



Introduction to Python for Scientists / Graduate Students

CSC298(five weeks only), CSC315 and DSC615

Who invented Python?

Guido van Rossum



<https://gvanrossum.github.io/>

<https://www.linkedin.com/in/guido-van-rossum-4a0756>

- He was born and raised in the Netherlands.
- He created Python in 1989 while working at a company in the Netherlands.

<https://www.python.org/doc/essays/foreword/>

" in December 1989, I was looking for a "hobby" programming project that would keep me occupied during the week around Christmas. "


- He worked for dropbox and retired.


https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Guido_van_Rossum

Python is developed and maintained by a group of people through GitHub: <https://github.com/python>

← → ↻ github.com/python 🔍 ☆

For quick access, place your bookmarks here on the bookmarks bar. [Import bookmarks now...](#)

 / [Pull requests](#) [Issues](#) [Marketplace](#) [Explore](#) 🔔 +




Python


Repositories related to the Python Programming language


<https://www.python.org/> Verified


[🖨 Repositories 78](#) [📦 Packages](#) [👤 People 103](#) [📁 Projects](#)


Pinned repositories


 **cpython**
The Python programming language
Python 33k 15.8k

 **mypy**
Optional static typing for Python 3 and 2 (PEP 484)
Python 8.9k 1.4k

 **pythondotorg**
Source code for python.org
Python 983 411

 **peps**
Python Enhancement Proposals
Python 2.2k 849

 **typeshed**
Collection of library stubs for Python, with static types
Python 1.8k 888

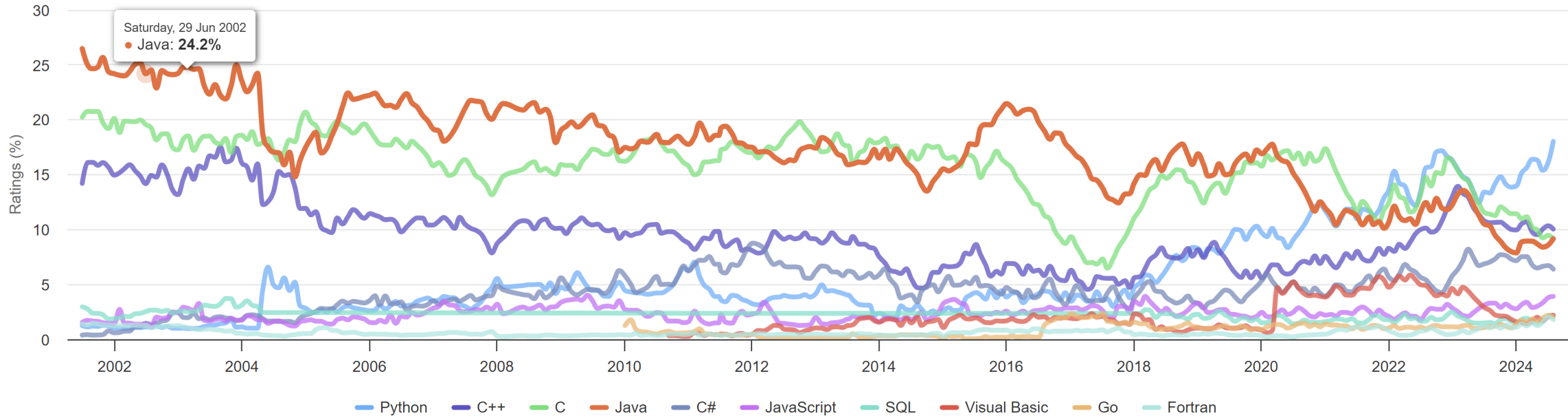
 **devguide**
The Python developer's guide
Python 825 339

Is Python a popular programming language?

TIOBE programming community index is a measure of popularity of programming languages.

The index is calculated from the number of search engine queries containing the name of the language.

<https://www.tiobe.com/tiobe-index/>
(August 2024)



Which companies use Python?

<https://wiki.python.org/moin/OrganizationsUsingPython>

The Google logo, featuring the word "Google" in its characteristic multi-colored font.The Yahoo! logo, featuring the word "YAHOO!" in a purple, serif font.The IBM logo, featuring the letters "IBM" in a bold, blue, sans-serif font.

<https://research.fb.com>

The Facebook logo, featuring the word "facebook" in white, lowercase letters on a blue rectangular background.

<https://aws.amazon.com/mxnet/>

The Amazon logo, featuring the word "amazon" in a bold, black, sans-serif font with a curved orange arrow underneath it.

<https://www.quora.com>

The Quora logo, featuring the word "Quora" in a bold, red, serif font.

What can Python be used for ?

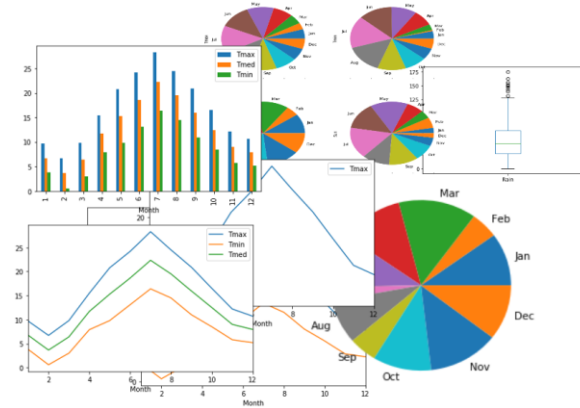
Python is used for countless applications ...

- Graphical User Interface (e.g. menus and buttons)
- network communication (e.g. emails)
- web development (e.g. websites)
- game development (e.g. video games)
- text processing (e.g. searching for keywords in a document)
- image processing (e.g. manipulating photos)
- data visualization (e.g. showing the temperature history)
- statistical analysis (e.g. performing t-test)
- machine learning (e.g. deep learning)
- data science

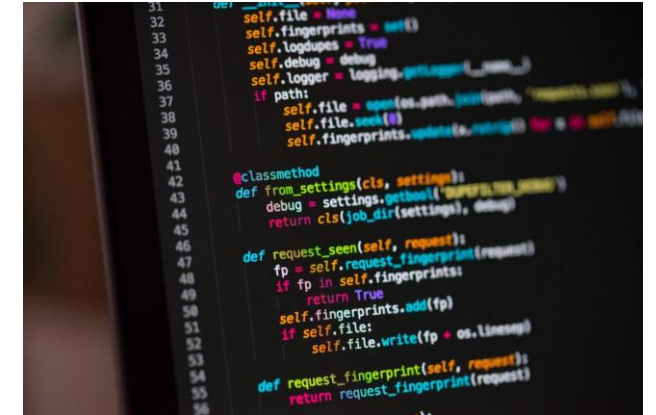
Uses for Python



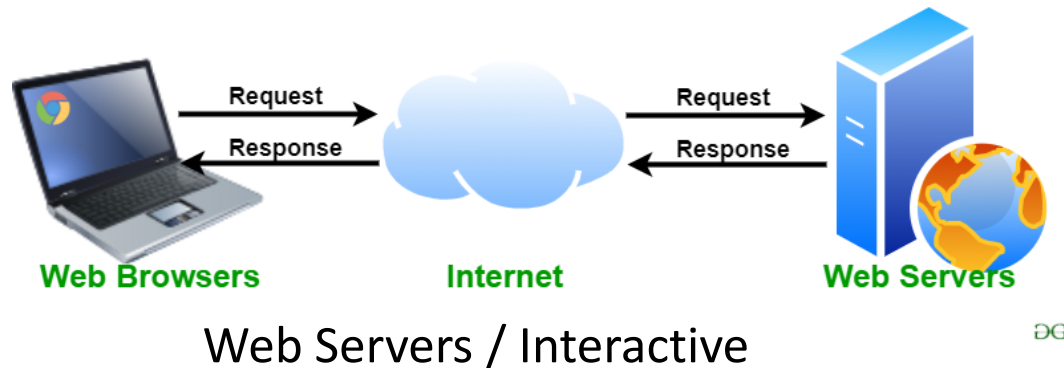
Machine Learning and Artificial Intelligence



Data Analysis and Plotting



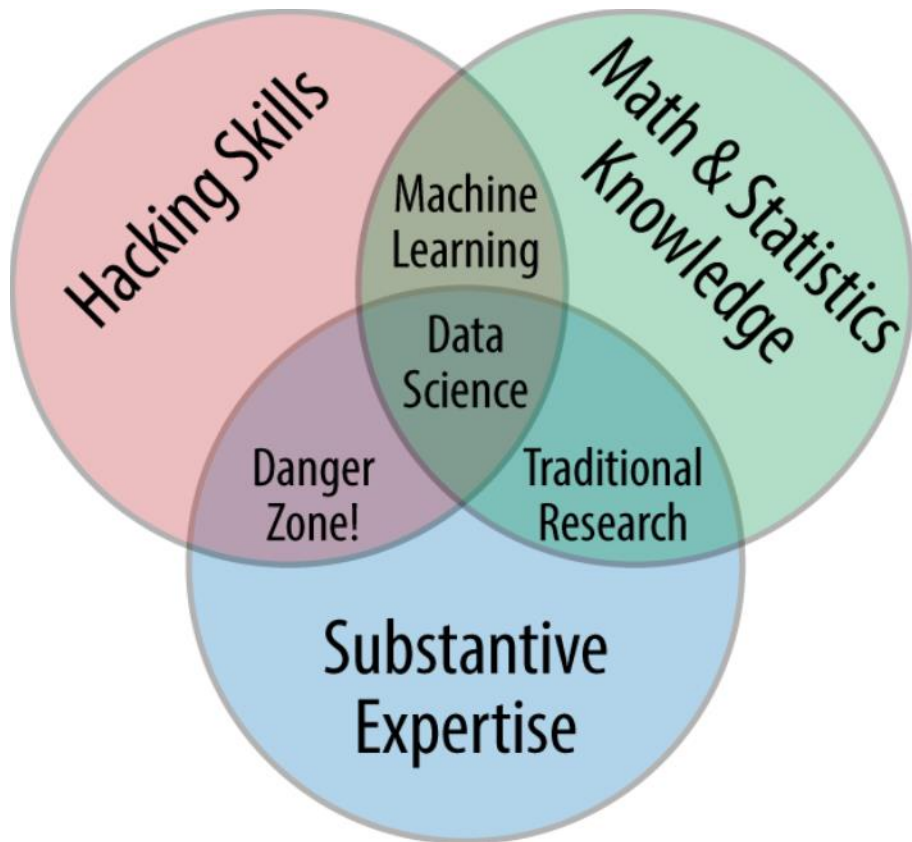
Scripting



Simple Video Games

What is **Data Science** ?

The 'first' diagram
to define data science



Data science is an interdisciplinary field that combines computer programming (hacking), math, and machine learning to solve problems in a specific domain/field.

A **data scientist** needs to have:

- (1) programming skills (hacking)
- (2) knowledge of math, especially statistics
- (3) knowledge of machine learning
- (4) domain knowledge and expertise
e.g. biology, physics, psychology, ...

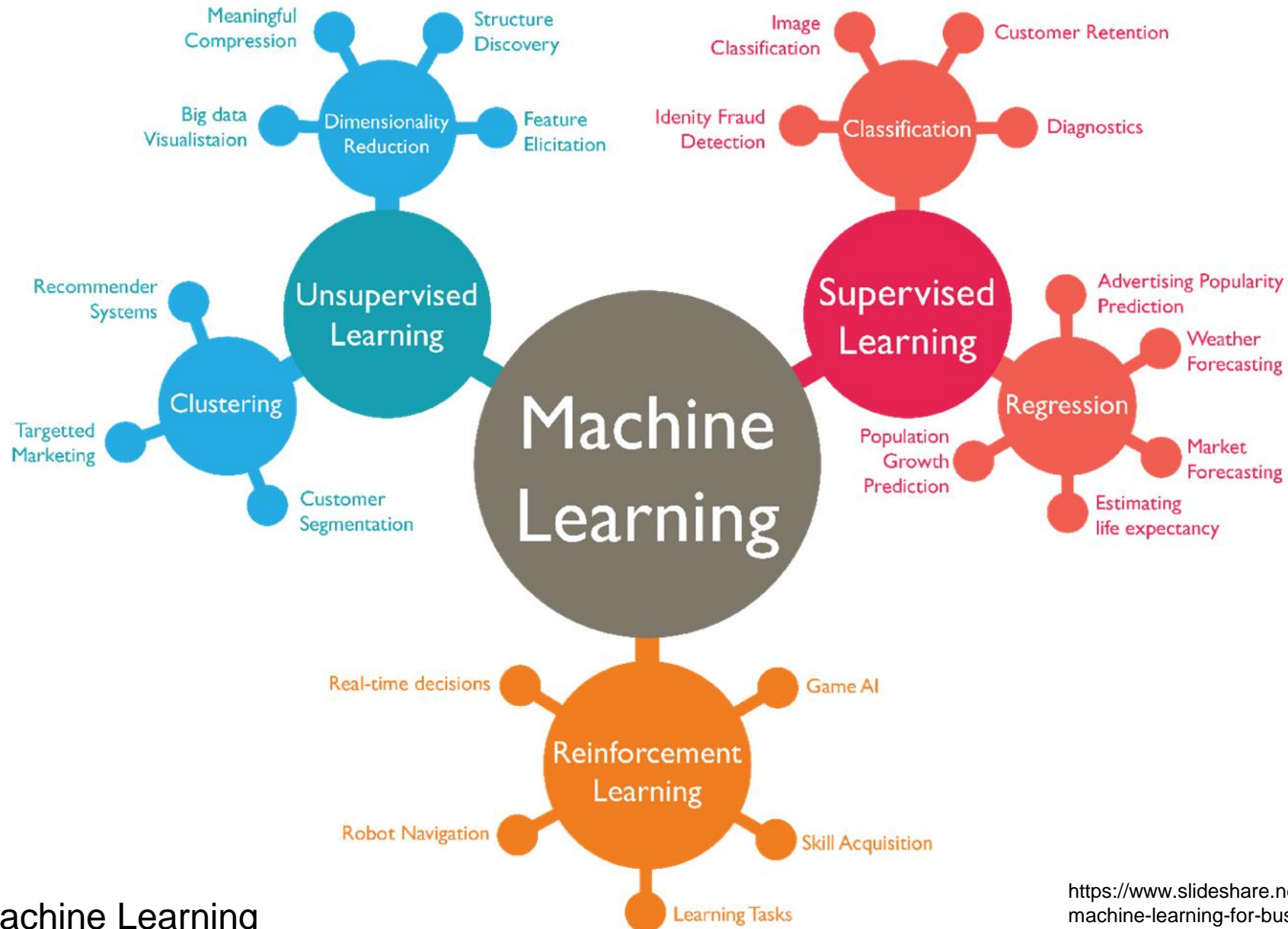
What is **Machine Learning (ML)** ?

- Machine Learning is a sub-field of Artificial Intelligence.

It has many definitions if you google it

- Machine Learning is to extract patterns from data.
 - Machine Learning is to give computers the ability to learn without being explicitly learned.
 - Study of algorithms that improve their performance at some task with experience
 - Machine Learning is the study of (computer) algorithms that can learn something from data and apply the learned knowledge to perform some tasks.
- **ML** algorithms can keep improving their performance by using more data. - More Data, Better Performance.

What is Machine Learning ?

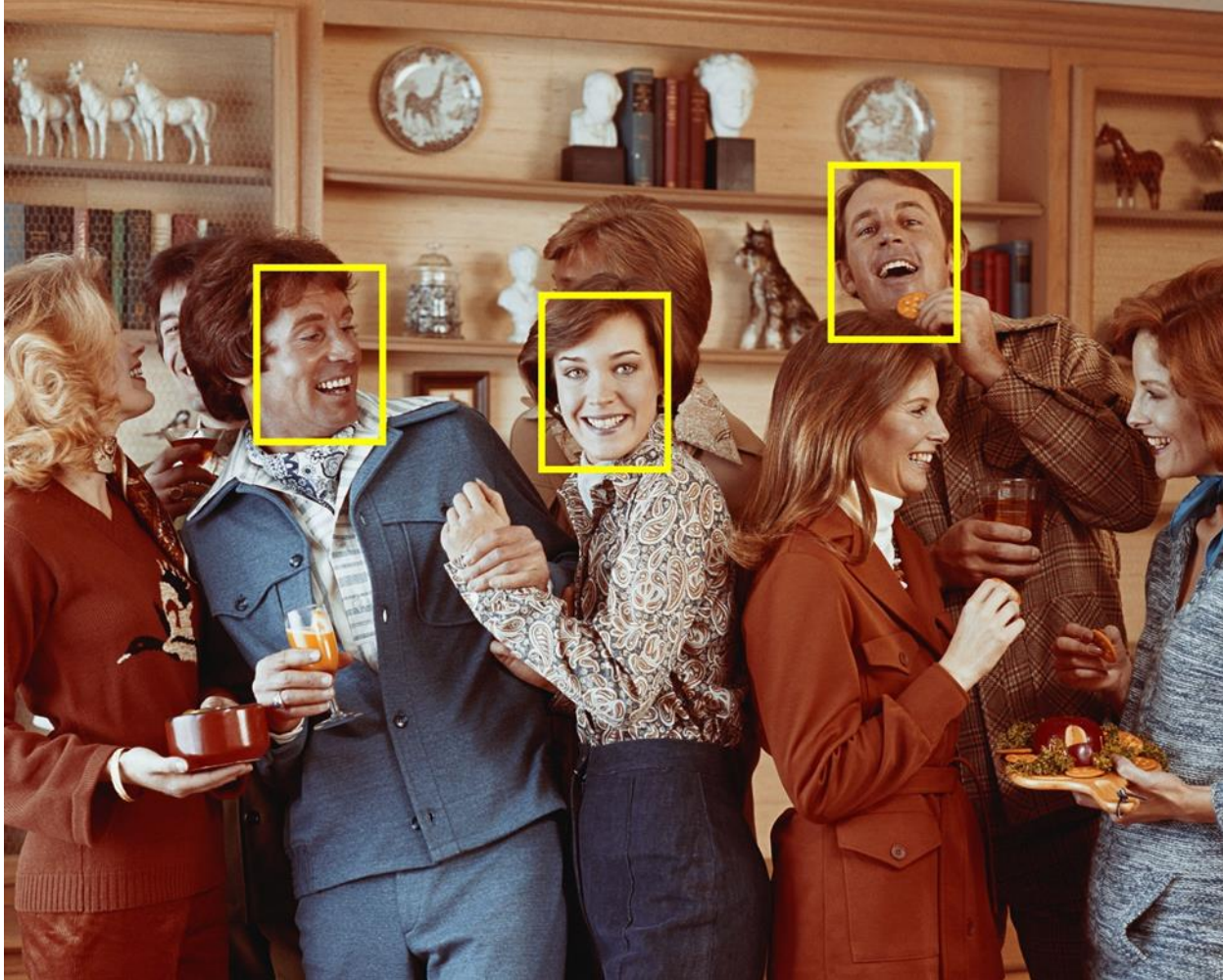


Three types of machine Learning

<https://www.slideshare.net/awahid/big-data-and-machine-learning-for-businesses>

Companies using Machine Learning:

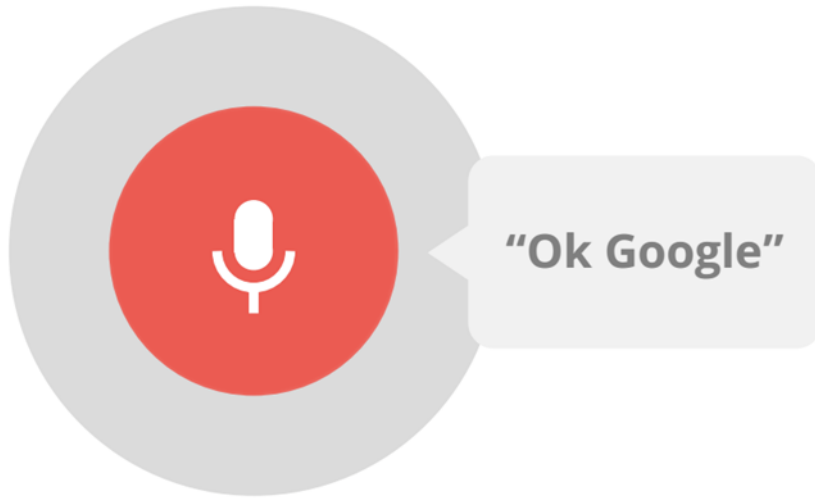
Facebook: for face detection in photos



Facebook provides ML-based tools to automatically tag human faces in photos.

The same technology can be used in the video surveillance industry(e.g. looking for criminals who escaped from jails).

Companies using Machine Learning: **Google, Microsoft, Apple:** for speech recognition



ML algorithms have been developed to recognize human voice commands.



Microsoft Translator

Microsoft Corporation Productivity

Everyone

⚠ You don't have any devices.

★★★★★ 214,408

+ Add to Wishlist

Install



Companies using Machine Learning:

Google: for language translation

Google has developed ML algorithms to translate one language to another.

Test: Chinese to English

Human Translation :

At Yellow Crane Tower in the west,
My old friend said farewell.
In the misty March, when flowers
are blooming, he went down to
Yangzhou.
Lonely sail, distant shadow.
Vanish in blue emptiness.
All I saw is the Yangtze river,
flowing into the far horizon.

Chinese sentences

Chinese - detected ▾



故人西辞黄鹤楼，烟花三月下扬州。

孤帆远影碧空尽，唯见长江天际流。

Gùrén xī cí huáng hè lóu, yānhuā sān
yuè xià yángzhōu.

Machine (Google) Translation

English ▾



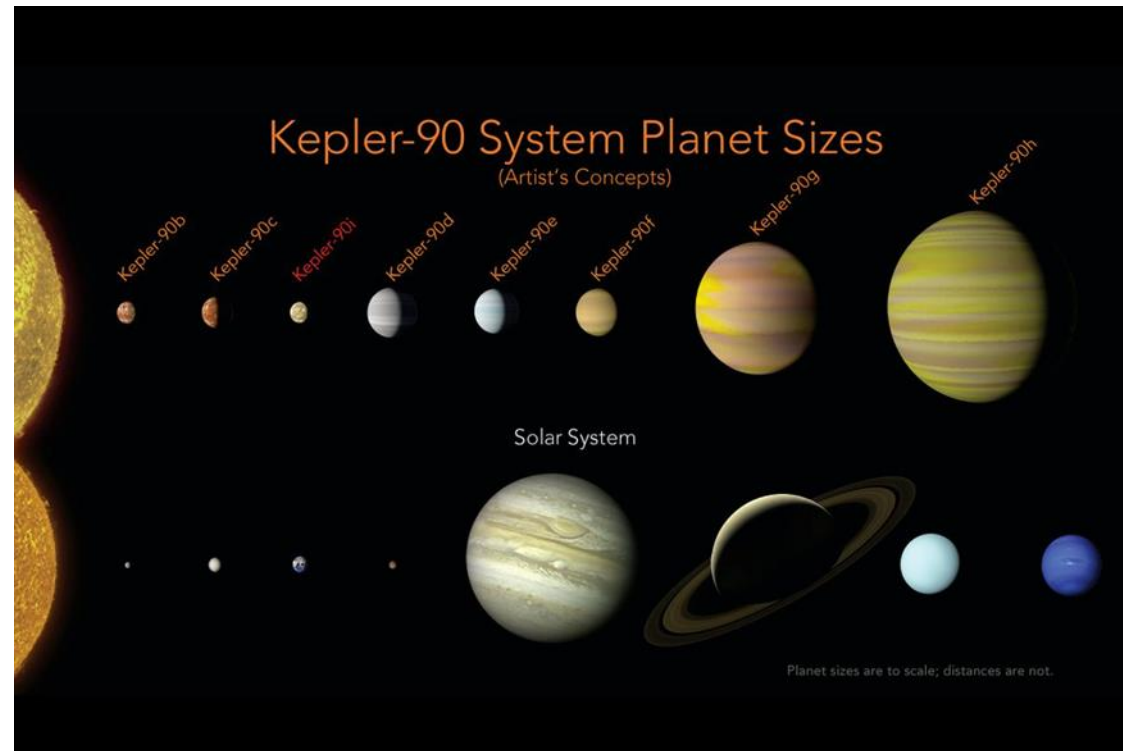
The old man resigned from the Yellow
Crane Tower and the fireworks went
down to Yangzhou in March.

The lonely sail is far away from the
sky, only the Yangtze River is flowing.

Companies using Machine Learning: **Google:** to discover new exoplanets

Researchers at Google in 2017 discovered two exoplanets by using ML algorithms to analyze data from NASA's Kepler space telescope and accurately identify the most promising planet signals.

<https://ai.googleblog.com/2018/03/open-sourcing-hunt-for-exoplanets.html>

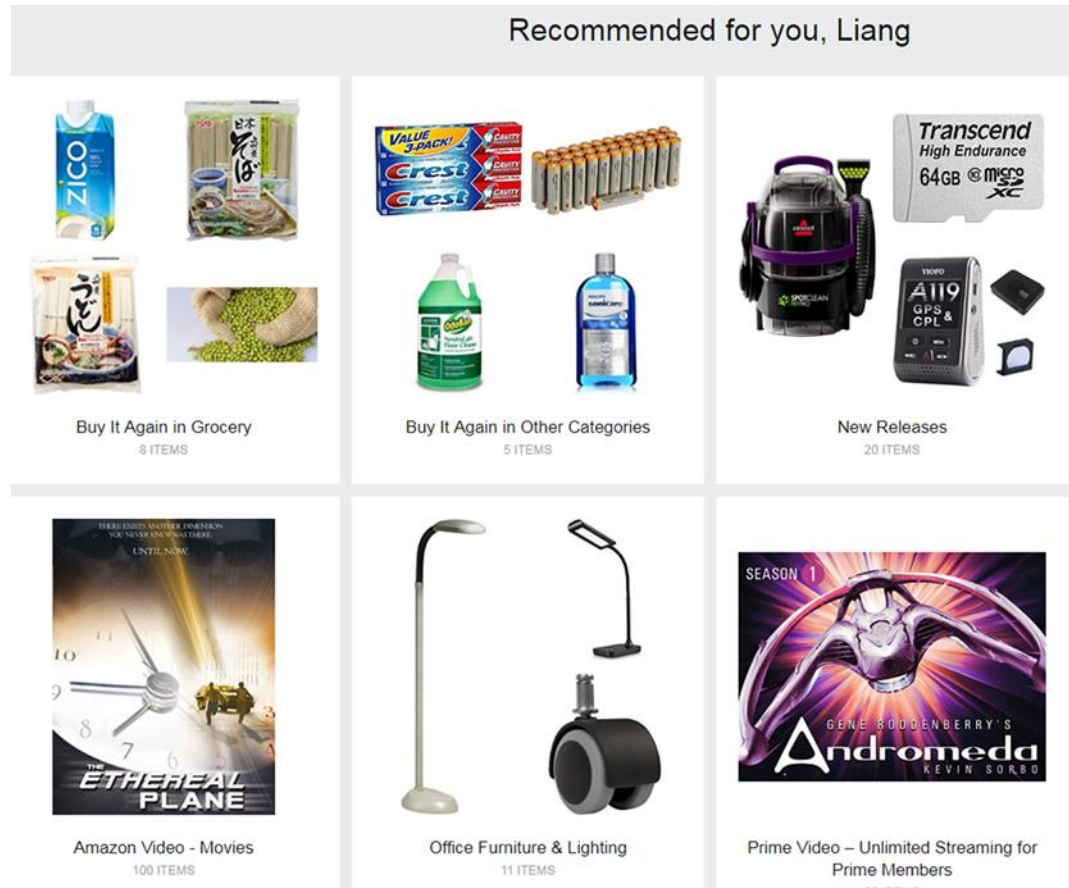


Machine Learning in Physics

Companies using Machine Learning:

Amazon: to make recommendations

<https://www.amazon.com>



The recommendation system keeps tracking users' actions for days, months, or longer, and use ML to analyze users' preferences and then recommend products.

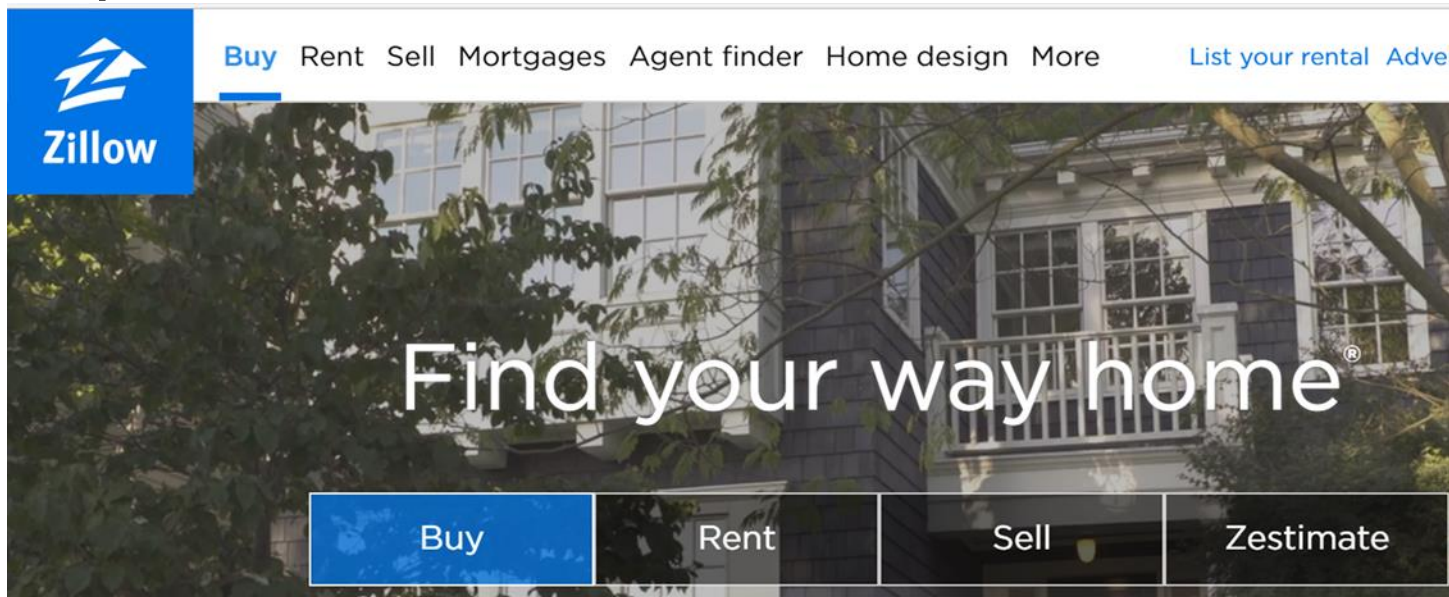
Big Brother is Watching You!

Amazon somehow figured out that I need lamp in my office

Companies using Machine Learning:

Zillow: to predict future sale prices of homes

<https://www.zillow.com>



Zillow is the leading real estate and rental marketplace (online platform).

Through Zillow, people can buy, sell, and rent homes.

The company Zillow is trying to use ML- algorithms to predict future sale prices of homes.

It was offering **\$1,000,000 USD** to anyone who could develop ML algorithms for price prediction.

<https://www.kaggle.com/c/zillow-prize-1>

Human Face Image Generation using a GAN

A Style-Based Generator Architecture for Generative Adversarial Networks

Tero Karras
NVIDIA

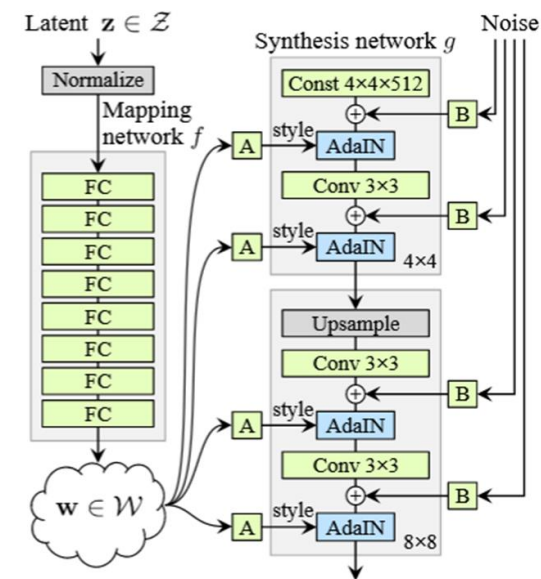
tkarras@nvidia.com

Samuli Laine
NVIDIA

slaine@nvidia.com

Timo Aila
NVIDIA

taila@nvidia.com



disable it for LSUN. Our training time is approximately one week on an NVIDIA DGX-1 with 8 Tesla V100 GPUs.

Diffusion: a method to generate realistic images/videos

Forward: adding noises to the image in multiple iterations



Inverse: removing noises to recover the original image, which can be achieved by a neural network

<https://openai.com/sora>

<https://arxiv.org/pdf/2208.11970.pdf>

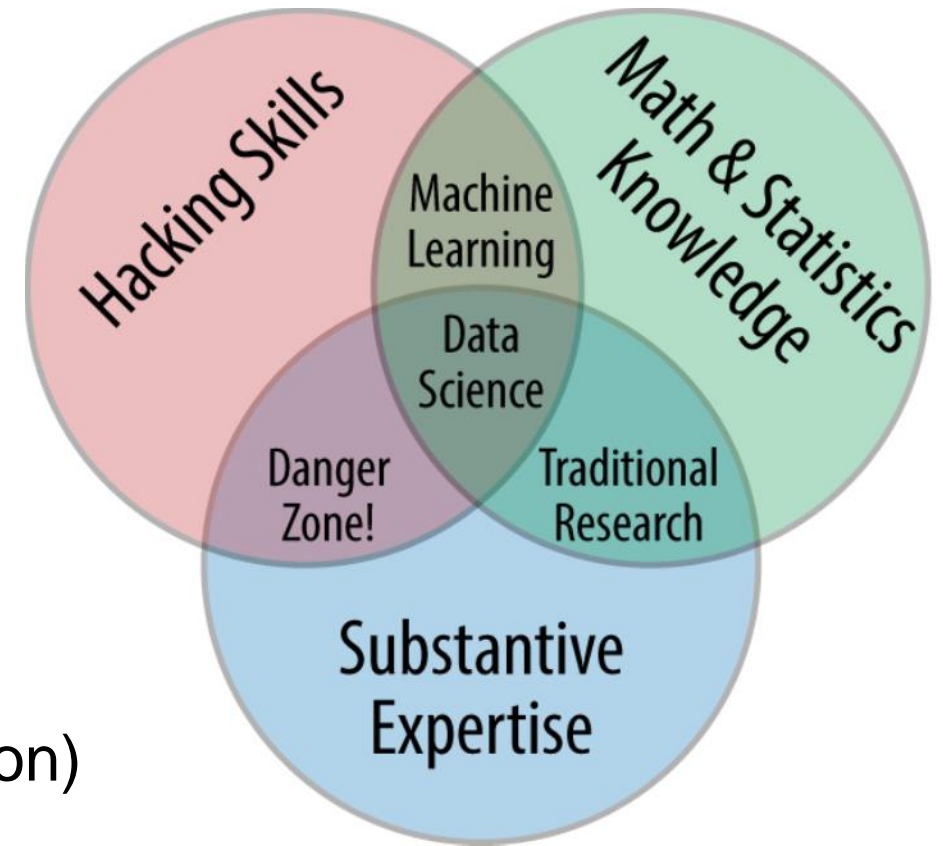
Machine Learning (ML) needs lots of mathematics

Basics (if you want to develop ML applications):

- Calculus
- Linear Algebra
- Probability and Statistics

Advanced (if you want to be a ML researcher):

- Information Theory
- Numerical Method and Optimization
- Signal Processing (speech and image recognition)
- Stochastic Process (reinforcement learning)
- Control Theory (reinforcement learning)



Machine Learning (ML) needs Python

- Python is #1 programming language for developing ML applications

Three major open source software packages for machine learning



Each package is written by using a mixture of different programming languages: C/C++ and Python.



The user (a ML-application developer) can use the packages though Python.



It may be difficult to use the packages though C/C++ (lack of documentation and examples)

Data Science needs Python

- Python is #1 programming language for Data Science

Data Science combines programming, math, and machine learning to solve problems in a specific field.



Numpy: store data and manipulate data



StatsModels
Statistics in Python

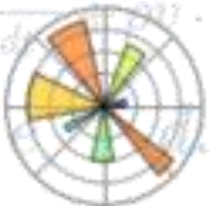
Scipy and StatsModels for Math (linear algebra and stats)



Pandas to process tabular data



Scikit-image to process image data



Matplotlib to visualize data

There are many other packages...

Outline

- Python basics (the first 5 weeks)

learn: variables, functions, loops, strings, objects, classes, ...

develop: simple projects using Python

- Python packages (the remaining weeks)

learn: basic concepts in data analysis and machine learning

apply: Python packages for data processing, data visualization,
and machine learning

Textbook – Python Basics

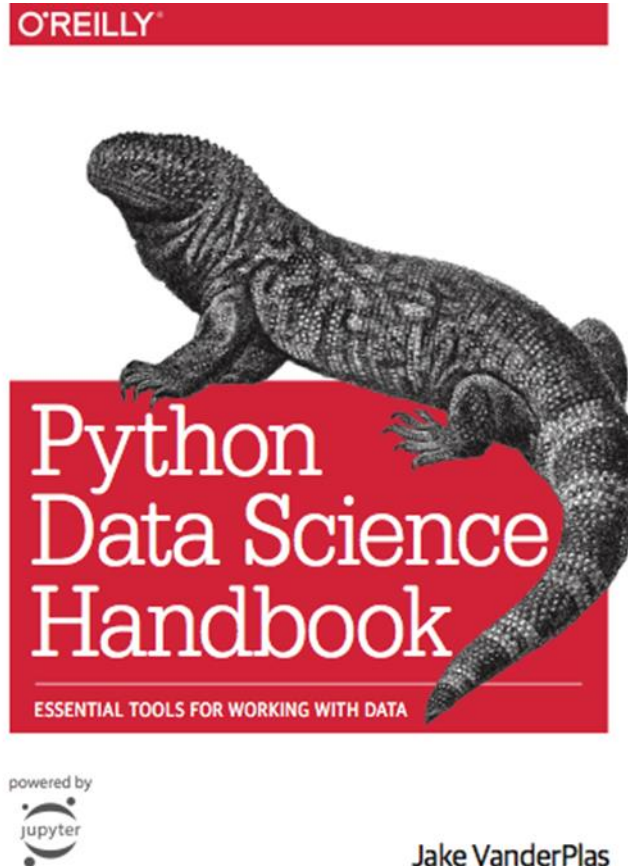
A Byte of Python at <https://python.swaroopch.com/>

More free books:

<https://github.com/pamoroso/free-python-books>

Textbook – Python for Data Science

Python Data Science Handbook: **free** book with code
<https://jakevdp.github.io/PythonDataScienceHandbook/>



Homework: Labs and Projects

- **Labs**

- A lab has simple programming tasks or questions. For example, write a function to find the maximum value in a list.
- Most of the lectures will be accompanied by labs.

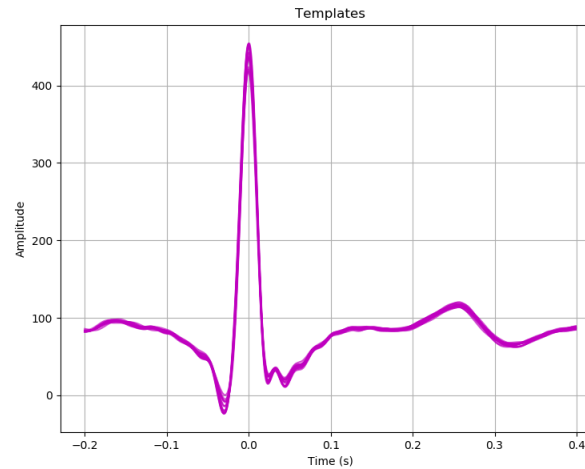
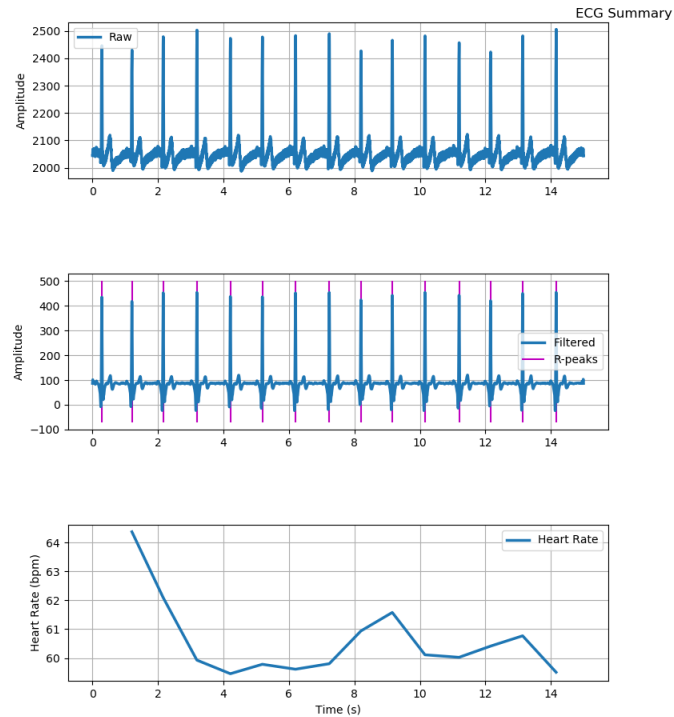
- **Programming Projects**

- There will be 4 projects: 2 for basics and 2 for data analysis.

Sample applications in lectures and/or homework:

1D (dimensional) Data Processing and Analysis

- Temperature recordings over days or years (trend)
- ECG signals which are the recordings of the electrical activity of the heart over a period of time



Heart rate can be extracted from ECG signals. Irregular heart rate could indicate some cardiovascular disease (atrial fibrillation).

Sample applications in lectures and/or homework: Tabular Data Processing and Analysis

sample applications in lectures and/or homework :

- house price prediction (not Zillow)

The tabular data of house prices

Home

Insert

Page Layout

Formulas

Data

Review

View

Add-Ins

ACROBAT

Team

Tell me what you want to do...

Sign in

Share

Cut

Copy

Format Painter

Calibri

11

A

A

Wrap Text

B

I

U

The data has many attributes including:

LotShape: General shape of property

LandContour: Flatness of the property

Utilities: Type of utilities available

Heating: Type of heating

GarageArea: Size of garage

....

You will learn how to pre-process the data and use ML algorithms to predict the sale price of a house based on the above information.

The course focuses on Python Programming...

- The second half of the course is a tour of data science. The goal is to build your Python programming skills through applications and get familiar with the basic Python packages for data analysis.
- The examples in each lecture will be relatively simple, just to show the basic concepts and algorithms.
- This course is Not Machine Learning: you will not be asked to develop new algorithms to discover new planets, or win 1million \$ prize from Zillow. (But you are welcome to try...)
- If you are interested in Machine Learning:
 - “Introduction to Machine Learning with Applications” CSC546/646
 - “Neural Networks and Deep Learning” CSC746

The course is suitable for students who...

- have some programming skills in other programming languages
- want to learn Python basics
- want to learn Python packages for data science
- want to learn the basics of data analysis and machine learning
- are willing to spend lots of time programming

Programming is fun if you like it.



How do we learn Python ?

- Attend lectures to get a rough understanding of Python
- Complete the labs (to be posted on Blackboard)
- Complete the projects (to be posted on Blackboard)
- When you get stuck, ask for help (in person or via email)

Instructor: liang.liang@miami.edu

TA: Sam Pass <sap215@miami.edu>