Using Eclipse

- Eclipse organizes code with what is called a Workbench or sometimes a Workspace.
- Within a workbench, multiple *Projects* are created. Each project is made up of source and build folders.
- This tutorial assumes that you already have a workbench setup and have applied any settings file(s) to that workbench.
- This tutorial goes through the steps to create a new project, to create Java source code files within that project, to edit the source, to compile the source, and to run the resulting bytecode.

Create a Project

 Go into File/New and select Project.



- Select "Java Project" (figure 1) and then press Next.
- For the "Project Name", type HelloEclipse, leaving the other settings as-is (figure 2), then press Next.



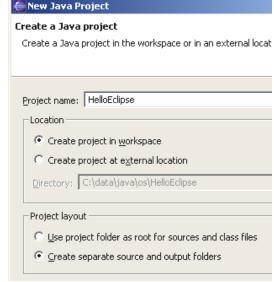
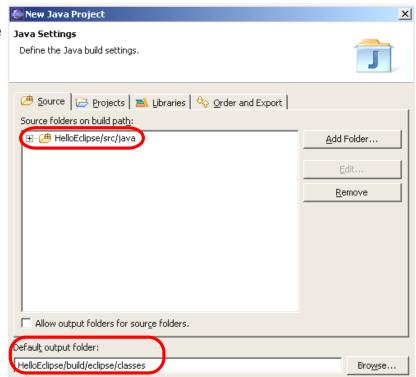


Figure 1

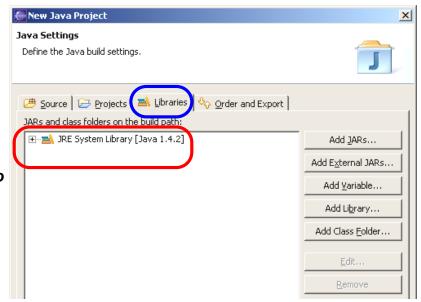
Figure 2

Eclipse - First Project Tutorial

- Source tab—no changes.
- Note that Java source code files will be in the src/java subfolder.
- Note that the compiled class files will be under the build/eclipse/classes subfolder.
- Projects tab—no changes.



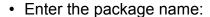
- Libraries tab—no changes.
- This is where user-defined libraries are specified in more complex projects.
- Order and Export tab—no changes.
- Press Finish to complete the project setup wizard.



Eclipse – First Project Tutorial

Create a Class

 Right-click on the src/java folder and then select New/Class.



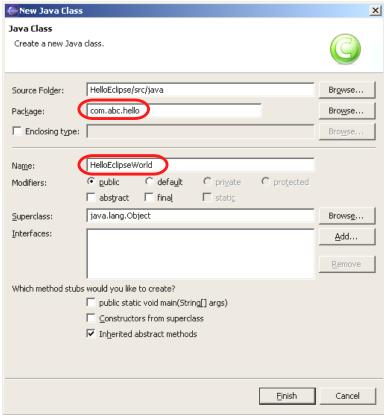
com.abc.hello

Enter the classname:

HelloEclipseWorld

Press Finish.





☐ Package Explorer ☐ Hierarchy

😑 😛 com.abc.hello

--- HelloEclipse

🗓 🗁 build

— (⊃ src

Ė 🥭 src/java

🚝 JavaPlus - HelloEclipseWorld.java - Eclipse Platform

File Edit Source Refactor Navigate Search Project Run Window Help

| 📑 + 🖫 🗁 | 🚠 | 💰 | 🗭 👸 | 🕸 + 🕖 + 🛂 + | 📫 🕸 💞 + | 🥭 🔗

□ □ 1 *HelloEclipseWorld.java 🗴

1 package com.abc.hello:

3 public class HelloEclipseWorld {

1package com.abc.hello;

3 public class HelloEclipseWorld {

main - main method

public static void main(String[] args) {

Edit the Java Source File

- Type in the contents of the source file.
- If you want to, you can use existing code templates and Content Assist to help write the code.
 - In this case, type main, then Ctrl+Space to activate Content Assist.
 - Select the first item (main main method) to have the main method written for you from a template.

🛨 🗓 HelloEclipseWorld.java

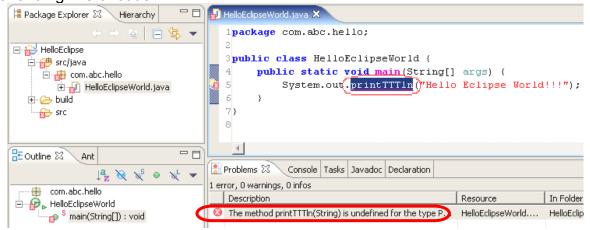
- Next, type sysout, then Ctrl+Space to activate Content Assist.
- Select the first item (sysout print to stdout) to have system.out.println(); written for you from a template.
- To see more of the templates that are available, go to Windows/Preferences. Then go into Java/Editor/Templates. You can also create your own templates to expand the power!
- The completed contents of HelloEclipseWorld.java Should be:

```
package com.abc.hello;

public class HelloEclipseWorld {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        System.out.println("Hello Eclipse World!!!");
    }
}
```

Compilation

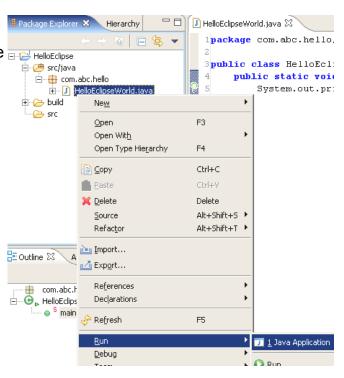
- To compile your Eclipse project, use Ctrl+B (menus: Project/Build All).
- Any compilation problems will show up in the Problems tab at the bottom of the screen. Double-clicking on a problem will open the associated file and jump to the offending line of code.



- When on the line with the error, the code can helioEclipseWorld, lava x be manually corrected or the Quick Fix feature can be used to make suggestions by pressing Ctrl+1 (menus: Edit/Quick Fix).
 - Using Quick Fix, select the second suggestion to correct the code:

Running the Java Application

- For the first run, you need to let Eclipse HelloEclipse know which of your classes should be used as the starting point (the class with the main method).
 - Right-click on the classname, select Run/Java Application.
- For subsequent runs, simply press Ctrl+F11 (menus: Run/Run Last Launched). This step automatically:
 - Saves all modified files (prompted),
 - Compiles modified source files, and
 - · Runs the application.



1 package com.abc.hello;

6

8

7)

3 public class HelloEclipseWorld {

public static void main(String[] args)

System.out.printTTTln("Hello Eclips

Change to 'print(...)'

Change to 'println(...)'

Add cast to 'System.out' Rename in file