	Pet Age	Owner Name	Owner ID
246	Rover	Dog	12	Sam Cook	1
298	Spot	Dog	2	Terry Kim	2
341	Morris	Cat	4	Sam Cook	1
519	Tweedy	Bird	2	Terry Kim	2

Procedure ID	
01	Rabies vaccination
10	Examine and Treat Wound
05	Heart Worm Test
08	Tetanus Vaccination
20	Annual Check Up

Pet ID	Visit Date	Procedure ID
246	Jan 13/2002	01
246	Mar 27/2002	10
246	Apr 02/2002	05
298	Jan 21/2002	08
298	Mar 10/2002	05
341	Jan 23/2001	01
341	Jan 13/2002	01
519	Apr 30/2002	20
519	Apr 30/2002	12

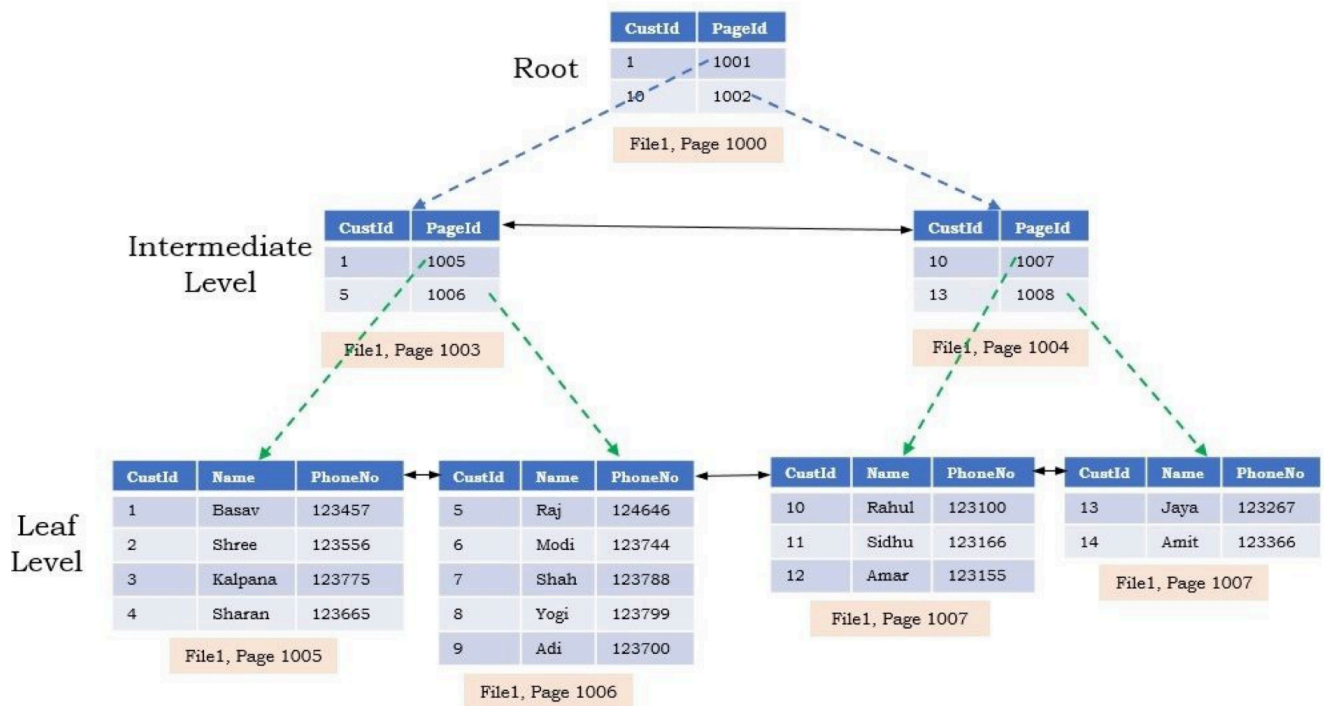
Pet ID	Pet Name	Pet Type	Pet Age	Owner ID
246	Rover	Dog	12	1
298	Spot	Dog	2	2
341	Morris	Cat	4	1
519	Tweedy	Bird	2	2

Owner ID	Owner Name
1	Sam Cook
2	Terry Kim

Index

Clustered Index

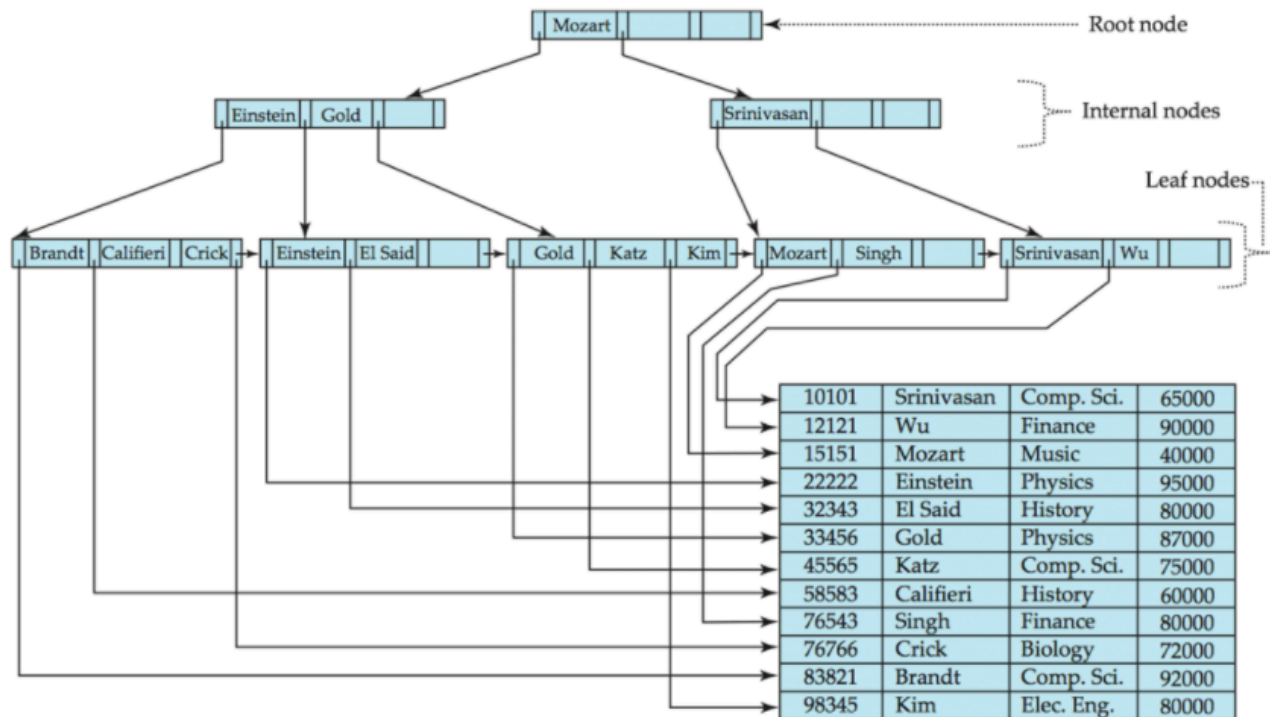
B+ Tree Structure of a Clustered Index



- Insert

- <https://www.cs.usfca.edu/~galles/visualization/BPlusTree.html>

Non-Clustered Index



DB Design

Hospital

We would like to design a database to maintain information about hospital staff, including doctors and nurses, and patients at the hospital. The information we need includes:

- Staff, including their names, addresses and social-security numbers.
- Patients, including their names, addresses, and the name of their insurance company.
- Patients are each assigned to a room.
- The staffs that are nurses are assigned to zero or more rooms. Each room has at least one nurse assigned.
- The staffs that are doctors are assigned to zero or more patients. Patients may or may not have a doctor assigned, and they may have more than one doctor.
- Patients in the same ward may have different doctors but will always have the same nurse(s).

Patients: pid | name | address | insurance company | ward_id(not null)

Nurse: nid | name | address | ssn

Ward: wid

Nurse_Ward: id | wid | nid

Doctor: did | name | address | ssn

Doctor_Patient: id | did | pid

One to Many: Which side?

Person Address

Address: aid pid

SQL

```
select * from Products where pname like '%o%'  
select * from Products where pname like '%o__'
```

```
select * from Products order by price limit 1,3
```