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```

2.1 Dominator Tree

1 Setups

1.1 vimrc [6c9876]

```
se nu ai rnu cin ts=4 sw=4 | sy on inoremap {<CR> {<CR>}<Esc>0 inoremap jk <Esc>>
```

1.2 pbds [9f7c3e]

1.3 **terminal** [46fc34]

```
-- terminal --
|$ setxkbmap -option caps:swapescape
```

1.4 debug [33c0d3]

```
#ifdef MIKU
string
      dbmc = " \setminus 033[1;38;2;57;197;187m", dbrs = \setminus 033[0m;
#define debug
     (x...) cout << dbmc << "[" << #x << "] : ", dout(x)
void dout() { cout << dbrs << endl; }</pre>
template <typename T, typename ...U>
void dout(T t, U ...u) { cout
      << t << sizeof...(u) ? ", " : ""; dout(u...); }
#define debug(...) 39
#endif
int main(){
     int a = 49;
     char c = '8';
    debug(a);// outputs "[a] : 49"
debug(a, c); // outputs "[a, c] : 49, 8"
debug("PCCORZ"); // outputs "["PCCORZ"] : PCCORZ"
     debug(); // outputs "[] : "
```

1.5 template [5116af]

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
#define fs first
#define sc second
#define F first
#define FOR(i, j, k) for (int i = j, Z = k; i < Z; i++)
using ll = long long;
using lll = __int128_t;
typedef pair<int, int> pii;
typedef tuple<int,int,int> tiii;
typedef pair<ll,ll> pll

int main(){
}
```

2 Graph

2.1 Dominator Tree [3b89c3]

```
struct DominatorTree{
  //1-indexed
  //not reachable from s -> not on tree
  int n:
  vector<vector<int>> G,rG;
  vector<int> pa,dfn,id;
  int dfnCnt;
  vector<int> semi,idom,best;
  vector<vector<int>> ret;
  void init(int _n){
    n = n;
    G = rG = ret = vector<vector<int>>(n+1);
    pa = dfn = id = vector < int > (n+1,-1);
    dfnCnt = 0:
    semi = idom = best = vector<int>(n+1,-1);
  void add_edge(int u,int v){
    G[u].push_back(v);
    rG[v].push_back(u);
  void dfs(int u){
    id[dfn[u]=++dfnCnt]=u;
    for(auto v:G[u]) if(!dfn[v]){
      dfs(v),pa[dfn[v]]=dfn[u];
  int find(int y,int x){
    if(y<=x)return y;</pre>
    int tmp=find(pa[y],x);
    if(semi[best[y]]>semi[best[pa[y]]])
      best[y]=best[pa[y]];
    return pa[y]=tmp;
  void tarjan(int root){
    dfnCnt=0;
    for(int i=1;i<=n;++i){</pre>
      dfn[i]=idom[i]=0;
      ret[i].clear();
      best[i]=semi[i]=i;
    dfs(root);
    for(int i=dfnCnt;i>1;--i){
      int u=id[i];
      for(auto v:rG[u]) if(v=dfn[v]){
        find(v,i);
        semi[i]=min(semi[i],semi[best[v]]);
      ret[semi[i]].push_back(i);
      for(auto v:ret[pa[i]]){
        find(v,pa[i]);
        idom[v
             ] = semi[best[v]]==pa[i] ? pa[i] : best[v];
      }
      ret[pa[i]].clear();
    for(int i=2; i<=dfnCnt; ++i){</pre>
      if(idom[i]!=semi[i]) idom[i]=idom[idom[i]];
      ret[id[idom[i]]].push_back(id[i]);
  vector<vector<int>> solve(int s){
    tarjan(s);
    return ret;
};
```

2.2 Incremental SCC [d8b556]

```
struct IncrementalSCC{
#define pii pair <int,int>
#define fs first
#define sc second
#define till tuple <int,int,int>
    //if u == v : ans[i] = -1
    //if not connected : ans[i] = m
    //all 0-indexed
    int n;
    vector <int> ans;
    int m;
    vector <till all;
    vector <int> SCC(int n,vector <vector <int>>& paths){
        vector <int> scc_id(n,-1),idx(n,-1),low(n,-1),st;
        int cnt = 0,gcnt = 0;
```

```
function < void(int) > dfs = [&](int now) -> void{
    low[now] = idx[now] = cnt++;
    st.push_back(now);
    for(auto nxt:paths[now]){
      if(scc_id[nxt] != -1)continue;
      if(idx[nxt] == -1){
        dfs(nxt);
        low[now] = min(low[now],low[nxt]);
        low[now] = min(low[now],idx[nxt]);
      }
    if(low[now] == idx[now]){
      int id = -1;
      while(id != now){
        id = st.back();
        st.pop_back();
        scc_id[id] = gcnt;
      gcnt++;
    }
  for(int i = 0;i<n;i++){</pre>
    if(scc_id[i] == -1)dfs(i);
  //cerr<<"SCC: "<<n<<"::";for(int
       i = 0;i<n;i++)cerr<<scc_id[i]<<',';cerr<<endl;</pre>
  return scc_id;
vector<int> mapping;
void dc(int l,int r,vector<tiii> &edges){
  //cerr<<l<<'
                '<<r<<":"<<endl;
  if(l == r){
    for(auto
         %[id,_,__]:edges)ans[id] = min(ans[id],l);
    return;
  int mid = (l+r)>>1;
  int cnt = 0;
  for(auto &[t,u,v]:edges){
    if(mapping[u] == -1)mapping[u] = cnt++;
    if(mapping[v] == -1)mapping[v] = cnt++;
  n = cnt;
  vector<vector<int>> paths(n);
  vector<int> vv;
  for(auto &[t,u,v]:edges){
    vv.push_back(u);
    vv.push_back(v);
    u = mapping[u],v = mapping[v];
    if(t<=mid)paths[u].push_back(v);</pre>
  //for(auto &i:vv)cerr<<i<<',';cerr<<endl;
  for(auto &i:vv)mapping[i] = -1;
  auto scc_id = SCC(n,paths);
  //for(auto
       [t,u,v]:edges)cerr<<t<<','<<u<<','<<v<<endl;
  //cerr<<endl;
  vector<tiii> vl,vr;
  for(auto &[t,u,v]:edges){
    if(scc_id[u] == scc_id[v]){
      ans[t] = min(ans[t], mid);
      vl.push back(tiii(t,u,v));
    else{
      u = scc_id[u],v = scc_id[v];
      vr.push_back(tiii(t,u,v));
    }
  vector < tiii > ().swap(edges);
  dc(l,mid,vl);
  dc(mid+1,r,vr);
  return:
void add_edge(int u,int v){
  all.push_back(tiii(all.size(),u,v));
vector<tiii> solve(){//[time,u,v]
  m = all.size();
  vector<tiii> ret(m);
  for(auto [t,u,v]:all)ret[t] = tiii(m,u,v);
  for(auto [t,u,v]:all)n = max({n,u,v});
  n++;
  ans = vector<int>(m,m);
```

```
for(auto [t,u,v]:all){
    if(u == v)ans[t] = -1;
    }
    mapping = vector<int>(n,-1);
    dc(0,m,all);
    for(int i = 0;i<m;i++)get<0>(ret[i]) = ans[i];
    return ret;
}
IncrementalSCC(){
    ans.clear();
    n = m = 0;
}
#undef tiii
#undef pii
#undef fs
#undef sc
};
```

2.3 Round Square Tree [2de108]

```
struct RoundSquareTree{
  //0-indexed
  //returns a forest if the graph is not connected
  vector<vector<int>> g;
  vector<vector<int>> groups;
  vector<vector<int>> tr;
  vector<int> idx,low,st;
  int cnt,gcnt;
  int n:
  RoundSquareTree(int n = 0){
    cnt = gcnt = 0;
    n = _n;
    g = vector<vector<int>>(n);
  void add_edge(int a,int b){//adds bidirectional edges
    g[a].push_back(b);
    g[b].push_back(a);
  void dfs(int now){
    idx[now] = low[now] = cnt++;
    st.push_back(now);
    for(auto nxt:g[now]){
      if(idx[nxt] == -1){
        dfs(nxt);
        low[now] = min(low[now],low[nxt]);
        if(low[nxt] == idx[now]){
           int id = -1;
           tr.push_back(vector<int>());
          while(id != nxt){
            id = st.back();st.pop_back();
             groups[id].push_back(gcnt);
             tr[id].push_back(gcnt+n);
             tr[gcnt+n].push_back(id);
          groups[now].push_back(gcnt);
          tr[now].push_back(gcnt+n);
          tr[gcnt+n].push_back(now);
          qcnt++;
      else idx[now] = min(idx[now],idx[nxt]);
    }
    return:
  vector<vector<int>> solve(){//
       returns the tree (round vertices numbered [0,n))
    idx = low = vector<int>(n,-1);
    tr = vector<vector<int>>(n);
    for(int i = 0;i<n;i++){</pre>
      if(idx[i] == -1)dfs(i);
    return tr;
  }
};
```

- 3 Data Structure
- 4 String
- 5 Math
- 6 Geometry