

MTH

310

Hw 6

section 11.4

$$(4.) f(x, y) = x e^{x \cdot y}$$

$$f'_x = 1 e^{x \cdot y} + x e^{x \cdot y} \cdot y = e^{x \cdot y} (1 + x y)$$

$$f'_y = x^2 e^{x \cdot y}, \quad f'_x(1, 1) = 2e, \quad f'_y(1, 1) = e$$

$$Z - 1 = 2e(x - 1) + e(y - 1) \Rightarrow Z = 2e(x - 1) + e(y - 1) + 1$$

$$(6.) f(x, y) = \ln(x - 2y) \quad (3, 1, 0)$$

$$f'_x = \frac{1}{x - 2y} \cdot 1 = \frac{1}{x - 2y}$$

$$f'_y = \frac{1}{x - 2y} \cdot (-2) = \frac{-2}{x - 2y}$$

$$f'_x(3, 1) = \frac{1}{3 - 2} = 1$$

$$f'_y(3, 1) = \frac{-2}{3 - 2} = -2$$

$$Z - 0 = 1(x - 3) + (-2)(y - 1) \Rightarrow Z = x - 2 - 2y$$

$$(16.) f(0, 0) = \sqrt{0 + \cos^2(0)} = 1$$

$$f'_x(x, y) = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{y + \cos^2(x)}} \cdot 2(\cos(x) \cdot (-\sin(x))) = \frac{-\cos(x) \sin(x)}{\sqrt{y + \cos^2(x)}}$$

$$f'_x(0, 0) = \frac{\sin(0) \cdot \cos(0)}{\sqrt{0 + \cos^2(0)}} = \frac{0}{1} = 0$$

$$f(x, y) = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{y} \cos^2(x)} \cdot 1 + 0$$

$$f(0, 0) = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{1}} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow f(x, y) \approx 1 + 0(x) + \frac{1}{2}y$$

$$11.5 = (1.1) \cdot 10 \quad 9.5 = (1.0) \cdot 10$$

$$1 + (1-y)2 + (1-x)3 = 5 \Leftrightarrow (1-x)3 + (1-y)2 = 5 - 1 = 4$$

$$z = \cos(x+4y) \quad x = 5t^4 \quad y = \frac{1}{t}$$

$$z = \cos\left(5t^4 + \frac{1}{t}\right) \quad (y5-x)nd = (y,x) \quad (10)$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{dz}{dt} = \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} \cdot \frac{dx}{dt} + \frac{\partial z}{\partial y} \cdot \frac{dy}{dt}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} = -\sin(x+4y) \quad \frac{dx}{dt} = 20t^3 = (1.2) \cdot 10$$

$$\frac{\partial z}{\partial y} = -4\sin(x+4y) \quad \frac{dy}{dt} = -\frac{1}{t^2} = -0.5$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{dz}{dt} = -20t^3 \sin(x+4y) + \frac{4}{t^2} \sin(x+4y)$$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{1+\cos^2(x)}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+\cos^2(0)}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$\frac{0}{1} = \frac{(0) \cdot \cos(0) \sin(0)}{\cos^2(0) + 0} = (0, 0)$$

$$8.) \quad z = \tan\left(\frac{u}{v}\right) \quad u = 2s + 3t \quad v = 3s - 2t$$

$$\frac{\partial z}{\partial s} = \frac{\partial z}{\partial u} \cdot \frac{\partial u}{\partial s} + \frac{\partial z}{\partial v} \cdot \frac{\partial v}{\partial s}$$

$$\frac{\partial z}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial z}{\partial u} \cdot \frac{\partial u}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial z}{\partial v} \cdot \frac{\partial v}{\partial t}$$

$$\frac{\partial z}{\partial u} = \sec^2\left(\frac{u}{v}\right) \cdot \frac{1}{v} \quad \frac{\partial z}{\partial v} = \sec^2\left(\frac{u}{v}\right) \cdot \left(-\frac{u}{v^2}\right)$$

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial s} = 2 \quad \frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = 3$$

$$\frac{\partial v}{\partial s} = 3 \quad \frac{\partial v}{\partial t} = -2$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\partial z}{\partial s} = 2 \sec^2\left(\frac{u}{v}\right) \cdot \frac{1}{v} + 3 \sec^2\left(\frac{u}{v}\right) \cdot \left(-\frac{u}{v^2}\right)$$

$$\frac{\partial z}{\partial t} = \sec^2\left(\frac{u}{v}\right) \cdot \frac{1}{v} \cdot 3 + \sec^2\left(\frac{u}{v}\right) \cdot \left(-\frac{u}{v^2}\right) \cdot (-2)$$

$$18.) \quad T = \frac{v}{2u + v} \quad u = pq \sqrt{r} \quad v = p \sqrt{a} r$$

$$\frac{\partial T}{\partial p} = \frac{\partial T}{\partial u} \cdot \frac{\partial u}{\partial p} + \frac{\partial T}{\partial v} \cdot \frac{\partial v}{\partial p} =$$

$$11.6 = V \quad + 8 + 25 = 0 \quad \left(\frac{V}{V}\right)_{\text{not}} = 5 \quad (1.8)$$

$$8.) \quad f(x, y) = \frac{x}{x^2 + y^2} \cdot (1, 2) \quad V = (3, 5)$$

$$\text{normalize } V \Rightarrow V_{\text{unit}} = \frac{1}{\|V\|} \cdot V$$

$$V_{\text{unit}} = \left\langle \frac{1}{\sqrt{34}} \cdot 3, \frac{1}{\sqrt{34}} \cdot 5 \right\rangle$$

$$f_x(x, y) = \frac{x^2 + y^2 - x(2x)}{(x^2 + y^2)^2} = \frac{x^2 + y^2 - 2x^2}{(x^2 + y^2)^2} = \frac{y^2 - x^2}{(x^2 + y^2)^2}$$

$$f_y(x, y) = \frac{0(x^2 + y^2) - x(2y)}{(x^2 + y^2)^2} = \frac{-2xy}{(x^2 + y^2)^2}$$

$$\Rightarrow \nabla f(x, y) = \left\langle \frac{y^2 - x^2}{(x^2 + y^2)^2}, \frac{-2xy}{(x^2 + y^2)^2} \right\rangle$$

$$\Rightarrow \nabla f(1, 2) = \left\langle \frac{2^2 - 1^2}{(1^2 + 2^2)^2}, \frac{(-2)(1)(2)}{(1^2 + 2^2)^2} \right\rangle = \left\langle \frac{3}{25}, \frac{-4}{25} \right\rangle$$

$$\Rightarrow D_U f(1, 2) = \left\langle \frac{3}{25}, \frac{-4}{25} \right\rangle \cdot \left\langle \frac{3}{\sqrt{34}}, \frac{5}{\sqrt{34}} \right\rangle$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{3}{25} \cdot \frac{3}{\sqrt{34}} + \frac{-4}{25} \cdot \frac{5}{\sqrt{34}} = \frac{-11}{25\sqrt{34}}$$

$$= \frac{\frac{9}{75}}{\frac{75}{96}} + \frac{\frac{-20}{96}}{\frac{75}{96}} = \frac{-11}{96}$$